Florida Senate - 2008

(Reformatted) SB 312

By Senator Constantine

22-00117-08

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to state procurement of sustainable
3	buildings and equipment; amending s. 255.251, F.S.;
4	revising a short title; amending s. 255.252, F.S.;
5	revising criteria concerning the energy efficiency and
6	sustainability of state facilities; requiring that
7	buildings constructed, financed, or leased by the state
8	meet various sustainable-building standards; providing for
9	the Department of Management Services to approve certain
10	sustainable-building rating systems; requiring state
11	agencies to identify state-owned facilities that are
12	suitable for guaranteed energy performance savings
13	contracts; providing requirements and procedures therefor;
14	requiring the Department of Management Services to
15	evaluate identified facilities and develop an energy
16	efficiency project schedule; providing criteria for such
17	schedule; amending s. 255.253, F.S.; providing
18	definitions; amending s. 255.254, F.S.; revising criteria
19	governing evaluation and disclosure of life-cycle costs
20	prior to construction of certain state facilities;
21	requiring certain state-owned buildings to meet
22	sustainable-building ratings; revising provisions
23	concerning leasing of certain buildings to require an
24	analysis of energy performance; amending s. 255.255, F.S.;
25	requiring that certain rules and procedures of the
26	department concerning energy efficiency and conservation
27	performance guidelines be based on sustainable building
28	ratings; amending s. 287.063, F.S.; prohibiting extension
29	of the term of payment for consolidated equipment finance

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30	contracts beyond the anticipated useful life of the
31	equipment financed; providing exemptions from the
32	prohibition; revising criteria governing appropriations
33	for payment of purchases under certain deferred-payment
34	contracts; amending s. 287.064, F.S.; extending the time
35	allowed for the repayment of funds for certain purchases
36	of energy conservation measures under specified
37	conditions; providing an effective date.
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39	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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41	Section 1. Section 255.251, Florida Statutes, is amended to
42	read:
43	255.251 Energy Conservation <u>and Sustainable</u> in Buildings
44	Act; short title <u>Sections 255.251-255.257</u> may This act shall be
45	cited as the "Florida Energy Conservation <u>and Sustainable</u> in
46	Buildings Act of 1974 ."
47	Section 2. Section 255.252, Florida Statutes, is amended to
48	read:
49	255.252 Findings and intent
50	(1) Operating and maintenance expenditures associated with
51	energy equipment and with energy consumed in state-financed and
52	leased buildings represent a significant cost over the life of a
53	building. Energy conserved by appropriate building design <u>and</u>
54	<u>operation</u> not only reduces the demand for energy <u>and the</u> but also
55	reduces costs <u>of</u> for building operation. For example, commercial
56	buildings are estimated to use from 20 to 80 percent more energy
57	than would be required if energy-conserving designs were used.
58	The size, design, orientation, and operability of windows, the

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59 ratio of ventilating air to air heated or cooled, the level of 60 lighting consonant with space-use requirements, the handling of 61 occupancy loads, and the ability to zone off areas not requiring 62 equivalent levels of heating or cooling are but a few of the 63 considerations necessary to conserving energy.

64 (2) Significant efforts are needed in order for the 65 buildings and equipment that the state owns or leases to meet 66 energy-efficiency and sustainable-materials standards underway by 67 the General Services Administration, the National Institute of 68 Standards and Technology, and others to detail the considerations 69 and practices for energy conservation in buildings. Most important is that energy-efficient designs provide energy savings 70 71 over the life of the building structure. Conversely, energy-72 inefficient designs cause excess and wasteful energy use and high 73 costs over that life. With buildings lasting many decades and 74 with energy costs escalating rapidly, it is essential that the 75 costs of operation and maintenance of for energy-using equipment 76 and sustainable materials be included in all design proposals for 77 state-owned state buildings.

(3) In order that such energy-efficiency <u>and sustainable-</u> <u>materials</u> considerations become a function of building design, and also a model for future application in the private sector, it <u>is shall be</u> the policy of the state that buildings constructed and financed by the state be designed and constructed:

(a) To meet the United States Green Building Council
 (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED)
 rating system, Green Building Initiative's Green Globes rating
 system, or a nationally recognized, high-performance sustainable
 building rating system as approved by the department.

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88 (b) In a manner that which will minimize the consumption of 89 energy used in the operation and maintenance of such buildings. 90 It is further the policy of the state, when economically 91 feasible, to retrofit existing state-owned buildings in a manner 92 which will minimize the consumption of energy used in the 93 operation and maintenance of such buildings.

94 (4) In addition to designing and constructing new buildings 95 to meet such rating systems and be energy-efficient, it <u>is shall</u> 96 be the policy of the state to:

97 <u>(a)</u> Operate, maintain, and renovate existing <u>state-owned</u> 98 state facilities, or provide for their renovation, in a manner 99 <u>that which will minimize their</u> energy consumption and <u>maximize</u> 100 their sustainability;

(b) Ensure that facilities leased by the state are operated so as to minimize energy use; and.

103 (c) Encourage agencies are encouraged to consider shared 104 savings financing of such <u>energy</u> projects, using contracts <u>that</u> 105 which split the resulting savings for a specified period of time 106 between the agency and the private firm or cogeneration contracts 107 <u>that</u> which otherwise permit the state to lower <u>the state's</u> its 108 energy costs. Such <u>energy</u> contracts may be funded from the 109 operating budget.

110 (5) (a) By December 31, 2008, each state agency responsible 111 for paying the utilities and other operating expenses related to 112 energy use of a state-owned facility of more than 5,000 square 113 feet shall provide the department with a list specifying which of 114 those facilities it considers suitable for a guaranteed energy 115 performance contract under s. 489.145 and a description of any 116 criteria used to determine suitability.

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117	(b) By March 1, 2009, the department, in consultation with
118	the secretary or director of each agency submitting a list, shall
119	develop a schedule for energy efficiency and conservation
120	projects at the facilities which:
121	1. Is based on the magnitude of the project, the
122	effectiveness of the energy efficiency or conservation measures
123	to be implemented, and such other factors as may prove to be
124	advantageous to pursue; and
125	2. Provides the deadline for completion of efficiency
126	improvements to the facilities under a guaranteed energy
127	performance savings contract.
128	Section 3. Subsections (6) and (7) are added to section
129	255.253, Florida Statutes, to read:
130	255.253 Definitions; ss. 255.251-255.258
131	(6) "Sustainable building" means a building that is healthy
132	and comfortable for its occupants and is economical to operate
133	while conserving resources, including energy, water, raw
134	materials, and land, and minimizing the generation of toxic
135	materials and waste in its design, construction, landscaping, and
136	operation.
137	(7) "Sustainable building rating" means a rating
138	established by the United States Green Building Council (USGBC)
139	Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) rating
140	system, Green Building Initiative's Green Globes rating system,
141	or a nationally recognized, high-performance sustainable building
142	rating system as approved by the department.
143	Section 4. Section 255.254, Florida Statutes, is amended to
144	read:
145	255.254 Analysis of No facility constructed or leased

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146 without life-cycle and energy performance costs of facilities and 147 equipment.--

A No state agency may not shall lease, construct, or 148 (1)have constructed, within limits prescribed herein, a facility 149 without having secured from the department an a proper evaluation 150 of life-cycle costs based on sustainable building ratings, as 151 152 computed by an architect or engineer. Furthermore, construction 153 shall proceed only upon disclosing, for the facility chosen, the 154 life-cycle costs as determined in s. 255.255, its sustainable 155 building rating goal, and the capitalization of its the initial 156 construction costs of the building. The life-cycle costs and goal 157 for a sustainable-building rating are shall be a primary 158 considerations consideration in selecting the selection of a 159 building design. A state agency may not lease a building Such 160 analysis shall be required only for construction of buildings 161 with an area of 5,000 square feet or greater which is. For leased 162 areas of 20,000 square feet or greater within a given building 163 boundary unless an analysis of the energy performance of the 164 facility demonstrates, a life-cycle analysis shall be performed, 165 and a lease shall only be made where there is a showing that the 166 energy life-cycle costs incurred by the state are minimal 167 compared to those of available like facilities.

(2) <u>A</u> On and after January 1, 1979, no state agency <u>may not</u> shall initiate construction or have construction initiated <u>before, prior to</u> approval thereof by the department, on a facility or self-contained unit of any facility, the design and construction of which incorporates or contemplates the use of an energy system other than a solar energy system when the lifecycle costs analysis prepared by the department has determined

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175 that a solar energy system is the most cost-efficient energy 176 system for the facility or unit.

177 (3) After September 30, 1985, When a any state agency must replace or supplement major items of energy-consuming equipment 178 179 in existing state-owned or leased facilities or any selfcontained unit of any facility with other such major items of 180 181 energy-consuming equipment, the selection of the replacement or 182 supplement such items shall be based upon made on the basis of a 183 life-cycle cost analysis of alternatives in accordance with rules 184 adopted promulgated by the department under s. 255.255.

185 Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 255.255, Florida 186 Statutes, is amended to read:

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255.255 Life-cycle costs.--

188 (1) The department shall <u>adopt</u> promulgate rules and
 189 procedures, including energy conservation performance guidelines,
 190 for:

(a) Conducting <u>an analysis of the</u> a life-cycle <u>costs of</u>
 <u>competing options as a state agency selects facilities or major</u>
 <u>items of energy-consuming equipment for purchase, construction,</u>
 <u>or lease. Such options may include, but are not limited to, cost</u>
 analysis of alternative architectural and engineering designs.</u>

196 (b) Establishing and alternative major items of energy-197 consuming equipment to be retrofitted in existing state-owned or 198 leased facilities and for developing energy performance indices 199 to evaluate the efficiency of energy utilization for competing 200 designs in the construction of state-financed and leased 201 facilities.

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203 The rules must include guidelines for energy efficiency and

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204 <u>conservation performance which are based on sustainable building</u> 205 <u>ratings.</u> 206 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsection 207 (5) of section 287.063, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

208 287.063 Deferred-payment commodity contracts; preaudit 209 review.--

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(b) The Chief Financial Officer shall <u>adopt rules</u>
<u>concerning the approval of</u> establish, by rule, criteria for
approving purchases made under deferred-payment contracts which
require the payment of interest. Criteria <u>for approval</u> shall
include, but are not be limited to, the following provisions:

216 A No contract shall be approved in which interest 1. 217 exceeds the limit specified statutory ceiling contained in 218 subsection (1) may not be approved this section. However, the 219 interest component of any master equipment financing agreement 220 entered into for the purpose of consolidated financing of a 221 deferred-payment, installment sale, or lease-purchase is shall be 222 deemed to comply with the interest rate limitation of this 223 paragraph if section so long as the interest component of each 224 every interagency agreement under such master equipment financing 225 agreement complies with the limit specified in subsection (1) 226 interest rate limitation of this section.

227 2. <u>A No</u> deferred-payment purchase for less than \$30,000 <u>may</u> 228 <u>not shall</u> be approved, unless it <u>is can be</u> satisfactorily 229 demonstrated and documented to the Chief Financial Officer that 230 failure to make such deferred-payment purchase would adversely 231 affect an agency in the performance of <u>the agency's</u> its duties. 232 However, the Chief Financial Officer may approve any deferred-

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233 payment purchase if the Chief Financial Officer determines that 234 such purchase is economically beneficial to <u>this</u> the state.

3. No agency shall obligate an annualized amount of payments for deferred-payment purchases in excess of current operating capital outlay appropriations, unless specifically authorized by law or unless it can be satisfactorily demonstrated and documented to the Chief Financial Officer that failure to make such deferred-payment purchase would adversely affect an agency in the performance of its duties.

242 3.4. A No contract that shall be approved which extends payment beyond 5 years may not be approved, unless it is can be 243 244 satisfactorily demonstrated and documented to the Chief Financial 245 Officer that failure to make such deferred-payment purchase would 246 adversely affect an agency in the performance of the agency's its 247 duties. The payment term may not exceed the useful life of the 248 equipment purchased unless the contract provides for the 249 replacement or the extension of the useful life of the equipment 250 during the term of the loan.

251 (5) For purposes of this section, the annualized amount of 252 any such deferred payment commodity contract must be supported 253 from available recurring funds appropriated to the agency in an 254 appropriation category, other than the expense appropriation 255 category as defined in chapter 216, that the Chief Financial 256 Officer has determined is appropriate or that the Legislature has 257 designated for payment of the obligation incurred under this 258 section.

259 Section 7. Subsections (10) and (11) of section 287.064, 260 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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287.064 Consolidated financing of deferred-payment

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262 purchases.--

263 (10) Costs incurred pursuant to a guaranteed energy 264 performance savings contract, including the cost of energy 265 conservation measures, each as defined in s. 489.145, may be 266 financed pursuant to a master equipment financing agreement; 267 however, the costs of training, operation, and maintenance may 268 not be financed. For energy conservation measures pursuant to s. 269 489.145, excluding the costs of training, operation, and 270 maintenance, the period of time for repayment of the funds drawn 271 pursuant to the master equipment financing agreement under this subsection may exceed 5 years but may not exceed 20 10 years. The 272 273 guaranteed energy performance savings contract shall require that 274 the contractor, for the duration of the contract, replace the 275 equipment or extend its useful life.

276 For purposes of consolidated financing of deferred (11)277 payment commodity contracts under this section by a state agency, 278 any such contract must be supported from available recurring 279 funds appropriated to the agency in an appropriation category, 280 other than the expense appropriation category as defined in 281 chapter 216, that the Chief Financial Officer has determined is 282 appropriate or that the Legislature has designated for payment of 283 the obligation incurred under this section.

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Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.