

1                                   A bill to be entitled  
2       An act relating to health care fraud and abuse; amending  
3       s. 400.462, F.S.; revising and adding definitions;  
4       amending s. 400.464, F.S.; authorizing a home infusion  
5       therapy provider to be licensed as a nurse registry;  
6       deleting provisions related to Medicare reimbursement;  
7       amending s. 400.471, F.S.; requiring an applicant for a  
8       home health agency license to submit to the Agency for  
9       Health Care Administration a business plan and evidence of  
10      contingency funding, and disclose other controlling  
11      ownership interests in health care entities; requiring  
12      certain standards in documentation demonstrating financial  
13      ability to operate; requiring home health agencies to  
14      maintain certain accreditation to maintain licensure;  
15      permitting certain accrediting organizations to submit  
16      surveys regarding licensure of home health agencies;  
17      prohibiting the agency from issuing an initial license to  
18      an applicant for a home health agency license which is  
19      located within a certain distance of a licensed home  
20      health agency that has common controlling interests;  
21      prohibiting the transfer of an application to another home  
22      health agency before issuance of the license; requiring  
23      submission of an initial application to relocate a  
24      licensed home health agency to another geographic service  
25      area; amending s. 400.474, F.S.; providing additional  
26      grounds under which the Agency for Health Care  
27      Administration may take disciplinary action against a  
28      home health agency; creating s. 400.476, F.S.;

29 | establishing staffing requirements for home health  
30 | agencies; reducing the number of home health agencies that  
31 | an administrator or director of nursing may serve;  
32 | requiring that an alternate administrator be designated in  
33 | writing; limiting the period that a home health agency  
34 | that provides skilled nursing care may operate without a  
35 | director of nursing; requiring notification upon the  
36 | termination and replacement of a director of nursing;  
37 | requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to  
38 | take administrative enforcement action against a home  
39 | health agency for noncompliance with the notification and  
40 | staffing requirements for a director of nursing; providing  
41 | for fines; exempting a home health agency that is not  
42 | Medicare or Medicaid certified and does not provide  
43 | skilled care or provides only physical, occupational, or  
44 | speech therapy from requirements related to a director of  
45 | nursing; providing training requirements for certified  
46 | nursing assistants and home health aides; amending s.  
47 | 400.484, F.S.; requiring the agency to impose  
48 | administrative fines for certain deficiencies; increasing  
49 | the administrative fines imposed for certain deficiencies;  
50 | amending s. 400.491, F.S.; extending the period that a  
51 | home health agency must retain records of the nonskilled  
52 | care it provides; amending s. 400.497, F.S.; requiring  
53 | that the Agency for Health Care Administration adopt rules  
54 | related to standards for the director of nursing of a home  
55 | health agency, requirements for a director of nursing to  
56 | submit certified staff activity logs pursuant to an agency

57 request, quality assurance programs, and inspections  
58 related to an application for a change in ownership;  
59 amending s. 400.506, F.S.; providing training requirements  
60 for certified nursing assistants and home health aides  
61 referred for contract by a nurse registry; providing for  
62 the denial, suspension, or revocation of nurse registry  
63 license and fines for paying remuneration to certain  
64 entities in exchange for patient referrals or refusing  
65 fair remuneration in exchange for patient referrals;  
66 amending s. 400.518, F.S.; providing for a fine to be  
67 imposed against a home health agency that provides  
68 complimentary staffing to an assisted care community in  
69 exchange for patient referrals; amending s, 409.901, F.S.;  
70 defining the term "change of ownership"; amending s.  
71 409.907, F.S.; revising provisions relating to change of  
72 ownership of Medicaid provider agreements; providing for  
73 continuing financial liability of a transferor under  
74 certain circumstances; defining the term "outstanding  
75 overpayment"; requiring the transferor to provide notice  
76 of change of ownership to the agency within a specified  
77 time period; requiring the transferee to submit a Medicaid  
78 provider enrollment application to the agency; providing  
79 for joint and several liability under certain  
80 circumstances; requiring a written payment plan for  
81 certain outstanding financial obligations; providing  
82 conditions under which additional enrollment effective  
83 dates apply; amending s. 409.910, F.S.; conforming a  
84 cross-reference; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; requiring the

85 agency to limit its network of Medicaid durable medical  
 86 equipment and medical supply providers; prohibiting  
 87 reimbursement for dates of service after a certain date;  
 88 requiring accreditation; requiring direct provision of  
 89 services or supplies; authorizing a provider to store  
 90 nebulizers at a physician's office under certain  
 91 circumstances; imposing certain physical location  
 92 requirements; requiring a provider to maintain a certain  
 93 stock of equipment and supplies; requiring a surety bond;  
 94 requiring background screenings of employees; providing  
 95 for certain exemptions; requiring the Agency for Health  
 96 Care Administration to review the process for prior  
 97 authorization of home health agency visits and determine  
 98 whether modifications to the process are necessary;  
 99 requiring the agency to report to the Legislature on the  
 100 feasibility of accessing the Medicare system to determine  
 101 recipient eligibility for home health services; providing  
 102 an effective date.

103  
 104 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

105  
 106 Section 1. Section 400.462, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 107 to read:

108 400.462 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

109 (1) "Administrator" means a direct employee, as defined in  
 110 subsection (9), who is. ~~The administrator must be~~ a licensed  
 111 physician, physician assistant, or registered nurse licensed to  
 112 practice in this state or an individual having at least 1 year

113 of supervisory or administrative experience in home health care  
114 or in a facility licensed under chapter 395, under part II of  
115 this chapter, or under part I of chapter 429. ~~An administrator~~  
116 ~~may manage a maximum of five licensed home health agencies~~  
117 ~~located within one agency service district or within an~~  
118 ~~immediately contiguous county. If the home health agency is~~  
119 ~~licensed under this chapter and is part of a retirement~~  
120 ~~community that provides multiple levels of care, an employee of~~  
121 ~~the retirement community may administer the home health agency~~  
122 ~~and up to a maximum of four entities licensed under this chapter~~  
123 ~~or chapter 429 that are owned, operated, or managed by the same~~  
124 ~~corporate entity. An administrator shall designate, in writing,~~  
125 ~~for each licensed entity, a qualified alternate administrator to~~  
126 ~~serve during absences.~~

127 (2) "Admission" means a decision by the home health  
128 agency, during or after an evaluation visit to the patient's  
129 home, that there is reasonable expectation that the patient's  
130 medical, nursing, and social needs for skilled care can be  
131 adequately met by the agency in the patient's place of  
132 residence. Admission includes completion of an agreement with  
133 the patient or the patient's legal representative to provide  
134 home health services as required in s. 400.487(1).

135 (3) "Advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a  
136 person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing  
137 and certified in advanced or specialized nursing practice, as  
138 defined in s. 464.003.

139 (4) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care  
140 Administration.

141 (5) "Certified nursing assistant" means any person who has  
 142 been issued a certificate under part II of chapter 464. ~~The~~  
 143 ~~licensed home health agency or licensed nurse registry shall~~  
 144 ~~ensure that the certified nursing assistant employed by or under~~  
 145 ~~contract with the home health agency or licensed nurse registry~~  
 146 ~~is adequately trained to perform the tasks of a home health aide~~  
 147 ~~in the home setting.~~

148 (6) "Client" means an elderly, handicapped, or  
 149 convalescent individual who receives companion services or  
 150 homemaker services in the individual's home or place of  
 151 residence.

152 (7) "Companion" or "sitter" means a person who spends time  
 153 with or cares for an elderly, handicapped, or convalescent  
 154 individual and accompanies such individual on trips and outings  
 155 and may prepare and serve meals to such individual. A companion  
 156 may not provide hands-on personal care to a client.

157 (8) "Department" means the Department of Children and  
 158 Family Services.

159 (9) "Direct employee" means an employee for whom one of  
 160 the following entities pays withholding taxes: a home health  
 161 agency; a management company that has a contract to manage the  
 162 home health agency on a day-to-day basis; or an employee leasing  
 163 company that has a contract with the home health agency to  
 164 handle the payroll and payroll taxes for the home health agency.

165 (10) "Director of nursing" means a registered nurse who is  
 166 a direct employee, as defined in subsection (9), of the agency  
 167 and who is a graduate of an approved school of nursing and is  
 168 licensed in this state; who has at least 1 year of supervisory

169 experience as a registered nurse; and who is responsible for  
170 overseeing the professional nursing and home health aid delivery  
171 of services of the agency. ~~A director of nursing may be the~~  
172 ~~director of a maximum of five licensed home health agencies~~  
173 ~~operated by a related business entity and located within one~~  
174 ~~agency service district or within an immediately contiguous~~  
175 ~~county. If the home health agency is licensed under this chapter~~  
176 ~~and is part of a retirement community that provides multiple~~  
177 ~~levels of care, an employee of the retirement community may~~  
178 ~~serve as the director of nursing of the home health agency and~~  
179 ~~of up to four entities licensed under this chapter or chapter~~  
180 ~~429 which are owned, operated, or managed by the same corporate~~  
181 ~~entity.~~

182 (11) "Fair market value" means the value in arms length  
183 transactions, consistent with the price that an asset would  
184 bring as the result of bona fide bargaining between well-  
185 informed buyers and sellers who are not otherwise in a position  
186 to generate business for the other party, or the compensation  
187 that would be included in a service agreement as the result of  
188 bona fide bargaining between well-informed parties to the  
189 agreement who are not otherwise in a position to generate  
190 business for the other party, on the date of acquisition of the  
191 asset or at the time of the service agreement.

192 (12)~~(11)~~ "Home health agency" means an organization that  
193 provides home health services and staffing services.

194 (13)~~(12)~~ "Home health agency personnel" means persons who  
195 are employed by or under contract with a home health agency and

196 enter the home or place of residence of patients at any time in  
 197 the course of their employment or contract.

198 (14)~~(13)~~ "Home health services" means health and medical  
 199 services and medical supplies furnished by an organization to an  
 200 individual in the individual's home or place of residence. The  
 201 term includes organizations that provide one or more of the  
 202 following:

203 (a) Nursing care.

204 (b) Physical, occupational, respiratory, or speech  
 205 therapy.

206 (c) Home health aide services.

207 (d) Dietetics and nutrition practice and nutrition  
 208 counseling.

209 (e) Medical supplies, restricted to drugs and biologicals  
 210 prescribed by a physician.

211 (15)~~(14)~~ "Home health aide" means a person who is trained  
 212 or qualified, as provided by rule, and who provides hands-on  
 213 personal care, performs simple procedures as an extension of  
 214 therapy or nursing services, assists in ambulation or exercises,  
 215 or assists in administering medications as permitted in rule and  
 216 for which the person has received training established by the  
 217 agency under s. 400.497(1). ~~The licensed home health agency or~~  
 218 ~~licensed nurse registry shall ensure that the home health aide~~  
 219 ~~employed by or under contract with the home health agency or~~  
 220 ~~licensed nurse registry is adequately trained to perform the~~  
 221 ~~tasks of a home health aide in the home setting.~~

222 (16)~~(15)~~ "Homemaker" means a person who performs household  
 223 chores that include housekeeping, meal planning and preparation,



224 shopping assistance, and routine household activities for an  
 225 elderly, handicapped, or convalescent individual. A homemaker  
 226 may not provide hands-on personal care to a client.

227 ~~(17)-(16)~~ "Home infusion therapy provider" means an  
 228 organization that employs, contracts with, or refers a licensed  
 229 professional who has received advanced training and experience  
 230 in intravenous infusion therapy and who administers infusion  
 231 therapy to a patient in the patient's home or place of  
 232 residence.

233 ~~(18)-(17)~~ "Home infusion therapy" means the administration  
 234 of intravenous pharmacological or nutritional products to a  
 235 patient in his or her home.

236 (19) "Immediate family member" means a husband or wife; a  
 237 birth or adoptive parent, child, or sibling; a stepparent,  
 238 stepchild, stepbrother, or stepsister; a father-in-law, mother-  
 239 in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-  
 240 in-law; a grandparent or grandchild; or a spouse of a  
 241 grandparent or grandchild.

242 (20) "Medical director" means a physician who is a  
 243 volunteer with, or who receives remuneration from, a home health  
 244 agency.

245 ~~(21)-(18)~~ "Nurse registry" means any person that procures,  
 246 offers, promises, or attempts to secure health-care-related  
 247 contracts for registered nurses, licensed practical nurses,  
 248 certified nursing assistants, home health aides, companions, or  
 249 homemakers, who are compensated by fees as independent  
 250 contractors, including, but not limited to, contracts for the  
 251 provision of services to patients and contracts to provide

252 private duty or staffing services to health care facilities  
253 licensed under chapter 395, this chapter, or chapter 429 or  
254 other business entities.

255 (22)~~(19)~~ "Organization" means a corporation, government or  
256 governmental subdivision or agency, partnership or association,  
257 or any other legal or commercial entity, any of which involve  
258 more than one health care professional discipline; a health care  
259 professional and a home health aide or certified nursing  
260 assistant; more than one home health aide; more than one  
261 certified nursing assistant; or a home health aide and a  
262 certified nursing assistant. The term does not include an entity  
263 that provides services using only volunteers or only individuals  
264 related by blood or marriage to the patient or client.

265 (23)~~(20)~~ "Patient" means any person who receives home  
266 health services in his or her home or place of residence.

267 (24)~~(21)~~ "Personal care" means assistance to a patient in  
268 the activities of daily living, such as dressing, bathing,  
269 eating, or personal hygiene, and assistance in physical  
270 transfer, ambulation, and in administering medications as  
271 permitted by rule.

272 (25)~~(22)~~ "Physician" means a person licensed under chapter  
273 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461.

274 (26)~~(23)~~ "Physician assistant" means a person who is a  
275 graduate of an approved program or its equivalent, or meets  
276 standards approved by the boards, and is licensed to perform  
277 medical services delegated by the supervising physician, as  
278 defined in s. 458.347 or s. 459.022.

279           (27) "Remuneration" means any payment or other benefit  
 280 made directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in  
 281 kind.

282           ~~(28)(24)~~ "Skilled care" means nursing services or  
 283 therapeutic services required by law to be delivered by a health  
 284 care professional who is licensed under part I of chapter 464;  
 285 part I, part III, or part V of chapter 468; or chapter 486 and  
 286 who is employed by or under contract with a licensed home health  
 287 agency or is referred by a licensed nurse registry.

288           ~~(29)(25)~~ "Staffing services" means services provided to a  
 289 health care facility, school, or other business entity on a  
 290 temporary or school-year basis pursuant to a written contract by  
 291 licensed health care personnel and by certified nursing  
 292 assistants and home health aides who are employed by, or work  
 293 under the auspices of, a licensed home health agency or who are  
 294 registered with a licensed nurse registry. ~~Staffing services may~~  
 295 ~~be provided anywhere within the state.~~

296           Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 400.464, Florida  
 297 Statutes, is amended to read:

298           400.464 Home Health agencies to be licensed; expiration of  
 299 license; exemptions; unlawful acts; penalties.--

300           (3) A ~~Any~~ home infusion therapy provider must ~~shall~~ be  
 301 licensed as a home health agency or nurse registry. ~~Any infusion~~  
 302 ~~therapy provider currently authorized to receive Medicare~~  
 303 ~~reimbursement under a DME Part B Provider number for the~~  
 304 ~~provision of infusion therapy shall be licensed as a non~~  
 305 ~~certified home health agency. Such a provider shall continue to~~  
 306 ~~receive that specified Medicare reimbursement without being~~

307 ~~certified so long as the reimbursement is limited to those items~~  
308 ~~authorized pursuant to the DME - Part B Provider Agreement and~~  
309 ~~the agency is licensed in compliance with the other provisions~~  
310 ~~of this part.~~

311 Section 3. Paragraphs (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h) are  
312 added to subsection (2) of section 400.471, Florida Statutes,  
313 and subsections (7), (8), and (9), are added to that section, to  
314 read:

315 400.471 Application for license; fee.--

316 (2) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter  
317 408, the initial applicant must file with the application  
318 satisfactory proof that the home health agency is in compliance  
319 with this part and applicable rules, including:

320 (d) A business plan, signed by the applicant, which  
321 details the home health agency's methods to obtain patients and  
322 its plan to recruit and maintain staff.

323 (e) Evidence of contingency funding equal to 1 month's  
324 average operating expenses during the first year of operation.

325 (f) A balance sheet, income and expense statement, and  
326 statement of cash flows for the first 2 years of operation which  
327 provide evidence of having sufficient assets, credit, and  
328 projected revenues to cover liabilities and expenses. The  
329 applicant has demonstrated financial ability to operate if the  
330 applicant's assets, credit, and projected revenues meet or  
331 exceed projected liabilities and expenses. An applicant may not  
332 project an operating margin of 15 percent or greater for any  
333 month in the first year of operation. All documents required  
334 under this paragraph must be prepared in accordance with

335 generally accepted accounting principles and compiled and signed  
336 by a certified public accountant.

337 (g) All other ownership interests in health care entities  
338 for each controlling interest, as defined in part II of chapter  
339 408.

340 (h) In the case of an application for initial licensure,  
341 documentation of accreditation, or an application for  
342 accreditation, from an accrediting organization that is  
343 recognized by the agency as having standards comparable to those  
344 required by this part and part II of chapter 408.

345 Notwithstanding s. 408.806, an applicant that has applied for  
346 accreditation must provide proof of accreditation that is not  
347 conditional or provisional within 120 days after the date of the  
348 agency's receipt of the application for licensure or the  
349 application shall be withdrawn from further consideration. Such  
350 accreditation must be maintained by the home health agency to  
351 maintain licensure. The agency shall accept, in lieu of its own  
352 periodic licensure survey, the submission of the survey of an  
353 accrediting organization that is recognized by the agency if the  
354 accreditation of the licensed home health agency is not  
355 provisional and if the licensed home health agency authorizes  
356 releases of, and the agency receives the report of, the  
357 accrediting organization.

358 (7) The agency may not issue an initial license to an  
359 applicant for a home health agency license if the applicant  
360 shares common controlling interests with another licensed home  
361 health agency that is located within 10 miles of the applicant

362 and is in the same county. The agency must return the  
 363 application and fees to the applicant.

364 (8) An application for a home health agency license may  
 365 not be transferred to another home health agency or controlling  
 366 interest before issuance of the license.

367 (9) A licensed home health agency that seeks to relocate  
 368 to a different geographic service area not listed on its license  
 369 must submit an initial application for a home health agency  
 370 license for the new location.

371 Section 4. Section 400.474, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 372 to read:

373 400.474 Administrative penalties.--

374 (1) The agency may deny, revoke, and suspend a license and  
 375 impose an administrative fine in the manner provided in chapter  
 376 120.

377 (2) Any of the following actions by a home health agency  
 378 or its employee is grounds for disciplinary action by the  
 379 agency:

380 (a) Violation of this part, part II of chapter 408, or of  
 381 applicable rules.

382 (b) An intentional, reckless, or negligent act that  
 383 materially affects the health or safety of a patient.

384 (c) Knowingly providing home health services in an  
 385 unlicensed assisted living facility or unlicensed adult family-  
 386 care home, unless the home health agency or employee reports the  
 387 unlicensed facility or home to the agency within 72 hours after  
 388 providing the services.

389        (d) Preparing or maintaining fraudulent patient records,  
 390 such as, but not limited to, charting ahead, recording vital  
 391 signs or symptoms that were not personally obtained or observed  
 392 by the home health agency's staff at the time indicated,  
 393 borrowing patients or patient records from other home health  
 394 agencies to pass a survey or inspection, or falsifying  
 395 signatures.

396        (e) Failing to provide at least one service directly to a  
 397 patient for a period of 60 days.

398        (3) The agency shall impose a fine of \$1,000 against a  
 399 home health agency that demonstrates a pattern of falsifying:

400            (a) Documents of training for home health aides or  
 401 certified nursing assistants; or

402            (b) Health statements for staff providing direct care to  
 403 patients.

404  
 405 A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three  
 406 fraudulent entries or documents. The fine shall be imposed for  
 407 each fraudulent document or, if multiple staff members are  
 408 included on one document, for each fraudulent entry on the  
 409 document.

410        (4) The agency shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a  
 411 home health agency that demonstrates a pattern of billing any  
 412 payor for services not provided. A pattern may be demonstrated  
 413 by a showing of at least three billings for services not  
 414 provided within a 12-month period. The fine must be imposed for  
 415 each incident that is falsely billed. The agency may also:

416            (a) Require payback of all funds;

417        (b) Revoke the license; or  
 418        (c) Issue a moratorium in accordance with s. 408.814.  
 419        (5) The agency shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a  
 420 home health agency that demonstrates a pattern of failing to  
 421 provide a service specified in the home health agency's written  
 422 agreement with a patient or the patient's legal representative,  
 423 or the plan of care for that patient, unless a reduction in  
 424 service is mandated by Medicare, Medicaid, or a state program or  
 425 as provided in s. 400.492(3). A pattern may be demonstrated by a  
 426 showing of at least three incidences, regardless of the patient  
 427 or service, where the home health agency did not provide a  
 428 service specified in a written agreement or plan of care during  
 429 a 3-month period. The agency shall impose the fine for each  
 430 occurrence. The agency may also impose additional administrative  
 431 finances under s. 400.484 for the direct or indirect harm to a  
 432 patient, or deny, revoke, or suspend the license of the home  
 433 health agency for a pattern of failing to provide a service  
 434 specified in the home health agency's written agreement with a  
 435 patient or the plan of care for that patient.

436        (6) The agency may deny, revoke, or suspend the license of  
 437 a home health agency and shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a  
 438 home health agency that:

- 439        (a) Gives remuneration for staffing services to:  
 440            1. Another home health agency with which it has formal or  
 441 informal patient-referral transactions or arrangements; or  
 442            2. A health services pool with which it has formal or  
 443 informal patient-referral transactions or arrangements,  
 444



445 unless the home health agency has activated its comprehensive  
446 emergency management plan in accordance with s. 400.492. This  
447 paragraph does not apply to a Medicare-certified home health  
448 agency that provides fair market value remuneration for staffing  
449 services to a non-Medicare-certified home health agency that is  
450 part of a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651  
451 for providing services to its own residents if each resident  
452 receiving home health services pursuant to this arrangement  
453 attests in writing that he or she made a decision without  
454 influence from staff of the facility to select, from a list of  
455 Medicare-certified home health agencies provided by the  
456 facility, that Medicare-certified home health agency to provide  
457 the services.

458 (b) Provides services to residents in an assisted living  
459 facility for which the home health agency does not receive fair  
460 market value remuneration.

461 (c) Provides staffing to an assisted living facility for  
462 which the home health agency does not receive fair market value  
463 remuneration.

464 (d) Fails to provide the agency, upon request, with copies  
465 of all contracts with assisted living facilities which were  
466 executed within 5 years before the request.

467 (e) Gives remuneration to a case manager, discharge  
468 planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who  
469 is involved in the discharge-planning process of a facility  
470 licensed under chapter 395 or this chapter from whom the home  
471 health agency receives referrals.

472 (f) Fails to submit to the agency, within 15 days after  
473 the end of each calendar quarter, a written report that includes  
474 the following data based on data as it existed on the last day  
475 of the quarter:

476 1. The number of insulin-dependent diabetic patients  
477 receiving insulin-injection services from the home health  
478 agency;

479 2. The number of patients receiving both home health  
480 services from the home health agency and hospice services;

481 3. The number of patients receiving home health services  
482 from that home health agency; and

483 4. The names and license numbers of nurses whose primary  
484 job responsibility is to provide home health services to  
485 patients and who received remuneration from the home health  
486 agency in excess of \$25,000 during the calendar quarter.

487 (g) Gives cash, or its equivalent, to a Medicare or  
488 Medicaid beneficiary.

489 (h) Has more than one medical director contract in effect  
490 at one time or more than one medical director contract and one  
491 contract with a physician-specialist whose services are mandated  
492 for the home health agency in order to qualify to participate in  
493 a federal or state health care program at one time.

494 (i) Gives remuneration to a physician without a medical  
495 director contract being in effect. The contract must:

496 1. Be in writing and signed by both parties;

497 2. Provide for remuneration that is at fair market value  
498 for an hourly rate, which must be supported by invoices  
499 submitted by the medical director describing the work performed,

500 the dates on which that work was performed, and the duration of  
 501 that work; and

502 3. Be for a term of at least 1 year.

503  
 504 The hourly rate specified in the contract may not be increased  
 505 during the term of the contract. The home health agency may not  
 506 execute a subsequent contract with that physician which has an  
 507 increased hourly rate and covers any portion of the term that  
 508 was in the original contract.

509 (j) Gives remuneration to:

510 1. A physician, and the home health agency is in violation  
 511 of paragraph (h) or paragraph (i);

512 2. A member of the physician's office staff; or

513 3. An immediate family member of the physician,

514  
 515 if the home health agency has received a patient referral in the  
 516 preceding 12 months from that physician or physician's office  
 517 staff.

518 (k) Fails to provide to the agency, upon request, copies  
 519 of all contracts with a medical director which were executed  
 520 within 5 years before the request.

521 (7)(3)(a) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.813,  
 522 any person, partnership, or corporation that violates s. 408.812  
 523 or s. 408.813 and that previously operated a licensed home  
 524 health agency or concurrently operates both a licensed home  
 525 health agency and an unlicensed home health agency commits a  
 526 felony of the third degree punishable as provided in s. 775.082,  
 527 s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

528 (b) If any home health agency is found to be operating  
529 without a license and that home health agency has received any  
530 government reimbursement for services, the agency shall make a  
531 fraud referral to the appropriate government reimbursement  
532 program.

533 Section 5. Section 400.476, Florida Statutes, is created  
534 to read:

535 400.476 Staffing requirements; notifications; limitations  
536 on staffing services.--

537 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.--

538 (a) An administrator may manage only one home health  
539 agency, except that an administrator may manage up to five home  
540 health agencies if all five home health agencies have identical  
541 controlling interests as defined in s. 408.803 and are located  
542 within one agency geographic service area or within an  
543 immediately contiguous county. If the home health agency is  
544 licensed under this chapter and is part of a retirement  
545 community that provides multiple levels of care, an employee of  
546 the retirement community may administer the home health agency  
547 and up to a maximum of four entities licensed under this chapter  
548 or chapter 429 which all have identical controlling interests as  
549 defined in s. 408.803. An administrator shall designate, in  
550 writing, for each licensed entity, a qualified alternate  
551 administrator to serve during the administrator's absence.

552 (b) An administrator of a home health agency who is a  
553 licensed physician, physician assistant, or registered nurse  
554 licensed to practice in this state may also be the director of  
555 nursing for a home health agency. An administrator may serve as

556 a director of nursing for up to the number of entities  
557 authorized in subsection (2) only if there are 10 or fewer full-  
558 time equivalent employees and contracted personnel in each home  
559 health agency.

560 (2) DIRECTOR OF NURSING.--

561 (a) A director of nursing may be the director of nursing  
562 for:

563 1. Up to two licensed home health agencies if the agencies  
564 have identical controlling interests as defined in s. 408.803  
565 and are located within one agency geographic service area or  
566 within an immediately contiguous county; or

567 2. Up to five licensed home health agencies if:

568 a. All of the home health agencies have identical  
569 controlling interests as defined in s. 408.803;

570 b. All of the home health agencies are located within one  
571 agency geographic service area or within an immediately  
572 contiguous county; and

573 c. Each home health agency has a registered nurse who  
574 meets the qualifications of a director of nursing and who has a  
575 written delegation from the director of nursing to serve as the  
576 director of nursing for that home health agency when the  
577 director of nursing is not present.

578  
579 If a home health agency licensed under this chapter is part of a  
580 retirement community that provides multiple levels of care, an  
581 employee of the retirement community may serve as the director  
582 of nursing of the home health agency and up to a maximum of four  
583 entities, other than home health agencies, licensed under this

584 chapter or chapter 429 which all have identical controlling  
585 interests as defined in s. 408.803.

586 (b) A home health agency that provides skilled nursing  
587 care may not operate for more than 30 calendar days without a  
588 director of nursing. A home health agency that provides skilled  
589 nursing care and the director of nursing of a home health agency  
590 must notify the agency within 10 business days after termination  
591 of the services of the director of nursing for the home health  
592 agency. A home health agency that provides skilled nursing care  
593 must notify the agency of the identity and qualifications of the  
594 new director of nursing within 10 days after the new director is  
595 hired. If a home health agency that provides skilled nursing  
596 care operates for more than 30 calendar days without a director  
597 of nursing, the home health agency commits a class II  
598 deficiency. In addition to the fine for a class II deficiency,  
599 the agency may issue a moratorium in accordance with s. 408.814  
600 or revoke the license. The agency shall fine a home health  
601 agency that fails to notify the agency as required in this  
602 paragraph \$1,000 for the first violation and \$2,000 for a repeat  
603 violation. The agency may not take administrative action against  
604 a home health agency if the director of nursing fails to notify  
605 the department upon termination of services as the director of  
606 nursing for the home health agency.

607 (c) A home health agency that is not Medicare or Medicaid  
608 certified and does not provide skilled care or provides only  
609 physical, occupational, or speech therapy is not required to  
610 have a director of nursing and is exempt from paragraph (b).

611           (3) TRAINING.--A home health agency shall ensure that each  
 612 certified nursing assistant employed by or under contract with  
 613 the home health agency and each home health aide employed by or  
 614 under contract with the home health agency is adequately trained  
 615 to perform the tasks of a home health aide in the home setting.

616           (4) STAFFING.--Staffing services may be provided anywhere  
 617 within the state.

618           Section 6. Section 400.484, Florida Statutes, is amended  
 619 to read:

620           400.484 Right of inspection; deficiencies; fines.--

621           (1) In addition to the requirements of s. 408.811, the  
 622 agency may make such inspections and investigations as are  
 623 necessary in order to determine the state of compliance with  
 624 this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules.

625           (2) The agency shall impose fines for various classes of  
 626 deficiencies in accordance with the following schedule:

627           (a) A class I deficiency is any act, omission, or practice  
 628 that results in a patient's death, disablement, or permanent  
 629 injury, or places a patient at imminent risk of death,  
 630 disablement, or permanent injury. Upon finding a class I  
 631 deficiency, the agency shall ~~may~~ impose an administrative fine  
 632 in the amount of \$15,000 ~~\$5,000~~ for each occurrence and each day  
 633 that the deficiency exists.

634           (b) A class II deficiency is any act, omission, or  
 635 practice that has a direct adverse effect on the health, safety,  
 636 or security of a patient. Upon finding a class II deficiency,  
 637 the agency shall ~~may~~ impose an administrative fine in the amount

638 of \$5,000 ~~\$1,000~~ for each occurrence and each day that the  
639 deficiency exists.

640 (c) A class III deficiency is any act, omission, or  
641 practice that has an indirect, adverse effect on the health,  
642 safety, or security of a patient. Upon finding an uncorrected or  
643 repeated class III deficiency, the agency shall ~~may~~ impose an  
644 administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 ~~\$500~~ for each  
645 occurrence and each day that the uncorrected or repeated  
646 deficiency exists.

647 (d) A class IV deficiency is any act, omission, or  
648 practice related to required reports, forms, or documents which  
649 does not have the potential of negatively affecting patients.  
650 These violations are of a type that the agency determines do not  
651 threaten the health, safety, or security of patients. Upon  
652 finding an uncorrected or repeated class IV deficiency, the  
653 agency shall ~~may~~ impose an administrative fine not to exceed  
654 \$500 ~~\$200~~ for each occurrence and each day that the uncorrected  
655 or repeated deficiency exists.

656 (3) In addition to any other penalties imposed pursuant to  
657 this section or part, the agency may assess costs related to an  
658 investigation that results in a successful prosecution,  
659 excluding costs associated with an attorney's time.

660 Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 400.491, Florida  
661 Statutes, is amended to read:

662 400.491 Clinical records.--

663 (2) The home health agency must maintain for each client  
664 who receives nonskilled care a service provision plan. Such



665 records must be maintained by the home health agency for 3 years  
666 ~~1 year~~ following termination of services.

667 Section 8. Present subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8) of  
668 section 400.497, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections  
669 (7), (8), (9), and (10), respectively, and a new subsections (5)  
670 and (6) are added to that section, to read:

671 400.497 Rules establishing minimum standards.--The agency  
672 shall adopt, publish, and enforce rules to implement part II of  
673 chapter 408 and this part, including, as applicable, ss. 400.506  
674 and 400.509, which must provide reasonable and fair minimum  
675 standards relating to:

676 (5) Oversight by the director of nursing. The agency shall  
677 develop rules related to:

678 (a) Standards that address oversight responsibilities by  
679 the director of nursing of skilled nursing and personal care  
680 services provided by the home health agency's staff;

681 (b) Requirements for a director of nursing to provide to  
682 the agency, upon request, a certified daily report of the home  
683 health services provided by a specified direct employee or  
684 contracted staff member on behalf of the home health agency. The  
685 agency may request a certified daily report only for a period  
686 not to exceed 2 years prior to the date of the request; and

687 (c) A quality assurance program for home health services  
688 provided by the home health agency.

689 (6) Conditions for using a recent unannounced licensure  
690 inspection for the inspection required in s. 408.806 related to  
691 a licensure application associated with a change in ownership of  
692 a licensed home health agency.

693 Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section  
 694 400.506, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsections (15)  
 695 and (16) of that section are renumbered as subsections (16) and  
 696 (17), respectively, and a new subsection (15) is added to that  
 697 section, to read:

698 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements;  
 699 penalties.--

700 (6)(a) A nurse registry may refer for contract in private  
 701 residences registered nurses and licensed practical nurses  
 702 registered and licensed under part I of chapter 464, certified  
 703 nursing assistants certified under part II of chapter 464, home  
 704 health aides who present documented proof of successful  
 705 completion of the training required by rule of the agency, and  
 706 companions or homemakers for the purposes of providing those  
 707 services authorized under s. 400.509(1). A licensed nurse  
 708 registry shall ensure that each certified nursing assistant  
 709 referred for contract by the nurse registry and each home health  
 710 aide referred for contract by the nurse registry is adequately  
 711 trained to perform the tasks of a home health aide in the home  
 712 setting. Each person referred by a nurse registry must provide  
 713 current documentation that he or she is free from communicable  
 714 diseases.

715 (15)(a) The agency may deny, suspend, or revoke the  
 716 license of a nurse registry and shall impose a fine of \$5,000  
 717 against a nurse registry that:

718 1. Provides services to residents in an assisted living  
 719 facility for which the nurse registry does not receive fair  
 720 market value remuneration.

721       2. Provides staffing to an assisted living facility for  
722 which the nurse registry does not receive fair market value  
723 remuneration.

724       3. Fails to provide the agency, upon request, with copies  
725 of all contracts with assisted living facilities which were  
726 executed within the last 5 years.

727       4. Gives remuneration to a case manager, discharge  
728 planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who  
729 is involved in the discharge-planning process of a facility  
730 licensed under chapter 395 or this chapter and from whom the  
731 nurse registry receives referrals.

732       5. Gives remuneration to a physician, a member of the  
733 physician's office staff, or an immediate family member of the  
734 physician, and the nurse registry received a patient referral  
735 in the last 12 months from that physician or the physician's  
736 office staff.

737       (b) The agency shall also impose an administrative fine  
738 of \$15,000 if the nurse registry refers nurses, certified  
739 nursing assistants, home health aides, or other staff without  
740 charge to a facility licensed under chapter 429 in return for  
741 patient referrals from the facility.

742       (c) The proceeds of all fines collected under this  
743 subsection shall be deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund.

744       Section 10. Subsection (4) is added to section 400.518,  
745 Florida Statutes, to read:

746       400.518 Prohibited referrals to home health agencies.--

747       (4) The agency shall impose an administrative fine of  
748 \$15,000 if a home health agency provides nurses, certified

749 nursing assistants, home health aides, or other staff without  
750 charge to a facility licensed under chapter 429 in return for  
751 patient referrals from the facility. The proceeds of such fines  
752 shall be deposited into the Health Care Trust Fund.

753 Section 11. Subsections (5) through (27) of section  
754 409.901, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6)  
755 through (28), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to  
756 that section to read:

757 409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.--As used in ss.  
758 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the  
759 term:

760 (5) "Change of ownership" means an event in which the  
761 provider changes to a different legal entity or in which 45  
762 percent or more of the ownership, voting shares, or controlling  
763 interest in a corporation whose shares are not publicly traded  
764 on a recognized stock exchange is transferred or assigned,  
765 including the final transfer or assignment of multiple transfers  
766 or assignments over a 2-year period that cumulatively total 45  
767 percent or more. A change solely in the management company or  
768 board of directors is not a change of ownership.

769 Section 12. Subsections (6) and (9) of section 409.907,  
770 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

771 409.907 Medicaid provider agreements.--The agency may make  
772 payments for medical assistance and related services rendered to  
773 Medicaid recipients only to an individual or entity who has a  
774 provider agreement in effect with the agency, who is performing  
775 services or supplying goods in accordance with federal, state,  
776 and local law, and who agrees that no person shall, on the

777 grounds of handicap, race, color, or national origin, or for any  
 778 other reason, be subjected to discrimination under any program  
 779 or activity for which the provider receives payment from the  
 780 agency.

781 (6) A Medicaid provider agreement may be revoked, at the  
 782 option of the agency, as the result of a change of ownership of  
 783 any facility, association, partnership, or other entity named as  
 784 the provider in the provider agreement. ~~A provider shall give~~  
 785 ~~the agency 60 days' notice before making any change in ownership~~  
 786 ~~of the entity named in the provider agreement as the provider.~~

787 (a) In the event of a change of ownership, the transferor  
 788 remains liable for all outstanding overpayments, administrative  
 789 finances, and any other moneys owed to the agency before the  
 790 effective date of the change of ownership. In addition to the  
 791 continuing liability of the transferor, the transferee is liable  
 792 to the agency for all outstanding overpayments identified by the  
 793 agency on or before the effective date of the change of  
 794 ownership. For purposes of this subsection, the term  
 795 "outstanding overpayment" includes any amount identified in a  
 796 preliminary audit report issued to the transferor by the agency  
 797 on or before the effective date of the change of ownership. In  
 798 the event of a change of ownership for a skilled nursing  
 799 facility or intermediate care facility, the Medicaid provider  
 800 agreement shall be assigned to the transferee if the transferee  
 801 meets all other Medicaid provider qualifications. In the event  
 802 of a change of ownership involving a skilled nursing facility  
 803 licensed under part II of chapter 400, liability for all  
 804 outstanding overpayments, administrative fines, and any moneys

805 owed to the agency before the effective date of the change of  
806 ownership shall be determined in accordance with s. 400.179.

807 (b) At least 60 days before the anticipated date of the  
808 change of ownership, the transferor shall notify the agency of  
809 the intended change of ownership and the transferee shall submit  
810 to the agency a Medicaid provider enrollment application. If a  
811 change of ownership occurs without compliance with the notice  
812 requirements of this subsection, the transferor and transferee  
813 shall be jointly and severally liable for all overpayments,  
814 administrative fines, and other moneys due to the agency,  
815 regardless of whether the agency identified the overpayments,  
816 administrative fines, or other moneys before or after the  
817 effective date of the change of ownership. The agency may not  
818 approve a transferee's Medicaid provider enrollment application  
819 if the transferee or transferor has not paid or agreed in  
820 writing to a payment plan for all outstanding overpayments,  
821 administrative fines, and other moneys due to the agency. This  
822 subsection does not preclude the agency from seeking any other  
823 legal or equitable remedies available to the agency for the  
824 recovery of moneys owed to the Medicaid program. In the event of  
825 a change of ownership involving a skilled nursing facility  
826 licensed under part II of chapter 400, liability for all  
827 outstanding overpayments, administrative fines, and any moneys  
828 owed to the agency before the effective date of the change of  
829 ownership shall be determined in accordance with the s. 400.179  
830 if the Medicaid provider enrollment application for change of  
831 ownership is submitted before the change of ownership.

832 (9) Upon receipt of a completed, signed, and dated  
833 application, and completion of any necessary background  
834 investigation and criminal history record check, the agency must  
835 either:

836 (a) Enroll the applicant as a Medicaid provider upon  
837 approval of the provider application. The enrollment effective  
838 date shall be the date the agency receives the provider  
839 application. With respect to a provider that requires a Medicare  
840 certification survey, the enrollment effective date is the date  
841 the certification is awarded. With respect to a provider that  
842 completes a change of ownership, the effective date is the date  
843 the agency received the application, the date the change of  
844 ownership was complete, or the date the applicant became  
845 eligible to provide services under Medicaid, whichever date is  
846 later. With respect to a provider of emergency medical services  
847 transportation or emergency services and care, the effective  
848 date is the date the services were rendered. Payment for any  
849 claims for services provided to Medicaid recipients between the  
850 date of receipt of the application and the date of approval is  
851 contingent on applying any and all applicable audits and edits  
852 contained in the agency's claims adjudication and payment  
853 processing systems; or

854 (b) Deny the application if the agency finds that it is in  
855 the best interest of the Medicaid program to do so. The agency  
856 may consider the factors listed in subsection (10), as well as  
857 any other factor that could affect the effective and efficient  
858 administration of the program, including, but not limited to,  
859 the applicant's demonstrated ability to provide services,

860 | conduct business, and operate a financially viable concern; the  
 861 | current availability of medical care, services, or supplies to  
 862 | recipients, taking into account geographic location and  
 863 | reasonable travel time; the number of providers of the same type  
 864 | already enrolled in the same geographic area; and the  
 865 | credentials, experience, success, and patient outcomes of the  
 866 | provider for the services that it is making application to  
 867 | provide in the Medicaid program. The agency shall deny the  
 868 | application if the agency finds that a provider; any officer,  
 869 | director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person; or any  
 870 | partner or shareholder having an ownership interest equal to 5  
 871 | percent or greater in the provider if the provider is a  
 872 | corporation, partnership, or other business entity, has failed  
 873 | to pay all outstanding fines or overpayments assessed by final  
 874 | order of the agency or final order of the Centers for Medicare  
 875 | and Medicaid Services, not subject to further appeal, unless the  
 876 | provider agrees to a repayment plan that includes withholding  
 877 | Medicaid reimbursement until the amount due is paid in full.

878 |       Section 13. Subsection (20) of section 409.910, Florida  
 879 | Statutes, is amended to read:

880 |       409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of Medicaid-  
 881 | eligible persons when other parties are liable.--

882 |       (20) Entities providing health insurance as defined in s.  
 883 | 624.603, health maintenance organizations and prepaid health  
 884 | clinics as defined in chapter 641, and, on behalf of their  
 885 | clients, third-party administrators and pharmacy benefits  
 886 | managers as defined in s. 409.901 (27) ~~s. 409.901(26)~~ shall  
 887 | provide such records and information as are necessary to



888 accomplish the purpose of this section, unless such requirement  
889 results in an unreasonable burden.

890 (a) The director of the agency and the Director of the  
891 Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services  
892 Commission shall enter into a cooperative agreement for  
893 requesting and obtaining information necessary to effect the  
894 purpose and objective of this section.

895 1. The agency shall request only that information  
896 necessary to determine whether health insurance as defined  
897 pursuant to s. 624.603, or those health services provided  
898 pursuant to chapter 641, could be, should be, or have been  
899 claimed and paid with respect to items of medical care and  
900 services furnished to any person eligible for services under  
901 this section.

902 2. All information obtained pursuant to subparagraph 1. is  
903 confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1).

904 3. The cooperative agreement or rules adopted under this  
905 subsection may include financial arrangements to reimburse the  
906 reporting entities for reasonable costs or a portion thereof  
907 incurred in furnishing the requested information. Neither the  
908 cooperative agreement nor the rules shall require the automation  
909 of manual processes to provide the requested information.

910 (b) The agency and the Financial Services Commission  
911 jointly shall adopt rules for the development and administration  
912 of the cooperative agreement. The rules shall include the  
913 following:

914 1. A method for identifying those entities subject to  
915 furnishing information under the cooperative agreement.

916 2. A method for furnishing requested information.

917 3. Procedures for requesting exemption from the  
 918 cooperative agreement based on an unreasonable burden to the  
 919 reporting entity.

920 Section 14. Subsection (48) of section 409.912, Florida  
 921 Statutes, is amended to read:

922 409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.--The  
 923 agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients  
 924 in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery  
 925 of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are  
 926 effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a  
 927 confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct  
 928 diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the  
 929 Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to  
 930 emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined  
 931 in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion  
 932 shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency  
 933 shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid  
 934 aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other  
 935 alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,  
 936 including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed  
 937 to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed  
 938 continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to  
 939 minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute  
 940 inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the  
 941 inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The  
 942 agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the  
 943 clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify

944 trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a  
945 provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a  
946 provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to  
947 provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice  
948 patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency,  
949 to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization.  
950 The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy  
951 management, or disease management participation for certain  
952 populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or  
953 particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible  
954 dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics  
955 Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for  
956 which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform  
957 the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions  
958 regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is  
959 authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as  
960 Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through  
961 provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid single-  
962 source-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services  
963 results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without  
964 limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based  
965 on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider  
966 availability, provider quality standards, time and distance  
967 standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the  
968 provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid  
969 beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards,  
970 appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider  
971 turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history,

972 previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer  
973 review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records,  
974 clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers  
975 shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider  
976 network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing  
977 Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and  
978 other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than long-  
979 term rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish  
980 rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in  
981 order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program  
982 as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers  
983 necessary to administer these policies.

984 (48) (a) A provider is not entitled to enrollment in the  
985 Medicaid provider network. The agency may implement a Medicaid  
986 fee-for-service provider network controls, including, but not  
987 limited to, competitive procurement and provider credentialing.  
988 If a credentialing process is used, the agency may limit its  
989 provider network based upon the following considerations:  
990 beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider  
991 quality standards and quality assurance processes, cultural  
992 competency, demographic characteristics of beneficiaries,  
993 practice standards, service wait times, provider turnover,  
994 provider licensure and accreditation history, program integrity  
995 history, peer review, Medicaid policy and billing compliance  
996 records, clinical and medical record audit findings, and such  
997 other areas that are considered necessary by the agency to  
998 ensure the integrity of the program.

999           (b) The agency shall limit its network of durable medical  
1000 equipment and medical supply providers. For dates of service  
1001 after January 1, 2009, the agency shall limit payment for  
1002 durable medical equipment and supplies to providers that meet  
1003 all the requirements of this paragraph.

1004           1. Providers must be accredited by a Centers for Medicare  
1005 and Medicaid Services deemed accreditation organization for  
1006 suppliers of durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics,  
1007 and supplies. The provider must maintain accreditation and is  
1008 subject to unannounced reviews by the accrediting organization.

1009           2. Providers must provide the services or supplies  
1010 directly to the Medicaid recipient or caregiver at the provider  
1011 location or recipient's residence or send the supplies directly  
1012 to the recipient's residence with receipt of mailed delivery.  
1013 Subcontracting or consignment of the service or supply to a  
1014 third party is prohibited.

1015           3. Notwithstanding subparagraph 2., a durable medical  
1016 equipment provider may store nebulizers at a physician's office  
1017 for the purpose of having the physician's staff issue the  
1018 equipment if it meets all of the following conditions:

1019           a. The physician must document the medical necessity and  
1020 need to prevent further deterioration of the patient's  
1021 respiratory status by the timely delivery of the nebulizer in  
1022 the physician's office.

1023           b. The durable medical equipment provider must have  
1024 written documentation of the competency and training by a  
1025 Florida-licensed registered respiratory therapist of any durable  
1026 medical equipment staff who participate in the training of

1027 physician office staff for the use of nebulizers, including  
 1028 cleaning, warranty, and special needs of patients.

1029 c. The physician's office must have documented the  
 1030 training and competency of any staff member who initiates the  
 1031 delivery of nebulizers to patients. The durable medical  
 1032 equipment provider must maintain copies of all physician office  
 1033 training.

1034 d. The physician's office must maintain inventory records  
 1035 of stored nebulizers, including documentation of the durable  
 1036 medical equipment provider source.

1037 e. A physician contracted with a Medicaid durable medical  
 1038 equipment provider may not have a financial relationship with  
 1039 that provider or receive any financial gain from the delivery of  
 1040 nebulizers to patients.

1041 4. Providers must have a physical business location and a  
 1042 functional landline business phone. The location must be within  
 1043 the state or not more than 50 miles from the Florida state line.  
 1044 The agency may make exceptions for providers of durable medical  
 1045 equipment or supplies not otherwise available from other  
 1046 enrolled providers located within the state.

1047 5. Physical business locations must be clearly identified  
 1048 as a business that furnishes durable medical equipment or  
 1049 medical supplies by signage that can be read from 20 feet away.  
 1050 The location must be readily accessible to the public during  
 1051 normal, posted business hours and must operate no less than 5  
 1052 hours per day and no less than 5 days per week, with the  
 1053 exception of scheduled and posted holidays. The location may not  
 1054 be located within or at the same numbered street address as

1055 another enrolled Medicaid durable medical equipment or medical  
1056 supply provider or as an enrolled Medicaid pharmacy that is also  
1057 enrolled as a durable medical equipment provider. A licensed  
1058 orthotist or prosthetist that provides only orthotic or  
1059 prosthetic devices as a Medicaid durable medical equipment  
1060 provider is exempt from the provisions in this paragraph.

1061 6. Providers must maintain a stock of durable medical  
1062 equipment and medical supplies on site that is readily available  
1063 to meet the needs of the durable medical equipment business  
1064 location's customers.

1065 7. Providers must provide a surety bond of \$50,000 for  
1066 each provider location, up to a maximum of 5 bonds statewide or  
1067 an aggregate bond of \$250,000 statewide, as identified by  
1068 Federal Employer Identification Number. Providers who post a  
1069 statewide or an aggregate bond must identify all of their  
1070 locations in any Medicaid durable medical equipment and medical  
1071 supply provider enrollment application or bond renewal. Each  
1072 provider location's surety bond must be renewed annually and the  
1073 provider must submit proof of renewal even if the original bond  
1074 is a continuous bond. A licensed orthotist or prosthetist that  
1075 provides only orthotic or prosthetic devices as a Medicaid  
1076 durable medical equipment provider is exempt from the provisions  
1077 in this paragraph.

1078 8. Providers must obtain a level 2 background screening,  
1079 as provided under s. 435.04, for each provider employee in  
1080 direct contact with or providing direct services to recipients  
1081 of durable medical equipment and medical supplies in their  
1082 homes. This requirement includes, but is not limited to, repair

1083 and service technicians, fitters, and delivery staff. The  
1084 provider shall pay for the cost of the background screening.

1085 9. The following providers are exempt from the  
1086 requirements of subparagraphs 1. and 7.:

1087 a. Durable medical equipment providers owned and operated  
1088 by a government entity.

1089 b. Durable medical equipment providers that are operating  
1090 within a pharmacy that is currently enrolled as a Medicaid  
1091 pharmacy provider.

1092 c. Active, Medicaid-enrolled orthopedic physician groups,  
1093 primarily owned by physicians, which provide only orthotic and  
1094 prosthetic devices.

1095 Section 15. The Agency for Health Care Administration  
1096 shall review the process, procedures, and contractor's  
1097 performance for the prior authorization of home health agency  
1098 visits that are in excess of 60 visits over the lifetime of a  
1099 Medicaid recipient. The agency shall determine whether  
1100 modifications are necessary in order to reduce Medicaid fraud  
1101 and abuse related to home health services for a Medicaid  
1102 recipient which are not medically necessary. If modifications to  
1103 the prior authorization function are necessary, the agency shall  
1104 amend the contract to require contractor performance that  
1105 reduces potential Medicaid fraud and abuse with respect to home  
1106 health agency visits.

1107 Section 16. The Agency for Health Care Administration  
1108 shall report to the Legislature by January 1, 2009, on the  
1109 feasibility and costs of accessing the Medicare system to  
1110 disallow Medicaid payment for home health services that are paid



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1111 | for under the Medicare prospective payment system for recipients  
1112 | who are dually eligible for Medicaid and Medicare.

1113 |       Section 17. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.