Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

	Amendment No.
	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
	· ·
	· ·
1	Representatives Ross and Reagan offered the following:
2	
3	Substitute Amendment for Amendment (439287) to Senate Bill
4	(with title amendment)
5	Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert:
6	
7	Section 1. Section 215.5595, Florida Statutes, is amended
8	to read:
9	215.5595 Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program
10	(1) Upon entering the 2008 2006 hurricane season, the
11	Legislature finds that:
12	(a) The losses in this state Florida from eight hurricanes
13	in 2004 and 2005 have seriously strained the resources of both
14	the voluntary insurance market and the public sector mechanisms
15	of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and the Florida
16	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
- U	870297
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM
	Page 1 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. (b) Private reinsurance is much less available and at a significantly greater cost to residential property insurers as compared to 1 year ago, particularly for amounts below the insurer's retention or retained losses that must be paid before reimbursement is provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

23 (c) The Office of Insurance Regulation has reported that
 24 the insolvency of certain insurers may be imminent.

25 (d) Hurricane forecast experts predict that the 2006
26 hurricane season will be an active hurricane season and that the
27 Atlantic and Gulf Coast regions face an active hurricane cycle
28 of 10 to 20 years or longer.

29 (b) (e) Citizens Property Insurance Corporation has over 1.2 million policies in force, has the largest market share of 30 any insurer writing residential property insurer in the state, 31 and faces the threat of a catastrophic loss that The number of 32 33 cancellations or nonrenewals of residential property insurance policies is expected to increase and the number of new 34 residential policies written in the voluntary market are likely 35 36 to decrease, causing increased policy growth and exposure to the state insurer of last resort, Citizens Property Insurance 37 Corporation, and threatening to increase the deficit of the 38 39 corporation, currently estimated to be over \$1.7 billion. This 40 deficit must be funded by assessments against insurers and policyholders, unless otherwise funded by the state. The program 41 has a substantial positive effect on the depopulation efforts of 42 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation since companies 43 participating in the program have removed over 199,000 policies 44 870297

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

45	from the corporation. Companies participating in the program
46	have issued a significant number of new policies, thereby
47	keeping an estimated 480,000 new policies out of the
48	corporation.
49	<u>(c)</u> Policyholders are subject to <u>high</u> increased
50	premiums and assessments that are increasingly making such
51	coverage unaffordable and that may force policyholders to sell
52	their homes and even leave the state.
53	<u>(d)</u> The increased risk to the public sector and private
54	sector <u>continues to pose</u> poses a serious threat to the economy
55	of this state, particularly the building and financing of
56	residential structures, and existing mortgages may be placed in
57	default.
58	(h) The losses from 2004 and 2005, combined with the
59	expectation that the increase in hurricane activity will
60	continue for the foreseeable future, have caused both insurers
61	and reinsurers to limit the capital they are willing to commit
62	to covering the hurricane risk in Florida; attracting new
63	capital to the Florida market is a critical priority; and
64	providing a low cost source of capital would enable insurers to
65	write additional residential property insurance coverage and act
66	to mitigate premium increases.
67	<u>(e)</u> Appropriating state funds to be <u>exchanged for</u> used
68	as surplus notes <u>issued by</u> for residential property insurers,
69	under conditions requiring the insurer to contribute additional
70	private sector capital and to write a minimum level of premiums
71	for residential hurricane coverage, is a valid and important
72	public purpose.
•	870297
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 73 (f) Extending the Insurance Capital Build-up Incentive 74 Program will provide an incentive for investors to commit 75 additional capital to Florida's residential insurance market. 76 The purpose of this section is to provide funds in (2) exchange for surplus notes to be issued by to new or existing 77 78 authorized residential property insurers under the Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program administered by the State 79 Board of Administration, under the following conditions: 80 The amount of state funds provided in exchange for a 81 (a) the surplus note to for any insurer or insurer group, other than 82 an insurer writing only manufactured housing policies, may not 83 exceed \$25 million or 20 percent of the total amount of funds 84 85 appropriated for available under the program, whichever is greater. The amount of the surplus note for any insurer or 86 insurer group writing residential property insurance covering 87 only manufactured housing may not exceed \$7 million. 88 On or after April 1, 2008, the insurer must contribute 89 (b) an amount of new capital to its surplus which is at least equal 90 to the amount of the surplus note and must apply to the board by 91 92 September 1, 2008 July 1, 2006. If an insurer applies after September 1, 2008 July 1, 2006, but before June 1, 2009 2007, 93 94 the amount of the surplus note is limited to one-half of the new 95 capital that the insurer contributes to its surplus, except that an insurer writing only manufactured housing policies is 96 eligible to receive a surplus note of up to \$7 million. For 97 purposes of this section, new capital must be in the form of 98 cash or cash equivalents as specified in s. 625.012(1). 99

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. The insurer's surplus, new capital, and the surplus 100 (C) 101 note must total at least \$50 million, except for insurers 102 writing residential property insurance covering only manufactured housing. The insurer's surplus, new capital, and 103 the surplus note must total at least \$14 million for insurers 104 105 writing only residential property insurance covering manufactured housing policies as provided in paragraph (a). 106 107 The insurer must commit to increase its writings of (d) residential property insurance, including the peril of wind, and 108 to meet meeting a minimum writing ratio of net written premium 109 to surplus of at least 1:1 for the first calendar year after 110 receiving the state funds or renegotiation of the surplus note, 111 112 1.5:1 for the second calendar year, and 2:1 for the remaining term of the surplus note. Alternatively, the insurer must meet a 113 minimum writing ratio of gross written premium to surplus of at 114 least 3:1 for the first calendar year after receiving the state 115 funds or renegotiation of the surplus note, 4.5:1 for the second 116 calendar year, and 6:1 for the remaining term of the surplus 117 note. The writing ratios, which shall be determined by the 118 119 Office of Insurance Regulation and certified quarterly to the board. For this purpose, the term "premium" "net written 120 121 premium" means net written premium for residential property insurance in this state Florida, including the peril of wind, 122 123 and "surplus" means the new capital and surplus note refers to the entire surplus of the insurer. An insurer that makes an 124 initial application after July 1, 2008, must also commit to 125 writing at least 15 percent of its net or gross written premium 126 for new policies, not including renewal premiums, for policies 127 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 128 taken out of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, during each of the first 3 years after receiving the state funds in 129 exchange for the surplus note, which shall be determined by the 130 Office of Insurance Regulation and certified annually to the 131 board. The office may determine that an insurer meets the 132 133 requirement for taking policies out the corporation, by written 134 notice to the board, upon a finding that the insurer made offers 135 of coverage to policyholders of the corporation which would have resulted in meeting this requirement had the policyholders 136 accepted the offer. The insurer must also commit to maintaining 137 a level of surplus and reinsurance sufficient to cover in excess 138 of its 1-in-100 year probable maximum loss, as determined by a 139 hurricane loss model accepted by the Florida Commission on 140 Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, which shall be determined 141 by the Office of Insurance Regulation and certified annually to 142 the board. If the board determines that the insurer has failed 143 to meet any of the requirements of this paragraph required ratio 144 is not maintained during the term of the surplus note, the board 145 may increase the interest rate, accelerate the repayment of 146 147 interest and principal, or shorten the term of the surplus note, subject to approval by the Commissioner of Insurance of payments 148 149 by the insurer of principal and interest as provided in 150 paragraph (f).

(e) If the requirements of this section are met, the board
may approve an application by an insurer for <u>funds in exchange</u>
<u>for issuance of</u> a surplus note, unless the board determines that
the financial condition of the insurer and its business plan for
writing residential property insurance in Florida places an
870297
4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

unreasonably high level of financial risk to the state of nonpayment in full of the interest and principal. The board shall consult with the Office of Insurance Regulation and may contract with independent financial and insurance consultants in making this determination.

161 (f) The surplus note must be repayable to the state with a 162 term of 20 years. The surplus note shall accrue interest on the unpaid principal balance at a rate equivalent to the 10-year 163 U.S. Treasury Bond rate, require the payment only of interest 164 during the first 3 years, and include such other terms as 165 approved by the board. The board may charge late fees up to 5 166 167 percent for late payments or other late remittances. Payment of 168 principal, or interest, or late fees by the insurer on the surplus note must be approved by the Commissioner of Insurance, 169 170 who shall approve such payment unless the commissioner determines that such payment will substantially impair the 171 financial condition of the insurer. If such a determination is 172 made, the commissioner shall approve such payment that will not 173 substantially impair the financial condition of the insurer. 174

175 (q) The total amount of funds available for the program is limited to the amount appropriated by the Legislature for this 176 177 purpose. If the amount of surplus notes requested by insurers 178 exceeds the amount of funds available, the board may prioritize 179 insurers that are eligible and approved, with priority for funding given to insurers writing only manufactured housing 180 policies, regardless of the date of application, based on the 181 financial strength of the insurer, the viability of its proposed 182 business plan for writing additional residential property 183 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 7 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 184 insurance in the state, and the effect on competition in the 185 residential property insurance market. Between insurers writing 186 residential property insurance covering manufactured housing, 187 priority shall be given to the insurer writing the highest 188 percentage of its policies covering manufactured housing.

(h) The board may allocate portions of the funds available
for the program and establish dates for insurers to apply for
surplus notes from such allocation which are earlier than the
dates established in paragraph (b).

193 (h) (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a newly formed 194 manufactured housing insurer that is eligible for a surplus note 195 under this section shall meet the premium to surplus ratio 196 provisions of s. 624.4095.

197 <u>(i) (j)</u> As used in this section, "an insurer writing only 198 manufactured housing policies" includes:

A Florida domiciled insurer that begins writing 199 1. personal lines residential manufactured housing policies in 200 Florida after March 1, 2007, and that removes a minimum of 201 50,000 policies from Citizens Property Insurance Corporation 202 203 without accepting a bonus, provided at least 25 percent of its policies cover manufactured housing. Such an insurer may count 204 205 any funds above the minimum capital and surplus requirement that 206 were contributed into the insurer after March 1, 2007, as new capital under this section. 207

208 2. A Florida domiciled insurer that writes at least 40
209 percent of its policies covering manufactured housing in
210 Florida.

211 (3) As used in this section, the term: 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 8 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

"Board" means the State Board of Administration. 212 (a) 213 "Program" means the Insurance Capital Build-Up (b) 214 Incentive Program established by this section. 215 The state funds provided to the insurer in exchange (4)for the A surplus note provided to an insurer pursuant to this 216 217 section are is considered borrowed surplus an asset of the insurer pursuant to s. 628.401 s. 625.012. 218 If an insurer that receives funds in exchange for 219 (5) issuance of a surplus note pursuant to this section is rendered 220 insolvent, the state is a $\frac{1}{2}$ creditor pursuant to s. 221 631.271 for the unpaid principal and interest on the surplus 222 223 note. 224 (6) The board shall adopt rules prescribing the procedures, administration, and criteria for approving the 225 applications of insurers to receive funds in exchange for 226 issuance of surplus notes pursuant to this section, which may be 227 228 adopted pursuant to the procedures for emergency rules of chapter 120. Otherwise, actions and determinations by the board 229 pursuant to this section are exempt from chapter 120. 230 231 (7)The board shall invest and reinvest the funds appropriated for the program in accordance with s. 215.47 and 232 233 consistent with board policy. 234 (8) Costs and fees incurred by the board in administering this program, including fees for investment services, shall be 235 236 paid from funds appropriated by the Legislature for this program, but are limited to 1 percent of the amount 237

appropriated. 238

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

239	Amendment No. (9) The board shall submit a report to the President of
240	the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by
241	February 1 of each year as to the results of the program and
242	each insurer's compliance with the terms of its surplus note.
243	(10) The amendments to this section enacted in 2008 do not
244	affect the terms or conditions of the surplus notes that were
245	approved prior to January 1, 2008. However, the board may
246	renegotiate the terms of any surplus note issued by an insurer
247	prior to January 2008 under this program upon the agreement of
248	the insurer and the board and consistent with the requirements
249	of this section as amended in 2008.
250	Section 2. Subsection (6) is added to section 624.3161,
251	Florida Statutes, to read:
252	624.3161 Market conduct examinations
253	(6) Based on the findings of a market conduct examination
254	that an insurer has exhibited a pattern or practice of willful
255	violations of an unfair insurance trade practice related to
256	claims-handling which caused harm to policyholders, as
257	prohibited by s. 626.9541(1)(i), the office, after a proceeding
258	under ss. 120.569 and 120.57(1), may require an insurer to file
259	its claims-handling practices and procedures related to that
260	line of insurance with the office for review and inspection, to
261	be held by the office for the following 36-month period. Such
262	claims-handling practices and procedures are public records and
263	are not trade secrets or otherwise exempt from the provisions of
264	s. 119.07(1). As used in this section, "claims-handling
265	practices and procedures" are any policies, guidelines, rules,
266	protocols, standard operating procedures, instructions, or
	870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 10 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

267 <u>directives that govern or guide how and the manner in which an</u> 268 <u>insured's claims for benefits under any policy will be</u> 269 <u>processed.</u> 270 Section 3. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 624.4211,

271 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

272 624.4211 Administrative fine in lieu of suspension or
273 revocation.--

With respect to any nonwillful violation, such fine 274 (2) may shall not exceed \$5,000 \$2,500 per violation. In no event 275 shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of \$20,000 \$10,000 276 277 for all nonwillful violations arising out of the same action. If When an insurer discovers a nonwillful violation, the insurer 278 279 shall correct the violation and, if restitution is due, make restitution to all affected persons. Such restitution shall 280 281 include interest at 12 percent per year from either the date of the violation or the date of inception of the affected person's 282 policy, at the insurer's option. The restitution may be a credit 283 against future premiums due provided that the interest 284 accumulates shall accumulate until the premiums are due. If the 285 286 amount of restitution due to any person is \$50 or more and the insurer wishes to credit it against future premiums, it shall 287 288 notify such person that she or he may receive a check instead of 289 a credit. If the credit is on a policy that which is not 290 renewed, the insurer shall pay the restitution to the person to whom it is due. 291

(3) With respect to any knowing and willful violation of a
lawful order or rule of the office or commission or a provision
of this code, the office may impose a fine upon the insurer in
870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 11 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

295	Amendment No. an amount not to exceed \$40,000 \$20,000 for each such violation.
296	In no event shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of
297	\$200,000 \$100,000 for all knowing and willful violations arising
298	out of the same action. In addition to such fines, the such
299	insurer shall make restitution when due in accordance with the
300	provisions of subsection (2).
301	Section 4. Section 624.4213, Florida Statutes, is created
302	to read:
303	624.4213 Trade secret documents
304	(1) If any person who is required to submit documents or
305	other information to the office or department pursuant to the
306	Insurance Code or by rule or order of the office, department, or
307	commission claims that such submission contains a trade secret,
308	such person may file with the office or department a notice of
309	trade secret as provided in this section. Failure to do so
310	constitutes a waiver of any claim by such person that the
311	document or information is a trade secret.
312	(a) Each page of such document or specific portion of a
313	document claimed to be a trade secret must be clearly marked as
314	"trade secret."
315	(b) All material marked as a trade secret must be
316	separated from all non-trade secret material, such as being
317	submitted in a separate envelope clearly marked as "trade
318	secret."
319	(c) In submitting a notice of trade secret to the office
320	or department, the submitting party must include an affidavit
321	certifying under oath to the truth of the following statements
	870297
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

322 concerning all documents or information that are claimed to be 323 trade secrets: 1. [I consider/My company considers] this information a 324 trade secret that has value and provides an advantage or an 325 opportunity to obtain an advantage over those who do not know or 326 327 use it. 328 2. [I have/My company has] taken measures to prevent the disclosure of the information to anyone other that those who 329 have been selected to have access for limited purposes, and [I 330 intend/my company intends] to continue to take such measures. 331 332 3. The information is not, and has not been, reasonably obtainable without [my/our] consent by other persons by use of 333 334 legitimate means. 4. The information is not publicly available elsewhere. 335 336 (2) If the office or department receives a public-records request for a document or information that is marked and 337 certified as a trade secret, the office or department shall 338 promptly notify the person that certified the document as a 339 trade secret. The notice shall inform such person that he or she 340 341 or his or her company has 30 days following receipt of such notice to file an action in circuit court seeking a 342 343 determination whether the document in question contains trade 344 secrets and an order barring public disclosure of the document. If that person or company files an action within 30 days after 345 receipt of notice of the public-records request, the office or 346 department may not release the documents pending the outcome of 347 the legal action. The failure to file an action within 30 days 348

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

	Amendment No.
349	constitutes a waiver of any claim of confidentiality and the
350	office or department shall release the document as requested.
351	(3) The office or department may disclose a trade secret,
352	together with the claim that it is a trade secret, to an officer
353	or employee of another governmental agency whose use of the
354	trade secret is within the scope of his or her employment.
355	Section 5. Section 624.4305, Florida Statutes, is created
356	to read:
357	624.4305 Nonrenewal of residential property insurance
358	policiesAny insurer planning to nonrenew more than 10,000
359	residential property insurance policies in this state within a
360	12-month period shall give notice in writing to the Office of
361	Insurance Regulation for informational purposes 90 days before
362	the issuance of any notices of nonrenewal. The notice provided
363	to the office must set forth the insurer's reasons for such
364	action, the effective dates of nonrenewal, and any arrangements
365	made for other insurers to offer coverage to affected
366	policyholders.
367	Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 626.9521, Florida
368	Statutes, is amended to read:
369	626.9521 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or
370	deceptive acts or practices prohibited; penalties
371	(2) Any person who violates any provision of this part
372	shall be subject to a fine in an amount not greater than $\frac{55,000}{100}$
373	$rac{2}{500}$ for each nonwillful violation and not greater than
374	$\frac{40,000}{20,000}$ for each willful violation. Fines under this
375	subsection imposed against an insurer may not exceed an
376	aggregate amount of $\$20,000$ $\$10,000$ for all nonwillful
·	870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 377 violations arising out of the same action or an aggregate amount of \$200,000 \$100,000 for all willful violations arising out of 378 379 the same action. The fines authorized by this subsection may be imposed in addition to any other applicable penalty. 380 Section 7. Section 627.0612, Florida Statutes, is amended 381 382 to read: 627.0612 Administrative proceedings in rating 383 determinations. --384 In any proceeding to determine whether rates, rating 385 (1) plans, or other matters governed by this part comply with the 386 387 law, the appellate court shall set aside a final order of the office if the office has violated s. 120.57(1)(k) by 388 389 substituting its findings of fact for findings of an administrative law judge which were supported by competent 390 substantial evidence. 391 In an administrative hearing to determine whether an 392 (2) insurer's rates, rating schedules, rating manuals, premium 393 credits, discount schedules, surcharge schedules, or changes 394 thereto, for property insurance comply with the law, in addition 395 396 to any other findings of fact, findings on the following matters shall be considered findings of fact: 397 398 Whether a factor or factors used in a rate filing or (a) 399 applied by the office is consistent with standard actuarial 400 techniques or practices or are otherwise based on reasonable actuarial judgment. 401 Whether a factor for underwriting profit and 402 (b) contingencies is reasonable or excessive. 403

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

	Amendment No.
404	(c) Whether the cost of reinsurance is reasonable or
405	excessive.
406	(d) Whether a factor or factors used in a rate filing or
407	applied by the office demonstrate that a rate is excessive,
408	inadequate or unfairly discriminatory.
409	(3) In an administrative hearing to determine whether an
410	insurer's rates, rating schedules, rating manuals, premium
411	credits, discount schedules, surcharge schedules, or changes
412	thereto, for property insurance comply with the law, an order
413	may be entered that approves, modifies, or rejects the requested
414	change. An order modifying the requested rate change shall
415	recommend such change as is supported by the record in the case.
416	Section 8. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (g) of subsection
417	(2),subsection (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of
418	section 627.062, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
419	627.062 Rate standards
420	(2) As to all such classes of insurance:
421	(a) Insurers or rating organizations shall establish and
422	use rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals to allow the
423	insurer a reasonable rate of return on such classes of insurance
424	written in this state. A copy of rates, rating schedules, rating
425	manuals, premium credits or discount schedules, and surcharge
426	schedules, and changes thereto, shall be filed with the office
427	under one of the following procedures except as provided in
428	subparagraph 3.:
429	1. If the filing is made at least 90 days before the
430	proposed effective date and the filing is not implemented during
431	the office's review of the filing and any proceeding and
I	870297
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM Page 16 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 432 judicial review, then such filing shall be considered a "file and use" filing. In such case, the office shall finalize its 433 434 review by issuance of a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the 435 436 filing. The notice of intent to approve and the notice of intent 437 to disapprove constitute agency action for purposes of the Administrative Procedure Act. Requests for supporting 438 information, requests for mathematical or mechanical 439 corrections, or notification to the insurer by the office of its 440 preliminary findings shall not toll the 90-day period during any 441 such proceedings and subsequent judicial review. The rate shall 442 443 be deemed approved if the office does not issue a notice of 444 intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the filing. 445

446 2. If the filing is not made in accordance with the 447 provisions of subparagraph 1., such filing shall be made as soon 448 as practicable, but no later than 30 days after the effective 449 date, and shall be considered a "use and file" filing. An 450 insurer making a "use and file" filing is potentially subject to 451 an order by the office to return to policyholders portions of 452 rates found to be excessive, as provided in paragraph (h).

3. For all <u>property insurance</u> filings made or submitted after January 25, 2007, but before December 31, <u>2009</u> 2008, an insurer seeking a rate that is greater than the rate most recently approved by the office shall make a "file and use" filing. This subparagraph applies to property insurance only. For purposes of this subparagraph, motor vehicle collision and

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

459 comprehensive coverages are not considered to be property 460 coverages.

(b) Upon receiving a rate filing, the office shall review
the rate filing to determine if a rate is excessive, inadequate,
or unfairly discriminatory. In making that determination, the
office shall, in accordance with generally accepted and
reasonable actuarial techniques, consider the following factors:

466 1. Past and prospective loss experience within and without467 this state.

468

2. Past and prospective expenses.

3. The degree of competition among insurers for the riskinsured.

471 4. Investment income reasonably expected by the insurer, consistent with the insurer's investment practices, from 472 investable premiums anticipated in the filing, plus any other 473 expected income from currently invested assets representing the 474 475 amount expected on unearned premium reserves and loss reserves. The commission may adopt rules using utilizing reasonable 476 techniques of actuarial science and economics to specify the 477 478 manner in which insurers shall calculate investment income attributable to such classes of insurance written in this state 479 480 and the manner in which such investment income shall be used to 481 calculate in the calculation of insurance rates. Such manner 482 shall contemplate allowances for an underwriting profit factor and full consideration of investment income which produce a 483 reasonable rate of return; however, investment income from 484 invested surplus may shall not be considered. 485

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 486 5. The reasonableness of the judgment reflected in the 487 filing. Dividends, savings, or unabsorbed premium deposits 488 6. 489 allowed or returned to Florida policyholders, members, or subscribers. 490 491 7. The adequacy of loss reserves. 492 8. The cost of reinsurance. The office shall not disapprove a rate as excessive solely due to the insurer having 493 obtained catastrophic reinsurance to cover the insurer's 494 estimated 250-year probable maximum loss or any lower level of 495 496 loss. Trend factors, including trends in actual losses per 497 9. 498 insured unit for the insurer making the filing. Conflagration and catastrophe hazards, if applicable. 499 10. 11. Projected hurricane losses, if applicable, which must 500 be estimated using a model or method found to be acceptable or 501 reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection 502 503 Methodology, and as further provided in s. 627.0628. 12.11. A reasonable margin for underwriting profit and 504 505 contingencies. For that portion of the rate covering the risk of hurricanes and other catastrophic losses for which the insurer 506 507 has not purchased reinsurance and has exposed its capital and 508 surplus to such risk, the office must approve a rating factor 509 that provides the insurer a reasonable rate of return that is commensurate with such risk. 510 13.12. The cost of medical services, if applicable. 511 14.13. Other relevant factors which impact upon the 512 513

513 frequency or severity of claims or upon expenses. 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 19 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

514 The office may at any time review a rate, rating (q) 515 schedule, rating manual, or rate change; the pertinent records of the insurer; and market conditions. If the office finds on a 516 517 preliminary basis that a rate may be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, the office shall initiate proceedings 518 519 to disapprove the rate and shall so notify the insurer. However, 520 the office may not disapprove as excessive any rate for which it 521 has given final approval or which has been deemed approved for a period of 1 year after the effective date of the filing unless 522 the office finds that a material misrepresentation or material 523 524 error was made by the insurer or was contained in the filing. 525 Upon being so notified, the insurer or rating organization 526 shall, within 60 days, file with the office all information which, in the belief of the insurer or organization, proves the 527 reasonableness, adequacy, and fairness of the rate or rate 528 change. The office shall issue a notice of intent to approve or 529 530 a notice of intent to disapprove pursuant to the procedures of paragraph (a) within 90 days after receipt of the insurer's 531 initial response. In such instances and in any administrative 532 533 proceeding relating to the legality of the rate, the insurer or rating organization shall carry the burden of proof by a 534 535 preponderance of the evidence to show that the rate is not 536 excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. After the 537 office notifies an insurer that a rate may be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, unless the office 538 withdraws the notification, the insurer shall not alter the rate 539 except to conform with the office's notice until the earlier of 540 120 days after the date the notification was provided or 180 541 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 542 days after the date of the implementation of the rate. The 543 office may, subject to chapter 120, disapprove without the 60-544 day notification any rate increase filed by an insurer within 545 the prohibited time period or during the time that the legality of the increased rate is being contested. 546 547 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers' 548 549 compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor 550 vehicle insurance. (6) (a) If an insurer requests an administrative hearing 551 pursuant to s. 120.57 related to a rate filing under this 552 553 section, the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings 554 shall expedite the hearing and assign an administrative law 555 judge who shall commence the hearing within 30 days after the receipt of the formal request and shall enter a recommended 556 order within 30 days after the hearing or within 30 days after 557 receipt of the hearing transcript by the administrative law 558 559 judge, whichever is later. Each party shall be allowed 10 days in which to submit written exceptions to the recommended order. 560 561 The office shall enter a final order within 30 days after the entry of the recommended order. The provisions of this paragraph 562 563 may be waived upon stipulation of all parties. 564 (b) Upon entry of a final order, the insurer may request a 565 expedited appellate review pursuant to the Florida Rules of 566 Appellate Procedure. It is the intent of the Legislature that the First District Court of Appeal grant an insurer's request 567 568 for an expedited appellate review.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 569 (a) After any action with respect to a rate filing that 570 constitutes agency action for purposes of the Administrative 571 Procedure Act, except for a rate filing for medical malpractice, an insurer may, in lieu of demanding a hearing under s. 120.57, 572 573 require arbitration of the rate filing. However, the arbitration 574 option provision in this subsection does not apply to a rate 575 filing that is made on or after the effective date of this act 576 until January 1, 2009. Arbitration shall be conducted by a board 577 of arbitrators consisting of an arbitrator selected by the 578 office, an arbitrator selected by the insurer, and an arbitrator 579 selected jointly by the other two arbitrators. Each arbitrator must be certified by the American Arbitration Association. A 580 581 decision is valid only upon the affirmative vote of at least two of the arbitrators. No arbitrator may be an employee of any 582 insurance regulator or regulatory body or of any insurer, 583 584 regardless of whether or not the employing insurer does business in this state. The office and the insurer must treat the 585 586 decision of the arbitrators as the final approval of a rate 587 filing. Costs of arbitration shall be paid by the insurer. 588 (b) Arbitration under this subsection shall be conducted

588 (b) Arbitration under this subsection shall be conducted 589 pursuant to the procedures specified in ss. 682.06-682.10. 590 Either party may apply to the circuit court to vacate or modify 591 the decision pursuant to s. 682.13 or s. 682.14. The commission 592 shall adopt rules for arbitration under this subsection, which 593 rules may not be inconsistent with the arbitration rules of the 594 American Arbitration Association as of January 1, 1996.

595 (c) Upon initiation of the arbitration process, the 596 insurer waives all rights to challenge the action of the office 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 22 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

597 under the Administrative Procedure Act or any other provision of 598 law; however, such rights are restored to the insurer if the 599 arbitrators fail to render a decision within 90 days after 600 initiation of the arbitration process.

(9) (a) Effective March 1, 2007, The chief executive officer or chief financial officer of a property insurer and the chief actuary of a property insurer must certify under oath and subject to the penalty of perjury, on a form approved by the commission, the following information, which must accompany a rate filing:

607 1. The signing officer and actuary have reviewed the rate608 filing;

Based on the signing officer's and actuary's knowledge,
the rate filing does not contain any untrue statement of a
material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in
order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances
under which such statements were made, not misleading;

3. Based on the signing officer's and actuary's knowledge, the information and other factors described in paragraph (2)(b), including, but not limited to, investment income, fairly present in all material respects the basis of the rate filing for the periods presented in the filing; and

619 4. Based on the signing officer's and actuary's knowledge,
620 the rate filing reflects all premium savings that are reasonably
621 expected to result from legislative enactments and are in
622 accordance with generally accepted and reasonable actuarial
623 techniques.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 627.0628, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

628 627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection
629 Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings
630 exemption.--

631

(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.--

It is the intent of the Legislature to create the 632 (C) Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology as a 633 panel of experts to provide the most actuarially sophisticated 634 635 quidelines and standards for projection of hurricane losses 636 possible, given the current state of actuarial science. It is the further intent of the Legislature that such standards and 637 quidelines must be used by the State Board of Administration in 638 developing reimbursement premium rates for the Florida Hurricane 639 Catastrophe Fund, and, subject to paragraph (3)(c), must may be 640 used by insurers in rate filings under s. 627.062 unless the way 641 in which such standards and guidelines were applied by the 642 643 insurer was erroneous, as shown by a preponderance of the evidence. 644

645 The Legislature finds that the authority to take final (e) 646 agency action with respect to insurance ratemaking is vested in 647 the Office of Insurance Regulation and the Financial Services Commission, and that the processes, standards, and guidelines of 648 the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology 649 do not constitute final agency action or statements of general 650 applicability that implement, interpret, or prescribe law or 651 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 652 policy; accordingly, chapter 120 does not apply to the 653 processes, standards, and guidelines of the Florida Commission 654 on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology. 655 ADOPTION AND EFFECT OF STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES. --(3) 656 (c) With respect to a rate filing under s. 627.062, an 657 insurer must may employ and may not modify or adjust actuarial methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges found 658 659 by the commission to be accurate or reliable in determining to 660 determine hurricane loss factors for use in a rate filing and in 661 determining probable maximum loss levels for reinsurance costs 662 included in a rate filing under s. 627.062; except as provided in s. 627.062(2)(b)12., the use of any other model is reasonable 663 664 if the insurer provides justification that establishes by a 665 preponderance of the evidence that such use is reasonable and consistent with actuarial standards of practice. Such findings 666 and factors are admissible and relevant in consideration of a 667 668 rate filing by the office or in any arbitration or 669 administrative or judicial review only if the office and the 670 consumer advocate appointed pursuant to s. 627.0613 have access 671 to all of the assumptions and factors that were used in 672 developing the actuarial methods, principles, standards, models, 673 or output ranges, and are not precluded from disclosing such 674 information in a rate proceeding. In any rate hearing under s. 675 120.57 or in any arbitration proceeding under s. 627.062(6), the 676 hearing officer, judge, or arbitration panel may determine 677 whether the office and the consumer advocate were provided with 678 access to all of the assumptions and factors that were used in

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 25 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

679 developing the actuarial methods, principles, standards, models,
680 or output ranges and to determine their admissibility.

681 Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 627.0629, Florida 682 Statutes, is amended to read:

627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings.--683 684 (1) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 685 must provide savings to consumers who install or implement 686 windstorm damage mitigation techniques, alterations, or solutions to their properties to prevent windstorm losses. A 687 rate filing for residential property insurance must include 688 actuarially reasonable discounts, credits, or other rate 689 690 differentials, or appropriate reductions in deductibles, for 691 properties on which fixtures or construction techniques demonstrated to reduce the amount of loss in a windstorm have 692 been installed or implemented. The fixtures or construction 693 techniques shall include, but not be limited to, fixtures or 694 695 construction techniques which enhance roof strength, roof covering performance, roof-to-wall strength, wall-to-floor-to-696 foundation strength, opening protection, and window, door, and 697 698 skylight strength. Credits, discounts, or other rate differentials, or appropriate reductions in deductibles, for 699 700 fixtures and construction techniques which meet the minimum 701 requirements of the Florida Building Code must be included in 702 the rate filing. All insurance companies must make a rate filing which includes the credits, discounts, or other rate 703 differentials or reductions in deductibles by February 28, 2003. 704 By July 1, 2007, the office shall reevaluate the discounts, 705 credits, other rate differentials, and appropriate reductions in 706 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 26 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 707 deductibles for fixtures and construction techniques that meet 708 the minimum requirements of the Florida Building Code, based 709 upon actual experience or any other loss relativity studies 710 available to the office. The office shall determine the discounts, credits, other rate differentials, and appropriate 711 712 reductions in deductibles that reflect the full actuarial value of such revaluation, which may be used by insurers in rate 713 714 filings.

(b) By February 1, 2011, the Office of Insurance 715 Regulation, in consultation with the Department of Financial 716 717 Services and the Department of Community Affairs, shall develop and make publicly available a proposed method for insurers to 718 719 establish discounts, credits, or other rate differentials for hurricane mitigation measures which directly correlate to the 720 721 numerical rating assigned to a structure pursuant to the uniform home grading scale adopted by the Financial Services Commission 722 pursuant to s. 215.55865, including any proposed changes to the 723 724 uniform home grading scale. By October 1, 2011, the commission shall adopt rules requiring insurers to make rate filings for 725 726 residential property insurance which revise insurers' discounts, 727 credits, or other rate differentials for hurricane mitigation 728 measures so that such rate differentials correlate directly to 729 the uniform home grading scale. The rules may include such changes to the uniform home grading scale as the commission 730 determines are necessary, and may specify the minimum required 731 discounts, credits, or other rate differentials. Such rate 732 differentials must be consistent with generally accepted 733 734 actuarial principles and wind-loss mitigation studies. The rules 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 27 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

735	Amendment No. shall allow a period of at least 2 years after the effective
736	date of the revised mitigation discounts, credits, or other rate
737	differentials for a property owner to obtain an inspection or
738	otherwise qualify for the revised credit, during which time the
739	insurer shall continue to apply the mitigation credit that was
740	applied immediately prior to the effective date of the revised
741	credit.
742	Section 11. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (a), (b), (c),
743	(m), (p) , (w) , (dd) , and (ee) of subsection (6) of section
744	627.351, Florida Statutes, are amended, and new paragraph (ff)
745	is added to that subsection, to read:
746	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans
747	(2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT
748	(b) The department shall require all insurers holding a
749	certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a
750	direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting
751	associations and other entities formed pursuant to this section,
752	to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas
753	determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who in good
754	faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage
755	through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a reasonable plan or
756	plans for the equitable apportionment or sharing among such
757	insurers of windstorm coverage, which may include formation of
758	an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the
759	term "property insurance" means insurance on real or personal
760	property, as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for
761	fire, industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil,
762	homeowners' multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes,
	870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 28 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

and including liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments.

769 For the purpose of this section, properties eligible 1. 770 for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which are used as 771 772 dwellings and which are tied down in compliance with mobile home 773 tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway 774 Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 320.8325, and the 775 contents of all such properties. An applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an offer of coverage cannot be 776 obtained by or for the applicant or policyholder from an 777 admitted insurer at approved rates. 778

779 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and 780 losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 781 782 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the 783 784 proportion that the net direct premiums of each member insurer 785 written for property insurance in this state during the 786 preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 787 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 788 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 789 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct written 790 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 29 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for 791 792 liability coverage and for the following if included in allied 793 lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association 794 direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically authorized by the 795 plan of operation and approved by the department. A member's 796 participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year 797 798 following the year in which it is issued a certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state and shall 799 terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which 800 801 it no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review 802 803 of annual statements, other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the 804 association the aggregate direct premiums written for property 805 insurance in this state by all member insurers. 806

807 (II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall operate
808 subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors
809 who are the same individuals that have been appointed by the
810 Treasurer to serve on the board of governors of the Citizens
811 Property Insurance Corporation.

(III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

817 (IV) A company which is a member of a group of companies
818 under common management may elect to have its credits applied on
870297
4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

819 a group basis, and any company or group may elect to have its credits applied to any other company or group. 820

821

(V) There shall be no credits or relief from apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected from its 822 823 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).

824 (VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the award 825 of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a regular assessment pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-826 subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking policies out of 827 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 828 Association. In order to qualify for the exemption under this 829 sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at 830 831 least 40 percent of the policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks 832 located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties or at least 30 833 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in Dade, 834 835 Broward, and Palm Beach Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal 836 counties, and must also provide that no more than 15 percent of 837 838 the policies so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval of the department, the association may waive these 839 840 qeographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least 841 the lesser of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint 842 Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 843 Association policies, provided the governing board of the 844 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 845 certifies that the take-out plan will materially reduce the 846 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 31 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

847 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from hurricanes. 848 849 With the approval of the department, the board may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer guarantees an 850 additional year of renewability for all policies removed from 851 852 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 853 Association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer quarantees 854 2 additional years of renewability for all policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 855 856 Association.

Amendment No.

b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association under
this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate factor in
the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

The Legislature finds that the potential for unlimited 860 с. deficit assessments under this subparagraph may induce insurers 861 to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and 862 863 that such actions would worsen the availability problems that the association was created to remedy. It is the intent of the 864 Legislature that insurers remain fully responsible for paying 865 866 regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any 867 deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of 868 the Legislature to provide a means by which assessment 869 liabilities may be amortized over a period of years.

d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar
year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct
written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar
year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an
assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the deficit.
870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 32 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

875 When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar (II)876 year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 877 written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar 878 year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the greater 879 880 of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 881 statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the 882 prior calendar year for member insurers. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-sub-883 884 subparagraph (III).

Amendment No.

885 (III) Upon a determination by the board of directors that 886 a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered through 887 regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the board shall 888 889 levy, after verification by the department, emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and by 890 891 underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of property 892 insurance policies other than National Flood Insurance policies 893 894 in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular 895 896 year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written 897 premium for property insurance for all member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance 898 policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and 899 verified by the department. The department shall verify the 900 arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination 901 within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the 902 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 33 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

903 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of 904 law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 905 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 906 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. The 907 908 emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly 909 to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the 910 association. The aggregate amount of emergency assessments 911 levied under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to 912 cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, 913 required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of 914 915 the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance written by member 916 insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, plus 917 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 918 919 associated with financing the original deficit. The board may 920 pledge the proceeds of the emergency assessments under this subsub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to retire 921 922 any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that the board 923 924 determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency 925 assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall continue as 926 long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain 927 outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the 928 payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the 929 930 document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 34 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

931 assessments collected under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not 932 part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject 933 to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay 934 the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay 935 premium.

936 (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 937 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subsubparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the insurer's 938 net direct premium for property insurance in this state, for the 939 year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide 940 net direct premium for property insurance of all member 941 942 insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings for 943 that year.

If regular deficit assessments are made under sub-sub-944 (V)945 subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 946 under sub-subparagraph (6) (b) 3.a. or sub-subparagraph 947 948 (6) (b) 3.b., the association shall levy upon the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate filing, or by a separate 949 950 rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the total amount of such 951 952 regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct 953 written premium for property insurance for member insurers for 954 the prior calendar year. Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph are not considered premium and are not 955 subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure 956 957 to pay a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as 958 failure to pay premium.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

959 The governing body of any unit of local government, any e. 960 residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an assistance 961 962 program, in conjunction with the association, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order to avoid 963 964 needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and 965 fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local 966 government, any residents of which are insured by the 967 association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within or outside of the 968 969 territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds 970 may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless 971 a state of emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such 972 findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best 973 interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public 974 health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state 975 and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of 976 977 insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential 978 public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as will provide relief to claimants and 979 980 policyholders of the association and insurers responsible for 981 apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government 982 may enter into such contracts with the association and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are 983 necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under 984 this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 985 moneys received by the association from assessments under this 986 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 36 of 116
Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 987 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 988 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such 989 bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the 990 state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged 991 for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 992 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all 993 insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which 994 shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be 995 required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of 996 assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not 997 998 be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the 999 department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority granted by this sub-1000 1001 subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by subparagraph 6. 1002

1003 3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 1004 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance 1005 1006 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited 1007 1008 apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 1009 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall not 1010 exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event shall a limited 1011 1012 apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) 1013 or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) in the aggregate which exceeds 1014 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 37 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1015 \$50 million after payment of available plan funds in any 1016 calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall 1017 collect from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d. (III). The plan shall provide 1018 1019 that, if the department determines that any regular assessment 1020 will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or 1021 part of such assessment be deferred. However, there shall be no 1022 limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be 1023 collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph 1024 1025 2.d.(III).

1026 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or 1027 in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under subsub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), but 1028 1029 not for an emergency assessment collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the opinion of the 1030 1031 commissioner, payment of such regular assessment would endanger 1032 or impair the solvency of the member insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole 1033 1034 or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner 1035 1036 consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in sub-sub-1037 subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).

1038 5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and
1039 rules for classification of risks and rate modifications
1040 consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining funds
1041 sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1042 The association may require arbitration of a rate b. 1043 filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the Legislature 1044 that the rates for coverage provided by the association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates 1045 1046 charged in the admitted voluntary market such that the 1047 association functions as a residual market mechanism to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be procured in the 1048 voluntary market. The plan of operation shall provide a 1049 mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than January 1, 1050 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of 1051 business are reflective of approved rates in the voluntary 1052 1053 market for hurricane coverage for each line of business in the 1054 various areas eligible for association coverage.

The association shall provide for windstorm coverage on 1055 с. residential properties in limits up to \$10 million for 1056 commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million for 1057 1058 personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of 1059 1060 these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to the 1061 replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be 1062 1063 located in the authorized market. The association must accept a 1064 commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million 1065 or a personal lines residential risk with limits above \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market. 1066 1067 The association may write coverage above the limits specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or other 1068 1069 reinsurance coverage, as the association determines appropriate. 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 39 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1070 The plan of operation must provide objective criteria d. 1071 and procedures, approved by the department, to be uniformly 1072 applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this 1073 1074 determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, 1075 the following shall be considered: Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual 1076 (I)risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same 1077 1078 class; and 1079 (II)Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 1080 determined. 1081 1082 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association 1083 1084 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as 1085 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of 1086 chapter 120 do not apply. 1087 If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the e. market assistance program or through a mechanism established by 1088 1089 the association, either before the policy is issued by the

1090 association or during the first 30 days of coverage by the 1091 association, and the producing agent who submitted the 1092 application to the association is not currently appointed by the 1093 insurer, the insurer shall:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1104

1097 written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of 1098 the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1105 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1106 1107 with sub-subparagraph (I). Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, the policies issued by the association must provide 1108 1109 that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a 1110 1111 standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a 1112 1113 basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination 1114 of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to 1115 1116 the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date 1117 1118 of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code 1119 1120 relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 1121

1122 f. When the association enters into a contractual 1123 agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1124 the association policy is entitled to retain any unearned 1125 commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

Amendment No.

1136

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1137 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1138 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1139 with sub-subparagraph (I).

6.a. 1140 The plan of operation may authorize the formation of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit 1141 unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited 1142 1143 liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing bonds 1144 or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate reserves or 1145 funds to be used for the payment of insured catastrophe losses. 1146 1147 The plan may authorize all actions necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the pledging of assessments or 1148 other revenues. 1149

b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and be sued, 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 42 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1152 may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization surcharges and 1153 1154 other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1155 1156 Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other assets as 1157 security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish 1158 1159 such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association may issue bonds 1160 or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf 1161 1162 by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (6)(p)2.in the absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event, 1163 1164 upon a determination by the association subject to approval by the department that such action would enable it to efficiently 1165 meet the financial obligations of the association and that such 1166 1167 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the 1168 requirements of this subsection. Any such entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association 1169 year to provide for the payment of losses incurred by the 1170 1171 association during that year or any future year. The association shall incorporate and continue the plan of operation and 1172 1173 articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 1174 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently modified 1175 consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors and 1176 officers currently serving shall continue to serve until their 1177 successors are duly qualified as provided under the plan. The 1178 1179 assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately prior 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 43 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1180to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed to be1181the assets and obligations of the successor plan created herein.

Amendment No.

c. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred by the association or any other entity created under this subsection.

1189 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be that 1190 amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his or her 1191 contract with the company with which the business is placed. 1192 However, no commission will be paid on that portion of the 1193 premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 1194 company.

Subject to approval by the department, the association 1195 8. 1196 may establish different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified 1197 eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board 1198 1199 determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market 1200 1201 being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for 1202 such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good 1203 faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to 1204 1205 coverage from the association. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and 1206 procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage 1207 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 44 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1208 later than the date of the closing of the transfer as 1209 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if 1210 applicable, the lender.

1211

9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

1212 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security a. 1213 interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association created or purported to be created pursuant to any 1214 financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of 1215 the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, 1216 notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation 1217 of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, 1218 bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or 1219 1220 similar proceeding against the association under the laws of this state or any other applicable laws. 1221

b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its
obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its
obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect,
assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, projected
recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund,
reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, or
other assets of the association pledged.

1229 Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security c. interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or 1230 1231 security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries 1232 from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance 1233 recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which 1234 1235 are collected, or levied and collected, after the commencement 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1236 of and during the pendency of or after any such proceeding shall1237 continue unaffected by such proceeding.

1238 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 1239 1240 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other 1241 indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 1242 1243 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of such 1244 bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on 1245 such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other 1246 1247 obligation of the association related to such bonds or 1248 indebtedness.

Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 1249 e. 1250 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 1251 1252 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, 1253 1254 whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or 1255 sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or other entity 1256 1257 making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any 1258 1259 other person or entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, contract, or 1260 other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in 1261 accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the 1262 1263 applicable financing documents, whether or not any such person 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 46 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1264 or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or other action. 1265 1266 f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 1267 1268 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the 1269 association, members of the board of directors of the 1270 association, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or 1271 responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not 1272 apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement 1273 pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort. 1274 (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. --1275 1276 (a)1. It is the public purpose of this subsection to ensure the existence of an orderly market for property insurance 1277 1278 for Floridians and Florida businesses. The Legislature finds that private insurers are unwilling or unable to provide 1279 1280 affordable property insurance coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The absence of affordable property 1281 insurance threatens the public health, safety, and welfare and 1282 1283 likewise threatens the economic health of the state. The state therefore has a compelling public interest and a public purpose 1284 1285 to assist in assuring that property in the state is insured and that it is insured at affordable rates so as to facilitate the 1286 remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of damaged or 1287 destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the negative 1288

1289 effects otherwise resulting to the public health, safety, and 1290 welfare, to the economy of the state, and to the revenues of the 1291 state and local governments which are needed to provide for the 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 47 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1292 public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide affordable property insurance to applicants who are in good 1293 1294 faith entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this 1295 1296 subsection that affordable property insurance be provided and 1297 that it continue to be provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, a government entity 1298 that is an integral part of the state, and that is not a private 1299 insurance company. To that end, Citizens Property Insurance 1300 Corporation shall strive to increase the availability of 1301 affordable property insurance in this state, while achieving 1302 efficiencies and economies, and while providing service to 1303 1304 policyholders, applicants, and agents which is no less than the quality generally provided in the voluntary market, for the 1305 1306 achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is essential for this government entity to have the maximum 1307 1308 financial resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that Citizens 1309 Property Insurance Corporation continue to be an integral part 1310 1311 of the state and that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that interest on the debt 1312 obligations issued by the corporation be exempt from federal 1313 1314 income taxation.

1315 2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint 1316 Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 1317 shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property 1318 Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance 1319 for residential and commercial property, for applicants who are 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1320 in good faith entitled, but are unable, to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The corporation shall operate 1321 1322 pursuant to a plan of operation approved by order of the Financial Services Commission. The plan is subject to continuous 1323 1324 review by the commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw 1325 approval of all or part of a plan if the commission determines that conditions have changed since approval was granted and that 1326 the purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. The 1327 corporation shall continue to operate pursuant to the plan of 1328 operation approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation until 1329 October 1, 2006. For the purposes of this subsection, 1330 residential coverage includes both personal lines residential 1331 1332 coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, 1333 condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial 1334 lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of 1335 1336 coverage provided by condominium association, apartment 1337 building, and similar policies.

1338 3. For the purposes of this subsection, the term 1339 "homestead property" means:

1340 a. Property that has been granted a homestead exemption
1341 under chapter 196;

b. Property for which the owner has a current, written lass with a renter for a term of at least 7 months and for which the dwelling is insured by the corporation for \$200,000 or lass;

1346 c. An owner-occupied mobile home or manufactured home, as 1347 defined in s. 320.01, which is permanently affixed to real 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 49 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1348 property, is owned by a Florida resident, and has been granted a 1349 homestead exemption under chapter 196 or, if the owner does not 1350 own the real property, the owner certifies that the mobile home 1351 or manufactured home is his or her principal place of residence; 1352 d. Tenant's coverage;

1353 e. Commercial lines residential property; or

Amendment No.

1354 f. Any county, district, or municipal hospital; a hospital 1355 licensed by any not-for-profit corporation qualified under s. 1356 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code; or a 1357 continuing care retirement community that is certified under 1358 chapter 651 and that receives an exemption from ad valorem taxes 1359 under chapter 196.

1360 4. For the purposes of this subsection, the term
1361 "nonhomestead property" means property that is not homestead
1362 property.

3.5. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines 1363 1364 residential structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$2 1365 \$1 million or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and content replacement cost of \$2 \$1 million 1366 1367 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2008, may 1368 1369 continue to be covered by the corporation until the end of the policy term. However, such dwellings that are insured by the 1370 1371 corporation and become ineligible for coverage due to the provisions of this subparagraph may reapply and obtain coverage 1372 in the high risk account and be considered "nonhomestead 1373 property" if the property owner provides the corporation with a 1374 1375 sworn affidavit from one or more insurance agents, on a form 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 50 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1376 provided by the corporation, stating that the agents have made 1377 their best efforts to obtain coverage and that the property has 1378 been rejected for coverage by at least one authorized insurer and at least three surplus lines insurers. If such conditions 1379 1380 are met, the dwelling may be insured by the corporation for up 1381 to 3 years, after which time the dwelling is ineligible for coverage. The office shall approve the method used by the 1382 corporation for valuing the dwelling replacement cost for the 1383 purposes of this subparagraph. If a policyholder is insured by 1384 the corporation prior to being determined to be ineligible 1385 pursuant to this subparagraph and such policyholder files a 1386 1387 lawsuit challenging the determination, the policyholder may 1388 remain insured by the corporation until the conclusion of the litigation. 1389

1390 6. For properties constructed on or after January 1, 2009,
1391 the corporation may not insure any property located within 2,500
1392 feet landward of the coastal construction control line created
1393 pursuant to s. 161.053 unless the property meets the
1394 requirements of the code plus building standards developed by
1395 the Florida Building Commission.

1396 <u>4.7.</u> It is the intent of the Legislature that 1397 policyholders, applicants, and agents of the corporation receive 1398 service and treatment of the highest possible level but never 1399 less than that generally provided in the voluntary market. It 1400 also is intended that the corporation be held to service 1401 standards no less than those applied to insurers in the 1402 voluntary market by the office with respect to responsiveness,

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1403 timeliness, customer courtesy, and overall dealings with 1404 policyholders, applicants, or agents of the corporation.

Amendment No.

1405 5.8. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines residential structure that is located in the "wind-borne debris 1406 region," as defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code 1407 1408 (2006), and that has an insured value on the structure of 1409 \$750,000 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation unless the structure has opening protections as required under 1410 the Florida Building Code for a newly constructed residential 1411 structure in that area. A residential structure shall be deemed 1412 to comply with the requirements of this subparagraph if it has 1413 1414 shutters or opening protections on all openings and if such 1415 opening protections complied with the Florida Building Code at the time they were installed. 1416

(b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more subject 1417 lines of business in this state are subject to assessment by the 1418 1419 corporation and, for the purposes of this subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable insurers." Insurers 1420 writing one or more subject lines of business in this state 1421 1422 pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or more subject lines of 1423 1424 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are 1425 subject to assessment by the corporation and are referred to 1426 collectively as "assessable insureds." An authorized insurer's assessment liability shall begin on the first day of the 1427 calendar year following the year in which the insurer was issued 1428 a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 1429 1430 lines of business in this state and shall terminate 1 year after 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 52 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1431 the end of the first calendar year during which the insurer no 1432 longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance 1433 for subject lines of business in this state.

1434 2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and 1435 expenses of the corporation shall be divided into three separate 1436 accounts as follows:

A personal lines account for personal residential 1437 (I)policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential 1438 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed 1439 by the corporation that provide comprehensive, multiperil 1440 coverage on risks that are not located in areas eligible for 1441 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as 1442 1443 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002, and for such policies that do not provide coverage for the peril of wind on 1444 risks that are located in such areas; 1445

A commercial lines account for commercial residential 1446 (II)1447 and commercial nonresidential policies issued by the corporation or issued by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 1448 Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation that 1449 1450 provide coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm 1451 1452 Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1453 1, 2002, and for such policies that do not provide coverage for 1454 the peril of wind on risks that are located in such areas; and

(III) A high-risk account for personal residential policies and commercial residential and commercial nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation or transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for the 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1459 peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as 1460 1461 those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. Subject to the approval of a business plan by the Financial Services Commission 1462 and Legislative Budget Commission as provided in this sub-sub-1463 1464 subparagraph, but no earlier than March 31, 2007, The corporation may offer policies that provide multiperil coverage 1465 and the corporation shall continue to offer policies that 1466 provide coverage only for the peril of wind for risks located in 1467 areas eligible for coverage in the high-risk account. In issuing 1468 multiperil coverage, the corporation may use its approved policy 1469 1470 forms and rates for the personal lines account. An applicant or 1471 insured who is eligible to purchase a multiperil policy from the corporation may purchase a multiperil policy from an authorized 1472 insurer without prejudice to the applicant's or insured's 1473 eligibility to prospectively purchase a policy that provides 1474 1475 coverage only for the peril of wind from the corporation. An applicant or insured who is eligible for a corporation policy 1476 that provides coverage only for the peril of wind may elect to 1477 1478 purchase or retain such policy and also purchase or retain coverage excluding wind from an authorized insurer without 1479 1480 prejudice to the applicant's or insured's eligibility to 1481 prospectively purchase a policy that provides multiperil 1482 coverage from the corporation. It is the goal of the Legislature that there would be an overall average savings of 10 percent or 1483 more for a policyholder who currently has a wind-only policy 1484 with the corporation, and an ex-wind policy with a voluntary 1485 insurer or the corporation, and who then obtains a multiperil 1486 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 54 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1487 policy from the corporation. It is the intent of the Legislature that the offer of multiperil coverage in the high-risk account 1488 1489 be made and implemented in a manner that does not adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the corporation or 1490 creditworthiness of or security for currently outstanding 1491 1492 financing obligations or credit facilities of the high-risk account, the personal lines account, or the commercial lines 1493 1494 account. By March 1, 2007, the corporation shall prepare and submit for approval by the Financial Services Commission and 1495 Legislative Budget Commission a report detailing the 1496 1497 corporation's business plan for issuing multiperil coverage in the high risk account. The business plan shall be approved or 1498 1499 disapproved within 30 days after receipt, as submitted or 1500 modified and resubmitted by the corporation. The business plan must include: the impact of such multiperil coverage on the 1501 corporation's financial resources, the impact of such multiperil 1502 1503 coverage on the corporation's tax exempt status, the manner in 1504 which the corporation plans to implement the processing of applications and policy forms for new and existing 1505 1506 policyholders, the impact of such multiperil coverage on the corporation's ability to deliver customer service at the high 1507 1508 level required by this subsection, the ability of the 1509 corporation to process claims, the ability of the corporation to quote and issue policies, the impact of such multiperil coverage 1510 on the corporation's agents, the impact of such multiperil 1511 coverage on the corporation's existing policyholders, and the 1512 impact of such multiperil coverage on rates and premium. The 1513 1514 high-risk account must also include quota share primary 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 55 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1515 insurance under subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for 1516 coverage under the high-risk account also includes the area 1517 within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the 1518 City of Cape Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana 1519 River, and bordered on the north by Federal Government property.

1520 b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long 1521 as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or Residential Property and Casualty 1522 Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in accordance 1523 with the terms of the corresponding financing documents. When 1524 the financing obligations are no longer outstanding, in 1525 1526 accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 1527 documents, the corporation may use a single account for all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of the 1528 1529 corporation. Consistent with the requirement of this subparagraph and prudent investment policies that minimize the 1530 1531 cost of carrying debt, the board shall exercise its best efforts 1532 to retire existing debt or to obtain approval of necessary parties to amend the terms of existing debt, so as to structure 1533 1534 the most efficient plan to consolidate the three separate accounts into a single account. By February 1, 2007, the board 1535 1536 shall submit a report to the Financial Services Commission, the 1537 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 1538 Representatives which includes an analysis of consolidating the accounts, the actions the board has taken to minimize the cost 1539 1540 of carrying debt, and its recommendations for executing the most efficient plan. 1541

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1542 Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty с. 1543 Joint Underwriting Association and of the accounts specified in 1544 sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) may have a claim against, and recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-sub-1545 1546 subparagraphs a.(I) and (II) and shall have no claim against, or 1547 recourse to, the account referred to in sub-subparagraph a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 1548 1549 Association shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and shall 1550 have no claim against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to 1551 1552 in sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II).

d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses not
attributable to particular accounts shall be prorated among the
accounts.

e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the
corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the
requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance of
bonds under this subsection.

1560 f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure to 1561 the benefit of any private person.

1562

3. With respect to a deficit in an account:

a. <u>After accounting for the Citizens policyholder</u> <u>surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph i.</u>, when the <u>remaining</u> <u>projected</u> deficit incurred in a particular calendar year is not greater than <u>6</u> 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year, the entire deficit shall be recovered through

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1569 regular assessments of assessable insurers under paragraph (p)
1570 and assessable insureds.

1571 b. After accounting for the Citizens policyholder surcharge imposed under sub-subparagraph i., when the remaining 1572 projected deficit incurred in a particular calendar year exceeds 1573 1574 6 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year, 1575 1576 the corporation shall levy regular assessments on assessable insurers under paragraph (p) and on assessable insureds in an 1577 amount equal to the greater of 6 $\frac{10}{10}$ percent of the deficit or 6 1578 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 1579 1580 the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year. Any 1581 remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 1582

Each assessable insurer's share of the amount being 1583 с. assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall 1584 1585 be in the proportion that the assessable insurer's direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the year 1586 1587 preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct 1588 written premium for the subject lines of business for that year. The assessment percentage applicable to each assessable insured 1589 1590 is the ratio of the amount being assessed under sub-subparagraph 1591 a. or sub-subparagraph b. to the aggregate statewide direct 1592 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable 1593 1594 insurers under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation and paragraph 1595 (p). notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the 1596 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 58 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1597 aggregate amount of a regular assessment for a deficit incurred 1598 in a particular calendar year shall be reduced by the estimated 1599 amount to be received by the corporation from the Citizens policyholder surcharge under subparagraph (c)10. and the amount 1600 collected or estimated to be collected from the assessment on 1601 1602 Citizens policyholders pursuant to sub subparagraph i. 1603 Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds 1604 under sub-subparagraphs a. and b. shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the surplus lines agent collects 1605 the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid 1606 1607 to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the 1608 surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida 1609 Surplus Lines Service Office. Upon receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents, the Florida Surplus Lines 1610 Service Office shall transfer the assessments directly to the 1611 corporation as determined by the corporation. 1612 1613 d. Upon a determination by the board of governors that a deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be recovered 1614

through regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-1615 1616 subparagraph b., plus the amount that is expected to be recovered through surcharges under sub-subparagraph i., as to 1617 1618 the remaining projected deficit the board shall levy, after 1619 verification by the office, emergency assessments, for as many 1620 years as necessary to cover the deficits, to be collected by assessable insurers and the corporation and collected from 1621 assessable insureds upon issuance or renewal of policies for 1622 subject lines of business, excluding National Flood Insurance 1623 1624 policies. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 59 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1625 particular year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's 1626 direct written premium for subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation, excluding National Flood Insurance 1627 Program policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and 1628 verified by the office. The office shall verify the arithmetic 1629 1630 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 1631 days after receipt of the information on which the determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 1632 corporation and each assessable insurer that writes subject 1633 lines of business shall collect emergency assessments from its 1634 policyholders without such obligation being affected by any 1635 1636 credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency 1637 assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the 1638 1639 surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines 1640 1641 Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. 1642 The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred 1643 1644 directly to the corporation on a periodic basis as determined by the corporation and shall be held by the corporation solely in 1645 1646 the applicable account. The aggregate amount of emergency 1647 assessments levied for an account under this sub-subparagraph in 1648 any calendar year may, at the discretion of the board of governors, be less than but may not exceed the greater of 10 1649 percent of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 1650 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs 1651 associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 percent 1652 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 60 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business and for all accounts of the corporation for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit.

1658 e. The corporation may pledge the proceeds of assessments, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1659 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, policyholder 1660 surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds available to 1661 1662 the corporation as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds issued under paragraph (p), bonds or other indebtedness issued 1663 under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing 1664 1665 mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of deficits or events giving 1666 1667 rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines 1668 1669 of credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional 1670 resources to assist the corporation in covering claims and 1671 expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this 1672 subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or subparagraph 1673 1674 (p)1. and emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 1675 Emergency assessments collected under sub-subparagraph d. are 1676 not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure 1677 to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to 1678 pay premium. The emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 1679 shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 1680 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 61 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1681 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was 1682 imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been 1683 made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness 1684 pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or other 1685 indebtedness.

1686 f. As used in this subsection for purposes of any deficit incurred on or after January 25, 2007, the term "subject lines 1687 of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 1688 procured by assessable insureds for all property and casualty 1689 lines of business in this state, but not including workers' 1690 compensation or medical malpractice. As used in the sub-1691 1692 subparagraph, the term "property and casualty lines of business" 1693 includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of 1694 authorized insurers by s. 624.424 and any rule adopted under 1695 this section, except for those lines identified as accident and 1696 1697 health insurance and except for policies written under the 1698 National Flood Insurance Program or the Federal Crop Insurance Program. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term 1699 1700 "workers' compensation" includes both workers' compensation insurance and excess workers' compensation insurance. 1701

1702 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 1703 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in 1704 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 1705 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and 1706 at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 1707 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and the 1708 corporation's financing obligations.

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

870297

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify
the proper application by surplus lines agents of assessment
percentages for regular assessments and emergency assessments
levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and shall
assist the corporation in ensuring the accurate, timely
collection and payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as
required by the corporation.

Amendment No.

If a deficit is incurred in any account in 2008 or 1716 i. thereafter, the board of governors shall levy a Citizens 1717 policyholder surcharge an immediate assessment against the 1718 premium of each nonhomestead property policyholder in all 1719 1720 accounts of the corporation, as a uniform percentage of the premium of the policy of up to 10 percent of such premium, which 1721 funds shall be used to offset the deficit. If this assessment is 1722 1723 insufficient to eliminate the deficit, the board of governors shall levy an additional assessment against all policyholders of 1724 the corporation for a 12-month period, which shall be collected 1725 at the time of issuance or renewal of a policy, as a uniform 1726 percentage of the premium for the policy of up to 15 10 percent 1727 1728 of such premium, which funds shall be used to further offset the deficit. Citizens policyholder surcharges under this sub-1729 1730 subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject to 1731 commissions, fees, or premium taxes. However, failure to pay 1732 such surcharges shall be treated as failure to pay premium. If the amount of any assessments or surcharges 1733 j. collected from corporation policyholders, assessable insurers or 1734 their policyholders, or assessable insureds exceeds the amount 1735 of the deficits, such excess amounts shall be remitted to and 1736 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

retained by the corporation in a reserve to be used by the 1737 corporation, as determined by the board of governors and 1738 1739 approved by the office, to pay claims or reduce any past, present, or future plan-year deficits or to reduce outstanding 1740 1741 debt. The board of governors shall maintain separate accounting 1742 records that consolidate data for nonhomestead properties, including, but not limited to, number of policies, insured 1743 values, premiums written, and losses. The board of governors 1744 shall annually report to the office and the Legislature a 1745 1746 summary of such data.

1747

Amendment No.

(c) The plan of operation of the corporation:

1748 1. Must provide for adoption of residential property and 1749 casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and 1750 nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must be 1751 approved by the office prior to use. The corporation shall adopt 1752 the following policy forms:

a. Standard personal lines policy forms that are
comprehensive multiperil policies providing full coverage of a
residential property equivalent to the coverage provided in the
private insurance market under an HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

b. Basic personal lines policy forms that are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

1762 c. Commercial lines residential and nonresidential policy 1763 forms that are generally similar to the basic perils of full 1764 coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures and 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 64 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1765 commercial nonresidential structures in the admitted voluntary 1766 market.

d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential
property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The
forms are applicable only to residential properties located in
areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred
to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance
forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are
applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas
eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in
sub-subparagraph (b)2.a.

1777 f. The corporation may adopt variations of the policy 1778 forms listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-e. that contain more 1779 restrictive coverage.

1780 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program in 1781 which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into quota 1782 share primary insurance agreements for hurricane coverage, as 1783 defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, and adopt 1784 property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the 1785 peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the term:

1786 (I)"Quota share primary insurance" means an arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is 1787 1788 provided in specified percentages by the corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and authorized insurer are 1789 each solely responsible for a specified percentage of hurricane 1790 coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share 1791 1792 primary insurance agreement between the corporation and an 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 65 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1793 authorized insurer and the insurance contract. The 1794 responsibility of the corporation or authorized insurer to pay 1795 its specified percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set forth in the quota share primary insurance 1796 agreement, may not be altered by the inability of the other 1797 1798 party to the agreement to pay its specified percentage of 1799 hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary insurance arrangement 1800 must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of 1801 the corporation and authorized insurer under the arrangement, 1802 1803 clearly specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 1804 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer, and 1805 conspicuously and clearly state that neither the authorized insurer nor the corporation may be held responsible beyond its 1806 specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses. 1807

(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential and commercial lines residential risks that meet the underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.

b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.

1816 c. If the corporation determines that additional coverage
1817 levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share
1818 primary insurance agreements by authorized insurers, the
1819 corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However,

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1820 the corporation's quota share primary insurance coverage level 1821 may not exceed 90 percent.

d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must provide for a uniform specified percentage of coverage of hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance agreement.

e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is subject to review and approval by the office. However, such agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance contracts entered into between an authorized insurer and an insured who is already insured by the corporation for wind coverage.

For all eligible risks covered under quota share 1835 f. 1836 primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels 1837 for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 1838 1839 Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered under quota share primary insurance agreements, the corporation and the 1840 1841 authorized insurer shall maintain complete and accurate records 1842 for the purpose of exposure and loss reimbursement audits as 1843 required by Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the authorized insurer shall each maintain 1844 duplicate copies of policy declaration pages and supporting 1845 claims documents. 1846

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1847 g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan of 1848 operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure that 1849 there is no discriminatory application among insurers as to the 1850 terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share 1851 agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration paid 1852 for servicing policies or adjusting claims.

The quota share primary insurance agreement between the 1853 h. corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the 1854 specific terms under which coverage is provided, including, but 1855 not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued under 1856 the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized insurer 1857 producing the business, the reporting of information concerning 1858 1859 eligible risks, the payment of premium to the corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment of hurricane claims 1860 incurred on eligible risks by the claims adjuster and personnel 1861 of the authorized insurer. Entering into a quota sharing 1862 1863 insurance agreement between the corporation and an authorized 1864 insurer shall be voluntary and at the discretion of the authorized insurer. 1865

1866 3. May provide that the corporation may employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other entities to provide 1867 1868 administrative or professional services that may be appropriate 1869 to effectuate the plan. The corporation shall have the power to 1870 borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall have other powers reasonably necessary 1871 to effectuate the requirements of this subsection, including, 1872 without limitation, the power to issue bonds and incur other 1873 1874 indebtedness in order to refinance outstanding bonds or other 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 1875 indebtedness. The corporation may, but is not required to, seek 1876 judicial validation of its bonds or other indebtedness under 1877 chapter 75. The corporation may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of 1878 1879 local government pursuant to subparagraph (p)2., in the absence 1880 of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the corporation, subject to approval by the 1881 office, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the 1882 financial obligations of the corporation and that such 1883 1884 financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation is authorized 1885 1886 to take all actions needed to facilitate tax-free status for any 1887 such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other affiliated entities. The corporation shall have the 1888 authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from the 1889 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance 1890 1891 recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and 1892 other funds available to the corporation as security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the 1893 1894 State Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be 1895 1896 taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or financing 1897 agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such 1898 bond or other indebtedness.

1899 4.a. Must require that the corporation operate subject to 1900 the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting 1901 of eight individuals who are residents of this state, from 1902 different geographical areas of this state. The Governor, the 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 69 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1903 Chief Financial Officer, the President of the Senate, and the 1904 Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each appoint two 1905 members of the board. At least one of the two members appointed by each appointing officer must have demonstrated expertise in 1906 insurance. The Chief Financial Officer shall designate one of 1907 1908 the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the pleasure 1909 of the appointing officer. All members of the board of governors are subject to removal at will by the officers who appointed 1910 them. All board members, including the chair, must be appointed 1911 to serve for 3-year terms beginning annually on a date 1912 designated by the plan. Any board vacancy shall be filled for 1913 the unexpired term by the appointing officer. The Chief 1914 1915 Financial Officer shall appoint a technical advisory group to provide information and advice to the board of governors in 1916 1917 connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the corporation shall 1918 1919 be engaged by the board and serve at the pleasure of the board. Any executive director appointed on or after July 1, 2006, is 1920 subject to confirmation by the Senate. The executive director is 1921 1922 responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may require, subject to review and concurrence by the board. 1923

Amendment No.

1924 b. The board shall create a Market Accountability Advisory 1925 Committee to assist the corporation in developing awareness of 1926 its rates and its customer and agent service levels in relationship to the voluntary market insurers writing similar 1927 coverage. The members of the advisory committee shall consist of 1928 the following 11 persons, one of whom must be elected chair by 1929 1930 the members of the committee: four representatives, one 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 70 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1931 appointed by the Florida Association of Insurance Agents, one by 1932 the Florida Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors, one 1933 by the Professional Insurance Agents of Florida, and one by the Latin American Association of Insurance Agencies; three 1934 1935 representatives appointed by the insurers with the three highest 1936 voluntary market share of residential property insurance 1937 business in the state; one representative from the Office of Insurance Regulation; one consumer appointed by the board who is 1938 insured by the corporation at the time of appointment to the 1939 committee; one representative appointed by the Florida 1940 Association of Realtors; and one representative appointed by the 1941 1942 Florida Bankers Association. All members must serve for 3-year 1943 terms and may serve for consecutive terms. The committee shall report to the corporation at each board meeting on insurance 1944 market issues which may include rates and rate competition with 1945 the voluntary market; service, including policy issuance, claims 1946 1947 processing, and general responsiveness to policyholders, 1948 applicants, and agents; and matters relating to depopulation.

Amendment No.

19495. Must provide a procedure for determining the1950eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:

Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, with respect 1951 a. 1952 to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is offered 1953 coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved 1954 rate under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed 1955 with the office, a basic policy including wind coverage, for a 1956 new application to the corporation for coverage, the risk is not 1957 eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the 1958 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 71 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1959 premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 1960 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 1961 the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for either a standard policy 1962 1963 including wind coverage or a basic policy including wind 1964 coverage issued by the corporation; however, if the risk could not be insured under a standard policy including wind coverage 1965 regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible for 1966 a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected under 1967 subparagraph 9. However, with regard to a policyholder of the 1968 corporation or a policyholder removed from the corporation 1969 1970 through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption 1971 period, the policyholder remains eligible for coverage from the corporation regardless of any offer of coverage from an 1972 authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer. The corporation 1973 shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis 1974 1975 of objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 1976 based on generally accepted underwriting practices.

Amendment No.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the
market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a
mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is
issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30
days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who
submitted the application to the plan or to the corporation is
not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy
870297
4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 72 of 116
Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

1994

2012

1987 written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of 1988 the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

1995 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 1996 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 1997 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2013 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 2014 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 2015 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

With respect to commercial lines residential risks, for 2016 b. 2017 a new application to the corporation for coverage, if the risk 2018 is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the risk is not 2019 eligible for any policy issued by the corporation unless the 2020 premium for coverage from the authorized insurer is more than 15 2021 2022 percent greater than the premium for comparable coverage from 2023 the corporation. If the risk is not able to obtain any such 2024 offer, the risk is eligible for a policy including wind coverage 2025 issued by the corporation. However, with regard to a policyholder of the corporation or a policyholder removed from 2026 2027 the corporation through an assumption agreement until the end of the assumption period, the policyholder remains eligible for 2028 2029 coverage from the corporation regardless of any offer of 2030 coverage from an authorized insurer or surplus lines insurer.

(I) If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a mechanism established by the corporation before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation or during the first 30 days of coverage by the corporation, and the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or the corporation is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:

2038 (A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy,
2039 for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the
2040 insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy 870297
4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 74 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2048

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2041 written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of 2042 the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

2049 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 2050 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 2051 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

(II) When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:

(A) Pay to the producing agent of record of the corporation policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(B) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the corporation policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the corporation's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2067 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 2068 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 2069 with sub-sub-subparagraph (A).

For purposes of determining comparable coverage under 2070 с. 2071 sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the comparison shall be based on 2072 those forms and coverages that are reasonably comparable. The 2073 corporation may rely on a determination of comparable coverage 2074 and premium made by the producing agent who submits the application to the corporation, made in the agent's capacity as 2075 the corporation's agent. A comparison may be made solely of the 2076 2077 premium with respect to the main building or structure only on 2078 the following basis: the same coverage A or other building 2079 limits; the same percentage hurricane deductible that applies on an annual basis or that applies to each hurricane for commercial 2080 2081 residential property; the same percentage of ordinance and law coverage, if the same limit is offered by both the corporation 2082 2083 and the authorized insurer; the same mitigation credits, to the 2084 extent the same types of credits are offered both by the corporation and the authorized insurer; the same method for loss 2085 2086 payment, such as replacement cost or actual cash value, if the same method is offered both by the corporation and the 2087 2088 authorized insurer in accordance with underwriting rules; and 2089 any other form or coverage that is reasonably comparable as 2090 determined by the board. If an application is submitted to the corporation for wind-only coverage in the high-risk account, the 2091 premium for the corporation's wind-only policy plus the premium 2092 for the ex-wind policy that is offered by an authorized insurer 2093 2094 to the applicant shall be compared to the premium for multiperil 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 76 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

coverage offered by an authorized insurer, subject to the 2095 2096 standards for comparison specified in this subparagraph. If the 2097 corporation or the applicant requests from the authorized insurer a breakdown of the premium of the offer by types of 2098 2099 coverage so that a comparison may be made by the corporation or 2100 its agent and the authorized insurer refuses or is unable to provide such information, the corporation may treat the offer as 2101 not being an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer at the 2102 insurer's approved rate. 2103

2104 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and2105 rates therefor.

2106 Must provide that if premium and investment income for 7. 2107 an account attributable to a particular calendar year are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account 2108 2109 attributable to that year, such excess shall be held in surplus 2110 in the account. Such surplus shall be available to defray 2111 deficits in that account as to future years and shall be used for that purpose prior to assessing assessable insurers and 2112 assessable insureds as to any calendar year. 2113

8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, the following shall be considered:

2119 a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual 2120 risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same 2121 class; and

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2122 Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual b. risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined. 2123 2124 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation shall 2125 2126 be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the 2127 provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply. Must provide that the corporation shall make its best 2128 9. efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at reasonable rates, 2129 to cover its projected 100-year probable maximum loss as 2130 determined by the board of governors. 2131 10. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 2132 assessments under sub subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub subparagraph 2133 2134 (b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines residential account, or the high risk account, the corporation 2135 shall levy upon corporation policyholders in its next rate 2136 2137 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a 2138 Citizens policyholder surcharge arising from a regular 2139 assessment in such account in a percentage equal to the total amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate 2140 2141 statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business for the prior calendar year. For purposes of calculating the 2142 2143 Citizens policyholder surcharge to be levied under this subparagraph, the total amount of the regular assessment to 2144 2145 which this surcharge is related shall be determined as set forth in subparagraph (b)3., without deducting the estimated Citizens 2146 policyholder surcharge. Citizens policyholder surcharges under 2147 this subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject 2148 to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay 2149 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 78 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2150 a market equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to 2151 pay premium.

2152 <u>10.11.</u> The policies issued by the corporation must provide 2153 that, if the corporation or the market assistance plan obtains 2154 an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its 2155 approved rates, the risk is no longer eligible for renewal 2156 through the corporation, except as otherwise provided in this 2157 subsection.

2158 <u>11.12.</u> Corporation policies and applications must include 2159 a notice that the corporation policy could, under this section, 2160 be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that 2161 does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by 2162 the corporation. The notice shall also specify that acceptance 2163 of corporation coverage creates a conclusive presumption that 2164 the applicant or policyholder is aware of this potential.

12.13. May establish, subject to approval by the office, 2165 2166 different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or 2167 area if the board determines that such changes to the 2168 2169 eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable 2170 2171 and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to 2172 2173 obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the 2174 2175 corporation. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not 2176 provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of 2177 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 79 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2178 the closing of the transfer

2178 the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, 2179 the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

2180 13.14. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to 2181 2182 policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or more 2183 of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the office, within the first 90 days of each 2184 2185 calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. A regular assessment levied by the corporation on a limited 2186 apportionment company for a deficit incurred by the corporation 2187 for the high-risk account in 2006 or thereafter may be paid to 2188 the corporation on a monthly basis as the assessments are 2189 2190 collected by the limited apportionment company from its insureds pursuant to s. 627.3512, but the regular assessment must be paid 2191 2192 in full within 12 months after being levied by the corporation. A limited apportionment company shall collect from its 2193 2194 policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under sub-2195 subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the office determines that any regular assessment will result in an 2196 2197 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the office may direct that all or part of such assessment be 2198 2199 deferred as provided in subparagraph (p)4. However, there shall 2200 be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be 2201 collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d.

2202 <u>14.15.</u> Must provide that the corporation appoint as its 2203 licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment 2204 as defined in s. 626.015(3) with an insurer who at the time of 2205 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 80 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2206 to write and is actually writing personal lines residential 2207 property coverage, commercial residential property coverage, or 2208 commercial nonresidential property coverage within the state.

Amendment No.

2209 <u>15.16.</u> Must provide, by July 1, 2007, a premium payment 2210 plan option to its policyholders which allows at a minimum for 2211 quarterly and semiannual payment of premiums. A monthly payment 2212 plan may, but is not required to, be offered.

2213 <u>16.17.</u> Must limit coverage on mobile homes or manufactured 2214 homes built prior to 1994 to actual cash value of the dwelling 2215 rather than replacement costs of the dwelling.

221617.18.May provide such limits of coverage as the board2217determines, consistent with the requirements of this subsection.

2218 <u>18.19.</u> May require commercial property to meet specified 2219 hurricane mitigation construction features as a condition of 2220 eligibility for coverage.

Rates for coverage provided by the corporation shall 2221 (m)1. 2222 be actuarially sound and subject to the requirements of s. 2223 627.062, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. The corporation shall file its recommended rates with the office at 2224 2225 least annually. The corporation shall provide any additional information regarding the rates which the office requires. The 2226 2227 office shall consider the recommendations of the board and issue a final order establishing the rates for the corporation within 2228 2229 45 days after the recommended rates are filed. The corporation may not pursue an administrative challenge or judicial review of 2230 the final order of the office. 2231

2232 2. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant 2233 to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and collect an 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation.

2236 3. After the public hurricane loss-projection model under s. 627.06281 has been found to be accurate and reliable by the 2237 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, 2238 2239 that model shall serve as the minimum benchmark for determining 2240 the windstorm portion of the corporation's rates. This 2241 subparagraph does not require or allow the corporation to adopt rates lower than the rates otherwise required or allowed by this 2242 2243 paragraph.

2244 The rate filings for the corporation which were 4. 2245 approved by the office and which took effect January 1, 2007, 2246 are rescinded, except for those rates that were lowered. As soon as possible, the corporation shall begin using the lower rates 2247 that were in effect on December 31, 2006, and shall provide 2248 refunds to policyholders who have paid higher rates as a result 2249 2250 of that rate filing. The rates in effect on December 31, 2006, shall remain in effect for the 2007 and 2008 calendar years 2251 except for any rate change that results in a lower rate. The 2252 2253 next rate change that may increase rates shall take effect January 1, 2009, pursuant to a new rate filing recommended by 2254 2255 the corporation and established by the office, subject to the 2256 requirements of this paragraph.

2257 <u>5.a. Beginning on January 15, 2009, and each year</u>
2258 <u>thereafter, the corporation must make a recommended actuarially</u>
2259 <u>sound rate filing for each personal and commercial line of</u>
2260 <u>business it writes, to be effective no earlier than July 1,</u>

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870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

2009.

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

I	Amendment No.
2262	b. For the 36-month period beginning with the effective
2263	date for each of the rate filings made by the corporation on
2264	January 15, 2009, the rates established by the office for the
2265	corporation for its personal residential multiperil policies,
2266	its commercial residential multiperil policies, and its
2267	commercial nonresidential multiperil policies may not result in
2268	an overall average statewide premium increase of more than 10
2269	percent or an increase for any single policyholder of more than
2270	10 percent, during the first 12-month period, and may not result
2271	in an overall average statewide premium increase of more than 10
2272	percent, or an increase for any single policyholder of more than
2273	10 percent, during each of the two subsequent 12-month periods,
2274	excluding coverage changes and surcharges.
2275	c. For the 36-month period beginning with the effective
2276	date for the rate filings made by the corporation on January 15,
2277	2009, the rates established by the office for the corporation
2278	for its personal residential wind-only policies, its commercial
2279	residential wind-only policies, and its commercial
2280	nonresidential wind-only policies may not result in an overall
2281	average statewide premium increase of more than 10 percent, or
2282	an increase for any single policyholder of more than 10 percent,
2283	during the first 12-month period, and may not result in an
2284	overall average statewide premium increase of more than 10
2285	percent, or an increase for any single policyholder of more than
2286	10 percent, during each of the two subsequent 12-month periods,
2287	excluding coverage changes and surcharges.
2288	(p)1. The corporation shall certify to the office its
2289	needs for annual assessments as to a particular calendar year,

870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 83 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2290 and for any interim assessments that it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a particular year pending the receipt 2291 2292 of annual assessments. Upon verification, the office shall approve such certification, and the corporation shall levy such 2293 annual or interim assessments. Such assessments shall be 2294 2295 prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The corporation shall take all reasonable and prudent steps necessary to collect the 2296 amount of assessment due from each assessable insurer, 2297 including, if prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment. 2298 2299 If the corporation is unable to collect an assessment from any 2300 assessable insurer, the uncollected assessments shall be levied as an additional assessment against the assessable insurers and 2301 2302 any assessable insurer required to pay an additional assessment as a result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 2303 2304 against such nonpaying assessable insurer. Assessments shall be 2305 included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates. The 2306 failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and remit any 2307 regular or emergency assessment levied by the corporation is considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and subjects the 2308 2309 surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in that section.

The governing body of any unit of local government, any 2310 2. residents of which are insured by the corporation, may issue 2311 bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 from time to time 2312 2313 to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the corporation, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the 2314 corporation. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate 2315 proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance 2316 programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which 2317 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 84 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

are insured by the corporation, may provide for the payment of 2318 losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within 2319 2320 or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph may not be 2321 2322 issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of 2323 emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are 2324 2325 necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and 2326 general welfare of residents of this state and declaring it an 2327 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or 2328 2329 counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to claimants 2330 and policyholders of the corporation. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with the corporation 2331 2332 and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued 2333 2334 under this subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by 2335 moneys received by the corporation from emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., and assigned and pledged to or 2336 2337 on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing 2338 power of the state or of the unit of local government shall not 2339 be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 2340 2341 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the office shall require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which 2342 shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be 2343 required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of 2344 the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of 2345 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 85 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2346 assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not 2347 be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the office 2348 determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the 2349 solvency of the insurer.

3.a. The corporation shall adopt one or more programs 2350 2351 subject to approval by the office for the reduction of both new and renewal writings in the corporation. Beginning January 1, 2352 2008, any program the corporation adopts for the payment of 2353 bonuses to an insurer for each risk the insurer removes from the 2354 corporation shall comply with s. 627.3511(2) and may not exceed 2355 2356 the amount referenced in s. 627.3511(2) for each risk removed. 2357 The corporation may consider any prudent and not unfairly 2358 discriminatory approach to reducing corporation writings, and may adopt a credit against assessment liability or other 2359 liability that provides an incentive for insurers to take risks 2360 out of the corporation and to keep risks out of the corporation 2361 2362 by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings in counties or 2363 areas in which corporation risks are highly concentrated and a program to provide a formula under which an insurer voluntarily 2364 2365 taking risks out of the corporation by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved wholly or partially from 2366 2367 assessments under sub-subparagraphs (b)3.a. and b. However, any "take-out bonus" or payment to an insurer must be conditioned on 2368 2369 the property being insured for at least 5 years by the insurer, unless canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder. If the policy 2370 2371 is canceled or nonrenewed by the policyholder before the end of the 5-year period, the amount of the take-out bonus must be 2372 prorated for the time period the policy was insured. When the 2373 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 86 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2374 corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out 2375 plan, the producing agent of record of the corporation policy is 2376 entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and 2377 the insurer shall either:

(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or

(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).

2390 b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 3 2391 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy by 2392 2393 the corporation. With the approval of the office, the board may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 2394 2395 quarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation, or for 2 additional years if the 2396 2397 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies so removed. 2398

2399 c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or 2400 deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from 2401 policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 87 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2402 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or 4. in part, of the assessment of an assessable insurer, other than 2403 2404 an emergency assessment collected from policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., if the office finds that payment of 2405 2406 the assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the 2407 insurer. In the event an assessment against an assessable insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which 2408 2409 such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other assessable insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 2410 assessments set forth in paragraph (b). 2411 Effective July 1, 2007, in order to evaluate the costs 2412 5. and benefits of approved take-out plans, if the corporation pays 2413 2414 a bonus or other payment to an insurer for an approved take-out plan, it shall maintain a record of the address or such other 2415 2416 identifying information on the property or risk removed in order to track if and when the property or risk is later insured by 2417 2418 the corporation.

2419 6. Any policy taken out, assumed, or removed from the 2420 corporation is, as of the effective date of the take-out, 2421 assumption, or removal, direct insurance issued by the insurer 2422 and not by the corporation, even if the corporation continues to 2423 service the policies. This subparagraph applies to policies of 2424 the corporation and not policies taken out, assumed, or removed 2425 from any other entity.

2426 (w)1. The following records of the corporation are 2427 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and 2428 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2429 Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or an a. applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting 2430 2431 files. Confidential and exempt underwriting file records may also be released to other governmental agencies upon written 2432 request and demonstration of need; such records held by the 2433 2434 receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided 2435 herein.

Claims files, until termination of all litigation and 2436 b. settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, 2437 although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as 2438 2439 otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file 2440 records may be released to other governmental agencies upon 2441 written request and demonstration of need; such records held by the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as provided 2442 for herein. 2443

Records obtained or generated by an internal auditor 2444 c. 2445 pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is completed, or if 2446 the audit is conducted as part of an investigation, until the investigation is closed or ceases to be active. An investigation 2447 2448 is considered "active" while the investigation is being conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could 2449 2450 lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal 2451 proceedings.

2452 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-2453 client communications.

e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation
under contract and the contract provides for the confidentiality
of such proprietary information.
870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

f. All information relating to the medical condition or medical status of a corporation employee which is not relevant to the employee's capacity to perform his or her duties, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information <u>that which</u> is exempt shall include, but is not limited to, information relating to workers' compensation, insurance benefits, and retirement or disability benefits.

2464 Upon an employee's entrance into the employee q. assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a 2465 behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 2466 2467 emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job performance, all records relative to that participation shall be 2468 2469 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise 2470 provided in s. 112.0455(11). 2471

h. Information relating to negotiations for financing,
reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the
conclusion of the negotiations.

i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting
files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims
file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all
claims with regard to that claim, except that information
otherwise confidential or exempt by law <u>shall</u> will be redacted.

2480 <u>2. If</u> When an authorized insurer is considering 2481 underwriting a risk insured by the corporation, relevant 2482 underwriting files and confidential claims files may be released 2483 to the insurer provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized 2484 and under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2485 If When a file is transferred to an insurer that file is no longer a public record because it is not held by an agency 2486 2487 subject to the provisions of the public records law. Underwriting files and confidential claims files may also be 2488 released to staff of and the board of governors of the market 2489 2490 assistance plan established pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must retain the confidentiality of such files, except such files may 2491 be released to authorized insurers that are considering assuming 2492 the risks to which the files apply, provided the insurer agrees 2493 in writing, notarized and under oath, to maintain the 2494 confidentiality of such files. Finally, the corporation or the 2495 2496 board or staff of the market assistance plan may make the 2497 following information obtained from underwriting files and confidential claims files available to licensed general lines 2498 insurance agents: name, address, and telephone number of the 2499 residential property owner or insured; location of the risk; 2500 2501 rating information; loss history; and policy type. The receiving 2502 licensed general lines insurance agent must retain the confidentiality of the information received. 2503

2504 3. A policyholder who has filed suit against the 2505 corporation has the right to discover the contents of his or her 2506 own claims file to the same extent that discovery of such 2507 contents would be available from a private insurer in litigation 2508 as provided by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, the Florida 2509 Evidence Code, and other applicable law. Pursuant to subpoena, a 2510 third party has the right to discover the contents of an insured's or applicant's underwriting or claims file to the same 2511 2512 extent that discovery of such contents would be available from a 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2513 private insurer by subpoena as provided by the Florida Rules of 2514 Civil Procedure, the Florida Evidence Code, and other applicable 2515 law, and subject to any confidentiality protections requested by the corporation and agreed to by the seeking party or ordered by 2516 the court. The corporation may release confidential underwriting 2517 2518 and claims file contents and information as it deems necessary 2519 and appropriate to underwrite or service insurance policies and 2520 claims, subject to any confidentiality protections deemed necessary and appropriate by the corporation. 2521

4.2. Portions of meetings of the corporation are exempt 2522 from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the 2523 State Constitution wherein confidential underwriting files or 2524 2525 confidential open claims files are discussed. All portions of corporation meetings which are closed to the public shall be 2526 recorded by a court reporter. The court reporter shall record 2527 the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all 2528 discussion and proceedings, the names of all persons present at 2529 any time, and the names of all persons speaking. No portion of 2530 any closed meeting shall be off the record. Subject to the 2531 2532 provisions hereof and s. 119.07(1)(e) - (q), the court reporter's notes of any closed meeting shall be retained by the corporation 2533 2534 for a minimum of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any 2535 exempt matters, of any closed meeting wherein claims are discussed shall become public as to individual claims after 2536 settlement of the claim. 2537

2538 (dd)1. For policies subject to nonrenewal as a result of 2539 the risk being no longer eligible for coverage due to being 2540 valued at \$1 million or more, the corporation shall, directly or 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 92 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2541 through the market assistance plan, make information from 2542 confidential underwriting and claims files of policyholders 2543 available only to licensed general lines agents who register 2544 with the corporation to receive such information according to 2545 the following procedures:

2546 2. By August 1, 2006, the corporation shall provide such 2547 policyholders who are not eligible for renewal the opportunity 2548 to request in writing, within 30 days after the notification is 2549 sent, that information from their confidential underwriting and 2550 claims files not be released to licensed general lines agents 2551 registered pursuant to this paragraph.

2552 3. By August 1, 2006, the corporation shall make available 2553 to licensed general lines agents the registration procedures to 2554 be used to obtain confidential information from underwriting and 2555 claims files for such policies not eligible for renewal. As a condition of registration, the corporation shall require the 2556 2557 licensed general lines agent to attest that the agent has the 2558 experience and relationships with authorized or surplus lines 2559 carriers to attempt to offer replacement coverage for such 2560 policies.

4. By September 1, 2006, the corporation shall make 2561 2562 available through a secured website to licensed general lines 2563 agents registered pursuant to this paragraph application, 2564 rating, loss history, mitigation, and policy type information 2565 relating to such policies not eligible for renewal and for which the policyholder has not requested the corporation withhold such 2566 information. The registered licensed general lines agent may use 2567 such information to contact and assist the policyholder in 2568 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 93 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2569 securing replacement policies, and the agent may disclose to the 2570 policyholder that such information was obtained from the 2571 corporation.

2572 <u>(dd) (ee)</u> The assets of the corporation may be invested and 2573 managed by the State Board of Administration.

2574 (ee) (ff) The office may establish a pilot program to offer 2575 optional sinkhole coverage in one or more counties or other 2576 territories of the corporation for the purpose of implementing s. 627.706, as amended by s. 30, chapter 2007-1, Laws of 2577 Florida. Under the pilot program, the corporation is not 2578 2579 required to issue a notice of nonrenewal to exclude sinkhole 2580 coverage upon the renewal of existing policies, but may exclude 2581 such coverage using a notice of coverage change.

2582 (ff) The corporation shall report claims data and histories to a consumer reporting agency, as defined by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq., that maintains a national database of similar data for use in connection with the underwriting of insurance involving a consumer.

2588 Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 2589 627.4133, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2590 627.4133 Notice of cancellation, nonrenewal, or renewal 2591 premium.--

(2) With respect to any personal lines or commercial residential property insurance policy, including, but not limited to, any homeowner's, mobile home owner's, farmowner's, condominium association, condominium unit owner's, apartment

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2596 building, or other policy covering a residential structure or 2597 its contents:

2598 (b) The insurer shall give the named insured written notice of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 100 2599 2600 days prior to the effective date of the nonrenewal, 2601 cancellation, or termination. However, the insurer shall give at least 100 days' written notice, or written notice by June 1, 2602 whichever is earlier, for any nonrenewal, cancellation, or 2603 termination that would be effective between June 1 and November 2604 30. The notice must include the reason or reasons for the 2605 2606 nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination, except that:

1. The insurer shall give the named insured written notice
 of nonrenewal, cancellation, or termination at least 180 days
 prior to the effective date of the nonrenewal, cancellation, or
 termination for a named insured whose residential structure has
 been insured by that insurer or an affiliated insurer for at
 least a 5-year period immediately prior to date of the written
 notice.

2.1. When cancellation is for nonpayment of premium, at 2614 2615 least 10 days' written notice of cancellation accompanied by the reason therefor shall be given. As used in this subparagraph, 2616 2617 the term "nonpayment of premium" means failure of the named insured to discharge when due any of her or his obligations in 2618 2619 connection with the payment of premiums on a policy or any installment of such premium, whether the premium is payable 2620 2621 directly to the insurer or its agent or indirectly under any premium finance plan or extension of credit, or failure to 2622 2623 maintain membership in an organization if such membership is a 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 95 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2624 condition precedent to insurance coverage. "Nonpayment of 2625 premium" also means the failure of a financial institution to 2626 honor an insurance applicant's check after delivery to a licensed agent for payment of a premium, even if the agent has 2627 2628 previously delivered or transferred the premium to the insurer. 2629 If a dishonored check represents the initial premium payment, the contract and all contractual obligations shall be void ab 2630 initio unless the nonpayment is cured within the earlier of 5 2631 days after actual notice by certified mail is received by the 2632 2633 applicant or 15 days after notice is sent to the applicant by 2634 certified mail or registered mail, and if the contract is void, 2635 any premium received by the insurer from a third party shall be 2636 refunded to that party in full.

3.2. When such cancellation or termination occurs during 2637 2638 the first 90 days during which the insurance is in force and the insurance is canceled or terminated for reasons other than 2639 2640 nonpayment of premium, at least 20 days' written notice of 2641 cancellation or termination accompanied by the reason therefor shall be given except where there has been a material 2642 2643 misstatement or misrepresentation or failure to comply with the underwriting requirements established by the insurer. 2644

2645 <u>4.3.</u> The requirement for providing written notice of 2646 nonrenewal by June 1 of any nonrenewal that would be effective 2647 between June 1 and November 30 does not apply to the following 2648 situations, but the insurer remains subject to the requirement 2649 to provide such notice at least 100 days prior to the effective 2650 date of nonrenewal:

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

0 6 5 1	Amendment No.
2651	a. A policy that is nonrenewed due to a revision in the
2652	coverage for sinkhole losses and catastrophic ground cover
2653	collapse pursuant to s. 627.730, as amended by s. 30, chapter
2654	2007-1, Laws of Florida.
2655	b. A policy that is nonrenewed by Citizens Property
2656	Insurance Corporation, pursuant to s. 627.351(6), for a policy
2657	that has been assumed by an authorized insurer offering
2658	replacement or renewal coverage to the policyholder.
2659	
2660	After the policy has been in effect for 90 days, the policy
2661	shall not be canceled by the insurer except when there has been
2662	a material misstatement, a nonpayment of premium, a failure to
2663	comply with underwriting requirements established by the insurer
2664	within 90 days of the date of effectuation of coverage, or a
2665	substantial change in the risk covered by the policy or when the
2666	cancellation is for all insureds under such policies for a given
2667	class of insureds. This paragraph does not apply to individually
2668	rated risks having a policy term of less than 90 days.
2669	Section 13. Effective January 1, 2011, section 689.262,
2670	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
2671	689.262 Sale of residential property; disclosure of
2672	windstorm mitigation ratingA purchaser of residential
2673	property must be informed of the windstorm mitigation rating of
2674	the structure, based on the uniform home grading scale adopted
2675	pursuant to s. 215.55865. The rating must be included in the
2676	contract for sale or as a separate document attached to the
2677	contract for sale. The Financial Services Commission may adopt
2678	rules, consistent with other state laws, to administer this
·	870297
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM Page 97 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2679	Amendment No. section, including the form of the disclosure and the
2680	requirements for the windstorm mitigation inspection or report
2681	that is required for purposes of determining the rating.
2682	Section 14. (1) By December 15, 2008, Citizens Property
2683	Insurance Corporation shall transfer \$250 million to the General
2684	Revenue Fund if the combined surplus of each account as defined
2685	in s. 627.351(6), Florida Statutes, exceeds \$1 billion. The
2686	board of governors of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation
2687	must make a reasonable estimate of such surplus on or after
2688	December 1, 2008, and no later than December 14, 2008, using
2689	generally accepted actuarial and accounting practices,
2690	recognizing that audited financial statements will not yet be
2691	available.
2692	(2) Beginning July 1, 2009, the board shall make quarterly
2693	transfers of any interest earned prior to the issuance of any
2694	surplus notes, interest paid, and principal repaid to the state
2695	for any surplus notes issued by the program after December 1,
2696	2008, to Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, provided such
2697	surplus notes were funded exclusively by an appropriation to the
2698	program by the Legislature for the 2008-2009 fiscal year. The
2699	corporation shall credit each account as defined in s.
2700	627.351(6) in a pro rata manner for the funds removed from each
2701	account to make the transfer required by subsection (11).
2702	Section 15. <u>Citizens Property Insurance Corporation may</u>
2703	not use any amendments made to s. 215.5595, Florida Statutes, by
2704	this act or any transfer of funds authorized by this act as
2705	justification or cause in seeking any rate or assessment
2706	increase.
	870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 98 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2707 Section 16. Subsection (3) is added to section 627.06281, 2708 Florida Statutes, to read:

2709 627.06281 Public hurricane loss projection model;2710 reporting of data by insurers.--

2711 (3) (a) A residential property insurer may have access to 2712 and use the public hurricane loss projection model, including 2713 all assumptions and factors and all detailed loss results, for 2714 the purpose of calculating rate indications in a rate filing and 2715 for analytical purposes, including any analysis or evaluation of 2716 the model required under actuarial standards of practice.

2717 (b) By January 1, 2009, the office shall establish by rule 2718 <u>a fee schedule for access to and the use of the model. The fee</u> 2719 <u>schedule must be reasonably calculated to cover only the actual</u> 2720 <u>costs of providing access to and the use of the model.</u>

2721 Section 17. Section 627.0655, Florida Statutes, is amended 2722 to read:

2723 627.0655 Policyholder loss or expense-related premium 2724 discounts. -- An insurer or person authorized to engage in the business of insurance in this state may include, in the premium 2725 2726 charged an insured for any policy, contract, or certificate of insurance, a discount based on the fact that another policy, 2727 contract, or certificate of any type has been purchased by the 2728 2729 insured from the same insurer or insurer group, the Citizens 2730 Property Insurance Corporation created under s. 627.351(6) if 2731 the same insurance agent is servicing both policies, or an insurer that has removed the policy from the Citizens Property 2732 Insurance Corporation if the same insurance agent is servicing 2733 2734 both policies. 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

1	Amendment No.
2735	Section 18. (1) The Citizens Property Insurance
2736	Corporation Mission Review Task Force is created to analyze and
2737	compile available data and to develop a report setting forth the
2738	statutory and operational changes needed to return Citizens
2739	Property Insurance Corporation to its former role as a state-
2740	created, noncompetitive residual market mechanism that provides
2741	property insurance coverage to risks that are otherwise entitled
2742	but unable to obtain such coverage in the private insurance
2743	market. The task force shall submit a report to the Governor,
2744	the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
2745	Representatives by January 31, 2009. At a minimum, the task
2746	force shall analyze and evaluate relevant and applicable
2747	information and data and develop recommendations concerning:
2748	(a) The nature of Citizens Property Insurance
2749	Corporation's role in providing property insurance coverage only
2750	if such coverage is not available from private insurers.
2751	(b) The ability of the admitted market to offer policies
2752	to those consumers formerly insured through Citizens Property
2753	Insurance Corporation. This consideration shall include, but not
2754	be limited to, the availability of private market reinsurance
2755	and coverage through the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the
2756	general adequacy of the admitted market's current rates, and the
2757	capacity of the industry to offer policies to former Citizens
2758	Property Insurance Corporation policyholders within existing
2759	writing ratio limitations.
2760	(c) The appropriate relationship of rates charged by
2761	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation to rates charged by

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2762 private insurers, with due consideration for the corporation's 2763 role as a noncompetitive residual market mechanism. 2764 (d) The relationships between the exposure of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation to catastrophic hurricane losses, 2765 the corporation's history of purchasing inadequate or no 2766 2767 reinsurance coverage, and the corporation's lack of adequate 2768 capital to meet its potential claim obligations without 2769 incurring large deficits. The adverse effects on the people and the economy of 2770 (e) this state of the large, multiyear deficit assessments by 2771 2772 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation that may be levied on businesses and households in this state, and steps that can be 2773 2774 taken to reduce those effects. 2775 The operational implications of the variation in the (f) number of policies in force over time in Citizens Property 2776 Insurance Corporation and the merits of outsourcing some or all 2777 of its operational responsibilities. 2778 2779 Changes in the mission and operations of Citizens (q) Property Insurance Corporation to reduce or eliminate any 2780 2781 adverse effect such mission and operations may be having on the promotion of sound and economic growth and development of the 2782 2783 coastal areas of this state. 2784 (h) Appropriate and consistent geographic boundaries of 2785 the high-risk account. 2786 The task force shall be composed of 19 members as (2) 2787 follows: Three members appointed by the Speaker of the House of 2788 (a) 2789 Representatives. 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM Page 101 of 116

Amendment No.

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

	Amendment No.
2790	(b) Three members appointed by the President of the
2791	Senate.
2792	(c) Four members appointed by the Governor who are not
2793	employed by or professionally affiliated with an insurance
2794	company or a subsidiary of an insurance company, at least two of
2795	whom must be consumer advocates or members of a consumer
2796	advocacy organization or agency.
2797	(d) Nine members appointed as representatives of private
2798	insurance companies as follows:
2799	1. Two members representing two separate insurance
2800	companies that each provide at least 150,000 homeowner's
2801	insurance policies in this state at the time of the creation of
2802	the task force.
2803	2. Two members representing two separate insurance
2804	companies that each provide fewer than 150,000 homeowner's
2805	insurance policies in this state at the time of the creation of
2806	the task force.
2807	3. Two members representing two separate insurance
2808	companies among the 10 insurance companies writing the greatest
2809	amount of commercial multiperil insurance premium in this state
2810	at the time of the creation of the task force.
2811	4. Three members appointed by the Chief Financial Officer
2812	representing insurance agents in this state.
2813	
2814	Of each pair of members appointed under subparagraphs 1., 2.,
2815	and 3., one shall be appointed by the President of the Senate
2816	and one by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
·	870297
	4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 102 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2817	Amendment No. (3) The task force shall conduct research, hold public
2818	meetings, receive testimony, employ consultants and
2819	administrative staff, and undertake other activities determined
2820	by its members to be necessary to complete its responsibilities.
2821	Citizens Property Insurance Corporation shall have appropriate
2822	senior staff attend task force meetings, shall respond to
2823	requests for testimony and data by the task force, shall
2824	otherwise cooperate with the task force, and shall provide
2825	funding for the necessary costs of implementing the provisions
2826	of this section.
2827	(4) A member of the task force may not delegate his or her
2828	attendance or voting power to a designee.
2829	(5) Members of the task force shall serve without
2830	compensation but are entitled to receive reimbursement for
2831	travel and per diem as provided in s. 112.061, Florida Statutes.
2832	(6) The appointments to the task force must be completed
2833	within 30 calendar days after the effective date of this act,
2834	and the task force must hold its initial meeting within 1 month
2835	after appointment of all members. The task force shall expire no
2836	later than 60 calendar days after submission of the report
2837	required in subsection (1).
2838	Section 19. Section 627.0621, Florida Statutes, is created
2839	to read:
2840	627.0621 Transparency in rate regulation
2841	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
2842	(a) "Rate Filing" means any original or amended rate
2843	filing required or authorized under s. 627.062, s. 627.0651, or
2844	chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida.
	870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM
	Page 103 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2845	Amendment No. (b) "Recommendation" means any proposed, preliminary, or
2846	final recommendation from an office actuary reviewing a rate
2847	filing with respect to the issue of approval or disapproval of
2848	the rate filing or with respect to rate indications that the
2849	office would consider acceptable.
2850	(2) WEBSITE FOR PUBLIC ACCESS TO RATE FILING
2851	INFORMATIONWith respect to any rate filing made on after July
2852	1, 2008, the office shall provide the following information on a
2853	publicly accessible Internet website:
2854	(a) The overall rate change requested by the insurer.
2855	(b) All assumptions made by the office's actuaries.
2856	(c) A statement describing any assumptions or methods that
2857	deviate from the actuarial standards of practice of the Casualty
2858	<u>_</u>
2859	Actuarial Society or the American Academy of Actuaries,
	including an explanation of the nature, rationale, and effect of
2860	the deviation.
2861	(d) All recommendations made by any office actuary who
2862	reviewed the rate filing.
2863	(e) Certification by the office's actuary under oath and
2864	subject to the penalty of perjury that, based on the actuary's
2865	knowledge, his or her recommendations did not contain any untrue
2866	statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact
2867	necessary to make a recommendation and, in light of the
2868	circumstances under which such recommendation was made, was not
2869	misleading.
2870	(f) The overall rate change approved by the office.
2871	(3) ATTORNEY-CLIENT PRIVILEGE; WORK PRODUCTIn any
2872	administrative or judicial proceeding relating to a rate filing,
	870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM
	$P_{2} = 104 \text{ of } 110$

Page 104 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

	Amendment No.
2873	attorney-client privilege and work product exemptions from
2874	disclosure do not apply to communications, including
2875	communications with office attorneys or records prepared by or
2876	at the direction of an office attorney, except when conditions
2877	of paragraphs (a) and (b) have been met:
2878	(a) The communication or record reflects a mental
2879	impression, conclusion, litigation strategy, or legal theory of
2880	the attorney or office.
2881	(b) The communication or record was prepared after the
2882	initiation of an action in a court of competent jurisdiction or
2883	after the filing of a request for a proceeding under ss. 120.569
2884	and 120.57.
2885	
2886	Work product privilege claims that do not meet the conditions of
2887	paragraphs (a) and (b) shall be deemed waived.
2888	Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
2889	215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2890	215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund
2891	(4) REIMBURSEMENT CONTRACTS
2892	(b)1. The contract shall contain a promise by the board to
2893	reimburse the insurer for 45 percent, 75 percent, or 90 percent
2894	of its losses from each covered event in excess of the insurer's
2895	retention, plus 5 percent of the reimbursed losses to cover loss
2896	adjustment expenses.
2897	2. The insurer must elect one of the percentage coverage
2898	levels specified in this paragraph and may, upon renewal of a
2899	reimbursement contract, elect a lower percentage coverage level
2900	if no revenue bonds issued under subsection (6) after a covered 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM
	4/23/2000 0:21 AM

Page 105 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

event are outstanding, or elect a higher percentage coverage
level, regardless of whether or not revenue bonds are
outstanding. All members of an insurer group must elect the same
percentage coverage level. Any joint underwriting association,
risk apportionment plan, or other entity created under s.
627.351 must elect the 90-percent coverage level.

Amendment No.

2907 3. The contract shall provide that reimbursement amounts 2908 shall not be reduced by reinsurance paid or payable to the 2909 insurer from other sources.

Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this 2910 4. section, the board shall make available to insurers that 2911 purchased coverage provided by this subparagraph in 2007 2006, 2912 2913 insurers qualifying as limited apportionment companies under s. 627.351(6)(c), and insurers that have been were approved to 2914 2915 participate in 2006 or that are approved in 2007 for the Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program pursuant to s. 2916 2917 215.5595_{7} a contract or contract addendum that provides an 2918 additional amount of reimbursement coverage of up to \$10 million. The premium to be charged for this additional 2919 2920 reimbursement coverage shall be 50 percent of the additional reimbursement coverage provided, which shall include one prepaid 2921 2922 reinstatement. The minimum retention level that an eligible 2923 participating insurer must retain associated with this 2924 additional coverage layer is 30 percent of the insurer's surplus as of December 31, 2007 2006. This coverage shall be in addition 2925 2926 to all other coverage that may be provided under this section. The coverage provided by the fund under this subparagraph shall 2927 be in addition to the claims-paying capacity as defined in 2928 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 106 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

2929 subparagraph (c)1., but only with respect to those insurers that 2930 select the additional coverage option and meet the requirements 2931 of this subparagraph. The claims-paying capacity with respect to all other participating insurers and limited apportionment 2932 2933 companies that do not select the additional coverage option 2934 shall be limited to their reimbursement premium's proportionate 2935 share of the actual claims-paying capacity otherwise defined in 2936 subparagraph (c)1. and as provided for under the terms of the reimbursement contract. Coverage provided in the reimbursement 2937 2938 contract shall will not be affected by the additional premiums 2939 paid by participating insurers exercising the additional 2940 coverage option allowed in this subparagraph. This subparagraph 2941 expires on May 31, 2009 2008.

Amendment No.

2942 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 627.0613, Florida 2943 Statutes, is amended to read:

Consumer advocate. -- The Chief Financial Officer 2944 627.0613 2945 must appoint a consumer advocate who must represent the general 2946 public of the state before the department and the office. The consumer advocate must report directly to the Chief Financial 2947 2948 Officer, but is not otherwise under the authority of the department or of any employee of the department. The consumer 2949 2950 advocate has such powers as are necessary to carry out the 2951 duties of the office of consumer advocate, including, but not 2952 limited to, the powers to:

(1) Recommend to the department or office, by petition, the commencement of any proceeding or action; appear in any proceeding or action before the department or office; or appear in any proceeding before the Division of Administrative Hearings 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 107 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No.

2971

2957 or arbitration panel specified in s. 627.062(6) relating to 2958 subject matter under the jurisdiction of the department or 2959 office.

2960 Section 22. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 627.712, 2961 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2962 627.712 Residential windstorm coverage required; 2963 availability of exclusions for windstorm or contents.--

(1) An insurer issuing a residential property insurance
policy must provide windstorm coverage. Except as provided in
paragraph (2)(c), this section subsection does not apply with
respect to risks that are eligible for wind-only coverage from
Citizens Property Insurance Corporation under s. 627.351(6).

2969 (2) A property insurer must make available, at the option2970 of the policyholder, an exclusion of windstorm coverage.

(a) The coverage may be excluded only if:

2972 (a)1. When the policyholder is a natural person, the 2973 policyholder personally writes and provides to the insurer the 2974 following statement in his or her own handwriting and signs his 2975 or her name, which must also be signed by every other named 2976 insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not want the insurance 2977 on my (home/mobile home/condominium unit) to pay for damage from 2978 windstorms. I will pay those costs. My insurance will not."

2979 When the policyholder is other than a natural person, 2. 2980 the policyholder provides to the insurer on the policyholder's letterhead the following statement that must be signed by the 2981 2982 policyholder's authorized representative and dated: " (Name of entity) does not want the insurance on its 2983 (type of 2984 structure) to pay for damage from windstorms. (Name of 870297

4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 108 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 2985 will be responsible for these costs. entity) (Name of 2986 entity's) insurance will not." 2987 (b) If the structure insured by the policy is subject to a mortgage or lien, the policyholder must provide the insurer with 2988 2989 a written statement from the mortgageholder or lienholder 2990 indicating that the mortgageholder or lienholder approves the policyholder electing to exclude windstorm coverage or hurricane 2991 2992 coverage from his or her or its property insurance policy. If the residential structure is eligible for wind-only 2993 (C) 2994 coverage from Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, an 2995 insurer nonrenewing a policy and issuing a replacement policy, 2996 or issuing a new policy, that does not provide wind coverage 2997 shall provide a notice to the mortgageholder or lienholder indicating the policyholder has elected coverage that does not 2998 2999 cover wind. Section 23. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 3000 3001 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2008. 3002 3003 3004 3005 3006 TITLE AMENDMENT 3007 Remove the entire title and insert: A bill to be entitled 3008 An act relating to insurance; amending s. 215.5595, F.S.; 3009 3010 revising legislative findings; providing for an appropriation of state funds in exchange for surplus notes issued by residential 3011 3012 property insurers under the program; revising the conditions and 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 109 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

3013 requirements for providing funds to insurers under the program; 3014 requiring a commitment by the insurer to meet minimum premium-3015 to-surplus writing ratios for residential property insurance and for taking policies out of Citizens Property Insurance 3016 3017 Corporation; requiring insurers to commit to maintaining certain 3018 levels of surplus and reinsurance; authorizing the State Board 3019 of Administration to charge a fee for late payments; providing for payment of costs and fees incurred by the board in 3020 administering the program from funds appropriated to the 3021 program, subject to a specified limit; requiring the board to 3022 3023 submit an annual report to the Legislature on the program and 3024 insurer compliance with certain requirements; providing that 3025 amendments made by the act do not affect the terms of surplus notes approved prior to a specified date; authorizing the State 3026 3027 Board of Administration and an insurer to renegotiate such terms consistent with such amendments; amending s. 624.3161, F.S.; 3028 3029 authorizing the Office of Insurance Regulation to require an insurer to file its claims handling practices and procedures as 3030 a public record based on findings of a market conduct 3031 3032 examination; amending s. 624.4211, F.S.; increasing the maximum amounts of administrative fines that may be imposed upon an 3033 3034 insurer by the Office of Insurance Regulation for nonwillful and 3035 willful violations of an order or rule of the office or any 3036 provision of the Florida Insurance Code; creating s. 624.4213, F.S.; specifying requirements for submission of a document or 3037 information to the Office of Insurance Regulation or the 3038 Department of Financial Services in order for a person to claim 3039 3040 that the document is a trade secret; requiring each page or 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 110 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

3041 portion to be labeled as a trade secret and be separated from 3042 non-trade secret material; requiring the submitting party to 3043 include an affidavit certifying certain information about the documents claimed to be trade secrets; requiring the office or 3044 3045 department to notify persons who submit trade secret documents 3046 of any public-records request and the opportunity to file a 3047 court action to bar disclosure; specifying conditions for the office to retain or release such documents; creating s. 3048 624.4305, F.S.; requiring that an insurer planning to nonrenew 3049 more than a specified number of residential property insurance 3050 polices notify the Office of Insurance Regulation and obtain 3051 3052 approval for such nonrenewals; specifying procedures for 3053 issuance of such notice; amending s. 626.9521, F.S.; increasing the maximum fines that may be imposed by the office or 3054 department for nonwillful and willful violations of state law 3055 regarding unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive 3056 3057 acts or practices related to insurance; amending s. 627.0612, F.S.; providing criteria for administrative hearings to 3058 determine whether an insurer's property insurance rates, rating 3059 3060 manuals, premium credits, discount schedules, and surcharge schedules comply with the law; providing for entry of certain 3061 3062 orders; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; requiring that an insurer 3063 seeking a rate for property insurance that is greater than the 3064 rate most recently approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation make a "file and use" filing for all such rate 3065 filings made after a specified date; revising the factors the 3066 office must consider in reviewing a rate filing; prohibiting the 3067 3068 Office of Insurance Regulation from disapproving as excessive a 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 111 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

Amendment No. 3069 rate solely because the insurer obtained reinsurance covering a 3070 specified probably maximum loss; allowing the office to 3071 disapprove a rate as excessive within 1 year after the rate has been approved under certain conditions related to nonrenewal of 3072 3073 policies by the insurer; requiring the Division of 3074 Administrative Hearings to expedite a hearing request by an 3075 insurer and for the administrative law judge to commence the 3076 hearing within a specified time; authorizing an insurer to request an expedited appellate review pursuant to the Florida 3077 Rules of Appellate Procedure; expressing legislative intent for 3078 3079 an expedited appellate review; revising provisions relating to 3080 the submission of a disputed rate filing, other than a rate 3081 filing for medical malpractice insurance, to an arbitration panel in lieu of an administrative hearing if the rate is filed 3082 before a specified date; deleting provisions relating to 3083 mandatory arbitration in lieu of certain hearings; amending s. 3084 3085 627.0628, F.S.; providing legislative findings relating to final 3086 agency action for insurance ratemaking; requiring that with respect to rate filings, insurers must use actuarial methods or 3087 3088 models found to be accurate or reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology; providing 3089 3090 for use of other models under certain circumstances; deleting 3091 the requirement for the Office of Insurance Regulation and the 3092 Consumer Advocate to have access to all assumptions of a hurricane loss model in order for a model that has been found to 3093 be accurate and reliable by the Florida Commission on Hurricane 3094 Loss Projection Methodology to be admissible in a rate 3095 3096 proceeding; deleting cross-references to conform to changes made 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Page 112 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

3097 by the act; amending s. 627.0629, F.S.; requiring that the 3098 Office of Insurance Regulation develop and make publicly 3099 available before a specified deadline a proposed method for insurers to establish windstorm mitigation premium discounts 3100 3101 that correlate to the uniform home rating scale; requiring that 3102 the Financial Services Commission adopt rules before a specified deadline; requiring insurers to make rate filings pursuant to 3103 3104 such method; authorizing the commission to make changes by rule to the uniform home grading scale and specify by rule the 3105 minimum required discounts, credits, or other rate 3106 differentials; requiring that such rate differentials be 3107 consistent with generally accepted actuarial principles and wind 3108 3109 loss mitigation studies; amending s. 627.351, F.S., relating to Citizens Property Insurance Corporation; deleting a provision to 3110 3111 conform to changes made in the act; deleting provisions defining the terms "homestead property" and "nonhomestead property"; 3112 3113 increasing threshold replacement costs of certain structures for eligibility for coverage by the corporation; deleting 3114 requirements for certain properties to meeting building code 3115 3116 plus requirements as a condition of eligibility for coverage by the corporation; deleting outdated provisions requiring the 3117 corporation to submit a report for approval of offering 3118 multiperil coverage; revising threshold amounts of deficits 3119 3120 incurred in a calendar year on which the decision to levy assessments and the types of such assessments are based; 3121 revising the formula used to calculate shares of assessments 3122 owed by certain assessable insureds; requiring that the board of 3123 3124 governors make certain determinations before levying emergency 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 113 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

3125 assessments; providing the board of governors with discretion to set the amount of an emergency assessment within specified 3126 3127 limits; requiring the board of governors to levy a Citizens policyholder surcharge under certain conditions; increasing the 3128 amount of the surcharge; deleting a provision requiring the levy 3129 3130 of an immediate assessment against certain policyholders under such conditions; requiring that funds collected from the levy of 3131 3132 such surcharges be used for certain purposes; providing that such surcharges are not considered premium and are not subject 3133 to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; requiring that the 3134 failure to pay such surcharges be treated as failure to pay 3135 3136 premium; requiring that the amount of any assessment or 3137 surcharge which exceeds the amount of deficits be remitted to and used by the corporation for specified purposes; deleting 3138 3139 provisions requiring that the plan of operation of the corporation provide for the levy of a Citizens policyholder 3140 3141 surcharge if regular deficit assessments are levied as a result of deficits in certain accounts; deleting provisions related to 3142 the calculation, classification, and nonpayment of such 3143 3144 surcharge; requiring that the corporation make an annual filing for each personal or commercial line of business it writes, 3145 beginning on a specified date; limiting the overall average 3146 3147 statewide premium increase and the increase for an individual 3148 policyholder to a specified amount for rates established for certain policies during a specified period; deleting a provision 3149 requiring an insurer to purchase bonds that remain unsold; 3150 deleting provisions requiring the corporation to make certain 3151 confidential underwriting and claims files available to agents 3152 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 114 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

3153 to conform to changes made by the act relating to ineligibility of certain dwellings; clarifying the right of certain parties to 3154 3155 discover underwriting and claims file records; authorizing the corporation to release such records as it deems necessary; 3156 3157 requiring the corporation to report certain information to a 3158 consumer reporting agency; amending s. 627.4133, F.S.; requiring insurers to provide written notice of certain cancellations, 3159 3160 nonrenewals, or terminations; creating s. 689.262, F.S.; requiring a purchaser of residential property to be presented 3161 with the windstorm mitigation rating of the structure; 3162 authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules; 3163 3164 requiring Citizens Property Insurance Corporation to transfer 3165 funds to the General Revenue Fund if the losses due to a hurricane do not exceed a specified amount; requiring the board 3166 3167 of governors of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation to make a reasonable estimate of such losses by a certain date; 3168 3169 requiring the board to make quarterly transfers of funds to the 3170 corporation under certain circumstances; requiring the corporation to credit certain accounts for funds removed to make 3171 3172 certain transfers; prohibiting Citizens Property Insurance Corporation from using certain statutory changes or authorized 3173 3174 transfers of funds as justification or cause to seek any rate or 3175 assessment increase; amending s. 627.06281, F.S.; providing for 3176 residential property insurers to have access to and use a public hurricane loss projection model; requiring the office to 3177 establish a fee schedule for such model access and use; amending 3178 s. 627.0655, F.S.; expanding application of policyholder loss or 3179 expense-related premium discounts; creating the Citizens 3180 870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.

Page 115 of 116

Bill No. CS/CS/SB 2860

3181 Property Insurance Corporation Mission Review Task Force; providing purposes; requiring a report; providing report 3182 3183 requirements; providing for appointment of members; providing responsibilities; specifying service without compensation; 3184 providing for reimbursement of per diem and travel expenses; 3185 3186 providing meeting requirements; requiring the corporation to assist the task force; providing for the expiration of the task 3187 force; requiring the Chief Financial Officer to provide a report 3188 on the economic impact on the state of certain hurricanes; 3189 providing report requirements; creating s. 627.0621, F.S.; 3190 providing requirements for transparency in rate regulation; 3191 providing definitions; providing for a website for public access 3192 3193 to rate filing information; providing requirements; providing for application of public meeting requirements; specifying 3194 nonapplication of attorney-client or work-product privileges to 3195 certain communications in certain administrative or judicial 3196 3197 proceedings under certain circumstances; specifying criteria; providing for waiver of such privileges under certain 3198 circumstances; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; extending for an 3199 3200 additional year the offer of reimbursement coverage for specified insurers; revising the qualifying criteria for such 3201 3202 insurers; revising provisions to conform; amending s. 627.0613, 3203 F.S.; deleting cross-references to conform to changes made by 3204 the act; amending s. 627.712, F.S.; requiring insurers to provide notice to mortgageholders or lienholders of certain 3205 policies not providing wind coverage for certain structures; 3206 providing effective dates. 3207

3208

870297 4/29/2008 8:21 AM

Amendment No.