By Senator Dockery

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to reclaimed water development; amending s. 373.250, F.S.; defining the term "reuse of reclaimed water" to include certain specified uses; providing that reclaimed water is available to a consumptive use permit applicant; requiring a water management district to require the use of reclaimed water under certain circumstances; providing that the use of reclaimed water is economically feasible if provided for a charge less than or equal to the charge for potable water provided by a water utility located in the permit applicant's service area; providing that the charge for potable water provided by the closest water utility will determine economic feasibility if the proposed use is not located in a water utility service area, except for the use of irrigation water for commercial agricultural operations; providing for the designation of mandatory reclaimed water zones; authorizing a local government or a water management district to designate mandatory reclaimed water zones under certain circumstances; prohibiting a water management district from approving a nonpotable user's application unless certain written evidence is provided; authorizing a water management district to approve a permit application without requiring use of reclaimed water; excluding new consumptive use permit applications, modifications, or renewals of existing permits for the use of irrigation water for commercial agricultural operations or reclaimed water or seawater that is the sole water source for a new or existing nonpotable water use;

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prohibiting a water management district, the Department of Environmental Protection, or other state agency from basing its approval of a permit, grant, loan, or agreement on the designation of a mandatory reclaimed water zone; requiring a water management district to adopt rules that create a program to assign an offset to a reclaimed water provider which results from the substitution of reclaimed water supplied for existing water withdrawals; requiring such rules to be adopted by a certain date depending on an area's classification; providing guidelines for the rules; requiring a water management district to adopt rules related to the supplementation of reclaimed water; requiring a water management district to regulate the use of reclaimed water as prescribed by law; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 373.250, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

50 373.250 Reuse of reclaimed water.--

(1) The encouragement and promotion of water conservation and reuse of reclaimed water, as defined by the department, are state objectives and considered to be in the public interest. The Legislature finds that the use of reclaimed water provided by domestic wastewater treatment plants permitted and operated under a reuse program approved by the department is environmentally acceptable and not a threat to public health and safety.

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(2) (a) For purposes of this section, "uncommitted" means the average amount of reclaimed water produced during the three lowest-flow months minus the amount of reclaimed water that a reclaimed water provider is contractually obligated to provide to a customer or user.

- (b) For purposes of this section, "reuse of reclaimed water" includes, but is not limited to, irrigation use, commercial use, industrial use, recreational use, electrical generation use, mining and extractive use, and environmental use.
- (c) (b) Reclaimed water is may be presumed available to a consumptive use permit applicant if when a utility that exists which provides reclaimed water exists and, which has uncommitted reclaimed water capacity, and which has distribution facilities that can be extended to the permit applicant's property, which are initially provided by the utility at its cost, to the site of the affected applicant's proposed use.
- (d) (e) A water management district shall may require the use of reclaimed water if in lieu of surface water or groundwater when the use of uncommitted reclaimed water is environmentally, economically, and technically feasible and of such quality and reliability as is necessary to the user. However, this paragraph does not authorize a water management district to require a provider of reclaimed water to redirect reclaimed water from one user to another or to provide uncommitted reclaimed water to a specific user or class of user if such water is anticipated to be used by the provider, or a different user selected by the provider, within a reasonable amount of time.
- (e) The use of reclaimed water is economically feasible, if it is provided for a charge less than or equal to the charge for

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the affected permit applicant's proposed use is located. If the affected permit applicant's proposed use is not located in a water utility service area, the charge for potable water provided by the closest water utility shall be used to determine economic feasibility. This paragraph does not apply to the use of irrigation water for commercial agricultural operations.

- (3) The Legislature authorizes the designation of mandatory reclaimed water zones if the use of reclaimed water is environmentally, economically, and technically feasible for nonpotable uses of water within the designated mandatory reclaimed water zone.
- (a) A local government, either individually or by interlocal agreement, may designate mandatory reclaimed water zones, if one or more reclaimed water providers have committed to provide reclaimed water to all nonpotable water users or classes of nonpotable water users. A water management district may not approve an application for nonpotable water users or classes of nonpotable water users located within a mandatory reclaimed water zone, unless the permit applicant has provided written evidence demonstrating that the local government, which designated the mandatory reclaimed water zone, has authorized an exemption for the use of nonpotable water or the permit applicant has demonstrated that reclaimed water service has been requested, but has not been made available within the timeframe in paragraph (c).
- (b) If a local government has not designated a mandatory reclaimed water zone, a water management district may designate, by order, mandatory reclaimed water zones in areas where one or

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more reclaimed water providers have committed to provide reclaimed water to all nonpotable water users or classes of nonpotable water users. Mandatory reclaimed water zones designated pursuant to this paragraph shall remain in effect until repealed by the water management district or until a mandatory reclaimed water zone is established by a local government in the same geographic area.

- (c) If a permit applicant within a mandatory reclaimed water zone demonstrates that it requested reclaimed water from the reclaimed water provider and the provider did not make reclaimed water available within 180 days after such request, a water management district may approve a permit application without requiring the use of reclaimed water. However, the water management district shall require the permit applicant to request the use of reclaimed water before applying for any modification or renewal of the permit.
- (d) This subsection applies to all new consumptive use permit applications, modifications, and renewals of existing consumptive use permits; however, it does not apply to any new consumptive use permit applications, modifications, or renewals of existing consumptive use permits for the use of irrigation water for commercial agricultural operations or where reclaimed water or seawater is the sole water source for a new or existing nonpotable water use.
- (e) A water management district, the Department of Environmental Protection, or other state agency may not base its decision to act on or approve a permit, grant, loan, or agreement upon the designation of a mandatory reclaimed water zone.
 - (4) In areas of the state where new or increased water

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145 withdrawals have been limited by law including, but not limited 146 to, minimum flows and levels established pursuant to ss. 373.042 147 and 373.0421 or water reservations created pursuant to s. 148 373.223, the water management district with jurisdiction over the 149 area shall create a program by rule to assign to the reclaimed 150 water provider any offset created by the substitution of 151 reclaimed water supplied by the provider for existing water 152 withdrawals, which would allow the reclaimed water provider the 153 ability to obtain a consumptive use permit authorizing a new or 154 increased water withdrawal. For existing areas, where new or 155 increased water withdrawals have been limited by law, this rule 156 shall be adopted no later than January 1, 2009. For all other 157 areas, the rule shall be adopted no later than one year following 158 the date new or increased water withdrawals are limited by law. 159 In areas located within more than one water management district, 160 the same rule shall be jointly adopted by the affected water 161 management districts by the specified deadline. The Lower East 162 Coast, as defined in the rules of the South Florida Water 163 Management District, shall be considered an area where new or increased water withdrawals have been limited by law and for 164 165 which this program shall be adopted by rule no later than January 166 1, 2009.

- (5) Any rule adopted pursuant to paragraph (4) shall provide for the following:
- (a) The process to be used to determine how offsets are generated, quantified, and validated;
- (b) The timing and duration of the offset, provided however, the reclaimed water provider shall at a minimum be entitled to the offset as long as it continues to supply the

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reclaimed water that was substituted for the existing water withdrawal;

- (c) A mechanism that would allow a reclaimed water user to recapture the offset assigned to the reclaimed water provider should the provider permanently cease to supply reclaimed water to the user; and
- (d) A procedure to allow reclaimed water providers to collaborate to combine their reclaimed water supplies and to assign all or part of any offset recognized by the water management district to any or all of the collaborating reclaimed water providers.
- (6) (3) The water management district shall, in consultation with the department, adopt rules to implement this section. Such rules shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) Provisions to permit use of water from other sources in emergency situations or if reclaimed water becomes unavailable, for the duration of the emergency or the unavailability of reclaimed water. These provisions shall also specify the method for establishing the quantity of water to be set aside for use in emergencies or when reclaimed water becomes unavailable. The amount set aside is subject to periodic review and revision. The methodology shall take into account the risk that reclaimed water may not be available in the future, the risk that other sources may be fully allocated to other uses in the future, the nature of the uses served with reclaimed water, the extent to which the applicant intends to rely upon reclaimed water and the extent of economic harm which may result if other sources are not available to replace the reclaimed water. It is the intent of this paragraph to ensure that users of reclaimed water have the same

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access to ground or surface water and will otherwise be treated in the same manner as other users of the same class not relying on reclaimed water.

- (b) Provisions to authorize the supplementation of reclaimed water with surface water, groundwater, or stormwater.

 Such rules shall recognize that available flows of reclaimed water change seasonally and permitting the supplementation of reclaimed water with other water sources during periods of low flow will extend the reclaimed water supply for greater beneficial reuse.
- (c) (b) A water management district may shall not adopt any rule which gives preference to users within any class of use established under s. 373.246 who do not use reclaimed water over users within the same class who use reclaimed water.
- <u>(7)</u> (4) Nothing in this section shall impair a water management district's authority to plan for and regulate consumptive uses of water under this chapter, except that regulation of reclaimed water use by water management districts shall be consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (8) (5) This section applies to new consumptive use permits and renewals of existing consumptive use permits.
- Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.