

1 A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to health care; amending s. 400.179, F.S.;

3 authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to

4 transfer funds to the Grants and Donations Trust Fund for

5 certain repayments; amending s. 409.017, F.S.; revising

6 the short title; providing additional legislative intent;

7 requiring the agency to develop a procurement document and

8 procedure to claim certain federal matching funds;

9 amending s. 409.904, F.S.; discontinuing optional Medicaid

10 payments for certain persons age 65 or over or who are

11 blind or disabled; revising certain eligibility criteria

12 for pregnant women and children younger than age 21;

13 amending s. 409.906, F.S.; authorizing payment of a

14 specified amount for Medicaid services provided by an

15 anesthesiologist assistant; amending s. 409.908, F.S.;

16 deleting a provision prohibiting Medicaid from making any

17 payment toward deductibles and coinsurance for services

18 not covered by Medicaid; providing limitations on Medicaid

19 payments for coinsurance; providing for Medicaid to pay

20 for certain X-ray services in a nursing home; revising

21 reimbursement rates for providers of Medicaid prescribed

22 drugs; requiring the agency to revise reimbursement rates

23 for hospitals, nursing homes, county health departments,

24 and community intermediate care facilities for the

25 developmentally disabled for 2 fiscal years; requiring the

26 agency to apply the effect of the revised reimbursement

27 rates to set payment rates for managed care plans and

28 nursing home diversion programs; requiring the agency to

29 | establish workgroups to evaluate alternative reimbursement
30 | and payment methodologies for hospitals, nursing
31 | facilities, and managed care plans; requiring a report;
32 | providing for future repeal of the suspension of the use
33 | of cost data to set certain rates; amending s. 409.911,
34 | F.S.; revising the share data used to calculate
35 | disproportionate share payments to hospitals; amending s.
36 | 409.9112, F.S.; revising the time period during which the
37 | agency is prohibited from distributing disproportionate
38 | share payments to regional perinatal intensive care
39 | centers; amending s. 409.9113, F.S.; requiring the agency
40 | to distribute moneys provided in the General
41 | Appropriations Act to statutorily defined teaching
42 | hospitals and family practice teaching hospitals under the
43 | teaching hospital disproportionate share program for the
44 | 2008-2009 fiscal year; amending s. 409.9117, F.S.;
45 | prohibiting the agency from distributing moneys under the
46 | primary care disproportionate share program for the 2008-
47 | 2009 fiscal year; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; adding a
48 | county for participation in the Medicaid behavioral health
49 | care services specialty prepaid plan; revising
50 | reimbursement rates to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed
51 | drugs; requiring the agency to notify the Legislature
52 | before seeking an amendment to the state plan in order to
53 | implement programs authorized by the Deficit Reduction Act
54 | of 2005; creating s. 409.91206, F.S.; providing for
55 | proposed alternatives for health and long-term care
56 | reforms; amending s. 409.9122, F.S.; revising enrollment

57 requirements relating to Medicaid managed care programs
58 and the agency's authority to assign persons to MediPass
59 or a managed care plan; amending s. 409.9124, F.S.;
60 removing the limitation on the application of certain
61 rates and rate reductions used by the agency to reimburse
62 managed care plans; amending s. 409.913, F.S.; prohibiting
63 mailing of the explanation of benefits for certain
64 Medicaid services; repealing s. 409.9061, F.S., relating
65 to authority for a statewide laboratory services contract;
66 repealing s. 430.83, F.S., relating to the Sunshine for
67 Seniors Program; providing an effective date.

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69 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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71 Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
72 400.179, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

73 400.179 Liability for Medicaid underpayments and
74 overpayments.--

75 (2) Because any transfer of a nursing facility may expose
76 the fact that Medicaid may have underpaid or overpaid the
77 transferor, and because in most instances, any such underpayment
78 or overpayment can only be determined following a formal field
79 audit, the liabilities for any such underpayments or
80 overpayments shall be as follows:

81 (d) Where the transfer involves a facility that has been
82 leased by the transferor:

83 1. The transferee shall, as a condition to being issued a
84 license by the agency, acquire, maintain, and provide proof to

85 the agency of a bond with a term of 30 months, renewable
86 annually, in an amount not less than the total of 3 months'
87 Medicaid payments to the facility computed on the basis of the
88 preceding 12-month average Medicaid payments to the facility.

89 2. A leasehold licensee may meet the requirements of
90 subparagraph 1. by payment of a nonrefundable fee, paid at
91 initial licensure, paid at the time of any subsequent change of
92 ownership, and paid annually thereafter, in the amount of 1
93 percent of the total of 3 months' Medicaid payments to the
94 facility computed on the basis of the preceding 12-month average
95 Medicaid payments to the facility. If a preceding 12-month
96 average is not available, projected Medicaid payments may be
97 used. The fee shall be deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund
98 and shall be accounted for separately as a Medicaid nursing home
99 overpayment account. These fees shall be used at the sole
100 discretion of the agency to repay nursing home Medicaid
101 overpayments. The agency is authorized to transfer funds to the
102 Grants and Donations Trust Fund for such repayments. Payment of
103 this fee shall not release the licensee from any liability for
104 any Medicaid overpayments, nor shall payment bar the agency from
105 seeking to recoup overpayments from the licensee and any other
106 liable party. As a condition of exercising this lease bond
107 alternative, licensees paying this fee must maintain an existing
108 lease bond through the end of the 30-month term period of that
109 bond. The agency is herein granted specific authority to
110 promulgate all rules pertaining to the administration and
111 management of this account, including withdrawals from the
112 account, subject to federal review and approval. This provision

113 shall take effect upon becoming law and shall apply to any
114 leasehold license application. The financial viability of the
115 Medicaid nursing home overpayment account shall be determined by
116 the agency through annual review of the account balance and the
117 amount of total outstanding, unpaid Medicaid overpayments owing
118 from leasehold licensees to the agency as determined by final
119 agency audits.

120 3. The leasehold licensee may meet the bond requirement
121 through other arrangements acceptable to the agency. The agency
122 is herein granted specific authority to promulgate rules
123 pertaining to lease bond arrangements.

124 4. All existing nursing facility licensees, operating the
125 facility as a leasehold, shall acquire, maintain, and provide
126 proof to the agency of the 30-month bond required in
127 subparagraph 1., above, on and after July 1, 1993, for each
128 license renewal.

129 5. It shall be the responsibility of all nursing facility
130 operators, operating the facility as a leasehold, to renew the
131 30-month bond and to provide proof of such renewal to the agency
132 annually.

133 6. Any failure of the nursing facility operator to
134 acquire, maintain, renew annually, or provide proof to the
135 agency shall be grounds for the agency to deny, revoke, and
136 suspend the facility license to operate such facility and to
137 take any further action, including, but not limited to,
138 enjoining the facility, asserting a moratorium pursuant to part
139 II of chapter 408, or applying for a receiver, deemed necessary
140 to ensure compliance with this section and to safeguard and

141 protect the health, safety, and welfare of the facility's
 142 residents. A lease agreement required as a condition of bond
 143 financing or refinancing under s. 154.213 by a health facilities
 144 authority or required under s. 159.30 by a county or
 145 municipality is not a leasehold for purposes of this paragraph
 146 and is not subject to the bond requirement of this paragraph.

147 Section 2. Section 409.017, Florida Statutes, is amended
 148 to read:

149 409.017 ~~Local Funding~~ Revenue Maximization Act;
 150 legislative intent; revenue maximization program.--

151 (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the "~~Local~~
 152 ~~Funding~~ Revenue Maximization Act."

153 (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--

154 (a) The Legislature recognizes that state funds do not
 155 fully utilize federal funding matching opportunities for health
 156 and human services needs. It is the intent of the Legislature to
 157 authorize the use of certified local funding for federal
 158 matching programs to the fullest extent possible to maximize
 159 federal funding of local preventive services and local child
 160 development programs in this state. To that end, the Legislature
 161 expects that state agencies will take a proactive approach in
 162 implementing this legislative priority. It is the further intent
 163 of the Legislature that this act shall be revenue neutral with
 164 respect to state funds.

165 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that revenue
 166 maximization opportunities using certified local funding shall
 167 occur only after available state funds have been utilized to
 168 generate matching federal funding for the state.

169 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that participation
 170 in revenue maximization is to be voluntary for local political
 171 subdivisions.

172 (d) Except for funds expended pursuant to Title XIX of the
 173 Social Security Act, it is the intent of the Legislature that
 174 certified local funding for federal matching programs not
 175 supplant or replace state funds. Beginning July 1, 2004, any
 176 state funds supplanted or replaced with local tax revenues for
 177 Title XIX funds shall be expressly approved in the General
 178 Appropriations Act or by the Legislative Budget Commission
 179 pursuant to chapter 216.

180 (e) It is the intent of the Legislature that revenue
 181 maximization shall not divert existing funds from state agencies
 182 that are currently using local funds to maximize matching
 183 federal and state funds to the greatest extent possible.

184 (f) It is the intent of the legislature to encourage and
 185 allow any agency to engage, through a competitive procurement
 186 process, an entity with expertise in claiming justifiable and
 187 appropriate federal funds through revenue maximization efforts
 188 both retrospectively and prospectively. This claiming may
 189 include, but not be limited to, administrative and services
 190 activities that are eligible under federal matching programs.

191 (3) REVENUE MAXIMIZATION PROGRAM.--

192 (a) For purposes of this section, the term "agency" means
 193 any state agency or department that is involved in providing
 194 health, social, or human services, including, but not limited
 195 to, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for
 196 Workforce Innovation, the Department of Children and Family

197 Services, the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Department of
 198 Juvenile Justice, the Department of Education, and the State
 199 Board of Education.

200 (b) The Agency for Health Care Administration may develop
 201 a procurement document and procedure to claim administrative
 202 federal matching funds for state provided educational services.
 203 The agency shall then competitively procure an entity with
 204 appropriate expertise and experience to retrospectively and
 205 prospectively maximize federal revenues through administrative
 206 claims for federal matching funds for state provided educational
 207 services.

208 (c)~~(b)~~ Each agency shall establish programs and mechanisms
 209 designed to maximize the use of local funding for federal
 210 programs in accordance with this section.

211 (d)~~(e)~~ The use of local matching funds under this section
 212 must be limited to public revenue funds of local political
 213 subdivisions, including, but not limited to, counties,
 214 municipalities, and special districts. To the extent permitted
 215 by federal law, funds donated to such local political
 216 subdivisions by private entities, such as, but not limited to,
 217 the United Way, community foundations or other foundations, and
 218 businesses, or by individuals are considered to be public
 219 revenue funds available for matching federal funding.

220 (e)~~(d)~~ Subject to paragraph (g) ~~(f)~~, any federal
 221 reimbursement received as a result of the certification of local
 222 matching funds must, unless specifically prohibited by federal
 223 law or state law, including the General Appropriations Act, and
 224 subject to the availability of specific appropriation and

225 | release authority, be returned within 30 days after receipt by
226 | the agency by the most expedient means possible to the local
227 | political subdivision providing such funding, and the local
228 | political subdivision must be provided an annual accounting of
229 | federal reimbursements received by the state or its agencies as
230 | a result of the certification of the local political
231 | subdivision's matching funds. The receipt by a local political
232 | subdivision of such matching funds must not in any way influence
233 | or be used as a factor in developing any agency's annual
234 | operating budget allocation methodology or formula or any
235 | subsequent budget amendment allocations or formulas. If
236 | necessary, agreements must be made between an agency and the
237 | local political subdivision to accomplish that purpose. Such an
238 | agreement may provide that the local political subdivision must:
239 | verify the eligibility of the local program or programs and the
240 | individuals served thereby to qualify for federal matching
241 | funds; shall develop and maintain the financial records
242 | necessary for documenting the appropriate use of federal funds;
243 | shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws,
244 | regulations, and rules that regulate such federal services; and
245 | shall reimburse the cost of any disallowance of federal funding
246 | previously provided to a local political subdivision resulting
247 | from the failure of that local political subdivision to comply
248 | with applicable state or federal laws, rules, or regulations.

249 | (f)~~(e)~~ Each agency, as applicable, shall work with local
250 | political subdivisions to modify any state plans and to seek and
251 | implement any federal waivers necessary to implement this
252 | section. If such modifications or waivers require the approval

253 of the Legislature, the agency, as applicable, shall draft such
254 legislation and present it to the President of the Senate and
255 the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the
256 respective committee chairs of the Senate and the House of
257 Representatives by January 1, 2004, and, as applicable, annually
258 thereafter.

259 (g)~~(f)~~ Each agency, as applicable, before funds generated
260 under this section are distributed to any local political
261 subdivision, may deduct the actual administrative cost for
262 implementing and monitoring the local match program; however,
263 such administrative costs may not exceed 5 percent of the total
264 federal reimbursement funding to be provided to the local
265 political subdivision under paragraph (e) ~~(d)~~. To the extent
266 that any other provision of state law applies to the
267 certification of local matching funds for a specific program,
268 the provisions of that statute which relate to administrative
269 costs apply in lieu of the provisions of this paragraph. The
270 failure to remit reimbursement to the local political
271 subdivision will result in the payment of interest, in addition
272 to the amount to be reimbursed at a rate pursuant to s. 55.03(1)
273 on the unpaid amount from the expiration of the 30-day period
274 until payment is received.

275 (h)~~(g)~~ Each agency, respectively, shall annually submit to
276 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
277 the House of Representatives, no later than January 1, a report
278 that documents the specific activities undertaken during the
279 previous fiscal year under this section. The report must
280 include, but is not limited to, a statement of the total amount

281 of federal matching funds generated by local matching funds
 282 under this section, reported by federal funding source; the
 283 total amount of block grant funds expended during the previous
 284 fiscal year, reported by federal funding source; the total
 285 amount for federal matching fund programs, including, but not
 286 limited to, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families and Child
 287 Care and Development Fund, of unobligated funds and unliquidated
 288 funds, both as of the close of the previous federal fiscal year;
 289 the amount of unliquidated funds that is in danger of being
 290 returned to the Federal Government at the end of the current
 291 federal fiscal year; and a detailed plan and timeline for
 292 spending any unobligated and unliquidated funds by the end of
 293 the current federal fiscal year.

294 Section 3. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.904,
 295 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

296 409.904 Optional payments for eligible persons.--The
 297 agency may make payments for medical assistance and related
 298 services on behalf of the following persons who are determined
 299 to be eligible subject to the income, assets, and categorical
 300 eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law. Payment on
 301 behalf of these Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the
 302 availability of moneys and any limitations established by the
 303 General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

304 ~~(1) (a) From July 1, 2005, through December 31, 2005, a~~
 305 ~~person who is age 65 or older or is determined to be disabled,~~
 306 ~~whose income is at or below 88 percent of federal poverty level,~~
 307 ~~and whose assets do not exceed established limitations.~~

308 ~~(b)~~ Effective January 1, 2006, and subject to federal

309 waiver approval, a person who is age 65 or older or is
310 determined to be disabled, whose income is at or below 88
311 percent of the federal poverty level, whose assets do not exceed
312 established limitations, and who is not eligible for Medicare
313 or, if eligible for Medicare, is also eligible for and receiving
314 Medicaid-covered institutional care services, hospice services,
315 or home and community-based services. The agency shall seek
316 federal authorization through a waiver to provide this coverage.
317 This subsection expires June 30, 2009.

318 (2)(a) A family, a pregnant woman, a child under age 21, a
319 person age 65 or over, or a blind or disabled person, who would
320 be eligible under any group listed in s. 409.903(1), (2), or
321 (3), except that the income or assets of such family or person
322 exceed established limitations. For a family or person in one of
323 these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from
324 income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make
325 a determination of eligibility. A family or person eligible
326 under the coverage known as the "medically needy," is eligible
327 to receive the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with
328 the exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and
329 intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.
330 This subsection expires June 30, 2009.

331 (b) Effective July 1, 2009, a pregnant woman or a child
332 younger than 21 years of age who would be eligible under any
333 group listed in s. 409.903, except that the income or assets of
334 such group exceed established limitations. For a person in one
335 of these coverage groups, medical expenses are deductible from
336 income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make

337 a determination of eligibility. A person eligible under the
 338 coverage known as the "medically needy" is eligible to receive
 339 the same services as other Medicaid recipients, with the
 340 exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and
 341 intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.

342 Section 4. Subsection (26) is added to section 409.906,
 343 Florida Statutes, to read:

344 409.906 Optional Medicaid services.--Subject to specific
 345 appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which
 346 are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security
 347 Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who
 348 are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services
 349 were provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be
 350 provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with
 351 state and federal law. Optional services rendered by providers
 352 in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or
 353 prohibited by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be
 354 construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees,
 355 reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or
 356 number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to
 357 comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or
 358 directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or
 359 chapter 216. If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of
 360 providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject
 361 to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor
 362 may direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend
 363 the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service
 364 known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally

365 Disabled." Optional services may include:
 366 (26) ANESTHESIOLOGIST ASSISTANT SERVICES.--The agency may
 367 pay for all services provided to a recipient by an
 368 anesthesiologist assistant licensed under s. 458.3475 or s.
 369 459.023. Reimbursement for such services must be not less than
 370 80 percent of the reimbursement that would be paid to a
 371 physician who provided the same services.

372 Section 5. Subsections (13) and (14) of section 409.908,
 373 Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2007-331, Laws of
 374 Florida, are amended, and subsection (23) is added to that
 375 section, to read:

376 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.--Subject to
 377 specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid
 378 providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according
 379 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in
 380 policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein.
 381 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement
 382 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive
 383 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency
 384 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or
 385 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based
 386 on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost
 387 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate
 388 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester
 389 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and
 390 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected
 391 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost
 392 reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost

393 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on
 394 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the
 395 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions
 396 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.
 397 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent
 398 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates,
 399 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or
 400 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the
 401 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions
 402 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the
 403 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

404 (13) Medicare premiums for persons eligible for both
 405 Medicare and Medicaid coverage shall be paid at the rates
 406 established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. For
 407 Medicare services rendered to Medicaid-eligible persons,
 408 Medicaid shall pay Medicare deductibles and coinsurance as
 409 follows:

410 ~~(a) Medicaid shall make no payment toward deductibles and~~
 411 ~~coinsurance for any service that is not covered by Medicaid.~~

412 (a)~~(b)~~ Medicaid's financial obligation for deductibles and
 413 coinsurance payments shall be based on Medicare allowable fees,
 414 not on a provider's billed charges.

415 (b)~~(e)~~ Medicaid will pay no portion of Medicare
 416 deductibles and coinsurance when payment that Medicare has made
 417 for the service equals or exceeds what Medicaid would have paid
 418 if it had been the sole payor. The combined payment of Medicare
 419 and Medicaid shall not exceed the amount Medicaid would have
 420 paid had it been the sole payor. The Legislature finds that

421 | there has been confusion regarding the reimbursement for
422 | services rendered to dually eligible Medicare beneficiaries.
423 | Accordingly, the Legislature clarifies that it has always been
424 | the intent of the Legislature before and after 1991 that, in
425 | reimbursing in accordance with fees established by Title XVIII
426 | for premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance for Medicare services
427 | rendered by physicians to Medicaid eligible persons, physicians
428 | be reimbursed at the lesser of the amount billed by the
429 | physician or the Medicaid maximum allowable fee established by
430 | the Agency for Health Care Administration, as is permitted by
431 | federal law. It has never been the intent of the Legislature
432 | with regard to such services rendered by physicians that
433 | Medicaid be required to provide any payment for deductibles,
434 | coinsurance, or copayments for Medicare cost sharing, or any
435 | expenses incurred relating thereto, in excess of the payment
436 | amount provided for under the State Medicaid plan for such
437 | service. This payment methodology is applicable even in those
438 | situations in which the payment for Medicare cost sharing for a
439 | qualified Medicare beneficiary with respect to an item or
440 | service is reduced or eliminated. This expression of the
441 | Legislature is in clarification of existing law and shall apply
442 | to payment for, and with respect to provider agreements with
443 | respect to, items or services furnished on or after the
444 | effective date of this act. This paragraph applies to payment by
445 | Medicaid for items and services furnished before the effective
446 | date of this act if such payment is the subject of a lawsuit
447 | that is based on the provisions of this section, and that is
448 | pending as of, or is initiated after, the effective date of this

449 act.

450 (c)~~(d)~~ Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) ~~(a)~~~~(e)~~:

451 1. Medicaid payments for Nursing Home Medicare part A
452 coinsurance are ~~shall be~~ limited to the Medicaid nursing home
453 per diem rate less any amounts paid by Medicare, but only up to
454 the amount of Medicare coinsurance. The Medicaid per diem rate
455 shall be the rate in effect for the dates of service of the
456 crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due to
457 subsequent per diem rate adjustments.

458 2. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for
459 Medicare-eligible recipients receiving freestanding end stage
460 renal dialysis center services.

461 3. Medicaid payments for general and specialty hospital
462 inpatient services are ~~shall be~~ limited to the Medicare
463 deductible and coinsurance per spell of illness. Medicaid
464 payments for hospital Medicare Part A coinsurance shall be
465 limited to the Medicaid hospital per diem rate less any amounts
466 paid by Medicare, but only up to the amount of Medicare
467 coinsurance. Medicaid payments for coinsurance shall be limited
468 to the Medicaid per diem rate in effect for the dates of service
469 of the crossover claims and may not be subsequently adjusted due
470 to subsequent per diem adjustments. Medicaid shall make no
471 payment toward coinsurance for Medicare general hospital
472 inpatient services.

473 4. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for
474 Medicare emergency transportation services provided by
475 ambulances licensed pursuant to chapter 401.

476 5. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance for

477 portable X-ray Medicare Part B services provided in a nursing
 478 home.

479 (14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed
 480 the least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's
 481 usual and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable
 482 fee established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee. The
 483 Medicaid maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost will be based
 484 on the lower of: average wholesale price (AWP) minus 16.4 ~~15.4~~
 485 percent, wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus 4.75 ~~5.75~~
 486 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum
 487 allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC) charge
 488 billed by the provider. Medicaid providers are required to
 489 dispense generic drugs if available at lower cost and the agency
 490 has not determined that the branded product is more cost-
 491 effective, unless the prescriber has requested and received
 492 approval to require the branded product. The agency is directed
 493 to implement a variable dispensing fee for payments for
 494 prescribed medicines while ensuring continued access for
 495 Medicaid recipients. The variable dispensing fee may be based
 496 upon, but not limited to, either or both the volume of
 497 prescriptions dispensed by a specific pharmacy provider, the
 498 volume of prescriptions dispensed to an individual recipient,
 499 and dispensing of preferred-drug-list products. The agency may
 500 increase the pharmacy dispensing fee authorized by statute and
 501 in the annual General Appropriations Act by \$0.50 for the
 502 dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-drug-list product and reduce
 503 the pharmacy dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a
 504 Medicaid product that is not included on the preferred drug

505 list. The agency may establish a supplemental pharmaceutical
506 dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unit-
507 dose packaged medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid
508 program for the ingredient cost of those medications if the
509 ingredient costs to be credited exceed the value of the
510 supplemental dispensing fee. The agency is authorized to limit
511 reimbursement for prescribed medicine in order to comply with
512 any limitations or directions provided for in the General
513 Appropriations Act, which may include implementing a prospective
514 or concurrent utilization review program.

515 (23) (a) The agency shall establish rates at a level that
516 ensures no increase in statewide expenditures resulting from a
517 change in unit costs for 2 fiscal years effective July 1, 2009.
518 Reimbursement rates for the 2 fiscal years shall be as provided
519 in the General Appropriations Act.

520 (b) This subsection applies to the following provider
521 types:

- 522 1. Inpatient hospitals.
- 523 2. Outpatient hospitals.
- 524 3. Nursing homes.
- 525 4. County health departments.
- 526 5. Community intermediate care facilities for the
527 developmentally disabled.
- 528 6. Prepaid health plans.

529
530 The agency shall apply the effect of this subsection to the
531 reimbursement rates for nursing home diversion programs.

532 (c) The agency shall create a workgroup on hospital

533 reimbursement, a workgroup on nursing facility reimbursement,
534 and a workgroup on managed care plan payment. The workgroups
535 shall evaluate alternative reimbursement and payment
536 methodologies for hospitals, nursing facilities, and managed
537 care plans, including prospective payment methodologies for
538 hospitals and nursing facilities. The nursing facility workgroup
539 shall also consider price-based methodologies for indirect care
540 and acuity adjustments for direct care. The agency shall submit
541 a report on the evaluated alternative reimbursement
542 methodologies to the relevant committees of the Senate and the
543 House of Representatives by November 1, 2009.

544 (d) This subsection expires June 30, 2011.

545 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
546 409.911, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

547 409.911 Disproportionate share program.--Subject to
548 specific allocations established within the General
549 Appropriations Act and any limitations established pursuant to
550 chapter 216, the agency shall distribute, pursuant to this
551 section, moneys to hospitals providing a disproportionate share
552 of Medicaid or charity care services by making quarterly
553 Medicaid payments as required. Notwithstanding the provisions of
554 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the
555 cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a
556 disproportionate share of low-income patients.

557 (2) The Agency for Health Care Administration shall use
558 the following actual audited data to determine the Medicaid days
559 and charity care to be used in calculating the disproportionate
560 share payment:

561 (a) The average of the 2002, 2003, and 2004 ~~2000, 2001,~~
 562 ~~and 2002~~ audited disproportionate share data to determine each
 563 hospital's Medicaid days and charity care for the 2008-2009
 564 ~~2006-2007~~ state fiscal year.

565 Section 7. Section 409.9112, Florida Statutes, is amended
 566 to read:

567 409.9112 Disproportionate share program for regional
 568 perinatal intensive care centers.--In addition to the payments
 569 made under s. 409.911, the Agency for Health Care Administration
 570 shall design and implement a system of making disproportionate
 571 share payments to those hospitals that participate in the
 572 regional perinatal intensive care center program established
 573 pursuant to chapter 383. This system of payments shall conform
 574 with federal requirements and shall distribute funds in each
 575 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making
 576 quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding the provisions of
 577 s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the
 578 cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a
 579 disproportionate share of low-income patients. For the state
 580 fiscal year 2008-2009 ~~2005-2006~~, the agency shall not distribute
 581 moneys under the regional perinatal intensive care centers
 582 disproportionate share program.

583 (1) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
 584 calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
 585 in the regional perinatal intensive care center program:

586
 587 TAE = HDSP/THDSP
 588

589 Where:

590 TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive
591 care center.

592 HDSP = the prior state fiscal year regional perinatal
593 intensive care center disproportionate share payment to the
594 individual hospital.

595 THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total regional
596 perinatal intensive care center disproportionate share payments
597 to all hospitals.

598 (2) The total additional payment for hospitals that
599 participate in the regional perinatal intensive care center
600 program shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

601

602 $TAP = TAE \times TA$

603

604 Where:

605 TAP = total additional payment for a regional perinatal
606 intensive care center.

607 TAE = total amount earned by a regional perinatal intensive
608 care center.

609 TA = total appropriation for the regional perinatal
610 intensive care center disproportionate share program.

611 (3) In order to receive payments under this section, a
612 hospital must be participating in the regional perinatal
613 intensive care center program pursuant to chapter 383 and must
614 meet the following additional requirements:

615 (a) Agree to conform to all departmental and agency
616 requirements to ensure high quality in the provision of

617 services, including criteria adopted by departmental and agency
618 rule concerning staffing ratios, medical records, standards of
619 care, equipment, space, and such other standards and criteria as
620 the department and agency deem appropriate as specified by rule.

621 (b) Agree to provide information to the department and
622 agency, in a form and manner to be prescribed by rule of the
623 department and agency, concerning the care provided to all
624 patients in neonatal intensive care centers and high-risk
625 maternity care.

626 (c) Agree to accept all patients for neonatal intensive
627 care and high-risk maternity care, regardless of ability to pay,
628 on a functional space-available basis.

629 (d) Agree to develop arrangements with other maternity and
630 neonatal care providers in the hospital's region for the
631 appropriate receipt and transfer of patients in need of
632 specialized maternity and neonatal intensive care services.

633 (e) Agree to establish and provide a developmental
634 evaluation and services program for certain high-risk neonates,
635 as prescribed and defined by rule of the department.

636 (f) Agree to sponsor a program of continuing education in
637 perinatal care for health care professionals within the region
638 of the hospital, as specified by rule.

639 (g) Agree to provide backup and referral services to the
640 department's county health departments and other low-income
641 perinatal providers within the hospital's region, including the
642 development of written agreements between these organizations
643 and the hospital.

644 (h) Agree to arrange for transportation for high-risk

645 obstetrical patients and neonates in need of transfer from the
 646 community to the hospital or from the hospital to another more
 647 appropriate facility.

648 (4) Hospitals which fail to comply with any of the
 649 conditions in subsection (3) or the applicable rules of the
 650 department and agency shall not receive any payments under this
 651 section until full compliance is achieved. A hospital which is
 652 not in compliance in two or more consecutive quarters shall not
 653 receive its share of the funds. Any forfeited funds shall be
 654 distributed by the remaining participating regional perinatal
 655 intensive care center program hospitals.

656 Section 8. Section 409.9113, Florida Statutes, is amended
 657 to read:

658 409.9113 Disproportionate share program for teaching
 659 hospitals.--In addition to the payments made under ss. 409.911
 660 and 409.9112, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall
 661 make disproportionate share payments to statutorily defined
 662 teaching hospitals for their increased costs associated with
 663 medical education programs and for tertiary health care services
 664 provided to the indigent. This system of payments shall conform
 665 with federal requirements and shall distribute funds in each
 666 fiscal year for which an appropriation is made by making
 667 quarterly Medicaid payments. Notwithstanding s. 409.915,
 668 counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this
 669 special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate
 670 share of low-income patients. For the state fiscal year 2008-
 671 2009 ~~2006-2007~~, the agency shall distribute the moneys provided
 672 in the General Appropriations Act to statutorily defined

673 teaching hospitals and family practice teaching hospitals under
674 the teaching hospital disproportionate share program. The funds
675 provided for statutorily defined teaching hospitals shall be
676 distributed in the same proportion as the state fiscal year
677 2003-2004 teaching hospital disproportionate share funds were
678 distributed or as otherwise provided in the General
679 Appropriations Act. The funds provided for family practice
680 teaching hospitals shall be distributed equally among family
681 practice teaching hospitals.

682 (1) On or before September 15 of each year, the Agency for
683 Health Care Administration shall calculate an allocation
684 fraction to be used for distributing funds to state statutory
685 teaching hospitals. Subsequent to the end of each quarter of the
686 state fiscal year, the agency shall distribute to each statutory
687 teaching hospital, as defined in s. 408.07, an amount determined
688 by multiplying one-fourth of the funds appropriated for this
689 purpose by the Legislature times such hospital's allocation
690 fraction. The allocation fraction for each such hospital shall
691 be determined by the sum of three primary factors, divided by
692 three. The primary factors are:

693 (a) The number of nationally accredited graduate medical
694 education programs offered by the hospital, including programs
695 accredited by the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical
696 Education and the combined Internal Medicine and Pediatrics
697 programs acceptable to both the American Board of Internal
698 Medicine and the American Board of Pediatrics at the beginning
699 of the state fiscal year preceding the date on which the
700 allocation fraction is calculated. The numerical value of this

701 factor is the fraction that the hospital represents of the total
702 number of programs, where the total is computed for all state
703 statutory teaching hospitals.

704 (b) The number of full-time equivalent trainees in the
705 hospital, which comprises two components:

706 1. The number of trainees enrolled in nationally
707 accredited graduate medical education programs, as defined in
708 paragraph (a). Full-time equivalents are computed using the
709 fraction of the year during which each trainee is primarily
710 assigned to the given institution, over the state fiscal year
711 preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is
712 calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction
713 that the hospital represents of the total number of full-time
714 equivalent trainees enrolled in accredited graduate programs,
715 where the total is computed for all state statutory teaching
716 hospitals.

717 2. The number of medical students enrolled in accredited
718 colleges of medicine and engaged in clinical activities,
719 including required clinical clerkships and clinical electives.
720 Full-time equivalents are computed using the fraction of the
721 year during which each trainee is primarily assigned to the
722 given institution, over the course of the state fiscal year
723 preceding the date on which the allocation fraction is
724 calculated. The numerical value of this factor is the fraction
725 that the given hospital represents of the total number of full-
726 time equivalent students enrolled in accredited colleges of
727 medicine, where the total is computed for all state statutory
728 teaching hospitals.

729
730 The primary factor for full-time equivalent trainees is computed
731 as the sum of these two components, divided by two.

732 (c) A service index that comprises three components:

733 1. The Agency for Health Care Administration Service
734 Index, computed by applying the standard Service Inventory
735 Scores established by the Agency for Health Care Administration
736 to services offered by the given hospital, as reported on
737 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency
738 before the date on which the allocation fraction is calculated.
739 The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the
740 given hospital represents of the total Agency for Health Care
741 Administration Service Index values, where the total is computed
742 for all state statutory teaching hospitals.

743 2. A volume-weighted service index, computed by applying
744 the standard Service Inventory Scores established by the Agency
745 for Health Care Administration to the volume of each service,
746 expressed in terms of the standard units of measure reported on
747 Worksheet A-2 for the last fiscal year reported to the agency
748 before the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.
749 The numerical value of this factor is the fraction that the
750 given hospital represents of the total volume-weighted service
751 index values, where the total is computed for all state
752 statutory teaching hospitals.

753 3. Total Medicaid payments to each hospital for direct
754 inpatient and outpatient services during the fiscal year
755 preceding the date on which the allocation factor is calculated.
756 This includes payments made to each hospital for such services

757 by Medicaid prepaid health plans, whether the plan was
 758 administered by the hospital or not. The numerical value of this
 759 factor is the fraction that each hospital represents of the
 760 total of such Medicaid payments, where the total is computed for
 761 all state statutory teaching hospitals.

762
 763 The primary factor for the service index is computed as the sum
 764 of these three components, divided by three.

765 (2) By October 1 of each year, the agency shall use the
 766 following formula to calculate the maximum additional
 767 disproportionate share payment for statutorily defined teaching
 768 hospitals:

769
 770
$$\text{TAP} = \text{THAF} \times \text{A}$$

771
 772 Where:

773 TAP = total additional payment.

774 THAF = teaching hospital allocation factor.

775 A = amount appropriated for a teaching hospital
 776 disproportionate share program.

777 Section 9. Section 409.9117, Florida Statutes, is amended
 778 to read:

779 409.9117 Primary care disproportionate share program.--For
 780 the state fiscal year 2008-2009 ~~2006-2007~~, the agency shall not
 781 distribute moneys under the primary care disproportionate share
 782 program.

783 (1) If federal funds are available for disproportionate
 784 share programs in addition to those otherwise provided by law,

785 | there shall be created a primary care disproportionate share
 786 | program.

787 | (2) The following formula shall be used by the agency to
 788 | calculate the total amount earned for hospitals that participate
 789 | in the primary care disproportionate share program:

790 |

791 | $TAE = HDSP/THDSP$

792 |

793 | Where:

794 | TAE = total amount earned by a hospital participating in
 795 | the primary care disproportionate share program.

796 | HDSP = the prior state fiscal year primary care
 797 | disproportionate share payment to the individual hospital.

798 | THDSP = the prior state fiscal year total primary care
 799 | disproportionate share payments to all hospitals.

800 | (3) The total additional payment for hospitals that
 801 | participate in the primary care disproportionate share program
 802 | shall be calculated by the agency as follows:

803 |

804 | $TAP = TAE \times TA$

805 |

806 | Where:

807 | TAP = total additional payment for a primary care hospital.

808 | TAE = total amount earned by a primary care hospital.

809 | TA = total appropriation for the primary care
 810 | disproportionate share program.

811 | (4) In the establishment and funding of this program, the
 812 | agency shall use the following criteria in addition to those

813 specified in s. 409.911, payments may not be made to a hospital
 814 unless the hospital agrees to:

815 (a) Cooperate with a Medicaid prepaid health plan, if one
 816 exists in the community.

817 (b) Ensure the availability of primary and specialty care
 818 physicians to Medicaid recipients who are not enrolled in a
 819 prepaid capitated arrangement and who are in need of access to
 820 such physicians.

821 (c) Coordinate and provide primary care services free of
 822 charge, except copayments, to all persons with incomes up to 100
 823 percent of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise
 824 covered by Medicaid or another program administered by a
 825 governmental entity, and to provide such services based on a
 826 sliding fee scale to all persons with incomes up to 200 percent
 827 of the federal poverty level who are not otherwise covered by
 828 Medicaid or another program administered by a governmental
 829 entity, except that eligibility may be limited to persons who
 830 reside within a more limited area, as agreed to by the agency
 831 and the hospital.

832 (d) Contract with any federally qualified health center,
 833 if one exists within the agreed geopolitical boundaries,
 834 concerning the provision of primary care services, in order to
 835 guarantee delivery of services in a nonduplicative fashion, and
 836 to provide for referral arrangements, privileges, and
 837 admissions, as appropriate. The hospital shall agree to provide
 838 at an onsite or offsite facility primary care services within 24
 839 hours to which all Medicaid recipients and persons eligible
 840 under this paragraph who do not require emergency room services

841 are referred during normal daylight hours.

842 (e) Cooperate with the agency, the county, and other
843 entities to ensure the provision of certain public health
844 services, case management, referral and acceptance of patients,
845 and sharing of epidemiological data, as the agency and the
846 hospital find mutually necessary and desirable to promote and
847 protect the public health within the agreed geopolitical
848 boundaries.

849 (f) In cooperation with the county in which the hospital
850 resides, develop a low-cost, outpatient, prepaid health care
851 program to persons who are not eligible for the Medicaid
852 program, and who reside within the area.

853 (g) Provide inpatient services to residents within the
854 area who are not eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, and who do
855 not have private health insurance, regardless of ability to pay,
856 on the basis of available space, except that nothing shall
857 prevent the hospital from establishing bill collection programs
858 based on ability to pay.

859 (h) Work with the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the
860 Florida Health Care Purchasing Cooperative, and business health
861 coalitions, as appropriate, to develop a feasibility study and
862 plan to provide a low-cost comprehensive health insurance plan
863 to persons who reside within the area and who do not have access
864 to such a plan.

865 (i) Work with public health officials and other experts to
866 provide community health education and prevention activities
867 designed to promote healthy lifestyles and appropriate use of
868 health services.

869 (j) Work with the local health council to develop a plan
870 for promoting access to affordable health care services for all
871 persons who reside within the area, including, but not limited
872 to, public health services, primary care services, inpatient
873 services, and affordable health insurance generally.

874

875 Any hospital that fails to comply with any of the provisions of
876 this subsection, or any other contractual condition, may not
877 receive payments under this section until full compliance is
878 achieved.

879 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and paragraph
880 (a) of subsection (39) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, as
881 amended by chapter 2007-331, Laws of Florida, are amended, and
882 subsection (53) is added to that section, to read:

883 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.--The
884 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients
885 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery
886 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are
887 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a
888 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct
889 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the
890 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to
891 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined
892 in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion
893 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency
894 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid
895 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other
896 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,

897 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed
898 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed
899 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to
900 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute
901 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the
902 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The
903 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the
904 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify
905 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a
906 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a
907 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to
908 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice
909 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency,
910 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization.
911 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy
912 management, or disease management participation for certain
913 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or
914 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible
915 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics
916 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for
917 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform
918 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions
919 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is
920 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as
921 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through
922 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-
923 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services
924 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without

925 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based
926 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider
927 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance
928 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the
929 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid
930 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,
931 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider
932 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history,
933 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer
934 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,
935 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers
936 shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider
937 network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing
938 Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and
939 other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-
940 term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish
941 rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in
942 order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program
943 as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers
944 necessary to administer these policies.

945 (4) The agency may contract with:

946 (b) An entity that is providing comprehensive behavioral
947 health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through a
948 capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver
949 provided for by s. 409.905(5). Such an entity must be licensed
950 under chapter 624, chapter 636, or chapter 641 and must possess
951 the clinical systems and operational competence to manage risk
952 and provide comprehensive behavioral health care to Medicaid

953 recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive
954 behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and
955 substance abuse treatment services that are available to
956 Medicaid recipients. The secretary of the Department of Children
957 and Family Services shall approve provisions of procurements
958 related to children in the department's care or custody prior to
959 enrolling such children in a prepaid behavioral health plan. Any
960 contract awarded under this paragraph must be competitively
961 procured. In developing the behavioral health care prepaid plan
962 procurement document, the agency shall ensure that the
963 procurement document requires the contractor to develop and
964 implement a plan to ensure compliance with s. 394.4574 related
965 to services provided to residents of licensed assisted living
966 facilities that hold a limited mental health license. Except as
967 provided in subparagraph 8., and except in counties where the
968 Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s.
969 409.91211, the agency shall seek federal approval to contract
970 with a single entity meeting these requirements to provide
971 comprehensive behavioral health care services to all Medicaid
972 recipients not enrolled in a Medicaid managed care plan
973 authorized under s. 409.91211 or a Medicaid health maintenance
974 organization in an AHCA area. In an AHCA area where the Medicaid
975 managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s.
976 409.91211 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a
977 contract with a single entity to serve the remaining counties as
978 an AHCA area or the remaining counties may be included with an
979 adjacent AHCA area and shall be subject to this paragraph. Each
980 entity must offer sufficient choice of providers in its network

981 to ensure recipient access to care and the opportunity to select
982 a provider with whom they are satisfied. The network shall
983 include all public mental health hospitals. To ensure unimpaired
984 access to behavioral health care services by Medicaid
985 recipients, all contracts issued pursuant to this paragraph
986 shall require 80 percent of the capitation paid to the managed
987 care plan, including health maintenance organizations, to be
988 expended for the provision of behavioral health care services.
989 In the event the managed care plan expends less than 80 percent
990 of the capitation paid pursuant to this paragraph for the
991 provision of behavioral health care services, the difference
992 shall be returned to the agency. The agency shall provide the
993 managed care plan with a certification letter indicating the
994 amount of capitation paid during each calendar year for the
995 provision of behavioral health care services pursuant to this
996 section. The agency may reimburse for substance abuse treatment
997 services on a fee-for-service basis until the agency finds that
998 adequate funds are available for capitated, prepaid
999 arrangements.

1000 1. By January 1, 2001, the agency shall modify the
1001 contracts with the entities providing comprehensive inpatient
1002 and outpatient mental health care services to Medicaid
1003 recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk
1004 Counties, to include substance abuse treatment services.

1005 2. By July 1, 2003, the agency and the Department of
1006 Children and Family Services shall execute a written agreement
1007 that requires collaboration and joint development of all policy,
1008 budgets, procurement documents, contracts, and monitoring plans

1009 | that have an impact on the state and Medicaid community mental
1010 | health and targeted case management programs.

1011 | 3. Except as provided in subparagraph 8., by July 1, 2006,
1012 | the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services
1013 | shall contract with managed care entities in each AHCA area
1014 | except area 6 or arrange to provide comprehensive inpatient and
1015 | outpatient mental health and substance abuse services through
1016 | capitated prepaid arrangements to all Medicaid recipients who
1017 | are eligible to participate in such plans under federal law and
1018 | regulation. In AHCA areas where eligible individuals number less
1019 | than 150,000, the agency shall contract with a single managed
1020 | care plan to provide comprehensive behavioral health services to
1021 | all recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid health
1022 | maintenance organization or a Medicaid capitated managed care
1023 | plan authorized under s. 409.91211. The agency may contract with
1024 | more than one comprehensive behavioral health provider to
1025 | provide care to recipients who are not enrolled in a Medicaid
1026 | capitated managed care plan authorized under s. 409.91211 or a
1027 | Medicaid health maintenance organization in AHCA areas where the
1028 | eligible population exceeds 150,000. In an AHCA area where the
1029 | Medicaid managed care pilot program is authorized pursuant to s.
1030 | 409.91211 in one or more counties, the agency may procure a
1031 | contract with a single entity to serve the remaining counties as
1032 | an AHCA area or the remaining counties may be included with an
1033 | adjacent AHCA area and shall be subject to this paragraph.
1034 | Contracts for comprehensive behavioral health providers awarded
1035 | pursuant to this section shall be competitively procured. Both
1036 | for-profit and not-for-profit corporations shall be eligible to

1037 compete. Managed care plans contracting with the agency under
1038 subsection (3) shall provide and receive payment for the same
1039 comprehensive behavioral health benefits as provided in AHCA
1040 rules, including handbooks incorporated by reference. In AHCA
1041 area 11, the agency shall contract with at least two
1042 comprehensive behavioral health care providers to provide
1043 behavioral health care to recipients in that area who are
1044 enrolled in, or assigned to, the MediPass program. One of the
1045 behavioral health care contracts shall be with the existing
1046 provider service network pilot project, as described in
1047 paragraph (d), for the purpose of demonstrating the cost-
1048 effectiveness of the provision of quality mental health services
1049 through a public hospital-operated managed care model. Payment
1050 shall be at an agreed-upon capitated rate to ensure cost
1051 savings. Of the recipients in area 11 who are assigned to
1052 MediPass under the provisions of s. 409.9122(2)(k), a minimum of
1053 50,000 of those MediPass-enrolled recipients shall be assigned
1054 to the existing provider service network in area 11 for their
1055 behavioral care.

1056 4. By October 1, 2003, the agency and the department shall
1057 submit a plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
1058 the Speaker of the House of Representatives which provides for
1059 the full implementation of capitated prepaid behavioral health
1060 care in all areas of the state.

1061 a. Implementation shall begin in 2003 in those AHCA areas
1062 of the state where the agency is able to establish sufficient
1063 capitation rates.

1064 b. If the agency determines that the proposed capitation

1065 rate in any area is insufficient to provide appropriate
1066 services, the agency may adjust the capitation rate to ensure
1067 that care will be available. The agency and the department may
1068 use existing general revenue to address any additional required
1069 match but may not over-obligate existing funds on an annualized
1070 basis.

1071 c. Subject to any limitations provided for in the General
1072 Appropriations Act, the agency, in compliance with appropriate
1073 federal authorization, shall develop policies and procedures
1074 that allow for certification of local and state funds.

1075 5. Children residing in a statewide inpatient psychiatric
1076 program, or in a Department of Juvenile Justice or a Department
1077 of Children and Family Services residential program approved as
1078 a Medicaid behavioral health overlay services provider shall not
1079 be included in a behavioral health care prepaid health plan or
1080 any other Medicaid managed care plan pursuant to this paragraph.

1081 6. In converting to a prepaid system of delivery, the
1082 agency shall in its procurement document require an entity
1083 providing only comprehensive behavioral health care services to
1084 prevent the displacement of indigent care patients by enrollees
1085 in the Medicaid prepaid health plan providing behavioral health
1086 care services from facilities receiving state funding to provide
1087 indigent behavioral health care, to facilities licensed under
1088 chapter 395 which do not receive state funding for indigent
1089 behavioral health care, or reimburse the unsubsidized facility
1090 for the cost of behavioral health care provided to the displaced
1091 indigent care patient.

1092 7. Traditional community mental health providers under

1093 contract with the Department of Children and Family Services
 1094 pursuant to part IV of chapter 394, child welfare providers
 1095 under contract with the Department of Children and Family
 1096 Services in areas 1 and 6, and inpatient mental health providers
 1097 licensed pursuant to chapter 395 must be offered an opportunity
 1098 to accept or decline a contract to participate in any provider
 1099 network for prepaid behavioral health services.

1100 8. All Medicaid-eligible children, except children in area
 1101 1 and children in Highlands, Hardee, Polk, or Manatee County of
 1102 area 6 ~~For fiscal year 2004-2005, all Medicaid eligible~~
 1103 ~~children, except children in areas 1 and 6, whose cases are open~~
 1104 ~~for child welfare services in the HomeSafeNet system, shall be~~
 1105 ~~enrolled in MediPass or in Medicaid fee for service and all~~
 1106 ~~their behavioral health care services including inpatient,~~
 1107 ~~outpatient psychiatric, community mental health, and case~~
 1108 ~~management shall be reimbursed on a fee for service basis.~~
 1109 Beginning July 1, 2005, such children, who are open for child
 1110 welfare services in the HomeSafeNet system, shall receive their
 1111 behavioral health care services through a specialty prepaid plan
 1112 operated by community-based lead agencies either through a
 1113 single agency or formal agreements among several agencies. The
 1114 specialty prepaid plan must result in savings to the state
 1115 comparable to savings achieved in other Medicaid managed care
 1116 and prepaid programs. Such plan must provide mechanisms to
 1117 maximize state and local revenues. The specialty prepaid plan
 1118 shall be developed by the agency and the Department of Children
 1119 and Family Services. The agency is authorized to seek any
 1120 federal waivers to implement this initiative. Medicaid-eligible

1121 children whose cases are open for child welfare services in the
1122 HomeSafeNet system and who reside in AHCA area 10 are exempt
1123 from the specialty prepaid plan upon the development of a
1124 service delivery mechanism for children who reside in area 10 as
1125 specified in s. 409.91211(3)(dd).

1126 (39)(a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-
1127 drug spending-control program that includes the following
1128 components:

1129 1. A Medicaid preferred drug list, which shall be a
1130 listing of cost-effective therapeutic options recommended by the
1131 Medicaid Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee established
1132 pursuant to s. 409.91195 and adopted by the agency for each
1133 therapeutic class on the preferred drug list. At the discretion
1134 of the committee, and when feasible, the preferred drug list
1135 should include at least two products in a therapeutic class. The
1136 agency may post the preferred drug list and updates to the
1137 preferred drug list on an Internet website without following the
1138 rulemaking procedures of chapter 120. Antiretroviral agents are
1139 excluded from the preferred drug list. The agency shall also
1140 limit the amount of a prescribed drug dispensed to no more than
1141 a 34-day supply unless the drug products' smallest marketed
1142 package is greater than a 34-day supply, or the drug is
1143 determined by the agency to be a maintenance drug in which case
1144 a 100-day maximum supply may be authorized. The agency is
1145 authorized to seek any federal waivers necessary to implement
1146 these cost-control programs and to continue participation in the
1147 federal Medicaid rebate program, or alternatively to negotiate
1148 state-only manufacturer rebates. The agency may adopt rules to

1149 implement this subparagraph. The agency shall continue to
1150 provide unlimited contraceptive drugs and items. The agency must
1151 establish procedures to ensure that:

1152 a. There is ~~will be~~ a response to a request for prior
1153 consultation by telephone or other telecommunication device
1154 within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior
1155 consultation; and

1156 b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed is ~~will be~~
1157 provided in an emergency or when the agency does not provide a
1158 response within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.

1159 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed
1160 drugs shall be set at the lesser of: the average wholesale price
1161 (AWP) minus 16.4 ~~15.4~~ percent, the wholesaler acquisition cost
1162 (WAC) plus 4.75 ~~5.75~~ percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the
1163 state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary
1164 (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

1165 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for
1166 managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using
1167 significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The
1168 management process may include, but is not limited to,
1169 comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims
1170 analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical
1171 necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and
1172 drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private
1173 organization to provide drug-program-management services. The
1174 Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include
1175 initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients,
1176 patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day

1177 | period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending. The
1178 | agency shall enroll any Medicaid recipient in the drug benefit
1179 | management program if he or she meets the specifications of this
1180 | provision and is not enrolled in a Medicaid health maintenance
1181 | organization.

1182 | 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network
1183 | based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations,
1184 | credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give
1185 | special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and
1186 | location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy
1187 | network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria
1188 | such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size,
1189 | patient educational programs, patient consultation, disease
1190 | management services, and other characteristics. The agency may
1191 | impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment when it is
1192 | determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-
1193 | participating providers. The agency must allow dispensing
1194 | practitioners to participate as a part of the Medicaid pharmacy
1195 | network regardless of the practitioner's proximity to any other
1196 | entity that is dispensing prescription drugs under the Medicaid
1197 | program. A dispensing practitioner must meet all credentialing
1198 | requirements applicable to his or her practice, as determined by
1199 | the agency.

1200 | 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that
1201 | requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a
1202 | counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions.
1203 | The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-
1204 | proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or

1205 prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The
 1206 agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or
 1207 statewide.

1208 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require
 1209 manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients
 1210 to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average
 1211 manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products.
 1212 These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug
 1213 manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs
 1214 at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a
 1215 supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to
 1216 achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.

1217 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug list as
 1218 described in this subsection, and, pursuant to the establishment
 1219 of such preferred drug list, it is authorized to negotiate
 1220 supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to
 1221 those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no
 1222 less than 14 percent of the average manufacturer price as
 1223 defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless
 1224 the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds
 1225 29 percent. There is no upper limit on the supplemental rebates
 1226 the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific
 1227 products, brand-name or generic, are competitive at lower rebate
 1228 percentages. Agreement to pay the minimum supplemental rebate
 1229 percentage will guarantee a manufacturer that the Medicaid
 1230 Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a
 1231 product for inclusion on the preferred drug list. However, a
 1232 pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the

1233 preferred drug list by simply paying the minimum supplemental
1234 rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy
1235 of a drug and recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and
1236 Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing
1237 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency is
1238 authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to
1239 conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the purposes
1240 of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" means cash
1241 rebates. Effective July 1, 2004, value-added programs as a
1242 substitution for supplemental rebates are prohibited. The agency
1243 is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this
1244 initiative.

1245 8. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall expand
1246 home delivery of pharmacy products. To assist Medicaid patients
1247 in securing their prescriptions and reduce program costs, the
1248 agency shall expand its current mail-order-pharmacy diabetes-
1249 supply program to include all generic and brand-name drugs used
1250 by Medicaid patients with diabetes. Medicaid recipients in the
1251 current program may obtain nondiabetes drugs on a voluntary
1252 basis. This initiative is limited to the geographic area covered
1253 by the current contract. The agency may seek and implement any
1254 federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.

1255 9. The agency shall limit to one dose per month any drug
1256 prescribed to treat erectile dysfunction.

1257 10.a. The agency may implement a Medicaid behavioral drug
1258 management system. The agency may contract with a vendor that
1259 has experience in operating behavioral drug management systems
1260 to implement this program. The agency is authorized to seek

1261 federal waivers to implement this program.

1262 b. The agency, in conjunction with the Department of
1263 Children and Family Services, may implement the Medicaid
1264 behavioral drug management system that is designed to improve
1265 the quality of care and behavioral health prescribing practices
1266 based on best practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to
1267 medication plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed
1268 drug costs and the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid
1269 behavioral drugs. The program may include the following
1270 elements:

1271 (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best
1272 practice guidelines for behavioral health-related drugs such as
1273 antipsychotics, antidepressants, and medications for treating
1274 bipolar disorders and other behavioral conditions; translate
1275 them into practice; review behavioral health prescribers and
1276 compare their prescribing patterns to a number of indicators
1277 that are based on national standards; and determine deviations
1278 from best practice guidelines.

1279 (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
1280 educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
1281 and peer-to-peer consultation.

1282 (III) Assess Medicaid beneficiaries who are outliers in
1283 their use of behavioral health drugs with regard to the numbers
1284 and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination drug
1285 therapies, and other indicators of improper use of behavioral
1286 health drugs.

1287 (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill
1288 prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple same-

1289 class behavioral health drugs, and may have other potential
1290 medication problems.

1291 (V) Track spending trends for behavioral health drugs and
1292 deviation from best practice guidelines.

1293 (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to
1294 promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers
1295 in the use of practice guidelines.

1296 (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

1297 (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

1298 (IX) Implement a disease management program with a model
1299 quality-based medication component for severely mentally ill
1300 individuals and emotionally disturbed children who are high
1301 users of care.

1302 11.a. The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescription
1303 drug management system. The agency may contract with a vendor
1304 that has experience in operating prescription drug management
1305 systems in order to implement this system. Any management system
1306 that is implemented in accordance with this subparagraph must
1307 rely on cooperation between physicians and pharmacists to
1308 determine appropriate practice patterns and clinical guidelines
1309 to improve the prescribing, dispensing, and use of drugs in the
1310 Medicaid program. The agency may seek federal waivers to
1311 implement this program.

1312 b. The drug management system must be designed to improve
1313 the quality of care and prescribing practices based on best
1314 practice guidelines, improve patient adherence to medication
1315 plans, reduce clinical risk, and lower prescribed drug costs and
1316 the rate of inappropriate spending on Medicaid prescription

1317 | drugs. The program must:

1318 | (I) Provide for the development and adoption of best
 1319 | practice guidelines for the prescribing and use of drugs in the
 1320 | Medicaid program, including translating best practice guidelines
 1321 | into practice; reviewing prescriber patterns and comparing them
 1322 | to indicators that are based on national standards and practice
 1323 | patterns of clinical peers in their community, statewide, and
 1324 | nationally; and determine deviations from best practice
 1325 | guidelines.

1326 | (II) Implement processes for providing feedback to and
 1327 | educating prescribers using best practice educational materials
 1328 | and peer-to-peer consultation.

1329 | (III) Assess Medicaid recipients who are outliers in their
 1330 | use of a single or multiple prescription drugs with regard to
 1331 | the numbers and types of drugs taken, drug dosages, combination
 1332 | drug therapies, and other indicators of improper use of
 1333 | prescription drugs.

1334 | (IV) Alert prescribers to patients who fail to refill
 1335 | prescriptions in a timely fashion, are prescribed multiple drugs
 1336 | that may be redundant or contraindicated, or may have other
 1337 | potential medication problems.

1338 | (V) Track spending trends for prescription drugs and
 1339 | deviation from best practice guidelines.

1340 | (VI) Use educational and technological approaches to
 1341 | promote best practices, educate consumers, and train prescribers
 1342 | in the use of practice guidelines.

1343 | (VII) Disseminate electronic and published materials.

1344 | (VIII) Hold statewide and regional conferences.

1345 (IX) Implement disease management programs in cooperation
 1346 with physicians and pharmacists, along with a model quality-
 1347 based medication component for individuals having chronic
 1348 medical conditions.

1349 12. The agency is authorized to contract for drug rebate
 1350 administration, including, but not limited to, calculating
 1351 rebate amounts, invoicing manufacturers, negotiating disputes
 1352 with manufacturers, and maintaining a database of rebate
 1353 collections.

1354 13. The agency may specify the preferred daily dosing form
 1355 or strength for the purpose of promoting best practices with
 1356 regard to the prescribing of certain drugs as specified in the
 1357 General Appropriations Act and ensuring cost-effective
 1358 prescribing practices.

1359 14. The agency may require prior authorization for
 1360 Medicaid-covered prescribed drugs. The agency may, but is not
 1361 required to, prior-authorize the use of a product:

- 1362 a. For an indication not approved in labeling;
- 1363 b. To comply with certain clinical guidelines; or
- 1364 c. If the product has the potential for overuse, misuse,
 1365 or abuse.

1366
 1367 The agency may require the prescribing professional to provide
 1368 information about the rationale and supporting medical evidence
 1369 for the use of a drug. The agency may post prior authorization
 1370 criteria and protocol and updates to the list of drugs that are
 1371 subject to prior authorization on an Internet website without
 1372 amending its rule or engaging in additional rulemaking.

1373 15. The agency, in conjunction with the Pharmaceutical and
1374 Therapeutics Committee, may require age-related prior
1375 authorizations for certain prescribed drugs. The agency may
1376 preauthorize the use of a drug for a recipient who may not meet
1377 the age requirement or may exceed the length of therapy for use
1378 of this product as recommended by the manufacturer and approved
1379 by the Food and Drug Administration. Prior authorization may
1380 require the prescribing professional to provide information
1381 about the rationale and supporting medical evidence for the use
1382 of a drug.

1383 16. The agency shall implement a step-therapy prior
1384 authorization approval process for medications excluded from the
1385 preferred drug list. Medications listed on the preferred drug
1386 list must be used within the previous 12 months prior to the
1387 alternative medications that are not listed. The step-therapy
1388 prior authorization may require the prescriber to use the
1389 medications of a similar drug class or for a similar medical
1390 indication unless contraindicated in the Food and Drug
1391 Administration labeling. The trial period between the specified
1392 steps may vary according to the medical indication. The step-
1393 therapy approval process shall be developed in accordance with
1394 the committee as stated in s. 409.91195(7) and (8). A drug
1395 product may be approved without meeting the step-therapy prior
1396 authorization criteria if the prescribing physician provides the
1397 agency with additional written medical or clinical documentation
1398 that the product is medically necessary because:

1399 a. There is not a drug on the preferred drug list to treat
1400 the disease or medical condition which is an acceptable clinical

1401 alternative;

1402 b. The alternatives have been ineffective in the treatment
1403 of the beneficiary's disease; or

1404 c. Based on historic evidence and known characteristics of
1405 the patient and the drug, the drug is likely to be ineffective,
1406 or the number of doses have been ineffective.

1407

1408 The agency shall work with the physician to determine the best
1409 alternative for the patient. The agency may adopt rules waiving
1410 the requirements for written clinical documentation for specific
1411 drugs in limited clinical situations.

1412 17. The agency shall implement a return and reuse program
1413 for drugs dispensed by pharmacies to institutional recipients,
1414 which includes payment of a \$5 restocking fee for the
1415 implementation and operation of the program. The return and
1416 reuse program shall be implemented electronically and in a
1417 manner that promotes efficiency. The program must permit a
1418 pharmacy to exclude drugs from the program if it is not
1419 practical or cost-effective for the drug to be included and must
1420 provide for the return to inventory of drugs that cannot be
1421 credited or returned in a cost-effective manner. The agency
1422 shall determine if the program has reduced the amount of
1423 Medicaid prescription drugs which are destroyed on an annual
1424 basis and if there are additional ways to ensure more
1425 prescription drugs are not destroyed which could safely be
1426 reused. The agency's conclusion and recommendations shall be
1427 reported to the Legislature by December 1, 2005.

1428 (53) Before seeking an amendment to the state plan for

1429 purposes of implementing programs authorized by the Deficit
 1430 Reduction Act of 2005, the agency shall notify the Legislature.

1431 Section 11. Section 409.91206, Florida Statutes, is
 1432 created to read:

1433 409.91206 Alternatives for health and long-term care
 1434 reforms.--The Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
 1435 Speaker of the House of Representatives may convene workgroups
 1436 to propose alternatives for cost-effective health and long-term
 1437 care reforms, including, but not limited to, reforms for
 1438 Medicaid.

1439 Section 12. Paragraphs (c), (e), (f), and (i) of
 1440 subsection (2) of section 409.9122, Florida Statutes, are
 1441 amended to read:

1442 409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment;
 1443 programs and procedures.--

1444 (2)

1445 (c) Medicaid recipients shall have a choice of managed
 1446 care plans or MediPass. The Agency for Health Care
 1447 Administration, the Department of Health, the Department of
 1448 Children and Family Services, and the Department of Elderly
 1449 Affairs shall cooperate to ensure that each Medicaid recipient
 1450 receives clear and easily understandable information that meets
 1451 the following requirements:

1452 1. Explains the concept of managed care, including
 1453 MediPass.

1454 2. Provides information on the comparative performance of
 1455 managed care plans and MediPass in the areas of quality,
 1456 credentialing, preventive health programs, network size and

1457 availability, and patient satisfaction.

1458 3. Explains where additional information on each managed
1459 care plan and MediPass in the recipient's area can be obtained.

1460 4. Explains that recipients have the right to choose their
1461 ~~own~~ managed care coverage at the time they first enroll in
1462 Medicaid and again at regular intervals set by the agency plans
1463 or MediPass. However, if a recipient does not choose a managed
1464 care plan or MediPass, the agency will assign the recipient to a
1465 managed care plan or MediPass according to the criteria
1466 specified in this section.

1467 5. Explains the recipient's right to complain, file a
1468 grievance, or change managed care plans or MediPass providers if
1469 the recipient is not satisfied with the managed care plan or
1470 MediPass.

1471 (e) Medicaid recipients who are already enrolled in a
1472 managed care plan or MediPass shall be offered the opportunity
1473 to change managed care plans or MediPass providers on a
1474 staggered basis, as defined by the agency. All Medicaid
1475 recipients shall have 30 days in which to make a choice of
1476 managed care plans or MediPass providers. In counties that have
1477 two or more managed care plans, a recipient already enrolled in
1478 MediPass who fails to make a choice during the annual period
1479 shall be assigned to a managed care plan if he or she is
1480 eligible for enrollment in the managed care plan. The agency
1481 shall apply for a state plan amendment or federal waiver
1482 authority, if necessary, to implement the provisions of this
1483 paragraph. All newly eligible Medicaid recipients shall have 30
1484 days in which to make a choice of managed care plans or Medipass

1485 providers. Those Medicaid recipients who do not make a choice
 1486 shall be assigned ~~to a managed care plan or MediPass~~ in
 1487 accordance with paragraph (f). To facilitate continuity of care,
 1488 for a Medicaid recipient who is also a recipient of Supplemental
 1489 Security Income (SSI), prior to assigning the SSI recipient to a
 1490 managed care plan or MediPass, the agency shall determine
 1491 whether the SSI recipient has an ongoing relationship with a
 1492 MediPass provider or managed care plan, ~~and if so, the agency~~
 1493 ~~shall assign the SSI recipient to that MediPass provider or~~
 1494 ~~managed care plan.~~ If the SSI recipient has an ongoing
 1495 relationship with a managed care plan, the agency shall assign
 1496 the recipient to that managed care plan. Those SSI recipients
 1497 who do not have such a provider relationship shall be assigned
 1498 to a managed care plan or MediPass provider in accordance with
 1499 paragraph (f).

1500 (f) ~~If when~~ a Medicaid recipient does not choose a managed
 1501 care plan or MediPass provider, the agency shall assign the
 1502 Medicaid recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass provider.
 1503 Medicaid recipients eligible for managed care plan enrollment
 1504 who are subject to mandatory assignment but who fail to make a
 1505 choice shall be assigned to managed care plans until an
 1506 enrollment of 35 percent in MediPass and 65 percent in managed
 1507 care plans, of all those eligible to choose managed care, is
 1508 achieved. Once this enrollment is achieved, the assignments
 1509 shall be divided in order to maintain an enrollment in MediPass
 1510 and managed care plans which is in a 35 percent and 65 percent
 1511 proportion, respectively. Thereafter, assignment of Medicaid
 1512 recipients who fail to make a choice shall be based

1513 proportionally on the preferences of recipients who have made a
 1514 choice in the previous period. Such proportions shall be revised
 1515 at least quarterly to reflect an update of the preferences of
 1516 Medicaid recipients. The agency shall disproportionately assign
 1517 Medicaid-eligible recipients who are required to but have failed
 1518 to make a choice of managed care plan or MediPass, including
 1519 children, and who would ~~are to~~ be assigned to the MediPass
 1520 program to children's networks as described in s. 409.912(4)(g),
 1521 Children's Medical Services Network as defined in s. 391.021,
 1522 exclusive provider organizations, provider service networks,
 1523 minority physician networks, and pediatric emergency department
 1524 diversion programs authorized by this chapter or the General
 1525 Appropriations Act, in such manner as the agency deems
 1526 appropriate, until the agency has determined that the networks
 1527 and programs have sufficient numbers to be operated economically
 1528 ~~operated~~. For purposes of this paragraph, when referring to
 1529 assignment, the term "managed care plans" includes health
 1530 maintenance organizations, exclusive provider organizations,
 1531 provider service networks, minority physician networks,
 1532 Children's Medical Services Network, and pediatric emergency
 1533 department diversion programs authorized by this chapter or the
 1534 General Appropriations Act. When making assignments, the agency
 1535 shall take into account the following criteria:

- 1536 1. A managed care plan has sufficient network capacity to
 1537 meet the need of members.
- 1538 2. The managed care plan or MediPass has previously
 1539 enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the managed care
 1540 plan's primary care providers or MediPass providers has

1541 previously provided health care to the recipient.

1542 3. The agency has knowledge that the member has previously
 1543 expressed a preference for a particular managed care plan or
 1544 MediPass provider as indicated by Medicaid fee-for-service
 1545 claims data, but has failed to make a choice.

1546 4. The managed care plan's or MediPass primary care
 1547 providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's
 1548 residence.

1549 (i) After a recipient has made his or her a selection or
 1550 has been enrolled in a managed care plan or MediPass, the
 1551 recipient shall have 90 days to exercise the opportunity in
 1552 ~~which~~ to voluntarily disenroll and select another managed care
 1553 plan or MediPass ~~provider~~. After 90 days, no further changes may
 1554 be made except for good cause. Good cause includes ~~shall~~
 1555 ~~include~~, but is not ~~be~~ limited to, poor quality of care, lack of
 1556 access to necessary specialty services, an unreasonable delay or
 1557 denial of service, or fraudulent enrollment. The agency shall
 1558 develop criteria for good cause disenrollment for chronically
 1559 ill and disabled populations who are assigned to managed care
 1560 plans if more appropriate care is available through the MediPass
 1561 program. The agency must make a determination as to whether
 1562 cause exists. However, the agency may require a recipient to use
 1563 the managed care plan's or MediPass grievance process prior to
 1564 the agency's determination of cause, except in cases in which
 1565 immediate risk of permanent damage to the recipient's health is
 1566 alleged. The grievance process, when utilized, must be completed
 1567 in time to permit the recipient to disenroll by ~~no later than~~
 1568 the first day of the second month after the month the

1569 disenrollment request was made. If the managed care plan or
 1570 MediPass, as a result of the grievance process, approves an
 1571 enrollee's request to disenroll, the agency is not required to
 1572 make a determination in the case. The agency must make a
 1573 determination and take final action on a recipient's request so
 1574 that disenrollment occurs no later than the first day of the
 1575 second month after the month the request was made. If the agency
 1576 fails to act within the specified timeframe, the recipient's
 1577 request to disenroll is deemed to be approved as of the date
 1578 agency action was required. Recipients who disagree with the
 1579 agency's finding that cause does not exist for disenrollment
 1580 shall be advised of their right to pursue a Medicaid fair
 1581 hearing to dispute the agency's finding.

1582 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 409.9124, Florida
 1583 Statutes, is amended to read:

1584 409.9124 Managed care reimbursement.--The agency shall
 1585 develop and adopt by rule a methodology for reimbursing managed
 1586 care plans.

1587 (2) Each year prior to establishing new managed care
 1588 rates, the agency shall review all prior year adjustments for
 1589 changes in trend, and shall reduce or eliminate those
 1590 adjustments which are not reasonable and which reflect policies
 1591 or programs which are not in effect. In addition, the agency
 1592 shall apply only those policy reductions applicable to the
 1593 fiscal year for which the rates are being set, which can be
 1594 accurately estimated and verified by an independent actuary, and
 1595 which have been implemented prior to or will be implemented
 1596 during the fiscal year. ~~The agency shall pay rates at per~~

1597 ~~member, per month averages that do not exceed the amounts~~
 1598 ~~allowed for in the General Appropriations Act applicable to the~~
 1599 ~~fiscal year for which the rates will be in effect.~~

1600 Section 14. Subsection (36) of section 409.913, Florida
 1601 Statutes, is amended to read:

1602 409.913 Oversight of the integrity of the Medicaid
 1603 program.--The agency shall operate a program to oversee the
 1604 activities of Florida Medicaid recipients, and providers and
 1605 their representatives, to ensure that fraudulent and abusive
 1606 behavior and neglect of recipients occur to the minimum extent
 1607 possible, and to recover overpayments and impose sanctions as
 1608 appropriate. Beginning January 1, 2003, and each year
 1609 thereafter, the agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of
 1610 the Department of Legal Affairs shall submit a joint report to
 1611 the Legislature documenting the effectiveness of the state's
 1612 efforts to control Medicaid fraud and abuse and to recover
 1613 Medicaid overpayments during the previous fiscal year. The
 1614 report must describe the number of cases opened and investigated
 1615 each year; the sources of the cases opened; the disposition of
 1616 the cases closed each year; the amount of overpayments alleged
 1617 in preliminary and final audit letters; the number and amount of
 1618 fines or penalties imposed; any reductions in overpayment
 1619 amounts negotiated in settlement agreements or by other means;
 1620 the amount of final agency determinations of overpayments; the
 1621 amount deducted from federal claiming as a result of
 1622 overpayments; the amount of overpayments recovered each year;
 1623 the amount of cost of investigation recovered each year; the
 1624 average length of time to collect from the time the case was

1625 opened until the overpayment is paid in full; the amount
 1626 determined as uncollectible and the portion of the uncollectible
 1627 amount subsequently reclaimed from the Federal Government; the
 1628 number of providers, by type, that are terminated from
 1629 participation in the Medicaid program as a result of fraud and
 1630 abuse; and all costs associated with discovering and prosecuting
 1631 cases of Medicaid overpayments and making recoveries in such
 1632 cases. The report must also document actions taken to prevent
 1633 overpayments and the number of providers prevented from
 1634 enrolling in or reenrolling in the Medicaid program as a result
 1635 of documented Medicaid fraud and abuse and must recommend
 1636 changes necessary to prevent or recover overpayments.

1637 (36) The agency shall provide to each Medicaid recipient
 1638 or his or her representative an explanation of benefits in the
 1639 form of a letter that is mailed to the most recent address of
 1640 the recipient on the record with the Department of Children and
 1641 Family Services. The explanation of benefits must include the
 1642 patient's name, the name of the health care provider and the
 1643 address of the location where the service was provided, a
 1644 description of all services billed to Medicaid in terminology
 1645 that should be understood by a reasonable person, and
 1646 information on how to report inappropriate or incorrect billing
 1647 to the agency or other law enforcement entities for review or
 1648 investigation. The explanation of benefits may not be mailed for
 1649 Medicaid independent laboratory services as described in s.
 1650 409.905(7) or for Medicaid certified match services as described
 1651 in ss. 409.9071 and 1011.70.

1652 Section 15. Sections 409.9061 and 430.83, Florida

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1653 Statutes, are repealed.

1654 Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.