

1 A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to the Insurance Capital Build-Up
3 Incentive Program; amending s. 215.5595, F.S.; revising
4 legislative findings; providing for appropriation of state
5 funds in exchange for surplus notes issued by residential
6 property insurers under the program; revising the
7 conditions and requirements for providing funds to
8 insurers under the program; requiring a commitment by the
9 insurer to meet minimum premium-to-surplus writing ratios
10 for residential property insurance and for taking policies
11 out of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation;
12 authorizing the State Board of Administration to charge a
13 fee for late payments; providing that amendments made by
14 the act do not affect the terms of surplus notes approved
15 prior to a specified date; authorizing the State Board of
16 Administration and an insurer to renegotiate such terms
17 consistent with such amendments; requiring Citizens
18 Property Insurance Corporation to transfer funds to the
19 General Revenue Fund for appropriation by the Legislature
20 for program purposes; requiring the board to transfer each
21 quarter certain funds to the corporation under certain
22 circumstances; prohibiting Citizens Property Insurance
23 Corporation from using certain statutory changes or
24 authorized transfers of funds as justification or cause to
25 seek any rate or assessment increase; providing an
26 effective date.

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28 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 215.5595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.5595 Insurance Capital Build-Up Incentive Program.--

(1) Upon entering the 2008 ~~2006~~ hurricane season, the Legislature finds that:

(a) The losses in this state ~~Florida~~ from eight hurricanes in 2004 and 2005 have seriously strained the resources of both the voluntary insurance market and the public sector mechanisms of Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.

~~(b) Private reinsurance is much less available and at a significantly greater cost to residential property insurers as compared to 1 year ago, particularly for amounts below the insurer's retention or retained losses that must be paid before reimbursement is provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.~~

~~(c) The Office of Insurance Regulation has reported that the insolvency of certain insurers may be imminent.~~

~~(d) Hurricane forecast experts predict that the 2006 hurricane season will be an active hurricane season and that the Atlantic and Gulf Coast regions face an active hurricane cycle of 10 to 20 years or longer.~~

(b)(e) Citizens Property Insurance Corporation has over 1.2 million policies in force and has the largest market share of any insurer writing residential property insurance in this state, and faces the threat of a catastrophic loss that ~~The number of cancellations or nonrenewals of residential property~~

57 ~~insurance policies is expected to increase and the number of new~~
58 ~~residential policies written in the voluntary market are likely~~
59 ~~to decrease, causing increased policy growth and exposure to the~~
60 ~~state insurer of last resort, Citizens Property Insurance~~
61 ~~Corporation, and threatening to increase the deficit of the~~
62 ~~corporation, currently estimated to be over \$1.7 billion. This~~
63 ~~deficit~~ must be funded by assessments against insurers and
64 policyholders, unless otherwise funded by the state. The program
65 has a substantial positive effect on the depopulation efforts of
66 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation since companies
67 participating in the program have removed over 199,000 policies
68 from the corporation. Companies participating in the program
69 have issued a significant number of new policies thereby keeping
70 an estimated 480,000 new policies out of the corporation.

71 (c)~~(f)~~ Policyholders are subject to high increased
72 premiums and assessments that are increasingly making such
73 coverage unaffordable and that may force policyholders to sell
74 their homes and even leave the state.

75 (d)~~(g)~~ The increased risk to the public sector and private
76 sector continues to pose ~~poses~~ a serious threat to the economy
77 of this state, particularly the building and financing of
78 residential structures, and existing mortgages may be placed in
79 default.

80 ~~(h) The losses from 2004 and 2005, combined with the~~
81 ~~expectation that the increase in hurricane activity will~~
82 ~~continue for the foreseeable future, have caused both insurers~~
83 ~~and reinsurers to limit the capital they are willing to commit~~
84 ~~to covering the hurricane risk in Florida; attracting new~~

85 ~~capital to the Florida market is a critical priority, and~~
 86 ~~providing a low-cost source of capital would enable insurers to~~
 87 ~~write additional residential property insurance coverage and act~~
 88 ~~to mitigate premium increases.~~

89 (e)(i) Appropriating state funds to be exchanged for used
 90 ~~as~~ surplus notes issued by ~~for~~ residential property insurers,
 91 under conditions requiring the insurer to contribute additional
 92 private sector capital and to write a minimum level of premiums
 93 for residential hurricane coverage, is a valid and important
 94 public purpose.

95 (f) Extending the program will provide an incentive for
 96 investors to commit additional capital to the residential
 97 insurance market in this state.

98 (2) The purpose of this section is to provide funds in
 99 exchange for surplus notes to be issued by new or existing
 100 authorized residential property insurers under the Insurance
 101 Capital Build-Up Incentive Program administered by the State
 102 Board of Administration, under the following conditions:

103 (a) The amount of state funds provided in exchange for a
 104 ~~the~~ surplus note to ~~for~~ any insurer ~~or insurer group~~, other than
 105 an insurer writing only manufactured housing policies, may not
 106 exceed \$25 million or 20 percent of the total amount of funds
 107 appropriated for ~~available under~~ the program, whichever is
 108 greater. The amount of the surplus note for any insurer or
 109 insurer group writing residential property insurance covering
 110 only manufactured housing may not exceed \$7 million.

111 (b) The insurer must contribute an amount of new capital
 112 to its surplus which is at least equal to the amount of the

113 surplus note and must apply to the board by September 1, 2008
 114 ~~July 1, 2006~~. If an insurer applies after September 1, 2008 ~~July~~
 115 ~~1, 2006~~, but before June 1, 2009 ~~2007~~, the amount of the surplus
 116 note is limited to one-half of the new capital that the insurer
 117 contributes to its surplus, except that an insurer writing only
 118 manufactured housing policies is eligible to receive a surplus
 119 note of up to \$7 million. For purposes of this section, new
 120 capital must be in the form of cash or cash equivalents as
 121 specified in s. 625.012(1).

122 (c) The insurer's surplus, new capital, and the surplus
 123 note must total at least \$50 million, except for insurers
 124 writing residential property insurance covering only
 125 manufactured housing. The insurer's surplus, new capital, and
 126 the surplus note must total at least \$14 million for insurers
 127 writing only residential property insurance covering
 128 manufactured housing policies as provided in paragraph (a).

129 (d) The insurer must commit to increase its writings of
 130 residential property insurance, including the peril of wind, and
 131 to meet ~~meeting~~ a minimum writing ratio of net written premium
 132 to surplus of at least 1:1 for the first calendar year after
 133 receiving the state funds or renegotiation of the surplus note,
 134 1.5:1 for the second calendar year, and 2:1 for the remaining
 135 term of the surplus note. Alternatively, the insurer must meet a
 136 minimum writing ratio of gross written premium to surplus of at
 137 least 3:1 for the first calendar year after receiving the state
 138 funds or renegotiation of the surplus note, 4.5:1 for the second
 139 calendar year, and 6:1 for the remaining term of the surplus
 140 note. The writing ratios, ~~which~~ shall be determined by the

141 Office of Insurance Regulation and certified quarterly to the
142 board. For this purpose, the term "~~net written~~ premium" means
143 ~~net written~~ premium for residential property insurance in this
144 state Florida, including the peril of wind, and "surplus" means
145 the new capital and surplus note refers to the entire surplus of
146 the insurer. An insurer who makes an initial application after
147 July 1, 2008, must also commit to writing at least 10 percent of
148 its net or gross written premium for new policies, not including
149 renewal premiums, for policies taken out of Citizens Property
150 Insurance Corporation, during each of the first 3 years after
151 receiving the state funds in exchange for the surplus note,
152 which shall be determined by the Office of Insurance Regulation
153 and certified annually to the board. The office may determine
154 that an insurer meets the requirement for taking policies out of
155 the corporation, by written notice to the board, upon a finding
156 that the insurer made offers of coverage to policyholders of the
157 corporation which would have resulted in meeting this
158 requirement had the policyholders accepted the offer. If the
159 required ratio or the required writings for policies taken out
160 of the corporation is not maintained during the term of the
161 surplus note, the board may increase the interest rate,
162 accelerate the repayment of interest and principal, or shorten
163 the term of the surplus note, subject to approval by the
164 Commissioner of Insurance of payments by the insurer of
165 principal and interest as provided in paragraph (f).

166 (e) If the requirements of this section are met, the board
167 may approve an application by an insurer for funds in exchange
168 for issuance of a surplus note, unless the board determines that

169 the financial condition of the insurer and its business plan for
170 writing residential property insurance in Florida places an
171 unreasonably high level of financial risk to the state of
172 nonpayment in full of the interest and principal. The board
173 shall consult with the Office of Insurance Regulation and may
174 contract with independent financial and insurance consultants in
175 making this determination.

176 (f) The surplus note must be repayable to the state with a
177 term of 20 years. The surplus note shall accrue interest on the
178 unpaid principal balance at a rate equivalent to the 10-year
179 U.S. Treasury Bond rate, require the payment only of interest
180 during the first 3 years, and include such other terms as
181 approved by the board. The board may charge late fees up to 5
182 percent for late payments or other late remittances. Payment of
183 principal, ~~or~~ interest, or late fees by the insurer on the
184 surplus note must be approved by the Commissioner of Insurance,
185 who shall approve such payment unless the commissioner
186 determines that such payment will substantially impair the
187 financial condition of the insurer. If such a determination is
188 made, the commissioner shall approve such payment that will not
189 substantially impair the financial condition of the insurer.

190 (g) The total amount of funds available for the program is
191 limited to the amount appropriated by the Legislature for this
192 purpose. If the amount of surplus notes requested by insurers
193 exceeds the amount of funds available, the board may prioritize
194 insurers that are eligible and approved, with priority for
195 funding given to insurers writing only manufactured housing
196 policies, regardless of the date of application, based on the

197 financial strength of the insurer, the viability of its proposed
198 business plan for writing additional residential property
199 insurance in the state, and the effect on competition in the
200 residential property insurance market. Between insurers writing
201 residential property insurance covering manufactured housing,
202 priority shall be given to the insurer writing the highest
203 percentage of its policies covering manufactured housing.

204 ~~(h) The board may allocate portions of the funds available~~
205 ~~for the program and establish dates for insurers to apply for~~
206 ~~surplus notes from such allocation which are earlier than the~~
207 ~~dates established in paragraph (b).~~

208 (h)~~(i)~~ Notwithstanding paragraph (d), a newly formed
209 manufactured housing insurer that is eligible for a surplus note
210 under this section shall meet the premium to surplus ratio
211 provisions of s. 624.4095.

212 (i)~~(j)~~ As used in this section, "an insurer writing only
213 manufactured housing policies" includes:

214 1. A Florida domiciled insurer that begins writing
215 personal lines residential manufactured housing policies in
216 Florida after March 1, 2007, and that removes a minimum of
217 50,000 policies from Citizens Property Insurance Corporation
218 without accepting a bonus, provided at least 25 percent of its
219 policies cover manufactured housing. Such an insurer may count
220 any funds above the minimum capital and surplus requirement that
221 were contributed into the insurer after March 1, 2007, as new
222 capital under this section.

223 2. A Florida domiciled insurer that writes at least 40
 224 percent of its policies covering manufactured housing in
 225 Florida.

226 (3) As used in this section, the term:

227 (a) "Board" means the State Board of Administration.

228 (b) "Program" means the Insurance Capital Build-Up
 229 Incentive Program established by this section.

230 (4) The state funds provided to the insurer in exchange
 231 for the ~~A~~ surplus note provided to an insurer pursuant to this
 232 section are ~~is~~ considered borrowed surplus ~~an asset~~ of the
 233 insurer pursuant to s. 628.401 ~~625.012~~.

234 (5) If an insurer that receives funds in exchange for the
 235 issuance of a surplus note pursuant to this section is rendered
 236 insolvent, the state is a class 3 creditor pursuant to s.
 237 631.271 for the unpaid principal and interest on the surplus
 238 note.

239 (6) The board shall adopt rules prescribing the
 240 procedures, administration, and criteria for approving the
 241 applications of insurers to receive funds in exchange for
 242 issuance of surplus notes pursuant to this section, which may be
 243 adopted pursuant to the procedures for emergency rules of
 244 chapter 120. Otherwise, actions and determinations by the board
 245 pursuant to this section are exempt from chapter 120.

246 (7) The board shall invest and reinvest the funds
 247 appropriated for the program in accordance with s. 215.47 and
 248 consistent with board policy.

249 (8) The amendments to this section enacted in 2008 do not
 250 affect the terms or conditions of surplus notes that were

251 approved prior to January 1, 2008. However, the board may
252 renegotiate the terms of any surplus note issued by an insurer
253 prior to January 2008 under this program, upon the agreement of
254 the insurer and the board, consistent with the requirements of
255 this section as amended in 2008.

256 (9) Citizens Property Insurance Corporation shall transfer
257 \$250 million to the General Revenue Fund on or after December 1,
258 2008, but before December 31, 2008, for appropriation by the
259 Legislature to the program.

260 (10) Beginning July 1, 2009, the board shall transfer each
261 quarter any interest and principle repaid to the state for any
262 surplus notes issued by the program after December 1, 2008, to
263 Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, provided such surplus
264 notes were funded exclusively by an appropriation to the program
265 by the Legislature for the 2008-2009 fiscal year.

266 Section 2. Citizens Property Insurance Corporation may not
267 use any amendments made to s. 215.5595, Florida Statutes, by
268 this act or any transfer of funds authorized by this act as
269 justification or cause in seeking any rate or assessment
270 increase.

271 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.