

	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate . House
	Comm: RCS
	4/3/2008 .
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1	The Committee on Agriculture (Deutch) recommended the following
2	amendment:
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4	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Delete everything after the enacting clause
6	and insert:
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8	Section 1. Subsection (5) is added to section 581.091,
9	Florida Statutes, to read:
10	581.091 Noxious weeds and infected plants or regulated
11	articles; sale or distribution; receipt; information to
12	department; withholding information
13	(5)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law or
14	rule, a person may obtain a special permit from the department to
15	plant Casuarina cunninghamiana as a windbreak for a commercial
16	citrus grove provided the plants are produced in an authorized
17	registered nursery and certified by the department as being
ļ	Page 1 of 9

4/3/2008 1:57:00 PM



vegetatively propagated from male plants. A "commercial citrus 18 19 grove" means a contiguous planting of 100 or more citrus trees 20 where citrus fruit is produced for sale. (b) For a 5-year period, special permits authorizing a 21 22 person to plant Casuarina cunninghamiana shall be issued only as 23 part of a pilot program for fresh fruit groves in areas of Indian 24 River, St. Lucie, and Martin Counties where citrus canker is 25 determined by the department to be widespread. The pilot program 26 shall be reevaluated annually, and a comprehensive review shall 27 be conducted in 2013. The purpose of the annual and 5-year review is to determine if the use of Casuarina cunninghamiana as an 28 29 agricultural pest and disease windbreak poses any adverse 30 environmental consequences. At the end of the 5-year pilot program, if the Noxious Weed and Invasive Plant Review Committee, 31 created by the department, the Department of Environmental 32 33 Protection, in consultation with a representative of the citrus 34 industry who has a Cauarina cunninghamiana windbreak determines that the potential is low for adverse environmental impacts from 35 36 planting Casuarina cunninghamiana as windbreaks, the department may by rule allow the use of Casuarina cunninghamiana windbreaks 37 for commercial citrus groves in other areas of the state. If it 38 39 is determined at the end of the 5-year pilot program that 40 additional time is needed to further evaluate Casuarina 41 cunninghamiana, the department shall remain the lead agency. 42 (c) Each application for a special permit shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount determined by the department by 43 rule, not to exceed \$500. A special permit shall be required for 44 45 each noncontiguous commercial citrus grove and shall be renewed 46 every 5 years. The property owner is responsible for maintaining 47 and producing for inspection the original nursery invoice with

Page 2 of 9

4/3/2008 1:57:00 PM



48	certification documentation. If ownership of the property is
49	transferred, the seller must notify the department and provide to
50	the buyer a copy of the special permit and copies of all invoices
51	and certification documentation before the closing of the sale.
52	(d) Each application shall include a baseline survey of all
53	lands within 500 feet of the proposed Casuarina cunninghamiana
54	windbreak showing the location and identification to species of
55	all existing Casuarina spp.
56	(e) Nurseries authorized to produce Casuarina
57	cunninghamiana must obtain a special permit from the department
58	certifying that the plants have been vegetatively propagated from
59	sexually mature male source trees currently grown in the state.
60	The importation of Casuarina cunninghamiana from any area outside
61	the state to be used as a propagation source tree is prohibited.
62	Each male source tree must be registered by the department as
63	being a horticulturally true-to-type male plant and be labeled
64	with a source tree registration number. Each nursery application
65	for a special permit shall be accompanied by a fee in an amount
66	determined by the department by rule, not to exceed \$200. Special
67	permits shall be renewed annually. The department shall set the
68	amount of an annual fee by rule, which may not exceed \$50, for
69	each Casuarina cunninghamiana registered as a source tree.
70	Nurseries may sell Casuarina cunninghamiana only to a person who
71	has a special permit as specified in paragraphs (a) and (b). The
72	source tree registration numbers of the parent plants must be
73	documented on each invoice or other certification documentation
74	provided to the buyer.
75	(f) All Casuarina cunninghamiana must be destroyed by the
76	property owner within 6 months after:

4/3/2008 1:57:00 PM



77	1. The property owner takes permanent action to no longer
78	use the site for commercial citrus production;
79	2. The site has not been used for commercial citrus
80	production for a period of 5 years; or
81	3. The department determines that the Casuarina
82	cunninghamiana on the site has become invasive. The department's
83	determination shall be based on, but need not limited to, the
84	recommendation of the Noxious Weed and Invasive Plant Review
85	Committee, created by the department, and the Department of
86	Environmental Protection and in consultation with a
87	representative of the citrus industry who has a Casuarina
88	cunninghamiana windbreak.
89	
90	If the owner or person in charge refuses or neglects to comply,
91	the director or his or her authorized representative may, under
92	authority of the department, proceed to destroy the plants. The
93	expense of the destruction shall be assessed, collected, and
94	enforced against the owner by the department. If the owner does
95	not pay the assessed cost, the department may record a lien
96	against the property.
97	(g) The use of Casuarina cunninghamiana for windbreaks does
98	not preclude the department from issuing permits for the research
99	or release of biological control agents to control Casuarina sp.
100	in accordance with s. 581.083.
101	(h) The use of Casuarina cunninghamiana for windbreaks may
102	not restrict or interfere with any other agency or local
103	government effort to manage or control noxious weeds or invasive
104	plants, including Casuarina cunninghamiana, and another agency
105	or local government may not remove any Casuarina cunninghamiana



106	planted as a windbreak under a special permit issued by the
107	department.
108	(i) The department shall develop and implement a
109	monitoring protocol to determine the invasiveness of Casuarina
110	cunninghamiana. The monitoring protocol shall, at a minimum,
111	require:
112	1. Inspection of the planting site by department
113	inspectors within 30 days following initial planting or any
114	subsequent planting of Casuarina cunninghamiana to ensure the
115	criteria of the special permit have been met.
116	2. Annual site inspections of planting sites and all lands
117	within 500 feet of the planted windbreak by department
118	inspectors who have been trained to identify Casuarina spp. and
119	to make determinations of whether Casuarina cunninghamiana has
120	spread beyond the permitted windbreak location.
121	3. The removal of any new seedlings found within 500 feet
122	of the planted windbreak which shall be identified to the
123	species level and evaluated to determine if hybridization has
124	occurred.
125	4. The department to submit an annual report and a final
126	5-year evaluation identifying any adverse effects resulting from
127	the planting of Casuarina cunninghamiana for windbreaks and
128	documenting all inspections and the results of those inspections
129	to the Noxious Weed and Invasive Plant Review Committee, the
130	Department of Environmental Protection, and a designated
131	representative of the citrus industry who has a Casuarina
132	cunninghamiana windbreak.
133	(j) If the department determines that female flowers or
134	cones have been produced on any Casuarina cunninghamiana that
135	have been planted under a special permit issued by the
I	Page 5 of 9



136 department, the property owner shall destroy the trees. The 137 department shall notify the property owner of the timeframe and 138 method of destruction. 139 (k) If at any time the department determines that 140 hybridization has occurred during the pilot program between 141 Casuarina cunninghamiana planted as a windbreak and other Casuarina sp., the department shall expeditiously initiate 142 research to determine the invasiveness of the hybrid. The 143 144 information obtained from this research shall be evaluated by 145 the Noxious Weed and Invasive Plant Review Committee, the 146 Department of Environmental Protection, and a designated 147 representative of the citrus industry who has a Casuarina 148 cunninghamiana windbreak. If the department determines that the 149 hybrids have a high potential to become invasive, based on, but 150 not limited to, the recommendation of the Noxious Weed and 151 Invasive Plant Review Committee, the Department of Environmental 152 Protection, and a designated representative of the citrus industry who has a Casuarina cunninghamiana windbreak, this 153 154 pilot program shall be permanently suspended. 155 (1) Each application for a special permit must be accompanied by a fee as described in paragraph (c) and an 156 157 agreement that the property owner will abide by all permit conditions, including the removal of Casuarina cunninghamiana, 158 if invasive populations or other adverse environmental factors 159 160 are determined to be present by the department as a result of 161 the use of Casuarina cunninghamiana as windbreaks. The 162 application must include, on a form provided by the department, 163 the name of the applicant, the applicant's address or the 164 address of the applicant's principal place of business, a statement of the estimated cost of removing and destroying the 165

Page 6 of 9

4/3/2008 1:57:00 PM



166	Casuarina cunninghamiana that is the subject of the special
167	permit, and the basis for calculating or determining that
168	estimate. If the applicant is a corporation, partnership, or
169	other business entity, the applicant must also provide in the
170	application the name and address of each officer, partner, or
171	managing agent. The applicant shall notify the department within
172	30 business days after any change of address or change in the
173	principal place of business. The department shall mail all
174	notices to the applicant's last known address.
175	1. Upon obtaining a permit, the permitholder must annually
176	maintain the Casuarina cunninghamiana authorized by a special
177	permit as required in the permit. If the permitholder ceases to
178	maintain the Casuarina cunninghamiana as required by the special
179	permit, if the permit expires, or if the permitholder ceases to
180	abide by the conditions of the special permit, the permitholder
181	shall remove and destroy the Casuarina cunninghamiana in a
182	timely manner as specified in the permit.
183	2. If the department determines that:
184	a. The permitholder is no longer maintaining the Casuarina
185	cunninghamiana subject to the special permit and has not removed
186	and destroyed the Casuarina cunninghamiana authorized by the
187	special permit;
188	b. The continued use of Casuarina cunninghamiana as
189	windbreaks presents an imminent danger to public health, safety,
190	or welfare; or
191	c. The permitholder has exceeded the conditions of the
192	authorized special permit,
193	
194	the department may issue an immediate final order, which shall
195	be immediately appealable or enjoinable as provided by chapter
I	Page 7 of 9

4/3/2008 1:57:00 PM



100	100 dimenting the normithelder to immediately womene and
196	120, directing the permitholder to immediately remove and
197	destroy the Casuarina cunninghamiana authorized to be planted
198	under the special permit. A copy of the immediate final order
199	shall be mailed to the permitholder.
200	3. If, upon issuance by the department of an immediate
201	final order to the permitholder, the permitholder fails to
202	remove and destroy the Casuarina cunninghamiana subject to the
203	special permit within 60 days after issuance of the order, or a
204	shorter period as public health, safety, or welfare requires,
205	the department may remove and destroy the Casuarina
206	cunninghamiana that are the subject of the special permit. If
207	the permitholder makes a written request to the department for
208	an extension of time to remove and destroy the Casuarina
209	cunninghamiana which demonstrates specific facts showing why the
210	Casuarina cunninghamiana could not be reasonably removed and
211	destroyed in the applicable timeframe, the department may extend
212	the time for removing and destroying Casuarina cunninghamiana
213	subject to a special permit. The reasonable costs and expenses
214	incurred by the department for removing and destroying Casuarina
215	cunninghamiana, subject to a special permit, shall be paid out
216	of the Citrus Inspection Trust Fund and shall be reimbursed by
217	the party to whom the immediate final order is issued. If the
218	party to whom the immediate final order has been issued fails to
219	reimburse the state within 60 days, the department may record a
220	lien on the property. The lien shall be enforced under state law
221	by the department.
222	4. In order to carry out the purposes of this subsection,

223 the department or its agents may require from any permitholder, 224 verified statements of the planted acreage subject to the 225 special permit and may review the permitholder's business or

Page 8 of 9

4/3/2008 1:57:00 PM



226	planting records at his or her place of business during normal
227	business hours in order to determine the acreage planted. The
228	failure of a permitholder to furnish such statement or to make
229	such records available is cause for suspension of the special
230	permit. If the department finds such failure to be willful, the
231	special permit may be revoked.
232	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.
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234	======================================
235	And the title is amended as follows:
236	Delete everything before the enacting clause
237	and insert:
238	A bill to be entitled
239	An act relating to the protection of commercial citrus
240	groves; amending s. 581.091, F.S.; providing conditions for
241	use of Casuarina cunninghamiana as a windbreak for
242	commercial citrus groves; providing for permitting and
243	permit fees; providing for destruction of Casuarina
244	cunninghamiana; providing that use as a windbreak does not
245	preclude research or release of agents to control Casuarina
246	sp.; providing that the use of Casuarina cunninghamiana for
247	windbreaks does not interfere with or restrict efforts to
248	manage or control noxious weeds or invasive plants;
249	prohibiting any other agency or local government from
250	removing Casuarina cunninghamiana planted as a windbreak
251	under special permit; requiring the removal of Casuarina
252	cunninghamiana under certain conditions; requiring that the
253	permitholder pay the costs of removal; providing for a lien
254	against the property of a permitholder for failure to pay
255	such costs; providing an effective date.

Page 9 of 9