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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Department of Corrections; amending s. 921.187, F.S.; deleting certain provisions limiting circumstances under which an offender may be placed in community control; amending s. 943.16, F.S.; eliminating provisions requiring that a law enforcement officer reimburse the employing agency for wages and benefits paid by the employing agency if the officer terminates employment before the end of a 2-year commitment period; eliminating wages and benefits from the costs that employing agencies may recover; eliminating the definition of the term "academy training period"; amending s. 944.1905, F.S.; authorizing the department to assign certain young adult offenders to a facility for youthful offenders until the offender reaches a specified age; deleting provisions requiring that certain young adult offenders be housed and provided certain services separately from older offenders; amending s. 944.47, F.S.; providing that a cellular telephone or other portable communication device that is introduced inside the secure perimeter of a state correctional institution without prior authorization is contraband; prohibiting an inmate or other person upon the grounds of the institution from possessing such contraband without authorization; providing a definition; providing criminal penalties; amending s. 948.01, F.S.; deleting the requirement that a court using a specified alternative to a sentence of incarceration require the Department of Corrections to Page 1 of 46

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provide certain notifications; amending s. 948.10, F.S.; 29 30 deleting a requirement that community control programs and manuals be developed in consultation with the Florida 31 Conference of Circuit Court Judges and the State Courts 32 Administrator; deleting the prohibition on sentencing 33 offenders convicted of certain forcible felonies to 34 35 community control; deleting requirements for the 36 department in developing and implementing community control programs, resource directories, and training 37 38 programs; deleting a requirement for the Florida Court Education Council and the State Courts Administrator to 39 40 coordinate certain resources for judges pertaining to community control; eliminating provisions governing review 41 and notice by the department of offenders ineligible for 42 community control and requiring the department to develop 43 44 a caseload equalization strategy; conforming provisions to deletion of the prohibition on sentencing offenders 45 convicted of certain forcible felonies to community 46 47 control; amending s. 958.04, F.S.; authorizing the court 48 to sentence a person as a youthful offender if the offender is younger than 21 years of age at the time 49 sentence is imposed; requiring the Department of 50 Corrections to adopt by rule criteria to define successful 51 participation in the youthful offender program; amending 52 53 s. 958.11, F.S.; removing the specific designation of 54 youthful offender facilities for housing female offenders; revising requirements for the department with respect to 55 assigning or transferring youthful offenders; removing 56 Page 2 of 46

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57 references to the Assistant Secretary for Youthful 58 Offenders; amending s. 958.12, F.S.; removing the 59 requirement for a youthful offender to be visited by a probation and parole officer before release; removing the 60 requirement for the department to develop community 61 62 partnerships with the Department of Labor and Employment 63 Security and the Department of Children and Family Services and including private agencies as possible 64 65 partners in such partnerships; amending s. 945.41, F.S.; eliminating a requirement that the Department of 66 Corrections contract with the Department of Children and 67 Family Services to provide certain mental health services; 68 authorizing the Department of Corrections to contract with 69 other entities or persons to provide mental health 70 services to inmates; amending s. 945.42, F.S.; revising 71 72 definitions and defining the term "crisis stabilization care"; amending s. 945.43, F.S.; revising the procedures 73 for placing an inmate in a mental health treatment 74 75 facility; authorizing the court to waive the presence of 76 the inmate at the hearing on the inmate's placement; amending s. 945.44, F.S.; providing for the emergency 77 placement of an inmate in a mental health treatment 78 facility; amending s. 945.45, F.S.; revising the 79 80 provisions governing the continued placement of an inmate 81 in a mental health treatment facility; authorizing an 82 administrative law judge to appoint a private pro bono attorney to represent an inmate in continued placement 83 hearings; providing that the administrative law judge may 84 Page 3 of 46

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85 waive the presence of the inmate at the hearing under 86 certain conditions; amending s. 945.46, F.S.; authorizing 87 the warden to initiate procedures for the involuntary examination of an inmate who has a mental illness and 88 meets certain criteria; amending s. 945.47, F.S.; 89 90 providing for the transfer of an inmate who is no longer 91 in need of mental health treatment; deleting certain 92 provisions governing involuntary placement; requiring that 93 a summary of the inmate's treatment be provided to the Parole Commission and the Department of Children and 94 Family Services upon request; amending s. 945.48, F.S.; 95 revising the procedure for the involuntary mental health 96 treatment of an inmate; providing for the warden of the 97 institution containing the mental health treatment 98 facility to petition the circuit court for an order 99 100 authorizing involuntary treatment; providing requirements for the hearing on involuntary treatment; limiting the 101 period that an order authorizing involuntary treatment is 102 103 effective; providing a procedure for emergency treatment; 104 amending s. 945.49, F.S.; deleting a provision requiring 105 that training provided to correctional officers employed by a mental health treatment facility be in accordance 106 with the requirements of the Criminal Justice Standards 107 and Training Commission; deleting a requirement that a 108 specified number of administrative law judges be assigned 109 110 to conduct hearings on continued placement of inmates; 111 requiring that inmates receiving mental health treatment

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	HB 7137, Engrossed 1 2008
112	be subject to the same standards applied to other inmates
113	in the department; providing an effective date.
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115	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
116	
117	Section 1. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section
118	921.187, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
119	921.187 Disposition and sentencing; alternatives;
120	restitution
121	(2) An offender may not be placed in community control if:
122	(a) Convicted of or adjudication is withheld for a
123	forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08; and
124	(b) Previously convicted of or adjudication was withheld
125	for a forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08.
126	
127	Nothing in this subsection prohibits placement of certain
128	inmates on community control pursuant to s. 947.1747. For
129	purposes of this subsection, a forcible felony does not include
130	manslaughter or burglary.
131	(2)-(3) In addition to any other penalty provided by law
132	for an offense enumerated in s. 775.0877(1)(a)-(n), if the
133	offender is convicted of criminal transmission of HIV pursuant
134	to s. 775.0877, the court may sentence the offender to criminal
135	quarantine community control as described in s. 948.001.
136	(3)(4) The court shall require an offender to make
137	restitution under s. 775.089, unless the court finds clear and
138	compelling reasons not to order such restitution. If the court
139	does not order restitution, or orders restitution of only a
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portion of the damages, as provided in s. 775.089, the court shall state the reasons on the record in detail. An order requiring an offender to make restitution to a victim under s. 775.089 does not remove or diminish the requirement that the court order payment to the Crimes Compensation Trust Fund under chapter 960.

146 Section 2. Section 943.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 147 read:

943.16 Payment of tuition or officer certification
examination fee by employing agency; reimbursement of tuition,
other course expenses, wages, and benefits.--

(1) An employing agency is authorized to pay any costs of
tuition of a trainee in attendance at an approved basic recruit
training program.

154 (2) (a) A trainee who attends such approved training 155 program at the expense of an employing agency must remain in the 156 employment or appointment of such employing agency for a period 157 of not less than 2 years after graduation from the basic recruit 158 training program. If employment or appointment is terminated on the trainee's own initiative within 2 years, he or she shall 159 160 reimburse the employing agency for the full cost of his or her 161 tuition and, other course expenses, and additional amounts as 162 provided in paragraph (b).

163 (b) In addition to reimbursement for the full cost of 164 tuition and other course expenses, a trainee terminating 165 employment as provided in paragraph (a) shall reimburse the 166 employing agency for the trainee's wages and benefits paid by

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167 the employing agency during the academy training period 168 according to the following schedule:

169 1. For a trainee terminating employment within 6 months of 170 graduation from the basic recruit training program, the full 171 amount of wages and benefits paid during the academy training 172 period.

173 2. For a trainee terminating employment within 6 months 174 and 1 day to 12 months of graduation from the basic recruit 175 training program, an amount equal to three fourths of the full 176 amount of wages and benefits paid during the academy training 177 period.

For a trainee terminating employment within 12 months 178 3. and 1 day to 18 months of graduation from the basic recruit 179 180 training program, an amount equal to one half of the full amount 181 of wages and benefits paid during the academy training period. 182 4. For a trainee terminating employment within 18 months and 1 day to 24 months of graduation from the basic recruit 183 184 training program, an amount equal to one fourth of the full 185 amount of wages and benefits paid during the academy training 186 period.

187 (3) An employing agency is authorized to pay the required
188 fee for an applicant to take the officer certification
189 examination on one occasion.

(4) An employing agency may institute a civil action to
collect such cost of tuition <u>and</u>, other course expenses, wages,
and benefits as provided in this section if it is not
reimbursed, provided that the employing agency gave written
notification to the trainee of the 2-year employment commitment
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195 during the employment screening process. The trainee shall196 return signed acknowledgment of receipt of such notification.

(5) For purposes of this section, "academy training period" means the period of time that a trainee is attending an approved basic recruit training program in a law enforcement or correctional officer academy class for purposes of obtaining certification pursuant to this chapter, until the date of graduation from such class. the term "other course expenses" includes the cost of meals.

(6) This section does not apply to trainees who terminate
employment with the employing agency and resign their
certification upon termination in order to obtain employment for
which certification under this chapter is not required. Further,
this section does not apply to trainees attending auxiliary
officer training.

(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, an
employing agency may waive a trainee's requirement of
reimbursement in part or in full when the trainee terminates
employment due to hardship or extenuating circumstances.

214 Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 944.1905, Florida 215 Statutes, is amended to read:

944.1905 Initial inmate classification; inmate reclassification.--The Department of Corrections shall classify inmates pursuant to an objective classification scheme. The initial inmate classification questionnaire and the inmate reclassification questionnaire must cover both aggravating and mitigating factors.

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222 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section (5)(a) 223 or chapter 958, the department shall assign to facilities housing youthful offenders specific correctional facilities all 224 inmates who are less than 18 years of age and who are not 225 226 eligible for and have not been assigned to a facility for 227 youthful offenders under the provisions of chapter 958. Such an 228 inmate shall be assigned to a facility for youthful offenders 229 until the inmate is 18 years of age; however, the department may 230 assign the inmate to a facility for youthful offenders until the 231 inmate reaches an age not to exceed 21 years if the department 232 determines that the continued assignment is in the best 233 interests of the inmate and the assignment does not pose an 234 unreasonable risk to other inmates in the facility. Any such 235 inmate who is less than 18 years of age shall be housed in a 236 dormitory that is separate from inmates who are 18 years of age 237 or older. Furthermore, the department shall provide any food service, education, and recreation for such inmate separately 238 239 from inmates who are 18 years of age or older.

240 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of s. 958.11, any inmate who is less than 18 years of age, who was 15 years of age 241 242 or younger at the time of his or her offense, and who has no 243 prior juvenile adjudication must be placed in a facility for youthful offenders until the inmate is 18 years of age. At the 244 discretion of the department, such an inmate may be placed in a 245 facility for youthful offenders until the inmate is 21 years of 246 247 age.

248 <u>(b) (c)</u> Any inmate who is assigned to a facility under 249 paragraph (a) <u>is subject to the provisions of s. 958.11</u>

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250 <u>regarding facility assignments, and</u> or paragraph (b) shall be 251 removed and reassigned to the general inmate population if his 252 or her behavior threatens the safety of other inmates or 253 correctional staff.

254 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection 255 (2) of section 944.47, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

256 944.47 Introduction, removal, or possession of certain 257 articles unlawful; penalty.--

(1) (a) Except through regular channels as authorized by the officer in charge of the correctional institution, it is unlawful to introduce into or upon the grounds of any state correctional institution, or to take or attempt to take or send or attempt to send therefrom, any of the following articles which are hereby declared to be contraband for the purposes of this section, to wit:

1. Any written or recorded communication or any currency or coin given or transmitted, or intended to be given or transmitted, to any inmate of any state correctional institution.

269 2. Any article of food or clothing given or transmitted,
270 or intended to be given or transmitted, to any inmate of any
271 state correctional institution.

3. Any intoxicating beverage or beverage which causes ormay cause an intoxicating effect.

4. Any controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02(4) or
any prescription or nonprescription drug having a hypnotic,
stimulating, or depressing effect.

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277 5. Any firearm or weapon of any kind or any explosive278 substance.

6. Any cellular telephone or other portable communication 279 280 device intentionally and unlawfully introduced inside the secure 281 perimeter of any state correctional institution without prior 282 authorization or consent from the officer in charge of such 283 correctional institution. As used in this subparagraph, the term "portable communication device" means any device carried, worn, 284 285 or stored which is designed or intended to receive or transmit 286 verbal or written messages, access or store data, or connect 287 electronically to the Internet or any other electronic device and which allows communications in any form. Such devices 288 289 include, but are not limited to, portable two-way pagers, hand-290 held radios, cellular telephones, Blackberry-type devices, personal digital assistants or PDA's, laptop computers, or any 291 292 components of these devices which are intended to be used to 293 assemble such devices. The term also includes any new technology 294 that is developed for similar purposes. Excluded from this 295 definition is any device having communication capabilities which has been approved or issued by the department for investigative 296 297 or institutional security purposes or for conducting other state 298 business.

(2) A person who violates any provision of this section as
it pertains to an article of contraband described in
subparagraph (1) (a) 1., or subparagraph (1) (a) 2., or subparagraph
(1) (a) 6. commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree,
punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
In all other cases, a violation of a provision of this section
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305 constitutes a felony of the second degree, punishable as 306 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

307 Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section308 948.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

309 948.01 When court may place defendant on probation or into 310 community control.--

311 (3) If, after considering the provisions of subsection (2) and the offender's prior record or the seriousness of the 312 313 offense, it appears to the court in the case of a felony 314 disposition that probation is an unsuitable dispositional 315 alternative to imprisonment, the court may place the offender in a community control program as provided in s. 948.10. Or, in a 316 case of prior disposition of a felony commitment, upon motion of 317 318 the offender or the department or upon its own motion, the court may, within the period of its retained jurisdiction following 319 320 commitment, suspend the further execution of the disposition and place the offender in a community control program upon such 321 322 terms as the court may require. The court may consult with a 323 local offender advisory council pursuant to s. 948.90 with respect to the placement of an offender into community control. 324 325 Not later than 3 working days before the hearing on the motion, 326 the department shall forward to the court all relevant material 327 on the offender's progress while in custody. If this sentencing alternative to incarceration is utilized, the court shall: 328

329 (c) Require the department to provide notifications 330 pursuant to s. 948.10(7).

331 Section 6. Section 948.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to 332 read:

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948.10 Community control programs.--

334 (1)The Department of Corrections shall develop and 335 administer a community control program. Such community control program and required manuals shall be developed in consultation 336 337 with the Florida Conference of Circuit Court Judges and the 338 office of the State Courts Administrator. This complementary 339 program shall be rigidly structured and designed to accommodate offenders who, in the absence of such a program, would have been 340 341 incarcerated. The program shall focus on the provision of sanctions and consequences which are commensurate with the 342 343 seriousness of the crime. The program shall offer the courts and the Parole Commission an alternative, community-based method to 344 punish an offender in lieu of incarceration when the offender is 345 346 a member of one of the following target groups:

347 (a) Probation violators charged with technical violations348 or misdemeanor violations.

349 (b) Parole violators charged with technical violations or350 misdemeanor violations.

351 (c) Individuals found guilty of felonies, who, due to
352 their criminal backgrounds or the seriousness of the offenses,
353 would not be placed on regular probation.

354 (2) An offender may not be placed in community control if:
 355 (a) Convicted of or adjudication withheld for a forcible
 356 felony as defined in s. 776.08, and

357 (b) Previously convicted of or adjudication withheld for a
 358 forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08.

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Nothing in this subsection prohibits placement of certain
 inmates on community control pursuant to s. 947.1747. For the
 purposes of this subsection, a forcible felony does not include
 manslaughter or burglary.

364 (2) (3) The department shall commit not less than 10 365 percent of the parole and probation field staff and supporting 366 resources to the operation of the community control program. 367 Caseloads should be restricted to a maximum of 25 cases per 368 officer in order to ensure an adequate level of staffing. Community control is an individualized program in which the 369 offender is restricted to noninstitutional quarters or 370 371 restricted to his or her own residence subject to an authorized level of limited freedom. 372

373 (4) The department shall develop and implement procedures 374 to diagnose offenders during the prison intake process in order 375 to recommend to the sentencing courts, during the period of 376 retained jurisdiction, suitable candidates for placement in a 377 program of community control.

378 (5) The Department of Corrections shall develop, or shall 379 contract for the development of, an implementation manual, a 380 resource directory, and training programs for implementing 381 community control programs.

382 (a)1. The community control implementation manual shall include, but shall not be limited to, an explanation of the types of offenders who should be placed in community control programs, procedures for diagnosing offenders, objectives and goals of such placements, examples of alternative placements

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387	based upon the experience of other states, and instruction in
388	developing an individualized program for each offender.
389	2. An offender's individualized program shall include
390	diagnosis of treatment needs in the areas of education,
391	substance abuse, and mental health, as well as community
392	sanction provisions, restitution and community service
393	provisions, rehabilitation objectives and programs, and a
394	schedule for periodic review and reevaluation of such
395	individualized programs. Individualized programs for offenders
396	who committed controlled substance violations shall include
397	provision for the conduct of random substance abuse testing
398	intermittently throughout the term of supervision, upon the
399	direction of the correctional probation officer as defined in s.
400	943.10(3).
401	(b) The community control resource directory shall
402	include, but shall not be limited to, for each circuit in the
403	state, an identification and description of community resources
404	that are available for the implementation of community control
405	programs, which resources include the following:
406	1. The name, address, phone, county location, capacity,
407	and cost.
408	2. Client eligibility and characteristics which prohibit
409	acceptance.
410	3. The objectives of the program.
411	4. The primary source of referrals.
412	5. The average length of stay.
413	6. The services offered.

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(c) Training programs shall be provided for correctional 414 field staff, local offender advisory councils, and others 415 responsible for the implementation of community control 416 417 programs. (6) The Florida Court Education Council and the office of 418 419 the State Courts Administrator shall coordinate the development 420 and implementation of a reference manual, directory, and training programs for judges in relation to community control 421 422 disposition. (7) Upon written request, when an offender is placed on 423 community control, the department shall notify: 424 425 (a) The original arresting law enforcement agency. (b) The sheriff or chief law enforcement officer of the 426 427 county in which the offender is to be placed. 428 (c) The chief officer of any local law enforcement agency 429 within whose jurisdiction the offender is to be placed. 430 (d) The victim of the offense, the victim's parent or quardian if the victim is a minor, the lawful representative of 431 432 the victim or the victim's parent or quardian if the victim is a minor, or the next of kin if the victim is a homicide victim. 433 434 435 Such notification shall include the name and street address of the offender, the length of supervision, and the nature of the 436 offense. Update notification must be provided with respect to 437 violation of the terms or conditions of the placement. 438 (8) If an offender is sentenced to community control by 439 the court and the offender is ineligible to be placed on 440

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441 community control as provided in subsection (2), the department 442 shall:

443 (a) Review and verify whether an ineligible offender was
444 placed on community control.

(b) Within 30 days after receipt of the order, notify the sentencing judge, the state attorney, and the Attorney General that the offender was ineligible for placement on community control.

449 (c) Provide a quarterly report to the chief judge and the
 450 state attorney of each circuit citing the number of ineligible
 451 offenders placed on community control within that circuit.

452 (d) Provide an annual report to the Governor, the
453 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
454 Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court on
455 the placement of ineligible offenders on community control in
456 order to assist in preparing judicial education programs or for
457 any other purpose.

458 <u>(3)(9)</u> Procedures governing violations of community 459 control shall be the same as those described in s. 948.06 with 460 respect to probation.

461 <u>(4)(10)</u> Upon completion of the sanctions imposed in the 462 community control plan before the expiration of the term ordered 463 by the court, the department may petition the court to discharge 464 the offender from community control supervision or to return the 465 offender to a program of regular probation supervision. In 466 considering the petition, the court should recognize the limited 467 staff resources committed to the community control program, the

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468 purpose of the program, and the offender's successful compliance 469 with the conditions set forth in the order of the court.

470

(11) The Department of Corrections shall:

471 (a) Develop and maintain a weighted statewide caseload
472 equalization strategy designed to ensure that high-risk
473 offenders receive the highest level of supervision; and

474 (b) Develop and implement a supervision risk assessment
475 instrument for the community control population which is similar
476 to the probation risk assessment instrument established by the
477 National Institute of Justice.

478 (5) (12) In its annual report to the Governor, the 479 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives under s. 20.315(5), the department shall include 480 481 a detailed analysis of the community control program and the department's specific efforts to protect the public from 482 483 offenders placed on community control. The analysis must 484 include, but need not be limited to, specific information on the 485 department's ability to meet minimum officer-to-offender contact 486 standards, the number of crimes committed by offenders on 487 community control, and the level of community supervision 488 provided.

489 Section 7. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 958.04,
490 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

491 958.04 Judicial disposition of youthful offenders.--

492 (1) The court may sentence as a youthful offender any493 person:

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(a) Who is at least 18 years of age or who has been
transferred for prosecution to the criminal division of the
circuit court pursuant to chapter 985;

(b) Who is found guilty of or who has tendered, and the court has accepted, a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to a crime <u>that</u> which is, under the laws of this state, a felony if <u>the offender is younger than 21 years of age at the time</u> <u>sentence is imposed</u> such crime was committed before the <u>defendant's 21st birthday;</u> and

(c) Who has not previously been classified as a youthful offender under the provisions of this act; however, <u>a</u> no person who has been found guilty of a capital or life felony may <u>not</u> be sentenced as a youthful offender under this act.

507 (2) In lieu of other criminal penalties authorized by law
508 and notwithstanding any imposition of consecutive sentences, the
509 court shall dispose of the criminal case as follows:

(a) The court may place a youthful offender under supervision on probation or in a community control program, with or without an adjudication of guilt, under such conditions as the court may lawfully impose for a period of not more than 6 years. Such period of supervision <u>may shall</u> not exceed the maximum sentence for the offense for which the youthful offender was found guilty.

(b) The court may impose a period of incarceration as a condition of probation or community control, which period of incarceration shall be served in either a county facility, a department probation and restitution center, or a community residential facility <u>that</u> which is owned and operated by any Page 19 of 46

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public or private entity providing such services. <u>A</u> No youthful offender may <u>not</u> be required to serve a period of incarceration in a community correctional center as defined in s. 944.026. Admission to a department facility or center shall be contingent upon the availability of bed space and shall take into account the purpose and function of such facility or center. Placement in such a facility or center <u>may shall</u> not exceed 364 days.

529 The court may impose a split sentence whereby the (C) 530 youthful offender is to be placed on probation or community control upon completion of any specified period of 531 incarceration; however, if the incarceration period is to be 532 served in a department facility other than a probation and 533 restitution center or community residential facility, such 534 535 period shall be for not less than 1 year or more than 4 years. The period of probation or community control shall commence 536 537 immediately upon the release of the youthful offender from incarceration. The period of incarceration imposed or served and 538 539 the period of probation or community control, when added 540 together, may shall not exceed 6 years.

The court may commit the youthful offender to the 541 (d) 542 custody of the department for a period of not more than 6 years, 543 provided that any such commitment may shall not exceed the 544 maximum sentence for the offense for which the youthful offender has been convicted. Successful participation in the youthful 545 offender program by an offender who is sentenced as a youthful 546 offender by the court pursuant to this section, or is classified 547 as such by the department, may result in a recommendation to the 548 court, by the department, for a modification or early 549

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550 termination of probation, community control, or the sentence at 551 any time prior to the scheduled expiration of such term. The 552 department shall adopt rules defining criteria for successful 553 participation in the youthful offender program which shall 554 include program participation, academic and vocational training, 555 and satisfactory adjustment. When a modification of the sentence 556 results in the reduction of a term of incarceration, the court 557 may impose a term of probation or community control which, when 558 added to the term of incarceration, may shall not exceed the 559 original sentence imposed.

560 Section 8. Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6) of section 561 958.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

958.11 Designation of institutions and programs for
youthful offenders; assignment from youthful offender
institutions and programs.--

565 (2)Youthful offender institutions and programs shall 566 contain only those youthful offenders sentenced as such by a 567 court or classified as such by the department, pursuant to the 568 requirements of subsections (4) and (6), except that under 569 special circumstances select adult offenders may be assigned to 570 youthful offender institutions. Female youthful offenders of all 571 ages may continue to be housed together at those institutions 572 designated by department rule Florida Correctional Institution 573 and Broward Correctional Institution until such time as institutions for a female youthful offenders are offender 574 institution is established or adapted to allow for separation by 575 age and to accommodate all custody classifications. 576

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577 The department Office of the Assistant Secretary for (4)578 Youthful Offenders shall continuously screen all institutions, 579 facilities, and programs for any inmate who meets the eligibility requirements for youthful offender designation 580 581 specified in s. 958.04(1)(a) and (c) whose age does not exceed 582 24 years and whose total length of sentence does not exceed 10 583 years, and the department may classify and assign as a youthful 584 offender any inmate who meets the criteria of this subsection.

585 (5) The department Population Movement and Control Coordinator shall coordinate all youthful offender assignments 586 or transfers and shall consult with the Office of the Assistant 587 588 Secretary for Youthful Offenders. The Office of the Assistant Secretary for Youthful Offenders shall review and maintain 589 590 access to full and complete documentation and substantiation of all such assignments or transfers of youthful offenders to or 591 592 from facilities in the state correctional system which are not 593 designated for their care, custody, and control, except 594 assignments or transfers made pursuant to paragraph (3)(c).

595 (6) The department may assign to a youthful offender 596 facility any inmate, except a capital or life felon, whose age 597 does not exceed 19 years but who does not otherwise meet the 598 criteria of this section, if the department Assistant Secretary 599 for Youthful Offenders determines that such inmate's mental or physical vulnerability would substantially or materially 600 jeopardize his or her safety in a nonyouthful offender facility. 601 Assignments made under this subsection shall be included in the 602 603 department's annual report.

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604 Section 9. Section 958.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to 605 read: Participation in certain activities required.--606 958.12 607 A youthful offender shall be required to participate (1)608 in work assignments, and in career, academic, counseling, and 609 other rehabilitative programs in accordance with this section, 610 including, but not limited to: 611 All youthful offenders may be required, as (a) 612 appropriate, to participate in: Reception and orientation. 613 1. 614 2. Evaluation, needs assessment, and classification. Educational programs. 615 3. 616 4. Career and job training. 617 5. Life and socialization skills training, including anger/aggression control. 618 619 6. Prerelease orientation and planning. 620 Appropriate transition services. 7. 621 (b) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (a), the 622 department shall make available: 623 Religious services and counseling. 1. 624 2. . Social services. 625 3. Substance abuse treatment and counseling. 4. Psychological and psychiatric services. 626 627 5. Library services. 6. Medical and dental health care. 628 Athletic, recreational, and leisure time activities. 629 7. Mail and visiting privileges. 630 8. 631

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632 Income derived by a youthful offender from participation in such 633 activities may be used, in part, to defray a portion of the costs of his or her incarceration or supervision; to satisfy 634 preexisting obligations; to pay fines, counseling fees, or other 635 636 costs lawfully imposed; or to pay restitution to the victim of 637 the crime for which the youthful offender has been convicted in 638 an amount determined by the sentencing court. Any such income not used for such reasons or not used as provided in s. 946.513 639 640 or s. 958.09 shall be placed in a bank account for use by the 641 youthful offender upon his or her release.

(2) A comprehensive transition and postrelease plan shall
be developed for the youthful offender by a team consisting of a
transition assistance officer, a classification officer, an
educational representative, a health services administrator, a
probation and parole officer, and the youthful offender.

647 (3) A youthful offender shall be visited by a probation
648 and parole officer prior to the offender's release from
649 incarceration in order to assist in the youthful offender's
650 transition.

651 <u>(3)</u>(4) Community partnerships shall be developed by the 652 department to provide postrelease community resources. The 653 department shall develop partnerships with entities <u>that</u> which 654 include, but are not limited to, <u>state agencies</u> the Department 655 <u>of Labor and Employment Security</u>, the Department of Children and 656 Family Services, community health agencies, <u>private agencies</u>, 657 and school systems.

(4) (5) If supervision of the youthful offender after
 release from incarceration is required, this and may be

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660 accomplished in a residential or nonresidential program $\underline{\text{or}}_{\tau}$ 661 intensive day treatment τ or <u>through</u> supervision by a 662 correctional probation and parole officer.

663 Section 10. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 945.41,664 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

945.41 Legislative intent of ss. 945.40-945.49.--It is the intent of the Legislature that mentally ill inmates in the custody of the Department of Corrections receive evaluation and appropriate treatment for their mental illness through a continuum of services. It is further the intent of the Legislature that:

671 Inmates in the custody of the department who have (1)mental illnesses that require hospitalization and intensive 672 673 psychiatric inpatient treatment or care receive appropriate treatment or care in Department of Corrections mental health 674 675 treatment facilities designated for that purpose. The department 676 shall contract with the Department of Children and Family 677 Services for the provision of mental health services in any 678 departmental mental health treatment facility. The Department of 679 Corrections shall provide mental health services to inmates 680 committed to it and may contract with any entities, persons, or 681 agencies qualified to provide such services.

(5) The department may designate a mental health treatment
facility for adult, and youthful, and female offenders or may
contract with other appropriate <u>entities</u>, <u>persons</u>, or agencies
for such services.

686 Section 11. Section 945.42, Florida Statutes, is amended 687 to read:

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945.42 Definitions; ss. 945.40-945.49.--As used in ss.
945.40-945.49, the following terms shall have the meanings
ascribed to them, unless the context shall clearly indicate
otherwise:

692

(1) "Court" means the circuit court.

693 "Crisis stabilization care" means a level of care that (2) 694 is less restrictive and intense than care provided in a mental health treatment facility, that includes a broad range of 695 696 evaluation and treatment services provided within a highly 697 structured setting or locked residential setting, and that is 698 intended for inmates who are experiencing acute emotional 699 distress and who cannot be adequately evaluated and treated in a transitional care unit or infirmary isolation management room. 700 701 Such treatment is also more intense than treatment provided in a transitional care unit and is devoted principally toward rapid 702 703 stabilization of acute symptoms and conditions.

704 <u>(3)(2)</u> "Department" means the Department of Corrections. 705 <u>(4)(3)</u> "Director" means the Director for Mental Health 706 Services of the Department of Corrections or his or her 707 designee.

708 <u>(5)(4)</u> "In immediate need of care and treatment" means 709 that an inmate is apparently mentally ill and is not able to be 710 appropriately cared for in the institution where <u>he or she</u> the 711 inmate is confined and that, <u>but for being isolated in a more</u> 712 <u>restrictive and secure housing environment, because of the</u> 713 <u>apparent mental illness:</u>

714 (a)1. The inmate is demonstrating a refusal to care for 715 himself or herself and without immediate treatment intervention₇ Page 26 of 46

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716	is likely to continue to refuse to care for himself or herself,
717	and such refusal the alleged mental illness poses an immediate,
718	real, and present threat of substantial harm to <u>his or her</u> the
719	inmate's well-being; or to the safety of others.
720	2. There is an immediate, real, and present threat that
721	the inmate will inflict serious bodily harm on himself or
722	herself or another person, as evidenced by recent behavior
723	involving causing, attempting, or threatening such harm;
724	(b)1. The inmate has refused voluntary placement for
725	treatment at a mental health treatment facility after sufficient
726	and conscientious explanation and disclosure of the purpose of
727	placement; or
728	2. The inmate is unable to determine for himself or
729	herself whether placement is necessary; and
730	(c) All available less restrictive treatment alternatives
731	that would offer an opportunity for improvement of the inmate's
732	condition have been clinically determined to be inappropriate.
733	(6) (5) "In need of care and treatment" means that an
734	inmate has a mental illness for which inpatient services in a
735	mental health treatment facility are necessary <u>and that</u> , <u>but for</u>
736	being isolated in a more restrictive and secure housing
737	environment, because of the which mental illness:
738	(a)1. The inmate is demonstrating a refusal to care for
739	himself or herself and without treatment is likely to continue
740	to refuse to care for himself or herself, and such refusal poses
741	a real and present threat of substantial harm to <u>his or her</u> the
742	inmate's well-being; or to the safety of others.
743	2. There is a substantial likelihood that in the near
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744 future the inmate will inflict serious bodily harm on himself or 745 herself or another person, as evidenced by recent behavior 746 causing, attempting, or threatening such harm; (b)1. The inmate has refused voluntary placement for 747 748 treatment at a mental health treatment facility after sufficient 749 and conscientious explanation and disclosure of the purpose of 750 placement; or 751 2. The inmate is unable to determine for himself or 752 herself whether placement is necessary; and 753 (c) All available less restrictive treatment alternatives 754 that would offer an opportunity for improvement of the inmate's 755 condition have been clinically determined to be inappropriate. 756 (7) (6) "Inmate" means any person committed to the custody 757 of the Department of Corrections. (8) (7) "Mental health treatment facility" means the 758 759 Corrections Mental Health Institution and any extended treatment 760 or hospitalization-level unit within the corrections system 761 which other institution that the Assistant Secretary for Health 762 Services of the department specifically designates by rule to provide acute psychiatric care and which may include involuntary 763 764 treatment and therapeutic intervention at the hospital level, in 765 contrast to less intensive levels of care such as outpatient 766 mental health care, transitional mental health care, or crisis 767 stabilization care. (9) (8) "Mentally ill" means an impairment of the mental or 768 emotional processes, of the ability to exercise conscious 769 control of one's actions, or of the ability to perceive or 770 771 understand reality or to understand, which impairment

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772 substantially interferes with a person's ability to meet the 773 ordinary demands of living, regardless of etiology, except that, 774 for the purposes of transfer of an inmate to a mental health 775 treatment facility, the term does not include retardation or 776 developmental disability as defined in chapter 393, simple 777 intoxication, or conditions manifested only by antisocial 778 behavior or substance abuse drug addiction. However, an 779 individual who is mentally retarded or developmentally disabled 780 may also have a mental illness.

781 (10)(9) "Psychiatrist" means a medical practitioner 782 licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has 783 primarily diagnosed and treated nervous and mental disorders for 784 a period of not less than 3 years inclusive of psychiatric 785 residency.

"Psychological professional" "Psychologist" means 786 (11)(10) 787 a behavioral practitioner who has an approved doctoral degree in 788 psychology as defined in s. 490.003(3)(b) and is employed by the 789 department that is primarily clinical in nature from a 790 university or professional graduate school that is stateauthorized or accredited by an accrediting agency approved by 791 792 the United States Department of Education and who is 793 professionally certified by the appropriate professional 794 psychology association or who is licensed as a psychologist 795 pursuant to chapter 490.

796 <u>(12)(11)</u> "Secretary" means the Secretary of Corrections. 797 <u>(13)(12)</u> "Transitional mental health care" means a level 798 of care that is more intensive than outpatient care, but less 799 intensive than crisis stabilization care, and is characterized Page 29 of 46

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800 by the provision of traditional mental health treatments such as 801 group and individual therapy, activity therapy, recreational therapy, and psychotropic medications chemotherapy, in the 802 803 context of a structured residential setting. Transitional mental 804 health care is indicated for a person with chronic or residual 805 symptomatology who does not require crisis stabilization care or 806 acute psychiatric care at the hospital level, but whose 807 impairment impairments in functioning nevertheless renders 808 render him or her incapable of adjusting satisfactorily within the general inmate population, even with the assistance of 809 810 outpatient care.

811 <u>(14)</u> (13) "Warden" means the warden of a state corrections 812 facility or his or her designee.

813 Section 12. Section 945.43, Florida Statutes, is amended 814 to read:

815 945.43 Admission of inmate to mental health treatment816 facility.--

817 (1) CRITERIA.--An inmate may be admitted to a mental
818 health treatment facility if he or she is mentally ill and is in
819 need of care and treatment, as defined in s. 945.42.

820 (2) <u>PROCEDURE FOR PLACEMENT IN</u> ADMISSION TO A MENTAL
 821 HEALTH TREATMENT FACILITY.--

(a) An inmate may be admitted to a mental health treatment facility after notice and hearing, upon the recommendation of the warden of the facility where the inmate is confined and of the director. The recommendation shall be entered on a <u>petition</u> certificate and must be supported by the expert opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a psychiatrist or

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828 psychological professional psychologist. The petition 829 certificate shall be filed with the court in the county where 830 the inmate is located and shall serve as a petition for a 831 hearing regarding placement.

(b) A copy of the <u>petition</u> certificate shall also be filed
with the department, and copies shall be served on the inmate
and the inmate's representatives, accompanied by:

835 1. A written notice, in plain and simple language, that 836 the inmate or the inmate's representative may apply at any time 837 for a hearing on the issue of the inmate's need for treatment if 838 he or she has previously waived such a hearing.

839 2. A petition for such hearing, which requires only the
840 signature of the inmate or the inmate's representative for
841 completion.

3. A written notice that the petition may be filed with
the court in the county in which the inmate is hospitalized at
the time and stating the name and address of the judge of such
court.

4. a written notice that the inmate or the inmate's
representative may apply immediately to the court to have an
attorney appointed if the inmate cannot afford one.

(c) The petition <u>for placement</u> may be filed in the county
in which the inmate is <u>located</u> being treated at any time within
6 months of the date of the certificate. The hearing shall be
held in the same county, and one of the inmate's physicians at
the facility <u>where the inmate is located</u> shall appear as a
witness at the hearing.

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(d) An attorney representing the inmate shall have access

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856 <u>to the inmate and any records, including medical or mental</u> 857 <u>health records, which are relevant to the representation of the</u> 858 <u>inmate.</u>

859 If the court finds that the inmate is mentally ill and (e) 860 in need of care and treatment, as defined in s. 945.42, the 861 court it shall order that he or she be placed in admitted to a 862 mental health treatment facility or, if the inmate is at a 863 mental health treatment facility, that he or she be retained 864 there. However, the inmate may be immediately transferred to and 865 admitted at a mental health treatment facility by executing a 866 waiver of the hearing by express and informed consent, without 867 awaiting the court order. The court shall authorize the mental health treatment facility to retain the inmate for up to 6 868 869 months. If, at the end of that time, continued placement 870 treatment is necessary, the warden shall apply to the Division 871 of Administrative Hearings in accordance with s. 945.45 court 872 for an order authorizing continued placement.

873 (3) PROCEDURE FOR HEARING ON <u>PLACEMENT</u> TRANSFER OF AN
874 INMATE <u>IN A</u> FOR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT <u>FACILITY</u>.--If the inmate
875 does not waive a hearing or if the inmate or the inmate's
876 representative files a petition for a hearing after having
877 waived it,

(a) The court shall serve notice on the warden of the
facility where the inmate is confined, the director, and the
allegedly mentally ill inmate. The notice <u>must shall</u> specify the
date, time, and place of the hearing; the basis for the
allegation of mental illness; and the names of the examining
experts. The hearing shall be held within 5 days, and the court
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884 may appoint a general or special magistrate to preside. The 885 court may waive the presence of the inmate at the hearing if 886 such waiver is consistent with the best interests of the inmate 887 and the inmate's counsel does not object. The hearing may be as 888 informal as is consistent with orderly procedure. One of the 889 experts whose opinion supported the petition for placement 890 recommendation shall be present at the hearing for information 891 purposes.

892 (b) If, at the hearing, the court finds that the inmate is 893 mentally ill and in need of care and treatment, as defined in s. 894 945.42, the court it shall order that he or she be placed in 895 transferred to a mental health treatment facility and provided appropriate treatment. The court shall provide a copy of its 896 897 order authorizing placement transfer and all supporting documentation relating to the inmate's condition to the warden 898 899 of the treatment facility. If the court finds that the inmate is 900 not mentally ill, it shall dismiss the petition for placement 901 transfer.

902 (4) <u>REFUSAL OF PLACEMENT</u> ADMISSION; WHEN REFUSAL
903 ALLOWED.--The warden of <u>an institution in which</u> a <u>mental health</u>
904 treatment facility <u>is located</u> may refuse to <u>place</u> admit any
905 inmate <u>in that treatment facility</u> who is not accompanied by
906 adequate court orders and documentation, as required in ss.
907 945.40-945.49.

908 Section 13. Section 945.44, Florida Statutes, is amended 909 to read:

910 945.44 Emergency <u>placement</u> admission of inmate <u>in a</u> to 911 mental health treatment facility.--

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912 (1) CRITERIA.--An inmate may be placed in a mental health 913 treatment facility on an emergency basis if he or she is 914 mentally ill and in immediate need of care and treatment, as 915 defined in s. 945.42.

916 (2)PROCEDURE FOR EMERGENCY PLACEMENT ADMISSION .-- An 917 inmate who is mentally ill and in immediate need of care and 918 treatment that which cannot be provided at the institution where 919 he or she is confined may be placed in admitted to a mental 920 health treatment facility on an emergency basis. The inmate may be placed transferred immediately in a mental health treatment 921 922 to the facility and shall be accompanied by the recommendation 923 of the warden of the institution where the inmate is confined, which recommendation must shall state the need for the emergency 924 925 placement transfer and shall include a written opinion of a 926 physician verifying the need for the emergency placement 927 transfer. Upon the emergency placement the admission of the 928 inmate in to the facility, the inmate shall be evaluated; if he 929 or she is determined to be in need of treatment or care, the 930 warden shall initiate proceedings for placement of the inmate, as described in s. 945.43(2). 931

932 Section 14. Section 945.45, Florida Statutes, is amended 933 to read:

934 945.45 Procedure for Continued placement of inmates in
 935 mental health treatment facilities.--

936 <u>(1) CRITERIA.--An inmate may be retained in a mental</u> 937 <u>health treatment facility if he or she is mentally ill and</u> 938 <u>continues to be in need of care and treatment, as defined in s.</u> 939 <u>945.42.</u>

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(2) (1) PROCEDURE.--

941 (a) If continued placement of an inmate is necessary, The warden shall, prior to the expiration of the period during which 942 the treatment facility is authorized to retain the inmate, file 943 944 a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings for 945 request an order authorizing continued placement. The petition 946 must This request shall be accompanied by a statement from the 947 inmate's physician justifying the petition request and providing 948 a brief summary of the inmate's treatment during the time he or 949 she has been placed. In addition, the warden shall submit an 950 individualized plan for the inmate for whom he or she is 951 requesting continued placement. The inmate may remain in a mental health treatment facility pending a hearing after the 952 953 timely filing of the petition.

954 Notification of this request for retention shall be (b) 955 mailed to the inmate, and the inmate's representative along with 956 a waiver-of-hearing form and the completed petition, requesting 957 the inmate's only a signature and a waiver of hearing form. The 958 waiver-of-hearing form shall require express and informed 959 consent and shall state that the inmate is entitled to an 960 administrative a hearing under the law; that the inmate is 961 entitled to be represented by an attorney at the hearing and 962 that, if the inmate cannot afford an attorney, one will be 963 appointed; and that, if it is shown at the hearing that the inmate does not meet the criteria for continued placement, he or 964 965 she will be transferred out of the mental health treatment facility to another facility of the department. If the inmate or 966 967 the inmate's representative does not sign the petition, or if Page 35 of 46

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968 the inmate does not sign a waiver within 15 days, the 969 administrative law judge shall notice a hearing with regard to 970 the inmate involved in accordance with ss. 120.569 and 971 120.57(1).

972

(3) PROCEDURE FOR HEARING. --

The hearing on a petition for the continued placement 973 (a) 974 of an inmate in a mental health treatment facility is an 975 administrative hearing and shall be conducted in accordance with ss. 120.569 and 120.57(1), except that an order entered by the 976 977 administrative law judge is final and subject to judicial review 978 in accordance with s. 120.68. An administrative law judge shall 979 be assigned by the Division of Administrative Hearings to 980 conduct hearings for continued placement.

981 (b) The administrative law judge may appoint a private pro 982 bono attorney in the circuit in which the treatment facility is 983 located to represent the inmate.

984 (c) The administrative law judge may waive the presence of 985 the inmate at the hearing if such waiver is consistent with the 986 best interests of the inmate and the inmate's counsel does not 987 object.

988 (d)(2) If, at a hearing pursuant to ss. 945.40-945.49, the 989 administrative law judge finds that the inmate no longer meets 990 the criteria for <u>placement</u> treatment, he or she shall order that 991 the inmate be transferred <u>out of the mental health treatment</u> 992 facility to another facility of the department.

993 <u>(e)(3)</u> If the inmate waives the hearing or if the 994 administrative law judge finds that the inmate is in need of 995 continued <u>placement</u> treatment, the administrative law judge

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996 shall enter an order authorizing such continued <u>placement</u> 997 treatment for a period not to exceed 1 year. The same procedure 998 shall be repeated prior to the expiration of each additional 1-999 year period that the inmate is retained in the mental health 1000 treatment facility.

1001 (4) Hearings on requests for orders authorizing continued 1002 placement filed in accordance with this section shall be 1003 conducted in accordance with the provisions of ss. 120.569 and 120.57(1), except that any order entered by the administrative 1005 law judge shall be final and subject to judicial review in 1006 accordance with s. 120.68.

1007 Section 15. Section 945.46, Florida Statutes, is amended 1008 to read:

1009945.46Initiation of involuntary placement proceedings1010with respect to a mentally ill inmate scheduled for release.--

1011 <u>(1)</u> If an inmate who is receiving mental health treatment 1012 in the department is scheduled for release through expiration of 1013 sentence or any other means, but continues to be mentally ill 1014 and in need of care and treatment, <u>as defined in s. 945.42</u>, the 1015 warden is authorized to initiate procedures for involuntary 1016 placement pursuant to the provisions of s. 394.467, 60 days 1017 prior to such release.

1018 (2) In addition, the warden may initiate procedures for 1019 involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463 for any inmate 1020 who has a mental illness and meets the criteria of s.

1021 394.463(1).

1022 Section 16. Section 945.47, Florida Statutes, is amended 1023 to read:

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1024 945.47 Discharge of inmate from mental health treatment.-1025 (1) An inmate who has been transferred for the purpose of
1026 mental health treatment shall be discharged from treatment by
1027 the warden under the following conditions:
1028 (a) If the inmate is no longer in need of care and

1029 treatment, <u>as defined in s. 945.42</u>, he or she may be transferred 1030 <u>out of the mental health treatment facility and provided with</u> 1031 <u>appropriate mental health services</u> to another institution in the 1032 <u>department</u>; <u>or</u>

1033 (b) If the inmate continues to be mentally ill, but is not in need of care and treatment as an inpatient, he or she may be transferred to another institution in the department and provided appropriate outpatient and aftercare services;

1037 <u>(b)(c)</u> If the inmate's sentence expires during his or her 1038 treatment, but he or she is no longer in need of care and 1039 treatment as an inpatient, the inmate may be released with a 1040 recommendation for outpatient treatment, pursuant to the 1041 provisions of ss. 945.40-945.49.; or

1042 (d) If the inmate's sentence expires and he or she 1043 continues to be mentally ill and in need of care and treatment, 1044 the warden shall initiate proceedings for involuntary placement, 1045 pursuant to s. 394.467.

1046 (2) An inmate who is involuntarily placed pursuant to s.
1047 394.467 at the expiration of his or her sentence may be placed,
1048 by order of the court, in a facility designated by the
1049 Department of Children and Family Services as a secure,
1050 nonforensic, civil facility. Such a placement shall be
1051 conditioned upon a finding by the court of clear and convincing
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1052 evidence that the inmate is manifestly dangerous to himself or 1053 herself or others. The need for such placement shall be reviewed 1054 by facility staff every 90 days. At any time that a patient is 1055 considered for transfer to a nonsecure, civil unit, the court 1056 which entered the order for involuntary placement shall be 1057 notified.

1058 (2) (2) (3) At any time that an inmate who has received mental health treatment while in the custody of the department becomes 1059 1060 eligible for release under supervision or upon end of sentence 1061 on parole, a complete record of the inmate's mental health 1062 treatment may shall be provided to the Parole Commission and to 1063 the Department of Children and Family Services upon request. The record shall include, at a minimum least, a summary of the 1064 1065 inmate's diagnosis, length of stay in treatment, clinical history, prognosis, prescribed medication, and treatment plan, 1066 1067 and recommendations for aftercare services. In the event that the inmate is released on parole, the record shall be provided 1068 to the parole officer who shall assist the inmate in applying 1069 1070 for services from a professional or an agency in the community. The application for treatment and continuation of treatment by 1071 1072 the inmate may be made a condition of parole, as provided in s. 1073 947.19(1); and a failure to participate in prescribed treatment may be a basis for initiation of parole violation hearings. 1074

1075Section 17. Section 945.48, Florida Statutes, is amended1076to read:

1077 945.48 Rights of <u>inmates</u> inmate provided <u>mental health</u> 1078 treatment; procedure for involuntary treatment.--

1079 (1) RIGHT TO QUALITY TREATMENT.--An inmate in a mental Page 39 of 46

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1080 health treatment facility has the right to receive treatment 1081 <u>that which</u> is suited to his or her needs and <u>that which</u> is 1082 provided in a humane psychological environment. Such treatment 1083 shall be administered skillfully, safely, and humanely with 1084 respect for the inmate's dignity and personal integrity.

RIGHT TO EXPRESS AND INFORMED CONSENT. -- Any inmate 1085 (2)1086 provided psychiatric treatment within the department shall be asked to give his or her express and informed written consent 1087 1088 for such treatment. "Express and informed written consent" or 1089 "consent" means consent voluntarily given in writing after a 1090 conscientious and sufficient explanation and disclosure of the purpose of the proposed treatment; the common side effects of 1091 the treatment, if any; the expected duration of the treatment; 1092 1093 and the alternative treatment available. The explanation shall 1094 enable the inmate to make a knowing and willful decision without 1095 any element of fraud, deceit, or duress or any other form of 1096 constraint or coercion.

<u>(3) PROCEDURE FOR INVOLUNTARY TREATMENT OF</u>
 <u>INMATES.--</u>Involuntary mental health treatment of an inmate who
 refuses treatment that is deemed to be necessary for the
 appropriate care of the inmate and the safety of the inmate or
 others may be provided at <u>a mental health treatment facility</u>. an
 <u>institution authorized to do so by the Assistant Secretary for</u>
 Health Services under the following circumstances:

1104 (a) In an emergency situation in which there is immediate 1105 danger to the health and safety of the inmate or other inmates, 1106 such treatment may be provided upon the written order of a 1107 physician for a period not to exceed 48 hours, excluding

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weekends and legal holidays. If, after the 48 hour period, the 1108 1109 inmate has not given express and informed consent to the treatment initially refused, the warden shall, within 48 hours, 1110 1111 excluding weekends and legal holidays, petition the circuit 1112 court serving the county in which the facility is located for an order authorizing the continued treatment of the inmate. In the 1113 1114 interim, treatment may be continued upon the written order of a physician who has determined that the emergency situation 1115 1116 continues to present a danger to the safety of the inmate or others. If an inmate must be isolated for mental health 1117 1118 purposes, that decision must be reviewed within 72 hours by medical staff different from that making the original placement. 1119 1120 (b) In a situation other than an emergency situation, The 1121 warden of the institution containing the mental health treatment 1122 facility shall petition the circuit court serving the county in 1123 which the mental health treatment facility is located for an order authorizing the treatment of the inmate. The inmate shall 1124 be provided with a copy of the petition along with the proposed 1125 1126 treatment, the basis for the proposed treatment, the names of the examining experts, and the date, time, and location of the 1127 1128 hearing. The inmate may have an attorney represent him or her at the hearing and, if the inmate is indigent, the court shall 1129 appoint the office of the public defender or private counsel 1130 1131 pursuant to s. 27.40(1) to represent the inmate at the hearing. 1132 An attorney representing the inmate shall have access to the inmate and any records, including medical or mental health 1133 1134 records, which are relevant to the representation of the inmate. The order shall allow such treatment for a period not to exceed 1135 Page 41 of 46

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1136 90 days from the date of the order. Unless the court is notified 1137 in writing that the inmate has provided express and informed 1138 consent in writing, that the inmate has been transferred to 1139 another institution of the department, or that the inmate is no longer in need of treatment, the warden shall, prior to the 1140 expiration of the initial 90-day order, petition the court for 1141 1142 an order authorizing the continuation of treatment for another 1143 90-day period. This procedure shall be repeated until the inmate 1144 provides consent or is no longer in need of treatment. Treatment may be continued pending a hearing after the filing of any 1145 1146 petition. 1147 (4) PROCEDURE FOR THE HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY TREATMENT OF 1148 AN INMATE. --1149 The hearing on the petition for involuntary treatment (a) 1150 shall be held within 5 days after the petition is filed and the 1151 court may appoint a general or special magistrate to preside. The inmate may testify or not, as he or she chooses, may cross-1152 examine witnesses testifying on behalf of the facility, and may 1153 1154 present his or her own witnesses. However, the court may waive 1155 the presence of the inmate at the hearing if such waiver is 1156 consistent with the best interests of the inmate and the inmate's counsel does not object. One of the inmate's physicians 1157 whose opinion supported the petition shall appear as a witness 1158 1159 at the hearing. (b) (c) At the hearing on the issue of whether the court 1160 should authorize treatment for which an inmate has refused to 1161 give express and informed consent, the court shall determine by 1162 clear and convincing evidence whether the inmate is mentally ill 1163

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1164 as defined in this chapter; whether such treatment is essential 1165 to the care of the inmate; and whether the treatment is 1166 experimental or presents an unreasonable risk of serious, 1167 hazardous, or irreversible side effects. In arriving at the 1168 substitute judgment decision, the court must consider at least 1169 the following:

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1. The inmate's expressed preference regarding treatment;

- 2. The probability of adverse side effects;
- 3. The prognosis for the inmate without treatment; and
 - 4. The prognosis for the inmate with treatment.

1175 The inmate and the inmate's representative shall be provided 1176 with a copy of the petition and the date, time, and location of 1177 the hearing. The inmate may have an attorney represent him or 1178 her at the hearing, and, if the inmate is indigent, the court 1179 shall appoint the office of the public defender to represent him 1180 or her at the hearing. The inmate may testify or not, as he or 1181 she chooses, may cross examine witnesses testifying on behalf of 1182 the facility, and may present his or her own witnesses.

(C) An order authorizing involuntary treatment shall allow 1183 1184 such treatment for a period not to exceed 90 days following the 1185 date of the order. Unless the court is notified in writing that 1186 the inmate has provided express and informed consent in writing, 1187 that the inmate has been transferred to another institution of 1188 the department, or that the inmate is no longer in need of treatment, the warden shall, prior to the expiration of the 1189 initial 90-day order, petition the court for an order 1190 authorizing the continuation of treatment for another 90-day 1191

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1192	period. This procedure shall be repeated until the inmate
1193	provides express and informed consent or is no longer in need of
1194	treatment. Treatment may be continued pending a hearing after
1195	the timely filing of any petition.
1196	(5) PROCEDURE FOR EMERGENCY TREATMENTIn an emergency
1197	situation in which there is immediate danger to the health and
1198	safety of an inmate or other inmates, emergency treatment may be
1199	provided at a mental health treatment facility upon the written
1200	order of a physician for a period not to exceed 48 hours,
1201	excluding weekends and legal holidays. If, after the 48-hour
1202	period, the inmate has not given express and informed consent to
1203	the treatment initially refused, the warden shall, within 48
1204	hours, excluding weekends and legal holidays, petition the
1205	circuit court, in accordance with the procedures described in
1206	this section, for an order authorizing the continued treatment
1207	of the inmate. In the interim, treatment may be continued upon
1208	the written order of a physician who has determined that the
1209	emergency situation continues to present a danger to the safety
1210	of the inmate or others. If an inmate must be isolated for
1211	mental health purposes, that decision must be reviewed within 72
1212	hours by a different psychological professional or a physician
1213	other than the one making the original placement.
1214	(6) (d) EMERGENCY TREATMENTIn addition to the other
1215	above provisions of this section for mental health treatment,
1216	when the <u>consent</u> permission of the inmate cannot be obtained,
1217	the warden of a mental health treatment facility, or his or her
1218	designated representative, with the concurrence of the inmate's
1219	attending physician, may authorize emergency surgical or
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1220 nonpsychiatric medical treatment if such treatment is deemed 1221 lifesaving or there is a situation threatening serious bodily 1222 harm to the inmate. 1223 (3) STATUS OF INMATE. An inmate receiving mental health 1224 treatment shall be subject to the same standards applied to 1225 other inmates in the department, including, but not limited to, 1226 consideration for parole, release by reason of gain time 1227 allowances as provided for in s. 944.291, and release by 1228 expiration of sentence. Section 18. Section 945.49, Florida Statutes, is amended 1229 to read: 1230 1231 Operation and administration. --945.49 1232 (1)ADMINISTRATION. -- The department is authorized to 1233 contract with the appropriate entities, agencies, persons, and 1234 local governing bodies to provide mental health services 1235 pursuant to ss. 945.40-945.49. 1236 (2) RULES.--The department, in cooperation with the Mental 1237 Health Program Office of the Department of Children and Family 1238 Services, shall adopt rules necessary for administration of ss. 945.40-945.49 in accordance with chapter 120. 1239 1240 ORIENTATION AND TRAINING. -- Correctional officers (3) employed by a mental health treatment facility shall receive 1241 specialized training above and beyond that required for basic 1242 1243 certification pursuant to chapter 943. Such training shall be in 1244 accordance with requirements of the Criminal Justice Standards 1245 and Training Commission. STATUS OF INMATE. -- An inmate receiving mental health 1246 (4)treatment shall be subject to the same standards applied to 1247 Page 45 of 46

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1248	other inmates in the department, including, but not limited to,
1249	consideration for parole, release by reason of gain-time
1250	allowances as provided for in s. 944.291, and release by
1251	expiration of sentence. ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES. One or more
1252	administrative law judges shall be assigned by the Division of
1253	Administrative Hearings to conduct hearings for continued
1254	placement.
1255	Section 19. This act shall take effect October 1, 2008.

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