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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to community service for infractions of noncriminal traffic offenses; creating s. 318.185, F.S.; requiring a court to allow a person to satisfy a civil penalty for an infraction of a noncriminal traffic offense by participating in community service if the person is unable to pay the civil penalty due to a demonstrable financial hardship; authorizing a court to allow a person to participate in community service even if the person does not demonstrate financial hardship; providing that a person participating in community service shall receive credit for the civil penalty at the specified hourly credit rate per hour of community service performed or at the prevailing wage rate for a trade or profession; defining the term "specified hourly credit rate"; providing responsibilities for community service agencies; prohibiting the imprisonment of a person who defaults on the payment of a civil penalty because the person does not have the ability to pay the civil penalty; defining the terms "community service" and "community service agency"; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 318.185, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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318.185 Civil penalties for noncriminal traffic infractions; inability to pay; community service.--

Page 1 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(1) (a) If a person has been ordered to pay a civil penalty for a noncriminal traffic infraction and the person is unable to comply with the court's order due to demonstrable financial hardship, the court shall allow the person to satisfy the civil penalty by participating in community service until the civil penalty is paid.

- (b) If a person has been ordered to pay a civil penalty for a noncriminal traffic infraction but cannot demonstrate financial hardship, a person may also, at the discretion of the court, be authorized to satisfy the civil penalty by participating in community service until the civil penalty is paid.
- (2)(a) If a court orders a person to perform community service, the person shall receive credit for the civil penalty at the specified hourly credit rate per hour of community service performed, and each hour of community service performed shall reduce the civil penalty by that amount.
- (b) As used in this subsection, the term "specified hourly credit rate" means the wage rate that is specified in 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1) under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, that then is in effect, and that an employer subject to that provision must pay per hour to each employee who is subject to that provision.
- (c) However, if a person ordered to perform community service has a trade or profession for which there is a community service need, the specified hourly credit rate for each hour of community service performed by that person shall be the average

prevailing wage rate for the trade or profession that the community service agency needs.

- (3) (a) The community service agency supervising the person shall record the number of hours of community service completed and the date the community service hours were completed. The community service agency shall submit the data to the clerk of court on the letterhead of the community service agency, which must also bear the signature of the person designated to represent the community service agency.
- (b) When the number of community service hours completed by the person equals the amount of the civil penalty, the clerk of court shall certify this fact to the court. Thereafter, the clerk of court shall record in the case file that the civil penalty has been paid in full.
- (4) A person ordered to pay a civil penalty for a noncriminal traffic infraction may not be imprisoned for defaulting on payment of the civil penalty if the person does not have the ability to pay the civil penalty. Furthermore, notwithstanding any other law, a person's driver's license may not be suspended for failing to pay the civil penalty without a finding that the person has the ability to pay the civil penalty.
 - (5) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Community service" means uncompensated labor for a community service agency.
- (b) "Community service agency" means a not-for-profit corporation, community organization, charitable organization, public officer, the state or any political subdivision of the

Page 3 of 4

state, or any other body the purpose of which is to improve the quality of life or social welfare of the community and which agrees to accept community service from persons unable to pay civil penalties for noncriminal traffic infractions.

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Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.