By the Committee on Agriculture; and Senators Dean and Bennett

575-05406-08 20082060c1

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to agriculture and consumer services; 3 amending s. 163.3162, F.S.; prohibiting county government 4 imposition of an assessment or fee for stormwater 5 management on agricultural land meeting certain 6 requirements; amending s. 205.064, F.S.; expanding 7 eligibility for exemption from a local business tax 8 receipt for the privilege of selling specified products; 9 amending s. 373.1395, F.S.; providing indemnity for an 10 agricultural landowner for an easement or any other right 11 secured by a water management district for access to lands 12 the district provides or makes available to the public; delineating what is covered by indemnification for 13 14 landowners and water management districts; providing that 15 agricultural landowners and water management districts are liable for gross negligence and certain other acts as 16 17 specified; creating s. 500.70, F.S.; delineating requirements for a tomato farmer, packer, repacker, or 18 19 handler to be considered in compliance with state food 20 safety microbial standards and guidelines; amending s. 2.1 570.07, F.S.; providing that the Department of Agriculture 22 and Consumer Services may adopt by rule comprehensive 23 best-management practices for agricultural production and 24 food safety; amending s. 583.13, F.S.; revising the 2.5 labeling and advertising requirements for dressed poultry; 26 amending s. 604.15, F.S.; revising a definition to make 27 tropical foliage exempt from regulation under provisions 28 relating to dealers in agricultural products; amending s. 29 604.50, F.S.; expanding county and municipal exemptions

575-05406-08 20082060c1

for nonresidential farm buildings to include permits and impact fees; amending s. 823.145, F.S.; expanding the materials used in agricultural operations that can be openly burned; providing certain limitations on such burning; amending s. 849.094, F.S.; providing for computer-based electronic sweepstakes game promotions in connection with the sale of a consumer product or service; providing operator requirements; requiring the written approval of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 163.3162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3162 Agricultural Lands and Practices Act. --

any other law, including any provision of chapter 125 or this chapter, a county may not exercise any of its powers to adopt or enforce any ordinance, resolution, regulation, rule, or policy to prohibit, restrict, regulate, or otherwise limit an activity of a bona fide farm operation on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461, if such activity is regulated through

DUPLICATION OF REGULATION. -- Except as otherwise

provided in this section and s. 487.051(2), and notwithstanding

implemented <u>best-management</u> <u>best management</u> practices, interim measures, or regulations developed by the Department of

Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and

 Consumer Services, or a water management district and adopted under chapter 120 as part of a statewide or regional program; or

575-05406-08 20082060c1

if such activity is expressly regulated by the United States
Department of Agriculture, the United States Army Corps of
Engineers, or the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
A county may not impose an assessment or fee for stormwater
management on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s.
193.461, if the agricultural operation has an agricultural
discharge permit or implements best-management practices
developed by the Department of Environmental Protection, the
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water
management district and adopted under chapter 120 as part of a
statewide or regional program.

- (a) When an activity of a farm operation takes place within a wellfield protection area as defined in any wellfield protection ordinance adopted by a county, and the implemented best-management best management practice, regulation, or interim measure does not specifically address wellfield protection, a county may regulate that activity pursuant to such ordinance. This subsection does not limit the powers and duties provided for in s. 373.4592 or limit the powers and duties of any county to address an emergency as provided for in chapter 252.
- (b) This subsection may not be construed to permit an existing farm operation to change to a more excessive farm operation with regard to traffic, noise, odor, dust, or fumes where the existing farm operation is adjacent to an established homestead or business on March 15, 1982.
- (c) This subsection does not limit the powers of a predominantly urbanized county with a population greater than 1,500,000 and more than 25 municipalities, not operating under a home rule charter adopted pursuant to ss. 10, 11, and 24, Art.

575-05406-08 20082060c1

VIII of the Constitution of 1885, as preserved by s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the Constitution of 1968, which has a delegated pollution control program under s. 403.182 and includes drainage basins that are part of the Everglades Stormwater Program, to enact ordinances, regulations, or other measures to comply with the provisions of s. 373.4592, or which are necessary to carrying out a county's duties pursuant to the terms and conditions of any environmental program delegated to the county by agreement with a state agency.

(d) For purposes of this subsection, a county ordinance that regulates the transportation or land application of domestic wastewater residuals or other forms of sewage sludge shall not be deemed to be duplication of regulation.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 205.064, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

205.064 Farm, aquacultural, grove, horticultural, floricultural, tropical piscicultural, and tropical fish farm products; certain exemptions.--

(1) A local business tax receipt is not required of any natural person for the privilege of engaging in the selling of farm, aquacultural, grove, horticultural, floricultural, tropical piscicultural, or tropical fish farm products, or products manufactured therefrom, except intoxicating liquors, wine, or beer, when such products were grown or produced by such natural person in the state.

Section 3. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 373.1395, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsection (4) of that section is renumbered as subsection (5) and amended, present subsection (5) of that section is renumbered

118

119

120121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

575-05406-08 20082060c1

as subsection (6), and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

- 373.1395 Limitation on liability of water management district with respect to areas made available to the public for recreational purposes without charge.--
- Except as provided in subsection (5)  $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ , a water management district that provides the public with a park area or other land for outdoor recreational purposes, or allows access over district lands for recreational purposes, owes no duty of care to keep that park area or land safe for entry or use by others or to give warning to persons entering or going on that park area or land of any hazardous conditions, structures, or activities thereon. A water management district that provides the public with a park area or other land for outdoor recreational purposes does not, by providing that park area or land, extend any assurance that such park area or land is safe for any purpose, does not incur any duty of care toward a person who goes on that park area or land, and is not responsible for any injury to persons or property caused by an act or omission of a person who goes on that park area or land. This subsection does not apply if there is any charge made or usually made for entering or using the park area or land, or if any commercial or other activity from which profit is derived from the patronage of the public is conducted on such park area or land or any part thereof.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (5) (4), a water management district that leases any land or water area to the state for outdoor recreational purposes, or for access to outdoor recreational purposes, owes no duty of care to keep that land or

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

575-05406-08 20082060c1

water area safe for entry or use by others or to give warning to persons entering or going on that land or water of any hazardous conditions, structures, or activities thereon. A water management district that leases a land or water area to the state for outdoor recreational purposes does not, by giving such lease, extend any assurance that such land or water area is safe for any purpose, incur any duty of care toward a person who goes on the leased land or water area, and is not responsible for any injury to persons or property caused by an act or omission of a person who goes on the leased land or water area.

(4) Where a water management district has secured an easement or other right that is being used for the purpose of providing access through private land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461 to lands that the water management district provides or makes available to the public for outdoor recreational purposes, the water management district shall indemnify and save harmless the owner of the agricultural land from any liability arising from use of such easement by the general public or by the employees and agents of the water management district or other regulatory agencies. Except as provided in subsection (5), a water management district that enters into such easement owes no duty of care to keep that access area safe for entry or use by others or to give warning to persons entering or going on that access area of any hazardous conditions, structures, or activities thereon. A water management district that secures such an easement does not, by securing the easement, extend any assurance that such access area is safe for any purpose or incur any duty of care toward a person who goes on the access area and is not responsible for any injury to persons

575-05406-08 20082060c1

or property caused by an act of omission of a person who uses the access area.

(5)(4) This section does not relieve any water management district or agricultural landowner of any liability that would otherwise exist for gross negligence or a deliberate, willful, or malicious injury to a person or property. This section does not create or increase the liability of any water management district or person beyond that which is authorized by s. 768.28.

(6)(5) The term "outdoor recreational purposes," as used in this section, includes activities such as, but not limited to, horseback riding, hunting, fishing, bicycling, swimming, boating, camping, picnicking, hiking, pleasure driving, nature study, water skiing, motorcycling, and visiting historical, archaeological, scenic, or scientific sites.

Section 4. Section 500.70, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

500.70 Food safety compliance relating to tomatoes.--A tomato farmer, packer, repacker, or handler that implements applicable good agricultural practices (GAPs) and best-management practices (BMPs) according to rules adopted by the department is considered to have acted in good faith, with reasonable care, and in compliance with state food safety microbial standards or guidelines unless a violation of or noncompliance with such measures can be shown through inspections.

Section 5. Subsection (10) of section 570.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; functions, powers, and duties.—The department shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:

575-05406-08 20082060c1

(10) To act as adviser to producers and distributors, when requested, and to assist them in the economical and efficient distribution of their agricultural products and to encourage cooperative effort among producers to gain economical and efficient production of agricultural products. The department may adopt by rule, pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, comprehensive best-management practices for agricultural production and food safety.

Section 6. Section 582.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 583.13 Labeling and advertising requirements for dressed poultry; unlawful acts.--
- (1) It is unlawful for any dealer or broker to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale in the state any dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk unless such poultry is packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which shall be plainly and legibly printed, in letters not less than one-fourth inch 1/4 in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.
- (2) It is unlawful to sell unpackaged dressed or ready-to-cook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled by a placard immediately adjacent to the poultry or unless each bird is individually labeled to show the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement. The placard shall be no smaller than 7

575-05406-08 20082060c1

inches by 7 inches in size, and the required labeling information shall be legibly and plainly printed on the placard in letters not smaller than 1 inch in height.

- (3) It is unlawful to sell packaged dressed or ready-to-cook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled to show the grade, the part name or whole-bird statement, the net weight of the poultry, and the name and address of the dealer. The size of the type on the label must be one-eighth inch or larger. A placard immediately adjacent to such poultry may be used to indicate the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement, but not the net weight of the poultry or the name and address of the dealer.
- (4) It is unlawful to use dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk in the preparation of food served to the public, or to hold such poultry for the purpose of such use, unless the poultry when received was packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which was plainly and legibly printed, in letters not less than one-fourth inch in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.
- (5) It is unlawful to offer dressed or ready-to-cook poultry for sale in any advertisement in a newspaper or circular, on radio or television, or in any other form of advertising without plainly designating in such advertisement the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry.

575-05406-08 20082060c1

2.78

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 604.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 604.15 Dealers in agricultural products; definitions.—For the purpose of ss. 604.15-604.34, the following words and terms, when used, shall be construed to mean:
- (1) "Agricultural products" means the natural products of the farm, nursery, grove, orchard, vineyard, garden, and apiary (raw or manufactured); sod; tropical foliage; horticulture; hay; livestock; milk and milk products; poultry and poultry products; the fruit of the saw palmetto (meaning the fruit of the Serenoa repens); limes (meaning the fruit Citrus aurantifolia, variety Persian, Tahiti, Bearss, or Florida Key limes); and any other nonexempt agricultural products produced in the state, except tobacco, sugarcane, tropical foliage, timber and timber byproducts, forest products as defined in s. 591.17, and citrus other than limes.
- Section 8. Section 604.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- other law to the contrary, any nonresidential farm building is exempt from the Florida Building Code and any county or municipal permit, building code, or impact fee. For purposes of this section, the term "nonresidential farm building" means any building or support structure that is used for agricultural purposes, is located on a farm that is not used as a residential dwelling, and is located on land that is an integral part of a farm operation or is classified as agricultural land under s. 193.461. The term "farm" is as defined in s. 823.14.

575-05406-08 20082060c1

Section 9. Section 823.145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

823.145 Disposal by open burning of <u>certain materials</u> mulch plastic used in agricultural operations.—Polyethylene agricultural mulch plastic; damaged, nonsalvageable, untreated wood pallets; and packing material that cannot be feasibly recycled, which are used in <u>connection with</u> agricultural operations related to the growing, harvesting, or maintenance of <u>crops</u>, may be disposed of by open burning provided that no public nuisance or any condition <u>adversely</u> affecting the <u>environment or the</u> public health is created thereby and that state or federal national ambient air quality standards are not violated.

Section 10. Present subsections (8), (9), and (10) of section 849.094, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (9), (10), and (11), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

849.094 Game promotion in connection with sale of consumer products or services.--

- (8) An operator who elects to conduct a computer-based electronic sweepstakes game promotion in connection with the sale of any consumer product or service, regardless of the total announced value of the prizes, shall receive written approval from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in order to conduct the game promotion if the operator:
- (a) Files an electronic sweepstakes game promotion
  application with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
  Services and provides a complete list of available sweepstake
  prizes and the odds of winning each prize and pays any applicable
  fees per computer terminal;

575-05406-08 20082060c1

(b) Establishes a trust account or posts a surety bond in the amount of \$1 million, unless exempted by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to paragraph (4)(b); and

(c) Obtains an independent certification from a gaming device testing laboratory approved by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or the Department of Business and Professional Regulation confirming that the computer-based electronic sweepstakes game promotion is using a finite software game system to determine sweepstake winners and all advertised prizes are obtainable. An operator who has conducted game promotions in this state for at least 5 consecutive years and who has not had any civil, criminal, or administrative action instituted against him or her by an agency of the state for a violation of this section within that 5-year period may be exempted from this subsection.

Section 11. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.