

1 A bill to be entitled
 2 An act relating to workers' compensation medical services
 3 and supplies; providing for a type two transfer of
 4 responsibilities with respect to the provision of workers'
 5 compensation medical services and supplies from the Agency
 6 for Health Care Administration to the Department of
 7 Financial Services; amending s. 440.13, F.S.; revising
 8 terminology, to conform; providing an effective date.

9
 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

11
 12 Section 1. All powers, duties, functions, rules, records,
 13 personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations,
 14 allocations, and other funds of the Agency for Health Care
 15 Administration with respect to the agency's responsibilities for
 16 the provision of workers' compensation medical services and
 17 supplies are transferred intact by a type two transfer, as
 18 defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Agency for
 19 Health Care Administration to the Department of Financial
 20 Services.

21 Section 2. Subsections (1), (3), (6) through (9), and (11)
 22 through (13) of section 440.13, Florida Statutes, are amended to
 23 read:

24 440.13 Medical services and supplies; penalty for
 25 violations; limitations.--

26 (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:

27 (a) "Alternate medical care" means a change in treatment
 28 or health care provider.

29 (b) "Attendant care" means care rendered by trained
30 professional attendants which is beyond the scope of household
31 duties. Family members may provide nonprofessional attendant
32 care, but may not be compensated under this chapter for care
33 that falls within the scope of household duties and other
34 services normally and gratuitously provided by family members.
35 "Family member" means a spouse, father, mother, brother, sister,
36 child, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, aunt, or uncle.

37 (c) "Carrier" means, for purposes of this section,
38 insurance carrier, self-insurance fund or individually self-
39 insured employer, or assessable mutual insurer.

40 (d) "Certified health care provider" means a health care
41 provider who has been certified by the department ~~agency~~ or who
42 has entered an agreement with a licensed managed care
43 organization to provide treatment to injured workers under this
44 section. Certification of such health care provider must include
45 documentation that the health care provider has read and is
46 familiar with the portions of the statute, impairment guides,
47 practice parameters, protocols of treatment, and rules which
48 govern the provision of remedial treatment, care, and
49 attendance.

50 (e) "Compensable" means a determination by a carrier or
51 judge of compensation claims that a condition suffered by an
52 employee results from an injury arising out of and in the course
53 of employment.

54 (f) "Emergency services and care" means emergency services
55 and care as defined in s. 395.002.

56 (g) "Health care facility" means any hospital licensed
57 under chapter 395 and any health care institution licensed under
58 chapter 400 or chapter 429.

59 (h) "Health care provider" means a physician or any
60 recognized practitioner who provides skilled services pursuant
61 to a prescription or under the supervision or direction of a
62 physician and who has been certified by the department ~~agency~~ as
63 a health care provider. The term "health care provider" includes
64 a health care facility.

65 (i) "Independent medical examiner" means a physician
66 selected by either an employee or a carrier to render one or
67 more independent medical examinations in connection with a
68 dispute arising under this chapter.

69 (j) "Independent medical examination" means an objective
70 evaluation of the injured employee's medical condition,
71 including, but not limited to, impairment or work status,
72 performed by a physician or an expert medical advisor at the
73 request of a party, a judge of compensation claims, or the
74 department ~~agency~~ to assist in the resolution of a dispute
75 arising under this chapter.

76 (k) "Instance of overutilization" means a specific
77 inappropriate service or level of service provided to an injured
78 employee that includes the provision of treatment in excess of
79 established practice parameters and protocols of treatment
80 established in accordance with this chapter.

81 (l) "Medically necessary" or "medical necessity" means any
82 medical service or medical supply which is used to identify or
83 treat an illness or injury, is appropriate to the patient's

84 diagnosis and status of recovery, and is consistent with the
85 location of service, the level of care provided, and applicable
86 practice parameters. The service should be widely accepted among
87 practicing health care providers, based on scientific criteria,
88 and determined to be reasonably safe. The service must not be of
89 an experimental, investigative, or research nature.

90 (m) "Medicine" means a drug prescribed by an authorized
91 health care provider and includes only generic drugs or single-
92 source patented drugs for which there is no generic equivalent,
93 unless the authorized health care provider writes or states that
94 the brand-name drug as defined in s. 465.025 is medically
95 necessary, or is a drug appearing on the schedule of drugs
96 created pursuant to s. 465.025(6), or is available at a cost
97 lower than its generic equivalent.

98 (n) "Palliative care" means noncurative medical services
99 that mitigate the conditions, effects, or pain of an injury.

100 (o) "Pattern or practice of overutilization" means
101 repetition of instances of overutilization within a specific
102 medical case or multiple cases by a single health care provider.

103 (p) "Peer review" means an evaluation by two or more
104 physicians licensed under the same authority and with the same
105 or similar specialty as the physician under review, of the
106 appropriateness, quality, and cost of health care and health
107 services provided to a patient, based on medically accepted
108 standards.

109 (q) "Physician" or "doctor" means a physician licensed
110 under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under
111 chapter 459, a chiropractic physician licensed under chapter

112 460, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, an
 113 optometrist licensed under chapter 463, or a dentist licensed
 114 under chapter 466, each of whom must be certified by the
 115 department ~~agency~~ as a health care provider.

116 (r) "Reimbursement dispute" means any disagreement between
 117 a health care provider or health care facility and carrier
 118 concerning payment for medical treatment.

119 (s) "Utilization control" means a systematic process of
 120 implementing measures that assure overall management and cost
 121 containment of services delivered, including compliance with
 122 practice parameters and protocols of treatment as provided for
 123 in this chapter.

124 (t) "Utilization review" means the evaluation of the
 125 appropriateness of both the level and the quality of health care
 126 and health services provided to a patient, including, but not
 127 limited to, evaluation of the appropriateness of treatment,
 128 hospitalization, or office visits based on medically accepted
 129 standards. Such evaluation must be accomplished by means of a
 130 system that identifies the utilization of medical services based
 131 on practice parameters and protocols of treatment as provided
 132 for in this chapter.

133 (3) PROVIDER ELIGIBILITY; AUTHORIZATION.--

134 (a) As a condition to eligibility for payment under this
 135 chapter, a health care provider who renders services must be a
 136 certified health care provider and must receive authorization
 137 from the carrier before providing treatment. This paragraph does
 138 not apply to emergency care. The department ~~agency~~ shall adopt
 139 rules to implement the certification of health care providers.

140 (b) A health care provider who renders emergency care must
141 notify the carrier by the close of the third business day after
142 it has rendered such care. If the emergency care results in
143 admission of the employee to a health care facility, the health
144 care provider must notify the carrier by telephone within 24
145 hours after initial treatment. Emergency care is not compensable
146 under this chapter unless the injury requiring emergency care
147 arose as a result of a work-related accident. Pursuant to
148 chapter 395, all licensed physicians and health care providers
149 in this state shall be required to make their services available
150 for emergency treatment of any employee eligible for workers'
151 compensation benefits. To refuse to make such treatment
152 available is cause for revocation of a license.

153 (c) A health care provider may not refer the employee to
154 another health care provider, diagnostic facility, therapy
155 center, or other facility without prior authorization from the
156 carrier, except when emergency care is rendered. Any referral
157 must be to a health care provider that has been certified by the
158 department ~~agency~~, unless the referral is for emergency
159 treatment, and the referral must be made in accordance with
160 practice parameters and protocols of treatment as provided for
161 in this chapter.

162 (d) A carrier must respond, by telephone or in writing, to
163 a request for authorization from an authorized health care
164 provider by the close of the third business day after receipt of
165 the request. A carrier who fails to respond to a written request
166 for authorization for referral for medical treatment by the
167 close of the third business day after receipt of the request

168 consents to the medical necessity for such treatment. All such
169 requests must be made to the carrier. Notice to the carrier does
170 not include notice to the employer.

171 (e) Carriers shall adopt procedures for receiving,
172 reviewing, documenting, and responding to requests for
173 authorization. Such procedures shall be for a health care
174 provider certified under this section.

175 (f) By accepting payment under this chapter for treatment
176 rendered to an injured employee, a health care provider consents
177 to the jurisdiction of the department ~~agency~~ as set forth in
178 subsection (11) and to the submission of all records and other
179 information concerning such treatment to the department ~~agency~~
180 in connection with a reimbursement dispute, audit, or review as
181 provided by this section. The health care provider must further
182 agree to comply with any decision of the department ~~agency~~
183 rendered under this section.

184 (g) The employee is not liable for payment for medical
185 treatment or services provided pursuant to this section except
186 as otherwise provided in this section.

187 (h) The provisions of s. 456.053 are applicable to
188 referrals among health care providers, as defined in subsection
189 (1), treating injured workers.

190 (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a claim for specialist
191 consultations, surgical operations, physiotherapeutic or
192 occupational therapy procedures, X-ray examinations, or special
193 diagnostic laboratory tests that cost more than \$1,000 and other
194 specialty services that the department ~~agency~~ identifies by rule
195 is not valid and reimbursable unless the services have been

196 expressly authorized by the carrier, or unless the carrier has
197 failed to respond within 10 days to a written request for
198 authorization, or unless emergency care is required. The insurer
199 shall authorize such consultation or procedure unless the health
200 care provider or facility is not authorized or certified, unless
201 such treatment is not in accordance with practice parameters and
202 protocols of treatment established in this chapter, or unless a
203 judge of compensation claims has determined that the
204 consultation or procedure is not medically necessary, not in
205 accordance with the practice parameters and protocols of
206 treatment established in this chapter, or otherwise not
207 compensable under this chapter. Authorization of a treatment
208 plan does not constitute express authorization for purposes of
209 this section, except to the extent the carrier provides
210 otherwise in its authorization procedures. This paragraph does
211 not limit the carrier's obligation to identify and disallow
212 overutilization or billing errors.

213 (j) Notwithstanding anything in this chapter to the
214 contrary, a sick or injured employee shall be entitled, at all
215 times, to free, full, and absolute choice in the selection of
216 the pharmacy or pharmacist dispensing and filling prescriptions
217 for medicines required under this chapter. It is expressly
218 forbidden for the department ~~agency~~, an employer, or a carrier,
219 or any agent or representative of the department ~~agency~~, an
220 employer, or a carrier, to select the pharmacy or pharmacist
221 which the sick or injured employee must use; condition coverage
222 or payment on the basis of the pharmacy or pharmacist utilized;

223 or to otherwise interfere in the selection by the sick or
 224 injured employee of a pharmacy or pharmacist.

225 (6) UTILIZATION REVIEW.--Carriers shall review all bills,
 226 invoices, and other claims for payment submitted by health care
 227 providers in order to identify overutilization and billing
 228 errors, including compliance with practice parameters and
 229 protocols of treatment established in accordance with this
 230 chapter, and may hire peer review consultants or conduct
 231 independent medical evaluations. Such consultants, including
 232 peer review organizations, are immune from liability in the
 233 execution of their functions under this subsection to the extent
 234 provided in s. 766.101. If a carrier finds that overutilization
 235 of medical services or a billing error has occurred, or there is
 236 a violation of the practice parameters and protocols of
 237 treatment established in accordance with this chapter, it must
 238 disallow or adjust payment for such services or error without
 239 order of a judge of compensation claims or the department
 240 ~~agency~~, if the carrier, in making its determination, has
 241 complied with this section and rules adopted by the department
 242 ~~agency~~.

243 (7) UTILIZATION AND REIMBURSEMENT DISPUTES.--

244 (a) Any health care provider, carrier, or employer who
 245 elects to contest the disallowance or adjustment of payment by a
 246 carrier under subsection (6) must, within 30 days after receipt
 247 of notice of disallowance or adjustment of payment, petition the
 248 department ~~agency~~ to resolve the dispute. The petitioner must
 249 serve a copy of the petition on the carrier and on all affected
 250 parties by certified mail. The petition must be accompanied by

251 all documents and records that support the allegations contained
252 in the petition. Failure of a petitioner to submit such
253 documentation to the department ~~agency~~ results in dismissal of
254 the petition.

255 (b) The carrier must submit to the department ~~agency~~
256 within 10 days after receipt of the petition all documentation
257 substantiating the carrier's disallowance or adjustment. Failure
258 of the carrier to timely submit the requested documentation to
259 the department ~~agency~~ within 10 days constitutes a waiver of all
260 objections to the petition.

261 (c) Within 60 days after receipt of all documentation, the
262 department ~~agency~~ must provide to the petitioner, the carrier,
263 and the affected parties a written determination of whether the
264 carrier properly adjusted or disallowed payment. The department
265 ~~agency~~ must be guided by standards and policies set forth in
266 this chapter, including all applicable reimbursement schedules,
267 practice parameters, and protocols of treatment, in rendering
268 its determination.

269 (d) If the department ~~agency~~ finds an improper
270 disallowance or improper adjustment of payment by an insurer,
271 the insurer shall reimburse the health care provider, facility,
272 insurer, or employer within 30 days, subject to the penalties
273 provided in this subsection.

274 (e) The department ~~agency~~ shall adopt rules to carry out
275 this subsection. The rules may include provisions for
276 consolidating petitions filed by a petitioner and expanding the
277 timetable for rendering a determination upon a consolidated
278 petition.

279 (f) Any carrier that engages in a pattern or practice of
 280 arbitrarily or unreasonably disallowing or reducing payments to
 281 health care providers may be subject to one or more of the
 282 following penalties imposed by the department ~~agency~~:

283 1. Repayment of the appropriate amount to the health care
 284 provider.

285 2. An administrative fine assessed by the department
 286 ~~agency~~ in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 per instance of
 287 improperly disallowing or reducing payments.

288 3. Award of the health care provider's costs, including a
 289 reasonable attorney's fee, for prosecuting the petition.

290 (8) PATTERN OR PRACTICE OF OVERUTILIZATION.--

291 (a) Carriers must report to the department ~~agency~~ all
 292 instances of overutilization including, but not limited to, all
 293 instances in which the carrier disallows or adjusts payment or a
 294 determination has been made that the provided or recommended
 295 treatment is in excess of the practice parameters and protocols
 296 of treatment established in this chapter. The department ~~agency~~
 297 shall determine whether a pattern or practice of overutilization
 298 exists.

299 (b) If the department ~~agency~~ determines that a health care
 300 provider has engaged in a pattern or practice of overutilization
 301 or a violation of this chapter or rules adopted by the
 302 department ~~agency~~, including a pattern or practice of providing
 303 treatment in excess of the practice parameters or protocols of
 304 treatment, it may impose one or more of the following penalties:

305 1. An order of the department ~~agency~~ barring the provider
 306 from payment under this chapter;

307 2. Deauthorization of care under review;
 308 3. Denial of payment for care rendered in the future;
 309 4. Decertification of a health care provider certified as
 310 an expert medical advisor under subsection (9) or of a
 311 rehabilitation provider certified under s. 440.49;
 312 5. An administrative fine assessed by the department
 313 ~~agency~~ in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 per instance of
 314 overutilization or violation; and
 315 6. Notification of and review by the appropriate licensing
 316 authority pursuant to s. 440.106(3).
 317 (9) EXPERT MEDICAL ADVISORS.--
 318 (a) The department ~~agency~~ shall certify expert medical
 319 advisors in each specialty to assist the department ~~agency~~ and
 320 the judges of compensation claims within the advisor's area of
 321 expertise as provided in this section. The department ~~agency~~
 322 shall, in a manner prescribed by rule, in certifying,
 323 recertifying, or decertifying an expert medical advisor,
 324 consider the qualifications, training, impartiality, and
 325 commitment of the health care provider to the provision of
 326 quality medical care at a reasonable cost. As a prerequisite for
 327 certification or recertification, the department ~~agency~~ shall
 328 require, at a minimum, that an expert medical advisor have
 329 specialized workers' compensation training or experience under
 330 the workers' compensation system of this state and board
 331 certification or board eligibility.
 332 (b) The department ~~agency~~ shall contract with one or more
 333 entities that employ, contract with, or otherwise secure expert
 334 medical advisors to provide peer review or expert medical

335 | consultation, opinions, and testimony to the department ~~agency~~
336 | or to a judge of compensation claims in connection with
337 | resolving disputes relating to reimbursement, differing opinions
338 | of health care providers, and health care and physician services
339 | rendered under this chapter, including utilization issues. The
340 | department ~~agency~~ shall by rule establish the qualifications of
341 | expert medical advisors, including training and experience in
342 | the workers' compensation system in the state and the expert
343 | medical advisor's knowledge of and commitment to the standards
344 | of care, practice parameters, and protocols established pursuant
345 | to this chapter. Expert medical advisors contracting with the
346 | department ~~agency~~ shall, as a term of such contract, agree to
347 | provide consultation or services in accordance with the
348 | timetables set forth in this chapter and to abide by rules
349 | adopted by the department ~~agency~~, including, but not limited to,
350 | rules pertaining to procedures for review of the services
351 | rendered by health care providers and preparation of reports and
352 | testimony or recommendations for submission to the department
353 | ~~agency~~ or the judge of compensation claims.

354 | (c) If there is disagreement in the opinions of the health
355 | care providers, if two health care providers disagree on medical
356 | evidence supporting the employee's complaints or the need for
357 | additional medical treatment, or if two health care providers
358 | disagree that the employee is able to return to work, the
359 | department ~~agency~~ may, and the judge of compensation claims
360 | shall, upon his or her own motion or within 15 days after
361 | receipt of a written request by either the injured employee, the
362 | employer, or the carrier, order the injured employee to be

363 evaluated by an expert medical advisor. The opinion of the
364 expert medical advisor is presumed to be correct unless there is
365 clear and convincing evidence to the contrary as determined by
366 the judge of compensation claims. The expert medical advisor
367 appointed to conduct the evaluation shall have free and complete
368 access to the medical records of the employee. An employee who
369 fails to report to and cooperate with such evaluation forfeits
370 entitlement to compensation during the period of failure to
371 report or cooperate.

372 (d) The expert medical advisor must complete his or her
373 evaluation and issue his or her report to the department ~~agency~~
374 or to the judge of compensation claims within 15 days after
375 receipt of all medical records. The expert medical advisor must
376 furnish a copy of the report to the carrier and to the employee.

377 (e) An expert medical advisor is not liable under any
378 theory of recovery for evaluations performed under this section
379 without a showing of fraud or malice. The protections of s.
380 766.101 apply to any officer, employee, or agent of the
381 department ~~agency~~ and to any officer, employee, or agent of any
382 entity with which the department ~~agency~~ has contracted under
383 this subsection.

384 (f) If the department ~~agency~~ or a judge of compensation
385 claims orders the services of a certified expert medical advisor
386 to resolve a dispute under this section, the party requesting
387 such examination must compensate the advisor for his or her time
388 in accordance with a schedule adopted by the department ~~agency~~.
389 If the employee prevails in a dispute as determined in an order
390 by a judge of compensation claims based upon the expert medical

391 | advisor's findings, the employer or carrier shall pay for the
 392 | costs of such expert medical advisor. If a judge of compensation
 393 | claims, upon his or her motion, finds that an expert medical
 394 | advisor is needed to resolve the dispute, the carrier must
 395 | compensate the advisor for his or her time in accordance with a
 396 | schedule adopted by the department agency. The department agency
 397 | may assess a penalty not to exceed \$500 against any carrier that
 398 | fails to timely compensate an advisor in accordance with this
 399 | section.

400 | (11) AUDITS.--

401 | (a) The department ~~Agency for Health Care Administration~~
 402 | may investigate health care providers to determine whether
 403 | providers are complying with this chapter and with rules adopted
 404 | by the department agency, whether the providers are engaging in
 405 | overutilization, whether providers are engaging in improper
 406 | billing practices, and whether providers are adhering to
 407 | practice parameters and protocols established in accordance with
 408 | this chapter. If the department agency finds that a health care
 409 | provider has improperly billed, overutilized, or failed to
 410 | comply with department agency rules or the requirements of this
 411 | chapter, including, but not limited to, practice parameters and
 412 | protocols established in accordance with this chapter, it must
 413 | notify the provider of its findings and may determine that the
 414 | health care provider may not receive payment from the carrier or
 415 | may impose penalties as set forth in subsection (8) or other
 416 | sections of this chapter. If the health care provider has
 417 | received payment from a carrier for services that were
 418 | improperly billed, that constitute overutilization, or that were

419 outside practice parameters or protocols established in
420 accordance with this chapter, it must return those payments to
421 the carrier. The department ~~agency~~ may assess a penalty not to
422 exceed \$500 for each overpayment that is not refunded within 30
423 days after notification of overpayment by the department ~~agency~~
424 or carrier.

425 (b) The department shall monitor carriers as provided in
426 this chapter and the Office of Insurance Regulation shall audit
427 insurers and group self-insurance funds as provided in s.
428 624.3161, to determine if medical bills are paid in accordance
429 with this section and rules of the department and Financial
430 Services Commission, respectively. Any employer, if self-
431 insured, or carrier found by the department or Office of
432 Insurance Regulation not to be within 90 percent compliance as
433 to the payment of medical bills after July 1, 1994, must be
434 assessed a fine not to exceed 1 percent of the prior year's
435 assessment levied against such entity under s. 440.51 for every
436 quarter in which the entity fails to attain 90-percent
437 compliance. The department shall fine or otherwise discipline an
438 employer or carrier, pursuant to this chapter or rules adopted
439 by the department, and the Office of Insurance Regulation shall
440 fine or otherwise discipline an insurer or group self-insurance
441 fund pursuant to the insurance code or rules adopted by the
442 Financial Services Commission, for each late payment of
443 compensation that is below the minimum 95-percent performance
444 standard. Any carrier that is found to be not in compliance in
445 subsequent consecutive quarters must implement a medical-bill
446 review program approved by the department or office, and an

447 insurer or group self-insurance fund is subject to disciplinary
 448 action by the Office of Insurance Regulation.

449 (c) The department ~~agency~~ has exclusive jurisdiction to
 450 decide any matters concerning reimbursement, to resolve any
 451 overutilization dispute under subsection (7), and to decide any
 452 question concerning overutilization under subsection (8), which
 453 question or dispute arises after January 1, 1994.

454 (d) The following department ~~agency~~ actions do not
 455 constitute agency action subject to review under ss. 120.569 and
 456 120.57 and do not constitute actions subject to s. 120.56:
 457 referral by the entity responsible for utilization review; a
 458 decision by the department ~~agency~~ to refer a matter to a peer
 459 review committee; establishment by a health care provider or
 460 entity of procedures by which a peer review committee reviews
 461 the rendering of health care services; and the review
 462 proceedings, report, and recommendation of the peer review
 463 committee.

464 (12) CREATION OF THREE-MEMBER PANEL; GUIDES OF MAXIMUM
 465 REIMBURSEMENT ALLOWANCES.--

466 (a) A three-member panel is created, consisting of the
 467 Chief Financial Officer, or the Chief Financial Officer's
 468 designee, and two members to be appointed by the Governor,
 469 subject to confirmation by the Senate, one member who, on
 470 account of present or previous vocation, employment, or
 471 affiliation, shall be classified as a representative of
 472 employers, the other member who, on account of previous
 473 vocation, employment, or affiliation, shall be classified as a
 474 representative of employees. The panel shall determine statewide

475 | schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for medically
476 | necessary treatment, care, and attendance provided by
477 | physicians, hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, work-
478 | hardening programs, pain programs, and durable medical
479 | equipment. The maximum reimbursement allowances for inpatient
480 | hospital care shall be based on a schedule of per diem rates, to
481 | be approved by the three-member panel no later than March 1,
482 | 1994, to be used in conjunction with a precertification manual
483 | as determined by the department, including maximum hours in
484 | which an outpatient may remain in observation status, which
485 | shall not exceed 23 hours. All compensable charges for hospital
486 | outpatient care shall be reimbursed at 75 percent of usual and
487 | customary charges, except as otherwise provided by this
488 | subsection. Annually, the three-member panel shall adopt
489 | schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for physicians,
490 | hospital inpatient care, hospital outpatient care, ambulatory
491 | surgical centers, work-hardening programs, and pain programs. An
492 | individual physician, hospital, ambulatory surgical center, pain
493 | program, or work-hardening program shall be reimbursed either
494 | the agreed-upon contract price or the maximum reimbursement
495 | allowance in the appropriate schedule.

496 | (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to increase the
497 | schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for selected
498 | physicians effective January 1, 2004, and to pay for the
499 | increases through reductions in payments to hospitals. Revisions
500 | developed pursuant to this subsection are limited to the
501 | following:

502 1. Payments for outpatient physical, occupational, and
503 speech therapy provided by hospitals shall be reduced to the
504 schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for these services
505 which applies to nonhospital providers.

506 2. Payments for scheduled outpatient nonemergency
507 radiological and clinical laboratory services that are not
508 provided in conjunction with a surgical procedure shall be
509 reduced to the schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for
510 these services which applies to nonhospital providers.

511 3. Outpatient reimbursement for scheduled surgeries shall
512 be reduced from 75 percent of charges to 60 percent of charges.

513 4. Maximum reimbursement for a physician licensed under
514 chapter 458 or chapter 459 shall be increased to 110 percent of
515 the reimbursement allowed by Medicare, using appropriate codes
516 and modifiers or the medical reimbursement level adopted by the
517 three-member panel as of January 1, 2003, whichever is greater.

518 5. Maximum reimbursement for surgical procedures shall be
519 increased to 140 percent of the reimbursement allowed by
520 Medicare or the medical reimbursement level adopted by the
521 three-member panel as of January 1, 2003, whichever is greater.

522 (c) As to reimbursement for a prescription medication, the
523 reimbursement amount for a prescription shall be the average
524 wholesale price plus \$4.18 for the dispensing fee, except where
525 the carrier has contracted for a lower amount. Fees for
526 pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical services shall be
527 reimbursable at the applicable fee schedule amount. Where the
528 employer or carrier has contracted for such services and the
529 employee elects to obtain them through a provider not a party to

530 the contract, the carrier shall reimburse at the schedule,
531 negotiated, or contract price, whichever is lower. No such
532 contract shall rely on a provider that is not reasonably
533 accessible to the employee.

534 (d) Reimbursement for all fees and other charges for such
535 treatment, care, and attendance, including treatment, care, and
536 attendance provided by any hospital or other health care
537 provider, ambulatory surgical center, work-hardening program, or
538 pain program, must not exceed the amounts provided by the
539 uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances as
540 determined by the panel or as otherwise provided in this
541 section. This subsection also applies to independent medical
542 examinations performed by health care providers under this
543 chapter. In determining the uniform schedule, the panel shall
544 first approve the data which it finds representative of
545 prevailing charges in the state for similar treatment, care, and
546 attendance of injured persons. Each health care provider, health
547 care facility, ambulatory surgical center, work-hardening
548 program, or pain program receiving workers' compensation
549 payments shall maintain records verifying their usual charges.
550 In establishing the uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement
551 allowances, the panel must consider:

552 1. The levels of reimbursement for similar treatment,
553 care, and attendance made by other health care programs or
554 third-party providers;

555 2. The impact upon cost to employers for providing a level
556 of reimbursement for treatment, care, and attendance which will

557 ensure the availability of treatment, care, and attendance
558 required by injured workers;

559 3. The financial impact of the reimbursement allowances
560 upon health care providers and health care facilities, including
561 trauma centers as defined in s. 395.4001, and its effect upon
562 their ability to make available to injured workers such
563 medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and attendance.
564 The uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances must be
565 reasonable, must promote health care cost containment and
566 efficiency with respect to the workers' compensation health care
567 delivery system, and must be sufficient to ensure availability
568 of such medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and
569 attendance to injured workers; and

570 4. The most recent average maximum allowable rate of
571 increase for hospitals determined by the Health Care Board under
572 chapter 408.

573 (e) In addition to establishing the uniform schedule of
574 maximum reimbursement allowances, the panel shall:

575 1. Take testimony, receive records, and collect data to
576 evaluate the adequacy of the workers' compensation fee schedule,
577 nationally recognized fee schedules and alternative methods of
578 reimbursement to certified health care providers and health care
579 facilities for inpatient and outpatient treatment and care.

580 2. Survey certified health care providers and health care
581 facilities to determine the availability and accessibility of
582 workers' compensation health care delivery systems for injured
583 workers.

584 3. Survey carriers to determine the estimated impact on
585 carrier costs and workers' compensation premium rates by
586 implementing changes to the carrier reimbursement schedule or
587 implementing alternative reimbursement methods.

588 4. Submit recommendations on or before January 1, 2003,
589 and biennially thereafter, to the President of the Senate and
590 the Speaker of the House of Representatives on methods to
591 improve the workers' compensation health care delivery system.

592
593 The ~~agency and the~~ department, as requested, shall provide data
594 to the panel, including, but not limited to, utilization trends
595 in the workers' compensation health care delivery system. The
596 department ~~agency~~ shall provide the panel with an annual report
597 regarding the resolution of medical reimbursement disputes and
598 any actions pursuant to s. 440.13(8). The department shall
599 provide administrative support and service to the panel to the
600 extent requested by the panel.

601 (13) REMOVAL OF PHYSICIANS FROM LISTS OF THOSE AUTHORIZED
602 TO RENDER MEDICAL CARE.--The department ~~agency~~ shall remove from
603 the list of physicians or facilities authorized to provide
604 remedial treatment, care, and attendance under this chapter the
605 name of any physician or facility found after reasonable
606 investigation to have:

607 (a) Engaged in professional or other misconduct or
608 incompetency in connection with medical services rendered under
609 this chapter;

610 (b) Exceeded the limits of his or her or its professional
611 competence in rendering medical care under this chapter, or to

612 have made materially false statements regarding his or her or
613 its qualifications in his or her application;

614 (c) Failed to transmit copies of medical reports to the
615 employer or carrier, or failed to submit full and truthful
616 medical reports of all his or her or its findings to the
617 employer or carrier as required under this chapter;

618 (d) Solicited, or employed another to solicit for himself
619 or herself or itself or for another, professional treatment,
620 examination, or care of an injured employee in connection with
621 any claim under this chapter;

622 (e) Refused to appear before, or to answer upon request
623 of, the department ~~agency~~ or any duly authorized officer of the
624 state, any legal question, or to produce any relevant book or
625 paper concerning his or her conduct under any authorization
626 granted to him or her under this chapter;

627 (f) Self-referred in violation of this chapter or other
628 laws of this state; or

629 (g) Engaged in a pattern of practice of overutilization or
630 a violation of this chapter or rules adopted by the department
631 ~~agency~~, including failure to adhere to practice parameters and
632 protocols established in accordance with this chapter.

633 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.