By Senator Rich

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to reproductive health services and family planning; creating the "Prevention First Act"; providing definitions; providing duties of licensed health care practitioners and facilities relating to the treatment of rape survivors; requiring the Department of Health to provide certain information; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to provide for enforcement and impose penalties; defining the term "contraception"; specifying that the provision of contraception is not subject to ch. 390, F.S., relating to the termination of pregnancies; providing definitions; requiring licensed pharmacies to dispense certain forms of contraception without delay; specifying conditions under which a pharmacy may refuse to provide a contraceptive; requiring the Department of Health to investigate complaints alleging a violation of certain provisions; providing for an aggrieved person or the Attorney General to bring a civil action; providing for penalties; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, although the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention included family planning in its published list of Ten Great Public Health Achievements in the 20th Century, the United States still has one of the highest rates of unintended pregnancies among industrialized nations, and

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WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that family planning is basic health care for women and that access to contraception helps women prevent unintended pregnancy and control the timing and

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spacing of planned births, and

WHEREAS, 46.3 percent of pregnancies among women in this state are unintended according to the Florida Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System initiated by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Florida Department of Health, and

WHEREAS, currently more than 1.7 million women in Florida are in need of contraceptive services and supplies, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that the victimization of women through rape is compounded by the possibility that the rape survivors may suffer unintended pregnancies, and half of such pregnancies end in abortion, and

WHEREAS, women rely on prescription contraceptives for a range of medical purposes in addition to birth control, such as regulation of menstrual cycles and the treatment of endometriosis, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature further finds that providing access to family planning information, services, and birth control will prevent abortions and unintended pregnancies, thereby significantly reducing the number of women and teens who need medical assistance, Medicaid, Kidcare, and other social services, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature recognizes that the most recent study of women in need of family planning services by the Florida State University Center for Prevention and Early Intervention Policy found that only 26 percent of women in this state who are in need of such services are currently receiving them, and

WHEREAS, according to the Department of Health's Family Planning Program, for every dollar spent on family planning

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services, up to \$24 is saved as a result of averting expenditures for public programs that support women who have unintended pregnancies and their infants, NOW, THEREFORE,

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Prevention First Act."
  - Section 2. Treatment for survivors of rape. --
  - (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (b) "Care to a rape survivor" means medical examinations, procedures, and services provided to a rape survivor.
  - (c) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (d) "Emergency birth control" means any drug or device approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration which prevents pregnancy after sexual intercourse.
- (e) "Health care facility" means a facility licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes.
- (f) "Incest" means a sexual offense described in s. 826.04, Florida Statutes.
- (g) "Medically and factually accurate" means information that is supported by the weight of research conducted in compliance with accepted scientific methods and that is recognized as accurate and objective by leading professional organizations and agencies having relevant expertise in the field.
  - (h) "Rape" means sexual battery as described in ss. 794.011

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and 827.071, Florida Statutes.

- (i) "Rape survivor" means a person who alleges or is alleged to have been raped or who is the victim of alleged incest and because of the alleged offense seeks treatment as a patient.
  - (2) DUTIES OF LICENSED PRACTITIONERS AND FACILITIES. --
- (a) A health care practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464, Florida Statutes, or a health care facility licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes, providing care to a rape survivor shall:
- 1. Provide each female rape survivor with medically and factually accurate, clear, and concise information concerning emergency birth control, including its indications and contraindications and the risks associated with its use.
- 2. Inform each female rape survivor of her medical option to receive emergency birth control.
- (b) If emergency birth control is requested, the health care practitioner or health care facility shall immediately provide the female rape survivor with the complete regimen of emergency birth control.
  - (3) PATIENT INFORMATION. --
  - (a) The department shall:
- 1. Develop, prepare, and produce informational materials relating to emergency birth control for the prevention of pregnancy for distribution to and use in all emergency departments in the state, in quantities sufficient to comply with the requirements of this section, to the extent that funds are available.
- 2. Develop, prepare, and post information on the department's Internet website relating to the duty of licensed

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health care practitioners and health care facilities to provide
emergency birth control to female rape survivors.

- (b) Information provided to female rape survivors or female victims of sexual assault must be:
  - 1. Medically and factually accurate and objective.
- 2. Clearly written, readily comprehensible, and culturally appropriate, as the department, in collaboration with community sexual assault programs and other relevant stakeholders, considers necessary to explain the nature of emergency birth control, including its use, safety, efficacy, and availability.
- (4) ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES. -- In addition to any other remedies provided by law, the agency shall respond to complaints and shall periodically determine, using all available investigative tools, whether a health care facility is in compliance with this section. If the agency finds that a health care facility is not in compliance with this section, the agency shall:
- (a) Impose a fine of \$5,000 per woman who is denied medically and factually accurate and objective information about emergency birth control or who is not offered or provided with emergency birth control.
- (b) Impose a fine of \$5,000 for failure to comply with subsection (2). For every 30 days that a health care facility is not in compliance with subsection (2), an additional fine of \$5,000 shall be imposed.
- (c) After two violations, suspend or revoke the health care facility's license or deny the health care facility's application for a license.
  - Section 3. Access to contraception. --

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(1) The term "contraception" means any drug or device approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to prevent pregnancy.

- (2) The provision of contraception is not subject to or governed by chapter 390, Florida Statutes.
  - Section 4. Patient protection .--
  - (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Contraception" or "contraceptive" means any drug or device approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration to prevent pregnancy.
- (b) "Employee" means a person hired, by contract or any other form of agreement, by a pharmacy.
- (c) "Pharmacist" means a person licensed under chapter 465, Florida Statutes.
- (d) "Pharmacy" means an entity that is authorized by the state to engage in the business of selling prescription drugs at retail and that employs one or more employees.
- (e) "Product" means a drug or device approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- (f) "Professional clinical judgment" means the use of professional knowledge and skills to form a clinical judgment in accordance with prevailing medical standards.
- (g) "Without delay," with respect to a pharmacy providing, providing a referral for, or ordering contraception, or transferring a prescription for contraception, means within the pharmacy's customary timeframe for providing, providing a referral for, or ordering other products, or transferring the prescription for other products.
  - (2) DUTIES OF LICENSED PHARMACIES.--

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(a) If a customer requests a contraceptive that is in stock, the pharmacy shall ensure that the contraceptive is provided to the customer without delay.

- (b) If a customer requests a contraceptive that is not in stock and the pharmacy, in the normal course of business, stocks contraceptives, the pharmacy shall immediately inform the customer that the contraceptive is not in stock and without delay offer the customer the following options:
- 1. If the customer prefers to obtain the contraceptive through a referral or transfer, the pharmacy shall:
- a. Locate a pharmacy of the customer's choice or the closest pharmacy confirmed to have the contraceptive in stock; and
- b. Refer the customer or transfer the prescription to that pharmacy.
- 2. If the customer prefers that the pharmacy order the contraceptive, the pharmacist shall obtain the contraceptive under the pharmacy's standard procedure for expedited ordering of medication and notify the customer when the contraceptive arrives.
  - (c) A pharmacy shall ensure that its employees do not:
- 1. Intimidate, threaten, or harass a customer in the delivery of services relating to a request for contraception;
- 2. Interfere with or obstruct the delivery of services relating to a request for contraception;
- 3. Intentionally misrepresent or deceive a customer about the availability of contraception or its mechanism of action;
- 4. Breach medical confidentiality with respect to a request for contraception or threaten to breach such confidentiality; or

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5. Refuse to return a valid, lawful prescription for contraception upon a customer's request.

- (d) This section does not prohibit a pharmacy from refusing to provide a contraceptive to a customer if:
- 1. It is unlawful to dispense the contraceptive to the customer without a valid, lawful prescription and such prescription is not presented;
  - 2. The customer is unable to pay for the contraceptive; or
- 3. The employee of the pharmacy refuses to provide the contraceptive on the basis of a professional clinical judgment.
- (e) This section does not prevent a pharmacist or other person from refusing to furnish any contraceptive or family planning service, supplies, or information for religious reasons so long as the pharmacy ensures that the customer receives the contraceptive without delay and in compliance with this section.
- (f) This section does not alter any standard established under the Florida Civil Rights Act of 1992.
- (g) Any person who believes that a violation of this section has occurred may file a complaint with the Department of Health. Within 30 days after receiving the complaint, the department must investigate the complaint and determine whether a violation occurred. If the department finds that a violation occurred, the department shall impose a fine no greater than \$10,000 or any other penalty in accordance with s. 456.072(2), Florida Statutes. A pharmacy that violates this section is subject to denial or revocation of a permit issued by the department.
- (h) Any person who has been injured by a violation of this section may bring a civil action for compensatory and punitive

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damages as well as the costs of the suit and reasonable fees for attorneys and expert witnesses. With respect to compensatory damages, the plaintiff may elect, at any time prior to the rendering of final judgment, to recover, in lieu of actual damages, an award of statutory damages in the amount of \$5,000.

(i) If the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of persons is being, has been, or may be injured by conduct constituting a violation of this section, the Attorney General may bring a civil action in the name of the state, as parens patriae on behalf of natural persons residing in the state. In such an action by the Attorney General, the court may award appropriate relief, including compensatory damages and civil penalties of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.

Section 5. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.