Florida Senate - 2008

By Senators Bennett and Gaetz

21-02444-08

2008758

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to inland navigation districts; amending
3	s. 374.975, F.S.; providing legislative intent that
4	operation of a inland navigation district is in the public
5	interest; amending s. 374.976, F.S.; providing that an
6	inland navigation district may aid and cooperate with
7	specified groups in planning and carrying out certain
8	specified activities; amending s. 403.813, F.S.; deleting
9	certain provisions requiring the Secretary of
10	Environmental Protection to adopt procedural rules for the
11	issuance of permits; providing that certain projects are
12	exempt from the requirement to obtain a permit; providing
13	for maintenance dredging for certain areas previously
14	dredged; providing conditions precedent for maintenance
15	dredging; authorizing the Department of Environmental
16	Protection to develop and maintain a list of flocculants
17	that may be used at a disposal site of dredged material;
18	providing that the list does not prevent an entity from
19	proposing, or the department from approving, the use of a
20	flocculant that is not on the department's list; requiring
21	the entity to provide documentation that the flocculant
22	will not cause harm to the water resources of the state;
23	amending ss. 253.03, 373.4145, and 380.061, F.S.;
24	correcting cross-references; repealing s. 374.977, F.S.,
25	relating to manatee protection speed zones and
26	responsibility for sign posting; providing an effective
27	date.
28	

29 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Page 1 of 27

2008758 21-02444-08 30 31 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 374.975, Florida 32 Statutes, is amended to read: Inland navigation districts; legislative intent.--33 374.975 34 The Legislature hereby recognizes the continuing need (1)35 for inland navigation districts to undertake programs necessary 36 to accomplish the purposes of construction, maintenance, and 37 operation of Florida's inland waterways pursuant to s. 107 of the 38 federal River and Harbor Act of 1960 (33 U.S.C. s. 577). 39 Operation and maintenance by an inland navigation district of the intracoastal waterway and any other public navigation channel 40 41 authorized by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement 42 Trust Fund is in the public interest. 43 Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 44 374.976, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 45 374.976 Authority to address impacts of waterway 46 development projects. --47 Each inland navigation district is empowered and (1) 48 authorized to undertake programs intended to alleviate the 49 problems associated with its waterway or waterways, including, 50 but not limited to, the following: 51 The district is authorized to aid and cooperate with (C) 52 the Federal Government, the state, member counties, nonmember 53 counties that contain any part of the intracoastal waterway 54 within their boundaries, navigation districts, and local 55 governments within the district in planning and carrying out 56 public navigation, local and regional anchorage management, beach 57 renourishment, public recreation, inlet management, environmental 58 education, and boating safety projects, directly related to the

Page 2 of 27

	21-02444-08 2008758
59	waterways. The district is also authorized to enter into
60	cooperative agreements with the United States Army Corps of
61	Engineers, the state, and member counties, and to covenant in any
62	such cooperative agreement to pay part of the costs of
63	acquisition, planning, development, construction, reconstruction,
64	extension, improvement, operation, and maintenance of such
65	projects.
66	Section 3. Section 403.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to
67	read:
68	403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions
69	(1) The secretary shall adopt procedural rules providing
70	for a short-form application for, and issuance at the district
71	centers of, permits for:
72	(a) Projects which affect less than 10 acres of
73	jurisdictional area and are within the landward extent of waters
74	of the state that are directly impacted by dredging or filling,
75	including other areas severed from or connected to waters of the
76	state as a result of dredge and fill activities.
77	(b) Docking facilities of less than 10 wet slips, which
78	facilities do not provide commercial or marine supplies or
79	services.
80	(c) New seawalls or similar structures which do not exceed
81	500 linear feet of shoreline.
82	(d) The installation of subaqueous transmission and
83	distribution lines laid on, or embedded in, the bottoms of waters
84	of the state carrying water, electricity, communication cables,
85	oil, and gas, except as exempted by paragraph (2)(m) or paragraph
86	(2)(n).

Page 3 of 27

2008758

87 (e) Other similar projects that are limited in scope as
88 specified by rule.

89 (1) (1) (2) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter 90 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, for activities associated with the 91 92 following types of projects; however, except as otherwise 93 provided in this subsection, nothing in this subsection does not 94 relieve relieves an applicant from any requirement to obtain 95 permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees 96 of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or any water management 97 district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from 98 complying with applicable local pollution control programs 99 authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments: 100

(a) The installation of overhead transmission lines, with
support structures which are not constructed in waters of the
state and which do not create a navigational hazard.

(b) The installation and repair of mooring pilings and dolphins associated with private docking facilities or piers and the installation of private docks, piers and recreational docking facilities, or piers and recreational docking facilities of local governmental entities when the local governmental entity's activities will not take place in any manatee habitat, any of which docks:

111 1. Has 500 square feet or less of over-water surface area 112 for a dock which is located in an area designated as Outstanding 113 Florida Waters or 1,000 square feet or less of over-water surface 114 area for a dock which is located in an area which is not 115 designated as Outstanding Florida Waters;

Page 4 of 27

129

2008758

116 2. Is constructed on or held in place by pilings or is a 117 floating dock which is constructed so as not to involve filling 118 or dredging other than that necessary to install the pilings;

119 3. Shall not substantially impede the flow of water or 120 create a navigational hazard;

4. Is used for recreational, noncommercial activities
associated with the mooring or storage of boats and boat
paraphernalia; and

5. Is the sole dock constructed pursuant to this exemption as measured along the shoreline for a distance of 65 feet, unless the parcel of land or individual lot as platted is less than 65 feet in length along the shoreline, in which case there may be one exempt dock allowed per parcel or lot.

Nothing in This paragraph <u>does not</u> shall prohibit the department from taking appropriate enforcement action pursuant to this chapter to abate or prohibit any activity otherwise exempt from permitting <u>under</u> pursuant to this paragraph if the department can demonstrate that the exempted activity has caused water pollution in violation of this chapter.

136 (C) The installation and maintenance to design 137 specifications of boat ramps on artificial bodies of water where 138 navigational access to the proposed ramp exists or the 139 installation of boat ramps open to the public in any waters of 140 the state where navigational access to the proposed ramp exists 141 and where the construction of the proposed ramp will be less than 142 30 feet wide and will involve the removal of less than 25 cubic 143 yards of material from the waters of the state, and the maintenance to design specifications of such ramps; however, the 144

Page 5 of 27

2008758

145 material to be removed shall be placed upon a self-contained 146 upland site so as to prevent the escape of the spoil material 147 into the waters of the state.

(d) The replacement or repair of existing docks and piers, except that no fill material is to be used and provided that the replacement or repaired dock or pier is in the same location and of the same configuration and dimensions as the dock or pier being replaced or repaired.

(e) The restoration of seawalls at their previous locations
or upland of, or within 1 foot waterward of, their previous
locations. However, this shall not affect the permitting
requirements of chapter 161, and department rules shall clearly
indicate that this exception does not constitute an exception
from the permitting requirements of chapter 161.

159 (f)1. Maintenance dredging of the following areas that have 160 been previously dredged or excavated: 161 a. Boat basins; 162 b. Boat slips; 163 c. Intake and discharge structures; 164 d. Navigation channels; 165 e. Portions of natural water bodies within drainage rights-166 of-way or drainage easements that have been recorded in the 167 public records of the county; 168 f. Port facilities; 169 g. Predominantly residential canals and canal systems; or 170 h. Manmade waters that were wholly excavated from lands 171 other than wetlands and other surface waters such as canals, 172 irrigation ditches, drainage ditches, and semienclosed port

173 berths.

Page 6 of 27

2008758___

174	2. All such maintenance dredging must meet the following
175	conditions:
176	a. The proposed work must be intended to maintain rather
177	than restore. Work is not maintenance work if the area to be
178	dredged fails to reasonably fulfill its original design function
179	or the repairs needed to return the system to its original design
180	are so extensive that they would cause more than a minimal
181	individual or cumulative adverse environmental impact. This sub-
182	subparagraph does not prohibit maintenance dredging of areas
183	where the loss of design function has been caused by storm events
184	if the dredging is performed as soon as practical after the storm
185	event. Maintenance dredging that begins within 2 years after the
186	storm event is presumed to be as soon as practical. If more than
187	2 years are needed to begin maintenance dredging after the storm
188	event, a request to dredge must be submitted to the department.
189	The request must include a statement, supported by documentation,
190	that dredging contractors are not available to perform the work
191	or that additional time is needed to obtain authorization to
192	dredge from the United States Army Corps of Engineers.
193	b. The area to be dredged must have been lawfully dredged
194	or excavated pursuant to all applicable state and federal permits
195	or authorizations at the time of original construction.
196	c. No more dredging may be performed than is necessary to
197	maintain the area to be dredged in conformity with its original
198	design specification or configuration, whichever is less.
199	Dredging of intake or discharge structures or canals that were
200	constructed before the requirement to obtain a state or federal
201	permit is limited to a depth of no more than 5 feet below mean
202	low-water level for tidal waters or mean annual low-water level

Page 7 of 27

2008758

203 for nontidal waters, or the original design specification or 204 configuration, whichever is less. 205 d. Significant impacts may not occur to previously 206 undisturbed natural areas. 207 e. All dredged material must be removed and deposited 208 within a lawfully existing upland disposal site or in an offshore 209 dredged material disposal site located outside the state's 210 territorial limits which has been approved by the United States 211 Environmental Protection Agency under s. 102 of the Marine 212 Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act of 1972. 213 f. Turbidity curtains or other best-management practices 214 must be installed and maintained to minimize turbidity and 215 prevent erosion, scour, and the release of toxic or deleterious 216 substances such that the activity does not result in violations 217 of water quality standards at all points of dredging and 218 discharge, and at the dredged material disposal site, except as 219 provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs (I) and (II): 220 (I) A mixing zone for turbidity is granted within a 100-221 meter radius around the point of dredging while dredging is 222 ongoing if the mixing zone does not extend into areas supporting 223 submerged aquatic vegetation or hard-bottom communities. 224 (II) The discharge of return water from the dredged 225 material disposal site is allowed so long as the discharge water 226 does not result in a violation of water quality standards in the 227 receiving waters. However, return water discharges into manmade 228 waters as described in sub-subparagraph 1.h., other than those in 229 Monroe County, shall be granted a mixing zone for turbidity within a 150-meter radius from the point of discharge during and 230 231 immediately following discharges while dredging is ongoing,

Page 8 of 27

	21-02444-08 2008758
232	except that such a mixing zone may not extend outside the manmade
233	waters.
234	g. All work performed under this paragraph shall be
235	conducted in compliance with s. 370.12(2)(d).
236	h. The state may not charge a public port authority or
237	inland navigation district for material removed during
238	maintenance dredging.
239	i. Dredging may not involve the removal or alteration of a
240	natural or manmade barrier separating manmade waters as described
241	in sub-subparagraph 1.h. from adjacent waters.
242	j. Any person seeking to use the exemption provided in this
243	paragraph in previously dredged portions of natural water bodies
244	within drainage rights-of-way or drainage easements that have
245	been recorded in the public records of the county must notify the
246	department or water management district, as applicable, at least
247	30 days before dredging, and provide documentation of the
248	original design specifications or configurations of the area to
249	be dredged, where such exist, in the notice.
250	k. The use of flocculants at the disposal site is allowed
251	if such use, including supporting documentation, has been
252	coordinated in advance with the department and determined not be
253	harmful to water resources. The performance of maintenance
254	dredging of existing manmade canals, channels, intake and
255	discharge structures, and previously dredged portions of natural
256	water bodies within drainage rights-of-way or drainage easements
257	which have been recorded in the public records of the county,
258	where the spoil material is to be removed and deposited on a
259	self-contained, upland spoil site which will prevent the escape
260	of the spoil material into the waters of the state, provided that

Page 9 of 27

2008758

no more dredging is to be performed than is necessary to restore 261 262 the canals, channels, and intake and discharge structures, and 263 previously dredged portions of natural water bodies, to original design specifications or configurations, provided that the work 264 265 is conducted in compliance with s. 370.12(2)(d), provided that no 266 significant impacts occur to previously undisturbed natural 267 areas, and provided that control devices for return flow and best 268 management practices for erosion and sediment control are 269 utilized to prevent bank erosion and scouring and to prevent 270 turbidity, dredged material, and toxic or deleterious substances 271 from discharging into adjacent waters during maintenance 272 dredging. Further, for maintenance dredging of previously dredged 273 portions of natural water bodies within recorded drainage rights-274 of-way or drainage easements, an entity that seeks an exemption 275 must notify the department or water management district, as 276 applicable, at least 30 days prior to dredging and provide 277 documentation of original design specifications or configurations 278 where such exist. This exemption applies to all canals and 279 previously dredged portions of natural water bodies within 280 recorded drainage rights-of-way or drainage easements constructed prior to April 3, 1970, and to those canals and previously 281 282 dredged portions of natural water bodies constructed on or after 283 April 3, 1970, pursuant to all necessary state permits. This 284 exemption does not apply to the removal of a natural or manmade 285 barrier separating a canal or canal system from adjacent waters. 286 When no previous permit has been issued by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or the United States Army 287 288 Corps of Engineers for construction or maintenance dredging of 289 the existing manmade canal or intake or discharge structure, such

Page 10 of 27

```
21-02444-08
```

2008758

290 maintenance dredging shall be limited to a depth of no more than 291 5 feet below mean low water. The Board of Trustees of the 292 Internal Improvement Trust Fund may fix and recover from the 293 permittee an amount equal to the difference between the fair 294 market value and the actual cost of the maintenance dredging for 295 material removed during such maintenance dredging. However, no 296 charge shall be exacted by the state for material removed during 297 such maintenance dredging by a public port authority. The 298 removing party may subsequently sell such material; however, 299 proceeds from such sale that exceed the costs of maintenance 300 dredging shall be remitted to the state and deposited in the 301 Internal Improvement Trust Fund.

The maintenance of existing insect control structures $_{ au}$ 302 (q) 303 and dikes, and irrigation and drainage ditches, provided that 304 spoil material is deposited on a self-contained, upland spoil 305 site which will prevent the escape of the spoil material into waters of the state. In the case of insect control structures, if 306 307 the cost of using a self-contained upland spoil site is so 308 excessive, as determined by the Department of Health, pursuant to 309 s. 403.088(1), that it will inhibit proposed insect control, 310 then-existing spoil sites or dikes may be used, upon notification 311 to the department. In the case of insect control where upland 312 spoil sites are not used pursuant to this exemption, turbidity 313 control devices shall be used to confine the spoil material 314 discharge to that area previously disturbed when the receiving 315 body of water is used as a potable water supply, is designated as shellfish harvesting waters, or functions as a habitat for 316 317 commercially or recreationally important shellfish or finfish. In 318 all cases, no more dredging is to be performed than is necessary

Page 11 of 27

2008758

319 to <u>maintain</u> restore the dike or irrigation or drainage ditch to 320 its original design specifications.

(h) The repair or replacement of existing functional pipes or culverts the purpose of which is the discharge or conveyance of stormwater. In all cases, the invert elevation, the diameter, and the length of the culvert shall not be changed. However, the material used for the culvert may be different from the original.

326 (i) The construction of private docks of 1,000 square feet 327 or less of over-water surface area and seawalls in artificially 328 created waterways where such construction will not violate 329 existing water quality standards, impede navigation, or affect 330 flood control. This exemption does not apply to the construction 331 of vertical seawalls in estuaries or lagoons unless the proposed 332 construction is within an existing manmade canal where the 333 shoreline is currently occupied in whole or part by vertical 334 seawalls.

335

(j) The construction and maintenance of swales.

(k) The installation of aids to navigation and buoys associated with such aids, provided the devices are marked pursuant to s. 327.40.

339 (1) The replacement or repair of existing open-trestle foot 340 bridges and vehicular bridges that are 100 feet or less in length and two lanes or less in width, provided that no more dredging or 341 342 filling of submerged lands is performed other than that which is 343 necessary to replace or repair pilings and that the structure to 344 be replaced or repaired is the same length, the same 345 configuration, and in the same location as the original bridge. 346 No debris from the original bridge shall be allowed to remain in 347 the waters of the state.

Page 12 of 27

2008758

(m) The installation of subaqueous transmission and distribution lines laid on, or embedded in, the bottoms of waters in the state, except in Class I and Class II waters and aquatic preserves, provided no dredging or filling is necessary.

(n) The replacement or repair of subaqueous transmission and distribution lines laid on, or embedded in, the bottoms of waters of the state.

355 (0) The construction of private seawalls in wetlands or 356 other surface waters where such construction is between and 357 adjoins at both ends existing seawalls; follows a continuous and 358 uniform seawall construction line with the existing seawalls; is 359 no more than 150 feet in length; and does not violate existing 360 water quality standards, impede navigation, or affect flood 361 control. However, in estuaries and lagoons the construction of 362 vertical seawalls is limited to the circumstances and purposes 363 stated in s. 373.414(5)(b)1.-4. This paragraph does not affect 364 the permitting requirements of chapter 161, and department rules 365 must clearly indicate that this exception does not constitute an 366 exception from the permitting requirements of chapter 161.

367 The restoration of existing insect control impoundment (p) 368 dikes which are less than 100 feet in length. Such impoundments 369 shall be connected to tidally influenced waters for 6 months each 370 year beginning September 1 and ending February 28 if feasible or 371 operated in accordance with an impoundment management plan 372 approved by the department. A dike restoration may involve no 373 more dredging than is necessary to restore the dike to its 374 original design specifications. For the purposes of this 375 paragraph, restoration does not include maintenance of 376 impoundment dikes of operating insect control impoundments.

Page 13 of 27

2008758

(q) The construction, operation, or maintenance of stormwater management facilities which are designed to serve single-family residential projects, including duplexes, triplexes, and quadruplexes, if they are less than 10 acres total land and have less than 2 acres of impervious surface and if the facilities:

383 1. Comply with all regulations or ordinances applicable to 384 stormwater management and adopted by a city or county;

385 2. Are not part of a larger common plan of development or 386 sale; and

387 3. Discharge into a stormwater discharge facility exempted 388 or permitted by the department under this chapter which has 389 sufficient capacity and treatment capability as specified in this 390 chapter and is owned, maintained, or operated by a city, county, 391 special district with drainage responsibility, or water 392 management district; however, this exemption does not authorize 393 discharge to a facility without the facility owner's prior 394 written consent.

(r) The removal of aquatic plants, the removal of tussocks, the associated replanting of indigenous aquatic plants, and the associated removal from lakes of organic detrital material when such planting or removal is performed and authorized by permit or exemption granted under s. 369.20 or s. 369.25, provided that:

1. Organic detrital material that exists on the surface of natural mineral substrate shall be allowed to be removed to a depth of 3 feet or to the natural mineral substrate, whichever is less;

404 2. All material removed pursuant to this paragraph shall be405 deposited in an upland site in a manner that will prevent the

Page 14 of 27

2008758

406 reintroduction of the material into waters in the state except 407 when spoil material is permitted to be used to create wildlife 408 islands in freshwater bodies of the state when a governmental 409 entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 to create such islands 410 as a part of a restoration or enhancement project;

3. All activities are performed in a manner consistent withstate water quality standards; and

413 4. No activities under this exemption are conducted in 414 wetland areas, as defined by s. 373.019(25), which are supported 415 by a natural soil as shown in applicable United States Department 416 of Agriculture county soil surveys, except when a governmental 417 entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 to conduct such 418 activities as a part of a restoration or enhancement project. 419

The department may not adopt implementing rules for thisparagraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

422 (s) The construction, installation, operation, or
423 maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts,
424 provided that such structures:

1. Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;

428 2. Are wholly contained within a boat slip previously 429 permitted under ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the 430 Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or 431 do not exceed a combined total of 500 square feet, or 200 square 432 feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a dock 433 that is exempt under this subsection or associated with a 434 permitted dock with no defined boat slip or attached to a

Page 15 of 27

452

2008758

435 bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking 436 structure;

437 3. Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring 438 vessels that remain in the water when not in use, and do not 439 substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational 440 hazard, or unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of 441 adjacent property owners, as defined in s. 253.141;

442 4. Are constructed and used so as to minimize adverse
443 impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic
444 plant and animal species, and other biological communities,
445 including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are
446 least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead; and

5. Are not constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of a permit issued in accordance with ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or other form of authorization issued by a local government.

453 Structures that qualify for this exemption are relieved from any 454 requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by 455 the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and, 456 with the exception of those structures attached to a bulkhead on 457 a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, shall not 458 be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, 459 registration requirements, or other regulation by any local 460 government. Local governments may require either permitting or 461 one-time registration of floating vessel platforms to be attached 462 to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking 463 structure as necessary to ensure compliance with local

Page 16 of 27

2008758

ordinances, codes, or regulations. Local governments may require 464 465 either permitting or one-time registration of all other floating 466 vessel platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the 467 exemption criteria in this section; to ensure compliance with 468 local ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or 469 zoning, which are no more stringent than the exemption criteria 470 in this section or address subjects other than subjects addressed 471 by the exemption criteria in this section; and to ensure proper 472 installation, maintenance, and precautionary or evacuation action 473 following a tropical storm or hurricane watch of a floating 474 vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be 475 attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other 476 docking structure. The exemption provided in this paragraph shall 477 be in addition to the exemption provided in paragraph (b). The 478 department shall adopt a general permit by rule for the 479 construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of those 480 floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that do not 481 qualify for the exemption provided in this paragraph but do not 482 cause significant adverse impacts to occur individually or 483 cumulatively. The issuance of such general permit shall also 484 constitute permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board 485 of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. No local 486 government shall impose a more stringent regulation, permitting 487 requirement, registration requirement, or other regulation 488 covered by such general permit. Local governments may require 489 either permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel 490 platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the general 491 permit in this section; to ensure compliance with local 492 ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or zoning

Page 17 of 27

2008758

493 that are no more stringent than the general permit in this 494 section; and to ensure proper installation and maintenance of a 495 floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed 496 to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no 497 other docking structure.

(t) The repair, stabilization, or paving of existing county
maintained roads and the repair or replacement of bridges that
are part of the roadway, within the Northwest Florida Water
Management District and the Suwannee River Water Management
District, provided:

503 1. The road and associated bridge were in existence and in 504 use as a public road or bridge, and were maintained by the county 505 as a public road or bridge on or before January 1, 2002;

2. The construction activity does not realign the road or expand the number of existing traffic lanes of the existing road; however, the work may include the provision of safety shoulders, clearance of vegetation, and other work reasonably necessary to repair, stabilize, pave, or repave the road, provided that the work is constructed by generally accepted engineering standards;

512 3. The construction activity does not expand the existing 513 width of an existing vehicular bridge in excess of that 514 reasonably necessary to properly connect the bridge with the road 515 being repaired, stabilized, paved, or repaved to safely 516 accommodate the traffic expected on the road, which may include 517 expanding the width of the bridge to match the existing connected 518 road. However, no debris from the original bridge shall be 519 allowed to remain in waters of the state, including wetlands;

520 4. Best management practices for erosion control shall be 521 employed as necessary to prevent water quality violations;

Page 18 of 27

2008758

522 Roadside swales or other effective means of stormwater 5. 523 treatment must be incorporated as part of the project; 524 6. No more dredging or filling of wetlands or water of the 525 state is performed than that which is reasonably necessary to 526 repair, stabilize, pave, or repave the road or to repair or 527 replace the bridge, in accordance with generally accepted 528 engineering standards; and 529 7. Notice of intent to use the exemption is provided to the 530 department, if the work is to be performed within the Northwest 531 Florida Water Management District, or to the Suwannee River Water 532 Management District, if the work is to be performed within the 533 Suwannee River Water Management District, 30 days prior to 534 performing any work under the exemption. 535 536 Within 30 days after this act becomes a law, the department shall 537 initiate rulemaking to adopt a no fee general permit for the 538 repair, stabilization, or paving of existing roads that are 539 maintained by the county and the repair or replacement of bridges 540 that are part of the roadway where such activities do not cause 541 significant adverse impacts to occur individually or 542 cumulatively. The general permit shall apply statewide and, with 543 no additional rulemaking required, apply to qualified projects 544 reviewed by the Suwannee River Water Management District, the St. 545 Johns River Water Management District, the Southwest Florida 546 Water Management District, and the South Florida Water Management 547 District under the division of responsibilities contained in the 548 operating agreements applicable to part IV of chapter 373. Upon 549 adoption, this general permit shall, pursuant to the provisions

Page 19 of 27

2008758

550 of subsection (2) (3), supersede and replace the exemption in 551 this paragraph.

552 (u) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this 553 subsection, a permit or other authorization under chapter 253, 554 chapter 369, chapter 373, or this chapter is not required for an 555 individual residential property owner for the removal of organic 556 detrital material from freshwater rivers or lakes that have a 557 natural sand or rocky substrate and that are not Aquatic 558 Preserves or for the associated removal and replanting of aquatic 559 vegetation for the purpose of environmental enhancement, 560 providing that:

561 1. No activities under this exemption are conducted in 562 wetland areas, as defined by s. 373.019(25), which are supported 563 by a natural soil as shown in applicable United States Department 564 of Agriculture county soil surveys.

565

2. No filling or peat mining is allowed.

5663. No removal of native wetland trees, including, but not567limited to, ash, bay, cypress, gum, maple, or tupelo, occurs.

568 4. When removing organic detrital material, no portion of 569 the underlying natural mineral substrate or rocky substrate is 570 removed.

571 5. Organic detrital material and plant material removed is 572 deposited in an upland site in a manner that will not cause water 573 quality violations.

574 6. All activities are conducted in such a manner, and with 575 appropriate turbidity controls, so as to prevent any water 576 quality violations outside the immediate work area.

577 7. Replanting with a variety of aquatic plants native to 578 the state shall occur in a minimum of 25 percent of the

Page 20 of 27

2008758

579 preexisting vegetated areas where organic detrital material is 580 removed, except for areas where the material is removed to bare 581 rocky substrate; however, an area may be maintained clear of 582 vegetation as an access corridor. The access corridor width may 583 not exceed 50 percent of the property owner's frontage or 50 584 feet, whichever is less, and may be a sufficient length waterward 585 to create a corridor to allow access for a boat or swimmer to 586 reach open water. Replanting must be at a minimum density of 2 587 feet on center and be completed within 90 days after removal of existing aquatic vegetation, except that under dewatered 588 589 conditions replanting must be completed within 90 days after 590 reflooding. The area to be replanted must extend waterward from 591 the ordinary high water line to a point where normal water depth 592 would be 3 feet or the preexisting vegetation line, whichever is 593 less. Individuals are required to make a reasonable effort to 594 maintain planting density for a period of 6 months after 595 replanting is complete, and the plants, including naturally 596 recruited native aquatic plants, must be allowed to expand and 597 fill in the revegetation area. Native aquatic plants to be used 598 for revegetation must be salvaged from the enhancement project 599 site or obtained from an aquatic plant nursery regulated by the 600 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Plants that are 601 not native to the state may not be used for replanting.

8. No activity occurs any farther than 100 feet waterward of the ordinary high water line, and all activities must be designed and conducted in a manner that will not unreasonably restrict or infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent upland riparian owners.

Page 21 of 27

2008758

9. The person seeking this exemption notifies the applicable department district office in writing at least 30 days before commencing work and allows the department to conduct a preconstruction site inspection. Notice must include an organicdetrital-material removal and disposal plan and, if applicable, a vegetation-removal and revegetation plan.

613 10. The department is provided written certification of
614 compliance with the terms and conditions of this paragraph within
615 30 days after completion of any activity occurring under this
616 exemption.

617 (2)(3) The provisions of subsection (1) (2) are superseded 618 by general permits established pursuant to ss. 373.118 and 619 403.814 which include the same activities. Until such time as 620 general permits are established, or should general permits be 621 suspended or repealed, the exemptions under subsection (1) (2) 622 shall remain or shall be reestablished in full force and effect.

62.3 Section 4. The Department of Environmental Protection may develop and maintain a list of flocculants the use of which is 624 625 permitted under part IV of chapter 373, Florida Statutes, 626 including information concerning any associated testing to 627 determine compliance with state permitting standards and 628 information on application rates and methods. Publication of this 629 list is not a rule under the provisions of chapter 120, Florida Statutes. This section does not prevent an entity from proposing, 630 631 or the department from approving, the use of a flocculant that is 632 not on the department's list subject to the entity providing the 633 necessary documentation required by the department to ensure that 634 its use will not cause harm to the water resources of the state.

Page 22 of 27

2008758

635 Section 5. Subsection (16) of section 253.03, Florida 636 Statutes, is amended to read:

637 253.03 Board of trustees to administer state lands; lands638 enumerated.--

(16) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, and the state through its agencies, may not control, regulate, permit, or charge for any severed materials which are removed from the area adjacent to an intake or discharge structure pursuant to an exemption authorized in <u>s. 403.813(1)(f)</u> and (r) <u>s. 403.813(2)(f) and (r)</u>.

645 Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (3) of 646 section 373.4145, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

647 373.4145 Part IV permitting program within the geographical
 648 jurisdiction of the Northwest Florida Water Management
 649 District.--

(3) The rules adopted under subsection (1), as applicable,shall:

(a) Incorporate the exemptions in ss. 373.406 and
 403.813(1) 403.813(2).

654 (e) Provide an exemption for the repair, stabilization, or 655 paving of county-maintained roads existing on or before January 656 1, 2002, and the repair or replacement of bridges that are part 657 of the roadway consistent with the provisions of s. 403.813(1)(t) 658 s. 403.813(2)(t), notwithstanding the provisions of s. 659 403.813(1)(t)7. s. 403.813(2)(t)7. requiring adoption of a 660 general permit applicable within the Northwest Florida Water 661 Management District and the repeal of such exemption upon the 662 adoption of a general permit.

Page 23 of 27

2008758

663 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 380.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 664

666

665

380.061 The Florida Quality Developments program.--

(3) (a) To be eligible for designation under this program, 667 the developer shall comply with each of the following 668 requirements which is applicable to the site of a qualified 669 development:

670 1. Have donated or entered into a binding commitment to 671 donate the fee or a lesser interest sufficient to protect, in 672 perpetuity, the natural attributes of the types of land listed 673 below. In lieu of the above requirement, the developer may enter 674 into a binding commitment which runs with the land to set aside 675 such areas on the property, in perpetuity, as open space to be 676 retained in a natural condition or as otherwise permitted under 677 this subparagraph. Under the requirements of this subparagraph, 678 the developer may reserve the right to use such areas for the 679 purpose of passive recreation that is consistent with the 680 purposes for which the land was preserved.

681 Those wetlands and water bodies throughout the state as a. 682 would be delineated if the provisions of s. 373.4145(1)(b) were 683 applied. The developer may use such areas for the purpose of site 684 access, provided other routes of access are unavailable or 685 impracticable; may use such areas for the purpose of stormwater 686 or domestic sewage management and other necessary utilities to 687 the extent that such uses are permitted pursuant to chapter 403; 688 or may redesign or alter wetlands and water bodies within the jurisdiction of the Department of Environmental Protection which 689 690 have been artificially created, if the redesign or alteration is 691 done so as to produce a more naturally functioning system.

Page 24 of 27

2008758

b. Active beach or primary and, where appropriate,
secondary dunes, to maintain the integrity of the dune system and
adequate public accessways to the beach. However, the developer
may retain the right to construct and maintain elevated walkways
over the dunes to provide access to the beach.

697 c. Known archaeological sites determined to be of
698 significance by the Division of Historical Resources of the
699 Department of State.

d. Areas known to be important to animal species designated
as endangered or threatened animal species by the United States
Fish and Wildlife Service or by the Fish and Wildlife
Conservation Commission, for reproduction, feeding, or nesting;
for traveling between such areas used for reproduction, feeding,
or nesting; or for escape from predation.

e. Areas known to contain plant species designated as
endangered plant species by the Department of Agriculture and
Consumer Services.

709 2. Produce, or dispose of, no substances designated as 710 hazardous or toxic substances by the United States Environmental 711 Protection Agency or by the Department of Environmental 712 Protection or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 713 Services. This subparagraph is not intended to apply to the 714 production of these substances in nonsignificant amounts as would 715 occur through household use or incidental use by businesses.

716 3. Participate in a downtown reuse or redevelopment program717 to improve and rehabilitate a declining downtown area.

4. Incorporate no dredge and fill activities in, and no
stormwater discharge into, waters designated as Class II, aquatic
preserves, or Outstanding Florida Waters, except as activities in

Page 25 of 27

2008758

721 those waters are permitted pursuant to <u>s. 403.813(1)</u> s.
722 403.813(2) and the developer demonstrates that those activities
723 meet the standards under Class II waters, Outstanding Florida
724 Waters, or aquatic preserves, as applicable.

5. Include open space, recreation areas, Xeriscape as defined in s. 373.185, and energy conservation and minimize impermeable surfaces as appropriate to the location and type of project.

729 6. Provide for construction and maintenance of all onsite 730 infrastructure necessary to support the project and enter into a 731 binding commitment with local government to provide an 732 appropriate fair-share contribution toward the offsite impacts 733 which the development will impose on publicly funded facilities 734 and services, except offsite transportation, and condition or 735 phase the commencement of development to ensure that public 736 facilities and services, except offsite transportation, will be 737 available concurrent with the impacts of the development. For the 738 purposes of offsite transportation impacts, the developer shall comply, at a minimum, with the standards of the state land 739 740 planning agency's development-of-regional-impact transportation 741 rule, the approved strategic regional policy plan, any applicable 742 regional planning council transportation rule, and the approved 743 local government comprehensive plan and land development 744 regulations adopted pursuant to part II of chapter 163.

745 7. Design and construct the development in a manner that is 746 consistent with the adopted state plan, the applicable strategic 747 regional policy plan, and the applicable adopted local government 748 comprehensive plan.

749

Section 8. <u>Section 374.977</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Page 26 of 27

750

2008758___

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.