

	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate . House
	Comm: FAV . 2/20/2008 .
1	The Committee on Higher Education (Oelrich) recommended the
2	following amendment:
3	
4	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
5	Delete everything after the enacting clause
6	and insert:
7	
8	Section 1. Section 1009.89, Florida Statutes, is amended
9	to read:
10	1009.89 The William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access
11	grants
12	(1) The Legislature finds and declares that independent
13	nonprofit colleges and universities eligible to participate in
14	the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program
15	are an integral part of the higher education system in this
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state and that a significant number of state residents choose 16 this form of higher education. The Legislature further finds 17 18 that a strong and viable system of independent nonprofit colleges and universities reduces the tax burden on the citizens 19 20 of the state. Because The William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident 21 Access Grant Program is not related to a student's financial 22 need or other criteria upon which financial aid programs are based, it is the intent of the Legislature that the William L. 23 24 Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program not be 25 considered a financial aid program but rather a tuition 26 assistance program for its citizens.

(2) The William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant
Program shall be administered by the Department of Education.
The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the
administration of the program.

The department shall issue through the program a 31 (3) 32 William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant to any fulltime degree-seeking undergraduate student registered at an 33 34 independent nonprofit college or university that which is 35 located in and chartered by the state; that which is accredited 36 by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of 37 Colleges and Schools; that which grants baccalaureate degrees; 38 that has a mean retention rate, based on data for baccalaureate-39 degree-seeking students reported the prior year to the federal 40 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, which is no more 41 than two standard deviations below the mean retention rate for 42 all public and private baccalaureate degree-granting 43 institutions in the state; that which is not a state university

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44 or state community college; and that which has a secular purpose, so long as the receipt of state aid by students at the 45 46 institution would not have the primary effect of advancing or impeding religion or result in an excessive entanglement between 47 the state and any religious sect. Any independent college or 48 49 university that was eligible to receive tuition vouchers on 50 January 1, 1989, and that which continues to meet the criteria under which its eligibility was established, shall remain 51 eligible to receive William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access 52 53 grant payments. An institution that does not meet the required retention rate on July 1, 2008, remains eligible to participate 54 55 until July 1, 2011.

56 (4) A person is eligible to receive such William L. Boyd,
57 IV, Florida resident access grant if:

(a) He or she meets the general requirements, including
residency, for student eligibility as provided in s. 1009.40,
except as otherwise provided in this section; and

(b)1. He or she is enrolled as a full-time undergraduatestudent at an eligible college or university;

63 2. He or she is not enrolled in a program of study leading
64 to a degree in theology or divinity; and

3. He or she <u>maintains a cumulative grade point average of</u>
<u>at least 2.25 on a 4.0 scale and earns 12 hours of academic</u>
<u>credit for each semester, or the equivalent for each quarter,</u>
<u>that he or she receives an award;</u> is making satisfactory
<u>academic progress as defined by the college or university in</u>

70 which he or she is enrolled.



71	4. He or she files with the department information
72	concerning financial need on a form approved by the department;
73	and
74	5. He or she demonstrates unmet financial need at the
75	institution where he or she is enrolled.
76	(5)(a) Funding for the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida
77	Resident Access Grant Program shall be based on a formula
78	composed of planned enrollment and the state cost of funding
79	undergraduate enrollment at public institutions pursuant to s.
80	1011.90. The amount of the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident
81	access grant issued to a full-time student shall be an amount as
82	specified in the General Appropriations Act. The William L.
83	Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant may be paid on a
84	prorated basis in advance of the registration period. The
85	department shall make such payments to the college or university
86	in which the student is enrolled for credit to the student's
87	account for payment of tuition and fees. Institutions shall
88	certify to the department the amount of funds disbursed to each
89	student and shall remit to the department any undisbursed
90	advances or refunds within 60 days of the end of regular
91	registration. Each institution shall annually remit to the
92	department the amount of the grant expended under this program
93	for each student who failed to maintain a cumulative grade point
94	average of at least 2.25 on a 4.0 scale or who failed to earn 12
95	hours of academic credit for each semester, or the equivalent
96	for each quarter, that he or she received an award. Students
97	shall not be eligible to receive the award for more than <u>8</u> 9

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98 semesters or <u>an equivalent number of 14</u> quarters, except as 99 otherwise provided in s. 1009.40(3).

(b) If the combined amount of the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant issued pursuant to this act and all other scholarships and grants for tuition or fees exceeds the amount charged to the student for tuition and fees, the department shall reduce the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant issued pursuant to this act by an amount equal to such excess.

107 (6) If the number of eligible students exceeds the total
108 authorized in the General Appropriations Act, an institution may
109 use its own resources to assure that each eligible student
110 receives the full benefit of the grant amount authorized.

111 Section 2. Section 1009.891, Florida Statutes, is amended 112 to read:

113 1009.891 The Access to Better Learning and Education Grant 114 Program.--

115 The Legislature finds and declares that independent (1)116 for-profit colleges and universities eligible to participate in the Access to Better Learning and Education Grant Program are an 117 118 integral part of the higher education system in this state and that a significant number of state residents choose this form of 119 120 higher education. The Legislature further finds that strong, 121 viable independent for-profit colleges and universities reduce the tax burden on the residents of the state. Because The Access 122 123 to Better Learning and Education Grant Program is not related to a student's financial need or other criteria upon which 124 125 financial aid programs are based, it is the intent of the

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126 Legislature that the Access to Better Learning and Education 127 Grant Program not be considered a financial aid program but 128 rather a tuition assistance program for state residents.

129 (2) The Access to Better Learning and Education Grant
130 Program shall be administered by the Department of Education.
131 The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for administering
132 the program.

133 The department shall issue an access grant to any (3) 134 full-time student seeking a baccalaureate degree who is 135 registered at a for-profit college or university that is located 136 in and chartered by the state and that is accredited by the 137 Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges 138 and Schools or who is registered at a nonprofit college or university that is chartered out of the state, that has been 139 located in the state for 10 years or more, and that is 140 accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern 141 142 Association of Colleges and Schools, the Middle States 143 Association of Colleges and Schools, the North Central 144 Association of Colleges and Schools, or the New England Association of Colleges and Schools; that grants baccalaureate 145 146 degrees; that has a mean retention rate, based on data reported 147 to the federal Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, 148 which is no more than two standard deviations below the mean 149 retention rate for all public and private baccalaureate degree-150 granting institutions in the state; that is not a state 151 university or state community college; and that has a secular purpose, if the receipt of state aid by students at the 152 153 institution would not have the primary effect of advancing or

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154 impeding religion or result in an excessive entanglement between 155 the state and any religious sect. Institutions eligible for the Access to Better Learning and Education Grant Program in the 156 initial year of funding shall include only those for-profit 157 colleges or universities identified in this subsection. 158 Nonprofit colleges or universities identified in this subsection 159 160 shall be eligible for financial support in the second year of 161 funding. An institution that does not meet the required retention rate on July 1, 2008, remains eligible to participate 162 163 until July 1, 2011. 164 (4) A person is eligible to receive an access grant if: 165 (a) He or she meets the general requirements, including residency, for student eligibility as provided in s. 1009.40, 166 except as otherwise provided in this section; and 167

(b)1. He or she is enrolled as a full-time undergraduate student at an eligible college or university in a program of study leading to a baccalaureate degree;

171 2. He or she is not enrolled in a program of study leading
172 to a degree in theology or divinity; and

3. He or she <u>maintains a cumulative grade point average of</u>
at least 2.25 on a 4.0 scale and earns 12 hours of academic
credit for each semester, or the equivalent for each quarter,
that he or she receives an award; is making satisfactory
academic progress as defined by the college or university in
which he or she is enrolled.

179 <u>4. He or she files with the department information</u>
 180 <u>concerning financial need on a form approved by the department;</u>
 181 <u>and</u>

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182 5. He or she demonstrates unmet financial need at the 183 institution where he or she is enrolled. 184 (5) (a) The amount of the access grant issued to a full-185 time student shall be an amount specified in the General 186 Appropriations Act. The access grant may be paid on a prorated 187 basis in advance of the registration period. The department 188 shall make payments to the college or university in which the 189 student is enrolled for credit to the student's account for 190 payment of tuition and fees. Institutions shall certify to the 191 department the amount of funds disbursed to each student and 192 shall remit to the department any undisbursed advances or 193 refunds within 60 days after the end of regular registration. 194 Each institution shall annually remit to the department the 195 amount of tuition assistance expended under this program for 196 each student who failed to maintain a cumulative grade point 197 average of at least 2.25 on a 4.0 scale or who failed to earn 12 198 hours of academic credit for each semester, or the equivalent 199 for each quarter, that he or she received an award. A student 200 may not receive the award for more than 8 $\frac{9}{9}$ semesters or an 201 equivalent number of 14 quarters, except as otherwise provided in s. 1009.40(3). 202

(b) If the combined amount of the access grant issued pursuant to this section and all other scholarships and grants for tuition or fees exceeds the amount charged to the student for tuition and fees, the department shall reduce the grant issued under this section by an amount equal to the excess.

(6) If the number of eligible students exceeds the totalauthorized in the General Appropriations Act, an institution may



210	use its own resources to assure that each eligible student
211	receives the full benefit of the grant amount authorized.
212	(7) This section shall be implemented only to the extent
213	specifically funded and authorized by law.
214	Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
215	
216	=========== TITLE AMENDMENT ==============
217	And the title is amended as follows:
218	Delete everything before the enacting clause
219	and insert:
220	A bill to be entitled
221	An act relating to student financial aid; amending ss.
222	1009.89 and 1009.891, F.S., relating to the William L.
223	Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program and the
224	Access to Better Learning and Education Grant Program;
225	deleting provisions indicating that the programs are
226	tuition assistance programs rather than financial aid
227	programs; requiring that an institution meet a specified
228	retention rate in order to participate in either program;
229	requiring that a student receiving an award under either
230	program maintain a specified grade point average, earn a
231	certain amount of academic credit each semester or
232	equivalent term, file certain information with the
233	Department of Education concerning financial need, and
234	demonstrate unmet financial need at the institution;
235	requiring institutions participating in either program to
236	remit to the department the amount of tuition assistance
237	expended for students who fail to meet certain



238 requirements; limiting the period during which a student 239 may receive an award of tuition assistance; providing an 240 effective date.