By the Committee on Health Regulation; and Senators Constantine and King

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to automated external defibrillators; amending s. 401.2915, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the maintenance of and training requirements for the use of automated external defibrillators; revising provisions encouraging notice to the local emergency medical services medical director; amending s. 768.1325, F.S.; revising requirements for civil immunity for the use or attempted use of a defibrillator on a victim of a perceived medical emergency; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 401.2915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

401.2915 Automated external defibrillators.——It is the intent of the Legislature that an automated external defibrillator may be used by any person for the purpose of saving the life of another person in cardiac arrest. In order to achieve that goal, the Legislature intends to encourage training in lifesaving first aid and set standards for and encourage the use of automated external defibrillators.

(2) In order to promote ensure public health and safety:

(a) All persons who use an automated external defibrillator are encouraged to must obtain appropriate training, to include completion of a course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation or successful completion of a basic first aid course that includes cardiopulmonary resuscitation training, and demonstrated proficiency in the use of an automated external defibrillator.

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(b) Any person or entity in possession of an automated external defibrillator is encouraged to <u>notify register with</u> the local emergency medical services medical director <u>of</u> the <u>existence and</u> location of the automated external defibrillator.

(c) Any person who uses an automated external defibrillator shall activate the emergency medical services system as soon as possible upon use of the automated external defibrillator.

Section 2. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 768.1325, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

768.1325 Cardiac Arrest Survival Act; immunity from civil liability.--

- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, and except as provided in subsection (4), any person who uses or attempts to use an automated external defibrillator device on a victim of a perceived medical emergency, without objection of the victim of the perceived medical emergency, is immune from civil liability for any harm resulting from the use or attempted use of such device. In addition, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, and except as provided in subsection (4), any person who makes the device available acquired the device, including, but not limited to, a community association organized under chapter 617, chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 720, chapter 721, or chapter 723, is immune from such liability, if the harm was not due to the failure of such person acquirer of the device to:
- (a) Notify the local emergency medical services medical director of the most recent placement of the device within a reasonable period of time after the device was placed;
 - (a) (b) Properly maintain and test the device; or

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(b) (c) Provide appropriate training in the use of the device to an employee or agent of the person who makes the device available acquirer when the employee or agent was the person who used the device on the victim, except that such requirement of training does not apply if:

- 1. The device is equipped with audible, visual, or written instructions on its use, including the posting of visual or written instructions on or adjacent to the device;
- 2.1. The employee or agent was not an employee or agent who would have been reasonably expected to use the device; or
- 3.2. The period of time elapsing between the engagement of the person as an employee or agent and the occurrence of the harm, or between the acquisition of the device and the occurrence of the harm in any case in which the device was acquired after engagement of the employee or agent, was not a reasonably sufficient period in which to provide the training.
- (4) Immunity under subsection (3) does not apply to a person if:
- (a) The harm involved was caused by that person's willful or criminal misconduct, gross negligence, reckless disregard or misconduct, or a conscious, flagrant indifference to the rights or safety of the victim who was harmed;
- (b) The person is a licensed or certified health professional who used the automated external defibrillator device while acting within the scope of the license or certification of the professional and within the scope of the employment or agency of the professional;
- (c) The person is a hospital, clinic, or other entity whose primary purpose is providing health care directly to patients,

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and the harm was caused by an employee or agent of the entity who used the device while acting within the scope of the employment or agency of the employee or agent;

- (d) The person who makes is an acquirer of the device available who leased the device to a health care entity, or who otherwise provided the device to such entity for compensation without selling the device to the entity, and the harm was caused by an employee or agent of the entity who used the device while acting within the scope of the employment or agency of the employee or agent; or
 - (e) The person is the manufacturer of the device. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.