## CHAMBER ACTION

<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>

Representative Kendrick offered the following:

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## Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove lines 50-98 and insert:

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Section 1. Subsection (18) is added to section 253.03, Florida Statutes, to read:

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253.03 Board of trustees to administer state lands; lands enumerated.--

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Trust Fund shall ensure the preservation and regeneration of seagrass, as defined in s. 253.04(4)(b)2., by providing for the establishment of seagrass mitigation banks, pursuant to s.

(18) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement

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373.4136, to offset the unavoidable impacts of projects where

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such banks meet the applicable public interest test of chapters

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253 and 258. This subsection shall not prohibit mitigation for impacts to seagrass or other habitats on sovereignty submerged

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lands for other types of projects, or for projects occurring on nonsovereign submerged lands, upon applicable approval of the board of trustees.

Section 2. Subsections (4) through (7) of section 253.04, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (8), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section to read:

- 253.04 Duty of board to protect, etc., state lands; state may join in any action brought.--
- (4) (a) The duty to conserve and improve state-owned lands and the products thereof shall include the preservation and regeneration of seagrass, which is deemed essential to the oceans, gulfs, estuaries, and shorelines of the state.
- (b) Any person operating a vessel outside a lawfully marked channel in a careless manner that causes seagrass scarring within an aquatic preserve established in ss. 258.39-258.399 with the exception of the Lake Jackson, Wekiva River, and Rainbow River aquatic preserves, commits a civil infraction, punishable as provided in s. 327.73. Each violation is a separate offense. As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Seagrass scarring" means the destruction of roots, shoots, or stems of seagrass plants that results in tracks on the substrate caused by the operation of a motorized vessel in waters supporting seagrasses, commonly known as prop-scars or propeller scars.
- 2. "Seagrasses" means Cuban shoal grass (Halodule
  wrightii), turtle grass (Thalassia testudinum), manatee grass
  (Syringodium filiforme), star grass (Halophila engelmannii),
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paddle grass (Halophila decipiens), Johnson's seagrass
(Halophila johnsonii), or widgeon grass (Ruppia maritima).

- (c) Any violation of this subsection is a violation of the boating laws of this state and shall be charged on a uniform boating citation as provided in s. 327.74. Any person who refuses to post a bond or accept and sign a uniform boating citation commits a misdemeanor of the second degree as provided in s. 327.73(3), punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (d) All civil penalties imposed and collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and used solely to implement, administer, and enforce this subsection; provide for seagrass restoration; conduct a program to educate vessel operators about the need to protect seagrasses from damage caused by the operation of vessels; and fund the marking of seagrass.
- (e) The board shall, by rule, provide for the selection of private sector companies that use scientifically established techniques utilizing containerized fine grain sediment to stabilize seagrass scars and damage to seagrasses from boat groundings and use proven methods to establish the recolonization of seagrasses. Such restoration and recolonization efforts shall be accomplished without cost to the state. Mitigation credits shall be provided for efforts that achieve successful restoration of damaged seagrass beds and creation of new seagrass beds. Such credits shall be determined by the uniform mitigation assessment methodology. The board shall

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## TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 3-20 and insert:

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life; amending s. 253.03, F.S.; requiring the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to provide for the establishment of seagrass mitigation banks for specified purposes; amending s. 253.04, F.S.; providing that careless operation of a vessel outside a marked channel that causes seagrass scarring within certain aquatic preserves is a civil infraction; defining the terms "seagrass scarring" and "seagrasses"; providing that refusal to post bond or sign a boating citation is a second degree misdemeanor; providing criminal penalties; requiring that civil penalties collected for the careless operation of a vessel causing seagrass scarring be deposited into the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and used for specified purposes; requiring the board to adopt rules for the stabilization of propeller scarring and boat groundings; providing mitigation credits for restored and created seagrasses; specifying a methodology for determining such credits; requiring the board to conduct pilot projects in certain