By Senator Aronberg

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A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to contracting; amending s. 489.105, 3 F.S.; redefining the term "initial issuance"; amending 4 s. 489.115, F.S.; revising requirements for applicants 5 for initial certification as a contractor; authorizing 6 certain certificateholders or registrants to use credit 7 earned for attendance at certain continuing education 8 courses for the purpose of fulfilling specified 9 requirements; requiring that an initial applicant 10 submit a set of fingerprints with his or her 11 application; providing for the payment of costs 12 associated with such fingerprints; requiring that the 13 Department of Law Enforcement forward fingerprints to 14 the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of 15 performing a criminal background check on the 16 applicant; requiring that the department of Business 17 and Professional Regulation review the results of a 18 background investigation to determine if an applicant 19 meets licensure requirements; authorizing the Construction Industry Licensing Board to review the 20 2.1 results of a background investigation for such purpose; 22 authorizing the board to deny licensure under certain 23 circumstances; requiring that the board consider 24 certain information when deciding whether to approve or 2.5 deny licensure; prohibiting the board from denying 26 licensure to an applicant based solely upon a felony 27 conviction or the applicant's failure to provide proof 28 of restoration of his or her civil rights; authorizing 29 the board to deny licensure based upon an applicant's

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lack of good moral character or because the applicant was convicted of a crime related to contracting; requiring that an applicant submit or have on file a surety bond before the initial issuance of a certificate or registration; providing requirements for such bond; providing penalties for failure to maintain such bond; authorizing persons who contract with a certificateholder or registrant for the performance of work that would require a license pursuant to state law to bring an action against the bond for damages resulting from acts by the certificateholder or registrant which constitute violations of state law; providing that a surety may cancel a bond upon a specified period of written notice to the department; providing that such surety remains liable for any damages arising out of a contract entered into before the date on which the surety canceled the bond; providing that an irrevocable letter of credit may be furnished to the department in lieu of a bond; providing for financial recovery by injured consumers against contractors providing such a letter of credit; amending s. 489.119, F.S.; requiring that an applicant seeking to engage in contracting as a business organization apply to qualify the business organization with the department; providing requirements for applications to qualify a business organization; deleting provisions relating to applications as a financially responsible officer and secondary qualifying agent; authorizing the board to deny an

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application under certain circumstances; deleting a provision relating to the renewal of a certificate of authority; deleting a provision requiring that a qualifying agent be certified or registered for a business organization to be issued a certificate of authority in the category of the business conducted for which the qualifying agent is certified or registered; deleting a provision requiring the issuance of a certificate of authority under certain circumstances; deleting a provision relating to disciplinary action against a business organization holding a certificate of authority; providing requirements for an application for an occupational license in a county or municipality; providing for the issuance of registration or certification numbers in lieu of certificate of authority numbers; requiring that such number appear on certain documents; providing for the payment of a fee to qualify as a new business organization; requiring that a qualifying agent provide evidence of certain information to the department when attempting to qualify additional business organizations; providing that approval for each business organization is discretionary with the board; amending s. 489.1195, F.S.; prohibiting the board from approving secondary qualifying agents or financially responsible officers after a specified date; amending ss. 489.127, 489.128, and 489.129, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 489.140, F.S.; requiring that funding for

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the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund cease on a specified date; requiring that all funds remaining in the recovery fund at that time be transferred to the board; amending s. 489.1401, F.S.; providing legislative intent; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (19) of section 489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.105 Definitions. -- As used in this part:

- (19) "Initial issuance" means the first time a certificate or registration is granted to an individual  $\frac{1}{2}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$  including the first time an individual becomes a qualifying agent for  $\frac{1}{2}$  that business organization and the first time a business organization is qualified by that individual.
- Section 2. Subsections (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of section 489.115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 489.115 Certification and registration; endorsement; reciprocity; renewals; continuing education.--
- (5) (a) As a prerequisite to the initial issuance or the renewal of a certificate or registration, the applicant shall submit an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting to the fact that the applicant has obtained workers' compensation insurance as required by chapter 440, public liability insurance, and property damage insurance for the safety and welfare of the public, in amounts determined by rule of the board. The board

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shall by rule establish a procedure to verify the accuracy of such affidavits based upon a random sample method.

(b) In addition to the affidavit of insurance, as a prerequisite to the initial issuance of a certificate, the applicant shall furnish a credit report from a nationally recognized credit agency that reflects the financial responsibility of the applicant and evidence of financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of either himself or herself or the business organization he or she desires to qualify. The board shall adopt rules defining financial responsibility based upon the applicant's credit history, ability to be bonded, and any history of bankruptcy or assignment of receivers. The board may also adopt rules that would allow applicants to demonstrate financial responsibility, as an alternative to the foregoing, by providing minimum credit scores or bonds payable as prescribed for financially responsible officers. Such rules shall specify the financial responsibility grounds on which the board may refuse to qualify an applicant for certification.

(b) (c) If, within 60 days from the date the applicant is notified that he or she has qualified, he or she does not provide the evidence required, he or she shall apply to the department for an extension of time which shall be granted upon a showing of just cause.

 $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  An applicant for initial issuance of a certificate or registration shall submit as a prerequisite to qualifying for an exemption from workers' compensation coverage requirements under s. 440.05 an affidavit attesting to the fact that the

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applicant will obtain an exemption within 30 days after the date the initial certificate or registration is issued by the board.

- (6) If a certificateholder or registrant holds a license under both this part and part II and is required to complete continuing education courses pursuant to s. 489.517(3), the certificateholder or registrant may apply hours earned for courses regarding workers' compensation, workplace safety, and business practices toward his or her satisfaction of the requirements of this part.
- (7) (a) An initial applicant shall submit, along with the application, a complete set of fingerprints in a form and manner required by the department. Fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for processing and forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of conducting a Level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 435.04. The department shall and the board may review the results of the background check to determine if an applicant meets licensure requirements. The cost of processing fingerprints shall be borne by the applicant. Such costs shall be collected by the appropriate authorized agencies or vendors, who shall forward the processing costs to the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (b) If an applicant has been convicted of a felony, the board may deny licensure to the applicant based upon the severity of the crime, the relationship of the crime to the profession of contracting, or the potential for public harm that would result from the granting of a license to the applicant. When approving or denying a license, the board must also consider the amount of time that has elapsed since the conviction or convictions, as well as the degree of rehabilitation of the applicant. The board

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may not deny licensure to an applicant based solely upon a felony conviction or the applicant's failure to provide proof of restoration of his or her civil rights. This section does not prevent the board from denying licensure based upon a lack of good moral character or because the applicant was convicted of a crime related to contracting.

- (8) (a) As a prerequisite to the initial issuance of a certificate or registration, the applicant shall submit or have on file a bond, on a form provided by the department, with a surety admitted to write insurance in Florida naming the State of Florida as the obligee. A separate bond shall be required for each business organization qualified by the certificateholder or registrant, including any licenses held as an individual. The bond shall remain in full force and effect until the license is revoked or designated as inactive. An applicant is not required to provide any additional evidence of financial responsibility in order to qualify for licensure.
- (b) The bond shall be for the use and benefit of any person who contracts with the certificateholder or registrant for the performance of work that would require a license pursuant to this chapter, including subcontractors and suppliers supplying labor or materials for such work. Such persons may bring an action against the bond for damages resulting from acts by the certificateholder or registrant constituting a violation or violations of s. 489.129(1). Any such action must be brought within 2 years after the date on which the bond terminates, expires, or is cancelled, or the date on which the certificateholder or registrant committed the breach of contract, whichever is earlier.

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(c) Notwithstanding the number of years the bond has been in force, the number of premiums paid, or the number of claims or claimants, the amount of the bond shall be \$75,000 for a certificateholder or registrant, and the aggregate liability of the surety, including any liability for attorney's fees, may not exceed that amount. Failure to maintain the bond may result in disciplinary action, and shall result in the certificateholder's or registrant's license being designated as inactive.

- (d) The surety may cancel the bond upon no less than 30 days' written notice to the department. However, the surety remains liable for any damages arising out of a contract entered into before the effective date of such cancellation.
- (e) An irrevocable letter of credit may be furnished to the department in lieu of the bond requirement prescribed in this subsection. The letter of credit must be for \$75,000 and must be assigned to the department. A certificateholder or registrant may collect all interest on the letter of credit. Injured consumers may apply to the department for payment from the letter of credit after securing a civil judgment or criminal order of restitution based upon a violation of s. 489.129(1). The claim for recovery must be filed within 1 year after the date on which the civil or criminal action is resolved.
- (6) An applicant for initial issuance of a certificate or registration shall submit to a statewide criminal history records check through the Department of Law Enforcement. The Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall submit the requests for the criminal history records check to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall return the results to the department to

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determine if the applicant meets certification or registration requirements. If the applicant has been convicted of a felony, the board may deny licensure to the applicant based upon the severity of the crime, the relationship of the crime to contracting, or the potential for public harm. The board shall also, in denying or approving licensure, consider the length of time since the commission of the crime and the rehabilitation of the applicant. The board may not deny licensure to an applicant based solely upon a felony conviction or the applicant's failure to provide proof of restoration of civil rights.

(7) An initial applicant shall, along with the application, and a certificateholder or registrant shall, upon requesting a change of status, submit to the board a credit report from a nationally recognized credit agency that reflects the financial responsibility of the applicant or certificateholder or registrant. The credit report required for the initial applicant shall be considered the minimum evidence necessary to satisfy the board that he or she is financially responsible to be certified, has the necessary credit and business reputation to engage in contracting in the state, and has the minimum financial stability necessary to avoid the problem of financial mismanagement or misconduct. The board shall, by rule, adopt guidelines for determination of financial stability, which may include minimum requirements for net worth, cash, and bonding for Division I certificateholders of no more than \$20,000 and for Division II certificateholders of no more than \$10,000. Fifty percent of the financial requirements may be met by completing a 14-hour financial responsibility course approved by the board.

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(8) If a certificateholder or registrant holds a license under both this part and part II and is required to have continuing education courses under s. 489.517(3), the certificateholder or registrant may apply those course hours for workers' compensation, workplace safety, and business practices obtained under part II to the requirements under this part.

(9) An initial applicant shall submit, along with the application, a complete set of fingerprints in a form and manner required by the department. The fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward them to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of conducting a level 2 background check pursuant to s. 435.04. The department shall and the board may review the background results to determine if an applicant meets licensure requirements. The cost for the fingerprint processing shall be borne by the person subject to the background screening. These fees are to be collected by the authorized agencies or vendors. The authorized agencies or vendors are responsible for paying the processing costs to the Department of Law Enforcement.

Section 3. Section 489.119, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.119 Business organizations; qualifying agents. --

(1) If an individual proposes to engage in contracting in the individual's own name, or a fictitious name where the individual is doing business as a sole proprietorship, registration or certification may be issued only to that individual.

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(2) If the applicant proposes to engage in contracting as a business organization, including any partnership, corporation, business trust, or other legal entity, or in any name other than the applicant's legal name or a fictitious name where the applicant is doing business as a sole proprietorship, the applicant must apply to qualify the business organization the business organization must apply for a certificate of authority through a qualifying agent and under the fictitious name, if any.

- (a) The application to qualify as a business organization for a certificate of authority must state the name of the partnership and of its partners; the name of the corporation and of its officers and directors and the name of each of its stockholders who is also an officer or director; the name of the business trust and its trustees; or the name of such other legal entity and its members; and must state the fictitious name, if any, under which the business organization is doing business.
- (b) 1. The application to qualify as a business organization for primary qualifying agent must include an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting that the applicant has final approval authority for all construction work performed by the entity and that the applicant has final approval authority on all business matters, including contracts, specifications, checks, drafts, or payments, regardless of the form of payment, made by the entity, except where a financially responsible officer is approved.
- 2. The application for financially responsible officer must include an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting that the applicant's approval is required for all checks, drafts, or payments, regardless of the form of payment, made by the

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entity and that the applicant has authority to act for the business organization in all financial matters.

- 3. The application for secondary qualifying agent must include an affidavit on a form provided by the board attesting that the applicant has authority to supervise all construction work performed by the entity as provided in s. 489.1195(2).
- (c) The board may deny the application to qualify the business organization if any person cited in paragraph (a) has been involved in past disciplinary actions or on any grounds for which individual certification may be denied.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}$  The applicant must furnish evidence of statutory compliance if a fictitious name is used, the provisions of s. 865.09(7) notwithstanding.
- (e)(c) A joint venture, including a joint venture composed of qualified business organizations, is itself a separate and distinct organization that must be qualified and obtain a certificate of authority in accordance with board rules.
- (d) A certificate of authority must be renewed every 2 years. If there is a change in any information that is required to be stated on the application, the business organization shall, within 45 days after such change occurs, mail the correct information to the department.
- (3) (a) The qualifying agent shall be certified or registered under this part in order for the business organization to be issued a certificate of authority in the category of the business conducted for which the qualifying agent is certified or registered. If any qualifying agent ceases to be affiliated with such business organization, he or she shall so inform the department. In addition, if such qualifying agent is the only

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certified or registered contractor affiliated with the business organization, the business organization shall notify the department of the termination of the qualifying agent and shall have 60 days from the termination of the qualifying agent's affiliation with the business organization in which to employ another qualifying agent. The business organization may not engage in contracting until a qualifying agent is employed, unless the executive director or chair of the board has granted a temporary nonrenewable certificate or registration to the financially responsible officer, the president, a partner, or, in the case of a limited partnership, the general partner, who assumes all responsibilities of a primary qualifying agent for the entity. This temporary certificate or registration shall only allow the entity to proceed with incomplete contracts. For the purposes of this paragraph, an incomplete contract is one which has been awarded to, or entered into by, the business organization prior to the cessation of affiliation of the qualifying agent with the business organization or one on which the business organization was the low bidder and the contract is subsequently awarded, regardless of whether any actual work has commenced under the contract prior to the qualifying agent ceasing to be affiliated with the business organization.

(b) The qualifying agent shall inform the department in writing when he or she proposes to engage in contracting in his or her own name or in affiliation with another business organization, and he or she or such new business organization shall supply the same information to the department as required of applicants under this part.

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(c) Upon a favorable determination by the board, after investigation of the financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of the qualifying agent and the new business organization, the department shall issue, without an examination, a new certificate of authority in the business organization's name.

- (4) Disciplinary action against a business organization holding a certificate of authority shall be administered in the same manner and on the same grounds as disciplinary action against a contractor. The board may deny the certification of any person cited in subsection (2) if the person has been involved in past disciplinary actions or on any grounds for which individual certification can be denied.
- (4) (5) When a certified qualifying agent, on behalf of a business organization, makes application for an occupational license in any municipality or county of this state, the application shall be made with the tax collector in the name of the business organization and the qualifying agent; and the license, when issued, shall be issued to the business organization, upon payment of the appropriate licensing fee and exhibition to the tax collector of a valid certificate for the qualifying agent and a valid certificate of authority for the business organization issued by the department, and the state license number numbers shall be noted thereon.
- (5)(6)(a) Each registered or certified contractor shall affix the number of his or her registration or certification to each application for a building permit and on each building permit issued and recorded. Each city or county building department shall require, as a precondition for the issuance of

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the building permit, that the contractor taking out the permit must provide verification giving his or her Construction Industry Licensing Board registration or certification number.

- (b) The registration or certification number of each contractor or certificate of authority number for each business organization shall appear in each offer of services, business proposal, bid, contract, or advertisement, regardless of medium, as defined by board rule, used by that contractor or business organization in the practice of contracting.
- organization, or any text or artwork that which would lead a reasonable person to believe that the vehicle is used for contracting, the registration or certification number of the contractor or certificate of authority number of the business organization must be conspicuously and legibly displayed with the name, text, or artwork. Local governments may also require that locally licensed contractors must also display their certificate of competency or license numbers. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to create a mandatory vehicle signage requirement.
- (d) For the purposes of this part, the term "advertisement" does not include business stationery or any promotional novelties such as balloons, pencils, trinkets, or articles of clothing.
- (e) The board shall issue a notice of noncompliance for the first offense, and may assess a fine or issue a citation for failure to correct the offense within 30 days or for any subsequent offense, to any contractor or business organization that fails to include the <u>registration or certification</u> certification, registration, or certificate of authority number as required by this part when submitting an advertisement for

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publication, broadcast, or printing or fails to display the registration or certification certification, registration, or certificate of authority number as required by this part.

- (6)(7) Each qualifying agent shall pay the department an amount equal to the original fee to qualify for a certificate of authority of a new business organization. If the qualifying agent for a business organization desires to qualify additional business organizations, the board shall require him or her to present evidence of his or her ability to supervise the construction activities and financial responsibility of each such organization. Approval for each business organization The issuance of such certificate of authority is discretionary with the board.
- $\underline{(7)}$  (a) A business organization proposing to engage in contracting is not required to apply for or obtain authorization under this part to engage in contracting if:
- 1. The business organization employs one or more registered or certified contractors licensed in accordance with this part who are responsible for obtaining permits and supervising all of the business organization's contracting activities;
- 2. The business organization engages only in contracting on property owned by the business organization or by its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated entities; and
- 3. The business organization, or its parent entity if the business organization is a wholly owned subsidiary, maintains a minimum net worth of \$20 million.
- (b) Any business organization engaging in contracting under this subsection shall provide the board with the name and license number of each registered or certified contractor employed by the

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business organization to supervise its contracting activities. The business organization is not required to post a bond or otherwise evidence any financial or credit information except as necessary to demonstrate compliance with paragraph (a).

- (c) A registered or certified contractor employed by a business organization to supervise its contracting activities under this subsection shall not be required to post a bond or otherwise evidence any personal financial or credit information so long as the individual performs contracting activities exclusively on behalf of a business organization meeting all of the requirements of paragraph (a).
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 489.1195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.1195 Responsibilities.--

- (1) The board may not approve secondary qualifying agents or financially responsible officers after June 30, 2008. A qualifying agent is a primary qualifying agent unless he or she is a secondary qualifying agent under this section.
- (a) All primary qualifying agents for a business organization are jointly and equally responsible for supervision of all operations of the business organization; for all field work at all sites; and for financial matters, both for the organization in general and for each specific job.
- (b) Upon approval by the board, a business entity may designate a financially responsible officer for purposes of certification or registration. A financially responsible officer shall be responsible for all financial aspects of the business organization and may not be designated as the primary qualifying agent. The designated financially responsible officer shall

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furnish evidence of the financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of either himself or herself, or the business organization he or she desires to qualify, as determined appropriate by the board.

- (c) Where a business organization has a certified or registered financially responsible officer, the primary qualifying agent shall be responsible for all construction activities of the business organization, both in general and for each specific job.
- (d) The board shall adopt rules prescribing the qualifications for financially responsible officers, including net worth, cash, and bonding requirements. These qualifications must be at least as extensive as the requirements for the financial responsibility of qualifying agents.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 489.127, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.127 Prohibitions; penalties.--

- (1) No person shall:
- (a) Falsely hold himself or herself or a business organization out as a licensee, certificateholder, or registrant;
  - (b) Falsely impersonate a certificateholder or registrant;
- (c) Present as his or her own the certificate, registration, or certificate of authority of another;
- (d) Knowingly give false or forged evidence to the board or a member thereof;
- (e) Use or attempt to use a certificate, registration, or certificate of authority which has been suspended or revoked;
- (f) Engage in the business or act in the capacity of a contractor or advertise himself or herself or a business

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organization as available to engage in the business or act in the capacity of a contractor without being duly registered or certified or having a certificate of authority;

- (g) Operate a business organization engaged in contracting after 60 days following the termination of its only qualifying agent without designating another primary qualifying agent, except as provided in ss. 489.119 and 489.1195;
- (h) Commence or perform work for which a building permit is required pursuant to part VII of chapter 553 without such building permit being in effect; or
- (i) Willfully or deliberately disregard or violate any municipal or county ordinance relating to uncertified or unregistered contractors.

For purposes of this subsection, a person or business organization operating on an inactive or suspended certificate, registration, or certificate of authority is not duly certified or registered and is considered unlicensed. A business tax receipt issued under the authority of chapter 205 is not a license for purposes of this part.

Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 489.128, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 489.128 Contracts entered into by unlicensed contractors unenforceable.--
- (1) As a matter of public policy, contracts entered into on or after October 1, 1990, by an unlicensed contractor shall be unenforceable in law or in equity by the unlicensed contractor.
- (b) For purposes of this section, an individual or business organization may not be considered unlicensed for failing to have

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a business tax receipt issued under the authority of chapter 205. A business organization may not be considered unlicensed for failing to have a certificate of authority as <u>formerly</u> required by ss. 489.119 and 489.127. For purposes of this section, a business organization entering into the contract may not be considered unlicensed if, before the date established by paragraph (c), an individual possessing a license required by this part concerning the scope of the work to be performed under the contract has submitted an application <u>for a certificate of authority</u> designating that individual as a qualifying agent for the business organization entering into the contract, and the application was not acted upon by the department or applicable board within the time limitations imposed by s. 120.60.

Section 7. Subsections (1), (5), and (7) of section 489.129, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

489.129 Disciplinary proceedings. --

(1) The board may take any of the following actions against any certificateholder or registrant: place on probation or reprimand the licensee, revoke, suspend, or deny the issuance or renewal of the certificate, registration, or certificate of authority, require financial restitution to a consumer for financial harm directly related to a violation of a provision of this part, require the licensing bond as provided for in s.

489.115(8), impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, require continuing education, or assess costs associated with investigation and prosecution, if the contractor, financially responsible officer, or business organization for which the contractor is a primary qualifying agent, a financially

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responsible officer, or a secondary qualifying agent responsible under s. 489.1195 is found guilty of any of the following acts:

- (a) Obtaining a <u>registration or certification</u> <del>certificate, registration, or certificate of authority</del> by fraud or misrepresentation.
- (b) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of contracting or the ability to practice contracting.
  - (c) Violating any provision of chapter 455.
- (d) Performing any act which assists a person or entity in engaging in the prohibited uncertified and unregistered practice of contracting, if the certificateholder or registrant knows or has reasonable grounds to know that the person or entity was uncertified and unregistered.
- (e) Knowingly combining or conspiring with an uncertified or unregistered person by allowing his or her certificate, registration, or certificate of authority to be used by the uncertified or unregistered person with intent to evade the provisions of this part. When a certificateholder or registrant allows his or her certificate or registration to be used by one or more business organizations without having any active participation in the operations, management, or control of such business organizations, such act constitutes prima facie evidence of an intent to evade the provisions of this part.
- (f) Acting in the capacity of a contractor under any certificate or registration issued hereunder except in the name of the certificateholder or registrant as set forth on the issued certificate or registration, or in accordance with the personnel

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of the certificateholder or registrant as set forth in the application for the certificate or registration, or as later changed as provided in this part.

- (g) Committing mismanagement or misconduct in the practice of contracting that causes financial harm to a customer. Financial mismanagement or misconduct occurs when:
- 1. Valid liens have been recorded against the property of a contractor's customer for supplies or services ordered by the contractor for the customer's job; the contractor has received funds from the customer to pay for the supplies or services; and the contractor has not had the liens removed from the property, by payment or by bond, within 75 days after the date of such liens;
- 2. The contractor has abandoned a customer's job and the percentage of completion is less than the percentage of the total contract price paid to the contractor as of the time of abandonment, unless the contractor is entitled to retain such funds under the terms of the contract or refunds the excess funds within 30 days after the date the job is abandoned; or
- 3. The contractor's job has been completed, and it is shown that the customer has had to pay more for the contracted job than the original contract price, as adjusted for subsequent change orders, unless such increase in cost was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the contractor, was the result of circumstances caused by the customer, or was otherwise permitted by the terms of the contract between the contractor and the customer.
- (h) Being disciplined by any municipality or county for an act or violation of this part.

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(i) Failing in any material respect to comply with the provisions of this part or violating a rule or lawful order of the board.

- (j) Abandoning a construction project in which the contractor is engaged or under contract as a contractor. A project may be presumed abandoned after 90 days if the contractor terminates the project without just cause or without proper notification to the owner, including the reason for termination, or fails to perform work without just cause for 90 consecutive days.
- (k) Signing a statement with respect to a project or contract falsely indicating that the work is bonded; falsely indicating that payment has been made for all subcontracted work, labor, and materials which results in a financial loss to the owner, purchaser, or contractor; or falsely indicating that workers' compensation and public liability insurance are provided.
- (1) Committing fraud or deceit in the practice of contracting.
- (m) Committing incompetency or misconduct in the practice of contracting.
- (n) Committing gross negligence, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property.
- (o) Proceeding on any job without obtaining applicable local building department permits and inspections.
- (p) Intimidating, threatening, coercing, or otherwise discouraging the service of a notice to owner under part I of chapter 713 or a notice to contractor under chapter 255 or part I of chapter 713.

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(q) Failing to satisfy within a reasonable time, the terms of a civil judgment obtained against the licensee, or the business organization qualified by the licensee, relating to the practice of the licensee's profession.

For the purposes of this subsection, construction is considered to be commenced when the contract is executed and the contractor has accepted funds from the customer or lender. A contractor does not commit a violation of this subsection when the contractor relies on a building code interpretation rendered by a building official or person authorized by s. 553.80 to enforce the building code, absent a finding of fraud or deceit in the practice of contracting, or gross negligence, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property on the part of the building official, in a proceeding under chapter 120.

registration of, or certificate of authority of, or cause a certification or certificate, registration, or certificate of authority to be issued to, a person who or business organization that which the board has determined is unqualified or whose registration or certification certificate, registration, or certificate of authority the board has suspended until it is satisfied that such person or business organization has complied with all the terms and conditions set forth in the final order and is capable of competently engaging in the business of contracting.

(7) The board shall not issue or renew a <u>registration or</u> certification <del>certificate, registration, or certificate of</del>

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authority to any person or business organization that has been assessed a fine, interest, or costs associated with investigation and prosecution, or has been ordered to pay restitution, until such fine, interest, or costs associated with investigation and prosecution or restitution are paid in full or until all terms and conditions of the final order have been satisfied.

Section 8. Section 489.140, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.140 Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery
Fund.—There is created the Florida Homeowners' Construction
Recovery Fund as a separate account in the Professional
Regulation Trust Fund. The recovery fund shall be funded out of
the receipts deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund
from the one-half cent per square foot surcharge on building
permits collected and disbursed pursuant to s. 468.631. Funding
for the recovery fund shall cease effective June 30, 2010. All
funds remaining in the recovery fund at that time shall be
transferred to the Construction Industry Licensing Board.

Section 9. Subsection (4) is added to section 489.1401, Florida Statutes, to read:

489.1401 Legislative intent.--

(4) It is the intent of the Legislature that no claims be received by the recovery fund after June 30, 2009, and that the Florida Homeowners' Construction Recovery Fund be abolished effective June 30, 2010.

Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.