

	CHAMBER ACTION
	Senate . House
	Comm: WD .
	2/20/2008 .
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1	The Committee on Higher Education (Bennett) recommended the
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∠ 3	following substitute for amendment (393502):
4	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
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6	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
7	Section 1. Section 1009.89, Florida Statutes , is amended
, 8	to read:
9	1009.89 The William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access
10	grants
11	(1) The Legislature finds and declares that independent
12	nonprofit colleges and universities eligible to participate in
13	the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program
14	are an integral part of the higher education system in this
15	state and that a significant number of state residents choose
	Page 1 of 9 2/21/2008 2:52:00 PM 589-04184-08

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this form of higher education. The Legislature further finds 16 that a strong and viable system of independent nonprofit 17 18 colleges and universities reduces the tax burden on the citizens 19 of the state. Because the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident 20 Access Grant Program is not related to a student's financial 21 need or other criteria upon which financial aid programs are 22 based, it is the intent of the Legislature that the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program not be 23 considered a financial aid program but rather a tuition 24 25 assistance program for its citizens.

(2) The William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant
Program shall be administered by the Department of Education.
The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the
administration of the program.

30 The department shall issue through the program a (3) 31 William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant to any full-32 time degree-seeking undergraduate student registered at an independent nonprofit college or university that which is 33 34 located in and chartered by the state; that which is accredited 35 by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of 36 Colleges and Schools; which grants baccalaureate degrees; that 37 has a mean retention rate, based on data reported to the federal 38 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, which is no more 39 than two standard deviations below the mean retention rate for all public and private baccalaureate degree-granting 40 41 institutions in the state; that which is not a state university 42 or state community college; and that which has a secular 43 purpose, so long as the receipt of state aid by students at the

Page 2 of 9



44 institution would not have the primary effect of advancing or 45 impeding religion or result in an excessive entanglement between 46 the state and any religious sect. Any independent college or 47 university that was eligible to receive tuition vouchers on 48 January 1, 1989, and that which continues to meet the criteria 49 under which its eligibility was established, shall remain 50 eligible to receive William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant payments. An institution that does not meet the required 51 52 retention rate by July 1 of each year remains eligible for state 53 funding to provide educational services to students for 3 years 54 thereafter. Three consecutive years of retention rates lower 55 than two standard deviations from the mean renders an 56 institution ineligible to receive the Florida resident access 57 grant. The institution remains ineligible until its annual retention rate is not lower than two standard deviations below 58 59 the mean.

60 (4) A person is eligible to receive such William L. Boyd,61 IV, Florida resident access grant if:

(a) He or she meets the general requirements, including
residency, for student eligibility as provided in s. 1009.40,
except as otherwise provided in this section; and

(b)1. He or she is enrolled as a full-time undergraduatestudent at an eligible college or university;

67 2. He or she is not enrolled in a program of study leading68 to a degree in theology or divinity; and

69 3. He or she is making satisfactory academic progress as
70 defined by the college or university in which he or she is
71 enrolled.

Page 3 of 9

2/21/2008 2:52:00 PM



72 (5) (a) Funding for the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida 73 Resident Access Grant Program shall be based on a formula 74 composed of planned enrollment and the state cost of funding 75 undergraduate enrollment at public institutions pursuant to s. 76 1011.90. The amount of the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident 77 access grant issued to a full-time student shall be an amount as 78 specified in the General Appropriations Act. The William L. 79 Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grant may be paid on a 80 prorated basis in advance of the registration period. The 81 department shall make such payments to the college or university in which the student is enrolled for credit to the student's 82 account for payment of tuition and fees. Institutions shall 83 84 certify to the department the amount of funds disbursed to each 85 student and shall remit to the department any undisbursed advances or refunds within 60 days of the end of regular 86 registration. Students shall not be eligible to receive the 87 88 award for more than 9 semesters or 14 quarters, except as 89 otherwise provided in s. 1009.40(3).

90 (b) If the combined amount of the William L. Boyd, IV, 91 Florida resident access grant issued pursuant to this act and 92 all other scholarships and grants for tuition or fees exceeds 93 the amount charged to the student for tuition and fees, the 94 department shall reduce the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida 95 resident access grant issued pursuant to this act by an amount 96 equal to such excess.

97 (6) If the number of eligible students exceeds the total98 authorized in the General Appropriations Act, an institution may

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99 use its own resources to assure that each eligible student 100 receives the full benefit of the grant amount authorized.

101 Section 2. Section 1009.891, Florida Statutes, is amended 102 to read:

103 1009.891 The Access to Better Learning and Education Grant 104 Program.--

105 The Legislature finds and declares that independent (1)106 for-profit colleges and universities eligible to participate in 107 the Access to Better Learning and Education Grant Program are an 108 integral part of the higher education system in this state and 109 that a significant number of state residents choose this form of 110 higher education. The Legislature further finds that strong, 111 viable independent for-profit colleges and universities reduce the tax burden on the residents of the state. Because the Access 112 113 to Better Learning and Education Grant Program is not related to a student's financial need or other criteria upon which 114 115 financial aid programs are based, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Access to Better Learning and Education 116 117 Grant Program not be considered a financial aid program but 118 rather a tuition assistance program for state residents.

(2) The Access to Better Learning and Education Grant
Program shall be administered by the Department of Education.
The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for administering
the program.

(3) The department shall issue an access grant to any
full-time student seeking a baccalaureate degree who is
registered at a for-profit college or university that is located
in and chartered by the state and that is accredited by the



127 Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges 128 and Schools or who is registered at a nonprofit college or 129 university that is chartered out of the state, that has been 130 located in the state for 10 years or more, and that is accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern 131 132 Association of Colleges and Schools, the Middle States 133 Association of Colleges and Schools, the North Central 134 Association of Colleges and Schools, or the New England 135 Association of Colleges and Schools; that grants baccalaureate 136 degrees; that has a mean retention rate, based on data reported 137 to the federal Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, 138 which is no more than two standard deviations below the mean retention rate for all public and private baccalaureate degree-139 140 granting institutions in the state; that is not a state 141 university or state community college; and that has a secular purpose, if the receipt of state aid by students at the 142 143 institution would not have the primary effect of advancing or 144 impeding religion or result in an excessive entanglement between 145 the state and any religious sect. Institutions eligible for the Access to Better Learning and Education Grant Program in the 146 147 initial year of funding shall include only those for-profit colleges or universities identified in this subsection. 148 149 Nonprofit colleges or universities identified in this subsection 150 shall be eligible for financial support in the second year of 151 funding. An institution that does not meet the required 152 retention rate on July 1 of each year, remains eligible for 153 state funding to provide educational services to students for 3 154 years thereafter. Three consecutive years of retention rates

Page 6 of 9

2/21/2008 2:52:00 PM



155 lower than two standard deviations from the mean renders an 156 institution ineligible to receive the Access to Better Learning 157 and Education grant. The institution remains ineligible until its annual retention rate is not lower than two standard 158 deviations below the mean. 159 160 (4) A person is eligible to receive an access grant if: 161 (a) He or she meets the general requirements, including 162 residency, for student eligibility as provided in s. 1009.40, 163 except as otherwise provided in this section; and 164 (b)1. He or she is enrolled as a full-time undergraduate 165 student at an eligible college or university in a program of 166 study leading to a baccalaureate degree; 167 2. He or she is not enrolled in a program of study leading to a degree in theology or divinity; and 168 3. He or she is making satisfactory academic progress as 169 defined by the college or university in which he or she is 170 171 enrolled. (5) (a) The amount of the access grant issued to a full-172 173 time student shall be an amount specified in the General Appropriations Act. The access grant may be paid on a prorated 174 175 basis in advance of the registration period. The department shall make payments to the college or university in which the 176 student is enrolled for credit to the student's account for 177 178 payment of tuition and fees. Institutions shall certify to the 179 department the amount of funds disbursed to each student and 180 shall remit to the department any undisbursed advances or refunds within 60 days after the end of regular registration. A 181



182 student may not receive the award for more than 9 semesters or 183 14 quarters, except as otherwise provided in s. 1009.40(3).

(b) If the combined amount of the access grant issued
pursuant to this section and all other scholarships and grants
for tuition or fees exceeds the amount charged to the student
for tuition and fees, the department shall reduce the grant
issued under this section by an amount equal to the excess.

(6) If the number of eligible students exceeds the total
authorized in the General Appropriations Act, an institution may
use its own resources to assure that each eligible student
receives the full benefit of the grant amount authorized.

(7) This section shall be implemented only to the extentspecifically funded and authorized by law.

195 Section 3. For a student to be eligible to receive any state financial assistance, including tuition assistance, other 196 197 than need-based aid, the state university or community college, 198 as defined in chapter 1004, Florida Statutes, which the student 199 is attending must have a mean retention rate, based on data 200 reported to the federal Integrated Postsecondary Education Data 201 System, which is no more than two standard deviations below the mean retention rate for all public and private degree-granting 202 203 institutions in the state. An institution that does not meet the 204 required retention rate on July 1 of each year remains eligible 205 for state funding to provide educational services to students 206 for 3 years thereafter. Three consecutive years of retention 207 rates lower than two standard deviations from the mean renders 208 an institution ineligible to receive such state financial assistance. The institution remains ineligible until its annual 209



210	retention rate is not lower than two standard deviations below
211	the mean.
212	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
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214	========== TITLE AMENDMENT ===========
215	And the title is amended as follows:
216	Delete everything before the enacting clause
217	and insert:
218	A bill to be entitled
219	An act relating to tuition assistance; amending ss.
220	1009.89 and 1009.891, F.S.; requiring that a private
221	university or college meet a specified retention rate by a
222	certain date each year in order to participate in the
223	William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program
224	or the Access to Better Learning and Education Grant
225	Program; requiring a state university or college to meet
226	such retention rate by a certain date each year in order
227	to receive state financial assistance; providing that an
228	institution remains eligible for state funding for a
229	certain period of time after it does not meet the
230	retention rate; providing that an institution that does
231	not meet the annual retention rate for a consecutive
232	number of years is ineligible to receive funds until the
233	retention rate improves; providing an effective date.

Page 9 of 9