Florida Senate - 2008

By Senator Storms

10-02829-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Interstate Compact on
3	Educational Opportunity for Military Children; creating
4	s. 1000.36, F.S.; directing the Governor to execute the
5	Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for
6	Military Children on behalf of this state with any
7	other state or states legally adopting the compact;
8	providing definitions; providing applicability;
9	providing for the transfer of education records from a
10	sending to a receiving state; requiring that children
11	of military personnel be enrolled in classes at current
12	grade level; providing for eligibility for graduation;
13	providing for a state council to coordinate agencies
14	and schools; providing for membership on the council;
15	creating the Interstate Commission on Educational
16	Opportunity for Military Children; providing for
17	membership, organization, meetings, operations, powers,
18	and duties; creating an executive committee; requiring
19	the commission to adopt rules; providing for a legal
20	challenge to the adopted rules; providing for
21	oversight, enforcement, and dispute resolution;
22	providing procedures to suspend or terminate member
23	states; authorizing the commission to levy and collect
24	an annual assessment from each member state; providing
25	the method for the compact to become effective and
26	binding on the member states; providing procedures for
27	the withdrawal of a member state; providing
28	severability; providing for the effect of the compact
29	on member states' laws; creating s. 1000.37, F.S.;

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20082546 10-02829-08 30 requiring the Secretary of State to furnish a copy of 31 the enrolled act enacting the Interstate Compact on 32 Educational Opportunity for Military Children to each 33 of the states approving the compact; providing an effective date. 34 35 36 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 37 38 Section 1. Section 1000.36, Florida Statutes, is created to 39 read: 40 1000.36 Interstate Compact on Educational 41 Opportunity for Military Children.--The Governor is authorized 42 and directed to execute the Interstate Compact on Educational 43 Opportunity for Military Children on behalf of this state with 44 any other state or states legally joining therein in the form 45 substantially as follows: 46 Interstate Compact on Educational 47 Opportunity for Military Children 48 ARTICLE I 49 PURPOSE.--It is the purpose of this compact to remove 50 barriers to educational success imposed on children of military 51 families because of frequent moves and deployment of their 52 parents by: 53 A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of 54 military families and ensuring that they are not placed at a 55 disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education 56 records from the previous school district or variations in 57 entrance or age requirements.

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10-02829-08 20082546 58 B. Facilitating the student placement process through which 59 children of military families are not disadvantaged by variations 60 in attendance requirements, scheduling, sequencing, grading, course content, or assessment. 61 62 C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for 63 enrollment, educational programs, and participation in 64 extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities. D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of 65 66 military families. 67 E. Providing for the adoption and enforcement of 68 administrative rules implementing this compact. 69 F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of 70 information between and among member states, schools, and 71 military families under this compact. 72 G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other 73 compacts affecting military children. 74 H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the 75 educational system, parents, and the student in order to achieve 76 educational success for the student. 77 ARTICLE II 78 DEFINITIONS.--As used in this compact, unless the context 79 clearly requires a different construction, the term: 80 "Active duty" means the full-time duty status in the Α. 81 active uniformed service of the United States, including members 82 of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. ss. 1209 and 1211. 83 B. "Children of military families" means school-aged 84 85 children, enrolled in kindergarten through 12th grade, in the

86 household of an active-duty member.

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87	C. "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative
88	of each compacting state appointed under Article VIII of this
89	compact.
90	D. "Deployment" means the period 1 month before the service
91	members' departure from their home station on military orders
92	though 6 months after return to their home station.
93	E. "Educational records" or "education records" means
94	those official records, files, and data directly related to a
95	student and maintained by the school or local education agency,
96	including, but not limited to, records encompassing all the
97	material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general
98	identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work
99	completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative
100	tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and
101	individualized education programs.
102	F. "Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity
103	sponsored by the school or local education agency or an
104	organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
105	Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to,
106	preparation for and involvement in, public performances,
107	contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and
108	club activities.
109	G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for
110	Military Children" means the commission that is created under
111	Article IX of this compact, which is generally referred to as the
112	Interstate Commission.
113	H. "Local education agency" means a public authority
114	legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to

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115	provide control of, and direction for, kindergarten through 12th
116	grade public educational institutions.
117	I. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this
118	compact.
119	J. "Military installation" means a base, camp, post,
120	station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other
121	activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense,
122	including any leased facility, which is located within any of the
123	several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
124	Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American
125	Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and any other United States
126	Territory. The term does not include any facility used primarily
127	for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control
128	projects.
129	K. "Nonmember state" means a state that has not enacted
130	this compact.
131	L. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a
132	military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or
133	brought.
134	M. "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate
135	Commission adopted under Article XII of this compact which is of
136	general applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a
137	policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational,
138	procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission,
139	and has the force and effect of statutory law in a member state,
140	and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing
141	rule.

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10-02829-08 20082546 142 N. "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a 143 military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or 144 brought. O. "State" means a state of the United States, the District 145 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States 146 147 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas 148 Islands, and any other United States Territory. 149 P. "Student" means the child of a military family for whom 150 the local education agency receives public funding and who is 151 formally enrolled in kindergarten through 12th grade. 152 Q. "Transition" means: 153 1. The formal and physical process of transferring from 154 school to school; or 155 2. The period of time in which a student moves from one 156 school in the sending state to another school in the receiving 157 state. 158 "Uniformed services" means the Army, Navy, Air Force, R. 159 Marine Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned Corps of 160 the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and Public Health Services. 161 162 S. "Veteran" means a person who served in the uniformed 163 services and who was discharged or released there from under 164 conditions other than dishonorable. 165 ARTICLE III 166 APPLICABILITY.--167 A. Except as otherwise provided in Section C, this compact 168 applies to the children of:

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169	1. Active duty members of the uniformed services, including
170	members of the National Guard and Reserve on active-duty orders
171	pursuant to 10 U.S.C. ss. 1209 and 1211;
172	2. Members or veterans of the uniformed services who are
173	severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a period
174	of 1 year after medical discharge or retirement; and
175	3. Members of the uniformed services who die on active duty
176	or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty for a period
177	<u>of 1 year after death.</u>
178	B. This interstate compact applies to local education
179	agencies.
180	C. This compact does not apply to the children of:
181	1. Inactive members of the national guard and military
182	reserves;
183	2. Members of the uniformed services now retired, except as
184	provided in Section A;
185	3. Veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided
186	in Section A; and
187	4. Other United States Department of Defense personnel and
188	other federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined
189	as active-duty members of the uniformed services.
190	ARTICLE IV
191	EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT
192	A. If a child's official education records cannot be
193	released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the
194	custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and
195	furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational
196	records containing uniform information as determined by the
197	Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education

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198 records by a school in the receiving state, that school shall 199 enroll and appropriately place the student based on the 200 information provided in the unofficial records pending validation 201 by the official records, as quickly as possible.

202 B. Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional 203 placement of the student, the school in the receiving state shall 204 request the student's official education record from the school 205 in the sending state. Upon receipt of the request, the school in 206 the sending state shall process and furnish the official 207 education records to the school in the receiving state within 10 days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the 208 209 rules adopted by the Interstate Commission.

210 <u>C. Compact states must give 30 days from the date of</u> 211 <u>enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under</u> 212 <u>the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, for students to</u> 213 <u>obtain any immunization required by the receiving state. For a</u> 214 <u>series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained</u> 215 <u>within 30 days or within such time as is reasonably determined</u> 216 <u>under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.</u>

217 D. Students shall be allowed to continue their enrollment 218 at grade level in the receiving state commensurate with their 219 grade level, including kindergarten, from a local education 220 agency in the sending state at the time of transition, regardless 221 of age. A student who has satisfactorily completed the 222 prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in the 223 sending state is eligible for enrollment in the next highest grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. A student 224 225 transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving

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226	state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their
227	validated level from an accredited school in the sending state.
228	ARTICLE V
229	PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE
230	A. If a student transfers before or during the school year,
231	the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the
232	student in educational courses based on the student's enrollment
233	in the sending state school or educational assessments conducted
234	at the school in the sending state if the courses are offered.
235	Course placement includes, but is not limited to, Honors,
236	International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational,
237	technical, and career pathways courses. Continuing the student's
238	academic program from the previous school and promoting placement
239	in academically and career challenging courses should be
240	paramount when considering placement. A school in the receiving
241	state is not precluded from performing subsequent evaluations to
242	ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the
243	student in the courses.
244	B. The receiving state school must initially honor
245	placement of the student in educational programs based on current
246	educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending
247	state or participation or placement in like programs in the
248	sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to:
249	1. Gifted and talented programs; and
250	2. English as a second language (ESL).
251	
252	A school in the receiving state is not precluded from performing
253	subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and
254	continued enrollment of the student in the courses.
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255	C. A receiving state must initially provide comparable
256	services to a student with disabilities based on his or her
257	current individualized education program (IEP) in compliance with
258	the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education
259	Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 1400, et seq. A receiving state must
260	make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the
261	needs of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an
262	existing section 504 or title II plan, to provide the student
263	with equal access to education, in compliance with the provisions
264	of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C.A. s. 794, and
265	with title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C.
266	ss. 12131-12165. A school in the receiving state is not precluded
267	from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate
268	placement and continued enrollment of the student in the courses.
269	D. Local education agency administrative officials may
270	waive course or program prerequisites, or other preconditions for
271	placement in courses or programs offered under the jurisdiction
272	of the local education agency.
273	E. A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active-
274	duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty
275	for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment
276	to, a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted
277	additional excused absences at the discretion of the local
278	education agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent
279	or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the
280	parent or guardian.
281	ARTICLE VI
282	ELIGIBILITY

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283	A. When considering the eligibility of a child for
284	enrolling in a school:
285	1. A special power of attorney relative to the guardianship
286	of a child of a military family and executed under applicable law
287	is sufficient for the purposes of enrolling the child in school
288	and for all other actions requiring parental participation and
289	consent.
290	2. A local education agency is prohibited from charging
291	local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the
292	care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco
293	parentis who lives in a school's jurisdiction different from that
294	of the custodial parent.
295	3. A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a
296	noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who
297	lives in a school's jurisdiction different from that of the
298	custodial parent, may continue to attend the school in which he
299	or she was enrolled while residing with the custodial parent.
300	B. State and local education agencies must facilitate the
301	opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in
302	extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines,
303	to the extent they are otherwise qualified.
304	ARTICLE VII
305	GRADUATIONIn order to facilitate the on-time graduation
306	of children of military families, states and local education
307	agencies shall incorporate the following procedures:
308	A. Local education agency administrative officials shall
309	waive specific courses required for graduation if similar course
310	work has been satisfactorily completed in another local education
311	agency or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. If a

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312	waiver is not granted to a student who would qualify to graduate
313	from the sending school, the local education agency must provide
314	an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that
315	graduation may occur on time.
316	B. States shall accept exit or end-of-course exams required
317	for graduation from the sending state; national norm-referenced
318	achievement tests; or alternative testing, in lieu of testing
319	requirements for graduation in the receiving state. If these
320	alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a
321	student transferring in his or her senior year, then the
322	provisions of Article VII, Section C shall apply.
323	C. If a military student transfers at the beginning or
324	during his or her senior year and is not eligible to graduate
325	from the receiving local education agency after all alternatives
326	have been considered, the sending and receiving local education
327	agencies must ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending
328	local education agency, if the student meets the graduation
329	requirements of the sending local education agency. If one of the
330	states in question is not a member of this compact, the member
331	state shall use its best efforts to facilitate the on-time
332	graduation of the student in accordance with Sections A and B of
333	this Article.
334	ARTICLE VIII
335	STATE COORDINATION Each member state shall, through the
336	creation of a state council or use of an existing body or board,
337	provide for the coordination among its agencies of government,
338	local education agencies, and military installations concerning
339	the state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact
340	and Interstate Commission activities.

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341	A. Each member state may determine the membership of its
342	own state council but the membership must include at least: the
343	state superintendent of education, the superintendent of a school
344	district that has a high concentration of military children, a
345	representative from a military installation, one representative
346	each from the legislative and executive branches of government,
347	and other offices and stakeholder groups the state council deems
348	appropriate. A member state that does not have a school district
349	deemed to contain a high concentration of military children may
350	appoint a superintendent from another school district to
351	represent local education agencies on the state council.
352	B. The state council of each member state shall appoint or
353	designate a military family education liaison to assist military
354	families and the state in facilitating the implementation of this
355	compact.
356	C. The compact commissioner responsible for the
357	administration and management of the state's participation in the
358	compact shall be appointed by the Governor or as otherwise
359	determined by each member state.
360	D. The compact commissioner and the military family
361	education liaison shall be ex officio members of the state
362	council, unless either is already a full voting member of the
363	state council.
364	ARTICLE IX
365	INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR
366	MILITARY CHILDRENThe member states hereby create the
367	"Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military
368	Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the

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369	formation of public policy and are a discretionary state
370	function. The Interstate Commission shall:
371	A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member
372	states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and
373	duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be
374	conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the
375	respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with
376	the terms of this compact.
377	B. Consist of one Interstate Commission voting
378	representative from each member state who shall be that state's
379	compact commissioner.
380	1. Each member state represented at a meeting of the
381	Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote.
382	2. A majority of the total member states shall constitute a
383	quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is
384	required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
385	3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another
386	member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to
387	attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or
388	state council may delegate voting authority to another person
389	from their state for a specified meeting.
390	4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate
391	Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or electronic
392	communication.
393	C. Consist of ex officio, nonvoting representatives who are
394	members of interested organizations. The ex officio members, as
395	defined in the bylaws, may include, but not be limited to,
396	members of the representative organizations of military family
397	advocates, local education agency officials, parent and teacher

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398	groups, the United States Department of Defense, the Education
399	Commission of the States, the Interstate Agreement on the
400	Qualification of Educational Personnel, and other interstate
401	compacts affecting the education of children of military members.
402	D. Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson
403	may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple
404	majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings.
405	E. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall
406	include the officers of the Interstate Commission and such other
407	members of the Interstate Commission as determined by the bylaws.
408	Members of the executive committee shall serve a 1-year term.
409	Members of the executive committee are entitled to one vote each.
410	The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of
411	the Interstate Commission, with the exception of rulemaking,
412	during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in session.
413	The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities
414	of the administration of the compact including enforcement and
415	compliance with the compact, its bylaws and rules, and other such
416	duties as deemed necessary. The United States Department of
417	Defense shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the
418	executive committee.
419	F. Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions
420	and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make
421	its information and official records available to the public for
422	inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from
423	disclosure information or official records to the extent they
424	would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary
425	interests.

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426	G. Give public notice of all meetings and all meetings
427	shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or
428	as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission
429	and its committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof, where
430	it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be
431	likely to:
432	1. Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal
433	personnel practices and procedures;
434	2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure
435	by federal and state statute;
436	3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial
437	information which is privileged or confidential;
438	4. Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally
439	censuring a person;
440	5. Disclose information of a personal nature where
441	disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
442	personal privacy;
443	6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law
444	enforcement purposes; or
445	7. Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's
446	participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.
447	H. For a meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed pursuant
448	to this provision, the Interstate Commission's legal counsel or
449	designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall
450	reference each relevant exemptible provision. The Interstate
451	Commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly
452	describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a
453	full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons
454	therefore, including a description of the views expressed and the

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record of a roll call vote. All documents considered in 455 connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. 456 457 All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under 458 seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Interstate 459 Commission. 460 I. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized 461 data concerning the educational transition of the children of 462 military families under this compact as directed through its 463 rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of 464 collection and data exchange and reporting requirements. The methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so 465 466 far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and 467 coordinate its information functions with the appropriate 468 custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules. 469 J. The Interstate Commission shall create a procedure that 470 permits military officials, education officials, and parents to 471 inform the Interstate Commission if and when there are alleged 472 violations of the compact or its rules or when issues subject to 473 the jurisdiction of the compact or its rules are not addressed by the state or local education agency. This section does not create 474 475 a private right of action against the Interstate Commission or 476 any member state. 477 ARTICLE X 478 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION. -- The 479 Interstate Commission has the power to: A. Provide for dispute resolution among member states. 480 481 B. Adopt rules and take all necessary actions to effect the 482 goals, purposes, and obligations as enumerated in this compact. 483 The rules have the force and effect of statutory law and are

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484	binding in the compact states to the extent and in the manner			
485	provided in this compact.			
486	C. Issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions			
487	concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate			
488	compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.			
489	D. Enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the			
490	rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using			
491	all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited to,			
492	the use of judicial process.			
493	E. Establish and maintain offices that shall be located			
494	within one or more of the member states.			
495	F. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.			
496	G. Borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of			
497	personnel.			
498	H. Establish and appoint committees, including, but not			
499	limited to, an executive committee as required by Article IX,			
500	Section E, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the			
501	Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties			
502	hereunder.			
503	I. Elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees,			
504	agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define			
505	their duties, and determine their qualifications; and to			
506	establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and			
507	programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of			
508	compensation, and qualifications of personnel.			
509	J. Accept any and all donations and grants of money,			
510	equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive,			
511	utilize, and dispose of it.			

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20082546 10-02829-08 512 K. Lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, 513 or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use any property, real, 514 personal, or mixed. 515 L. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or 516 517 mixed. 518 M. Establish a budget and make expenditures. 519 N. Adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and 520 operation of the Interstate Commission. 521 O. Report annually to the legislatures, governors, 522 judiciary, and state councils of the member states concerning the 523 activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding 524 year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that 525 may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission. P. Coordinate education, training, and public awareness 526 527 regarding the compact, its implementation, and operation for 528 officials and parents involved in such activity. 529 Q. Establish uniform standards for the reporting, 530 collecting, and exchanging of data. 531 R. Maintain corporate books and records in accordance with 532 the bylaws. 533 S. Perform such functions as may be necessary or 534 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact. 535 T. Provide for the uniform collection and sharing of 536 information between and among member states, schools, and 537 military families under this compact. 538 ARTICLE XI 539 ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION .--

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540	A. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the				
541	members present and voting, within 12 months after the first				
542	Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its conduct				
543	as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of				
544	the compact, including, but not limited to:				
545	1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate				
546	Commission;				
547	2. Establishing an executive committee and such other				
548	committees as may be necessary;				
549	3. Providing for the establishment of committees and for				
550	governing any general or specific delegation of authority or				
551	function of the Interstate Commission;				
552	4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and				
553	conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission and ensuring				
554	reasonable notice of each such meeting;				
555	5. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the				
556	officers and staff of the Interstate Commission;				
557	6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of				
558	the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus funds that				
559	may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment				
560	and reserving of all of its debts and obligations.				
561	7. Providing "start up" rules for initial administration of				
562	the compact.				
563	B. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the				
564	members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a				
565	vice chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such				
566	authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The				
567	chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the				
568	vice chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate				

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569	Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without			
570	compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission;			
571	provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the			
572	officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary costs and			
573	expenses incurred by them in the performance of their			
574	responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.			
575	C. The executive committee has the authority and duties as			
576	may be set forth in the bylaws, including, but not limited to:			
577	1. Managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission in a			
578	manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate			
579	Commission;			
580	2. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and			
581	appropriate procedures for the Interstate Commission to provide			
582	for the adoption of rules, operating procedures, and			
583	administrative and technical support functions; and			
584	3. Planning, implementing, and coordinating communications			
585	and activities with other state, federal, and local government			
586	organizations in order to advance the goals of the Interstate			
587	Commission.			
588	D. The executive committee may, subject to the approval of			
589	the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive			
590	director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for			
591	such compensation, as the Interstate Commission may deem			
592	appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to			
593	the Interstate Commission, but is not a member of the Interstate			
594	Commission. The executive director shall hire and supervise such			
595	other persons as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.			
596	E. The Interstate Commission's executive director and its			
597	employees are immune from suit and liability, either personally			

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598 or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss 599 of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or 600 arising out of, or relating to, an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable 601 basis for believing occurred, within the scope of Interstate 602 603 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that 604 the person is not protected from suit or liability for damage, 605 loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful 606 and wanton misconduct of the person.

607 1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's executive 608 director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives, 609 acting within the scope of the person's employment or duties for 610 acts, errors, or omissions occurring within the person's state 611 may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the 612 constitution and laws of that state for state officials, 613 employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to 614 be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such 615 action. This subsection does not protect the person from suit or 616 liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 617 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of the person.

618 2. The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive 619 director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the 620 Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of the member 621 state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, 622 shall defend an Interstate Commission representative in any civil 623 action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of 624 625 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or 626 that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred

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627	within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or			
628	responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error,			
629	or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton			
630	misconduct on the part of the person.			
631	3. To the extent not covered by the state involved, a			
632	member state, the Interstate Commission, and the representatives			
633	or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless			
634	in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's			
635	fees and costs, obtained against a person arising out of an			
636	actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within			
637	the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or			
638	responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for			
639	believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission			
640	employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual			
641	or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from			
642	intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of the			
643	person.			
644	ARTICLE XII			
645	RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSIONThe			
646	Interstate Commission shall adopt rules to effectively and			
647	efficiently implement this act to achieve the purposes of this			
648	compact.			
649	A. If the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking			
650	authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of			
651	this act, or the powers granted hereunder, the action undertaken			
652	by the Interstate Commission is invalid and has no force or			
653	effect.			
654	B. Rules must be adopted pursuant to a rulemaking process			
655	that substantially conforms to the "Model State Administrative			

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656	Procedure Act," of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.			
657	1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate to the operations of			
658	the Interstate Commission.			
659	C. No later than 30 days after a rule is adopted, a person			
660	may file a petition for judicial review of the rule. The filing			
661	of the petition does not stay, or otherwise prevent the rule from			
662	becoming effective, unless a court finds that the petitioner has			
663	a substantial likelihood of success on the merits of the			
664	petition. The court shall give deference to the actions of the			
665	Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and shall			
666	not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a			
667	reasonable exercise of the Interstate Commission's authority.			
668	D. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting			
669	states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in			
670	the same manner used to adopt the compact, then the rule is			
671	invalid and has no further force and effect in any compacting			
672	state.			
673	ARTICLE XIII			
674	OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION			
675	A. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of			
676	state government in each member state shall enforce this compact			
677	and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to			
678	effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of			
679	this compact and the rules adopted under it have the force and			
680	effect of statutory law.			
681	B. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and			
682	its adopted rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in			
683	a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact			

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684 which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the 685 Interstate Commission. 686 C. The Interstate Commission is entitled to receive all service of process in any such proceeding, and has standing to 687 688 intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide 689 service of process to the Interstate Commission renders a 690 judgment or order void as to the Interstate Commission, this 691 compact, or its adopted rules. 692 D. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member 693 state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or 694 responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or the adopted 695 rules, the Interstate Commission shall: 696 1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other 697 member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing 698 the default, and any action taken by the Interstate Commission. 699 The Interstate Commission must specify the conditions by which 700 the defaulting state must cure its default. 701 2. Provide remedial training and specific technical 702 assistance regarding the default. 703 3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default, 704 terminate the defaulting state from the compact upon an 705 affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all 706 rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall 707 be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of 708 the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations 709 or liabilities incurred during the period of the default. 710 E. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact 711 may not be imposed on a member until all other means of securing 712 compliance have been exhausted. Notice of the intent to suspend

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713 or terminate membership must be given by the Interstate 714 Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of 715 the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member 716 states. 717 <u>F. A state that has been suspended or terminated is</u> 718 responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities 719 incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination

720 <u>including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond</u> 721 <u>the effective date of suspension or termination.</u>

G. The remaining member states of the Interstate Commission do not bear any costs arising from a state that has been found to be in default or that has been suspended or terminated from the compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.

H. A defaulting state may appeal the action of the
Interstate Commission by petitioning the United States District
Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where
the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The
prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation
including reasonable attorney's fees.

The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the
request of a member state, to resolve disputes that are subject
to the compact and that may arise among member states and between
member and nonmember states. The Interstate Commission shall
promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding
dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.

The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of
 its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this
 compact.

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742	2. The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the			
743	members, initiate legal action in the United States District			
744	Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the			
745	Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the			
746	Interstate Commission has its principal offices, to enforce			
747	compliance with the provisions of the compact, or its promulgated			
748	rules and bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief			
749	sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the			
750	event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party			
751	shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including			
752	reasonable attorney's fees.			
753	3. The remedies herein are not the exclusive remedies of			
754	the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail			
755	itself of any other remedies available under state law or the			
756	regulation of a profession.			
757	ARTICLE XIV			
758	FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION			
759	A. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the			
760	payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,			
761	organization, and ongoing activities.			
762	B. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an			
763	annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the			
764	operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its			
765	staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the			
766	Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The			
767	aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon			
768	a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which			
769	shall adopt a rule binding upon all member states.			

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770	C. The Interstate Commission may not incur any obligation			
771	of any kind before securing the funds adequate to meet the			
772	obligation and the Interstate Commission may not pledge the			
773	credit of any of the member states, except by and with the			
774	permission of the member state.			
775	D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts			
776	of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements			
777	of the Interstate Commission are subject to audit and accounting			
778	procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts			
779	and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission			
780	shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public			
781	accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and			
782	become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.			
783	ARTICLE XV			
784	MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT			
785	A. Any state is eligible to become a member state.			
786	B. The compact shall take effect and be binding upon			
787	legislative enactment of the compact into law by not less than 10			
788	of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than			
789	December 1, 2007. Thereafter, it shall become effective and			
790	binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the			
791	compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember states			
791 792	compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the			
792	or their designees shall be invited to participate in the			
792 793	or their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis			
792 793 794	or their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis before adoption of the compact by all states.			

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798	the member states until the amendment is enacted into law by			
799	unanimous consent of the member states.			
800	ARTICLE XVI			
801	WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION			
802	A. Once in effect, the compact continues in force and			
803	remains binding upon each and every member state, provided that a			
804	member state may withdraw from the compact, specifically			
805	repealing the statute that enacted the compact into law.			
806	1. Withdrawal from the compact occurs when a statute			
807	repealing its membership is enacted by the state, but does not			
808	take effect until 1 year after the effective date of the statute			
809	and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the			
810	withdrawing state to the Governor of each other member state.			
811	2. The withdrawing state must immediately notify the			
812	chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the			
813	introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the			
814	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the			
815	other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw			
816	within 60 days after its receipt thereof.			
817	3. A withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments,			
818	obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date			
819	of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which			
820	extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.			
821	4. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state			
822	shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or			
823	upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.			
824	B. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of			
825	the withdrawal or default of the member state which reduces the			
826	membership in the compact to one member state.			

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827 C. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact 828 becomes void and has no further force or effect, and the business 829 and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be concluded and 830 surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws. 831 ARTICLE XVII 832 SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION. --833 A. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and 834 if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed 835 unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be 836 enforceable. 837 B. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally 838 construed to effectuate its purposes. 839 C. This compact does not prohibit the applicability of other interstate compacts to which the states are members. 840 841 ARTICLE XVIII 842 BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS.--A. This compact does not prevent the enforcement of any 843 844 other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with this 845 compact. 846 B. All member states' laws conflicting with this compact 847 are superseded to the extent of the conflict. 848 C. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission, 849 including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the Interstate 850 Commission, are binding upon the member states. 851 D. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the 852 member states are binding in accordance with their terms. 853 E. If any part of this compact exceeds the constitutional

854 limits imposed on the Legislature of any member state, the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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shall be ineffective to the extent of the cor	nflict with		
the constitutional provision in question in that member state.			
Section 2. Section 1000.37, Florida Statutes, is created to			
read:			
1000.37 Copies to other states approvingAfter the			
effective date of this act, the Secretary of State shall furnish			
to each of the states approving the Interstate Compact on			
2 Educational Opportunity for Military Children an enrolled copy of			
this act.			
ion 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 200)8.		
	shall be ineffective to the extent of the cor itutional provision in question in that member ion 2. Section 1000.37, Florida Statutes, is .37 Copies to other states approvingAfter date of this act, the Secretary of State shal f the states approving the Interstate Compact al Opportunity for Military Children an enroll		