

## CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House Comm: RCS 3/11/2008

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Dockery) recommended the following amendment:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 921.0019, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 921.0019 Sentencing Policy Advisory Council. --

The Sentencing Policy Advisory Council is created within the Legislature for the purpose of evaluating sentencing policy, sentencing practices, and laws affecting or applicable to sentencing or punishment, including, but not limited to, the Criminal Punishment Code, the degree and offense severity level ranking of offenses, mandatory sentences, enhanced penalties,

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felony and misdemeanor reclassifications, gain-time and early release mechanisms, and for the purpose of making findings and recommendations on a continuing basis regarding changes to such policy, practices, and laws. The council shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Legislature, the Governor, and the Supreme Court.

- (2) Any recommended change to sentencing policy, sentencing practices, or laws affecting or applicable to sentencing or punishment must be consistent with the following goals:
- (a) Protecting public safety, including, but not limited to, ensuring the incarceration of violent criminal offenders and nonviolent criminal offenders who commit repeated acts of criminal behavior and who have demonstrated an inability to comply with less restrictive penalties previously imposed for nonviolent criminal acts;
- (b) Supporting the principles embodied in the Criminal Punishment Code as described in s. 921.002(1); and
- (c) Providing for the most cost-effective and efficient use of correctional resources to the extent that such use is not in conflict with the goals described in paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (3) (a) The council shall be composed of 15 members, consisting of: two members of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate; two members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or a member of the Supreme Court designated by the Chief Justice; three circuit court judges, one county court judge, and one

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representative of the victim advocacy profession, appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; the Attorney General or her or his designee; and the Secretary of the Department of Corrections or her or his designee. The following members shall be appointed by the Governor: one state attorney from a list of three nominees recommended by the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association; one public defender from a list of three nominees recommended by the Public Defenders Association; and one private attorney from a list of three nominees recommended by the President of The Florida Bar. The membership of the council shall reflect the geographic and ethnic diversity of the state. The chair of the council shall be selected by the members for a term of 1 year.

- The members of the council shall be appointed to serve (b) 4-year terms, except that a legislative member's term expires upon leaving office as a member of the Senate or the House of Representatives.
- (c) The council shall meet at least quarterly and other meetings may be called by the chair upon giving 7 days' notice to the public. The council may take public testimony.
- (d) Members of the council shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses, which shall be paid by the appointing entity.
- (e) The Office of Legislative Services shall provide staff support for the council. The council staff members shall consist of an executive director and any other staff member determined to be necessary to the completion of the council's duties, subject to appropriations. Upon request of the chair of the

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council or the executive director, the Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, the Department of Corrections and any other state agency or department, and the Office of the State Courts Administrator shall assist the council in providing necessary data collection, analysis, and research.

- (4) On or before January 15 of each year, the council shall provide a report of its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The council may provide the Legislature, the Governor, and the Supreme Court with additional reports of findings and recommendations at any time it deems appropriate.
- (5) The President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House may also direct the council to report by a certain date the council's findings and recommendations regarding an issue pertinent to sentencing policy, sentencing practice, or laws affecting or applicable to sentencing or punishment.
- Section 2. (1) On or before January 15, 2009, the Sentencing Policy Advisory Council shall report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Supreme Court its preliminary findings and recommendations regarding the following questions:
- (a) Should the Legislature repeal any laws providing for a mandatory minimum sentence or modify such laws to provide for presumptive mandatory minimum sentences or exceptions to mandatory sentences in some circumstances?



100 (b) Do mandatory sentencing laws conflict with or 101 undermine the purpose of the Criminal Punishment Code? 102 (c) Are particular criminal acts punished as more than one specific offense and, if so, has this resulted in duplication, 103 confusion, or inconsistent penalties? 104 (d) Are the penalties for particular felony or misdemeanor 105 106 offenses disproportionate to those for other felonies or 107 misdemeanor offenses of a similar nature or severity? 108 (e) Do current enhanced penalties or felony and 109 misdemeanor reclassifications for repeat offenders result in 110 duplication, confusion, or inconsistent penalties? 111 (f) Should the Legislature preclude the courts from 112 sentencing to prison defendants convicted of third-degree felonies who score under 44 total sentence points? 113 114 (g) Should the Legislature change the current "Truth in Sentencing" gain-time restrictions specified in s. 115 116 944.275(4)(b)3., Florida Statutes, to more closely align with 117 the federal minimum requirements? 118 (h) Should the Legislature authorize correctional 119 probation officers to apply a continuum of administrative sanctions for technical probation violations that do not affect 120 121 public safety? 122 (2) Findings and recommendations regarding the questions 123 described in subsection (1) are in addition to any findings and 124 recommendations the council is required to provide under s. 125 921.0019, Florida Statutes.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

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128 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 129 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to sentencing; creating s. 921.0019, F.S.; creating the Sentencing Policy Advisory Council within the Legislature; requiring the council to evaluate sentencing policy, sentencing practices, and laws affecting or applicable to sentencing or punishment; requiring that recommendations be consistent with specified goals; providing membership of the council; providing for selection of the chair of the council; providing for an executive director and additional staff for the council, subject to appropriations; providing that members of the council serve without compensation, but are entitled to be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses; requiring meetings and reports of findings and recommendations to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Florida Supreme Court; requiring the council to report its findings and recommendations regarding specified questions by a specified date; providing an effective date.