

## CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House Comm: RS 4/24/2008

The Committee on Transportation and Economic Development Appropriations (Margolis) recommended the following amendment:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between line(s) 472 and 473 insert:

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Section 4. Subsection (9), subsection (12) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

163.3180 Concurrency.--

(9)(a) Each local government may adopt as a part of its plan, long-term transportation and school concurrency management systems with a planning period of up to 10 years for specially designated districts or areas where significant backlogs exist. The plan may include interim level-of-service standards on certain facilities and shall rely on the local government's schedule of capital improvements for up to 10 years as a basis

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for issuing development orders that authorize commencement of construction in these designated districts or areas. The concurrency management system must be designed to correct existing deficiencies and set priorities for addressing backlogged facilities. The concurrency management system must be financially feasible and consistent with other portions of the adopted local plan, including the future land use map.

- If a local government has a transportation or school facility backlog for existing development which cannot be adequately addressed in a 10-year plan, the state land planning agency may allow it to develop a plan and long-term schedule of capital improvements covering up to 15 years for good and sufficient cause, based on a general comparison between that local government and all other similarly situated local jurisdictions, using the following factors:
  - 1. The extent of the backlog.
- For roads, whether the backlog is on local or state roads.
  - The cost of eliminating the backlog.
- 4 . The local government's tax and other revenue-raising efforts.
- (C) The local government may issue approvals to commence construction notwithstanding this section, consistent with and in areas that are subject to a long-term concurrency management system.
- If the local government adopts a long-term concurrency (d) management system, it must evaluate the system periodically. At a minimum, the local government must assess its progress toward improving levels of service within the long-term concurrency management district or area in the evaluation and appraisal

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report and determine any changes that are necessary to accelerate progress in meeting acceptable levels of service.

- (e) The Department of Transportation shall establish an approved transportation methodology that recognizes that a planned, sustainable development of regional impact is likely to achieve an internal capture rate greater than 40 percent when fully developed. The transportation methodology must use a regional transportation model that incorporates professionally accepted modeling techniques applicable to well-planned, sustainable communities of the size, location, mix of uses, and design features consistent with such communities. The adopted transportation methodology shall serve as the basis for sustainable development traffic impact assessments by the department. The methodology review must be completed and in use by December 1, 2008.
- (12) A development of regional impact may satisfy the transportation concurrency requirements of the local comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency management system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts, if:
- (a) The development of regional impact which, based on its location or mix of land uses, is designed to encourage pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;
- The proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay for one or more required mobility improvements that will benefit a regionally significant transportation facility;



- The owner and developer of the development of regional impact pays or assures payment of the proportionate-share contribution; and
- If the regionally significant transportation facility to be constructed or improved is under the maintenance authority of a governmental entity, as defined by s. 334.03(12), other than the local government with jurisdiction over the development of regional impact, the developer is required to enter into a binding and legally enforceable commitment to transfer funds to the governmental entity having maintenance authority or to otherwise assure construction or improvement of the facility.

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> The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to any transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this subsection and the local comprehensive plan, but, for the purposes of this subsection, the amount of the proportionateshare contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour from the complete buildout of a stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service. If the number of trips used in this calculation includes trips from an earlier phase of development, the determination of mitigation for a subsequent phase or stage of development shall account for any mitigation required by the development order and provided by the developer for the earlier phase or stage, calculated at present value. For



purposes of this subsection, the term "present value" means the fair market value of right-of-way at the time of contribution or the actual dollar value of the construction improvements at the date of completion, adjusted by the Consumer Price Index. For purposes of this subsection, "construction cost" includes all associated costs of the improvement. Proportionate-share mitigation shall be limited to ensure that a development of regional impact meeting the requirements of this subsection mitigates its impact on the transportation system but is not responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating backlogs. For purposes of this subsection, "backlogged transportation facility" is defined as one on which the adopted level-of-service standard is exceeded by the existing trips plus committed trips. A developer may not be required to fund or construct proportionate share mitigation for any backlogged transportation facility that is more extensive than mitigation necessary to offset the impact of the development project in question. This subsection also applies to Florida Quality Developments pursuant to s. 380.061 and to detailed specific area plans implementing optional sector plans pursuant to s. 163.3245.

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On line 12, after the semicolon insert:

And the title is amended as follows:

amending s. 163.3180, F.S.; requiring the Department of Transportation to establish a transportation methodology to serve as the basis for sustainable development impact

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136	assessments	; defining	the	terms	"present	value"	and
137	"backlogged	transporta	atior	n facil	lity";		