1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Medicaid program; amending s.
3	400.179, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Health Care
4	Administration to transfer fees used to repay nursing home
5	Medicaid overpayments to the Grants and Donations Trust
6	Fund within the agency; amending s. 409.904, F.S.;
7	discontinuing optional Medicaid payments for certain
8	persons age 65 or over or who are blind or disabled;
9	revising certain eligibility criteria for pregnant women
10	and children younger than 21; amending s. 409.906, F.S.;
11	discontinuing adult dental services and adult hearing
12	services on a certain date; amending s. 409.908, F.S.;
13	requiring Medicaid to pay for all deductibles and
14	coinsurance for portable X-ray Medicare Part B services
15	provided in a nursing home; revising the factors used to
16	determine the reimbursement rate to providers for Medicaid
17	prescribed drugs; requiring the agency to reduce certain
18	provider reimbursement rates as prescribed in the
19	appropriations act; providing that any increases in rates
20	as subject to the appropriations act; amending s. 409.911,
21	F.S.; revising which year's disproportionate data is used
22	to determine a hospital's Medicaid days and charity care
23	during the 2008-2009 fiscal year; creating s. 409.91206,
24	F.S.; authorizing the Governor and the Legislature to
25	convene workgroups to propose alternatives for cost-
26	effective health and long-term care reforms; amending s.
27	409.9112, F.S.; prohibiting the Agency for Health Care
28	Administration from distributing moneys under the regional
29	perinatal intensive care disproportionate share program

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30	during the 2008-2009 fiscal year; amending s. 409.9113,
31	F.S.; authorizing the agency to distribute
32	disproportionate share funds to teaching hospital during
33	the 2008-2009 fiscal year; providing that such funds may
34	be distributed as provided in the appropriations act;
35	amending s. 409.9117, F.S.; prohibiting the distribution
36	of funds under the primary disproportionate share program
37	during the 2008-2009 fiscal year; amending s. 409.912,
38	F.S.; specifying certain counties that are exempt from the
39	requirement of enrolling Medicaid eligible children in
40	MediPass or Medicaid fee-for-service and behavioral health
41	care services; revising the factors used to determine the
42	reimbursement rate to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed
43	drugs; revising the requirement for the agency to develop
44	a utilization management program for Medicaid recipients
45	for certain therapies; amending s. 409.9122, F.S.;
46	revising enrollment requirements relating to Medicaid
47	managed care programs and the agency's authority to assign
48	persons to MediPass or a managed care plan; repealing s.
49	409.905(5)(c), F.S., relating to the agency's authority to
50	adjust a hospital's inpatient per diem rate; repealing s.
51	430.83, F.S., relating to the Sunshine for Seniors
52	Program; providing an effective date.
53	
54	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
55	
56	Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
57	400.179, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
58	400.179 Liability for Medicaid underpayments and
I	

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59 overpayments.--

60 (2) Because any transfer of a nursing facility may expose 61 the fact that Medicaid may have underpaid or overpaid the 62 transferor, and because in most instances, any such underpayment 63 or overpayment can only be determined following a formal field 64 audit, the liabilities for any such underpayments or overpayments 65 shall be as follows:

66 (d) Where the transfer involves a facility that has been67 leased by the transferor:

1. The transferee shall, as a condition to being issued a license by the agency, acquire, maintain, and provide proof to the agency of a bond with a term of 30 months, renewable annually, in an amount not less than the total of 3 months' Medicaid payments to the facility computed on the basis of the preceding 12-month average Medicaid payments to the facility.

74 2. A leasehold licensee may meet the requirements of 75 subparagraph 1. by payment of a nonrefundable fee, paid at 76 initial licensure, paid at the time of any subsequent change of 77 ownership, and paid annually thereafter, in the amount of 1 78 percent of the total of 3 months' Medicaid payments to the 79 facility computed on the basis of the preceding 12-month average 80 Medicaid payments to the facility. If a preceding 12-month 81 average is not available, projected Medicaid payments may be 82 used. The fee shall be deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund 83 and shall be accounted for separately as a Medicaid nursing home 84 overpayment account. These fees shall be used at the sole 85 discretion of the agency to repay nursing home Medicaid 86 overpayments. The agency may transfer funds to the Grants and Donations Trust Fund for such repayments. Payment of this fee 87

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88 shall not release the licensee from any liability for any 89 Medicaid overpayments, nor shall payment bar the agency from 90 seeking to recoup overpayments from the licensee and any other 91 liable party. As a condition of exercising this lease bond 92 alternative, licensees paying this fee must maintain an existing 93 lease bond through the end of the 30-month term period of that bond. The agency is herein granted specific authority to 94 95 promulgate all rules pertaining to the administration and 96 management of this account, including withdrawals from the 97 account, subject to federal review and approval. This provision shall take effect upon becoming law and shall apply to any 98 99 leasehold license application. The financial viability of the 100 Medicaid nursing home overpayment account shall be determined by 101 the agency through annual review of the account balance and the 102 amount of total outstanding, unpaid Medicaid overpayments owing 103 from leasehold licensees to the agency as determined by final 104 agency audits.

3. The leasehold licensee may meet the bond requirement through other arrangements acceptable to the agency. The agency is herein granted specific authority to promulgate rules pertaining to lease bond arrangements.

4. All existing nursing facility licensees, operating the
facility as a leasehold, shall acquire, maintain, and provide
proof to the agency of the 30-month bond required in subparagraph
1., above, on and after July 1, 1993, for each license renewal.

5. It shall be the responsibility of all nursing facility operators, operating the facility as a leasehold, to renew the 30-month bond and to provide proof of such renewal to the agency annually.

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117 6. Any failure of the nursing facility operator to acquire, 118 maintain, renew annually, or provide proof to the agency shall be grounds for the agency to deny, revoke, and suspend the facility 119 120 license to operate such facility and to take any further action, 121 including, but not limited to, enjoining the facility, asserting a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408, or applying for 122 a receiver, deemed necessary to ensure compliance with this 123 124 section and to safeguard and protect the health, safety, and 125 welfare of the facility's residents. A lease agreement required as a condition of bond financing or refinancing under s. 154.213 126 127 by a health facilities authority or required under s. 159.30 by a county or municipality is not a leasehold for purposes of this 128 129 paragraph and is not subject to the bond requirement of this 130 paragraph.

Section 2. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.904,Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

133 409.904 Optional payments for eligible persons. -- The agency 134 may make payments for medical assistance and related services on behalf of the following persons who are determined to be eligible 135 136 subject to the income, assets, and categorical eligibility tests 137 set forth in federal and state law. Payment on behalf of these 138 Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of 139 moneys and any limitations established by the General 140 Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

(1) (a) From July 1, 2005, through December 31, 2005, a person who is age 65 or older or is determined to be disabled, whose income is at or below 88 percent of federal poverty level, and whose assets do not exceed established limitations.

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(b) Effective January 1, 2006, and subject to federal 145 146 waiver approval, a person who is age 65 or older or is determined 147 to be disabled, whose income is at or below 88 percent of the 148 federal poverty level, whose assets do not exceed established 149 limitations, and who is not eligible for Medicare or, if eligible 150 for Medicare, is also eligible for and receiving Medicaid-covered 151 institutional care services, hospice services, or home and 152 community-based services. The agency shall seek federal 153 authorization through a waiver to provide this coverage. This 154 subsection expires October 31, 2008.

155 (2) (a) A family, a pregnant woman, a child under age 21, a person age 65 or over, or a blind or disabled person, who would 156 157 be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903(1), (2), or (3), 158 except that the income or assets of such family or person exceed 159 established limitations. For a family or person in one of these 160 coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from income in 161 accordance with federal requirements in order to make a 162 determination of eligibility. A family or person eligible under 163 the coverage known as the "medically needy," is eligible to 164 receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the 165 exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and 166 intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled. 167 This paragraph expires October 31, 2008.

(b) Effective November 1, 2008, a pregnant woman or a child
 younger than 21 years of age who would be eligible under any
 group listed in s. 409.903, except that the income or assets of
 such group exceed established limitations. For a person in one of
 these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from
 income in accordance with federal requirements in order to made a

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174	determination of eligibility. A person eligible under the
175	coverage known as the "medically needy" is eligible to receive
176	the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the
177	exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and
178	intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.
179	Section 3. Subsections (1) and (12) of section 409.906,
180	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
181	409.906 Optional Medicaid servicesSubject to specific
182	appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which
183	are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security
184	Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are
185	determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were
186	provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be provided
187	only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and
188	federal law. Optional services rendered by providers in mobile
189	units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by
190	the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent
191	or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates,
192	lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or
193	making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the
194	availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided
195	for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. If
196	necessary to safeguard the state's systems of providing services
197	to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the notice and
198	review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may direct the
199	Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state
200	plan to delete the optional Medicaid service known as
201	"Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled."
202	Optional services may include:

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203 (1) ADULT DENTAL SERVICES.--204 The agency may pay for medically necessary, emergency (a) dental procedures to alleviate pain or infection. Emergency 205 206 dental care shall be limited to emergency oral examinations, 207 necessary radiographs, extractions, and incision and drainage of 208 abscess, for a recipient who is 21 years of age or older. Beginning July 1, 2006, the agency may pay for full or 209 (b) 210 partial dentures, the procedures required to seat full or partial 211 dentures, and the repair and reline of full or partial dentures, provided by or under the direction of a licensed dentist, for a 212 213 recipient who is 21 years of age or older. (c) However, Medicaid may will not provide reimbursement 214 215 for dental services provided in a mobile dental unit, except for 216 a mobile dental unit: Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement 217 1. 218 with the Department of Health and complying with Medicaid's 219 county health department clinic services program specifications 220 as a county health department clinic services provider. Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual 221 2. 222 arrangement with a federally qualified health center and 223 complying with Medicaid's federally gualified health center 224 specifications as a federally qualified health center provider. 225 3. Rendering dental services to Medicaid recipients, 21 226 years of age and older, at nursing facilities. 227 4. Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with a state-approved dental educational institution. 228 229 (d) This subsection expires September 30, 2008. 230 (12)HEARING SERVICES. -- The agency may pay for hearing and related services, including hearing evaluations, hearing aid

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devices, dispensing of the hearing aid, and related repairs, if provided to a recipient by a licensed hearing aid specialist, otolaryngologist, otologist, audiologist, or physician. <u>Effective</u> <u>October 1, 2008, the agency may not pay for hearing and related</u> <u>services for adults.</u>

237 Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (13) and subsection 238 (14) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended, and 239 subsection (23) is added to that section, to read:

240 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers. -- Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid 241 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to 242 methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy 243 244 manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These 245 methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods 246 based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding 247 pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers 248 efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost 249 250 reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report 251 would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate 252 semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be 253 retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full 254 payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected retroactively. 255 Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if 256 applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment 257 for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid 258 eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any 259 limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this 260

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section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

(13) Medicare premiums for persons eligible for both
Medicare and Medicaid coverage shall be paid at the rates
established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. For
Medicare services rendered to Medicaid-eligible persons, Medicaid
shall pay Medicare deductibles and coinsurance as follows:

273

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a)-(c):

1. Medicaid payments for Nursing Home Medicare part A coinsurance <u>are</u> shall be limited to the Medicaid nursing home per diem rate less any amounts paid by Medicare, but only up to the amount of Medicare coinsurance. The Medicaid per diem rate shall be the rate in effect for the dates of service of the crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due to subsequent per diem rate adjustments.

281 2. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for
282 Medicare-eligible recipients receiving freestanding end stage
283 renal dialysis center services.

3. Medicaid payments for general hospital inpatient services <u>are shall be</u> limited to the Medicare deductible per spell of illness. Medicaid <u>may not pay for shall make no payment</u> toward coinsurance for Medicare general hospital inpatient services.

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4. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for
Medicare emergency transportation services provided by ambulances
licensed pursuant to chapter 401.

292 <u>5. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for</u> 293 portable X-ray Medicare Part B services provided in a nursing 294 home.

295 A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed the (14)296 least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's usual 297 and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee 298 established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee. The Medicaid 299 maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost is will be based on the lower of: average wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 15.4 percent, 300 301 wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus 4.75 5.75 percent, the 302 federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost 303 (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC) charge billed by the 304 provider. Medicaid providers are required to dispense generic 305 drugs if available at lower cost and the agency has not 306 determined that the branded product is more cost-effective, 307 unless the prescriber has requested and received approval to 308 require the branded product. The agency is directed to implement 309 a variable dispensing fee for payments for prescribed medicines 310 while ensuring continued access for Medicaid recipients. The 311 variable dispensing fee may be based upon, but not limited to, 312 either or both the volume of prescriptions dispensed by a specific pharmacy provider, the volume of prescriptions dispensed 313 to an individual recipient, and dispensing of preferred-drug-list 314 315 products. The agency may increase the pharmacy dispensing fee 316 authorized by statute and in the annual General Appropriations Act by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-drug-list 317

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product and reduce the pharmacy dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the 318 319 dispensing of a Medicaid product that is not included on the 320 preferred drug list. The agency may establish a supplemental 321 pharmaceutical dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning 322 unused unit-dose packaged medications to stock and crediting the 323 Medicaid program for the ingredient cost of those medications if 324 the ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the 325 supplemental dispensing fee. The agency is authorized to limit 326 reimbursement for prescribed medicine in order to comply with any 327 limitations or directions provided for in the General 328 Appropriations Act, which may include implementing a prospective 329 or concurrent utilization review program. 330 (23) (a) Effective July 1, 2008, the agency shall reduce 331 provider reimbursement rates on a recurring basis as prescribed 332 in the general appropriations act for the following provider 333 types: 334 1. Inpatient hospitals. 335 2. Outpatient hospitals. 336 3. Nursing homes. 337 4. County health departments. 338 Community intermediate care facilities for the 5. 339 developmentally disabled. 340 6. Prepaid health plans. 341 (b) Any increase in reimbursement is subject to a specific 342 appropriation by the Legislature. 343 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 344 409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 345 409.911 Disproportionate share program. -- Subject to specific allocations established within the General 346

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Appropriations Act and any limitations established pursuant to 347 348 chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this section, moneys to hospitals providing a disproportionate share 349 350 of Medicaid or charity care services by making quarterly Medicaid 351 payments as required. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 352 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of 353 this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a 354 disproportionate share of low-income patients.

355 (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use the 356 following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days and 357 charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate share 358 payment:

(a) The average of the 2000, 2001, and 2002, 2003, and 2004
audited disproportionate share data to determine each hospital's
Medicaid days and charity care for the 2008-2009 2006-2007 state
fiscal year.

363 Section 6. Section 409.9112, Florida Statutes, is amended 364 to read:

365 409.9112 Disproportionate share program for regional 366 perinatal intensive care centers. -- In addition to the payments made under s. 409.911, the agency for Health Care Administration 367 368 shall design and implement a system of making disproportionate 369 share payments to those hospitals that participate in the 370 regional perinatal intensive care center program established 371 pursuant to chapter 383. This system of payments shall conform to 372 with federal requirements and shall distribute funds in each 373 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making 374 quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of 375

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376
     this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a
377
     disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2008-2009
     state fiscal year 2005-2006, the agency may shall not distribute
378
379
     moneys under the regional perinatal intensive care centers
380
     disproportionate share program.
381
           (1)
               The following formula shall be used by the agency to
382
     calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
383
     in the regional perinatal intensive care center program:
384
385
     TAE = HDSP/THDSP
386
387
     Where:
388
          TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive
389
     care center.
390
          HDSP = the prior state fiscal year regional perinatal
391
     intensive care center disproportionate share payment to the
392
     individual hospital.
393
          THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total regional perinatal
394
     intensive care center disproportionate share payments to all
395
     hospitals.
396
               The total additional payment for hospitals that
           (2)
397
     participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center
398
     program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:
399
400
     TAP = TAE \times TA
401
402
     Where:
403
          TAP = total additional payment for a regional perinatal
404
     intensive care center.
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405 TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive 406 care center.

407 TA = total appropriation for the regional perinatal 408 intensive care center disproportionate share program.

409 (3) In order to receive payments under this section, a
410 hospital must be participating in the regional perinatal
411 intensive care center program pursuant to chapter 383 and must
412 meet the following additional requirements:

(a) Agree to conform to all departmental and agency
requirements to ensure high quality in the provision of services,
including criteria adopted by departmental and agency rule
concerning staffing ratios, medical records, standards of care,
equipment, space, and such other standards and criteria as the
department and agency deem appropriate as specified by rule.

(b) Agree to provide information to the department and agency, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the department and agency, concerning the care provided to all patients in neonatal intensive care centers and high-risk maternity care.

424 (c) Agree to accept all patients for neonatal intensive
425 care and high-risk maternity care, regardless of ability to pay,
426 on a functional space-available basis.

(d) Agree to develop arrangements with other maternity and
neonatal care providers in the hospital's region for the
appropriate receipt and transfer of patients in need of
specialized maternity and neonatal intensive care services.

431 (e) Agree to establish and provide a developmental
432 evaluation and services program for certain high-risk neonates,
433 as prescribed and defined by rule of the department.

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(f) Agree to sponsor a program of continuing education in
perinatal care for health care professionals within the region of
the hospital, as specified by rule.

(g) Agree to provide backup and referral services to the department's county health departments and other low-income perinatal providers within the hospital's region, including the development of written agreements between these organizations and the hospital.

(h) Agree to arrange for transportation for high-risk obstetrical patients and neonates in need of transfer from the community to the hospital or from the hospital to another more appropriate facility.

446 (4) Hospitals which fail to comply with any of the 447 conditions in subsection (3) or the applicable rules of the 448 department and agency may shall not receive any payments under 449 this section until full compliance is achieved. A hospital which 450 is not in compliance in two or more consecutive quarters may 451 shall not receive its share of the funds. Any forfeited funds 452 shall be distributed by the remaining participating regional 453 perinatal intensive care center program hospitals.

454 Section 7. Section 409.9113, Florida Statutes, is amended 455 to read:

409.9113 Disproportionate share program for teaching 457 hospitals.--In addition to the payments made under ss. 409.911 458 and 409.9112, the agency for Health Care Administration shall 459 make disproportionate share payments to statutorily defined 460 teaching hospitals for their increased costs associated with 461 medical education programs and for tertiary health care services 462 provided to the indigent. This system of payments shall conform

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to with federal requirements and shall distribute funds in each 463 464 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making 465 quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding s. 409.915, counties 466 are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special 467 reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the 2008-2009 state fiscal year 2006-468 469 2007, the agency shall distribute the moneys provided in the 470 General Appropriations Act to statutorily defined teaching 471 hospitals and family practice teaching hospitals under the 472 teaching hospital disproportionate share program. The funds 473 provided for statutorily defined teaching hospitals shall be 474 distributed in the same proportion as the state fiscal year 2003-475 2004 teaching hospital disproportionate share funds were 476 distributed or as otherwise provided in the General 477 Appropriations Act. The funds provided for family practice 478 teaching hospitals shall be distributed equally among family 479 practice teaching hospitals.

480 (1)On or before September 15 of each year, the agency for Health Care Administration shall calculate an allocation fraction 481 482 to be used for distributing funds to state statutory teaching 483 hospitals. Subsequent to the end of each quarter of the state 484 fiscal year, the agency shall distribute to each statutory 485 teaching hospital, as defined in s. 408.07, an amount determined 486 by multiplying one-fourth of the funds appropriated for this 487 purpose by the Legislature times such hospital's allocation fraction. The allocation fraction for each such hospital shall be 488 489 determined by the sum of three primary factors, divided by three. 490 The primary factors are:

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491 (a) The number of nationally accredited graduate medical 492 education programs offered by the hospital, including programs 493 accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical 494 Education and the combined Internal Medicine and Pediatrics 495 programs acceptable to both the American Board of Internal 496 Medicine and the American Board of Pediatrics at the beginning of 497 the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the allocation 498 fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the 499 fraction that the hospital represents of the total number of 500 programs, where the total is computed for all state statutory 501 teaching hospitals.

502 (b) The number of full-time equivalent trainees in the 503 hospital, which comprises two components:

504 The number of trainees enrolled in nationally accredited 1. 505 graduate medical education programs, as defined in paragraph (a). 506 Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the year 507 during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the given 508 institution, over the state fiscal year preceding the date on 509 which the allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value 510 of this factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of 511 the total number of full-time equivalent trainees enrolled in 512 accredited graduate programs, where the total is computed for all 513 state statutory teaching hospitals.

514 2. The number of medical students enrolled in accredited 515 colleges of medicine and engaged in clinical activities, 516 including required clinical clerkships and clinical electives. 517 Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the year 518 during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the given 519 institution, over the course of the state fiscal year preceding

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520 the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The 521 numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the given 522 hospital represents of the total number of full-time equivalent 523 students enrolled in accredited colleges of medicine, where the 524 total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals. 525

526 The primary factor for full-time equivalent trainees is computed 527 as the sum of these two components, divided by two.

528

(c) A service index that comprises three components:

529 The Agency for Health Care Administration Service Index, 1. 530 computed by applying the standard Service Inventory Scores 531 established by the agency for Health Care Administration to 532 services offered by the given hospital, as reported on Worksheet 533 A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency before the 534 date on which the allocation fraction is calculated. The 535 numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the given 536 hospital represents of the total Agency for Health Care 537 Administration Service Index values, where the total is computed 538 for all state statutory teaching hospitals.

539 2. A volume-weighted service index, computed by applying 540 the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the agency 541 for Health Care Administration to the volume of each service, 542 expressed in terms of the standard units of measure reported on 543 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency 544 before the date on which the allocation factor is calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the given 545 546 hospital represents of the total volume-weighted service index 547 values, where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching hospitals. 548

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549	3. Total Medicaid payments to each hospital for direct
550	inpatient and outpatient services during the fiscal year
551	preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.
552	This includes payments made to each hospital for such services by
553	Medicaid prepaid health plans, whether the plan was administered
554	by the hospital or not. The numerical value of this factor is the
555	fraction that each hospital represents of the total of such
556	Medicaid payments, where the total is computed for all state
557	statutory teaching hospitals.
558	
559	The primary factor for the service index is computed as the sum
560	of these three components, divided by three.
561	(2) By October 1 of each year, the agency shall use the
562	following formula to calculate the maximum additional
563	disproportionate share payment for statutorily defined teaching
564	hospitals:
565	
566	$TAP = THAF \times A$
567	
568	Where:
569	TAP = total additional payment.
570	THAF = teaching hospital allocation factor.
571	A = amount appropriated for a teaching hospital
572	disproportionate share program.
573	Section 8. Section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended
574	to read:
575	409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share programFor
576	the <u>2008-2009</u> state fiscal year <del>2006-2007</del> , the agency <u>may</u> <del>shall</del>

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577	not distribute moneys under the primary care disproportionate
578	share program.
579	(1) If federal funds are available for disproportionate
580	share programs in addition to those otherwise provided by law,
581	there shall be created a primary care disproportionate share
582	program.
583	(2) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
584	calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
585	in the primary care disproportionate share program:
586	
587	TAE = HDSP/THDSP
588	
589	Where:
590	TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in the
591	primary care disproportionate share program.
592	HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care
593	disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.
594	THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care
595	disproportionate share payments to all hospitals.
596	(3) The total additional payment for hospitals that
597	participate in the primary care disproportionate share program
598	shall be calculated by the agency as follows:
599	
600	$TAP = TAE \times TA$
601	
602	Where:
603	TAP = total additional payment for a primary care hospital.
604	TAE = total amount earned by a primary care hospital.

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605 TA = total appropriation for the primary care 606 disproportionate share program. 607 In establishing the establishment and funding of this (4) 608 program, the agency shall use the following criteria in addition to those specified in s. 409.911, and payments may not be made to 609 610 a hospital unless the hospital agrees to: Cooperate with a Medicaid prepaid health plan, if one 611 (a) 612 exists in the community. 613 (b) Ensure the availability of primary and specialty care physicians to Medicaid recipients who are not enrolled in a 614 615 prepaid capitated arrangement and who are in need of access to 616 such physicians. 617 (c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of 618 charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100 619 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise 620 covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a 621 governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a 622 sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent 623 of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by 624 Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental 625 entity, except that eligibility may be limited to persons who 626 reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency and 627 the hospital. 628 (d) Contract with any federally qualified health center, if 629 one exists within the agreed geopolitical boundaries, concerning 630 the provision of primary care services, in order to guarantee 631 delivery of services in a nonduplicative fashion, and to provide

633 appropriate. The hospital shall agree to provide at an onsite or

for referral arrangements, privileges, and admissions, as

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634 offsite facility primary care services within 24 hours to which 635 all Medicaid recipients and persons eligible under this paragraph 636 who do not require emergency room services are referred during 637 normal daylight hours.

(e) Cooperate with the agency, the county, and other entities to ensure the provision of certain public health services, case management, referral and acceptance of patients, and sharing of epidemiological data, as the agency and the hospital find mutually necessary and desirable to promote and protect the public health within the agreed geopolitical boundaries.

(f) In cooperation with the county in which the hospital
resides, develop a low-cost, outpatient, prepaid health care
program to persons who are not eligible for the Medicaid program,
and who reside within the area.

(g) Provide inpatient services to residents within the area who are not eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, and who do not have private health insurance, regardless of ability to pay, on the basis of available space, except that nothing shall prevent the hospital from establishing bill collection programs based on ability to pay.

(h) Work with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the Florida Health Care Purchasing Cooperative, and business health coalitions, as appropriate, to develop a feasibility study and plan to provide a low-cost comprehensive health insurance plan to persons who reside within the area and who do not have access to such a plan.

(i) Work with public health officials and other experts toprovide community health education and prevention activities

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663 designed to promote healthy lifestyles and appropriate use of 664 health services.

(j) Work with the local health council to develop a plan for promoting access to affordable health care services for all persons who reside within the area, including, but not limited to, public health services, primary care services, inpatient services, and affordable health insurance generally.

Any hospital that fails to comply with any of the provisions of this subsection, or any other contractual condition, may not receive payments under this section until full compliance is achieved.

675 Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4), paragraph (a)
676 of subsection (39), and subsection (42) of section 409.912,
677 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

678 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.--The 679 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients 680 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of 681 quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are 682 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a 683 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct 684 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the 685 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to 686 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined 687 in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion 688 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency 689 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid 690 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, 691

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692 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to 693 facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed 694 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to 695 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute 696 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the 697 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The 698 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the 699 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify 700 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a 701 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a 702 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to 703 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice 704 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, 705 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. The 706 agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy management, 707 or disease management participation for certain populations of 708 Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs 709 to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug 710 interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall 711 make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior 712 authorization is required. The agency shall inform the 713 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions 714 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is 715 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as 716 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through 717 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-718 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services 719 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based 720

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721 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider 722 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance 723 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the 724 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid 725 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, 726 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider 727 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, 728 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer 729 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, 730 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers 731 shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider 732 network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing 733 Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and 734 other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-735 term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish 736 rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in 737 order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program 738 as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies. 739

740

(4) The agency may contract with:

741 (b) An entity that is providing comprehensive behavioral 742 health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through a 743 capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver 744 provided for by s. 409.905(5). Such an entity must be licensed 745 under chapter 624, chapter 636, or chapter 641 and must possess 746 the clinical systems and operational competence to manage risk 747 and provide comprehensive behavioral health care to Medicaid 748 recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and 749

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750 substance abuse treatment services that are available to Medicaid 751 recipients. The secretary of the Department of Children and 752 Family Services shall approve provisions of procurements related 753 to children in the department's care or custody prior to 754 enrolling such children in a prepaid behavioral health plan. Any 755 contract awarded under this paragraph must be competitively 756 procured. In developing the behavioral health care prepaid plan 757 procurement document, the agency shall ensure that the 758 procurement document requires the contractor to develop and 759 implement a plan to ensure compliance with s. 394.4574 related to 760 services provided to residents of licensed assisted living 761 facilities that hold a limited mental health license. Except as 762 provided in subparagraph 8., and except in counties where the 763 Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 764 409.91211, the agency shall seek federal approval to contract 765 with a single entity meeting these requirements to provide 766 comprehensive behavioral health care services to all Medicaid 767 recipients not enrolled in a Medicaid managed care plan authorized under s. 409.91211 or a Medicaid health maintenance 768 769 organization in an AHCA area. In an AHCA area where the Medicaid 770 managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 409.91211 771 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a contract with a 772 single entity to serve the remaining counties as an AHCA area or 773 the remaining counties may be included with an adjacent AHCA area 774 and shall be subject to this paragraph. Each entity must offer 775 sufficient choice of providers in its network to ensure recipient 776 access to care and the opportunity to select a provider with whom 777 they are satisfied. The network shall include all public mental 778 health hospitals. To ensure unimpaired access to behavioral

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health care services by Medicaid recipients, all contracts issued 779 780 pursuant to this paragraph shall require 80 percent of the 781 capitation paid to the managed care plan, including health maintenance organizations, to be expended for the provision of 782 783 behavioral health care services. In the event the managed care 784 plan expends less than 80 percent of the capitation paid pursuant 785 to this paragraph for the provision of behavioral health care 786 services, the difference shall be returned to the agency. The 787 agency shall provide the managed care plan with a certification 788 letter indicating the amount of capitation paid during each 789 calendar year for the provision of behavioral health care 790 services pursuant to this section. The agency may reimburse for 791 substance abuse treatment services on a fee-for-service basis 792 until the agency finds that adequate funds are available for 793 capitated, prepaid arrangements.

1. By January 1, 2001, the agency shall modify the contracts with the entities providing comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health care services to Medicaid recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk Counties, to include substance abuse treatment services.

799 2. By July 1, 2003, the agency and the Department of 800 Children and Family Services shall execute a written agreement 801 that requires collaboration and joint development of all policy, 802 budgets, procurement documents, contracts, and monitoring plans 803 that have an impact on the state and Medicaid community mental 804 health and targeted case management programs.

805 3. Except as provided in subparagraph 8., by July 1, 2006,
806 the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services
807 shall contract with managed care entities in each AHCA area

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808 except area 6 or arrange to provide comprehensive inpatient and 809 outpatient mental health and substance abuse services through capitated prepaid arrangements to all Medicaid recipients who are 810 811 eligible to participate in such plans under federal law and 812 regulation. In AHCA areas where eligible individuals number less 813 than 150,000, the agency shall contract with a single managed 814 care plan to provide comprehensive behavioral health services to 815 all recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid health 816 maintenance organization or a Medicaid capitated managed care 817 plan authorized under s. 409.91211. The agency may contract with 818 more than one comprehensive behavioral health provider to provide 819 care to recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid capitated 820 managed care plan authorized under s. 409.91211 or a Medicaid 821 health maintenance organization in AHCA areas where the eligible 822 population exceeds 150,000. In an AHCA area where the Medicaid 823 managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s. 409.91211 824 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a contract with a 825 single entity to serve the remaining counties as an AHCA area or 826 the remaining counties may be included with an adjacent AHCA area 827 and shall be subject to this paragraph. Contracts for 828 comprehensive behavioral health providers awarded pursuant to 829 this section shall be competitively procured. Both for-profit and 830 not-for-profit corporations shall be eligible to compete. Managed 831 care plans contracting with the agency under subsection (3) shall 832 provide and receive payment for the same comprehensive behavioral 833 health benefits as provided in AHCA rules, including handbooks 834 incorporated by reference. In AHCA area 11, the agency shall 835 contract with at least two comprehensive behavioral health care providers to provide behavioral health care to recipients in that 836

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837 area who are enrolled in, or assigned to, the MediPass program. 838 One of the behavioral health care contracts shall be with the 839 existing provider service network pilot project, as described in 840 paragraph (d), for the purpose of demonstrating the cost-841 effectiveness of the provision of quality mental health services 842 through a public hospital-operated managed care model. Payment 843 shall be at an agreed-upon capitated rate to ensure cost savings. 844 Of the recipients in area 11 who are assigned to MediPass under 845 the provisions of s. 409.9122(2)(k), a minimum of 50,000 of those 846 MediPass-enrolled recipients shall be assigned to the existing 847 provider service network in area 11 for their behavioral care.

4. By October 1, 2003, the agency and the department shall submit a plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which provides for the full implementation of capitated prepaid behavioral health care in all areas of the state.

a. Implementation shall begin in 2003 in those AHCA areas
of the state where the agency is able to establish sufficient
capitation rates.

b. If the agency determines that the proposed capitation
rate in any area is insufficient to provide appropriate services,
the agency may adjust the capitation rate to ensure that care
will be available. The agency and the department may use existing
general revenue to address any additional required match but may
not over-obligate existing funds on an annualized basis.

c. Subject to any limitations provided for in the General
Appropriations Act, the agency, in compliance with appropriate
federal authorization, shall develop policies and procedures that
allow for certification of local and state funds.

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5. Children residing in a statewide inpatient psychiatric program, or in a Department of Juvenile Justice or a Department of Children and Family Services residential program approved as a Medicaid behavioral health overlay services provider shall not be included in a behavioral health care prepaid health plan or any other Medicaid managed care plan pursuant to this paragraph.

872 In converting to a prepaid system of delivery, the 6. 873 agency shall in its procurement document require an entity 874 providing only comprehensive behavioral health care services to 875 prevent the displacement of indigent care patients by enrollees in the Medicaid prepaid health plan providing behavioral health 876 877 care services from facilities receiving state funding to provide 878 indigent behavioral health care, to facilities licensed under 879 chapter 395 which do not receive state funding for indigent 880 behavioral health care, or reimburse the unsubsidized facility 881 for the cost of behavioral health care provided to the displaced 882 indigent care patient.

Traditional community mental health providers under 883 7. contract with the Department of Children and Family Services 884 885 pursuant to part IV of chapter 394, child welfare providers under 886 contract with the Department of Children and Family Services in 887 areas 1 and 6, and inpatient mental health providers licensed pursuant to chapter 395 must be offered an opportunity to accept 888 889 or decline a contract to participate in any provider network for 890 prepaid behavioral health services.

891 8. For fiscal year 2004-2005, all Medicaid eligible
892 children, except children in areas 1 and <u>Highland, Hardee, Polk,</u>
893 <u>and Manatee counties of area</u> 6, whose cases are open for child
894 welfare services in the HomeSafeNet system, shall be enrolled in

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MediPass or in Medicaid fee-for-service and all their behavioral 895 896 health care services including inpatient, outpatient psychiatric, 897 community mental health, and case management shall be reimbursed 898 on a fee-for-service basis. Beginning July 1, 2005, such 899 children, who are open for child welfare services in the 900 HomeSafeNet system, shall receive their behavioral health care 901 services through a specialty prepaid plan operated by community-902 based lead agencies either through a single agency or formal 903 agreements among several agencies. The specialty prepaid plan 904 must result in savings to the state comparable to savings 905 achieved in other Medicaid managed care and prepaid programs. 906 Such plan must provide mechanisms to maximize state and local 907 revenues. The specialty prepaid plan shall be developed by the 908 agency and the Department of Children and Family Services. The 909 agency is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement 910 this initiative. Medicaid-eligible children whose cases are open 911 for child welfare services in the HomeSafeNet system and who 912 reside in AHCA area 10 are exempt from the specialty prepaid plan 913 upon the development of a service delivery mechanism for children 914 who reside in area 10 as specified in s. 409.91211(3)(dd).

915 (39)(a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-916 drug spending-control program that includes the following 917 components:

918 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a listing 919 of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the Medicaid 920 Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established pursuant to s. 921 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each therapeutic class on 922 the preferred drug list. At the discretion of the committee, and 923 when feasible, the preferred drug list should include at least

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924 two products in a therapeutic class. The agency may post the 925 preferred drug list and updates to the preferred drug list on an 926 Internet website without following the rulemaking procedures of 927 chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are excluded from the 928 preferred drug list. The agency shall also limit the amount of a 929 prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day supply unless 930 the drug products' smallest marketed package is greater than a 931 34-day supply, or the drug is determined by the agency to be a 932 maintenance drug in which case a 100-day maximum supply may be 933 authorized. The agency is authorized to seek any federal waivers 934 necessary to implement these cost-control programs and to 935 continue participation in the federal Medicaid rebate program, or 936 alternatively to negotiate state-only manufacturer rebates. The 937 agency may adopt rules to implement this subparagraph. The agency 938 shall continue to provide unlimited contraceptive drugs and 939 items. The agency must establish procedures to ensure that:

a. There <u>is will be</u> a response to a request for prior
consultation by telephone or other telecommunication device
within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior
consultation; and

b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed <u>is will be</u>
provided in an emergency or when the agency does not provide a
response within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

947 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed 948 drugs shall be set at the lesser of: the average wholesale price 949 (AWP) minus 16.4 15.4 percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost 950 (WAC) plus 4.75 5.75 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the 951 state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary 952 (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

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953 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for 954 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using 955 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The 956 management process may include, but is not limited to, 957 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims 958 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical necessity 959 and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and drug 960 therapies. The agency may contract with a private organization to 961 provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug 962 benefit management program shall include initiatives to manage 963 drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, patients using 20 or more 964 unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 965 patients in annual spending. The agency shall enroll any Medicaid 966 recipient in the drug benefit management program if he or she 967 meets the specifications of this provision and is not enrolled in 968 a Medicaid health maintenance organization.

969 The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network 4. based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, 970 credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give special 971 972 consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location 973 of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria such as a 974 975 pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, patient 976 educational programs, patient consultation, disease management 977 services, and other characteristics. The agency may impose a 978 moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment when it is determined 979 that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-participating 980 providers. The agency must allow dispensing practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy network regardless 981

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982 of the practitioner's proximity to any other entity that is 983 dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid program. A 984 dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing requirements 985 applicable to his or her practice, as determined by the agency.

986 The agency shall develop and implement a program that 5. requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a 987 988 counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. 989 The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-990 proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or 991 prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The 992 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or 993 statewide.

6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require 994 995 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients 996 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average 997 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. These 998 arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug manufacturer 999 pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs at a level 1000 below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a supplemental 1001 rebate to the state in an amount necessary to achieve a 15.1-1002 percent rebate level.

1003 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as 1004 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment 1005 of such preferred drug list, it is authorized to negotiate 1006 supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to 1007 those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no 1008 less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as defined 1009 in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 29 1010

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1011 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates the 1012 agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific 1013 products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate 1014 percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate 1015 percentage will guarantee a manufacturer that the Medicaid 1016 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a product 1017 for inclusion on the preferred drug list. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the 1018 preferred drug list by simply paying the minimum supplemental 1019 1020 rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy of 1021 a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and 1022 Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing 1023 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency is 1024 authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to 1025 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes 1026 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash 1027 rebates. Effective July 1, 2004, value-added programs as a 1028 substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency 1029 is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this 1030 initiative.

1031 8. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall expand 1032 home delivery of pharmacy products. To assist Medicaid patients 1033 in securing their prescriptions and reduce program costs, the 1034 agency shall expand its current mail-order-pharmacy diabetes-1035 supply program to include all generic and brand-name drugs used 1036 by Medicaid patients with diabetes. Medicaid recipients in the 1037 current program may obtain nondiabetes drugs on a voluntary 1038 basis. This initiative is limited to the geographic area covered

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1039 by the current contract. The agency may seek and implement any 1040 federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.

1041 9. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug 1042 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

1043 10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug 1044 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that has 1045 experience in operating behavioral drug management systems to 1046 implement this program. The agency is authorized to seek federal 1047 waivers to implement this program.

1048 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of 1049 Children and Family Services, may implement the Medicaid behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve the 1050 1051 quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices based 1052 on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to 1053 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug 1054 costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid 1055 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following elements:

1056 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best 1057 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as 1058 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating 1059 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate them 1060 into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and compare 1061 their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators that are 1062 based on national standards; and determine deviations from best 1063 practice guidelines.

(II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and educating prescribers using best practice educational materials and peer-to-peer consultation.

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(III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral health drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple sameclass behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential medication problems.

1076 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and 1077 deviation from best practice guidelines.

1078 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 1079 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers 1080 in the use of practice guidelines.

1081 1082 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

(IX) Implement a disease management program with a model quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high users of care.

1087 11.a. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription 1088 drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor 1089 that has experience in operating prescription drug management 1090 systems in order to implement this system. Any management system 1091 that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must 1092 rely on cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to 1093 determine appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines 1094 to improve the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the

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1095 Medicaid program. The agency may seek federal waivers to 1096 implement this program.

b. The drug management system must be designed to improve the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription drugs. The program must:

1103 Provide for the development and adoption of best (I) 1104 practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the 1105 Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines 1106 into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them 1107 to indicators that are based on national standards and practice 1108 patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and 1109 nationally; and determine deviations from best practice 1110 guidelines.

1111 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and 1112 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials 1113 and peer-to-peer consultation.

(III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of prescription drugs.

(IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other potential medication problems.

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1123

(V) Track spending trends for prescription drugs and 1124 deviation from best practice guidelines.

1125 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to 1126 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers in the use of practice guidelines. 1127

1128

(VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

1129

(VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

1130 Implement disease management programs in cooperation (IX) with physicians and pharmacists, along with a model quality-based 1131 1132 medication component for individuals having chronic medical 1133 conditions.

12. The agency is authorized to contract for drug rebate 1134 1135 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating rebate 1136 amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes with 1137 manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate collections.

The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form 11.38 13. 1139 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with 1140 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the 1141 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective 1142 prescribing practices.

1143 14. The agency may require prior authorization for 1144 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may, but is not 1145 required to, prior-authorize the use of a product:

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1147

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For an indication not approved in labeling; a.

b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or

1148 с. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse, or 1149 abuse.

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1151 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide 1152 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence 1153 for the use of a drug. The agency may post prior authorization 1154 criteria and protocol and updates to the list of drugs that are 1155 subject to prior authorization on an Internet website without 1156 amending its rule or engaging in additional rulemaking.

1157 The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and 15. 1158 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may 1159 1160 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet 1161 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use 1162 of the this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization 1163 1164 may require the prescribing professional to provide information 1165 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use 1166 of a drug.

1167 16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior 1168 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the 1169 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug 1170 list must be used within the previous 12 months prior to the 1171 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy 1172 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the 1173 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical 1174 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug 1175 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified 1176 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-1177 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with 1178 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug 1179 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior

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1180 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the 1181 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation 1182 that the product is medically necessary because:

1183 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat 1184 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical 1185 alternative;

1186 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment 1187 of the beneficiary's disease; or

1188 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of 1189 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective, 1190 or the number of doses have been ineffective.

1192 The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best 1193 alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving 1194 the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific 1195 drugs in limited clinical situations.

1196 The agency shall implement a return and reuse program 17. 1197 for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients, 1198 which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the 1199 implementation and operation of the program. The return and reuse 1200 program shall be implemented electronically and in a manner that 1201 promotes efficiency. The program must permit a pharmacy to 1202 exclude drugs from the program if it is not practical or cost-1203 effective for the drug to be included and must provide for the 1204 return to inventory of drugs that cannot be credited or returned 1205 in a cost-effective manner. The agency shall determine if the 1206 program has reduced the amount of Medicaid prescription drugs 1207 which are destroyed on an annual basis and if there are 1208 additional ways to ensure more prescription drugs are not

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1209 destroyed which could safely be reused. The agency's conclusion 1210 and recommendations shall be reported to the Legislature by 1211 December 1, 2005.

1212 (42) The agency may shall develop and implement a 1213 utilization management program for Medicaid-eligible recipients 1214 for the management of occupational, physical, respiratory, and 1215 speech therapies. The agency shall establish a utilization 1216 program that may require prior authorization in order to ensure 1217 medically necessary and cost-effective treatments. The program 1218 shall be operated in accordance with a federally approved waiver 1219 program or state plan amendment. The agency may seek a federal waiver or state plan amendment to implement this program. The 1220 1221 agency may also competitively procure these services from an 1222 outside vendor on a regional or statewide basis.

1223 Section 10. Section 409.91206, Florida Statutes, is created 1224 to read:

1225409.91206Alternatives for health and long-term care1226reforms.--The Governor, the President of the Senate, and the1227Speaker of the House of Representatives may convene workgroups to1228propose alternatives for cost-effective health and long-term care1229reforms, including, but not limited to, reforms for Medicaid.

Section 11. Paragraphs (c), (e), (f), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 409.9122, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; programs and procedures.--

(2)

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(c) Medicaid recipients shall have a choice of managed care
plans or MediPass. The agency for Health Care Administration, the
Department of Health, the Department of Children and Family

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Services, and the Department of Elderly Affairs shall cooperate to ensure that each Medicaid recipient receives clear and easily understandable information that meets the following requirements:

1241 1. Explains the concept of managed care, including 1242 MediPass.

1243 2. Provides information on the comparative performance of 1244 managed care plans and MediPass in the areas of quality, 1245 credentialing, preventive health programs, network size and 1246 availability, and patient satisfaction.

1247 3. Explains where additional information on each managed 1248 care plan and MediPass in the recipient's area can be obtained.

4. Explains that recipients have the right to choose their where managed care coverage at the time they first enroll in Medicaid and again at regular intervals set by the agency plans or MediPass. However, if a recipient does not choose a managed care plan or MediPass, the agency will assign the recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass according to the criteria specified in this section.

5. Explains the recipient's right to complain, file a grievance, or change managed care plans or MediPass providers if the recipient is not satisfied with the managed care plan or MediPass.

(e) Medicaid recipients who are already enrolled in a
managed care plan or MediPass shall be offered the opportunity to
change managed care plans or MediPass providers on a staggered
basis, as defined by the agency. All Medicaid recipients shall
have 30 days in which to make a choice of managed care plans or
MediPass providers. <u>A recipient already enrolled in a managed</u>
<u>care plan who fails to make a choice during the 30-day choice</u>

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1267 period shall remain enrolled in his or her current managed care 1268 plan. In counties that have two or more managed care plans, a 1269 recipient already enrolled in MediPass who fails to make a choice 1270 during the annual period shall be assigned to a managed care plan 1271 if he or she is eligible for enrollment in the managed care plan. 1272 The agency shall apply for a state plan amendment or federal 1273 waiver authority, if necessary, to implement the provisions of 1274 this paragraph. Those Medicaid recipients who do not make a 1275 choice shall be assigned to a managed care plan or MediPass in 1276 accordance with paragraph (f). To facilitate continuity of care, 1277 for a Medicaid recipient who is also a recipient of Supplemental Security Income (SSI), prior to assigning the SSI recipient to a 1278 1279 managed care plan or MediPass, the agency shall determine whether 1280 the SSI recipient has an ongoing relationship with a MediPass 1281 provider or managed care plan, and if so, the agency shall assign 1282 the SSI recipient to that MediPass provider or managed care plan. 1283 If the SSI recipient has an ongoing relationship with a managed care plan, the agency shall assign the recipient to that managed 1284 1285 care plan. Those SSI recipients who do not have such a provider 1286 relationship shall be assigned to a managed care plan or MediPass 1287 provider in accordance with paragraph (f).

1288 (f) If When a Medicaid recipient does not choose a managed 1289 care plan or MediPass provider, the agency shall assign the 1290 Medicaid recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass provider. Medicaid recipients, eligible for managed care plan enrollment, 1291 1292 who are subject to mandatory assignment but who fail to make a 1293 choice shall be assigned to managed care plans until an 1294 enrollment of 35 percent in MediPass and 65 percent in managed 1295 care plans, of all those eligible to choose managed care, is

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1296 achieved. Once this enrollment is achieved, the assignments shall 1297 be divided in order to maintain an enrollment in MediPass and 1298 managed care plans which is in a 35 percent and 65 percent 1299 proportion, respectively. Thereafter, assignment of Medicaid 1300 recipients who fail to make a choice shall be based 1301 proportionally on the preferences of recipients who have made a 1302 choice in the previous period. Such proportions shall be revised 1303 at least quarterly to reflect an update of the preferences of 1304 Medicaid recipients. The agency shall disproportionately assign 1305 Medicaid-eligible recipients who are required to but have failed 1306 to make a choice of managed care plan or MediPass, including 1307 children, and who would are to be assigned to the MediPass 1308 program to children's networks as described in s. 409.912(4)(q), 1309 Children's Medical Services Network as defined in s. 391.021, 1310 exclusive provider organizations, provider service networks, 1.311 minority physician networks, and pediatric emergency department 1312 diversion programs authorized by this chapter or the General 1313 Appropriations Act, in such manner as the agency deems 1314 appropriate, until the agency has determined that the networks 1315 and programs have sufficient numbers to be operated economically 1316 operated. For purposes of this paragraph, when referring to 1317 assignment, the term "managed care plans" includes health maintenance organizations, exclusive provider organizations, 1318 1319 provider service networks, minority physician networks, Children's Medical Services Network, and pediatric emergency 1320 1321 department diversion programs authorized by this chapter or the 1322 General Appropriations Act. When making assignments, the agency 1323 shall take into account the following criteria:

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1325 meet the need of members. 1326 2. The managed care plan or MediPass has previously 1327 enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the managed care 1328 plan's primary care providers or MediPass providers has 1329 previously provided health care to the recipient. 1330 3. The agency has knowledge that the member has previously 1331 expressed a preference for a particular managed care plan or MediPass provider as indicated by Medicaid fee-for-service claims 1332 1333 data, but has failed to make a choice. 1334 The managed care plan's or MediPass primary care 4. 1335 providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's 1336 residence. 1337 (i) After a recipient has made his or her initial a 1338 selection or has been notified of his or her initial assignment 1339 to enrolled in a managed care plan or MediPass, the recipient 1340 shall have 90 days to exercise the opportunity in which to 1341 voluntarily disenroll and select another managed care option plan 1342 or MediPass provider. After 90 days, no further changes may be 1343 made except for cause. Good cause includes shall include, but is 1344 not be limited to, poor quality of care, lack of access to 1345 necessary specialty services, an unreasonable delay or denial of 1346 service, or fraudulent enrollment. The agency shall develop 1347 criteria for good cause disenrollment for chronically ill and 1348 disabled populations who are assigned to managed care plans if 1349 more appropriate care is available through the MediPass program. 1350 The agency must make a determination as to whether cause exists. 1351 However, the agency may require a recipient to use the managed 1352 care plan's or MediPass grievance process prior to the agency's

A managed care plan has sufficient network capacity to

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1353 determination of cause, except in cases in which immediate risk 1354 of permanent damage to the recipient's health is alleged. The 1355 grievance process, when utilized, must be completed in time to 1356 permit the recipient to disenroll by no later than the first day 1357 of the second month after the month the disenrollment request was 1358 made. If the managed care plan or MediPass, as a result of the 1359 grievance process, approves an enrollee's request to disenroll, 1360 the agency is not required to make a determination in the case. 1361 The agency must make a determination and take final action on a 1362 recipient's request so that disenrollment occurs by no later than 1363 the first day of the second month after the month the request was 1364 made. If the agency fails to act within the specified timeframe, 1365 the recipient's request to disenroll is deemed to be approved as 1366 of the date agency action was required. Recipients who disagree 1367 with the agency's finding that cause does not exist for 1368 disenrollment shall be advised of their right to pursue a 1369 Medicaid fair hearing to dispute the agency's finding.

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Section 12. <u>Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section</u> 409.905 and section 430.83, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.