A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Department of Business and 3 Professional Regulation; amending s. 20.165, F.S.; changing the name of the Division of Florida Land Sales, 4 5 Condominiums, and Mobile Homes to the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes and the 6 7 Division of Technology, Licensure, and Testing to the Division of Technology; establishing the Division of 8 9 Service Operations; amending s. 215.20, F.S.; conforming the name of the Division of Florida Land Sales, 10 Condominiums, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund to correspond to 11 the name change of the division; amending s. 450.33, F.S.; 12 removing the requirement for a farm labor contractor to 13 file a set of fingerprints with the department; amending 14 s. 455.203, F.S.; authorizing the department to close and 15 16 terminate deficient license applications and to approve professional license applications meeting certain 17 criteria; amending s. 455.217, F.S.; providing that the 18 19 Division of Service Operations is responsible for certain 20 requirements related to examinations; amending s. 455.2273, F.S.; authorizing the section to apply to 21 disciplinary guidelines adopted by all boards and 22 divisions; amending s. 475.17, F.S.; revising requirements 23 24 for licensure as a real estate broker; amending s. 25 475.451, F.S.; deleting requirements relating to the 26 submission of certain real estate course rosters to the department; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; clarifying that 27 individuals and business entities that sell manufactured 28

Page 1 of 131

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and factory-built buildings can legally enter into contracts for those sales; amending s. 489.511, F.S.; revising requirements for taking the electrical or alarm system contractor certification examination; providing requirements for certification; amending s. 489.515, F.S.; revising requirements for certification as a certified contractor by the Electrical Contractors' Licensing Board to reflect changes made to s. 489.511, F.S., by this act; renumbering s. 498.009, F.S., relating to the location of the division's offices; amending and renumbering s. 498.011, F.S., relating to payment of per diem, mileage, and other expenses for division employees; providing for reimbursement of expenses for on-site review; deleting the expense reimbursement for inspection of subdivided lands; renumbering s. 498.013, F.S., relating to the authentication of records; amending and renumbering s. 498.057, F.S., relating to service of process; deleting provision that service may be made by delivering a copy of the process to the division director; providing that the division can be the petitioner or the plaintiff; repealing ss. 498.001, 498.003, 498.005, 498.007, 498.017, 498.019, 498.021, 498.022, 498.023, 498.024, 498.025, 498.027, 498.028, 498.029, 498.031, 498.033, 498.035, 498.037, 498.039, 498.041, 498.047, 498.049, 498.051, 498.053, 498.059, 498.061, and 498.063, F.S., relating to regulation of land sales practices; amending s. 548.0065, F.S.; including amateur mixed martial arts in a provision relating to the authority of the Florida State Boxing

Page 2 of 131

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Commission to suspend amateur matches for violation of certain health and safety standards; amending s. 548.008, F.S.; removing prohibition against holding amateur mixed martial arts matches in this state; amending s. 548.041, F.S.; providing additional licensure requirements for boxing participants; amending s. 718.501, F.S.; providing additional powers and duties of the division; providing for additional enforcement proceedings for carrying out the purposes of ch. 718, F.S.; deleting the payment of money by a developer to a condominium association as a permissible affirmative action; providing for actions of conservator or receiver; providing for application to circuit court for an order of restitution; providing for imposition of civil penalties and award of court costs, attorney's fees, and costs of investigation under certain circumstances; providing for contracting for investigative services; providing for acceptance of grants-in-aid; requiring the cooperation with similar agencies on establishment of certain procedures, standards, and forms; providing what constitutes completeness of notice; authorizing the division to issue a notice to show cause; providing conforming changes; amending s. 718.509, F.S.; revising to incorporate provisions of s. 498.019, F.S., relating to the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund; revising provisions to conform to the change in division name; providing for the deposit of moneys resulting from an administrative final order; amending s. 721.03, F.S.;

Page 3 of 131

CS/HB 601 2008

clarifying that timeshare plan includes a nonspecific 85 86 multisite timeshare plan; amending ss. 73.073, 190.009, 192.037, 213.053, 326.002, 326.006, 380.05, 380.06, 87 380.0651, 381.0065, 455.116, 475.455, 494.008, 509.512, 88 517.301, 559.935, 718.103, 718.105, 718.1255, 718.5011, 89 718.502, 718.504, 718.508, 718.608, 719.103, 719.1255, 90 91 719.501, 719.502, 719.504, 719.508, 719.608, 720.301, 720.401, 721.05, 721.07, 721.08, 721.26, 721.28, 721.301, 92 93 721.50, 723.003, 723.006, 723.009, and 723.0611, F.S., to conform; providing an effective date. 94 95 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 96 97 Section 1. Paragraphs (d) and (j) of subsection (2) of 98 99 section 20.165, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (k) 100 is added to that subsection, to read: 20.165 Department of Business and Professional 101 Regulation .-- There is created a Department of Business and 102 103 Professional Regulation. The following divisions of the Department of Business 104 105 and Professional Regulation are established: Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, 106 Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.

> Division of Technology, Licensure, and Testing. (j)

Division of Service Operations.

110 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 73.073, Florida 111 Statutes, is amended to read:

73.073 Eminent domain procedure with respect to

Page 4 of 131

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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condominium common elements. --

- (2) With respect to the exercise of eminent domain or a negotiated sale for the purchase or taking of a portion of the common elements of a condominium, the condemning authority shall have the responsibility of contacting the condominium association and acquiring the most recent rolls indicating the names of the unit owners or contacting the appropriate taxing authority to obtain the names of the owners of record on the tax rolls. Notification shall thereupon be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the unit owners of record of the condominium units by the condemning authority indicating the intent to purchase or take the required property and requesting a response from the unit owner. The condemning authority shall be responsible for the expense of sending notification pursuant to this section. Such notice shall, at a minimum, include:
 - (a) The name and address of the condemning authority.
 - (b) A written or visual description of the property.
 - (c) The public purpose for which the property is needed.
 - (d) The appraisal value of the property.
- (e) A clear, concise statement relating to the unit owner's right to object to the taking or appraisal value and the procedures and effects of exercising that right.
- (f) A clear, concise statement relating to the power of the association to convey the property on behalf of the unit owners if no objection to the taking or appraisal value is raised, and the effects of this alternative on the unit owner.

The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation may adopt, by rule, a standard form for such notice and may require the notice to include any additional relevant information.

Section 3. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 190.009, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

190.009 Disclosure of public financing .--

- (2) The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall ensure that disclosures made by developers pursuant to chapter 498 meet the requirements of subsection (1).
- (2) (3) The Department of Community Affairs shall keep a current list of districts and their disclosures pursuant to this act and shall make such studies and reports and take such actions as it deems necessary.
- Section 4. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 192.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 192.037 Fee timeshare real property; taxes and assessments; escrow.--

160 (6)

(e) On or before May 1 of each year, a statement of receipts and disbursements of the escrow account must be filed with the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, which may enforce this paragraph pursuant to s. 721.26. This statement must appropriately show the amount of principal and interest in such account.

Page 6 of 131

CS/HB 601 2008

168 Section 5. Paragraph (i) of subsection (8) of section 169 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing. --
- Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:
- Information relative to chapters 212 and 326 to the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in the conduct of its official duties.

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Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s.

184 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 215.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 215.20 Certain income and certain trust funds to contribute to the General Revenue Fund. --
- The income of a revenue nature deposited in the following described trust funds, by whatever name designated, is that from which the appropriations authorized by subsection (3) shall be made:
- Within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation:
 - The Administrative Trust Fund. 1.

Page 7 of 131

196 2. The Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco Trust Fund.

- 3. The Cigarette Tax Collection Trust Fund.
- 4. The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums,
- Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.
- 5. The Hotel and Restaurant Trust Fund, with the exception of those fees collected for the purpose of funding of the hospitality education program as stated in s. 509.302.
 - 6. The Professional Regulation Trust Fund.
- 7. The trust funds administered by the Division of Parimutuel Wagering.

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- The enumeration of the foregoing moneys or trust funds shall not prohibit the applicability thereto of s. 215.24 should the Governor determine that for the reasons mentioned in s. 215.24 the money or trust funds should be exempt herefrom, as it is the purpose of this law to exempt income from its force and effect when, by the operation of this law, federal matching funds or contributions or private grants to any trust fund would be lost to the state.
- Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 326.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 326.002 Definitions.--As used in ss. 326.001-326.006, the term:
 - (2) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares,</u> and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
 - Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 326.006, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

Page 8 of 131

326.006 Powers and duties of division.--

- (2) The division has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter relating to the sale and ownership of yachts and ships. In performing its duties, the division has the following powers and duties:
- (d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to a yacht or ship purchaser, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or rule adopted under this chapter has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any broker or salesperson or any of his or her assignees or agents, or against any unlicensed person or any of his or her assignees or agents, as follows:
- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions are under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the broker or salesperson or any of his or her assignees or agents, or requiring any unlicensed person or any of his or her assignees or agents, to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 3. The division may bring an action in circuit court on behalf of a class of yacht or ship purchasers for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.

Page 9 of 131

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The division may impose a civil penalty against a broker or salesperson or any of his or her assignees or agents, or against an unlicensed person or any of his or her assignees or agents, for any violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. A penalty may be imposed for each day of continuing violation, but in no event may the penalty for any offense exceed \$10,000. All amounts collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a broker, salesperson, or unlicensed person working for a broker, fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order suspending the broker's license until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. The order imposing the civil penalty or the order of suspension may not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division must be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.

- (3) All fees must be deposited in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund as provided by law.
- Section 9. Subsection (18) of section 380.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 380.05 Areas of critical state concern.--
- (18) Neither the designation of an area of critical state concern nor the adoption of any regulations for such an area shall in any way limit or modify the rights of any person to

Page 10 of 131

complete any development that was has been authorized by registration of a subdivision pursuant to former chapter 498 or former chapter 478, by recordation pursuant to local subdivision plat law, or by a building permit or other authorization to commence development on which there has been reliance and a change of position, and which registration or recordation was accomplished, or which permit or authorization was issued, prior to the approval under subsection (6), or the adoption under subsection (8), of land development regulations for the area of critical state concern. If a developer has by his or her actions in reliance on prior regulations obtained vested or other legal rights that in law would have prevented a local government from changing those regulations in a way adverse to the developer's interests, nothing in this chapter authorizes any governmental agency to abridge those rights.

Section 10. Subsection (20) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

380.06 Developments of regional impact. --

(20) VESTED RIGHTS.--Nothing in this section shall limit or modify the rights of any person to complete any development that was has been authorized by registration of a subdivision pursuant to former chapter 498, by recordation pursuant to local subdivision plat law, or by a building permit or other authorization to commence development on which there has been reliance and a change of position and which registration or recordation was accomplished, or which permit or authorization was issued, prior to July 1, 1973. If a developer has, by his or her actions in reliance on prior regulations, obtained vested or

Page 11 of 131

other legal rights that in law would have prevented a local government from changing those regulations in a way adverse to the developer's interests, nothing in this chapter authorizes any governmental agency to abridge those rights.

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- For the purpose of determining the vesting of rights under this subsection, approval pursuant to local subdivision plat law, ordinances, or regulations of a subdivision plat by formal vote of a county or municipal governmental body having jurisdiction after August 1, 1967, and prior to July 1, 1973, is sufficient to vest all property rights for the purposes of this subsection; and no action in reliance on, or change of position concerning, such local governmental approval is required for vesting to take place. Anyone claiming vested rights under this paragraph must so notify the department in writing by January 1, 1986. Such notification shall include information adequate to document the rights established by this subsection. When such notification requirements are met, in order for the vested rights authorized pursuant to this paragraph to remain valid after June 30, 1990, development of the vested plan must be commenced prior to that date upon the property that the state land planning agency has determined to have acquired vested rights following the notification or in a binding letter of interpretation. When the notification requirements have not been met, the vested rights authorized by this paragraph shall expire June 30, 1986, unless development commenced prior to that date.
- (b) For the purpose of this act, the conveyance of, or the agreement to convey, property to the county, state, or local government as a prerequisite to zoning change approval shall be

Page 12 of 131

construed as an act of reliance to vest rights as determined under this subsection, provided such zoning change is actually granted by such government.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 380.0651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

380.0651 Statewide guidelines and standards.--

- (4) Two or more developments, represented by their owners or developers to be separate developments, shall be aggregated and treated as a single development under this chapter when they are determined to be part of a unified plan of development and are physically proximate to one other.
- (a) The criteria of two of the following subparagraphs must be met in order for the state land planning agency to determine that there is a unified plan of development:
- 1.a. The same person has retained or shared control of the developments;
- b. The same person has ownership or a significant legal or equitable interest in the developments; or
- c. There is common management of the developments controlling the form of physical development or disposition of parcels of the development.
- 2. There is a reasonable closeness in time between the completion of 80 percent or less of one development and the submission to a governmental agency of a master plan or series of plans or drawings for the other development which is indicative of a common development effort.
- 3. A master plan or series of plans or drawings exists covering the developments sought to be aggregated which have

Page 13 of 131

been submitted to a local general-purpose government, water management district, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection, or the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes for authorization to commence development. The existence or implementation of a utility's master utility plan required by the Public Service Commission or general-purpose local government or a master drainage plan shall not be the sole determinant of the existence of a master plan.

- 4. The voluntary sharing of infrastructure that is indicative of a common development effort or is designated specifically to accommodate the developments sought to be aggregated, except that which was implemented because it was required by a local general-purpose government; water management district; the Department of Environmental Protection; the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes; or the Public Service Commission.
- 5. There is a common advertising scheme or promotional plan in effect for the developments sought to be aggregated.
- Section 12. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 381.0065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 381.0065 Onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems; regulation.--
- (4) PERMITS; INSTALLATION; AND CONDITIONS.--A person may not construct, repair, modify, abandon, or operate an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system without first obtaining a permit approved by the department. The department may issue permits to carry out this section, but shall not make the issuance of such permits contingent upon prior approval by the

Page 14 of 131

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Department of Environmental Protection, except that the issuance of a permit for work seaward of the coastal construction control line established under s. 161.053 shall be contingent upon receipt of any required coastal construction control line permit from the Department of Environmental Protection. A construction permit is valid for 18 months from the issuance date and may be extended by the department for one 90-day period under rules adopted by the department. A repair permit is valid for 90 days from the date of issuance. An operating permit must be obtained prior to the use of any aerobic treatment unit or if the establishment generates commercial waste. Buildings or establishments that use an aerobic treatment unit or generate commercial waste shall be inspected by the department at least annually to assure compliance with the terms of the operating permit. The operating permit for a commercial wastewater system is valid for 1 year from the date of issuance and must be renewed annually. The operating permit for an aerobic treatment unit is valid for 2 years from the date of issuance and must be renewed every 2 years. If all information pertaining to the siting, location, and installation conditions or repair of an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system remains the same, a construction or repair permit for the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system may be transferred to another person, if the transferee files, within 60 days after the transfer of ownership, an amended application providing all corrected information and proof of ownership of the property. There is no fee associated with the processing of this supplemental information. A person may not contract to construct, modify,

Page 15 of 131

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alter, repair, service, abandon, or maintain any portion of an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system without being registered under part III of chapter 489. A property owner who personally performs construction, maintenance, or repairs to a system serving his or her own owner-occupied single-family residence is exempt from registration requirements for performing such construction, maintenance, or repairs on that residence, but is subject to all permitting requirements. A municipality or political subdivision of the state may not issue a building or plumbing permit for any building that requires the use of an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system unless the owner or builder has received a construction permit for such system from the department. A building or structure may not be occupied and a municipality, political subdivision, or any state or federal agency may not authorize occupancy until the department approves the final installation of the onsite sewage treatment and disposal system. A municipality or political subdivision of the state may not approve any change in occupancy or tenancy of a building that uses an onsite sewage treatment and disposal system until the department has reviewed the use of the system with the proposed change, approved the change, and amended the operating permit.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b), for subdivisions platted of record on or before October 1, 1991, when a developer or other appropriate entity has previously made or makes provisions, including financial assurances or other commitments, acceptable to the Department of Health, that a central water system will be installed by a

Page 16 of 131

regulated public utility based on a density formula, private potable wells may be used with onsite sewage treatment and disposal systems until the agreed-upon densities are reached. The department may consider assurances filed with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation under chapter 498 in determining the adequacy of the financial assurance required by this paragraph. In a subdivision regulated by this paragraph, the average daily sewage flow may not exceed 2,500 gallons per acre per day. This section does not affect the validity of existing prior agreements. After October 1, 1991, the exception provided under this paragraph is not available to a developer or other appropriate entity.

Section 13. Subsections (8) through (12) of section 450.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

450.33 Duties of farm labor contractor.--Every farm labor contractor must:

(8) File, within such time as the department may prescribe, a set of his or her fingerprints.

(8) (9) Produce evidence to the department that each vehicle he or she uses for the transportation of employees complies with the requirements and specifications established in chapter 316, s. 316.622, or Pub. L. No. 93-518 as amended by Pub. L. No. 97-470 meeting Department of Transportation requirements or, in lieu thereof, bears a valid inspection sticker showing that the vehicle has passed the inspection in the state in which the vehicle is registered.

(9) (10) Comply with all applicable statutes, rules, and regulations of the United States and of the State of Florida for

Page 17 of 131

the protection or benefit of labor, including, but not limited to, those providing for wages, hours, fair labor standards, social security, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, child labor, and transportation.

- (10)(11) Maintain accurate daily field records for each employee actually paid by the farm labor contractor reflecting the hours worked for the farm labor contractor and, if paid by unit, the number of units harvested and the amount paid per unit.
- (11) (12) Clearly display on each vehicle used to transport migrant or seasonal farm workers a display sticker issued by the department, which states that the vehicle is authorized by the department to transport farm workers and the expiration date of the authorization.
- Section 14. Subsection (10) is added to section 455.203,
 491 Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 455.203 Department; powers and duties.--The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall:
 - (10) Have authority to:

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- (a) Close and terminate deficient license application files 2 years after the board or the department notifies the applicant of the deficiency; and
- (b) Approve applications for professional licenses that meet all statutory and rule requirements for licensure.
- Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 455.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 502 455.116 Regulation trust funds.--The following trust funds 503 shall be placed in the department:

Page 18 of 131

(5) Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.

Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 455.217, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 455.217 Examinations.--This section shall be read in conjunction with the appropriate practice act associated with each regulated profession under this chapter.
- (1) The Division of <u>Service Operations</u> <u>Technology</u>, <u>Licensure</u>, and <u>Testing</u> of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall provide, contract, or approve services for the development, preparation, administration, scoring, score reporting, and evaluation of all examinations. The division shall seek the advice of the appropriate board in providing such services.
- (a) The department, acting in conjunction with the Division of Service Operations Technology, Licensure, and Testing and the Division of Real Estate, as appropriate, shall ensure that examinations adequately and reliably measure an applicant's ability to practice the profession regulated by the department. After an examination developed or approved by the department has been administered, the board or department may reject any question which does not reliably measure the general areas of competency specified in the rules of the board or department, when there is no board. The department shall use professional testing services for the development, preparation, and evaluation of examinations, when such services are available and approved by the board.
 - (b) For each examination developed by the department or

Page 19 of 131

contracted vendor, to the extent not otherwise specified by statute, the board or the department when there is no board, shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be covered by the examination, the relative weight to be assigned in grading each area tested, the score necessary to achieve a passing grade, and the fees, where applicable, to cover the actual cost for any purchase, development, and administration of the required examination. However, statutory fee caps in each practice act shall apply. This subsection does not apply to national examinations approved and administered pursuant to paragraph (d).

- (c) If a practical examination is deemed to be necessary, rules shall specify the criteria by which examiners are to be selected, the grading criteria to be used by the examiner, the relative weight to be assigned in grading each criterion, and the score necessary to achieve a passing grade. When a mandatory standardization exercise for a practical examination is required by law, the board may conduct such exercise. Therefore, board members may serve as examiners at a practical examination with the consent of the board.
- (d) A board, or the department when there is no board, may approve by rule the use of any national examination which the department has certified as meeting requirements of national examinations and generally accepted testing standards pursuant to department rules. Providers of examinations, which may be either profit or nonprofit entities, seeking certification by the department shall pay the actual costs incurred by the department in making a determination regarding the

Page 20 of 131

certification. The department shall use any national examination which is available, certified by the department, and approved by the board. The name and number of a candidate may be provided to a national contractor for the limited purpose of preparing the grade tape and information to be returned to the board or department or, to the extent otherwise specified by rule, the candidate may apply directly to the vendor of the national examination. The department may delegate to the board the duty to provide and administer the examination. Any national examination approved by a board, or the department when there is no board, prior to October 1, 1997, is deemed certified under this paragraph. Any licensing or certification examination that is not developed or administered by the department in-house or provided as a national examination shall be competitively bid.

- (e) The department shall adopt rules regarding the security and monitoring of examinations. In order to maintain the security of examinations, the department may employ the procedures set forth in s. 455.228 to seek fines and injunctive relief against an examinee who violates the provisions of s. 455.2175 or the rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph. The department, or any agent thereof, may, for the purposes of investigation, confiscate any written, photographic, or recording material or device in the possession of the examinee at the examination site which the department deems necessary to enforce such provisions or rules.
- (f) If the professional board with jurisdiction over an examination concurs, the department may, for a fee, share with any other state's licensing authority an examination developed

Page 21 of 131

by or for the department unless prohibited by a contract entered into by the department for development or purchase of the examination. The department, with the concurrence of the appropriate board, shall establish quidelines that ensure security of a shared exam and shall require that any other state's licensing authority comply with those guidelines. Those quidelines shall be approved by the appropriate professional board. All fees paid by the user shall be applied to the department's examination and development program for professions regulated by this chapter. All fees paid by the user for professions not regulated by this chapter shall be applied to offset the fees for the development and administration of that profession's examination. If both a written and a practical examination are given, an applicant shall be required to retake only the portion of the examination for which he or she failed to achieve a passing grade, if he or she successfully passes that portion within a reasonable time of his or her passing the other portion.

Section 17. Subsection (6) is added to section 455.2273, Florida Statutes, to read:

455.2273 Disciplinary guidelines. --

(6) Notwithstanding s. 455.017, this section applies to disciplinary guidelines adopted by all boards or divisions within the department.

Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 475.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.17 Qualifications for practice.--

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Page 22 of 131

(b) A person may not be licensed as a real estate broker unless, in addition to the other requirements of law, the person has held:

- 1. An active real estate sales associate's license for at least 24 12 months during the preceding 5 years in the office of one or more real estate brokers licensed in this state or any other state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign national jurisdiction;
- 2. A current and valid real estate sales associate's license for at least $\underline{24}$ $\underline{12}$ months during the preceding 5 years in the employ of a governmental agency for a salary and performing the duties authorized in this part for real estate licensees; or
- 3. A current and valid real estate broker's license for at least $\underline{24}$ $\underline{12}$ months during the preceding 5 years in any other state, territory, or jurisdiction of the United States or in any foreign national jurisdiction.

This paragraph does not apply to a person employed as a real estate investigator by the Division of Real Estate, provided the person has been employed as a real estate investigator for at least 24 months. The person must be currently employed as a real estate investigator to sit for the real estate broker's examination and have held a valid and current sales associate's license for at least 12 months.

Section 19. Subsection (9) of section 475.451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.451 Schools teaching real estate practice.--

Page 23 of 131

(9) (a) Each school permitholder of a proprietary real estate school, each chief administrative person of such an institution, or each course sponsor shall deliver to the department, in a format acceptable to the department, a copy of the classroom course roster of courses that require satisfactory completion of an examination no later than 30 days beyond the end of the calendar month in which the course was completed.

(b) The course roster shall consist of the institution or school name and permit number, if applicable, the instructor's name and permit number, if applicable, course title, beginning and ending dates of the course, number of course hours, course location, if applicable, each student's full name and license number, if applicable, each student's mailing address, and the numerical grade each student achieved. The course roster shall also include the signature of the school permitholder, the chief administrative person, or the course sponsor.

Section 20. Section 475.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

475.455 Exchange of disciplinary information.--The commission shall inform the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation of any disciplinary action the commission has taken against any of its licensees. The division shall inform the commission of any disciplinary action the division has taken against any broker or sales associate registered with the division.

Section 21. Subsection (6) of section 489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 24 of 131

489.105 Definitions.--As used in this part:

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- "Contracting" means, except as exempted in this part, engaging in business as a contractor and includes, but is not limited to, performance of any of the acts as set forth in subsection (3) which define types of contractors. The attempted sale of contracting services and the negotiation or bid for a contract on these services also constitutes contracting. If the services offered require licensure or agent qualification, the offering, negotiation for a bid, or attempted sale of these services requires the corresponding licensure. However, the term "contracting" shall not extend to an individual, partnership, corporation, trust, or other legal entity that offers to sell or sells completed residences on property on which the individual or business entity has any legal or equitable interest, or to the individual or business entity that offers to sell or sells manufactured or factory-built buildings that will be completed on site on property on which either party to a contract has any legal or equitable interest, if the services of a qualified contractor certified or registered pursuant to the requirements of this chapter have been or will be retained for the purpose of constructing or completing such residences.
- Section 22. Section 489.511, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 489.511 Certification; application; examinations; endorsement.--
- (1) $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ Any person who is at least 18 years of age may take the certification examination.
 - (b) Any person desiring to be certified as a contractor

Page 25 of 131

shall apply to the department in writing <u>and must meet the</u> following criteria: to take the certification examination.

- (2)(a) A person shall be entitled to take the certification examination for the purpose of determining whether he or she is qualified to engage in contracting throughout the state as a contractor if the person:
 - 1. Is at least 18 years of age;

- 1.2. Be Is of good moral character;
- 2. Pass the certification examination, achieving a passing grade as established by board rule; and
- 3. <u>Meet Meets</u> eligibility requirements according to one of the following criteria:
- a. Has, within the 6 years immediately preceding the filing of the application, at least 3 years' proven management experience in the trade or education equivalent thereto, or a combination thereof, but not more than one-half of such experience may be educational equivalent;
- b. Has, within the 8 years immediately preceding the filing of the application, at least 4 years' experience as a supervisor or contractor in the trade for which he or she is making application;
- c. Has, within the 12 years immediately preceding the filing of the application, at least 6 years of comprehensive training, technical education, or supervisory experience associated with an electrical or alarm system contracting business, or at least 6 years of technical experience in electrical or alarm system work with the Armed Forces or a governmental entity;

Page 26 of 131

d. Has, within the 12 years immediately preceding the filing of the application, been licensed for 3 years as a professional engineer who is qualified by education, training, or experience to practice electrical engineering; or

e. Has any combination of qualifications under subsubparagraphs a.-c. totaling 6 years of experience.

- (c) (b) For purposes of this subsection, "supervisor" means a person having the experience gained while having the general duty of overseeing the technical duties of the trade, provided that such experience is gained by a person who is able to perform the technical duties of the trade without supervision.
- (d) (e) For purposes of this subsection, at least 40 percent of the work experience for an alarm system contractor I must be in the types of fire alarm systems typically used in a commercial setting.
- (2)(3) The board may determine by rule the number of times per year the applicant may take the examination and after three unsuccessful attempts may On or after October 1, 1998, every applicant who is qualified shall be allowed to take the examination three times, notwithstanding the number of times the applicant has previously failed the examination. If an applicant fails the examination three times after October 1, 1998, the board shall require the applicant to complete additional college-level or technical education courses in the areas of deficiency, as determined by the board, as a condition of future eligibility to take the examination. The applicant must also submit a new application that meets all certification requirements at the time of its submission and must pay all

appropriate fees.

 $\underline{(3)}$ (4) (a) "Good moral character" means a personal history of honesty, fairness, and respect for the rights of others and for laws of this state and nation.

- (b) The board may determine that an individual applying for certification is ineligible to take the examination for failure to satisfy the requirement of good moral character only if:
- 1. There is a substantial connection between the lack of good moral character of the individual and the professional responsibilities of a certified contractor; and
- 2. The finding by the board of lack of good moral character is supported by clear and convincing evidence.
- (c) When an individual is found to be unqualified for <u>certification</u> examination because of a lack of good moral character, the board shall furnish such individual a statement containing the findings of the board, a complete record of the evidence upon which the determination was based, and a notice of the rights of the individual to a rehearing and appeal.
- (4) (5) The board shall, by rule, designate those types of specialty electrical or alarm system contractors who may be certified under this part. The limit of the scope of work and responsibility of a certified specialty contractor shall be established by board rule. A certified specialty contractor category exists as an optional statewide licensing category. Qualification for certification in a specialty category created by rule shall be the same as set forth in paragraph (1) (b) (2) (a). The existence of a specialty category created by rule

Page 28 of 131

does not itself create any licensing requirement; however, neither does its optional nature remove any licensure requirement established elsewhere in this part.

- $\underline{(5)}$ (6) The board shall certify as qualified for certification by endorsement any individual applying for certification who:
- (a) Meets the requirements for certification as set forth in this section; has passed a national, regional, state, or United States territorial licensing examination that is substantially equivalent to the examination required by this part; and has satisfied the requirements set forth in s. 489.521; or
- (b) Holds a valid license to practice electrical or alarm system contracting issued by another state or territory of the United States, if the criteria for issuance of such license was substantially equivalent to the certification criteria that existed in this state at the time the certificate was issued.
- $\underline{(6)}$ (7) Upon the issuance of a certificate, any previously issued registered licenses for the classification in which the certification is issued are rendered void.
- Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 489.515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 489.515 Issuance of certificates; registrations.--
- (1)

(b) The board shall certify as qualified for certification any person who satisfies the requirements of s. 489.511, who successfully passes the certification examination administered by the department, achieving a passing grade as established by

Page 29 of 131

board rule, and who submits satisfactory evidence that he or she has obtained both workers' compensation insurance or an acceptable exemption certificate issued by the department and public liability and property damage insurance for the health, safety, and welfare of the public in amounts determined by rule of the board, and furnishes evidence of financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of either himself or herself or the business organization he or she desires to qualify.

Section 24. Section 494.008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

494.008 Mortgages offered by land developers licensed pursuant to the Florida Uniform Land Sales Practices Law; requirements; prohibitions.--No mortgage loan which has a face amount of \$35,000 or less and is secured by vacant land registered under the Florida Uniform Land Sales Practices Law, chapter 498, shall be sold to a mortgagee, except a financial institution, by any person unless all of the following requirements are met:

- (1) Each mortgage securing a note or other obligation sold or offered for sale shall be eligible for a recordation as a first mortgage.
- (2) Each mortgage negotiated pursuant to this section must include a mortgagee's title insurance policy or an opinion of title, from an attorney who is licensed to practice law in this state, on each parcel of land which is described in the mortgage. The policy or opinion shall reflect that there are no other mortgages on the property. A notice stating the priority

Page 30 of 131

of the mortgage shall be placed on the face of each mortgage in an amount over \$35,000 issued pursuant to this section.

- (3) Contracts to purchase a mortgage loan shall contain, immediately above the purchaser's signature line, the statement in 10-point boldfaced type: "This mortgage is secured by vacant land subject to development at a future time." This statement shall also be typed or printed in 10-point type on the face of the note and mortgage sold.
- (4) The most recent assessment for tax purposes made by the county property appraiser of each parcel of land described in the mortgage shall be furnished to each mortgagee.
- (5) The mortgage broker shall record or cause to be recorded all mortgages or other similar documents prior to delivery of the note and mortgage to the mortgagee.
- (6) All funds received by the mortgage broker pursuant to this section shall promptly be deposited in the broker's trust account where they shall remain until the note and mortgage are fully executed and recorded.
- (7) Willful failure to comply with any of the above provisions shall subject the person to the penalties of s. 494.05.
- Section 25. <u>Section 498.009</u>, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 718.50152, Florida Statutes.
- Section 26. Section 498.011, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 718.50153, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
- 718.50153 498.011 Payment of per diem, mileage, and other expenses to division employees.--The amount of per diem and

Page 31 of 131

mileage and expense money paid to employees shall be as provided in s. 112.061, except that the division shall establish by rule the standards for reimbursement of actual verified expenses incurred in connection with an <u>on-site review</u> inspection or investigation of subdivided lands.

Section 27. <u>Section 498.013</u>, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 718.50154, Florida Statutes.

Section 28. Section 498.057, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 718.50155, Florida Statutes, and amended, to read:

718.50155 498.057 Service of process.--

- (1) In addition to the methods of service provided for in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure and the Florida Statutes, service may be made and by delivering a copy of the process to the director of the division, which shall be binding upon the defendant or respondent if:
- (a) The <u>division plaintiff</u>, which <u>is acting as the</u>

 <u>petitioner or plaintiff</u> may be the <u>division</u>, immediately sends a copy of the process and of the pleading by certified mail to the defendant or respondent at his or her last known address; and
- (b) The <u>division</u> plaintiff files an affidavit of compliance with this section on or before the return date of the process or within the time set by the court.
- (2) If any person, including any nonresident of this state, allegedly engages in conduct prohibited by this chapter, or any rule or order of the division, and has not filed a consent to service of process, and personal jurisdiction over him or her cannot otherwise be obtained in this state, the

Page 32 of 131

director shall be authorized to receive service of process in any noncriminal proceeding against that person or his or her successor which grows out of the conduct and which is brought by the division under this chapter or any rule or order of the division. The process shall have the same force and validity as if personally served. Notice shall be given as provided in subsection (1).

Section 29. Sections 498.001, 498.003, 498.005, 498.007, 498.017, 498.019, 498.021, 498.022, 498.023, 498.024, 498.025, 498.027, 498.028, 498.029, 498.031, 498.033, 498.035, 498.037, 498.039, 498.041, 498.047, 498.049, 498.051, 498.053, 498.059, 498.061, and 498.063, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 30. Section 509.512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

509.512 Timeshare plan developer and exchange company exemption.--Sections 509.501-509.511 do not apply to a developer of a timeshare plan or an exchange company approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes pursuant to chapter 721, but only to the extent that the developer or exchange company engages in conduct regulated under chapter 721.

Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 517.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

517.301 Fraudulent transactions; falsification or concealment of facts.--

(2) For purposes of ss. 517.311 and 517.312 and this section, the term "investment" means any commitment of money or property principally induced by a representation that an

Page 33 of 131

economic benefit may be derived from such commitment, except that the term "investment" does not include a commitment of money or property for:

- (a) The purchase of a business opportunity, business enterprise, or real property through a person licensed under chapter 475 or registered under former chapter 498; or
- (b) The purchase of tangible personal property through a person not engaged in telephone solicitation, where said property is offered and sold in accordance with the following conditions:
- 1. There are no specific representations or guarantees made by the offeror or seller as to the economic benefit to be derived from the purchase;
- 2. The tangible property is delivered to the purchaser within 30 days after sale, except that such 30-day period may be extended by the office if market conditions so warrant; and
- 3. The seller has offered the purchaser a full refund policy in writing, exercisable by the purchaser within 10 days of the date of delivery of such tangible personal property, except that the amount of such refund may not in no event shall exceed the bid price in effect at the time the property is returned to the seller. If the applicable sellers' market is closed at the time the property is returned to the seller for a refund, the amount of such refund shall be based on the bid price for such property at the next opening of such market.

Section 32. Subsection (4) of section 548.0065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

548.0065 Amateur matches; sanctioning and supervision;

Page 34 of 131

health and safety standards; compliance checks; continuation, suspension, and revocation of sanctioning approval.--

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- Any member of the commission or the executive director of the commission may suspend the approval of an amateur sanctioning organization for failure to supervise amateur matches or to enforce the approved health and safety standards required under this chapter, provided that the suspension complies with the procedures for summary suspensions in s. 120.60(6). At any amateur boxing, or kickboxing, or mixed martial arts contest, any member of the commission or a representative of the commission may immediately suspend one or more matches in an event whenever it appears that the match or matches violate the health and safety standards established by rule as required by this chapter. A law enforcement officer may assist any member of the commission or a representative of the commission to enforce an order to stop a contest if called upon to do so by a member of the commission or a representative of the commission.
- Section 33. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 548.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 548.008 Prohibited competitions. --
- (2) No amateur mixed martial arts match may be held in this state.
- $\underline{(2)}$ No professional match may be held in this state unless it meets the requirements for holding the match as provided in this chapter and the rules adopted by the commission.
 - (3) (4) (a) Any person participating in a match prohibited

Page 35 of 131

under this section, knowing the match to be prohibited, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (b) Any person holding, promoting, or sponsoring a match prohibited under this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 548.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 548.041 Age, condition, and suspension of participants. --
 - (1) A person \underline{may} shall not be licensed as a participant, and the license of \underline{a} any participant shall be suspended or revoked, if such person:
 - (a) Is under the age of 18;

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- (b) Has participated in a match in this state which was not sanctioned by the commission or by a Native American commission properly constituted under federal law; or
- (c) Does not meet certain health and medical examination conditions as required by rule of the commission; -
- (d) Has not competed in a minimum number of amateur boxing events as determined by commission rule prior to licensure; or
- (e) Has not participated in a minimum number of amateur mixed martial arts events as determined by commission rule prior to licensure.
- Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 559.935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 559.935 Exemptions.--
- 1007 (1) This part does not apply to:

Page 36 of 131

(a) A bona fide employee of a seller of travel who is engaged solely in the business of her or his employer;

- (b) Any direct common carrier of passengers or property regulated by an agency of the Federal Government or employees of such carrier when engaged solely in the transportation business of the carrier as identified in the carrier's certificate;
- (c) An intrastate common carrier of passengers or property selling only transportation as defined in the applicable state or local registration or certification, or employees of such carrier when engaged solely in the transportation business of the carrier;
- (d) Hotels, motels, or other places of public accommodation selling public accommodations, or employees of such hotels, motels, or other places of public accommodation, when engaged solely in making arrangements for lodging, accommodations, or sightseeing tours within the state, or taking reservations for the traveler with times, dates, locations, and accommodations certain at the time the reservations are made, provided that hotels and motels registered with the Department of Business and Professional Regulation pursuant to chapter 509 are excluded from the provisions of this chapter;
- (e) Persons involved solely in the rental, leasing, or sale of residential property;
- (f) Persons involved solely in the rental, leasing, or sale of transportation vehicles;
- (g) Persons who make travel arrangements for themselves; for their employees or agents; for distributors, franchisees, or dealers of the persons' products or services; for entities which

Page 37 of 131

are financially related to the persons; or for the employees or agents of the distributor, franchisee, or dealer or financially related entity;

- (h) A developer of a timeshare plan or an exchange company approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes pursuant to chapter 721, but only to the extent that the developer or exchange company engages in conduct regulated under chapter 721; or
- (i) Persons or entities engaged solely in offering diving services, including classes and sales or rentals of equipment, when engaged in making any prearranged travel-related or tourist-related services in conjunction with a primarily diverelated event.

Section 36. Subsection (17) of section 718.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.103 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

- (17) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- Section 37. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 718.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.105 Recording of declaration. --

1058 (4)

(c) If the sum of money held by the clerk has not been paid to the developer or association as provided in paragraph (b) within by 3 years after the date the declaration was originally recorded, the clerk in his or her discretion may notify, in writing, the registered agent of the association that

Page 38 of 131

the sum is still available and the purpose for which it was deposited. If the association does not record the certificate within 90 days after the clerk has given the notice, the clerk may disburse the money to the developer. If the developer cannot be located, the clerk shall disburse the money to the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes for deposit in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.

Section 38. Subsection (4) of section 718.1255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.1255 Alternative dispute resolution; voluntary mediation; mandatory nonbinding arbitration; legislative findings.--

(4) MANDATORY NONBINDING ARBITRATION AND MEDIATION OF DISPUTES.--The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall employ full-time attorneys to act as arbitrators to conduct the arbitration hearings provided by this chapter. The division may also certify attorneys who are not employed by the division to act as arbitrators to conduct the arbitration hearings provided by this section. No person may be employed by the department as a full-time arbitrator unless he or she is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar. The department shall adopt promulgate rules of procedure to govern such arbitration hearings including mediation incident thereto. The decision of an arbitrator shall be final; however, such a decision shall not be deemed final agency action. Nothing in this provision shall be construed to foreclose parties from

proceeding in a trial de novo unless the parties have agreed that the arbitration is binding. If such judicial proceedings are initiated, the final decision of the arbitrator shall be admissible in evidence in the trial de novo.

- (a) Prior to the institution of court litigation, a party to a dispute shall petition the division for nonbinding arbitration. The petition must be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$50. Filing fees collected under this section must be used to defray the expenses of the alternative dispute resolution program.
- (b) The petition must recite, and have attached thereto, supporting proof that the petitioner gave the respondents:
- 1. Advance written notice of the specific nature of the dispute;
- 2. A demand for relief, and a reasonable opportunity to comply or to provide the relief; and
- 3. Notice of the intention to file an arbitration petition or other legal action in the absence of a resolution of the dispute.

Failure to include the allegations or proof of compliance with these prerequisites requires dismissal of the petition without prejudice.

(c) Upon receipt, the petition shall be promptly reviewed by the division to determine the existence of a dispute and compliance with the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b). If emergency relief is required and is not available through arbitration, a motion to stay the arbitration may be filed. The

Page 40 of 131

motion must be accompanied by a verified petition alleging facts that, if proven, would support entry of a temporary injunction, and if an appropriate motion and supporting papers are filed, the division may abate the arbitration pending a court hearing and disposition of a motion for temporary injunction.

- (d) Upon determination by the division that a dispute exists and that the petition substantially meets the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) and any other applicable rules, a copy of the petition shall forthwith be served by the division upon all respondents.
- (e) Either Before or after the filing of the respondents' answer to the petition, any party may request that the arbitrator refer the case to mediation under this section and any rules adopted by the division. Upon receipt of a request for mediation, the division shall promptly contact the parties to determine if there is agreement that mediation would be appropriate. If all parties agree, the dispute must be referred to mediation. Notwithstanding a lack of an agreement by all parties, the arbitrator may refer a dispute to mediation at any time.
- (f) Upon referral of a case to mediation, the parties must select a mutually acceptable mediator. To assist in the selection, the arbitrator shall provide the parties with a list of both volunteer and paid mediators that have been certified by the division under s. 718.501. If the parties are unable to agree on a mediator within the time allowed by the arbitrator, the arbitrator shall appoint a mediator from the list of certified mediators. If a case is referred to mediation, the

Page 41 of 131

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parties shall attend a mediation conference, as scheduled by the parties and the mediator. If any party fails to attend a duly noticed mediation conference, without the permission or approval of the arbitrator or mediator, the arbitrator must impose sanctions against the party, including the striking of any pleadings filed, the entry of an order of dismissal or default if appropriate, and the award of costs and attorneys' fees incurred by the other parties. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or as provided by order of the arbitrator, a party is deemed to have appeared at a mediation conference by the physical presence of the party or its representative having full authority to settle without further consultation, provided that an association may comply by having one or more representatives present with full authority to negotiate a settlement and recommend that the board of administration ratify and approve such a settlement within 5 days from the date of the mediation conference. The parties shall share equally the expense of mediation, unless they agree otherwise.

- (g) The purpose of mediation as provided for by this section is to present the parties with an opportunity to resolve the underlying dispute in good faith, and with a minimum expenditure of time and resources.
- (h) Mediation proceedings must generally be conducted in accordance with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and these proceedings are privileged and confidential to the same extent as court-ordered mediation. Persons who are not parties to the dispute are not allowed to attend the mediation conference without the consent of all parties, with the exception of

Page 42 of 131

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counsel for the parties and corporate representatives designated to appear for a party. If the mediator declares an impasse after a mediation conference has been held, the arbitration proceeding terminates, unless all parties agree in writing to continue the arbitration proceeding, in which case the arbitrator's decision shall be either binding or nonbinding, as agreed upon by the parties; in the arbitration proceeding, the arbitrator shall not consider any evidence relating to the unsuccessful mediation except in a proceeding to impose sanctions for failure to appear at the mediation conference. If the parties do not agree to continue arbitration, the arbitrator shall enter an order of dismissal, and either party may institute a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction. The parties may seek to recover any costs and attorneys' fees incurred in connection with arbitration and mediation proceedings under this section as part of the costs and fees that may be recovered by the prevailing party in any subsequent litigation.

- (i) Arbitration shall be conducted according to rules adopted promulgated by the division. The filing of a petition for arbitration shall toll the applicable statute of limitations.
- (j) At the request of any party to the arbitration, the such arbitrator shall issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, records, documents, and other evidence and any party on whose behalf a subpoena is issued may apply to the court for orders compelling such attendance and production. Subpoenas shall be served and shall be enforceable in the manner provided by the Florida Rules of

Page 43 of 131

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Civil Procedure. Discovery may, in the discretion of the arbitrator, be permitted in the manner provided by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Rules adopted by the division may authorize any reasonable sanctions except contempt for a violation of the arbitration procedural rules of the division or for the failure of a party to comply with a reasonable nonfinal order issued by an arbitrator which is not under judicial review.

- (k) The arbitration decision shall be presented to the parties in writing. An arbitration decision is final in those disputes in which the parties have agreed to be bound. An arbitration decision is also final if a complaint for a trial de novo is not filed in a court of competent jurisdiction in which the condominium is located within 30 days. The right to file for a trial de novo entitles the parties to file a complaint in the appropriate trial court for a judicial resolution of the dispute. The prevailing party in an arbitration proceeding shall be awarded the costs of the arbitration and reasonable attorney's fees in an amount determined by the arbitrator. Such an award shall include the costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the arbitration proceeding as well as the costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in preparing for and attending any scheduled mediation.
- (1) The party who files a complaint for a trial de novo shall be assessed the other party's arbitration costs, court costs, and other reasonable costs, including attorney's fees, investigation expenses, and expenses for expert or other testimony or evidence incurred after the arbitration hearing if

Page 44 of 131

the judgment upon the trial de novo is not more favorable than the arbitration decision. If the judgment is more favorable, the party who filed a complaint for trial de novo shall be awarded reasonable court costs and attorney's fees.

- (m) Any party to an arbitration proceeding may enforce an arbitration award by filing a petition in a court of competent jurisdiction in which the condominium is located. A petition may not be granted unless the time for appeal by the filing of a complaint for trial de novo has expired. If a complaint for a trial de novo has been filed, a petition may not be granted with respect to an arbitration award that has been stayed. If the petition for enforcement is granted, the petitioner shall recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in enforcing the arbitration award. A mediation settlement may also be enforced through the county or circuit court, as applicable, and any costs and fees incurred in the enforcement of a settlement agreement reached at mediation must be awarded to the prevailing party in any enforcement action.
- Section 39. Section 718.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 718.501 Powers and duties of Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.--
- (1) The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, in addition to other powers and duties prescribed by chapter 498, has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter and rules promulgated pursuant

Page 45 of 131

hereto relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management of residential condominium units. In performing its duties, the division has the following powers and duties:

- (a) $\underline{1}$. The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms hereunder.
- 2. The division may submit any official written report, worksheet, or other related paper, or a duly certified copy thereof, compiled, prepared, drafted, or otherwise made by and duly authenticated by a financial examiner or analyst to be admitted as competent evidence in any hearing in which the financial examiner or analyst is available for cross-examination and attests under oath that such documents were prepared as a result of an examination or inspection conducted pursuant to this chapter.
- (b) The division may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated.
- (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this chapter, the division director or any officer or employee designated by the division director may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation, including the existence,

Page 46 of 131

description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of material evidence. Upon the failure by a person to obey a subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating officer and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the division may apply to the circuit court for an order compelling compliance.

- (d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule promulgated pursuant hereto has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any developer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, as follows:
- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such affirmative action may include, but is not limited to, an order requiring a developer to pay moneys

Page 47 of 131

determined to be owed to a condominium association. If the division finds that a developer, association, officer, or member of the board of administration, or its assignees or agents, is violating or is about to violate any provision of this chapter, any rule adopted or order issued by the division, or any written agreement entered into with the division, and presents an immediate danger to the public requiring an immediate final order, it may issue an emergency cease and desist order reciting with particularity the facts underlying such findings. The emergency cease and desist order is effective for 90 days. If the division begins nonemergency cease and desist proceedings, the emergency cease and desist order remains effective until the conclusion of the proceedings under ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

- 3. The division may bring an action in circuit court on behalf of a class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.
- 4. The division may petition the court for the appointment of a receiver or conservator. If appointed, the receiver or conservator may take action to implement the court order to ensure the performance of the order and to remedy any breach thereof. In addition to all other means provided by law for the enforcement of an injunction or temporary restraining order, the circuit court may impound or sequester the property of a party defendant, including books, papers, documents, and related records, and allow the examination and use of the property by the division and a court-appointed receiver or conservator.
- 5. The division may apply to the circuit court for an order of restitution whereby the defendant in an action brought

Page 48 of 131

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pursuant to subparagraph 4. shall be ordered to make restitution of those sums shown by the division to have been obtained by the defendant in violation of this chapter. Such restitution shall, at the option of the court, be payable to the conservator or receiver appointed pursuant to subparagraph 4. or directly to the persons whose funds or assets were obtained in violation of this chapter.

The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer or association, or its assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter promulgated pursuant hereto. The division may impose a civil penalty individually against any officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of this chapter, adopted a rule adopted pursuant hereto, or a final order of the division. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or board member that his or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. The division, prior to initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, shall afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply with this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. An officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no event shall the penalty for any offense exceed \$5,000. By

Page 49 of 131

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January 1, 1998, the division shall adopt, by rule, penalty guidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The quidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, the repetition of the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer or owner-controlled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The quidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances that justify a departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the condominium residents or other persons and that such quidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability of the division to informally dispose of administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a developer fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such developer cease and desist from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction.

Page 50 of 131

If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order will not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.

- 7. In addition to subparagraph 6., the division may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the division may issue a notice to show cause under paragraph (q). The civil penalty shall be at least \$500 but no more than \$5,000 for each violation. The court may also award to the prevailing party court costs and reasonable attorney's fees and, if the division prevails, may also award reasonable costs of investigation.
- (e) The division <u>may</u> is authorized to prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of residential condominiums in assessing the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.
- (f) The division has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- (g) The division shall establish procedures for providing notice to an association when the division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the declaration of condominium or any related document governing in

Page 51 of 131

such condominium community.

(h) The division shall furnish each association which pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this act, subsequent changes to this act on an annual basis, an amended version of this act as it becomes available from the Secretary of State's office on a biennial basis, and the rules adopted promulgated pursuant thereto on an annual basis.

- (i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal opinions relating to the operations of condominiums which were rendered by the division during the previous year.
- (j) The division shall provide training programs for condominium association board members and unit owners.
- (k) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible to condominium unit owners.
- (1) The division shall develop a program to certify both volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of condominium disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other participant in arbitration proceedings under s. 718.1255 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall include on the list of volunteer mediators only the names of persons who have received at least 20 hours of training in mediation techniques or who have mediated at least 20 disputes. In order to become initially certified by the division, paid mediators must be certified by the Supreme Court to mediate court cases in either county or circuit courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, additional factors for the certification of paid

Page 52 of 131

mediators, which factors must be related to experience, education, or background. Any person initially certified as a paid mediator by the division must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the factors or requirements imposed by rules adopted by the division.

When a complaint is made, the division shall conduct its inquiry with due regard to the interests of the affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information is needed by the division from the complainant. The division shall conduct its investigation and shall, within 90 days after receipt of the original complaint or of timely requested additional information, take action upon the complaint. However, the failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does not prevent the division from continuing the investigation, accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule of the division has occurred. If an investigation is not completed within the time limits established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a monthly basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status of the investigation. When reporting its action to the complainant, the division shall inform the complainant of any right to a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

(n) The division may:

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Page 53 of 131

1. Contract with agencies in this state or other jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; or

2. Accept grants-in-aid from any source.

- (o) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in other jurisdictions to establish uniform filing procedures and forms, public offering statements, advertising standards, and rules and common administrative practices.
- (p) The division shall consider notice to a developer to be complete when it is delivered to the developer's address currently on file with the division.
- (q) In addition to its enforcement authority, the division may issue a notice to show cause, which shall provide for a hearing, upon written request, in accordance with chapter 120.
- (2)(a) Effective January 1, 1992, Each condominium association which operates more than two units shall pay to the division an annual fee in the amount of \$4 for each residential unit in condominiums operated by the association. If the fee is not paid by March 1, then the association shall be assessed a penalty of 10 percent of the amount due, and the association will not have standing to maintain or defend any action in the courts of this state until the amount due, plus any penalty, is paid.
- (b) All fees shall be deposited in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund as provided by law.
- Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 718.5011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 718.5011 Ombudsman; appointment; administration.--

Page 54 of 131

(1) There is created an Office of the Condominium Ombudsman, to be located for administrative purposes within the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes. The functions of the office shall be funded by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. The ombudsman shall be a bureau chief of the division, and the office shall be set within the division in the same manner as any other bureau is staffed and funded.

Section 41. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 718.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.502 Filing prior to sale or lease.--

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Prior to filing as required by subsection (1), and prior to acquiring an ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon which the condominium is to be developed, a developer shall not offer a contract for purchase of a unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years. However, the developer may accept deposits for reservations upon the approval of a fully executed escrow agreement and reservation agreement form properly filed with the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes. Each filing of a proposed reservation program shall be accompanied by a filing fee of \$250. Reservations shall not be taken on a proposed condominium unless the developer has an ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon which the condominium is to be developed. The division shall notify the developer within 20 days of receipt of the reservation filing of any deficiencies contained therein. Such notification shall not preclude the determination of reservation filing deficiencies at a later

date, nor shall it relieve the developer of any responsibility under the law. The escrow agreement and the reservation agreement form shall include a statement of the right of the prospective purchaser to an immediate unqualified refund of the reservation deposit moneys upon written request to the escrow agent by the prospective purchaser or the developer.

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Section 42. Section 718.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.504 Prospectus or offering circular. -- Every developer of a residential condominium which contains more than 20 residential units, or which is part of a group of residential condominiums which will be served by property to be used in common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall prepare a prospectus or offering circular and file it with the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes prior to entering into an enforceable contract of purchase and sale of any unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years and shall furnish a copy of the prospectus or offering circular to each buyer. In addition to the prospectus or offering circular, each buyer shall be furnished a separate page entitled "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers," which shall be in accordance with a format approved by the division and a copy of the financial information required by s. 718.111. This page shall, in readable language, inform prospective purchasers regarding their voting rights and unit use restrictions, including restrictions on the leasing of a unit; shall indicate whether and in what amount the unit owners or the association is obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or other

Page 56 of 131

commonly used facilities; shall contain a statement identifying that amount of assessment which, pursuant to the budget, would be levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any special assessments, and which shall further identify the basis upon which assessments are levied, whether monthly, quarterly, or otherwise; shall state and identify any court cases in which the association is currently a party of record in which the association may face liability in excess of \$100,000; and which shall further state whether membership in a recreational facilities association is mandatory, and if so, shall identify the fees currently charged per unit type. The division shall by rule require such other disclosure as in its judgment will assist prospective purchasers. The prospectus or offering circular may include more than one condominium, although not all such units are being offered for sale as of the date of the prospectus or offering circular. The prospectus or offering circular must contain the following information:

- (1) The front cover or the first page must contain only:
- (a) The name of the condominium.

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- (b) The following statements in conspicuous type:
- 1. THIS PROSPECTUS (OFFERING CIRCULAR) CONTAINS IMPORTANT MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED IN ACQUIRING A CONDOMINIUM UNIT.
- 2. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE ONLY SUMMARY IN NATURE. A PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD REFER TO ALL REFERENCES, ALL EXHIBITS HERETO, THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, AND SALES MATERIALS.
- 3. ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER. REFER TO THIS

Page 57 of 131

1596 PROSPECTUS (OFFERING CIRCULAR) AND ITS EXHIBITS FOR CORRECT 1597 REPRESENTATIONS.

- (2) Summary: The next page must contain all statements required to be in conspicuous type in the prospectus or offering circular.
- (3) A separate index of the contents and exhibits of the prospectus.
- (4) Beginning on the first page of the text (not including the summary and index), a description of the condominium, including, but not limited to, the following information:
 - (a) Its name and location.

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- (b) A description of the condominium property, including, without limitation:
- 1. The number of buildings, the number of units in each building, the number of bathrooms and bedrooms in each unit, and the total number of units, if the condominium is not a phase condominium, or the maximum number of buildings that may be contained within the condominium, the minimum and maximum numbers of units in each building, the minimum and maximum numbers of bathrooms and bedrooms that may be contained in each unit, and the maximum number of units that may be contained within the condominium, if the condominium is a phase condominium.
- 2. The page in the condominium documents where a copy of the plot plan and survey of the condominium is located.
- 3. The estimated latest date of completion of constructing, finishing, and equipping. In lieu of a date, the description shall include a statement that the estimated date of

Page 58 of 131

completion of the condominium is in the purchase agreement and a reference to the article or paragraph containing that information.

- (c) The maximum number of units that will use facilities in common with the condominium. If the maximum number of units will vary, a description of the basis for variation and the minimum amount of dollars per unit to be spent for additional recreational facilities or enlargement of such facilities. If the addition or enlargement of facilities will result in a material increase of a unit owner's maintenance expense or rental expense, if any, the maximum increase and limitations thereon shall be stated.
- (5)(a) A statement in conspicuous type describing whether the condominium is created and being sold as fee simple interests or as leasehold interests. If the condominium is created or being sold on a leasehold, the location of the lease in the disclosure materials shall be stated.
- (b) If timeshare estates are or may be created with respect to any unit in the condominium, a statement in conspicuous type stating that timeshare estates are created and being sold in units in the condominium.
- (6) A description of the recreational and other commonly used facilities that will be used only by unit owners of the condominium, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Each room and its intended purposes, location, approximate floor area, and capacity in numbers of people.
- (b) Each swimming pool, as to its general location, approximate size and depths, approximate deck size and capacity,

Page 59 of 131

1652 and whether heated.

(c) Additional facilities, as to the number of each facility, its approximate location, approximate size, and approximate capacity.

- (d) A general description of the items of personal property and the approximate number of each item of personal property that the developer is committing to furnish for each room or other facility or, in the alternative, a representation as to the minimum amount of expenditure that will be made to purchase the personal property for the facility.
- (e) The estimated date when each room or other facility will be available for use by the unit owners.
- (f)1. An identification of each room or other facility to be used by unit owners that will not be owned by the unit owners or the association;
- 2. A reference to the location in the disclosure materials of the lease or other agreements providing for the use of those facilities; and
- 3. A description of the terms of the lease or other agreements, including the length of the term; the rent payable, directly or indirectly, by each unit owner, and the total rent payable to the lessor, stated in monthly and annual amounts for the entire term of the lease; and a description of any option to purchase the property leased under any such lease, including the time the option may be exercised, the purchase price or how it is to be determined, the manner of payment, and whether the option may be exercised for a unit owner's share or only as to the entire leased property.

Page 60 of 131

(g) A statement as to whether the developer may provide additional facilities not described above; their general locations and types; improvements or changes that may be made; the approximate dollar amount to be expended; and the maximum additional common expense or cost to the individual unit owners that may be charged during the first annual period of operation of the modified or added facilities.

- Descriptions as to locations, areas, capacities, numbers, volumes, or sizes may be stated as approximations or minimums.
- (7) A description of the recreational and other facilities that will be used in common with other condominiums, community associations, or planned developments which require the payment of the maintenance and expenses of such facilities, either directly or indirectly, by the unit owners. The description shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) Each building and facility committed to be built.
 - (b) Facilities not committed to be built except under certain conditions, and a statement of those conditions or contingencies.
 - (c) As to each facility committed to be built, or which will be committed to be built upon the happening of one of the conditions in paragraph (b), a statement of whether it will be owned by the unit owners having the use thereof or by an association or other entity which will be controlled by them, or others, and the location in the exhibits of the lease or other document providing for use of those facilities.
 - (d) The year in which each facility will be available for

Page 61 of 131

use by the unit owners or, in the alternative, the maximum number of unit owners in the project at the time each of all of the facilities is committed to be completed.

- (e) A general description of the items of personal property, and the approximate number of each item of personal property, that the developer is committing to furnish for each room or other facility or, in the alternative, a representation as to the minimum amount of expenditure that will be made to purchase the personal property for the facility.
- (f) If there are leases, a description thereof, including the length of the term, the rent payable, and a description of any option to purchase.

Descriptions shall include location, areas, capacities, numbers, volumes, or sizes and may be stated as approximations or minimums.

- (8) Recreation lease or associated club membership:
- (a) If any recreational facilities or other facilities offered by the developer and available to, or to be used by, unit owners are to be leased or have club membership associated, the following statement in conspicuous type shall be included: THERE IS A RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS CONDOMINIUM; or, THERE IS A CLUB MEMBERSHIP ASSOCIATED WITH THIS CONDOMINIUM. There shall be a reference to the location in the disclosure materials where the recreation lease or club membership is described in detail.
- (b) If it is mandatory that unit owners pay a fee, rent, dues, or other charges under a recreational facilities lease or

Page 62 of 131

club membership for the use of facilities, there shall be in conspicuous type the applicable statement:

1. MEMBERSHIP IN THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES CLUB IS MANDATORY FOR UNIT OWNERS; or

- 2. UNIT OWNERS ARE REQUIRED, AS A CONDITION OF OWNERSHIP,
 TO BE LESSEES UNDER THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE; or
- 3. UNIT OWNERS ARE REQUIRED TO PAY THEIR SHARE OF THE COSTS AND EXPENSES OF MAINTENANCE, MANAGEMENT, UPKEEP, REPLACEMENT, RENT, AND FEES UNDER THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE (OR THE OTHER INSTRUMENTS PROVIDING THE FACILITIES); or
- 4. A similar statement of the nature of the organization or the manner in which the use rights are created, and that unit owners are required to pay.

Immediately following the applicable statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the development is described in detail shall be stated.

- (c) If the developer, or any other person other than the unit owners and other persons having use rights in the facilities, reserves, or is entitled to receive, any rent, fee, or other payment for the use of the facilities, then there shall be the following statement in conspicuous type: THE UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION(S) MUST PAY RENT OR LAND USE FEES FOR RECREATIONAL OR OTHER COMMONLY USED FACILITIES. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the rent or land use fees are described in detail shall be stated.
 - (d) If, in any recreation format, whether leasehold, club,

Page 63 of 131

or other, any person other than the association has the right to a lien on the units to secure the payment of assessments, rent, or other exactions, there shall appear a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

1. THERE IS A LIEN OR LIEN RIGHT AGAINST EACH UNIT TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF RENT AND OTHER EXACTIONS UNDER THE RECREATION LEASE. THE UNIT OWNER'S FAILURE TO MAKE THESE PAYMENTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN; or

2. THERE IS A LIEN OR LIEN RIGHT AGAINST EACH UNIT TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS OR OTHER EXACTIONS COMING DUE FOR THE USE, MAINTENANCE, UPKEEP, OR REPAIR OF THE RECREATIONAL OR COMMONLY USED FACILITIES. THE UNIT OWNER'S FAILURE TO MAKE THESE PAYMENTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN.

Immediately following the applicable statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the lien or lien right is described in detail shall be stated.

- (9) If the developer or any other person has the right to increase or add to the recreational facilities at any time after the establishment of the condominium whose unit owners have use rights therein, without the consent of the unit owners or associations being required, there shall appear a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

 RECREATIONAL FACILITIES MAY BE EXPANDED OR ADDED WITHOUT CONSENT OF UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION(S). Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where such reserved rights are described shall be stated.
 - (10) A statement of whether the developer's plan includes $Page \; 64 \; of \; 131$

a program of leasing units rather than selling them, or leasing units and selling them subject to such leases. If so, there shall be a description of the plan, including the number and identification of the units and the provisions and term of the proposed leases, and a statement in boldfaced type that: THE UNITS MAY BE TRANSFERRED SUBJECT TO A LEASE.

- (11) The arrangements for management of the association and maintenance and operation of the condominium property and of other property that will serve the unit owners of the condominium property, and a description of the management contract and all other contracts for these purposes having a term in excess of 1 year, including the following:
 - (a) The names of contracting parties.
 - (b) The term of the contract.

- (c) The nature of the services included.
- (d) The compensation, stated on a monthly and annual basis, and provisions for increases in the compensation.
- (e) A reference to the volumes and pages of the condominium documents and of the exhibits containing copies of such contracts.

Copies of all described contracts shall be attached as exhibits. If there is a contract for the management of the condominium property, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall appear, identifying the proposed or existing contract manager: THERE IS (IS TO BE) A CONTRACT FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY WITH (NAME OF THE CONTRACT MANAGER). Immediately following this statement, the

Page 65 of 131

location in the disclosure materials of the contract for management of the condominium property shall be stated.

- (12) If the developer or any other person or persons other than the unit owners has the right to retain control of the board of administration of the association for a period of time which can exceed 1 year after the closing of the sale of a majority of the units in that condominium to persons other than successors or alternate developers, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: THE DEVELOPER (OR OTHER PERSON) HAS THE RIGHT TO RETAIN CONTROL OF THE ASSOCIATION AFTER A MAJORITY OF THE UNITS HAVE BEEN SOLD. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where this right to control is described in detail shall be stated.
- (13) If there are any restrictions upon the sale, transfer, conveyance, or leasing of a unit, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: THE SALE, LEASE, OR TRANSFER OF UNITS IS RESTRICTED OR CONTROLLED. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the restriction, limitation, or control on the sale, lease, or transfer of units is described in detail shall be stated.
- (14) If the condominium is part of a phase project, the following information shall be stated:
- (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: THIS IS A PHASE CONDOMINIUM. ADDITIONAL LAND AND UNITS MAY BE ADDED TO THIS CONDOMINIUM. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where

Page 66 of 131

the phasing is described shall be stated.

(b) A summary of the provisions of the declaration which provide for the phasing.

- (c) A statement as to whether or not residential buildings and units which are added to the condominium may be substantially different from the residential buildings and units originally in the condominium. If the added residential buildings and units may be substantially different, there shall be a general description of the extent to which such added residential buildings and units may differ, and a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: BUILDINGS AND UNITS WHICH ARE ADDED TO THE CONDOMINIUM MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE OTHER BUILDINGS AND UNITS IN THE CONDOMINIUM. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the extent to which added residential buildings and units may substantially differ is described shall be stated.
- (d) A statement of the maximum number of buildings containing units, the maximum and minimum numbers of units in each building, the maximum number of units, and the minimum and maximum square footage of the units that may be contained within each parcel of land which may be added to the condominium.
- (15) If a condominium created on or after July 1, 2000, is or may become part of a multicondominium, the following information must be provided:
- (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form: THIS CONDOMINIUM IS (MAY BE) PART OF A MULTICONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH OTHER CONDOMINIUMS WILL

Page 67 of 131

(MAY) BE OPERATED BY THE SAME ASSOCIATION. Immediately following this statement, the location in the prospectus or offering circular and its exhibits where the multicondominium aspects of the offering are described must be stated.

- (b) A summary of the provisions in the declaration, articles of incorporation, and bylaws which establish and provide for the operation of the multicondominium, including a statement as to whether unit owners in the condominium will have the right to use recreational or other facilities located or planned to be located in other condominiums operated by the same association, and the manner of sharing the common expenses related to such facilities.
- (c) A statement of the minimum and maximum number of condominiums, and the minimum and maximum number of units in each of those condominiums, which will or may be operated by the association, and the latest date by which the exact number will be finally determined.
- (d) A statement as to whether any of the condominiums in the multicondominium may include units intended to be used for nonresidential purposes and the purpose or purposes permitted for such use.
- (e) A general description of the location and approximate acreage of any land on which any additional condominiums to be operated by the association may be located.
- (16) If the condominium is created by conversion of existing improvements, the following information shall be stated:
 - (a) The information required by s. 718.616.

Page 68 of 131

(b) A caveat that there are no express warranties unless they are stated in writing by the developer.

- (17) A summary of the restrictions, if any, to be imposed on units concerning the use of any of the condominium property, including statements as to whether there are restrictions upon children and pets, and reference to the volumes and pages of the condominium documents where such restrictions are found, or if such restrictions are contained elsewhere, then a copy of the documents containing the restrictions shall be attached as an exhibit.
- (18) If there is any land that is offered by the developer for use by the unit owners and that is neither owned by them nor leased to them, the association, or any entity controlled by unit owners and other persons having the use rights to such land, a statement shall be made as to how such land will serve the condominium. If any part of such land will serve the condominium, the statement shall describe the land and the nature and term of service, and the declaration or other instrument creating such servitude shall be included as an exhibit.
- (19) The manner in which utility and other services, including, but not limited to, sewage and waste disposal, water supply, and storm drainage, will be provided and the person or entity furnishing them.
- (20) An explanation of the manner in which the apportionment of common expenses and ownership of the common elements has been determined.
 - (21) An estimated operating budget for the condominium and

Page 69 of 131

the association, and a schedule of the unit owner's expenses shall be attached as an exhibit and shall contain the following information:

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- (a) The estimated monthly and annual expenses of the condominium and the association that are collected from unit owners by assessments.
- The estimated monthly and annual expenses of each unit owner for a unit, other than common expenses paid by all unit owners, payable by the unit owner to persons or entities other than the association, as well as to the association, including fees assessed pursuant to s. 718.113(1) for maintenance of limited common elements where such costs are shared only by those entitled to use the limited common element, and the total estimated monthly and annual expense. There may be excluded from this estimate expenses which are not provided for or contemplated by the condominium documents, including, but not limited to, the costs of private telephone; maintenance of the interior of condominium units, which is not the obligation of the association; maid or janitorial services privately contracted for by the unit owners; utility bills billed directly to each unit owner for utility services to his or her unit; insurance premiums other than those incurred for policies obtained by the condominium; and similar personal expenses of the unit owner. A unit owner's estimated payments for assessments shall also be stated in the estimated amounts for the times when they will be due.
- (c) The estimated items of expenses of the condominium and the association, except as excluded under paragraph (b),

Page 70 of 131

including, but not limited to, the following items, which shall be stated either as an association expense collectible by assessments or as unit owners' expenses payable to persons other than the association:

- 1. Expenses for the association and condominium:
- 1965 a. Administration of the association.
- 1966 b. Management fees.
- 1967 c. Maintenance.

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- d. Rent for recreational and other commonly used facilities.
- 1970 e. Taxes upon association property.
- 1971 f. Taxes upon leased areas.
- 1972 q. Insurance.
- 1973 h. Security provisions.
- i. Other expenses.
- 1975 j. Operating capital.
- 1976 k. Reserves.
- 1977 l. Fees payable to the division.
- 1978 2. Expenses for a unit owner:
- 1979 a. Rent for the unit, if subject to a lease.
- b. Rent payable by the unit owner directly to the lessor or agent under any recreational lease or lease for the use of commonly used facilities, which use and payment is a mandatory condition of ownership and is not included in the common expense or assessments for common maintenance paid by the unit owners to the association.
- 1986 (d) The following statement in conspicuous type: THE
 1987 BUDGET CONTAINED IN THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR HAS BEEN PREPARED IN

Page 71 of 131

ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONDOMINIUM ACT AND IS A GOOD FAITH ESTIMATE ONLY AND REPRESENTS AN APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF ITS PREPARATION. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE OFFERING.

- (e) Each budget for an association prepared by a developer consistent with this subsection shall be prepared in good faith and shall reflect accurate estimated amounts for the required items in paragraph (c) at the time of the filing of the offering circular with the division, and subsequent increased amounts of any item included in the association's estimated budget that are beyond the control of the developer shall not be considered an amendment that would give rise to rescission rights set forth in s. 718.503(1)(a) or (b), nor shall such increases modify, void, or otherwise affect any guarantee of the developer contained in the offering circular or any purchase contract. It is the intent of this paragraph to clarify existing law.
- (f) The estimated amounts shall be stated for a period of at least 12 months and may distinguish between the period prior to the time unit owners other than the developer elect a majority of the board of administration and the period after that date.
- (22) A schedule of estimated closing expenses to be paid by a buyer or lessee of a unit and a statement of whether title opinion or title insurance policy is available to the buyer and, if so, at whose expense.
 - (23) The identity of the developer and the chief operating Page 72 of 131 $\,$

officer or principal directing the creation and sale of the condominium and a statement of its and his or her experience in this field.

- (24) Copies of the following, to the extent they are applicable, shall be included as exhibits:
- (a) The declaration of condominium, or the proposed declaration if the declaration has not been recorded.
- (b) The articles of incorporation creating the association.
 - (c) The bylaws of the association.

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- (d) The ground lease or other underlying lease of the condominium.
- (e) The management agreement and all maintenance and other contracts for management of the association and operation of the condominium and facilities used by the unit owners having a service term in excess of 1 year.
- (f) The estimated operating budget for the condominium and the required schedule of unit owners' expenses.
- (g) A copy of the floor plan of the unit and the plot plan showing the location of the residential buildings and the recreation and other common areas.
- (h) The lease of recreational and other facilities that will be used only by unit owners of the subject condominium.
 - (i) The lease of facilities used by owners and others.
- (j) The form of unit lease, if the offer is of a leasehold.
- (k) A declaration of servitude of properties serving the condominium but not owned by unit owners or leased to them or

Page 73 of 131

2044 the association.

(1) The statement of condition of the existing building or buildings, if the offering is of units in an operation being converted to condominium ownership.

- (m) The statement of inspection for termite damage and treatment of the existing improvements, if the condominium is a conversion.
 - (n) The form of agreement for sale or lease of units.
- (o) A copy of the agreement for escrow of payments made to the developer prior to closing.
- (p) A copy of the documents containing any restrictions on use of the property required by subsection (17).
- (25) Any prospectus or offering circular complying, prior to the effective date of this act, with the provisions of former ss. 711.69 and 711.802 may continue to be used without amendment or may be amended to comply with the provisions of this chapter.
- (26) A brief narrative description of the location and effect of all existing and intended easements located or to be located on the condominium property other than those described in the declaration.
- (27) If the developer is required by state or local authorities to obtain acceptance or approval of any dock or marina facilities intended to serve the condominium, a copy of any such acceptance or approval acquired by the time of filing with the division under s. 718.502(1) or a statement that such acceptance or approval has not been acquired or received.

(28) Evidence demonstrating that the developer has an ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon which the condominium is to be developed.

Section 43. Section 718.508, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.508 Regulation by Division of Hotels and Restaurants.--In addition to the authority, regulation, or control exercised by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes pursuant to this act with respect to condominiums, buildings included in a condominium property are shall be subject to the authority, regulation, or control of the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, to the extent provided for in chapter 399.

Section 44. Section 718.509, Florida Statutes, is amended, to read:

718.509 Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.--

- (1) There is created within the State Treasury the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund to be used for the administration and operation of this chapter and chapters 718, 719, 721, and 723 by the division.
- (2) All moneys collected by the division from fees, fines, or penalties or from costs awarded to the division by a court or administrative final order shall be paid into the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.

 The Legislature shall appropriate funds from the trust fund

Page 75 of 131

sufficient to carry out the provisions of this chapter and the
provisions of law with respect to each category of business
covered by the trust fund. The division shall maintain separate
revenue accounts in the trust fund for each business regulated
by the division. The division shall provide for the
proportionate allocation among the accounts of expenses incurred
by the division in the performance of its duties with respect to
each business. As part of its normal budgetary process, the
division shall prepare an annual report of revenues and
allocated expenses related to the operation of each business
which may be used to determine fees charged by the division.
This subsection shall operate pursuant to s. 215.20. All funds
collected by the division and any amount paid for a fee or
penalty under this chapter shall be deposited in the State
Treasury to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales,
Condominiums, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund created by s. 498.019.
Section 45. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
718.608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
718.608 Notice of intended conversion; time of delivery;
content
(2)(a) Each notice of intended conversion shall be dated
and in writing. The notice shall contain the following
statement, with the phrases of the following statement which
appear in upper case printed in conspicuous type:
These apartments are being converted to condominium by

1. YOU MAY REMAIN AS A RESIDENT UNTIL THE EXPIRATION OF

Page 76 of 131

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(name of developer) , the developer.

YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT. FURTHER, YOU MAY EXTEND YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT AS FOLLOWS:

- a. If you have continuously been a resident of these apartments during the last 180 days and your rental agreement expires during the next 270 days, you may extend your rental agreement for up to 270 days after the date of this notice.
- b. If you have not been a continuous resident of these apartments for the last 180 days and your rental agreement expires during the next 180 days, you may extend your rental agreement for up to 180 days after the date of this notice.
- C. IN ORDER FOR YOU TO EXTEND YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT, YOU MUST GIVE THE DEVELOPER WRITTEN NOTICE WITHIN 45 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE.
- 2. IF YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT EXPIRES IN THE NEXT 45 DAYS, you may extend your rental agreement for up to 45 days after the date of this notice while you decide whether to extend your rental agreement as explained above. To do so, you must notify the developer in writing. You will then have the full 45 days to decide whether to extend your rental agreement as explained above.
- 3. During the extension of your rental agreement you will be charged the same rent that you are now paying.
- 4. YOU MAY CANCEL YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT AND ANY EXTENSION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT AS FOLLOWS:
- a. If your rental agreement began or was extended or renewed after May 1, 1980, and your rental agreement, including extensions and renewals, has an unexpired term of 180 days or less, you may cancel your rental agreement upon 30 days' written

Page 77 of 131

notice and move. Also, upon 30 days' written notice, you may cancel any extension of the rental agreement.

- b. If your rental agreement was not begun or was not extended or renewed after May 1, 1980, you may not cancel the rental agreement without the consent of the developer. If your rental agreement, including extensions and renewals, has an unexpired term of 180 days or less, you may, however, upon 30 days' written notice cancel any extension of the rental agreement.
- 5. All notices must be given in writing and sent by mail, return receipt requested, or delivered in person to the developer at this address: (name and address of developer) .
- 6. If you have continuously been a resident of these apartments during the last 180 days:
- a. You have the right to purchase your apartment and will have 45 days to decide whether to purchase. If you do not buy the unit at that price and the unit is later offered at a lower price, you will have the opportunity to buy the unit at the lower price. However, in all events your right to purchase the unit ends when the rental agreement or any extension of the rental agreement ends or when you waive this right in writing.
- b. Within 90 days you will be provided purchase information relating to your apartment, including the price of your unit and the condition of the building. If you do not receive this information within 90 days, your rental agreement and any extension will be extended 1 day for each day over 90 days until you are given the purchase information. If you do not want this rental agreement extension, you must notify the

Page 78 of 131

2182 developer in writing.

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- 7. If you have any questions regarding this conversion or the Condominium Act, you may contact the developer or the state agency which regulates condominiums: The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes, (Tallahassee address and telephone number of division) .
- Section 46. Subsection (17) of section 719.103, Florida 2189 Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2190 719.103 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:
- 2191 (17) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales,
 2192 Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes of the Department of
 2193 Business and Professional Regulation.
- 2194 Section 47. Section 719.1255, Florida Statutes, is amended 2195 to read:
 - 719.1255 Alternative resolution of disputes.--The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall provide for alternative dispute resolution in accordance with s. 718.1255.
 - Section 48. Section 719.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 719.501 Powers and duties of Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes.--
 - (1) The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, $\underline{\text{Timeshares}}$, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, in addition to other powers and duties prescribed by chapter $\underline{718}$ $\underline{498}$, has the power to enforce and ensure compliance

Page 79 of 131

with the provisions of this chapter and adopted rules promulgated pursuant hereto relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management of residential cooperative units. In performing its duties, the division shall have the following powers and duties:

- (a) The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms hereunder.
- (b) The division may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated.
- (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this chapter, the division director or any officer or employee designated by the division director may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation, including the existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of material evidence. Upon failure by a person to obey a subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating officer and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the division may apply to the circuit court for an order compelling

Page 80 of 131

2238 compliance.

(d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule promulgated pursuant hereto has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against a developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, as follows:

- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such affirmative action may include, but is not limited to, an order requiring a developer to pay moneys determined to be owed to a condominium association.
- 3. The division may bring an action in circuit court on behalf of a class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.
- 4. The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer or association, or its assignees or agents, for any violation of this chapter or related a rule promulgated pursuant hereto. The division may impose a civil penalty individually

Page 81 of 131

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against any officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of this chapter, a rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, or a final order of the division. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or board member that his or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division, and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. The division, prior to initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, shall afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply with this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. An officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no event shall the penalty for any offense exceed \$5,000. By January 1, 1998, the division shall adopt, by rule, penalty guidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The guidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, the repetition of the violation, and upon such other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer or owner-controlled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The quidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances

Page 82 of 131

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that justify a departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the cooperative residents or other persons and that such quidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability of the division to informally dispose of administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a developer fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such developer cease and desist from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order shall not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.

(e) The division <u>may</u> is authorized to prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of residential cooperatives in assessing the rights, privileges,

Page 83 of 131

2322 and duties pertaining thereto.

(f) The division has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter.

- (g) The division shall establish procedures for providing notice to an association when the division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the cooperative documents governing such cooperative community.
- (h) The division shall furnish each association which pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this act, subsequent changes to this act on an annual basis, an amended version of this act as it becomes available from the Secretary of State's office on a biennial basis, and the rules adopted promulgated pursuant thereto on an annual basis.
- (i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal opinions relating to the operations of cooperatives which were rendered by the division during the previous year.
- (j) The division shall adopt uniform accounting principles, policies, and standards to be used by all associations in the preparation and presentation of all financial statements required by this chapter. The principles, policies, and standards shall take into consideration the size of the association and the total revenue collected by the association.
- (k) The division shall provide training programs for cooperative association board members and unit owners.
 - (1) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone

Page 84 of 131

number accessible to cooperative unit owners.

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- When a complaint is made to the division, the division shall conduct its inquiry with reasonable dispatch and with due regard to the interests of the affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information is needed by the division from the complainant. The division shall conduct its investigation and shall, within 90 days after receipt of the original complaint or timely requested additional information, take action upon the complaint. However, the failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does not prevent the division from continuing the investigation, accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule of the division has occurred. If an investigation is not completed within the time limits established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a monthly basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status of the investigation. When reporting its action to the complainant, the division shall inform the complainant of any right to a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57.
- (n) The division shall develop a program to certify both volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of cooperative disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other participant in arbitration proceedings under s. 718.1255

Page 85 of 131

requesting a copy of the list. The division shall include on the list of voluntary mediators only persons who have received at least 20 hours of training in mediation techniques or have mediated at least 20 disputes. In order to become initially certified by the division, paid mediators must be certified by the Supreme Court to mediate court cases in either county or circuit courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, additional factors for the certification of paid mediators, which factors must be related to experience, education, or background. Any person initially certified as a paid mediator by the division must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the factors or requirements imposed by rules adopted by the division.

- (2)(a) Each cooperative association shall pay to the division, on or before January 1 of each year, an annual fee in the amount of \$4 for each residential unit in cooperatives operated by the association. If the fee is not paid by March 1, then the association shall be assessed a penalty of 10 percent of the amount due, and the association shall not have the standing to maintain or defend any action in the courts of this state until the amount due is paid.
- (b) All fees shall be deposited in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares,</u> and Mobile Homes Trust Fund as provided by law.
- Section 49. Section 719.501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 719.501 Powers and duties of Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes.--

Page 86 of 131

(1) The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, referred to as the "division" in this part, in addition to other powers and duties prescribed by chapter 718 498, has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of this chapter and adopted rules promulgated pursuant hereto relating to the development, construction, sale, lease, ownership, operation, and management of residential cooperative units. In performing its duties, the division shall have the following powers and duties:

- (a) The division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated this chapter or any rule or order hereunder, to aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or to aid in the adoption of rules or forms hereunder.
- (b) The division may require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise, as the division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated.
- (c) For the purpose of any investigation under this chapter, the division director or any officer or employee designated by the division director may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation, including the existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any

Page 87 of 131

other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of material evidence. Upon failure by a person to obey a subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating officer and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby, the division may apply to the circuit court for an order compelling compliance.

- (d) Notwithstanding any remedies available to unit owners and associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related rule promulgated pursuant hereto has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against a developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, as follows:
- 1. The division may permit a person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby orders, rules, or letters of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against the person.
- 2. The division may issue an order requiring the developer, association, officer, or member of the board, or its assignees or agents, to cease and desist from the unlawful practice and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter. Such affirmative action may include, but is not limited to, an order requiring a developer to pay moneys determined to be owed to a condominium association.
- 3. The division may bring an action in circuit court on behalf of a class of unit owners, lessees, or purchasers for

Page 88 of 131

declaratory relief, injunctive relief, or restitution.

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The division may impose a civil penalty against a developer or association, or its assignees or agents, for any violation of this chapter or related a rule promulgated pursuant hereto. The division may impose a civil penalty individually against any officer or board member who willfully and knowingly violates a provision of this chapter, a rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, or a final order of the division. The term "willfully and knowingly" means that the division informed the officer or board member that his or her action or intended action violates this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division, and that the officer or board member refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. The division, prior to initiating formal agency action under chapter 120, shall afford the officer or board member an opportunity to voluntarily comply with this chapter, a rule adopted under this chapter, or a final order of the division. An officer or board member who complies within 10 days is not subject to a civil penalty. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no event shall the penalty for any offense exceed \$5,000. By January 1, 1998, the division shall adopt, by rule, penalty guidelines applicable to possible violations or to categories of violations of this chapter or rules adopted by the division. The guidelines must specify a meaningful range of civil penalties for each such violation of the statute and rules and must be based upon the harm caused by the violation, the repetition of the violation,

Page 89 of 131

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and upon such other factors deemed relevant by the division. For example, the division may consider whether the violations were committed by a developer or owner-controlled association, the size of the association, and other factors. The quidelines must designate the possible mitigating or aggravating circumstances that justify a departure from the range of penalties provided by the rules. It is the legislative intent that minor violations be distinguished from those which endanger the health, safety, or welfare of the cooperative residents or other persons and that such guidelines provide reasonable and meaningful notice to the public of likely penalties that may be imposed for proscribed conduct. This subsection does not limit the ability of the division to informally dispose of administrative actions or complaints by stipulation, agreed settlement, or consent order. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund. If a developer fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such developer cease and desist from further operation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If an association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order shall not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the

Page 90 of 131

county where the violation occurred.

- (e) The division <u>may</u> is authorized to prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective owners, purchasers, lessees, and developers of residential cooperatives in assessing the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.
- (f) The division has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- (g) The division shall establish procedures for providing notice to an association when the division is considering the issuance of a declaratory statement with respect to the cooperative documents governing such cooperative community.
- (h) The division shall furnish each association which pays the fees required by paragraph (2)(a) a copy of this act, subsequent changes to this act on an annual basis, an amended version of this act as it becomes available from the Secretary of State's office on a biennial basis, and the rules adopted promulgated pursuant thereto on an annual basis.
- (i) The division shall annually provide each association with a summary of declaratory statements and formal legal opinions relating to the operations of cooperatives which were rendered by the division during the previous year.
- (j) The division shall adopt uniform accounting principles, policies, and standards to be used by all associations in the preparation and presentation of all financial statements required by this chapter. The principles, policies, and standards shall take into consideration the size

Page 91 of 131

of the association and the total revenue collected by the association.

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- (k) The division shall provide training programs for cooperative association board members and unit owners.
- (1) The division shall maintain a toll-free telephone number accessible to cooperative unit owners.
- When a complaint is made to the division, the division shall conduct its inquiry with reasonable dispatch and with due regard to the interests of the affected parties. Within 30 days after receipt of a complaint, the division shall acknowledge the complaint in writing and notify the complainant whether the complaint is within the jurisdiction of the division and whether additional information is needed by the division from the complainant. The division shall conduct its investigation and shall, within 90 days after receipt of the original complaint or timely requested additional information, take action upon the complaint. However, the failure to complete the investigation within 90 days does not prevent the division from continuing the investigation, accepting or considering evidence obtained or received after 90 days, or taking administrative action if reasonable cause exists to believe that a violation of this chapter or a rule of the division has occurred. If an investigation is not completed within the time limits established in this paragraph, the division shall, on a monthly basis, notify the complainant in writing of the status of the investigation. When reporting its action to the complainant, the division shall inform the complainant of any right to a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57.

Page 92 of 131

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The division shall develop a program to certify both volunteer and paid mediators to provide mediation of cooperative disputes. The division shall provide, upon request, a list of such mediators to any association, unit owner, or other participant in arbitration proceedings under s. 718.1255 requesting a copy of the list. The division shall include on the list of voluntary mediators only persons who have received at least 20 hours of training in mediation techniques or have mediated at least 20 disputes. In order to become initially certified by the division, paid mediators must be certified by the Supreme Court to mediate court cases in either county or circuit courts. However, the division may adopt, by rule, additional factors for the certification of paid mediators, which factors must be related to experience, education, or background. Any person initially certified as a paid mediator by the division must, in order to continue to be certified, comply with the factors or requirements imposed by rules adopted by the division.

(2)(a) Each cooperative association shall pay to the division, on or before January 1 of each year, an annual fee in the amount of \$4 for each residential unit in cooperatives operated by the association. If the fee is not paid by March 1, then the association shall be assessed a penalty of 10 percent of the amount due, and the association shall not have the standing to maintain or defend any action in the courts of this state until the amount due is paid.

(b) All fees shall be deposited in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund as provided by law.

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Section 50. Section 719.504, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Prospectus or offering circular. -- Every developer 719.504 of a residential cooperative which contains more than 20 residential units, or which is part of a group of residential cooperatives which will be served by property to be used in common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall prepare a prospectus or offering circular and file it with the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes prior to entering into an enforceable contract of purchase and sale of any unit or lease of a unit for more than 5 years and shall furnish a copy of the prospectus or offering circular to each buyer. In addition to the prospectus or offering circular, each buyer shall be furnished a separate page entitled "Frequently Asked Questions and Answers," which must be in accordance with a format approved by the division. This page must, in readable language: inform prospective purchasers regarding their voting rights and unit use restrictions, including restrictions on the leasing of a unit; indicate whether and in what amount the unit owners or the association is obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or other commonly used facilities; contain a statement identifying that amount of assessment which, pursuant to the budget, would be levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any special assessments, and which identifies the basis upon which

Page 94 of 131

assessments are levied, whether monthly, quarterly, or otherwise; state and identify any court cases in which the association is currently a party of record in which the association may face liability in excess of \$100,000; and state whether membership in a recreational facilities association is mandatory and, if so, identify the fees currently charged per unit type. The division shall by rule require such other disclosure as in its judgment will assist prospective purchasers. The prospectus or offering circular may include more than one cooperative, although not all such units are being offered for sale as of the date of the prospectus or offering circular. The prospectus or offering circular must contain the following information:

- (1) The front cover or the first page must contain only:
- (a) The name of the cooperative.

- (b) The following statements in conspicuous type:
- 1. THIS PROSPECTUS (OFFERING CIRCULAR) CONTAINS IMPORTANT MATTERS TO BE CONSIDERED IN ACQUIRING A COOPERATIVE UNIT.
- 2. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE ONLY SUMMARY IN NATURE. A PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER SHOULD REFER TO ALL REFERENCES, ALL EXHIBITS HERETO, THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, AND SALES MATERIALS.
- 3. ORAL REPRESENTATIONS CANNOT BE RELIED UPON AS CORRECTLY STATING THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE DEVELOPER. REFER TO THIS PROSPECTUS (OFFERING CIRCULAR) AND ITS EXHIBITS FOR CORRECT REPRESENTATIONS.
- (2) Summary: The next page must contain all statements required to be in conspicuous type in the prospectus or offering

Page 95 of 131

2656 circular.

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(3) A separate index of the contents and exhibits of the prospectus.

- (4) Beginning on the first page of the text (not including the summary and index), a description of the cooperative, including, but not limited to, the following information:
 - (a) Its name and location.
- (b) A description of the cooperative property, including, without limitation:
- 1. The number of buildings, the number of units in each building, the number of bathrooms and bedrooms in each unit, and the total number of units, if the cooperative is not a phase cooperative; or, if the cooperative is a phase cooperative, the maximum number of buildings that may be contained within the cooperative, the minimum and maximum number of units in each building, the minimum and maximum number of bathrooms and bedrooms that may be contained in each unit, and the maximum number of units that may be contained within the cooperative.
- 2. The page in the cooperative documents where a copy of the survey and plot plan of the cooperative is located.
- 3. The estimated latest date of completion of constructing, finishing, and equipping. In lieu of a date, a statement that the estimated date of completion of the cooperative is in the purchase agreement and a reference to the article or paragraph containing that information.
- (c) The maximum number of units that will use facilities in common with the cooperative. If the maximum number of units will vary, a description of the basis for variation and the

Page 96 of 131

minimum amount of dollars per unit to be spent for additional recreational facilities or enlargement of such facilities. If the addition or enlargement of facilities will result in a material increase of a unit owner's maintenance expense or rental expense, if any, the maximum increase and limitations thereon shall be stated.

- (5)(a) A statement in conspicuous type describing whether the cooperative is created and being sold as fee simple interests or as leasehold interests. If the cooperative is created or being sold on a leasehold, the location of the lease in the disclosure materials shall be stated.
- (b) If timeshare estates are or may be created with respect to any unit in the cooperative, a statement in conspicuous type stating that timeshare estates are created and being sold in such specified units in the cooperative.
- (6) A description of the recreational and other common areas that will be used only by unit owners of the cooperative, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Each room and its intended purposes, location, approximate floor area, and capacity in numbers of people.
- (b) Each swimming pool, as to its general location, approximate size and depths, approximate deck size and capacity, and whether heated.
- (c) Additional facilities, as to the number of each facility, its approximate location, approximate size, and approximate capacity.
- (d) A general description of the items of personal property and the approximate number of each item of personal

Page 97 of 131

property that the developer is committing to furnish for each room or other facility or, in the alternative, a representation as to the minimum amount of expenditure that will be made to purchase the personal property for the facility.

- (e) The estimated date when each room or other facility will be available for use by the unit owners.
- (f)1. An identification of each room or other facility to be used by unit owners that will not be owned by the unit owners or the association;
- 2. A reference to the location in the disclosure materials of the lease or other agreements providing for the use of those facilities; and
- 3. A description of the terms of the lease or other agreements, including the length of the term; the rent payable, directly or indirectly, by each unit owner, and the total rent payable to the lessor, stated in monthly and annual amounts for the entire term of the lease; and a description of any option to purchase the property leased under any such lease, including the time the option may be exercised, the purchase price or how it is to be determined, the manner of payment, and whether the option may be exercised for a unit owner's share or only as to the entire leased property.
- (g) A statement as to whether the developer may provide additional facilities not described above, their general locations and types, improvements or changes that may be made, the approximate dollar amount to be expended, and the maximum additional common expense or cost to the individual unit owners that may be charged during the first annual period of operation

Page 98 of 131

2740 of the modified or added facilities.

Descriptions as to locations, areas, capacities, numbers, volumes, or sizes may be stated as approximations or minimums.

- (7) A description of the recreational and other facilities that will be used in common with other cooperatives, community associations, or planned developments which require the payment of the maintenance and expenses of such facilities, either directly or indirectly, by the unit owners. The description shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) Each building and facility committed to be built.
- (b) Facilities not committed to be built except under certain conditions, and a statement of those conditions or contingencies.
- (c) As to each facility committed to be built, or which will be committed to be built upon the happening of one of the conditions in paragraph (b), a statement of whether it will be owned by the unit owners having the use thereof or by an association or other entity which will be controlled by them, or others, and the location in the exhibits of the lease or other document providing for use of those facilities.
- (d) The year in which each facility will be available for use by the unit owners or, in the alternative, the maximum number of unit owners in the project at the time each of all of the facilities is committed to be completed.
- (e) A general description of the items of personal property, and the approximate number of each item of personal property, that the developer is committing to furnish for each

Page 99 of 131

room or other facility or, in the alternative, a representation as to the minimum amount of expenditure that will be made to purchase the personal property for the facility.

- (f) If there are leases, a description thereof, including the length of the term, the rent payable, and a description of any option to purchase.
- Descriptions shall include location, areas, capacities, numbers, volumes, or sizes and may be stated as approximations or minimums.
 - (8) Recreation lease or associated club membership:
 - (a) If any recreational facilities or other common areas offered by the developer and available to, or to be used by, unit owners are to be leased or have club membership associated, the following statement in conspicuous type shall be included: THERE IS A RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS COOPERATIVE; or, THERE IS A CLUB MEMBERSHIP ASSOCIATED WITH THIS COOPERATIVE. There shall be a reference to the location in the disclosure materials where the recreation lease or club membership is described in detail.
 - (b) If it is mandatory that unit owners pay a fee, rent, dues, or other charges under a recreational facilities lease or club membership for the use of facilities, there shall be in conspicuous type the applicable statement:
 - 1. MEMBERSHIP IN THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES CLUB IS MANDATORY FOR UNIT OWNERS; or
 - 2. UNIT OWNERS ARE REQUIRED, AS A CONDITION OF OWNERSHIP, TO BE LESSES UNDER THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE; or

Page 100 of 131

3. UNIT OWNERS ARE REQUIRED TO PAY THEIR SHARE OF THE COSTS AND EXPENSES OF MAINTENANCE, MANAGEMENT, UPKEEP, REPLACEMENT, RENT, AND FEES UNDER THE RECREATIONAL FACILITIES LEASE (OR THE OTHER INSTRUMENTS PROVIDING THE FACILITIES); or

- 4. A similar statement of the nature of the organization or manner in which the use rights are created, and that unit owners are required to pay.
- Immediately following the applicable statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the development is described in detail shall be stated.
- (c) If the developer, or any other person other than the unit owners and other persons having use rights in the facilities, reserves, or is entitled to receive, any rent, fee, or other payment for the use of the facilities, then there shall be the following statement in conspicuous type: THE UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION(S) MUST PAY RENT OR LAND USE FEES FOR RECREATIONAL OR OTHER COMMON AREAS. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the rent or land use fees are described in detail shall be stated.
- (d) If, in any recreation format, whether leasehold, club, or other, any person other than the association has the right to a lien on the units to secure the payment of assessments, rent, or other exactions, there shall appear a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:
- 1. THERE IS A LIEN OR LIEN RIGHT AGAINST EACH UNIT TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF RENT AND OTHER EXACTIONS UNDER THE RECREATION LEASE. THE UNIT OWNER'S FAILURE TO MAKE THESE

Page 101 of 131

PAYMENTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN; or

2. THERE IS A LIEN OR LIEN RIGHT AGAINST EACH UNIT TO SECURE THE PAYMENT OF ASSESSMENTS OR OTHER EXACTIONS COMING DUE FOR THE USE, MAINTENANCE, UPKEEP, OR REPAIR OF THE RECREATIONAL OR COMMONLY USED AREAS. THE UNIT OWNER'S FAILURE TO MAKE THESE PAYMENTS MAY RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OF THE LIEN.

- Immediately following the applicable statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the lien or lien right is described in detail shall be stated.
- (9) If the developer or any other person has the right to increase or add to the recreational facilities at any time after the establishment of the cooperative whose unit owners have use rights therein, without the consent of the unit owners or associations being required, there shall appear a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

 RECREATIONAL FACILITIES MAY BE EXPANDED OR ADDED WITHOUT CONSENT OF UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION(S). Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where such reserved rights are described shall be stated.
- (10) A statement of whether the developer's plan includes a program of leasing units rather than selling them, or leasing units and selling them subject to such leases. If so, there shall be a description of the plan, including the number and identification of the units and the provisions and term of the proposed leases, and a statement in boldfaced type that: THE UNITS MAY BE TRANSFERRED SUBJECT TO A LEASE.
 - (11) The arrangements for management of the association Page 102 of 131

and maintenance and operation of the cooperative property and of other property that will serve the unit owners of the cooperative property, and a description of the management contract and all other contracts for these purposes having a term in excess of 1 year, including the following:

- (a) The names of contracting parties.
- (b) The term of the contract.

- (c) The nature of the services included.
- (d) The compensation, stated on a monthly and annual basis, and provisions for increases in the compensation.
- (e) A reference to the volumes and pages of the cooperative documents and of the exhibits containing copies of such contracts.

Copies of all described contracts shall be attached as exhibits. If there is a contract for the management of the cooperative property, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall appear, identifying the proposed or existing contract manager: THERE IS (IS TO BE) A CONTRACT FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE COOPERATIVE PROPERTY WITH (NAME OF THE CONTRACT MANAGER). Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials of the contract for management of the cooperative property shall be stated.

(12) If the developer or any other person or persons other than the unit owners has the right to retain control of the board of administration of the association for a period of time which can exceed 1 year after the closing of the sale of a majority of the units in that cooperative to persons other than

Page 103 of 131

successors or alternate developers, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: THE DEVELOPER (OR OTHER PERSON) HAS THE RIGHT TO RETAIN CONTROL OF THE ASSOCIATION AFTER A MAJORITY OF THE UNITS HAVE BEEN SOLD. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where this right to control is described in detail shall be stated.

- (13) If there are any restrictions upon the sale, transfer, conveyance, or leasing of a unit, then a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: THE SALE, LEASE, OR TRANSFER OF UNITS IS RESTRICTED OR CONTROLLED. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the restriction, limitation, or control on the sale, lease, or transfer of units is described in detail shall be stated.
- (14) If the cooperative is part of a phase project, the following shall be stated:
- (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: THIS IS A PHASE COOPERATIVE. ADDITIONAL LAND AND UNITS MAY BE ADDED TO THIS COOPERATIVE. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the phasing is described shall be stated.
- (b) A summary of the provisions of the declaration providing for the phasing.
- (c) A statement as to whether or not residential buildings and units which are added to the cooperative may be substantially different from the residential buildings and units

Page 104 of 131

originally in the cooperative, and, if the added residential buildings and units may be substantially different, there shall be a general description of the extent to which such added residential buildings and units may differ, and a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form shall be included: BUILDINGS AND UNITS WHICH ARE ADDED TO THE COOPERATIVE MAY BE SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE OTHER BUILDINGS AND UNITS IN THE COOPERATIVE. Immediately following this statement, the location in the disclosure materials where the extent to which added residential buildings and units may substantially differ is described shall be stated.

- (d) A statement of the maximum number of buildings containing units, the maximum and minimum number of units in each building, the maximum number of units, and the minimum and maximum square footage of the units that may be contained within each parcel of land which may be added to the cooperative.
- (15) If the cooperative is created by conversion of existing improvements, the following information shall be stated:
 - (a) The information required by s. 719.616.
- (b) A caveat that there are no express warranties unless they are stated in writing by the developer.
- (16) A summary of the restrictions, if any, to be imposed on units concerning the use of any of the cooperative property, including statements as to whether there are restrictions upon children and pets, and reference to the volumes and pages of the cooperative documents where such restrictions are found, or if such restrictions are contained elsewhere, then a copy of the

Page 105 of 131

documents containing the restrictions shall be attached as an exhibit.

- (17) If there is any land that is offered by the developer for use by the unit owners and that is neither owned by them nor leased to them, the association, or any entity controlled by unit owners and other persons having the use rights to such land, a statement shall be made as to how such land will serve the cooperative. If any part of such land will serve the cooperative, the statement shall describe the land and the nature and term of service, and the cooperative documents or other instrument creating such servitude shall be included as an exhibit.
- (18) The manner in which utility and other services, including, but not limited to, sewage and waste disposal, water supply, and storm drainage, will be provided and the person or entity furnishing them.
- (19) An explanation of the manner in which the apportionment of common expenses and ownership of the common areas have been determined.
- (20) An estimated operating budget for the cooperative and the association, and a schedule of the unit owner's expenses shall be attached as an exhibit and shall contain the following information:
- (a) The estimated monthly and annual expenses of the cooperative and the association that are collected from unit owners by assessments.
- (b) The estimated monthly and annual expenses of each unit owner for a unit, other than assessments payable to the

Page 106 of 131

association, payable by the unit owner to persons or entities other than the association, and the total estimated monthly and annual expense. There may be excluded from this estimate expenses that are personal to unit owners, which are not uniformly incurred by all unit owners, or which are not provided for or contemplated by the cooperative documents, including, but not limited to, the costs of private telephone; maintenance of the interior of cooperative units, which is not the obligation of the association; maid or janitorial services privately contracted for by the unit owners; utility bills billed directly to each unit owner for utility services to his or her unit; insurance premiums other than those incurred for policies obtained by the cooperative; and similar personal expenses of the unit owner. A unit owner's estimated payments for assessments shall also be stated in the estimated amounts for the times when they will be due.

- (c) The estimated items of expenses of the cooperative and the association, except as excluded under paragraph (b), including, but not limited to, the following items, which shall be stated either as an association expense collectible by assessments or as unit owners' expenses payable to persons other than the association:
 - 1. Expenses for the association and cooperative:
 - a. Administration of the association.
 - b. Management fees.
 - c. Maintenance.

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- d. Rent for recreational and other commonly used areas.
- e. Taxes upon association property.

Page 107 of 131

- f. Taxes upon leased areas.
 - q. Insurance.
 - h. Security provisions.
 - i. Other expenses.
- j. Operating capital.
- 2997 k. Reserves.

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- 1. Fee payable to the division.
- 2999 2. Expenses for a unit owner:
 - a. Rent for the unit, if subject to a lease.
 - b. Rent payable by the unit owner directly to the lessor or agent under any recreational lease or lease for the use of commonly used areas, which use and payment are a mandatory condition of ownership and are not included in the common expense or assessments for common maintenance paid by the unit owners to the association.
 - (d) The following statement in conspicuous type: THE BUDGET CONTAINED IN THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COOPERATIVE ACT AND IS A GOOD FAITH ESTIMATE ONLY AND REPRESENTS AN APPROXIMATION OF FUTURE EXPENSES BASED ON FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES EXISTING AT THE TIME OF ITS PREPARATION. ACTUAL COSTS OF SUCH ITEMS MAY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED COSTS. SUCH CHANGES IN COST DO NOT CONSTITUTE MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGES IN THE OFFERING.
 - (e) Each budget for an association prepared by a developer consistent with this subsection shall be prepared in good faith and shall reflect accurate estimated amounts for the required items in paragraph (c) at the time of the filing of the offering circular with the division, and subsequent increased amounts of

Page 108 of 131

any item included in the association's estimated budget that are beyond the control of the developer shall not be considered an amendment that would give rise to rescission rights set forth in s. 719.503(1)(a) or (b), nor shall such increases modify, void, or otherwise affect any guarantee of the developer contained in the offering circular or any purchase contract. It is the intent of this paragraph to clarify existing law.

- (f) The estimated amounts shall be stated for a period of at least 12 months and may distinguish between the period prior to the time unit owners other than the developer elect a majority of the board of administration and the period after that date.
- (21) A schedule of estimated closing expenses to be paid by a buyer or lessee of a unit and a statement of whether title opinion or title insurance policy is available to the buyer and, if so, at whose expense.
- (22) The identity of the developer and the chief operating officer or principal directing the creation and sale of the cooperative and a statement of its and his or her experience in this field.
- (23) Copies of the following, to the extent they are applicable, shall be included as exhibits:
- (a) The cooperative documents, or the proposed cooperative documents if the documents have not been recorded.
- (b) The articles of incorporation creating the association.
 - (c) The bylaws of the association.
 - (d) The ground lease or other underlying lease of the

Page 109 of 131

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(e) The management agreement and all maintenance and other contracts for management of the association and operation of the cooperative and facilities used by the unit owners having a service term in excess of 1 year.

- (f) The estimated operating budget for the cooperative and the required schedule of unit owners' expenses.
- (g) A copy of the floor plan of the unit and the plot plan showing the location of the residential buildings and the recreation and other common areas.
- (h) The lease of recreational and other facilities that will be used only by unit owners of the subject cooperative.
 - (i) The lease of facilities used by owners and others.
- (j) The form of unit lease, if the offer is of a leasehold.
- (k) A declaration of servitude of properties serving the cooperative but not owned by unit owners or leased to them or the association.
- (1) The statement of condition of the existing building or buildings, if the offering is of units in an operation being converted to cooperative ownership.
- (m) The statement of inspection for termite damage and treatment of the existing improvements, if the cooperative is a conversion.
 - (n) The form of agreement for sale or lease of units.
- (o) A copy of the agreement for escrow of payments made to the developer prior to closing.
 - (p) A copy of the documents containing any restrictions on

Page 110 of 131

use of the property required by subsection (16).

(24) Any prospectus or offering circular complying with the provisions of former ss. 711.69 and 711.802 may continue to be used without amendment, or may be amended to comply with the provisions of this chapter.

- (25) A brief narrative description of the location and effect of all existing and intended easements located or to be located on the cooperative property other than those in the declaration.
- (26) If the developer is required by state or local authorities to obtain acceptance or approval of any dock or marina facility intended to serve the cooperative, a copy of such acceptance or approval acquired by the time of filing with the division pursuant to s. 719.502 or a statement that such acceptance has not been acquired or received.
- (27) Evidence demonstrating that the developer has an ownership, leasehold, or contractual interest in the land upon which the cooperative is to be developed.

Section 51. Section 719.508, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

719.508 Regulation by Division of Hotels and Restaurants.--In addition to the authority, regulation, or control exercised by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes pursuant to this act with respect to cooperatives, buildings included in a cooperative property shall be subject to the authority, regulation, or control of the Division of Hotels and Restaurants

Page 111 of 131

of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, to the extent provided for in chapters 399 and 509.

- Section 52. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 719.608, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 719.608 Notice of intended conversion; time of delivery; content.--
- (2)(a) Each notice of intended conversion shall be dated and in writing. The notice shall contain the following statement, with the phrases of the following statement which appear in upper case printed in conspicuous type:

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- These apartments are being converted to cooperative by (name of developer) , the developer.
- 1. YOU MAY REMAIN AS A RESIDENT UNTIL THE EXPIRATION OF
 YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT. FURTHER, YOU MAY EXTEND YOUR RENTAL
 AGREEMENT AS FOLLOWS:
 - a. If you have continuously been a resident of these apartments during the last 180 days and your rental agreement expires during the next 270 days, you may extend your rental agreement for up to 270 days after the date of this notice.
 - b. If you have not been a continuous resident of these apartments for the last 180 days and your rental agreement expires during the next 180 days, you may extend your rental agreement for up to 180 days after the date of this notice.
 - C. IN ORDER FOR YOU TO EXTEND YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT, YOU MUST GIVE THE DEVELOPER WRITTEN NOTICE WITHIN 45 DAYS AFTER THE DATE OF THIS NOTICE.
 - 2. IF YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT EXPIRES IN THE NEXT 45 DAYS,

Page 112 of 131

you may extend your rental agreement for up to 45 days after the date of this notice while you decide whether to extend your rental agreement as explained above. To do so, you must notify the developer in writing. You will then have the full 45 days to decide whether to extend your rental agreement as explained above.

- 3. During the extension of your rental agreement you will be charged the same rent that you are now paying.
- 4. YOU MAY CANCEL YOUR RENTAL AGREEMENT AND ANY EXTENSION OF THE RENTAL AGREEMENT AS FOLLOWS:
- a. If your rental agreement began or was extended or renewed after May 1, 1980, and your rental agreement, including extensions and renewals, has an unexpired term of 180 days or less, you may cancel your rental agreement upon 30 days' written notice and move. Also, upon 30 days' written notice, you may cancel any extension of the rental agreement.
- b. If your rental agreement was not begun or was not extended or renewed after May 1, 1980, you may not cancel the rental agreement without the consent of the developer. If your rental agreement, including extensions and renewals, has an unexpired term of 180 days or less, you may, however, upon 30 days' written notice cancel any extension of the rental agreement.
- 5. All notices must be given in writing and sent by mail, return receipt requested, or delivered in person to the developer at this address: (name and address of developer) .
- 6. If you have continuously been a resident of these apartments during the last 180 days:

Page 113 of 131

a. You have the right to purchase your apartment and will have 45 days to decide whether to purchase. If you do not buy the unit at that price and the unit is later offered at a lower price, you will have the opportunity to buy the unit at the lower price. However, in all events your right to purchase the unit ends when the rental agreement or any extension of the rental agreement ends or when you waive this right in writing.

- b. Within 90 days you will be provided purchase information relating to your apartment, including the price of your unit and the condition of the building. If you do not receive this information within 90 days, your rental agreement and any extension will be extended 1 day for each day over 90 days until you are given the purchase information. If you do not want this rental agreement extension, you must notify the developer in writing.
- 7. If you have any questions regarding this conversion or the Cooperative Act, you may contact the developer or the state agency which regulates cooperatives: The Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes, (Tallahassee address and telephone number of division) .
- Section 53. Subsection (7) of section 720.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 720.301 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:
- (7) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares,</u> and Mobile Homes in the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- 3185 Section 54. Subsection (2) of section 720.401, Florida 3186 Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 114 of 131

720.401 Prospective purchasers subject to association membership requirement; disclosure required; covenants; assessments; contract cancellation.--

- (2) This section does not apply to any association regulated under chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 721, or chapter 723 or to a subdivider registered under chapter 498; and also does not apply if disclosure regarding the association is otherwise made in connection with the requirements of chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 721, or chapter 723.
- Section 55. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 721.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 721.03 Scope of chapter.--

- (1) This chapter applies to all timeshare plans consisting of more than seven timeshare periods over a period of at least 3 years in which the accommodations and facilities, if any, are located within this state or offered within this state; provided that:
- (c) All timeshare accommodations or facilities which are located outside the state but offered for sale in this state shall be governed by the following:
- 1. The offering for sale in this state of timeshare accommodations and facilities located outside the state is subject only to the provisions of ss. 721.01-721.12, 721.18, 721.20, 721.21, 721.26, 721.28, and part II.
- 2. The division shall not require a developer of timeshare accommodations or facilities located outside of this state to make changes in any timeshare instrument to conform to the provisions of s. 721.07 or s. 721.55. The division shall have

Page 115 of 131

the power to require disclosure of those provisions of the timeshare instrument that do not conform to s. 721.07 or s. 721.55 as the director determines is necessary to fairly, meaningfully, and effectively disclose all aspects of the timeshare plan.

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Except as provided in this subparagraph, the division shall have no authority to determine whether any person has complied with another state's laws or to disapprove any filing out-of-state, timeshare instrument, or component site document, based solely upon the lack or degree of timeshare regulation in another state. The division may require a developer to obtain and provide to the division existing documentation relating to an out-of-state filing, timeshare instrument, or component site document and prove compliance of same with the laws of that state. In this regard, the division may accept any evidence of the approval or acceptance of any out-of-state filing, timeshare instrument, or component site document by another state in lieu of requiring a developer to file the out-of-state filing, timeshare instrument, or component site document with the division pursuant to this section, or the division may accept an opinion letter from an attorney or law firm opining as to the compliance of such out-of-state filing, timeshare instrument, or component site document with the laws of another state. The division may refuse to approve the inclusion of any out-of-state filing, timeshare instrument, or component site document as part of a public offering statement based upon the inability of the developer to establish the compliance of same with the laws of another state.

4. The division is authorized to enter into an agreement with another state for the purpose of facilitating the processing of out-of-state timeshare instruments or other component site documents pursuant to this chapter and for the purpose of facilitating the referral of consumer complaints to the appropriate state.

- 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, the offer, in this state, of an additional interest to existing purchasers in the same timeshare plan or the same component site of a multisite timeshare plan, the same nonspecific multisite timeshare plan, with accommodations and facilities located outside of this state shall not be subject to the provisions of this chapter if the offer complies with the provisions of s. 721.11(4).
- Section 56. Subsection (11) of section 721.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 721.05 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:
 - (11) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares,</u> and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
 - Section 57. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 721.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 721.07 Public offering statement.--Prior to offering any timeshare plan, the developer must submit a filed public offering statement to the division for approval as prescribed by s. 721.03, s. 721.55, or this section. Until the division approves such filing, any contract regarding the sale of that timeshare plan is subject to cancellation by the purchaser

Page 117 of 131

3271 pursuant to s. 721.10.

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- (d) A developer shall have the authority to deliver to purchasers any purchaser public offering statement that is not yet approved by the division, provided that the following shall apply:
- 1. At the time the developer delivers an unapproved purchaser public offering statement to a purchaser pursuant to this paragraph, the developer shall deliver a fully completed and executed copy of the purchase contract required by s. 721.06 that contains the following statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form which shall replace the statements required by s. 721.06(1)(g):

The developer is delivering to you a public offering statement that has been filed with but not yet approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes. Any revisions to the unapproved public offering statement you have received must be delivered to you, but only if the revisions materially alter or modify the offering in a manner adverse to you. After the division approves the public offering statement, you will receive notice of the approval from the developer and the required revisions, if any.

Your statutory right to cancel this transaction without any penalty or obligation expires 10 calendar days after the date you signed your purchase contract or the date on which you receive the last of all documents required to be given to you

Page 118 of 131

pursuant to section 721.07(6), Florida Statutes, or 10 calendar days after you receive revisions required to be delivered to you, if any, whichever is later. If you decide to cancel this contract, you must notify the seller in writing of your intent to cancel. Your notice of cancellation shall be effective upon the date sent and shall be sent to (Name of Seller) at (Address of Seller). Any attempt to obtain a waiver of your cancellation right is void and of no effect. While you may execute all closing documents in advance, the closing, as evidenced by delivery of the deed or other document, before expiration of your 10-day cancellation period, is prohibited.

2. After receipt of approval from the division and prior to closing, if any revisions made to the documents contained in the purchaser public offering statement materially alter or modify the offering in a manner adverse to a purchaser, the developer shall send the purchaser such revisions together with a notice containing a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

The unapproved public offering statement previously delivered to you, together with the enclosed revisions, has been approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes. Accordingly, your cancellation right expires 10 calendar days after you sign your purchase contract or 10 calendar days after you receive these revisions, whichever is later. If you have any questions regarding your cancellation rights, you may contact the division at [insert division's

Page 119 of 131

3327 current address].

3. After receipt of approval from the division and prior to closing, if no revisions have been made to the documents contained in the unapproved purchaser public offering statement, or if such revisions do not materially alter or modify the offering in a manner adverse to a purchaser, the developer shall send the purchaser a notice containing a statement in conspicuous type in substantially the following form:

The unapproved public offering statement previously delivered to you has been approved by the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes. Revisions made to the unapproved public offering statement, if any, are either not required to be delivered to you or are not deemed by the developer, in its opinion, to materially alter or modify the offering in a manner that is adverse to you. Accordingly, your cancellation right expired 10 days after you signed your purchase contract. A complete copy of the approved public offering statement is available through the managing entity for inspection as part of the books and records of the plan. If you have any questions regarding your cancellation rights, you may contact the division at [insert division's current address].

Section 58. Subsection (8) of section 721.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.08 Escrow accounts; nondisturbance instruments; alternate security arrangements; transfer of legal title.--

Page 120 of 131

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An escrow agent holding escrowed funds pursuant to this chapter that have not been claimed for a period of 5 years after the date of deposit shall make at least one reasonable attempt to deliver such unclaimed funds to the purchaser who submitted such funds to escrow. In making such attempt, an escrow agent is entitled to rely on a purchaser's last known address as set forth in the books and records of the escrow agent and is not required to conduct any further search for the purchaser. If an escrow agent's attempt to deliver unclaimed funds to any purchaser is unsuccessful, the escrow agent may deliver such unclaimed funds to the division and the division shall deposit such unclaimed funds in the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund, 30 days after giving notice in a publication of general circulation in the county in which the timeshare property containing the purchaser's timeshare interest is located. The purchaser may claim the same at any time prior to the delivery of such funds to the division. After delivery of such funds to the division, the purchaser shall have no more rights to the unclaimed funds. The escrow agent shall not be liable for any claims from any party arising out of the escrow agent's delivery of the unclaimed funds to the division pursuant to this section. Section 59. Section 721.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: Regulation by division. -- The division has the power to enforce and ensure compliance with the provisions of this

Page 121 of 131

chapter, except for parts III and IV, using the powers provided

in this chapter, as well as the powers prescribed in chapters

498, 718, and 719. In performing its duties, the division shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) To aid in the enforcement of this chapter, or any division rule adopted or order promulgated or issued pursuant to this chapter, the division may make necessary public or private investigations within or outside this state to determine whether any person has violated or is about to violate this chapter, or any division rule adopted or order promulgated or issued pursuant to this chapter.
- (2) The division may require or permit any person to file a written statement under oath or otherwise, as the division determines, as to the facts and circumstances concerning a matter under investigation.
- chapter, the director of the division or any officer or employee designated by the director may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the investigation, including the identity, existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of material evidence. Failure to obey a subpoena or to answer questions propounded by the investigating officer and upon reasonable notice to all persons affected thereby shall be a violation of this chapter. In addition to the other enforcement powers authorized in this subsection, the division may, at its

Page 122 of 131

discretion, apply to the circuit court for an order compelling compliance.

- (4) The division may prepare and disseminate a prospectus and other information to assist prospective purchasers, sellers, and managing entities of timeshare plans in assessing the rights, privileges, and duties pertaining thereto.
- (5) Notwithstanding any remedies available to purchasers, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter, or of any division rule adopted or order promulgated or issued pursuant to this chapter, has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against any regulated party, as such term is defined in this subsection:
- (a)1. "Regulated party," for purposes of this section, means any developer, exchange company, seller, managing entity, owners' association, owners' association director, owners' association officer, manager, management firm, escrow agent, trustee, any respective assignees or agents, or any other person having duties or obligations pursuant to this chapter.
- 2. Any person who materially participates in any offer or disposition of any interest in, or the management or operation of, a timeshare plan in violation of this chapter or relevant rules involving fraud, deception, false pretenses, misrepresentation, or false advertising or the disbursement, concealment, or diversion of any funds or assets, which conduct adversely affects the interests of a purchaser, and which person directly or indirectly controls a regulated party or is a general partner, officer, director, agent, or employee of such

Page 123 of 131

regulated party, shall be jointly and severally liable under this subsection with such regulated party, unless such person did not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the existence of the facts giving rise to the violation of this chapter. A right of contribution shall exist among jointly and severally liable persons pursuant to this paragraph.

- (b) The division may permit any person whose conduct or actions may be under investigation to waive formal proceedings and enter into a consent proceeding whereby an order, rule, or letter of censure or warning, whether formal or informal, may be entered against that person.
- (c) The division may issue an order requiring a regulated party to cease and desist from an unlawful practice under this chapter and take such affirmative action as in the judgment of the division will carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- (d)1. The division may bring an action in circuit court for declaratory or injunctive relief or for other appropriate relief, including restitution.
- 2. The division shall have broad authority and discretion to petition the circuit court to appoint a receiver with respect to any managing entity which fails to perform its duties and obligations under this chapter with respect to the operation of a timeshare plan. The circumstances giving rise to an appropriate petition for receivership under this subparagraph include, but are not limited to:
- a. Damage to or destruction of any of the accommodations or facilities of a timeshare plan, where the managing entity has

Page 124 of 131

3466 failed to repair or reconstruct same.

- b. A breach of fiduciary duty by the managing entity, including, but not limited to, undisclosed self-dealing or failure to timely assess, collect, or disburse the common expenses of the timeshare plan.
- c. Failure of the managing entity to operate the timeshare plan in accordance with the timeshare instrument and this chapter.

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If, under the circumstances, it appears that the events giving rise to the petition for receivership cannot be reasonably and timely corrected in a cost-effective manner consistent with the timeshare instrument, the receiver may petition the circuit court to implement such amendments or revisions to the timeshare instrument as may be necessary to enable the managing entity to resume effective operation of the timeshare plan, or to enter an order terminating the timeshare plan, or to enter such further orders regarding the disposition of the timeshare property as the court deems appropriate, including the disposition and sale of the timeshare property held by the owners' association or the purchasers. In the event of a receiver's sale, all rights, title, and interest held by the owners' association or any purchaser shall be extinguished and title shall vest in the buyer. This provision applies to timeshare estates, personal property timeshare interests, and timeshare licenses. All reasonable costs and fees of the receiver relating to the receivership shall become common expenses of the timeshare plan upon order of the court.

Page 125 of 131

CS/HB 601 2008

The division may revoke its approval of any filing for any timeshare plan for which a petition for receivership has been filed pursuant to this paragraph.

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- The division may impose a penalty against any regulated party for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted thereunder. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each day of continuing violation, but in no event may the penalty for any offense exceed \$10,000. All accounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.
- If a regulated party fails to pay a penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such regulated party cease and desist from further operation until such time as the penalty is paid; or the division may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- If an owners' association or managing entity fails to pay a civil penalty, the division may pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- In order to permit the regulated party an opportunity either to appeal such decision administratively or to seek relief in a court of competent jurisdiction, the order imposing the penalty or the cease and desist order shall not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order.
- Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in the county where the violation occurred.
 - Notice to any regulated party shall be complete when (h)

Page 126 of 131

delivered by United States mail, return receipt requested, to the party's address currently on file with the division or to such other address at which the division is able to locate the party. Every regulated party has an affirmative duty to notify the division of any change of address at least 5 business days prior to such change.

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- (6) The division has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement and enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- (7)(a) The use of any unfair or deceptive act or practice by any person in connection with the sales or other operations of an exchange program or timeshare plan is a violation of this chapter.
- (b) Any violation of the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, ss. 501.201 et seq., relating to the creation, promotion, sale, operation, or management of any timeshare plan shall also be a violation of this chapter.
- (c) The division <u>may</u> is authorized to institute proceedings against any such person and take any appropriate action authorized in this section in connection therewith, notwithstanding any remedies available to purchasers.
- (8) The failure of any person to comply with any order of the division is a violation of this chapter.
- Section 60. Section 721.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 721.28 Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums,

 <u>Timeshares,</u> and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.--All funds collected by
 the division and any amounts paid as fees or penalties under

Page 127 of 131

this chapter shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums,

<u>Timeshares,</u> and Mobile Homes Trust Fund created by s. <u>718.509</u>

<u>498.019</u>.

Section 61. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 721.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.301 Florida Timesharing, Vacation Club, and Hospitality Program.--

3558 (1)

(c) The director may designate funds from the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund, not to exceed \$50,000 annually, to support the projects and proposals undertaken pursuant to paragraph (b). All state trust funds to be expended pursuant to this section must be matched equally with private moneys and shall comprise no more than half of the total moneys expended annually.

Section 62. Section 721.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

721.50 Short title.--This part may be cited as the "McAllister Act" in recognition and appreciation for the years of extraordinary and insightful contributions by Mr. Bryan C. McAllister, Examinations Supervisor of the former, Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes.

Section 63. Subsection (1) of section 723.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

723.003 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the following words and terms have the following meanings unless clearly indicated otherwise:

Page 128 of 131

(1) The term "division" means the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u>, and Mobile Homes of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.

Section 64. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 723.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 723.006 Powers and duties of division.--In performing its duties, the division has the following powers and duties:
- (5) Notwithstanding any remedies available to mobile home owners, mobile home park owners, and homeowners' associations, if the division has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any provision of this chapter or related any rule promulgated pursuant hereto has occurred, the division may institute enforcement proceedings in its own name against a developer, mobile home park owner, or homeowners' association, or its assignee or agent, as follows:
- (e)1. The division may impose a civil penalty against a mobile home park owner or homeowners' association, or its assignee or agent, for any violation of this chapter, a properly adopted promulgated park rule or regulation, or a rule adopted or regulation promulgated pursuant hereto. A penalty may be imposed on the basis of each separate violation and, if the violation is a continuing one, for each day of continuing violation, but in no event may the penalty for each separate violation or for each day of continuing violation exceed \$5,000. All amounts collected shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.

2. If a violator fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon issue an order directing that such violator cease and desist from further violation until such time as the civil penalty is paid or may pursue enforcement of the penalty in a court of competent jurisdiction. If a homeowners' association fails to pay the civil penalty, the division shall thereupon pursue enforcement in a court of competent jurisdiction, and the order imposing the civil penalty or the cease and desist order shall not become effective until 20 days after the date of such order. Any action commenced by the division shall be brought in the county in which the division has its executive offices or in which the violation occurred.

Section 65. Section 723.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

723.009 Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund.--All proceeds from the fees, penalties, and fines imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited into the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes Trust Fund created by s. 718.509 498.019. Moneys in this fund, as appropriated by the Legislature pursuant to chapter 216, may be used to defray the expenses incurred by the division in administering the provisions of this chapter.

Section 66. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 723.0611, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

723.0611 Florida Mobile Home Relocation Corporation.--

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Page 130 of 131

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(c) The corporation shall, for purposes of s. 768.28, be
considered an agency of the state. Agents or employees of the
corporation, members of the board of directors of the
corporation, or representatives of the Division of Florida $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac$
Sales, Condominiums, <u>Timeshares</u> , and Mobile Homes shall be
considered officers, employees, or agents of the state, and
actions against them and the corporation shall be governed by s.
768.28.

Section 67. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

Page 131 of 131