A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to building standards; amending s. 3 489.105, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "roofing contractor"; creating s. 489.1138, F.S.; 4 providing definitions; requiring a tower crane to be 5 6 certified in order to be operated; requiring a person to 7 be certified in order to operate a tower crane on 8 construction projects; providing applicable standards; 9 specifying duties of contractors; providing penalties; authorizing persons in training for certification to 10 operate tower cranes under direct supervision of a 11 12 certified tower crane operator; creating s. 489.1139, F.S.; preempting the regulation of tower cranes and tower 13 crane operators to the state; amending s. 553.36, F.S.; 14 revising the definition of the term "manufactured 15 16 building" to include modular buildings and factory-built 17 buildings; amending s. 553.37, F.S.; revising requirements that the Florida Building Commission adopt requirements 18 19 for construction or modification of manufactured 20 buildings; requiring the Department of Community Affairs to adopt certain rules relating to manufactured buildings; 21 transferring certain responsibilities from the commission 22 to the department; requiring the department to develop an 23 insignia to be affixed to newly constructed manufactured 24 25 buildings; authorizing the department to charge a fee for 26 the insignia; providing requirements for the insignia; requiring the department to develop minimum criteria for a 27 manufacturer's data plate; amending s. 553.381, F.S.; 28

Page 1 of 29

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46 47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

revising the department's authority to conform; authorizing the department to establish certain fees by rule; amending s. 553.415, F.S.; requiring the department to require that an insignia and manufacturer's data plate be affixed to certain school buildings; providing requirements for the data plate; requiring under certain circumstances manufacturers or the department to affix the insignia and data plate; amending s. 553.71, F.S.; providing a definition of the term "temporary;" amending s. 553.73, F.S.; expanding the list of required codes to be included in the Florida Building Code as foundation codes; expanding authority of the commission to approve amendments to the Florida Building Code; amending s. 553.74., F.S.; specifying entities encouraged to recommend candidate lists for consideration as members of the commission; increasing membership of the commission; deleting obsolete provisions; amending s. 553.75, F.S.; authorizing the commission to use communications media technology in conducting certain meetings; providing for requirements for public comment at commission meetings; amending s. 553.775, F.S.; authorizing the commission to render certain accessibility declaratory statements; amending s. 553.80, F.S.; revising enforcement requirements for construction regulations for certain facilities; amending s. 553.844, F.S.; revising requirements for criteria for mitigation techniques adopted by the commission; specifying certain roof retrofitting requirements; amending s. 553.885, F.S.;

Page 2 of 29

requiring the installation of carbon monoxide detectors in certain new hospitals, hospice facilities, and nursing homes; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; specifying that certain buildings or structures must meet certain coastal construction line setbacks to be eligible for Citizens Property Insurance coverage; repealing s. 553.731 F.S., relating to wind-borne debris protection requirements; providing for construction and interpretation of the repeal; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.105 Definitions.--As used in this part:

(3) "Contractor" means the person who is qualified for, and shall only be responsible for, the project contracted for and means, except as exempted in this part, the person who, for compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself or herself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, add to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or structure, including related improvements to real estate, for others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the subsequent paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation under this part, "demolish" applies only to demolition of steel tanks over 50 feet in height; towers over 50 feet in height; other

Page 3 of 29

than buildings or residences over three stories tall; and buildings or residences over three stories tall. Contractors are subdivided into two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), and Division II, consisting of those contractors defined in paragraphs (d)-(q):

- (e) "Roofing contractor" means a contractor whose services are unlimited in the roofing trade and who has the experience, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or design, when not prohibited by law, and use materials and items used in the installation, maintenance, extension, and alteration of all kinds of roofing, waterproofing, and coating, except when coating is not represented to protect, repair, waterproof, stop leaks, or extend the life of the roof. The scope of work of a roofing contractor also includes required roof-deck attachments and any repair or replacement of wood roof sheathing or fascia as needed during roof repair or replacement.
- Section 2. Effective July 1, 2009, section 489.1138, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 489.1138 Certification of tower cranes and tower crane operators.--
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:
- (a) "Tower crane" means a nonmobile, power-operated hoisting machine used in construction, maintenance, demolition, or excavation work that has a power-operated winch, load-line, and boom moving laterally. A tower crane is a temporary structure and is not subject to building codes or other provisions of law, rule, or ordinance applicable to permanent structures.

Page 4 of 29

(b) "Tower crane operator" means a person engaged in operating a tower crane.

- (2) CERTIFICATION OF TOWER CRANES.--A tower crane may be operated in this state only if the tower crane has been certified to meet the American Society of Mechanical Engineers standards for construction tower cranes, ASME B30.3-2004, as modified by American Society of Civil Engineers standard ASCE 37-02. Certification must be from a certification organization that meets the standards of the American National Standards Institute, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, or the accreditation requirements of the National Commission for Certifying Agencies.
- (3) CERTIFICATION OF TOWER CRANE OPERATORS.--A person may operate a tower crane on a construction project only if he or she is certified as a crane operator by the National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators.
- (4) DUTIES OF CONTRACTORS.--For each construction project for which a contractor is responsible under this part, the contractor shall produce a list identifying the certified tower cranes and certified tower crane operators used on the project and identifying the qualified personnel supervising the erection, modification, and dismantling of each tower crane used on the project. The contractor shall maintain this list for the duration of the construction project and shall provide the list to the department pursuant to any investigation for a violation of this part.
- (5) PENALTIES.--Any person licensed under this part who intentionally violates subsection (2) or subsection (3) is

Page 5 of 29

subject to discipline pursuant to ss. 455.227 and 489.129.

(6) OPERATION OF TOWER CRANES BY TRAINEES UNDER
SUPERVISION.--Notwithstanding the certification requirements of
this section, a person undergoing training for the purpose of
qualifying for tower crane operator certification pursuant to
this section may operate a tower crane if such person is under
the direct supervision of a tower crane operator who holds a
current and valid certification to operate the tower crane
operated by such person.

Section 3. Section 489.1139, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

489.1139 Preemption.--The regulation of tower cranes and tower crane operators is expressly preempted to the state and no county, municipality, or other political subdivision shall enact or enforce any ordinance relating to matters within the scope of this section and s. 489.1138.

Section 4. Subsection (13) of section 553.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.36 Definitions.--The definitions contained in this section govern the construction of this part unless the context otherwise requires.

"factory-built building" means a closed structure, building assembly, or system of subassemblies, which may include structural, electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilating, or other service systems manufactured in manufacturing facilities for installation or erection as a finished building or as part of a finished building, which shall include, but not be limited to,

Page 6 of 29

residential, commercial, institutional, storage, and industrial structures. The term includes buildings not intended for human habitation such as lawn storage buildings and storage sheds manufactured and assembled offsite by a manufacturer certified in conformance with this part. This part does not apply to mobile homes.

Section 5. Section 553.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.37 Rules; inspections; and insignia. --

- (1) The Florida Building Commission shall adopt within the Florida Building Code requirements for construction or modification of manufactured buildings and building modules, to address:
- (a) Submittal to and approval by the department of manufacturers' drawings and specifications, including any amendments.
- (b) Submittal to and approval by the department of manufacturers' internal quality control procedures and manuals, including any amendments.
- (c) <u>Minimum inspection criteria</u> Procedures and qualifications for approval of third-party plan review and inspection entities and of those who perform inspections and plan reviews.
 - (2) The department shall adopt rules to address:
- (a) Procedures and qualifications for approval of thirdparty plan review and inspection agencies and of those who perform inspections and plan reviews.

Page 7 of 29

(b) (d) Investigation of consumer complaints of noncompliance of manufactured buildings with the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

- (c) (e) Issuance, cancellation, and revocation of any insignia issued by the department and procedures for auditing and accounting for disposition of them.
- (d)(f) Monitoring the manufacturers', inspection agencies' entities', and plan review agencies' entities' compliance with this part and the Florida Building Code. Monitoring may include, but is not limited to, performing audits of plans, inspections of manufacturing facilities and observation of the manufacturing and inspection process, and onsite inspections of buildings.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ The performance by the department of any other functions required by this part.
- (3)(2) After the effective date of the Florida Building Code, no manufactured building, except as provided in subsection (11), may be installed in this state unless it is approved and bears the insignia of approval of the department and a manufacturer's data plate. Approvals issued by the department under the provisions of the prior part shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of this part.
- $\underline{(4)}$ All manufactured buildings issued and bearing insignia of approval pursuant to subsection $\underline{(3)}$ $\underline{(2)}$ shall be deemed to comply with the Florida Building Code and are exempt from local amendments enacted by any local government.
- (5) (4) No manufactured building bearing department insignia of approval pursuant to subsection (3) (2) shall be in

any way modified prior to installation, except in conformance with the Florida Building Code.

- (6)(5) Manufactured buildings which have been issued and bear the insignia of approval pursuant to this part upon manufacture or first sale shall not require an additional approval or insignia by a local government in which they are subsequently sold or installed. Buildings or structures that meet the definition of "open construction" are subject to permitting by the local jurisdiction and are not required to bear insignia.
- (7)(6) If the <u>department</u> Florida Building Commission determines that the standards for construction and inspection of manufactured buildings prescribed by statute or rule of another state are at least equal to the Florida Building Code and that such standards are actually enforced by such other state, it may provide by rule that the manufactured building which has been inspected and approved by such other state shall be deemed to have been approved by the department and shall authorize the affixing of the appropriate insignia of approval.
- (8)(7) The <u>department</u> Florida Building Commission, by rule, shall establish a schedule of fees to pay the cost incurred by the department for the work related to administration and enforcement of this part.
- (9) (8) The department may delegate its enforcement authority to a state department having building construction responsibilities or a local government. The department may delegate its plan review and inspection authority to one or more of the following in any combination:

Page 9 of 29

 $\underline{\text{(a)}} \quad \textbf{A state department having building construction} \\ \text{responsibilities} \underline{;} \tau$

(b) A local government;

- (c) An approved inspection agency; τ
- (d) An approved plan review agency; or
- (e) An agency of another state.
- (9) If the commission delegates its inspection authority to third-party approved inspection agencies, manufacturers must have one, and only one, inspection agency responsible for inspection of a manufactured building, module, or component at all times.
- affixed to all newly constructed buildings by the manufacturer or the inspection agency prior to the building leaving the plant. The department may charge a fee for issuing such insignias. Such insignias shall bear the department's name, the state seal, an identification number unique to that insignia, and such other information as the department may require by rule. If the commission delegates its inspection authority to third party approved plan review agencies, manufacturers must have one, and only one, plan review agency responsible for review of plans of a manufactured building, module, or component at all times.
- (11) The department shall by rule develop minimum criteria for manufacturer's data that must be affixed to all newly constructed buildings by the manufacturer prior to the building leaving the plant. Custom or one-of-a-kind prototype manufactured buildings shall not be required to have state

Page 10 of 29

approval but must comply with all local requirements of the governmental agency having jurisdiction at the installation site.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 553.381, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.381 Manufacturer certification. --

- (1) Before manufacturing buildings to be located within this state or selling manufactured buildings within this state, whichever occurs later, a manufacturer must be certified by the department. The department shall certify a manufacturer upon receipt from the manufacturer and approval and verification by the department of the following:
- (a) The manufacturer's internal quality control procedures and manuals, including any amendments;
- (b) Evidence that the manufacturer has product liability insurance for the safety and welfare of the public in amounts determined by rule of the department commission; and
- (c) The fee established by the <u>department</u> commission under s. 553.37(8) s. 553.37(7).
- (3) Certification of manufacturers under this section shall be for a period of 3 years, subject to renewal by the manufacturer. Upon application for renewal, the manufacturer must submit the information described in subsection (1) or a sworn statement that there has been no change in the status or content of that information since the manufacturer's last submittal. Fees for renewal of manufacturers' certification shall be established by the department commission by rule.

Section 7. Subsections (11) and (12) of section 553.415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.415 Factory-built school buildings.--

306

307

308

309

310

311

312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

324

325

326

327

328329

330

331

- the department's name and state seal and a manufacturer's data plate develop a unique identification label to be affixed to all newly constructed factory-built school buildings and existing factory-built school buildings which have been brought into compliance with the standards for existing "satisfactory" buildings pursuant to chapter 5 of the Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities, and after March 1, 2002, the Florida Building Code. The department may charge a fee for issuing such insignias labels. The manufacturer's data plate Such labels, bearing the department's name and state seal, shall, at a minimum, contain:
 - (a) The name of the manufacturer.
- 322 (b) The standard plan approval number or alteration number.
 - (c) The date of manufacture or alteration.
 - (d) The serial or other identification number.
 - (e) The following designed-for loads: lbs. per square foot live load; lbs. per square foot floor live load; lbs. per square foot horizontal wind load; and lbs. per square foot wind uplift load.
 - (f) The designed-for flood zone usage.
 - (g) The designed-for wind zone usage.
- (h) The designed-for enhanced hurricane protection zone usage: yes or no.

Page 12 of 29

334

335

336

337

338

339

340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

350

351

352

353

354

355

356

357

358

359

360

361

Such insignia and data plate identification label shall be permanently affixed by the manufacturer in the case of newly constructed factory-built school buildings, or by the department or its designee in the case of an existing factorybuilt building altered to comply with provisions of s. 1013.20. Section 8. Subsection (11) is added to section 553.71, Florida Statutes, to read: 553.71 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: "Temporary" includes, but is not limited to, buildings identified by, but not designated as permanent structures on, an approved development order. Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and subsection (7) of section 553.73, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 553.73 Florida Building Code. --The commission, by rule adopted pursuant to ss. (6)(a) 120.536(1) and 120.54, shall update the Florida Building Code

120.536(1) and 120.54, shall update the Florida Building Code every 3 years. When updating the Florida Building Code, the commission shall select the most current version of the International Building Code, the International Fuel Gas Code, the International Mechanical Code, the International Plumbing Code, and the International Residential Code, all of which are adopted by the International Code Council, and the National Electrical Code, which is adopted by the National Fire Protection Association, to form the foundation codes of the updated Florida Building Code, if the version has been adopted by the applicable model code entity and made available to the public at least 6 months prior to its selection by the commission. The commission shall select the most current version

Page 13 of 29

of the International Energy Conservation Code as a foundation code, provided the code shall be modified by the commission to maintain the overall efficiencies of the Florida Energy Efficiency Code for Building Construction adopted and amended pursuant to this part.

362

363

364

365

366

367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375

376

377

378

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

- Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) or (7) subsection (6), the commission may address issues identified in this subsection by amending the code pursuant only to the rule adoption procedures contained in chapter 120. Provisions of the Florida Building Code, including those contained in referenced standards and criteria, relating to wind resistance or the prevention of water intrusion may not be amended pursuant to this subsection to diminish those construction requirements; however, the commission may, subject to conditions in this subsection, amend the provisions to enhance those construction requirements. Following the approval of any amendments to the Florida Building Code by the commission and publication of the amendments on the commission's website, authorities having jurisdiction to enforce the Florida Building Code may enforce the amendments. The commission may approve amendments that are needed to address:
 - (a) Conflicts within the updated code;
- (b) Conflicts between the updated code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code adopted pursuant to chapter 633;
- (c) The omission of previously adopted Florida-specific amendments to the updated code if such omission is not supported by a specific recommendation of a technical advisory committee or particular action by the commission;

Page 14 of 29

(d) Unintended results from the integration of previously adopted Florida-specific amendments with the model code; $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$

(e) Changes to federal or state law; or

(f) Adoption of an updated edition of the National Electrical Code if the commission finds that delay of implementing the updated edition causes undue hardship to stakeholders or otherwise threatens the public health, safety, and welfare.

Section 10. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 553.74, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.74 Florida Building Commission. --

- (1) The Florida Building Commission is created and shall be located within the Department of Community Affairs for administrative purposes. Members shall be appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Senate. The commission shall be composed of 25 23 members, consisting of the following:
- (a) One architect registered to practice in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The American Institute of Architects, Florida Section, is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (b) One structural engineer registered to practice in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida

 Engineering Society is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (c) One air-conditioning or mechanical contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Air Conditioning Contractors

 Association, the Florida Refrigeration and Air Conditioning

Page 15 of 29

Contractors Association, and the Mechanical Contractors

Association of Florida are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

- (d) One electrical contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Electrical Contractors Association and the National Electrical Contractors Association, Florida Chapter, are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (e) One member from fire protection engineering or technology who is actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Chapter of the Society of Fire Protection Engineers and the Florida Fire Marshals and Inspectors Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (f) One general contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Associated Builders and Contractors of Florida, the Florida Associated General Contractors Council, and the Union Contractors Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (g) One plumbing contractor licensed to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Association of Plumbing, Heating, and Cooling Contractors is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (h) One roofing or sheet metal contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession.

 The Florida Roofing, Sheet Metal, and Air Conditioning

 Contractors Association and the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning

Page 16 of 29

Contractors National Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

- (i) One residential contractor licensed to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida

 Home Builders Association is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (j) Three members who are municipal or district codes enforcement officials, one of whom is also a fire official. The Building Officials Association of Florida and the Florida Fire Marshals and Inspectors Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (k) One member who represents the Department of Financial Services.
- (1) One member who is a county codes enforcement official.

 The Building Officials Association of Florida is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (m) One member of a Florida-based organization of persons with disabilities or a nationally chartered organization of persons with disabilities with chapters in this state.
- (n) One member of the manufactured buildings industry who is licensed to do business in this state and is actively engaged in the industry. The Florida Manufactured Housing Association is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (o) One mechanical or electrical engineer registered to practice in this state and actively engaged in the profession.

 The Florida Engineering Society is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

Page 17 of 29

(p) One member who is a representative of a municipality or a charter county. The Florida League of Cities and the Florida Association of Counties are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

- (q) One member of the building products manufacturing industry who is authorized to do business in this state and is actively engaged in the industry. The Florida Building Material Association, the Florida Concrete and Products Association, and the Fenestration Manufacturers Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (r) One member who is a representative of the building owners and managers industry who is actively engaged in commercial building ownership or management. The Building Owners and Managers Association is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (s) One member who is a representative of the insurance industry. The Florida Insurance Council is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (t) One member who is a representative of public education.
- (u) One member who is a swimming pool contractor licensed to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Swimming Pool Association and the United Pool and Spa Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
- (v) One member who is a representative of the green building industry and who is a third-party commission agent, a

Florida board member of the United States Green Building Council or Green Building Initiative, or a LEED-accredited professional.

(w) (w) (u) One member who shall be the chair.

Any person serving on the commission under paragraph (c) or paragraph (h) on October 1, 2003, and who has served less than two full terms is eligible for reappointment to the commission regardless of whether he or she meets the new qualification.

that of the chair who shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor. Each person who is a member of the Board of Building Codes and Standards on the effective date of this act shall serve the remainder of their term as a member of the Florida Building Commission. Except for the chair, newly created positions on the Florida Building Commission shall be appointed after February 1, 1999. A vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term. Any member who shall, during his or her term, cease to meet the qualifications for original appointment, through ceasing to be a practicing member of the profession indicated or otherwise, shall thereby forfeit membership on the commission.

Section 11. Section 553.75, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 553.75 Organization of commission; rules and regulations; meetings; staff; fiscal affairs; public comment.--
- (1) The commission shall meet on call of the secretary.

 The commission shall annually elect from its appointive members such officers as it may choose.

Page 19 of 29

(2) The commission shall meet at the call of its chair, at the request of a majority of its membership, at the request of the department, or at such times as may be prescribed by its rules. The members shall be notified in writing of the time and place of a regular or special meeting at least 7 days in advance of the meeting. A majority of members of the commission shall constitute a quorum.

- of administrative and staff support services relating to the functions of the commission. With respect to matters within the jurisdiction of the commission, the department shall be responsible for the implementation and faithful discharge of all decisions of the commission made pursuant to its authority under the provisions of this part. The department may use communications media technology in conducting meetings of the commission or any meetings held in conjunction with meetings of the commission.
- (4) Meetings of the commission shall be conducted so as to encourage participation by interested persons in attendance. At a minimum, the commission shall provide an opportunity for interested members of the public in attendance at a meeting to comment on each proposed action of the commission before a final vote is taken on any motion.
- Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 553.775, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 553.775 Interpretations.--

(5) The commission may render declaratory statements in accordance with s. 120.565 relating to the provisions of the

Page 20 of 29

Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction not attributable to the Americans with Disabilities Act

Accessibility Guidelines. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and chapter 11 of the Florida Building Code may not be interpreted by, and are not subject to review under, any of the procedures specified in this section. This subsection has no effect upon the commission's authority to waive the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction as provided by s. 553.512.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 553.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.80 Enforcement.--

- (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)-(f), each local government and each legally constituted enforcement district with statutory authority shall regulate building construction and, where authorized in the state agency's enabling legislation, each state agency shall enforce the Florida Building Code required by this part on all public or private buildings, structures, and facilities, unless such responsibility has been delegated to another unit of government pursuant to s. 553.79(9).
- (a) Construction regulations relating to correctional facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections and the Department of Juvenile Justice and secure mental health treatment facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Children and Family Services shall are to be enforced exclusively by those departments.

Page 21 of 29

The governing bodies of local governments may provide a schedule of fees, as authorized by s. 125.56(2) or s. 166.222 and this section, for the enforcement of the provisions of this part. Such fees shall be used solely for carrying out the local government's responsibilities in enforcing the Florida Building Code. The authority of state enforcing agencies to set fees for enforcement shall be derived from authority existing on July 1, 1998. However, nothing contained in this subsection shall operate to limit such agencies from adjusting their fee schedule in conformance with existing authority.

Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 553.844, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.844 Windstorm loss mitigation; requirements for roofs and opening protection.--

- (2) The Florida Building Commission shall:
- (b) Develop and adopt within the Florida Building Code a means to incorporate recognized mitigation techniques for sitebuilt, single-family residential structures constructed <u>before</u> prior to the implementation of the Florida Building Code, including, but not limited to:
- 1. Prescriptive techniques for the installation of gableend bracing;
- 2. Secondary water barriers for roofs and standards relating to secondary water barriers. The criteria may include, but need not be limited to, roof shape, slope, and composition of all elements of the roof system. The criteria may not be

Page 22 of 29

limited to a single method or material for a secondary water
barrier;

610

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618

619

620

621

622

623

624

625

626

627

628

629

630

631

632

633

634

635

636

637

- 3. Prescriptive techniques for improvement of roof-to-wall connections. The Legislature recognizes that the cost of retrofitting existing buildings to meet the code requirements for new construction in this regard may exceed the practical benefit to be attained. The Legislature intends for the commission to provide for the integration of alternate, lowercost means that may be employed to retrofit existing buildings that are not otherwise required to comply with the requirements of the Florida Building Code for new construction so that the cost of such improvements does not exceed approximately 15 percent of the cost of reroofing. For houses that have both hip and gable roof ends, priority shall be given to retrofit the gable end roof-to-wall connections unless the width of the hip is more than 1.5 times greater than the width of the gable end. Priority shall be given to connecting the corners of roofs to walls below the locations at which the spans of the roofing members are greatest;
- 4. Strengthening or correcting roof-decking attachments and fasteners during reroofing; and
 - 5. Adding or strengthening opening protections.
- Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 553.885, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 553.885 Carbon monoxide alarm required.--
- (1) Every building, other than a hospital, hospice facility, or nursing home facility, for which a building permit is issued for new construction on or after July 1, 2008, and

Page 23 of 29

having a fossil-fuel-burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage shall have an approved operational carbon monoxide alarm installed within 10 feet of each room used for sleeping purposes. For a new hospital, hospice facility, or nursing home facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration, an operational carbon monoxide detector shall be installed inside or directly outside of each room or area within the building where a fossil-fuel-burning heater, engine, or appliance is located. The detector shall be connected to the fire alarm system of the facility as a supervisory signal.

Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--
- (6) CITIZENS PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION. --
- (a)1. It is the public purpose of this subsection to ensure the existence of an orderly market for property insurance for Floridians and Florida businesses. The Legislature finds that private insurers are unwilling or unable to provide affordable property insurance coverage in this state to the extent sought and needed. The absence of affordable property insurance threatens the public health, safety, and welfare and likewise threatens the economic health of the state. The state therefore has a compelling public interest and a public purpose to assist in assuring that property in the state is insured and that it is insured at affordable rates so as to facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health, safety, and

Page 24 of 29

666

667

668

669

670

671

672

673

674

675

676

677

678

679

680

681

682

683

684

685

686

687

688

689

690

691

692

693

welfare, to the economy of the state, and to the revenues of the state and local governments which are needed to provide for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide affordable property insurance to applicants who are in good faith entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this subsection that affordable property insurance be provided and that it continue to be provided, as long as necessary, through Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, a government entity that is an integral part of the state, and that is not a private insurance company. To that end, Citizens Property Insurance Corporation shall strive to increase the availability of affordable property insurance in this state, while achieving efficiencies and economies, and while providing service to policyholders, applicants, and agents which is no less than the quality generally provided in the voluntary market, for the achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is essential for this government entity to have the maximum financial resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it is the intent of the Legislature that Citizens Property Insurance Corporation continue to be an integral part of the state and that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation.

2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association originally created by this statute shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property

Page 25 of 29

694

695

696

697

698

699

700

701

702

703

704

705

706

707

708

709

710

711

712

713

714

715

716

717

718

719

720

721

Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance for residential and commercial property, for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The corporation shall operate pursuant to a plan of operation approved by order of the Financial Services Commission. The plan is subject to continuous review by the commission. The commission may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if the commission determines that conditions have changed since approval was granted and that the purposes of the plan require changes in the plan. The corporation shall continue to operate pursuant to the plan of operation approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation until October 1, 2006. For the purposes of this subsection, residential coverage includes both personal lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment building, and similar policies.

- 3. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "homestead property" means:
- a. Property that has been granted a homestead exemption under chapter 196;
- b. Property for which the owner has a current, written lease with a renter for a term of at least 7 months and for which the dwelling is insured by the corporation for \$200,000 or less;

Page 26 of 29

c. An owner-occupied mobile home or manufactured home, as defined in s. 320.01, which is permanently affixed to real property, is owned by a Florida resident, and has been granted a homestead exemption under chapter 196 or, if the owner does not own the real property, the owner certifies that the mobile home or manufactured home is his or her principal place of residence;

d. Tenant's coverage;

- e. Commercial lines residential property; or
- f. Any county, district, or municipal hospital; a hospital licensed by any not-for-profit corporation qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code; or a continuing care retirement community that is certified under chapter 651 and that receives an exemption from ad valorem taxes under chapter 196.
- 4. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "nonhomestead property" means property that is not homestead property.
- 5. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines residential structure that has a dwelling replacement cost of \$1 million or more, or a single condominium unit that has a combined dwelling and content replacement cost of \$1 million or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation. Such dwellings insured by the corporation on December 31, 2008, may continue to be covered by the corporation until the end of the policy term. However, such dwellings that are insured by the corporation and become ineligible for coverage due to the provisions of this subparagraph may reapply and obtain coverage in the high-risk account and be considered "nonhomestead property" if the

Page 27 of 29

property owner provides the corporation with a sworn affidavit from one or more insurance agents, on a form provided by the corporation, stating that the agents have made their best efforts to obtain coverage and that the property has been rejected for coverage by at least one authorized insurer and at least three surplus lines insurers. If such conditions are met, the dwelling may be insured by the corporation for up to 3 years, after which time the dwelling is ineligible for coverage. The office shall approve the method used by the corporation for valuing the dwelling replacement cost for the purposes of this subparagraph. If a policyholder is insured by the corporation prior to being determined to be ineligible pursuant to this subparagraph and such policyholder files a lawsuit challenging the determination, the policyholder may remain insured by the corporation until the conclusion of the litigation.

- 6. For any new building or structure for which a building permit application is filed properties constructed on or after January 1, 2009, the corporation may not insure any such building or structure property located within 2,500 feet landward of the coastal construction control line created pursuant to s. 161.053 unless the building or structure property meets the requirements of the code-plus building standards developed by the Florida Building Commission.
- 7. It is the intent of the Legislature that policyholders, applicants, and agents of the corporation receive service and treatment of the highest possible level but never less than that generally provided in the voluntary market. It also is intended that the corporation be held to service standards no less than

Page 28 of 29

those applied to insurers in the voluntary market by the office with respect to responsiveness, timeliness, customer courtesy, and overall dealings with policyholders, applicants, or agents of the corporation.

- 8. Effective January 1, 2009, a personal lines residential structure that is located in the "wind-borne debris region," as defined in s. 1609.2, International Building Code (2006), and that has an insured value on the structure of \$750,000 or more is not eligible for coverage by the corporation unless the structure has opening protections as required under the Florida Building Code for a newly constructed residential structure in that area. A residential structure shall be deemed to comply with the requirements of this subparagraph if it has shutters or opening protections on all openings and if such opening protections complied with the Florida Building Code at the time they were installed.
- Section 17. (1) Section 553.731, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
- (2) The repeal of section 553.731, Florida Statutes, shall not be construed or interpreted to diminish, or to authorize changes that diminish, the provisions of the Florida Building Code relating to wind resistance or water intrusion adopted as required by chapter 2007-1, Laws of Florida.
- Section 18. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2008.