#### Florida Senate - 2008

By the Committee on Education Pre-K - 12; and Senators Storms, Baker, Diaz de la Portilla, Alexander, Fasano, Villalobos, Bennett, Constantine, Crist, Dean, Gaetz and Wise

#### 581-05906A-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Interstate Compact on Educational
3	Opportunity for Military Children; creating s. 1000.36,
4	F.S.; directing the Governor to execute the Interstate
5	Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children
6	on behalf of this state with any other state or states
7	legally adopting the compact; providing definitions;
8	providing applicability; providing for the transfer of
9	education records from a sending to a receiving state;
10	requiring that children of military personnel be enrolled
11	in classes at current grade level; providing for
12	eligibility for graduation; providing for a state council
13	to coordinate agencies and schools; providing for
14	membership on the council; creating the Interstate
15	Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military
16	Children; providing for membership, organization,
17	meetings, operations, powers, and duties; creating an
18	executive committee; requiring the commission to adopt
19	rules; providing for a legal challenge to the adopted
20	rules; providing for oversight, enforcement, and dispute
21	resolution; providing procedures to suspend or terminate
22	member states; authorizing the commission to levy and
23	collect an annual assessment from each member state;
24	providing the method for the compact to become effective
25	and binding on the member states; providing procedures for
26	the withdrawal of a member state; providing severability;
27	providing for the effect of the compact on member states'
28	laws; creating s. 1000.37, F.S.; requiring the Secretary
29	of State to furnish a copy of the enrolled act enacting

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30 the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for 31 Military Children to each of the states approving the 32 compact; creating s. 1000.38, F.S.; authorizing the 33 Governor to designate a Compact Commissioner and Military 34 Family Education Liaison; creating duties and 35 responsibilities; creating s. 1000.39, F.S.; creating the 36 State Advisory Council for the Interstate Compact on 37 Educational Opportunity for Military Children; providing a 38 purpose; requiring the council to make specified 39 recommendations; providing membership; providing terms for 40 certain members; prohibiting compensation for members, 41 except reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses; 42 providing for records and open meetings; requiring the Department of Education to provide administrative support; 43 44 prescribing procedures if the council is abolished; 45 providing for future legislative review and repeal of ss. 1000.36, 1000.37, 1000.38, and 1000.39, F.S.; providing a 46 contingent effective date. 47 48 49 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 50 51 Section 1. Section 1000.36, Florida Statutes, is created to 52 read: 53 1000.36 Interstate Compact on Educational 54 Opportunity for Military Children.--The Governor is authorized 55 and directed to execute the Interstate Compact on Educational 56 Opportunity for Military Children on behalf of this state with 57 any other state or states legally joining therein in the form 58 substantially as follows:

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59	Interstate Compact on Educational
60	Opportunity for Military Children
61	ARTICLE I
62	PURPOSEIt is the purpose of this compact to remove
63	barriers to educational success imposed on children of military
64	families because of frequent moves and deployment of their
65	parents by:
66	A. Facilitating the timely enrollment of children of
67	military families and ensuring that they are not placed at a
68	disadvantage due to difficulty in the transfer of education
69	records from the previous school district or variations in
70	entrance or age requirements.
71	B. Facilitating the student placement process through which
72	children of military families are not disadvantaged by variations
73	in attendance requirements, scheduling, sequencing, grading,
74	course content, or assessment.
75	C. Facilitating the qualification and eligibility for
76	enrollment, educational programs, and participation in
77	extracurricular academic, athletic, and social activities.
78	D. Facilitating the on-time graduation of children of
79	military families.
80	E. Providing for the adoption and enforcement of
81	administrative rules implementing this compact.
82	F. Providing for the uniform collection and sharing of
83	information between and among member states, schools, and
84	military families under this compact.
85	G. Promoting coordination between this compact and other
86	compacts affecting military children.

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87	H. Promoting flexibility and cooperation between the
88	educational system, parents, and the student in order to achieve
89	educational success for the student.
90	ARTICLE II
91	DEFINITIONSAs used in this compact, unless the context
92	clearly requires a different construction, the term:
93	A. "Active duty" means the full-time duty status in the
94	active uniformed service of the United States, including members
95	of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant
96	to 10 U.S.C. ss. 1209 and 1211.
97	B. "Children of military families" means school-aged
98	children, enrolled in kindergarten through 12th grade, in the
99	household of an active-duty member.
100	C. "Compact commissioner" means the voting representative
101	of each compacting state appointed under Article VIII of this
102	compact.
103	D. "Deployment" means the period 1 month before the service
104	members' departure from their home station on military orders
105	through 6 months after return to their home station.
106	E. "Educational records" or "education records" means
107	those official records, files, and data directly related to a
108	student and maintained by the school or local education agency,
109	including, but not limited to, records encompassing all the
110	material kept in the student's cumulative folder such as general
111	identifying data, records of attendance and of academic work
112	completed, records of achievement and results of evaluative
113	tests, health data, disciplinary status, test protocols, and
114	individualized education programs.

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F. "Extracurricular activities" means a voluntary activity
sponsored by the school or local education agency or an
organization sanctioned by the local education agency.
Extracurricular activities include, but are not limited to,
preparation for and involvement in, public performances,
contests, athletic competitions, demonstrations, displays, and
club activities.
G. "Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for
Military Children" means the commission that is created under
Article IX of this compact, which is generally referred to as the
Interstate Commission.
H. "Local education agency" means a public authority
legally constituted by the state as an administrative agency to
provide control of, and direction for, kindergarten through 12th
grade public educational institutions.
I. "Member state" means a state that has enacted this
compact.
J. "Military installation" means a base, camp, post,
J. "Military installation" means a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other
station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other
station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense,
station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the
station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American
<pre>station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and any other United States</pre>
<pre>station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and any other United States Territory. The term does not include any facility used primarily</pre>
station, yard, center, homeport facility for any ship, or other activity under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, including any leased facility, which is located within any of the several states, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, and any other United States Territory. The term does not include any facility used primarily for civil works, rivers and harbors projects, or flood control

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144	L. "Receiving state" means the state to which a child of a
145	military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or
146	brought.
147	M. "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate
148	Commission adopted under Article XII of this compact which is of
149	general applicability, implements, interprets, or prescribes a
150	policy or provision of the compact, or an organizational,
151	procedural, or practice requirement of the Interstate Commission,
152	and has the force and effect of statutory law in a member state,
153	and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing
154	<u>rule.</u>
155	N. "Sending state" means the state from which a child of a
156	military family is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or
157	brought.
158	O. "State" means a state of the United States, the District
159	of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States
160	Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas
161	Islands, and any other United States Territory.
162	P. "Student" means the child of a military family for whom
163	the local education agency receives public funding and who is
164	formally enrolled in kindergarten through 12th grade.
165	Q. "Transition" means:
166	1. The formal and physical process of transferring from
167	school to school; or
168	2. The period of time in which a student moves from one
169	school in the sending state to another school in the receiving
170	state.
171	R. "Uniformed services" means the Army, Navy, Air Force,
172	Marine Corps, Coast Guard as well as the Commissioned Corps of

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173	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and Public
174	Health Services.
175	S. "Veteran" means a person who served in the uniformed
176	services and who was discharged or released there from under
177	conditions other than dishonorable.
178	ARTICLE III
179	APPLICABILITY
180	A. Except as otherwise provided in Section C, this compact
181	applies to the children of:
182	1. Active duty members of the uniformed services, including
183	members of the National Guard and Reserve on active-duty orders
184	pursuant to 10 U.S.C. ss. 1209 and 1211;
185	2. Members or veterans of the uniformed services who are
186	severely injured and medically discharged or retired for a period
187	of 1 year after medical discharge or retirement; and
188	3. Members of the uniformed services who die on active duty
189	or as a result of injuries sustained on active duty for a period
190	of 1 year after death.
191	B. This interstate compact applies to local education
192	agencies.
193	C. This compact does not apply to the children of:
194	1. Inactive members of the national guard and military
195	reserves;
196	2. Members of the uniformed services now retired, except as
197	provided in Section A;
198	3. Veterans of the uniformed services, except as provided
199	in Section A; and

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200	4. Other United States Department of Defense personnel and
201	other federal agency civilian and contract employees not defined
202	as active-duty members of the uniformed services.
203	ARTICLE IV
204	EDUCATIONAL RECORDS AND ENROLLMENT
205	A. If a child's official education records cannot be
206	released to the parents for the purpose of transfer, the
207	custodian of the records in the sending state shall prepare and
208	furnish to the parent a complete set of unofficial educational
209	records containing uniform information as determined by the
210	Interstate Commission. Upon receipt of the unofficial education
211	records by a school in the receiving state, that school shall
212	enroll and appropriately place the student based on the
213	information provided in the unofficial records pending validation
214	by the official records, as quickly as possible.
215	B. Simultaneous with the enrollment and conditional
216	placement of the student, the school in the receiving state shall
217	request the student's official education record from the school
218	in the sending state. Upon receipt of the request, the school in
219	the sending state shall process and furnish the official
220	education records to the school in the receiving state within 10
221	days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the
222	rules adopted by the Interstate Commission.
223	C. Compact states must give 30 days from the date of
224	enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under
225	the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, for students to
226	obtain any immunization required by the receiving state. For a
227	series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained

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228 within 30 days or within such time as is reasonably determined 229 under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission. 230 D. Students shall be allowed to continue their enrollment 231 at grade level in the receiving state commensurate with their 232 grade level, including kindergarten, from a local education 233 agency in the sending state at the time of transition, regardless 234 of age. A student who has satisfactorily completed the 235 prerequisite grade level in the local education agency in the 236 sending state is eligible for enrollment in the next highest 237 grade level in the receiving state, regardless of age. A student 238 transferring after the start of the school year in the receiving state shall enter the school in the receiving state on their 239 240 validated level from an accredited school in the sending state. 241 ARTICLE V 242 PLACEMENT AND ATTENDANCE. --243 A. If a student transfers before or during the school year, 244 the receiving state school shall initially honor placement of the 245 student in educational courses based on the student's enrollment 246 in the sending state school or educational assessments conducted 247 at the school in the sending state if the courses are offered. Course placement includes, but is not limited to, Honors, 248 249 International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement, vocational, 250 technical, and career pathways courses. Continuing the student's 251 academic program from the previous school and promoting placement 252 in academically and career challenging courses should be 253 paramount when considering placement. A school in the receiving 254 state is not precluded from performing subsequent evaluations to 255 ensure appropriate placement and continued enrollment of the 256 student in the courses.

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257	B. The receiving state school must initially honor
258	placement of the student in educational programs based on current
259	educational assessments conducted at the school in the sending
260	state or participation or placement in like programs in the
261	sending state. Such programs include, but are not limited to:
262	1. Gifted and talented programs; and
263	2. English as a second language (ESL).
264	
265	A school in the receiving state is not precluded from performing
266	subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate placement and
267	continued enrollment of the student in the courses.
268	C. A receiving state must initially provide comparable
269	services to a student with disabilities based on his or her
270	current individualized education program (IEP) in compliance with
271	the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education
272	Act (IDEA), 20 U.S.C. s. 1400, et seq. A receiving state must
273	make reasonable accommodations and modifications to address the
274	needs of incoming students with disabilities, subject to an
275	existing section 504 or title II plan, to provide the student
276	with equal access to education, in compliance with the provisions
277	of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C.A. s. 794, and
278	with title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C.
279	ss. 12131-12165. A school in the receiving state is not precluded
280	from performing subsequent evaluations to ensure appropriate
281	placement and continued enrollment of the student in the courses.
282	D. Local education agency administrative officials may
283	waive course or program prerequisites, or other preconditions for
284	placement in courses or programs offered under the jurisdiction
285	of the local education agency.
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286 E. A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active-287 duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty 288 for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to 289 a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted 290 additional excused absences at the discretion of the local 291 education agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent 292 or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the 293 parent or guardian. 294 ARTICLE VI 295 ELIGIBILITY.--296 A. When considering the eligibility of a child for 297 enrolling in a school: 298 1. A special power of attorney relative to the guardianship 299 of a child of a military family and executed under applicable law 300 is sufficient for the purposes of enrolling the child in school 301 and for all other actions requiring parental participation and 302 consent. 303 2. A local education agency is prohibited from charging 304 local tuition to a transitioning military child placed in the 305 care of a noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco 306 parentis who lives in a school's jurisdiction different from that 307 of the custodial parent. 308 3. A transitioning military child, placed in the care of a 309 noncustodial parent or other person standing in loco parentis who 310 lives in a school's jurisdiction different from that of the 311 custodial parent, may continue to attend the school in which he 312 or she was enrolled while residing with the custodial parent.

313 <u>B. State and local education agencies must facilitate the</u> 314 opportunity for transitioning military children's inclusion in

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315	extracurricular activities, regardless of application deadlines,
316	to the extent they are otherwise qualified.
317	ARTICLE VII
318	GRADUATIONIn order to facilitate the on-time graduation
319	of children of military families, states and local education
320	agencies shall incorporate the following procedures:
321	A. Local education agency administrative officials shall
322	waive specific courses required for graduation if similar course
323	work has been satisfactorily completed in another local education
324	agency or shall provide reasonable justification for denial. If a
325	waiver is not granted to a student who would qualify to graduate
326	from the sending school, the local education agency must provide
327	an alternative means of acquiring required coursework so that
328	graduation may occur on time.
329	B. States shall accept exit or end-of-course exams required
330	for graduation from the sending state; national norm-referenced
331	achievement tests; or alternative testing, in lieu of testing
332	requirements for graduation in the receiving state. If these
333	alternatives cannot be accommodated by the receiving state for a
334	student transferring in his or her senior year, then the
335	provisions of Article VII, Section C shall apply.
336	C. If a military student transfers at the beginning or
337	during his or her senior year and is not eligible to graduate
338	from the receiving local education agency after all alternatives
339	have been considered, the sending and receiving local education
340	agencies must ensure the receipt of a diploma from the sending
341	local education agency, if the student meets the graduation
342	requirements of the sending local education agency. If one of the
343	states in question is not a member of this compact, the member

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344	state shall use its best efforts to facilitate the on-time
345	graduation of the student in accordance with Sections A and B of
346	this Article.
347	ARTICLE VIII
348	STATE COORDINATIONEach member state shall, through the
349	creation of a state council or use of an existing body or board,
350	provide for the coordination among its agencies of government,
351	local education agencies, and military installations concerning
352	the state's participation in, and compliance with, this compact
353	and Interstate Commission activities.
354	A. Each member state may determine the membership of its
355	own state council but the membership must include at least: the
356	state superintendent of education, the superintendent of a school
357	district that has a high concentration of military children, a
358	representative from a military installation, one representative
359	each from the legislative and executive branches of government,
360	and other offices and stakeholder groups the state council deems
361	appropriate. A member state that does not have a school district
362	deemed to contain a high concentration of military children may
363	appoint a superintendent from another school district to
364	represent local education agencies on the state council.
365	B. The state council of each member state shall appoint or
366	designate a military family education liaison to assist military
367	families and the state in facilitating the implementation of this
368	compact.
369	C. The compact commissioner responsible for the
370	administration and management of the state's participation in the
371	compact shall be appointed by the Governor or as otherwise
372	determined by each member state.

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373	D. The compact commissioner and the military family
374	education liaison shall be ex officio members of the state
375	council, unless either is already a full voting member of the
376	state council.
377	ARTICLE IX
378	INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR
379	MILITARY CHILDRENThe member states hereby create the
380	"Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military
381	Children." The activities of the Interstate Commission are the
382	formation of public policy and are a discretionary state
383	function. The Interstate Commission shall:
384	A. Be a body corporate and joint agency of the member
385	states and shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and
386	duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be
387	conferred upon it by a subsequent concurrent action of the
388	respective legislatures of the member states in accordance with
389	the terms of this compact.
390	B. Consist of one Interstate Commission voting
391	representative from each member state who shall be that state's
392	compact commissioner.
393	1. Each member state represented at a meeting of the
394	Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote.
395	2. A majority of the total member states shall constitute a
396	quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is
397	required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
398	3. A representative shall not delegate a vote to another
399	member state. In the event the compact commissioner is unable to
400	attend a meeting of the Interstate Commission, the Governor or

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401 state council may delegate voting authority to another person 402 from their state for a specified meeting. 403 4. The bylaws may provide for meetings of the Interstate 404 Commission to be conducted by telecommunication or electronic 405 communication. 406 C. Consist of ex officio, nonvoting representatives who are 407 members of interested organizations. The ex officio members, as 408 defined in the bylaws, may include, but not be limited to, 409 members of the representative organizations of military family 410 advocates, local education agency officials, parent and teacher 411 groups, the United States Department of Defense, the Education 412 Commission of the States, the Interstate Agreement on the 413 Qualification of Educational Personnel, and other interstate 414 compacts affecting the education of children of military members. 415 D. Meet at least once each calendar year. The chairperson 416 may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple 417 majority of the member states, shall call additional meetings. 418 E. Establish an executive committee, whose members shall 419 include the officers of the Interstate Commission and such other 420 members of the Interstate Commission as determined by the bylaws. 421 Members of the executive committee shall serve a 1-year term. 422 Members of the executive committee are entitled to one vote each. 423 The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of 424 the Interstate Commission, with the exception of rulemaking, 425 during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in session. 426 The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities 427 of the administration of the compact including enforcement and 428 compliance with the compact, its bylaws and rules, and other such 429 duties as deemed necessary. The United States Department of

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430	Defense shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the
431	executive committee.
432	F. Establish bylaws and rules that provide for conditions
433	and procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make
434	its information and official records available to the public for
435	inspection or copying. The Interstate Commission may exempt from
436	disclosure information or official records to the extent they
437	would adversely affect personal privacy rights or proprietary
438	interests.
439	G. Give public notice of all meetings and all meetings
440	shall be open to the public, except as set forth in the rules or
441	as otherwise provided in the compact. The Interstate Commission
442	and its committees may close a meeting, or portion thereof, where
443	it determines by two-thirds vote that an open meeting would be
444	likely to:
445	1. Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal
446	personnel practices and procedures;
447	2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure
448	by federal and state statute;
449	3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial
450	information which is privileged or confidential;
451	4. Involve accusing a person of a crime, or formally
452	censuring a person;
453	5. Disclose information of a personal nature where
454	disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
455	personal privacy;
456	6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law
457	enforcement purposes; or

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458	7. Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's
459	participation in a civil action or other legal proceeding.
460	H. For a meeting, or portion of a meeting, closed pursuant
461	to this provision, the Interstate Commission's legal counsel or
462	designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall
463	reference each relevant exemptible provision. The Interstate
464	Commission shall keep minutes which shall fully and clearly
465	describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a
466	full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons
467	therefore, including a description of the views expressed and the
468	record of a roll call vote. All documents considered in
469	connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes.
470	All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under
471	seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the Interstate
472	Commission.
473	I. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized
474	data concerning the educational transition of the children of
475	military families under this compact as directed through its
476	rules which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of
477	
	collection and data exchange and reporting requirements. The
478	collection and data exchange and reporting requirements. The methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so
478 479	
	methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so
479	methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and
479 480	methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate
479 480 481	methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules.
479 480 481 482	<pre>methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules. J. The Interstate Commission shall create a procedure that</pre>
479 480 481 482 483	<pre>methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules. J. The Interstate Commission shall create a procedure that permits military officials, education officials, and parents to</pre>
479 480 481 482 483 484	<pre>methods of data collection, exchange and reporting shall, in so far as is reasonably possible, conform to current technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate custodian of records as identified in the bylaws and rules. J. The Interstate Commission shall create a procedure that permits military officials, education officials, and parents to inform the Interstate Commission if and when there are alleged</pre>

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487	the state or local education agency. This section does not create
488	a private right of action against the Interstate Commission or
489	any member state.
490	ARTICLE X
491	POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSIONThe
492	Interstate Commission has the power to:
493	A. Provide for dispute resolution among member states.
494	B. Adopt rules and take all necessary actions to effect the
495	goals, purposes, and obligations as enumerated in this compact.
496	The rules have the force and effect of statutory law and are
497	binding in the compact states to the extent and in the manner
498	provided in this compact.
499	C. Issue, upon request of a member state, advisory opinions
500	concerning the meaning or interpretation of the interstate
501	compact, its bylaws, rules, and actions.
502	D. Enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the
503	rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using
504	all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited to,
505	the use of judicial process.
506	E. Establish and maintain offices that shall be located
507	within one or more of the member states.
508	F. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
509	G. Borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of
510	personnel.
511	H. Establish and appoint committees, including, but not
512	limited to, an executive committee as required by Article IX,
513	Section E, which shall have the power to act on behalf of the
514	Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties
515	hereunder.
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516	I. Elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees,
517	agents, or consultants, and to fix their compensation, define
518	their duties, and determine their qualifications; and to
519	establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and
520	programs relating to conflicts of interest, rates of
521	compensation, and qualifications of personnel.
522	J. Accept any and all donations and grants of money,
523	equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive,
524	utilize, and dispose of it.
525	K. Lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of,
526	or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use any property, real,
527	personal, or mixed.
528	L. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
529	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal, or
530	mixed.
531	M. Establish a budget and make expenditures.
532	N. Adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management and
533	operation of the Interstate Commission.
534	O. Report annually to the legislatures, governors,
535	judiciary, and state councils of the member states concerning the
536	activities of the Interstate Commission during the preceding
537	year. Such reports shall also include any recommendations that
538	may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission.
539	P. Coordinate education, training, and public awareness
540	regarding the compact, its implementation, and operation for
541	officials and parents involved in such activity.
542	Q. Establish uniform standards for the reporting,
543	collecting, and exchanging of data.

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544	R. Maintain corporate books and records in accordance with
545	the bylaws.
546	S. Perform such functions as may be necessary or
547	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
548	T. Provide for the uniform collection and sharing of
549	information between and among member states, schools, and
550	military families under this compact.
551	ARTICLE XI
552	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
553	A. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the
554	members present and voting, within 12 months after the first
555	Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to govern its conduct
556	as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of
557	the compact, including, but not limited to:
558	1. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate
559	Commission;
560	2. Establishing an executive committee and such other
561	committees as may be necessary;
562	3. Providing for the establishment of committees and for
563	governing any general or specific delegation of authority or
564	function of the Interstate Commission;
565	4. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and
566	conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission and ensuring
567	reasonable notice of each such meeting;
568	5. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the
569	officers and staff of the Interstate Commission;
570	6. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of
571	the Interstate Commission and the return of surplus funds that

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581-05906A-08 20082546c1 572 may exist upon the termination of the compact after the payment 573 and reserving of all of its debts and obligations. 574 7. Providing "start up" rules for initial administration of 575 the compact. 576 B. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the 577 members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson, a 578 vice chairperson, and a treasurer, each of whom shall have such 579 authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The 580 chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the 581 vice chairperson, shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate 582 Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; 583 584 provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the 585 officers shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary costs and 586 expenses incurred by them in the performance of their 587 responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission. 588 C. The executive committee has the authority and duties as 589 may be set forth in the bylaws, including, but not limited to: 590 1. Managing the affairs of the Interstate Commission in a 591 manner consistent with the bylaws and purposes of the Interstate 592 Commission; 593 2. Overseeing an organizational structure within, and 594 appropriate procedures for the Interstate Commission to provide 595 for the adoption of rules, operating procedures, and 596 administrative and technical support functions; and 3. Planning, implementing, and coordinating communications 597 and activities with other state, federal, and local government 598 599 organizations in order to advance the goals of the Interstate 600 Commission.

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601	D. The executive committee may, subject to the approval of
602	the Interstate Commission, appoint or retain an executive
603	director for such period, upon such terms and conditions and for
604	such compensation, as the Interstate Commission may deem
605	appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to
606	the Interstate Commission, but is not a member of the Interstate
607	Commission. The executive director shall hire and supervise such
608	other persons as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
609	E. The Interstate Commission's executive director and its
610	employees are immune from suit and liability, either personally
611	or in their official capacity, for a claim for damage to or loss
612	of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or
613	arising out of, or relating to, an actual or alleged act, error,
614	or omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable
615	basis for believing occurred, within the scope of Interstate
616	Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that
617	the person is not protected from suit or liability for damage,
618	loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful
619	and wanton misconduct of the person.
620	1. The liability of the Interstate Commission's executive
621	director and employees or Interstate Commission representatives,
622	acting within the scope of the person's employment or duties for
623	acts, errors, or omissions occurring within the person's state
624	may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the
625	constitution and laws of that state for state officials,
626	employees, and agents. The Interstate Commission is considered to
627	be an instrumentality of the states for the purposes of any such
628	action. This subsection does not protect the person from suit or

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629 liability for damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 630 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of the person. 631 2. The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director and its employees and, subject to the approval of the 632 633 Attorney General or other appropriate legal counsel of the member 634 state represented by an Interstate Commission representative, 635 shall defend an Interstate Commission representative in any civil 636 action seeking to impose liability arising out of an actual or 637 alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of 638 Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or 639 that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred 640 within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 641 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, 642 or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton 643 misconduct on the part of the person.

644 3. To the extent not covered by the state involved, a 645 member state, the Interstate Commission, and the representatives 646 or employees of the Interstate Commission shall be held harmless 647 in the amount of a settlement or judgment, including attorney's 648 fees and costs, obtained against a person arising out of an 649 actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within 650 the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 651 responsibilities, or that the person had a reasonable basis for 652 believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission 653 employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the actual 654 or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from 655 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of the 656 person.

#### ARTICLE XII

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658	RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSIONThe
659	Interstate Commission shall adopt rules to effectively and
660	efficiently implement this act to achieve the purposes of this
661	compact.
662	A. If the Interstate Commission exercises its rulemaking
663	authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of
664	this act, or the powers granted hereunder, the action undertaken
665	by the Interstate Commission is invalid and has no force or
666	effect.
667	B. Rules must be adopted pursuant to a rulemaking process
668	that substantially conforms to the "Model State Administrative
669	Procedure Act," of 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.
670	1 (2000) as amended, as may be appropriate to the operations of
671	the Interstate Commission.
672	C. No later than 30 days after a rule is adopted, a person
673	may file a petition for judicial review of the rule. The filing
674	of the petition does not stay, or otherwise prevent the rule from
675	becoming effective, unless a court finds that the petitioner has
676	a substantial likelihood of success on the merits of the
677	petition. The court shall give deference to the actions of the
678	Interstate Commission consistent with applicable law and shall
679	not find the rule to be unlawful if the rule represents a
680	reasonable exercise of the Interstate Commission's authority.
681	D. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting
682	states rejects a rule by enactment of a statute or resolution in
683	the same manner used to adopt the compact, then the rule is
684	invalid and has no further force and effect in any compacting
685	state.
686	ARTICLE XIII

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687	OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION
688	A. The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of
689	state government in each member state shall enforce this compact
690	and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to
691	effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of
692	this compact and the rules adopted under it have the force and
693	effect of statutory law.
694	B. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and
695	its adopted rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in
696	a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact
697	which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the
698	Interstate Commission.
699	C. The Interstate Commission is entitled to receive all
700	service of process in any such proceeding, and has standing to
701	intervene in the proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide
702	service of process to the Interstate Commission renders a
703	judgment or order void as to the Interstate Commission, this
704	compact, or its adopted rules.
705	D. If the Interstate Commission determines that a member
706	state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
707	responsibilities under this compact, or the bylaws or the adopted
708	rules, the Interstate Commission shall:
709	1. Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other
710	member states, of the nature of the default, the means of curing
711	the default, and any action taken by the Interstate Commission.
712	The Interstate Commission must specify the conditions by which
713	the defaulting state must cure its default.
714	2. Provide remedial training and specific technical
715	assistance regarding the default.

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716	3. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default,
717	terminate the defaulting state from the compact upon an
718	affirmative vote of a majority of the member states and all
719	rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall
720	be terminated from the effective date of termination. A cure of
721	the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations
722	or liabilities incurred during the period of the default.
723	E. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact
724	may not be imposed on a member until all other means of securing
725	compliance have been exhausted. Notice of the intent to suspend
726	or terminate membership must be given by the Interstate
727	Commission to the Governor, the majority and minority leaders of
728	the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member
729	states.
730	F. A state that has been suspended or terminated is
731	responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities
732	incurred through the effective date of suspension or termination
733	including obligations, the performance of which extends beyond
734	the effective date of suspension or termination.
735	G. The remaining member states of the Interstate Commission
736	do not bear any costs arising from a state that has been found to
737	be in default or that has been suspended or terminated from the
738	compact, unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between
739	the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.
740	H. A defaulting state may appeal the action of the
741	Interstate Commission by petitioning the United States District
742	Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where
743	the Interstate Commission has its principal offices. The

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744	prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation
745	including reasonable attorney's fees.
746	I. The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the
747	request of a member state, to resolve disputes that are subject
748	to the compact and that may arise among member states and between
749	member and nonmember states. The Interstate Commission shall
750	promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding
751	dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.
752	1. The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of
753	its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this
754	compact.
755	2. The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the
756	members, initiate legal action in the United States District
757	Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the
758	Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the
759	Interstate Commission has its principal offices, to enforce
760	compliance with the provisions of the compact, or its promulgated
761	rules and bylaws, against a member state in default. The relief
762	sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the
763	event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party
764	shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
765	reasonable attorney's fees.
766	3. The remedies herein are not the exclusive remedies of
767	the Interstate Commission. The Interstate Commission may avail
768	itself of any other remedies available under state law or the
769	regulation of a profession.
770	ARTICLE XIV
771	FINANCING OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION

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581-05906A-08 20082546c1 772 A. The Interstate Commission shall pay, or provide for the 773 payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, 774 organization, and ongoing activities. 775 B. The Interstate Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state to cover the cost of the 776 777 operations and activities of the Interstate Commission and its 778 staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the 779 Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The 780 aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon 781 a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, which 782 shall adopt a rule binding upon all member states. 783 C. The Interstate Commission may not incur any obligation 784 of any kind before securing the funds adequate to meet the 785 obligation and the Interstate Commission may not pledge the 786 credit of any of the member states, except by and with the 787 permission of the member state. D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts 788 789 of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements 790 of the Interstate Commission are subject to audit and accounting 791 procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts 792 and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission 793 shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public 794 accountant and the report of the audit shall be included in and 795 become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission. 796 ARTICLE XV 797 MEMBER STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT .--798 A. Any state is eligible to become a member state. 799 B. The compact shall take effect and be binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by not less than 10 800

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801	of the states. The effective date shall be no earlier than
802	December 1, 2007. Thereafter, it shall become effective and
803	binding as to any other member state upon enactment of the
804	compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember states
805	or their designees shall be invited to participate in the
806	activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis
807	before adoption of the compact by all states.
808	C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the
809	compact for enactment by the member states. An amendment does not
810	become effective and binding upon the Interstate Commission and
811	the member states until the amendment is enacted into law by
812	unanimous consent of the member states.
813	ARTICLE XVI
814	WITHDRAWAL AND DISSOLUTION
815	A. Once in effect, the compact continues in force and
816	remains binding upon each and every member state, provided that a
817	member state may withdraw from the compact, specifically
818	repealing the statute that enacted the compact into law.
819	1. Withdrawal from the compact occurs when a statute
820	repealing its membership is enacted by the state, but does not
821	take effect until 1 year after the effective date of the statute
822	and until written notice of the withdrawal has been given by the
823	withdrawing state to the Governor of each other member state.
824	2. The withdrawing state must immediately notify the
825	chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the
826	introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
827	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the
828	other member states of the withdrawing state's intent to withdraw
829	within 60 days after its receipt thereof.

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830	3. A withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments,
831	obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date
832	of withdrawal, including obligations, the performance of which
833	extend beyond the effective date of withdrawal.
834	4. Reinstatement following withdrawal of a member state
835	shall occur upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or
836	upon such later date as determined by the Interstate Commission.
837	B. This compact shall dissolve effective upon the date of
838	the withdrawal or default of the member state which reduces the
839	membership in the compact to one member state.
840	C. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact
841	becomes void and has no further force or effect, and the business
842	and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be concluded and
843	surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.
844	ARTICLE XVII
845	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
846	A. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and
847	if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed
848	unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be
849	enforceable.
850	B. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally
851	construed to effectuate its purposes.
852	C. This compact does not prohibit the applicability of
853	other interstate compacts to which the states are members.
854	ARTICLE XVIII
855	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
856	A. This compact does not prevent the enforcement of any
857	other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with this
858	compact.

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859	B. All member states' laws conflicting with this compact
860	are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
861	C. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
862	including all rules and bylaws promulgated by the Interstate
863	Commission, are binding upon the member states.
864	D. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the
865	member states are binding in accordance with their terms.
866	E. If any part of this compact exceeds the constitutional
867	limits imposed on the Legislature of any member state, the
868	provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with
869	the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
870	Section 2. Section 1000.37, Florida Statutes, is created to
871	read:
872	1000.37 Copies to other states approvingAfter the
873	effective date of this act, the Secretary of State shall furnish
874	to each of the states approving the Interstate Compact on
875	Educational Opportunity for Military Children an enrolled copy of
876	this act.
877	Section 3. Section 1000.38, Florida Statutes, is created to
878	read:
879	1000.38 Compact Commissioner and Military Family Education
880	Liaison
881	(1) In furtherance of Articles VIII and IX of the
882	Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military
883	Children, the Governor shall designate:
884	(a) A Compact Commissioner who shall be responsible for the
885	administration and management of this state's participation in
886	the compact and who shall serve as this state's voting
887	representative on the Interstate Commission on Educational

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888	Opportunity for Military Children.
889	(b) A Military Family Education Liaison from the list of
890	recommendations provided under s. 1000.39(2), who shall be
891	responsible for assisting military families and the state in
892	facilitating the implementation of the compact.
893	(2) The commissioner and liaison shall serve at the
894	pleasure of the Governor.
895	Section 4. Section 1000.39, Florida Statutes, is created to
896	read:
897	1000.39 State Advisory Council for the Interstate Compact
898	on Educational Opportunity for Military Children
899	(1) Pursuant to Article VIII of the Interstate Compact for
900	Educational Opportunity for Military Children in s. 1000.36, the
901	State Council on Interstate Educational Opportunity for Military
902	Children is created.
903	(2)(a) The purpose of the council is to provide advice and
904	make recommendations regarding this state's compliance with the
905	compact and participation in the Interstate Commission on
906	Educational Opportunity for Military Children.
907	(b) No later than 3 months after its formation, and
908	whenever requested by the Governor thereafter, the council shall
909	provide the Governor with the names of at least three, but no
910	more than five, persons who the council recommends to serve as
911	the Military Family Education Liaison.
912	(3) The council shall consist of the following seven
913	members:
914	(a) The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee;
915	(b) The superintendent, or his or her designee, for the
916	school district having the highest percentage per capita of
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917	military children during the previous school year;
918	(c) Two members appointed by the Commissioner of Education,
919	one of whom shall represent a military installation located
920	within this state and one of whom shall represent the executive
921	branch and possess experience in assisting military families in
922	obtaining educational services for their children. The term of
923	each member appointed under this paragraph shall be for 4 years;
924	however, in order to provide for staggered terms, the
925	Commissioner of Education shall initially appoint one member to a
926	term of 2 years and one member to a term of 3 years.
927	(d) One member appointed by, and who shall serve at the
928	pleasure of, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the
929	House of Representatives.
930	(e) The Compact Commissioner and the Military Family
931	Education Liaison designated by the Governor under s. 1000.38,
932	who shall serve as nonvoting, ex officio members of the council.
933	(4) Council members shall serve without compensation, but
934	are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses as
935	provided in s. 112.061.
936	(5) The provisions of s. 24, Art. I of the State
937	Constitution and of chapter 119 and s. 286.011 apply to
938	proceedings and records of the council. Minutes, including a
939	record of all votes cast, must be maintained for all meetings.
940	(6) The department shall provide administrative support to
941	the council.
942	(7) If the council is abolished, its records must be
943	appropriately stored, within 30 days after the effective date of
944	its abolition, by the department or its successor agency. Any
945	property assigned to the council must be reclaimed by the

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946	department or its successor agency. The council may not perform
947	any activities after the effective date of its abolition.
948	Section 5. <u>Sections 1000.36, 1000.37, 1000.38, and 1000.39,</u>
949	Florida Statutes, shall stand repealed 2 years after the
950	effective date of this act, unless reviewed and saved from repeal
951	through reenactment by the Legislature.
952	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008, or upon
953	enactment of the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity
954	for Military Children into law by nine other states, whichever
955	date occurs later.