A bill to be entitled

An act relating to high school athletics; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; revising provisions relating to membership of the board of directors and the representative assembly of the Florida High School Athletic Association; redesignating the association's commissioner as executive director; limiting the executive director's authority to waive the association's bylaws; requiring separate playoff systems for public and nonpublic schools; revising requirements for the association's bylaws; requiring the executive director or designee to investigate alleged violations of the association's bylaws and policies; providing for the nomination and appointment of a judicial officer to determine violations of the association's bylaws and policies and impose penalties; authorizing a member school or student athlete accused of a violation to review investigative findings and submit a written response; specifying that appeal of a ruling affecting a student athlete be made to a sectional appeals committee; providing for the appointment of state appeals boards to decide appeals of rulings affecting member schools; providing minimum qualifications for board members; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsections (1) through (8) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.--

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- GOVERNING NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION. -- The Florida High School Athletic Association is designated as the governing nonprofit organization of athletics in Florida public schools. If the Florida High School Athletic Association fails to comply with meet the provisions of this section, the Commissioner of Education shall designate a nonprofit organization to govern athletics with the approval of the State Board of Education. The organization is not to be a state agency as defined in s. 120.52. The organization is shall be subject to the provisions of s. 1006.19. A nonpublic private school that wishes to engage in high school athletic competition with a public high school may become a member of the organization. The bylaws of the organization are to be the rules by which high school athletic programs in its member schools, and the students who participate in them, are governed, unless otherwise specifically provided by law statute. For the purposes of this section, "high school" includes grades 6 through 12.
 - (2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS. --
- (a) The organization shall adopt bylaws that, unless specifically provided by <u>law statute</u>, establish eligibility requirements for all students who participate in high school athletic competition in its member schools. The bylaws governing residence and transfer shall allow <u>a the</u> student to be eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year, or makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in a practice <u>before</u> prior to enrolling in any member school. The student <u>is shall be</u> eligible in that school so long

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as he or she remains enrolled in that school. Subsequent eligibility shall be determined and enforced through the organization's bylaws.

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- (b) The organization shall adopt bylaws that specifically prohibit the recruiting of students for athletic purposes. The bylaws shall prescribe penalties and an appeals process for athletic recruiting violations.
- The organization shall adopt bylaws that require all students participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year before prior to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation can only be administered by a practitioner licensed under the provisions of chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, and in good standing with the practitioner's regulatory board. The bylaws shall establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history and performing the medical evaluation required under this paragraph, which shall include a physical assessment of the student's physical capabilities to participate in interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The evaluation form shall incorporate the recommendations of the American Heart Association for participation cardiovascular screening and shall provide a place for the signature of the practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that

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each examination procedure listed on the form was performed by the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of the practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be provided to the school. A No student is not shall be eligible to participate in any interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team until the results of the medical evaluation are have been received and approved by the school.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c), a student may participate in interscholastic athletic competition or be a candidate for an interscholastic athletic team if the parent of the student objects in writing to the student undergoing a medical evaluation because such evaluation is contrary to his or her religious tenets or practices. However, in such case, there <u>is</u> shall be no liability on the part of any person or entity in a position to otherwise rely on the results of such medical evaluation for any damages resulting from the student's injury or death arising directly from the student's

participation in interscholastic athletics where an undisclosed medical condition that would have been revealed in the medical evaluation is a proximate cause of the injury or death.

- (3) GOVERNING STRUCTURE OF THE ORGANIZATION. --
- (a) The organization shall operate as a representative democracy in which the sovereign authority is within its member schools. Except as provided in this section, the organization shall govern its affairs through its bylaws.
- (b) Each member school, on its annual application for membership, shall name its official representative to the organization. This representative must be either the school principal or his or her designee. That designee must either be an assistant principal or athletic director housed within that same school.
- (c) The organization's membership shall be divided along existing county lines into four contiguous and compact administrative sections regions, each containing an equal or nearly equal number of member schools to ensure equitable representation on the organization's board of directors, representative assembly, sectional and committee on appeals committees, and state appeals boards.
 - (4) BOARD OF DIRECTORS. --

(a) The executive authority of the organization shall be vested in its board of directors. Any entity that appoints members to the board of directors shall examine the ethnic and demographic composition of the board when selecting candidates for appointment and shall, to the greatest extent possible, make appointments that reflect state demographic and population

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trends. The board of directors shall be composed of 16 persons, as follows:

- 1. Four <u>member</u> public <u>member</u> school representatives, <u>each</u> one elected from among <u>the member</u> its public school <u>representatives</u> representative members within each of the four administrative sections regions.
- 2. Four <u>member</u> nonpublic <u>member</u> school representatives,

 <u>each</u> one elected from among <u>the member</u> its nonpublic school

 <u>representatives</u> representative members within each of the four administrative <u>sections</u> regions.
- 3. Three representatives appointed by the Commissioner of Education, one appointed from the two northernmost administrative sections regions and one appointed from the two southernmost administrative sections regions. The third representative shall be appointed to balance the board for diversity or state population trends, or both.
- 4. Two district school superintendents, one elected from the two northernmost administrative <u>sections</u> regions by the members in those <u>sections</u> regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative <u>sections</u> regions by the members in those sections regions.
- 5. Two district school board members, one elected from the two northernmost administrative <u>sections</u> regions by the members in those <u>sections</u> regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative <u>sections</u> by the members in those sections regions.
- 6. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee from the department's department executive staff.

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(b) A quorum of the board of directors \underline{is} shall consist of nine members.

- (c) The board of directors shall elect a president and a vice president from among its members. These officers shall also serve as officers of the organization.
- (d) Members of the board of directors shall serve terms of 3 years and are eligible to succeed themselves only once. A member of the board of directors, other than the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee, may serve a maximum of 6 consecutive years. The organization's bylaws shall establish a rotation of terms to ensure that a majority of the members' terms do not expire concurrently.
- (e) The authority and duties of the board of directors, acting as a body and in accordance with the organization's bylaws, are as follows:
- 1. To act as the incorporated organization's board of directors and to fulfill its obligations as required by the organization's charter and articles of incorporation.
- 2. To establish such guidelines, regulations, policies, and procedures as are authorized by the bylaws.
- 3. To provide an <u>executive director</u> organization commissioner, who shall have the authority to waive the bylaws of the organization <u>if necessary</u> in order to comply with statutory changes.
- 4. To levy annual dues and other fees and to set the percentage of contest receipts to be collected by the organization.
 - 5. To approve the budget of the organization.

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6. To organize and conduct statewide interscholastic competitions, which may or may not lead to state championships, and to establish the terms and conditions for these competitions. The terms and conditions must establish separate interscholastic playoff systems for public schools and nonpublic schools which lead to separate championships.

- 7. To act as an administrative board in the interpretation of, and final decision on, all questions and appeals arising from the directing of interscholastic athletics of member schools.
 - (5) REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY. --

- (a) The legislative authority of the organization is vested in its representative assembly.
- (b) The representative assembly shall be composed of the following:
- 1. An equal number of member school representatives from each of the four administrative sections, divided proportionately between the public and nonpublic member schools in each section regions.
- 2. Four district school superintendents, one elected from each of the four administrative $\underline{\text{sections}}$ $\underline{\text{regions}}$ by the district school superintendents in $\underline{\text{the}}$ $\underline{\text{their}}$ respective administrative section $\underline{\text{regions}}$.
- 3. Four district school board members, one elected from each of the four administrative <u>sections</u> regions by the district school board members in <u>the</u> their respective administrative section regions.
 - 4. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee

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from the department's department executive staff.

(c) The organization's bylaws shall establish the number of member school representatives to serve in the representative assembly from each of the four administrative <u>sections</u> regions and shall establish the method for their selection.

- (d) \underline{A} No member of the board of directors, other than the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee, may not ean serve in the representative assembly.
- (e) The representative assembly shall elect a chairperson and a vice chairperson from among its members.
- (f) Elected members of the representative assembly shall serve terms of 2 years and are eligible to succeed themselves for two additional terms. An elected member, other than the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee, may serve a maximum of 6 consecutive years in the representative assembly.
- (g) A quorum of the representative assembly \underline{is} consists of one more than half of its members.
- (h) The authority of the representative assembly is limited to its sole duty, which is to consider, adopt, or reject any proposed amendments to the organization's bylaws.
- (i) The representative assembly shall meet as a body annually. A two-thirds majority of the votes cast by members present is required for passage of any proposal.
 - (6) PUBLIC LIAISON ADVISORY COMMITTEE. --
- (a) The organization shall establish, sustain, fund, and provide staff support to a public liaison advisory committee composed of the following:
 - 1. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee.

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- 253 2. A member public school principal.
 - 3. A member nonpublic private school principal.
- 4. A member school principal who is a member of a racial minority.
 - 5. An active athletic director.
- 6. An active coach, who is employed full time by a member school.
- 7. A student athlete.

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- 8. A district school superintendent.
- 9. A district school board member.
- 263 10. A member of the Florida House of Representatives.
- 264 11. A member of the Florida Senate.
 - 12. A parent of a high school student.
 - 13. A member of a home education association.
 - 14. A representative of the business community.
 - 15. A representative of the news media.
 - (b) A No member of the board of directors, sectional committee on appeals committee, state appeals board, or representative assembly may not is eligible to serve on the public liaison advisory committee.
 - (c) The public liaison advisory committee shall elect a chairperson and vice chairperson from among its members.
 - (d) The authority and duties of the public liaison advisory committee are as follows:
 - 1. To act as a conduit through which the general public may have input into the decisionmaking process of the organization and to assist the organization in the development of procedures regarding the receipt of public input and

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disposition of complaints related to high school athletic and competition programs.

- 2. To conduct public hearings annually in each of the four administrative <u>sections</u> regions during which interested parties may address issues regarding the effectiveness of the rules, operation, and management of the organization.
- 3. To conduct an annual evaluation of the organization as a whole and present a report of its findings, conclusions conclusion, and recommendations to the board of directors, to the Commissioner of Education, and to the respective education committees of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives. The recommendations must delineate policies and procedures that will improve the implementation and oversight of high school athletic programs by the organization.
- (e) The public liaison advisory committee shall meet four times annually. Additional meetings may be called by the committee chairperson, the organization president, or the executive director of the organization commissioner.
 - (7) DUE PROCESS PROCEDURES APPEALS. --
- (a)1. The bylaws of the organization shall provide for the appointment of a judicial officer. The four member public school representatives and four member nonpublic school representatives on the organization's board of directors shall jointly nominate at least three candidates for the judicial officer, and the full board of directors shall appoint the judicial officer from among the nominees. The organization's executive director may not serve as the judicial officer.
 - 2. The organization's executive director or designee shall

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investigate alleged violations of the organization's bylaws, or of guidelines, regulations, policies, and procedures authorized by the bylaws, and submit investigative findings to the judicial officer. The judicial officer may not participate in the investigation. The member school or student athlete accused of a violation must have the opportunity to review the investigative findings and submit a written response within a period specified in the bylaws. Upon review of the investigative findings and written response of the accused member school or student athlete, if submitted, the judicial officer shall determine whether the accused member school or student athlete committed a violation and, if a violation is found to have been committed, impose the penalties authorized by the bylaws.

- (b)1.(a) The organization shall establish a procedure of due process which ensures each member school and student athlete the opportunity to appeal an unfavorable ruling with regard to his or her eligibility to compete.
- 2. The initial appeal of an unfavorable ruling adversely affecting a student athlete shall be made to a sectional appeals committee on appeals within the administrative section region in which the student athlete resides lives. The organization's bylaws shall establish the number, size, and composition of the sectional committee on appeals committees.
- 3. The initial appeal of an unfavorable ruling adversely affecting a member school shall be made to one of two state appeals boards. One board shall decide appeals from member public schools, and one board shall decide appeals from member nonpublic schools. Each board shall be composed of five members.

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The public school representatives on the representative assembly from each of the four administrative sections shall each appoint one member to the state appeals board for public schools. The nonpublic school representatives on the representative assembly from each of the four administrative sections shall each appoint one member to the state appeals board for nonpublic schools. The Commissioner of Education shall appoint one additional member to each state appeals board, who shall serve as chair of the respective board. At least one member of each state appeals board must be an attorney.

- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ $\underline{\text{A}}$ No member of the board of directors $\underline{\text{may not}}$ $\underline{\text{is}}$ eligible to serve on a sectional appeals the committee or state on appeals board.
- (d) (c) Members of the sectional committee on appeals committees or state appeals boards shall serve terms of 3 years and are eligible to succeed themselves only once. A member of a sectional the committee on appeals committee or state appeals board may serve a maximum of 6 consecutive years. The organization's bylaws shall establish a rotation of terms to ensure that a majority of the members' terms do not expire concurrently.
- (e) (d) The authority and duties of the <u>sectional</u> committee on appeals <u>committees</u> shall be to consider requests by member schools seeking exceptions to bylaws and regulations, to hear undue hardship eligibility cases filed by member schools on behalf of student athletes, and to hear appeals filed by member schools relating to a student athlete's eligibility.
 - $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) A student athlete or member school that receives an Page 13 of 14

unfavorable ruling from a <u>sectional</u> committee on appeals <u>committee</u> or state appeals board is <u>shall</u> be entitled to appeal <u>the that</u> decision to the board of directors at its next regularly scheduled meeting or called meeting. The board of directors <u>has shall have</u> the authority to uphold, reverse, or amend the decision of the <u>sectional</u> committee on appeals <u>committee</u> or state appeals board. In all such cases, the decision of the board of directors <u>is shall be</u> final.

- (8) AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS.--Each member school representative, the board of directors acting as a whole or as members acting individually, any advisory committee acting as a whole to be established by the organization, and the organization's executive director commissioner are empowered to propose amendments to the bylaws. Any other individual may propose an amendment by securing the sponsorship of any of the aforementioned individuals or bodies. All proposed amendments must be submitted directly to the representative assembly for its consideration. The representative assembly, while empowered to adopt, reject, or revise proposed amendments, may not, in and of itself, as a body be allowed to propose any amendment for its own consideration.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.