Florida Senate - 2008

By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Deutch

597-04774-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to long-term care policies; amending s.
3	627.94073, F.S.; revising provisions requiring that
4	insurers notify policyholders of the right to designate a
5	secondary addressee to receive a notice of termination;
6	requiring that a canceled policy be reinstated if the
7	policyholder failed to pay the premium due to an extended
8	hospital confinement; providing for application; providing
9	an effective date.
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11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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13	Section 1. Section 627.94073, Florida Statutes, is amended
14	to read:
15	627.94073 Notice of cancellation; grace period
16	(1) A long-term care policy shall provide that the insured
17	is entitled to a grace period of not less than 30 days, within
18	which payment of any premium after the first may be made. The
19	insurer may require payment of an interest charge not in excess
20	of 8 percent per year for the number of days elapsing before the
21	payment of the premium, during which period the policy shall
22	continue in force. If the policy becomes a claim during the grace
23	period before the overdue premium is paid, the amount of such
24	premium or premiums with interest not in excess of 8 percent per
25	year may be deducted in any settlement under the policy.
26	(2) A long-term care policy may not be canceled for
27	nonpayment of premium unless, after expiration of the grace
28	period in subsection (1), and at least 30 days prior to the
29	effective date of such cancellation, the insurer has mailed a

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30 notification of possible lapse in coverage to the policyholder 31 and to a specified secondary addressee if such addressee has been 32 designated in writing by name and address by the policyholder. For policies issued or renewed on or after October 1, 1996, the 33 34 insurer shall notify the policyholder, at least once annually 35 every 2 years, of the right to designate a secondary addressee. The applicant has the right to designate at least one person who 36 37 is to receive the notice of termination, in addition to the 38 insured. Designation shall not constitute acceptance of any 39 liability on the third party for services provided to the 40 insured. The form used for the written designation must provide 41 space clearly designated for listing at least one person. The 42 form must also inform the policyholder to update any change made 43 to the address of the secondary addressee. The designation shall 44 include each person's full name and home address. In the case of 45 an applicant who elects not to designate an additional person, 46 the waiver shall state: "Protection against unintended lapse.--I 47 understand that I have the right to designate at least one person 48 other than myself to receive notice of lapse or termination of 49 this long-term care or limited benefit insurance policy for 50 nonpayment of premium. I understand that notice will not be given 51 until 30 days after a premium is due and unpaid. I elect NOT to 52 designate any person to receive such notice." Notice shall be 53 given by United States Postal Service proof of mailing or 54 certified or registered mail to the policyholder at the address 55 shown in the policy. first class United States mail, postage 56 prepaid, and Notice may not be given until 30 days after a 57 premium is due and unpaid. Notice shall be deemed to have been 58 given as of 5 days after the date of mailing.

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59 (3) If a policy is canceled due to nonpayment of premium, 60 the policyholder is shall be entitled to have the policy reinstated if, within a period of not less than 5 months after 61 62 the date of cancellation, the policyholder or any secondary 63 addressee designated pursuant to subsection (2) demonstrates that 64 the failure to pay the premium when due was unintentional and due to the policyholder's cognitive impairment, or loss of functional 65 66 capacity, or continuous hospital confinement of the policyholder 67 for a period in excess of 60 days. Policy reinstatement shall be 68 subject to payment of overdue premiums. The standard of proof of 69 cognitive impairment or loss of functional capacity shall not be 70 more stringent than the benefit eligibility criteria for 71 cognitive impairment or the loss of functional capacity, if any, 72 contained in the policy and certificate. The insurer may require 73 payment of an interest charge not in excess of 8 percent per year 74 for the number of days elapsing before the payment of the 75 premium, during which period the policy shall continue in force 76 if the demonstration of cognitive impairment is made. If the 77 policy becomes a claim during the 180-day period before the 78 overdue premium is paid, the amount of the premium or premiums 79 with interest not in excess of 8 percent per year may be deducted 80 in any settlement under the policy.

(4) When the policyholder or certificateholder pays premium for a long-term care insurance policy or certificate policy through a payroll or pension deduction plan, the requirements in subsection (2) need not be met until 60 days after the policyholder or certificateholder is no longer on such a payment plan. The application or enrollment form for such policies or

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87	certificates shall clearly indicate the payment plan selected by
88	the applicant.
89	Section 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2009, and
90	applies to policies issued or renewed on or after that date.