1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.012, F.S.;
3	revising provisions relating to the investigative duties
4	of the Secretary of State; amending s. 97.041, F.S.;
5	revising requirements for voter preregistration of minors;
6	amending s. 97.053, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
7	verification of certain information on voter registration
8	applications; amending s. 97.0535, F.S.; revising forms of
9	acceptable identification for certain voter registration
10	applicants; amending s. 97.055, F.S.; providing for change
11	of party affiliation after the closing of the registration
12	books to apply to an upcoming election under certain
13	circumstances; amending s. 98.065, F.S.; revising
14	registration list maintenance provisions; creating s.
15	98.0655, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to
16	prescribe registration list maintenance forms; providing
17	criteria for such forms; amending s. 98.0981, F.S.;
18	reducing the time by which supervisors of elections must
19	electronically transmit certain voter history information
20	to the department; requiring the department to prepare a
21	detailed report containing specified voter information to
22	legislative officers after a general election; requiring
23	supervisors of elections to collect and submit data to the
24	department after certain elections; defining the phrase
25	"all ballots cast"; requiring the department to compile
26	precinct-level statistical data for counties before
27	certain elections; amending s. 99.012, F.S.; providing
28	restrictions on individuals qualifying for public office;
29	removing an exception from such restrictions for persons
ļ	

# Page 1 of 54

30	seeking any federal public office; amending s. 99.021,
31	F.S.; deleting a resignation statement from the qualifying
32	oath for candidates for federal office; amending s.
33	99.095, F.S.; providing requirements for candidate
34	qualifying petitions; amending s. 100.221, F.S.; providing
35	circumstances under which early voting is not required;
36	amending s. 100.361, F.S.; revising provisions relating to
37	the recall of municipal or charter county officers, recall
38	committees, recall petitions, recall defense, and offenses
39	related thereto; amending s. 100.371, F.S.; providing that
40	a petition form circulated for signatures may not be
41	bundled with other petitions; deleting requirements
42	relating to the recording and determination of signature
43	forms; providing that an elector may complete and submit a
44	standard petition-revocation form directly to the
45	supervisor of elections under certain circumstances;
46	requiring that the division adopt petition-revocation
47	forms by rule; amending s. 101.041, F.S.; deleting a
48	requirement for the printing and distribution of official
49	ballots; amending s. 101.045, F.S.; authorizing the use of
50	a voter registration application for a name or address
51	change; amending s. 101.111, F.S.; revising methods by
52	which a person's right to vote may be challenged; amending
53	s. 101.23, F.S.; deleting provisions requiring an election
54	inspector to prevent certain persons from voting; amending
55	s. 101.51, F.S.; deleting provisions specifying certain
56	responsibilities of election officials before allowing
57	electors to enter a booth or compartment to vote; amending
58	s. 101.5608, F.S.; revising certain procedures relating to

# Page 2 of 54

59	the deposit of ballots; repealing s. 101.573, F.S.,
60	relating to the reporting of precinct-level election
61	results; amending s. 101.6923, F.S.; revising forms of
62	acceptable identification for certain absentee voters;
63	amending s. 101.75, F.S.; authorizing municipalities to
64	set by ordinance election dates to coincide with statewide
65	or countywide elections; amending s. 102.014, F.S.;
66	revising provisions relating to the training of poll
67	workers; amending s. 102.031, F.S.; including the term
68	"solicitation" as an equivalent of the term "solicit" as
69	it relates to the unlawful solicitation of voters;
70	providing that such terms do not prohibit exit polling;
71	amending s. 102.112, F.S.; revising the county canvassing
72	board's certification requirements for election returns;
73	amending s. 103.101, F.S.; deleting provisions related to
74	the placement on the ballot of presidential candidates
75	whose names do not appear on the list submitted to the
76	Secretary of State; amending s. 106.021, F.S.; removing a
77	campaign finance filing requirement for certain
78	candidates; amending s. 106.07, F.S.; clarifying that
79	political subdivisions may impose electronic filing
80	requirements on certain candidates, and that expenditures
81	for such filing system serve a valid public purpose;
82	repealing s. 106.082, F.S., relating to campaign
83	contribution limitations for candidates for the office of
84	Commissioner of Agriculture; amending s. 106.147, F.S.;
85	requiring a disclosure statement for certain telephone
86	calls and communications; revising provisions requiring
87	authorization from the candidate or sponsor for certain
ļ	

# Page 3 of 54

88	telephone calls; amending s. 106.24, F.S.; providing that
89	the Florida Elections Commission is its own agency head
90	rather than the director of the commission; amending s.
91	190.006, F.S.; deleting certain fee and assessment
92	provisions for candidates seeking election to the board of
93	supervisors of a community redevelopment district;
94	amending s. 105.041, F.S.; providing procedure for
95	determining ballot position of candidates for the office
96	of circuit judge; providing effective dates.
97	
98	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
99	
100	Section 1. Subsection (15) of section 97.012, Florida
101	Statutes, is amended to read:
102	97.012 Secretary of State as chief election officerThe
103	Secretary of State is the chief election officer of the state,
104	and it is his or her responsibility to:
105	(15) Conduct preliminary investigations into any
106	irregularities or fraud involving voter registration, voting, <del>or</del>
107	candidate <u>petition,</u> or issue petition activities and report his
108	or her findings to the statewide prosecutor or the state attorney
109	for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred
110	for prosecution, if warranted. The Department of State may
111	prescribe by rule requirements for filing an elections-fraud
112	complaint and for investigating any such complaint.
113	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
114	97.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
115	97.041 Qualifications to register or vote
116	(1)
I	

# Page 4 of 54

CS for CS for SB 866

2008866e2

(b) A person who is otherwise qualified may preregister on or after that person's <u>16th</u> <del>17th</del> birthday <del>or receipt of a valid</del> <del>Florida driver's license, whichever occurs earlier,</del> and may vote in any election occurring on or after that person's 18th birthday.

Section 3. Effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (6) of section 97.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125

97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications.--

126 (6) A voter registration application may be accepted as 127 valid only after the department has verified the authenticity or nonexistence of the driver's license number, the Florida 128 129 identification card number, or the last four digits of the social 130 security number provided by the applicant. If a completed voter 131 registration application has been received by the book-closing 132 deadline but the driver's license number, the Florida 133 identification card number, or the last four digits of the social 134 security number provided by the applicant cannot be verified, the 135 applicant shall be notified that the number cannot be verified 136 application is incomplete and that the applicant voter must 137 provide evidence to the supervisor sufficient to verify the 138 authenticity of the applicant's driver's license number, Florida 139 identification card number, or last four digits of the social 140 security number provided on the application. If the applicant 141 voter provides the necessary evidence, the supervisor shall place 142 the applicant's voter's name on the registration rolls as an 143 active voter. If the applicant voter has not provided the 144 necessary evidence or the number has not otherwise been verified prior to the applicant presenting himself or herself to vote, the 145

#### Page 5 of 54

146	applicant shall be provided a provisional ballot. The provisional
147	ballot shall be counted only if the <u>number</u> application is
148	verified by the end of the canvassing period or if the applicant
149	presents evidence to the supervisor of elections sufficient to
150	verify the authenticity of the <u>applicant's</u> driver's license
151	number, Florida identification card number, or last four digits
152	of the social security number <del>provided on the application</del> no
153	later than 5 p.m. of the second day following the election.
154	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
155	97.0535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
156	97.0535 Special requirements for certain applicants
157	(3)(a) The following forms of identification shall be
158	considered current and valid if they contain the name and
159	photograph of the applicant and have not expired:
160	1. United States passport.
161	2. Employee badge or identification.
162	3. Buyer's club identification.
163	2.4. Debit or credit card.
164	<u>3.</u> 5. Military identification.
165	<u>4.</u> 6. Student identification.
166	5.7. Retirement center identification.
167	<u>6.8.</u> Neighborhood association identification.
168	7.9. Public assistance identification.
169	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 97.055, Florida
170	Statutes, is amended to read:
171	97.055 Registration books; when closed for an election
172	(1) (a) The registration books must be closed on the 29th
173	day before each election and must remain closed until after that
174	election. If an election is called and there are fewer than 29
I	

# Page 6 of 54

175 days before that election, the registration books must be closed 176 immediately.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), when the registration books are closed for an election, updates to a voter's name, address, and signature pursuant to ss. 98.077 and 101.045 shall be the only changes permitted for purposes of the upcoming election. <u>New</u> voter registration applications <del>and party</del> <del>changes</del> must be accepted but only for the purpose of subsequent elections.

(c) When the registration books are closed for an upcoming
 election, an update or change to a voter's party affiliation made
 pursuant to s. 97.1031 shall be permitted for that upcoming
 election unless such election is for the purpose of nominating a
 political party nominee, in which case the update or change shall
 be permitted only for the purpose of subsequent elections.

Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 98.065, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

192

98.065 Registration list maintenance programs.--

193 (4) (a) If the supervisor receives change-of-address 194 information pursuant to the activities conducted in subsection 195 (2), from jury notices signed by the voter and returned to the 196 courts, from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 197 or from other sources, which  $\frac{1}{1000}$  indicates that the legal 198 address of a registered voter's legal residence voter might have 199 changed to another location within the state, the supervisor must 200 change the registration records to reflect the new address and 201 must shall send the voter by forwardable return-if-undeliverable 202 mail an address change confirmation notice as provided in s. 98.0655(2) to the address at which the voter was last registered. 203

#### Page 7 of 54

A supervisor may also send an address confirmation notice to any voter who the supervisor has reason to believe has moved from his or her legal residence.

207 If the supervisor of elections receives change-of-(b) 208 address information pursuant to the activities conducted in 209 subsection (2), from jury notices signed by the voter and 210 returned to the courts, or from other sources which indicates 211 that a registered voter's legal residence might have changed to a 212 location outside the state, the supervisor of elections shall 213 send an address confirmation final notice to the voter as provided in s. 98.0655(3). The address confirmation notice shall 214 215 contain a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form on which:

216 1. If the voter has changed his or her address of legal 217 residence to a location outside the state, the voter shall mark 218 that the voter's legal residence has changed to a location 219 outside the state. The form shall also include information on how 220 to register in the new state in order to be eligible to vote. The 221 form must be returned within 30 days after the date of the 222 notice. The completed form shall constitute a request to be 223 removed from the statewide voter registration system.

224 2. If the voter has changed his or her address of legal 225 residence to a location inside the state, the voter shall set 226 forth the updated or corrected address and submit the return form 227 within 30 days after the date of the notice. The completed form 228 shall constitute a request to update the statewide voter 229 registration system with the updated or corrected address 230 information.

3. If the voter has not changed his or her address of legal
 residence as printed on the address confirmation notice, the

#### Page 8 of 54

233 voter shall confirm that his or her address of legal residence
234 has not changed and submit the form within 30 days after the date
235 of the notice.

236 The supervisor must designate as inactive all voters (C) 237 who have been sent an address confirmation final notice and who 238 have not returned the postage prepaid, preaddressed return form 239 within 30 days or for which the final an address confirmation 240 notice has been returned as undeliverable. Names on the inactive 241 list may not be used to calculate the number of signatures needed 242 on any petition. A voter on the inactive list may be restored to 243 the active list of voters upon the voter updating his or her registration, requesting an absentee ballot, or appearing to 244 245 vote. However, if the voter does not update his or her voter 246 registration information, request an absentee ballot, or vote by 247 the second general election after being placed on the inactive 248 list, the voter's name shall be removed from the statewide voter 249 registration system and the voter shall be required to reregister 250 to have his or her name restored to the statewide voter 251 registration system.

252 Section 7. Section 98.0655, Florida Statutes, is created to 253 read:

254 <u>98.0655 Registration list maintenance forms.--The</u> 255 <u>department shall prescribe registration list maintenance forms to</u> 256 <u>be used by the supervisors which must include:</u>

257 (1) An address confirmation request that must contain: 258 (a) The voter's name and address of legal residence as 259 shown on the voter registration record; and 260 (b) A request that the voter notify the supervisor if 261 either the voter's name or address of legal residence is

#### Page 9 of 54

262	incorrect.
263	(2) An address change notice that must be sent to the newly
264	recorded address of legal residence by forwardable mail,
265	including a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form with which
266	the voter may verify or correct the voter's new address
267	information.
268	(3) An address confirmation final notice that must be sent
269	to the newly recorded address of legal residence by forwardable
270	mail and must contain a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form
271	and a statement that:
272	(a) If the voter has not changed his or her legal residence
273	or has changed his or her legal residence within the state, the
274	voter should return the form within 30 days after the date on
275	which the notice was sent to the voter.
276	(b) If the voter has changed his or her legal residence to
277	a location outside the state:
278	1. The voter shall return the form, which serves as a
279	request to be removed from the registration books; and
280	2. The voter shall be provided with information on how to
281	register in the new jurisdiction in order to be eligible to vote.
282	(c) If the return form is not returned, the voter's name
283	shall be designated as inactive in the statewide voter
284	registration system.
285	Section 8. Effective July 1, 2008, section 98.0981, Florida
286	Statutes, is amended to read:
287	98.0981 <u>Reports; voting history;</u> statewide voter
288	registration system information; precinct-level election results;
289	book closing statistics database
290	(1) VOTING HISTORY AND STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM

# Page 10 of 54

291	INFORMATION
292	<u>(a)</u> Within <u>45</u> <del>75</del> days after a general election, <del>or within</del>
293	<del>15 days after all</del> supervisors of elections <u>shall transmit to the</u>
294	department, in a uniform electronic format specified by the
295	<u>department, completely</u> <del>have</del> updated <u>voting</u> <del>voter</del> history
296	information for each qualified voter who voted., whichever occurs
297	later,
298	(b) After receipt of the information in paragraph (a), the
299	department shall <u>prepare</u> <del>send to the President of the Senate, the</del>
300	Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Minority
301	Leader, and the House Minority Leader a report in electronic
302	format which contains the following information, separately
303	compiled for the primary and general election for all voters
304	qualified to vote in either election: of all voter qualified to
305	vote in the election or primary. The report shall include for
306	each voter
307	1. The unique identifier assigned to each qualified voter
308	within the statewide voter registration system <del>the code used by</del>
309	the department to uniquely identify the voter;
310	2. All information provided by each qualified voter on his
311	or her in the uniform statewide voter registration application
312	pursuant to s. 97.052(2), except <u>that which is</u> what is
313	specifically identified as confidential or exempt from public
314	records requirements;
315	3. Each qualified voter's the date of registration;
316	4. Each qualified voter's current state the representative
317	district, state senatorial district, and congressional district,
318	assigned by the supervisor of elections;
319	5. Each qualified voter's current and precinct in which the

# Page 11 of 54

320	voter resides; and
321	6. Voting history as transmitted under paragraph (a) to
322	<u>include</u> whether the <u>qualified</u> voter voted at <u>a</u> <del>the</del> precinct
323	location, voted <u>during the early voting period</u> <del>by early vote</del> ,
324	voted by absentee ballot, attempted to vote by absentee ballot
325	that was not counted, attempted to vote by provisional ballot
326	that was not counted, or did not vote.
327	(c) Within 60 days after a general election, the department
328	shall send to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
329	House of Representatives, the Senate Minority Leader, and the
330	House Minority Leader a report in electronic format that includes
331	all information set forth in paragraph (b).
332	(2) PRECINCT-LEVEL ELECTION RESULTSWithin 45 days after
333	the date of a presidential preference primary election, a special
334	election, or a general election, the supervisors of elections
335	shall collect and submit to the department precinct-level
336	election results for the election in a uniform electronic format
337	specified by the department. The precinct-level election results
338	shall be compiled separately for the primary or special primary
339	election that preceded the general or special general election,
340	respectively. The results shall specifically include for each
341	precinct the aggregate total of all ballots cast for each
342	candidate or nominee to fill a national, state, county, or
343	district office or proposed constitutional amendment. "All
344	ballots cast" means ballots cast by voters who cast a ballot
345	whether at a precinct location, by absentee ballot including
346	overseas absentee ballots, during the early voting period, or by
347	provisional ballot.
348	(3) PRECINCT-LEVEL BOOK CLOSING STATISTICSAfter the date

# Page 12 of 54

349	of book closing but before the date of an election as defined in
350	s. 97.021(10) to fill a national, state, county, or district
351	office, or to vote on a proposed constitutional amendment, the
352	department shall compile the following precinct-level statistical
353	data for each county:
354	(a) Precinct numbers.
355	(b) Total number of active registered voters by party for
356	each precinct.
357	(4) REPORTS PUBLICLY AVAILABLE The department shall also
358	make publicly available the reports and results required in
359	subsections (1)-(3).
360	(5) RULEMAKINGThe department shall adopt rules and
361	prescribe forms to carry out the purposes of this section.
362	Section 9. Subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (3),
363	and subsections (6) and (7) of section 99.012, Florida Statutes,
364	are amended to read:
365	99.012 Restrictions on individuals qualifying for public
366	office
367	(2) No person may qualify as a candidate for more than one
368	public office, whether <u>federal,</u> state, district, county, or
369	municipal, if the terms or any part thereof run concurrently with
370	each other.
371	(3)(a) No officer may qualify as a candidate for another
372	public office, whether state, district, county, or municipal
373	public office $_{ au}$ if the terms or any part thereof run concurrently
374	with each other $_{m{ au}}$ without resigning from the office he or she
375	presently holds.
376	(6) This section does not apply to:
377	(a) Political party offices.

# Page 13 of 54

```
2008866e2
```

378 (b) Persons serving without salary as members of an 379 appointive board or authority. (c) Persons seeking any federal public office. 380 381 (7) Nothing contained in subsection subsections (3) and (4) 382 relates to persons holding any federal office. 383 Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 99.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 384 385 99.021 Form of candidate oath.--386 (1) (a) 1. Each candidate, whether a party candidate, a 387 candidate with no party affiliation, or a write-in candidate, in order to qualify for nomination or election to any office other 388 than a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or a federal 389 390 office, shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation in 391 writing. A printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be 392 furnished to the candidate by the officer before whom such 393 candidate seeks to qualify and shall be substantially in the 394 following form: 395 State of Florida 396 397 County of 398 Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, 399 personally appeared (please print name as you wish it to appear 400 on the ballot) , to me well known, who, being sworn, says that he or she is a candidate for the office of ; that he or she 401 is a qualified elector of County, Florida; that he or she 402 is qualified under the Constitution and the laws of Florida to 403 404 hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or 405 elected; that he or she has taken the oath required by ss. 876.05-876.10, Florida Statutes; that he or she has qualified for 406

#### Page 14 of 54

407 no other public office in the state, the term of which office or 408 any part thereof runs concurrent with that of the office he or 409 she seeks; and that he or she has resigned from any office from 410 which he or she is required to resign pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes. 411 412 (Signature of candidate) 413 (Address) 414 415 Sworn to and subscribed before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_, (year) , at County, Florida. 416 417 (Signature and title of officer administering oath) 418 419 2. Each candidate for federal office, whether a party 420 candidate, a candidate with no party affiliation, or a write-in 421 candidate, in order to qualify for nomination or election to 422 office shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation in 423 writing. A printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be 424 furnished to the candidate by the officer before whom such 425 candidate seeks to qualify and shall be substantially in the 426 following form: 427 428 State of Florida 429 County of 430 Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, 431 personally appeared (please print name as you wish it to appear 432 on the ballot) , to me well known, who, being sworn, says that 433 he or she is a candidate for the office of ; that he or she 434 is qualified under the Constitution and laws of the United States to hold the office to which he or she desires to be nominated or 435

### Page 15 of 54

436	elected; and that he or she has qualified for no other public
437	office in the state $_{m{ au}}$ the term of which office or any part thereof
438	runs concurrent with that of the office he or she seeks <del>; and that</del>
439	he or she has resigned from any office from which he or she is
440	required to resign pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes.
441	(Signature of candidate)
442	(Address)
443	
444	Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of,
445	(year) , at County, Florida.
446	(Signature and title of officer administering oath)
447	
448	Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
449	99.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
450	99.095 Petition process in lieu of a qualifying fee and
451	party assessment
452	(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a candidate
453	must obtain the number of signatures of voters in the
454	geographical area represented by the office sought equal to at
455	least 1 percent of the total number of registered voters of that
456	geographical area, as shown by the compilation by the department
457	for the immediately preceding general election. Signatures may
458	not be obtained until the candidate has filed the appointment of
459	campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository
460	pursuant to s. 106.021 and are valid only for the qualifying
461	period immediately following such filings.
462	Section 12. Section 100.221, Florida Statutes, is amended
463	to read:
464	100.221 General election laws to govern bond

# Page 16 of 54

465 referenda. -- The laws governing the holding of general elections 466 are applicable to bond referenda, except as provided in ss. 467 100.201-100.351. A county, district, or municipality is not 468 required to offer early voting for a bond referendum that is not 469 held in conjunction with a county or state election. The places 470 for voting in a bond referendum shall be the same as the places for voting in general elections, when a bond referendum is held 471 in the county or district; however, <del>but</del> when a bond referendum is 472 473 held in a municipality, the polling places shall be the same as 474 in other municipal elections.

475 Section 13. Section 100.361, Florida Statutes, is amended 476 to read:

477

100.361 Municipal recall.--

478 APPLICATION; DEFINITION RECALL PETITION. -- Any member of (1)479 the governing body of a municipality or charter county, 480 hereinafter referred to in this section as "municipality," may be 481 removed from office by the electors of the municipality. When the official represents a district and is elected only by electors 482 residing in that district, only electors from that district are 483 eligible to sign the petition to recall that official and are 484 485 entitled to vote in the recall election. When the official represents a district and is elected at-large by the electors of 486 487 the municipality, all electors of the municipality are eligible 488 to sign the petition to recall that official and are entitled to 489 vote in the recall election. Where used in this section, the term 490 "district" shall be construed to mean the area or region of a 491 municipality from which a member of the governing body is elected 492 by the electors from such area or region. Members may be removed from office pursuant to by the procedures provided in this 493

#### Page 17 of 54

# 494 <u>section. This method of removing members of the governing body of</u> 495 <u>a municipality is in addition to any other method provided by</u> 496 state law. following procedure:

497

### (2) RECALL PETITION.--

498 Petition content.--A petition shall contain the name of (a) 499 be prepared naming the person sought to be recalled and 500 containing a statement of grounds for recall. The statement of 501 grounds may not exceed in not more than 200 words and the stated 502 grounds are limited solely to those the grounds specified in 503 paragraph (d) (b). If more than one member of the governing body 504 is sought to be recalled, whether such member is elected by the 505 electors of a district or by the electors of the municipality at-506 large, a separate recall petition shall be prepared for each 507 member sought to be recalled. Upon request, the content of a 508 petition should be, but is not required to be, provided by the 509 proponent in alternative formats.

510

### (b) Requisite signatures.--

511 1. In a municipality or district of fewer than 500 512 electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 50 electors or 513 by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the 514 municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, 515 whichever is greater.

516 2. In a municipality or district of 500 or more but fewer 517 than 2,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by 518 at least 100 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of 519 registered electors of the municipality or district as of the 520 preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.

521 3. In a municipality or district of 2,000 or more but fewer 522 than 5,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by

#### Page 18 of 54

541

2008866e2

523 at least 250 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of 524 registered electors of the municipality or district as of the 525 preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.

4. In a municipality or district of 5,000 or more but fewer than 10,000 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 500 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.

5. In a municipality or district of 10,000 or more but 532 fewer than 25,000 registered electors, the petition shall be 533 signed by at least 1,000 electors or by 10 percent of the total 534 number of registered electors of the municipality or district as 535 of the preceding municipal election, whichever is greater.

536 6. In a municipality or district of 25,000 or more 537 registered electors, the petition shall be signed by at least 538 1,000 electors or by 5 percent of the total number of registered 539 electors of the municipality or district as of the preceding 540 municipal election, whichever is greater.

542 Electors of the municipality or district making charges contained 543 in the statement of grounds for recall and those signing the 544 recall petition shall be designated as the "committee." A 545 specific person shall be designated in the petition as chair of the committee to act for the committee. Electors of the 546 547 municipality or district are eligible to sign the petition. 548 Signatures and oaths of witnesses shall be executed as provided 549 in paragraph (c). All signatures shall be obtained, as provided 550 in paragraph (e), within a period of 30 days, and all signed and 551 dated petition forms the petition shall be filed at the same

#### Page 19 of 54

552	time, no later than <del>within</del> 30 days after the date <u>on which</u> the
553	first signature is obtained on the petition.
554	(c) Recall committeeElectors of the municipality or
555	district making charges contained in the statement of grounds for
556	recall, as well as those signing the recall petition, shall be
557	designated as the recall committee. A specific person shall be
558	designated in the petition as chair of the committee and this
559	person shall act for the committee. The recall committee and the
560	officer being recalled are subject to the provisions of chapter
561	106.
562	<u>(d)</u> Grounds for recallThe grounds for removal of
563	elected municipal officials shall, for the purposes of this act,
564	be limited to the following and must be contained in the
565	petition:
566	1. Malfeasance;
567	2. Misfeasance;
568	3. Neglect of duty;
569	4. Drunkenness;
570	5. Incompetence;
571	6. Permanent inability to perform official duties; and
572	7. Conviction of a felony involving moral turpitude.
573	(e) (c) Signature processOnly electors of the
574	municipality or district are eligible to sign the petition. Each
575	elector <del>of the municipality</del> signing a petition shall sign <u>and</u>
576	<u>date</u> his or her name in ink or indelible pencil <del>as registered in</del>
577	the office of the supervisor of elections and shall state on the
578	petition his or her place of residence and voting precinct. Each
579	petition shall contain appropriate lines for <u>each elector's</u>
580	original the signature, printed name, and street address, city,
I	

# Page 20 of 54

581 county, voter registration number or date of birth, and date 582 signed. The form shall also contain lines for of the elector and 583 an oath, to be executed by a witness who is to verify thereof, 584 verifying the fact that the witness saw each person sign the 585 counterpart of the petition, that each signature appearing 586 thereon is the genuine signature of the person it purports to be, 587 and that the petition was signed in the presence of the witness 588 on the date indicated. 589 (f) (d) Filing of signed petitions. -- All signed petition 590 forms The petition shall be filed at the same time, no later than 591 30 days after the date on which the first signature is obtained 592 on the petition. with the auditor or clerk of the municipality or 593 charter county, or his or her equivalent, hereinafter referred to 594 as clerk, by The person designated as chair of the committee 595 shall file the signed petition forms with the auditor or clerk of 596 the municipality or charter county, or his or her equivalent, 597 hereinafter referred to as "clerk." The petition may not be 598 amended after it is filed with the clerk. (g) Verification of signatures.--599 600 1. Immediately after the filing of the petition forms, and, 601 when the petition is filed, the clerk shall submit such forms petition to the county supervisor of elections. No more than 30 602 603 days after the date on which all petition forms are submitted to the supervisor by the clerk, the supervisor who shall promptly 604

605 verify the signatures in accordance with s. 99.097, and within a 606 period of not more than 30 days after the petition is filed with 607 the supervisor, determine whether the requisite number of valid 608 signatures has been obtained for the petition contains the 609 required valid signatures. The committee seeking verification of

#### Page 21 of 54

610	the signatures shall pay in advance to the supervisor the sum of
611	10 cents for each signature checked or the actual cost of
612	checking such signatures, whichever is less. The petition cannot
613	be amended after it is filed with the clerk. The supervisor shall
614	be paid by the persons or committee seeking verification the sum
615	of 10 cents for each name checked.
616	2. Upon filing with the clerk, the petition and all
617	subsequent papers or forms required or permitted to be filed with
618	the clerk in connection with this section must, upon request, be
619	made available in alternative formats by the clerk.

620 3.(e) If the supervisor determines it is determined that the petition does not contain the requisite number of verified 621 622 and valid required signatures, the clerk shall, upon receipt of 623 such written determination, so certify to the governing body of 624 the municipality or charter county and file the petition without 625 taking further action, and the matter shall be at an end. No 626 additional names may be added to the petition, and the petition 627 shall not be used in any other proceeding.

628 <u>4.(f)</u> If the supervisor determines it is determined that
629 the petition has the requisite number of verified and valid
630 required signatures, then the procedures outlined in subsection
631 (3) must be followed.

632

(3) RECALL PETITION AND DEFENSE. --

(a) Notice.--Upon receipt of a written determination that
 the requisite number of signatures has been obtained, the clerk
 shall at once serve upon the person sought to be recalled a
 certified copy of the petition. Within 5 days after service, the
 person sought to be recalled may file with the clerk a defensive
 statement of not more than 200 words.

#### Page 22 of 54

639 (b) Content and preparation. --Within 5 days after the date 640 of receipt of the defensive statement or after the last date a 641 defensive statement could have been filed, the clerk shall  $\tau$ 642 within 5 days, prepare a document entitled "Recall Petition and Defense." The "Recall Petition and Defense" shall consist 643 sufficient number of typewritten, printed, or mimeographed copies 644 645 of the recall petition, including copies of the originally signed 646 petitions and counterparts. The "Recall Petition and Defense" 647 must contain lines which conform to the provisions of paragraph 648 (2) (e), and the and defensive statement or, if no defensive 649 statement has been filed, a statement to that effect. The clerk 650 shall make copies of the "Recall Petition and Defense" which are 651 sufficient to carry the signatures of 30 percent of the 652 registered electors. Immediately after preparing and making 653 sufficient copies of the "Recall Petition and Defense," the clerk 654 shall as well as the names, addresses, and oaths on the original 655 petition, and deliver the copies them to the person who has been 656 designated as chair of the committee and take his or her receipt 657 therefor. Such prepared copies shall be entitled "Recall Petition 658 and Defense" and shall contain lines and spaces for signatures 659 and printed names of registered electors, place of residence, election precinct number, and date of signing, together with 660 661 oaths to be executed by the witnesses which conform to the provisions of paragraph (c). The clerk shall deliver forms 662 663 sufficient to carry the signatures of 30 percent of the 664 registered electors.

(c) (g) <u>Requisite signatures.--</u>Upon receipt of the "recall
 petition and defense," the committee may circulate them to obtain
 the signatures of 15 percent of the electors. <u>All signatures</u>

#### Page 23 of 54

668	shall be obtained and all signed petition forms filed with the
669	clerk no later than 60 days after delivery of the "Recall
670	Petition and Defense" to the chair of the committee. Any elector
671	who signs a recall petition shall have the right to demand in
672	writing that his or her name be stricken from the petition. A
673	written demand signed by the elector shall be filed with the
674	clerk and upon receipt of the demand the clerk shall strike the
675	name of the elector from the petition and place his or her
676	initials to the side of the signature stricken. However, no
677	signature may be stricken after the clerk has delivered the
678	"Recall Petition and Defense" to the supervisor of elections for
679	verification.
680	(d) (h) Signed petitions; request for striking nameWithin
681	60 days after delivery of the "Recall Petition and Defense" to
682	the chair, the chair shall file with the clerk the "Recall
682 683	the chair, the chair shall file with the clerk the "Recall Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The
683	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The
683 684	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each
683 684 685	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each petition is properly verified by the oath of a witness, and
683 684 685 686	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each petition is properly verified by the oath of a witness, and submit such petitions to the county supervisor of elections. Any
683 684 685 686 687	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each petition is properly verified by the oath of a witness, and submit such petitions to the county supervisor of elections. Any elector who signs a recall petition has the right to demand in
683 684 685 686 687 688	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each petition is properly verified by the oath of a witness, and submit such petitions to the county supervisor of elections. Any elector who signs a recall petition has the right to demand in writing that his or her name be stricken from the petition. A
683 684 685 686 687 688 688	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each petition is properly verified by the oath of a witness, and submit such petitions to the county supervisor of elections. Any elector who signs a recall petition has the right to demand in writing that his or her name be stricken from the petition. A written demand signed by the elector shall be filed with the
683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690	Petition and Defense" which bears the signatures of electors. The clerk shall assemble all signed petitions, check to see that each petition is properly verified by the oath of a witness, and submit such petitions to the county supervisor of elections. Any elector who signs a recall petition has the right to demand in writing that his or her name be stricken from the petition. A written demand signed by the elector shall be filed with the clerk and upon receipt of the demand, the clerk shall strike the

694 <u>"Recall Petition and Defense" to the supervisor for verification</u>

695 of the signatures.

696

(e) Verification of signatures.--Within 30 days after

### Page 24 of 54

697 <u>receipt of the signed "Recall Petition and Defense," the</u> 698 <u>supervisor</u>, who shall determine the number of valid signatures, 699 purge the names withdrawn, <u>and</u> certify within 30 days whether 15 700 percent of the qualified electors of the municipality have signed 701 the petitions, <u>and report his or her findings to the governing</u> 702 <del>body</del>. The supervisor shall be paid by the persons or committee 703 seeking verification the sum of 10 cents for each name checked.

704 (f) (i) Reporting.--If the supervisor determines that the 705 requisite number of signatures has not been obtained petitions do 706 not contain the required signatures, the clerk shall, upon 707 receipt of such written determination, certify report such 708 determination fact to the governing body and retain file the 709 petitions.  $\tau$  The proceedings shall be terminated, and the 710 petitions shall not again be used. If the supervisor determines that signatures do amount to at least 15 percent of the qualified 711 712 electors signed the petition, the clerk shall, immediately upon 713 receipt of such written determination, serve notice of that 714 determination fact upon the person sought to be recalled and 715 deliver to the governing body a certificate as to the percentage 716 of qualified electors voters who signed.

717 (4) (4) (2) RECALL ELECTION. -- If the person designated in the petition files with the clerk, within 5 days after the last-718 719 mentioned notice, his or her written resignation, the clerk shall 720 at once notify the governing body of that fact, and the 721 resignation shall be irrevocable. The governing body shall then 722 proceed to fill the vacancy according to the provisions of the 723 appropriate law. In the absence of a resignation, the chief judge 724 of the judicial circuit in which the municipality is located 725 shall fix a day for holding a recall election for the removal of

#### Page 25 of 54

those not resigning. Any such election shall be held not less than 30 days or more than 60 days after the expiration of the 5day period last-mentioned and at the same time as any other general or special election held within the period; but if no such election is to be held within that period, the judge shall call a special recall election to be held within the period aforesaid.

733 (5)(3) BALLOTS.--The ballots at the recall election shall 734 conform to the following: With respect to each person whose 735 removal is sought, the question shall be submitted: "Shall \_\_\_\_\_\_ 736 be removed from the office of \_\_\_\_\_ by recall?" Immediately 737 following each question there shall be printed on the ballots the 738 two propositions in the order here set forth:

739 740

741

" (name of person) should be removed from office."
" (name of person) should not be removed from office."
(6)(4) FILLING OF VACANCIES; SPECIAL ELECTIONS.--

742 (a) If an election is held for the recall of members 743 elected only at-large, candidates to succeed them for the 744 unexpired terms shall be voted upon at the same election and 745 shall be elected in the same manner as provided by the 746 appropriate law for the election of candidates at general 747 elections. Candidates shall not be elected to succeed any 748 particular member. If only one member is removed, the candidate 749 receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected 750 to fill the vacancy. If more than one member is removed, 751 candidates equal in number to the number of members removed shall 752 be declared elected to fill the vacancies; and, among the 753 successful candidates, those receiving the greatest number of 754 votes shall be declared elected for the longest terms. Cases of

#### Page 26 of 54

ties, and all other matters not herein specially provided for,shall be determined by the rules governing elections generally.

757 (b) If an election is held for the recall of members 758 elected only from districts, candidates to succeed them for the 759 unexpired terms shall be voted upon at a special election called 760 by the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the districts 761 are located not less than 30 days or more than 60 days after the 762 expiration of the recall election. The qualifying period, for 763 purposes of this section, shall be established by the chief judge 764 of the judicial circuit after consultation with the clerk. Any 765 candidate seeking election to fill the unexpired term of a 766 recalled district municipal official shall reside in the district 767 represented by the recalled official and qualify for office in 768 the manner required by law. Each candidate receiving the highest 769 number of votes for each office in the special district recall 770 election shall be declared elected to fill the unexpired term of 771 the recalled official. Candidates seeking election to fill a 772 vacancy created by the removal of a municipal official shall be 773 subject to the provisions of chapter 106.

(c) When an election is held for the recall of members of the governing body composed of both members elected at-large and from districts, candidates to succeed them for the unexpired terms shall be voted upon at a special election as provided in paragraph (b).

(d) However, in any recall election held pursuant to paragraph (b) or paragraph (c), if only one member is voted to be removed from office, the vacancy created by the recall shall be filled by the governing body according to the provisions of the appropriate law for filling vacancies.

### Page 27 of 54

784 (7) (5) EFFECT OF RESIGNATIONS. -- If the member of the 785 governing body being recalled resigns from office prior to the 786 recall election, the remaining members shall fill the vacancy 787 created according to the appropriate law for filling vacancies. 788 If all of the members of the governing body are sought to be 789 recalled and all of the members resign prior to the recall 790 election, the recall election shall be canceled, and a special 791 election shall be called to fill the unexpired terms of the 792 resigning members. If all of the members of the governing body 793 are sought to be recalled and any of the members resign prior to 794 the recall election, the proceedings for the recall of members 795 not resigning and the election of successors to fill the 796 unexpired terms shall continue and have the same effect as though 797 there had been no resignation.

798 <u>(8) (6)</u> WHEN PETITION MAY BE FILED.--No petition to recall 799 any member of the governing body of a municipality shall be filed 800 until the member has served one-fourth of his or her term of 801 office. No person removed by a recall, or resigning after a 802 petition has been filed against him or her, shall be eligible to 803 be appointed to the governing body within a period of 2 years 804 after the date of such recall or resignation.

805 (9) RETENTION OF PETITION.--The clerk shall preserve in his 806 or her office all papers comprising or connected with a petition 807 for recall for a period of 2 years after they were filed. This 808 method of removing members of the governing body of a 809 municipality is in addition to such other methods now or 810 hereafter provided by the general laws of this state.

811 <u>(10)</u> (7) OFFENSES RELATING TO PETITIONS.--No person shall 812 impersonate another, purposely write his or her name or residence

#### Page 28 of 54

813 falsely in the signing of any petition for recall or forge any 814 name thereto, or sign any paper with knowledge that he or she is 815 not a qualified elector of the municipality. No expenditures for 816 campaigning for or against an officer being recalled shall be 817 made until the date on which the recall election is to be held is publicly announced. The committee and the officer being recalled 818 819 shall be subject to chapter 106. No person shall employ or pay 820 another to accept employment or payment for circulating or 821 witnessing a recall petition. Any person violating any of the 822 provisions of this section commits shall be deemed guilty of a 823 misdemeanor of the second degree and shall, upon conviction, be 824 punished as provided by law.

825 <u>(11)(8)</u> INTENT.--It is the intent of the Legislature that 826 the recall procedures provided in this act shall be uniform 827 statewide. Therefore, all municipal charter and special law 828 provisions which are contrary to the provisions of this act are 829 hereby repealed to the extent of this conflict.

830 (12)(9) PROVISIONS APPLICABLE. -- The provisions of this act
 831 shall apply to cities and charter counties whether or not they
 832 have adopted recall provisions.

833 Section 14. Effective July 1, 2008, subsections (3), (4), 834 and (6) of section 100.371, Florida Statutes, are amended to 835 read:

836

100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on ballot .--

(3) <u>An initiative petition form circulated for signature</u>
may not be bundled with or attached to any other petition. Each
signature shall be dated when made and shall be valid for a
period of 4 years following such date, provided all other
requirements of law are met. The sponsor shall submit signed and

#### Page 29 of 54

862

2008866e2

842 dated forms to the appropriate supervisor of elections for 843 verification as to the number of registered electors whose valid 844 signatures appear thereon. The supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures within 30 days of receipt of the petition forms 845 846 and payment of the fee required by s. 99.097. The supervisor 847 shall promptly record in the statewide voter registration system, in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State, the date each 848 849 form is received by the supervisor, and the date the signature on 850 the form is verified as valid. The supervisor may verify that the 851 signature on a form is valid only if: 852 The form contains the original signature of the (a) 853 purported elector. 854 The purported elector has accurately recorded on the (b) 855 form the date on which he or she signed the form.

(c) The form accurately sets forth the purported elector's
name, street address, county, and voter registration number or
date of birth.

(d) The purported elector is, at the time he or she signs
the form, a duly qualified and registered elector authorized to
vote in the county in which his or her signature is submitted.

The supervisor shall retain the signature forms for at least 1 year following the election in which the issue appeared on the ballot or until the Division of Elections notifies the supervisors of elections that the committee which circulated the petition is no longer seeking to obtain ballot position.

868 (4) The Secretary of State shall determine from the
869 signatures verified by the supervisors of elections and recorded
870 in the statewide voter registration system the total number of

#### Page 30 of 54

871 verified valid signatures and the distribution of such signatures 872 by congressional districts. Upon a determination that the 873 requisite number and distribution of valid signatures have been obtained, the secretary shall issue a certificate of ballot 874 875 position for that proposed amendment and shall assign a 876 designating number pursuant to s. 101.161. 877 (6) (a) An elector's signature on a petition form may be 878 revoked within 150 days of the date on which he or she signed the 879 petition form by submitting to the appropriate supervisor of 880 elections a signed petition-revocation form adopted by rule for 881 this purpose by the division. The petition-revocation form and the manner in which 882 (b) 883 signatures are obtained, submitted, and verified shall be subject 884 to the same relevant requirements and timeframes as the 885 corresponding petition form and processes under this code and 886 shall be approved by the Secretary of State before any signature 887 on a petition-revocation form is obtained. 888 (C) In those circumstances in which a petition-revocation form for a corresponding initiative petition has not been 889 890 submitted and approved, an elector may complete and submit a 891 standard petition-revocation form directly to the supervisor of

892 <u>elections. All other requirements and processes apply for the</u> 893 <u>submission and verification of the signatures as for initiative</u> 894 <u>petitions.</u>

895 <u>(d)</u> Supervisors of elections shall provide petition-896 revocation forms to the public at all main and branch offices.

897 <u>(e) (d)</u> The petition-revocation form shall be filed with the 898 supervisor of elections by February 1 preceding the next general 899 election or, if the initiative amendment is not certified for

#### Page 31 of 54

900 ballot position in that election, by February 1 preceding the 901 next successive general election. The supervisor of elections 902 shall promptly verify the signature on the petition-revocation 903 form and process such revocation upon payment, in advance, of a 904 fee of 10 cents or the actual cost of verifying such signature, 905 whichever is less. The supervisor shall promptly record each 906 valid and verified signature on a petition-revocation form in the 907 statewide voter registration system in the manner prescribed by 908 the Secretary of State. 909 The division shall adopt by rule the petition-(f) 910 revocation forms to be used under this subsection. Section 15. Section 101.041, Florida Statutes, is amended 911 912 to read: 913 101.041 Secret voting .-- In all elections held on any 914 subject which may be submitted to a vote, and for all or any 915 state, county, district, or municipal officers, the voting shall 916 be by secret, official ballot printed and distributed as provided 917 by this code, and no vote shall be received or counted in any 918 election, except as prescribed by this code. 919 Section 16. Section 101.045, Florida Statutes, is amended 920 to read: 921 101.045 Electors must be registered in precinct; provisions 922 for change of residence or name change .--923 (1) No person shall be permitted to vote in any election 924 precinct or district other than the one in which the person has 925 his or her legal residence and in which the person is registered. 926 However, a person temporarily residing outside the county shall 927 be registered in the precinct in which the main office of the supervisor, as designated by the supervisor, is located when the 928

#### Page 32 of 54

929 person has no permanent address in the county and it is the 930 person's intention to remain a resident of Florida and of the 931 county in which he or she is registered to vote. Such persons who 932 are registered in the precinct in which the main office of the 933 supervisor, as designated by the supervisor, is located and who 934 are residing outside the county with no permanent address in the 935 county shall not be registered electors of a municipality and 936 therefore shall not be permitted to vote in any municipal 937 election. 938 (2) (a) An elector who moves from the precinct in which the 939 elector is registered may be permitted to vote in the precinct to which he or she has moved his or her legal residence, provided 940 941 such elector completes an affirmation in substantially the 942 following form: 943 944 Change of Legal Residence of Registered 945 Voter 946 Under penalties for false swearing, I, (Name of voter) , swear 947 948 (or affirm) that the former address of my legal residence was (Address of legal residence) in the municipality of , in 949 950 County, Florida, and I was registered to vote in the precinct of County, Florida; that I have not voted in the 951 952 precinct of my former registration in this election; that I now 953 reside at (Address of legal residence) in the Municipality of 954 , in County, Florida, and am therefore eligible to vote in the \_\_\_\_\_ precinct of \_\_\_\_\_ County, Florida; and I 955 956 further swear (or affirm) that I am otherwise legally registered 957 and entitled to vote.

#### Page 33 of 54

2008866e2 958 959 (Signature of voter whose address of legal residence has 960 changed) 961 An elector whose name changes because of marriage or (b) 962 other legal process may be permitted to vote, provided such 963 elector completes an affirmation in substantially the following 964 form: 965 966 Change of Name of Registered 967 Voter 968 969 Under penalties for false swearing, I, (New name of voter) , 970 swear (or affirm) that my name has been changed because of 971 marriage or other legal process. My former name and address of 972 legal residence appear on the registration records of precinct 973 as follows: 974 Name 975 Address 976 Municipality 977 County 978 Florida, Zip 979 My present name and address of legal residence are as follows: 980 Name Address 981 982 Municipality 983 County 984 Florida, Zip 985 and I further swear (or affirm) that I am otherwise legally 986 registered and entitled to vote.

#### Page 34 of 54

987 988 (Signature of voter whose name has changed) 989 (C) Instead of the affirmation contained in paragraph (a) 990 or paragraph (b), an elector may complete a voter registration 991 application that indicates the change of name or change of 992 address of legal residence. 993 Such affirmation or application, when completed and (d) 994 presented at the precinct in which such elector is entitled to 995 vote, and upon verification of the elector's registration, shall 996 entitle such elector to vote as provided in this subsection. If 997 the elector's eligibility to vote cannot be determined, he or she 998 shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot, subject to the 999 requirements and procedures in s. 101.048. Upon receipt of an 1000 affirmation or application certifying a change in address of 1001 legal residence or name, the supervisor shall as soon as 1002 practicable make the necessary changes in the statewide voter 1003 registration system to indicate the change in address of legal residence or name of such elector. 1004 1005 (d) Instead of the affirmation contained in paragraph (a) 1006 or paragraph (b), an elector may complete a voter registration 1007 application that indicates the change of name or change of 1008 address of legal residence. 1009 Section 17. Section 101.111, Florida Statutes, is amended 1010 to read: 1011 101.111 Person desiring to vote may be challenged; 1012 challenger to execute oath; oath of person challenged; 1013 determination of challenge. --1014 (1) (a) Any registered elector or poll watcher of a county may challenge the right of a person to vote in that county. When 1015

### Page 35 of 54

1016	the right to vote of any person who desires to vote is challenged
1017	by any elector or poll watcher, The challenge must be in shall be
1018	<del>reduced to</del> writing and contain the following oath with an oath as
1019	provided in this section, giving reasons for the challenge, which
1020	shall be delivered to the clerk or inspector. Any elector or poll
1021	watcher challenging the right of a person to vote shall execute
1022	the oath set forth below:
1023	
1024	OATH OF PERSON ENTERING CHALLENGE
1025	
1026	State of Florida
1027	County of
1028	
1029	I do solemnly swear <u>or affirm</u> that my name is; that I am a
1030	member of the Party; that I am a registered voter or
1031	pollwatcher; that my residence address is, in the
1032	municipality of; and that I have reason to believe that
1033	is attempting to vote illegally and the reasons for my
1034	belief are set forth herein to wit:
1035	(Signature of person challenging voter)
1036	
1037	Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of,
1038	(year) .
1039	(Clerk of election)
1040	(b) <del>(2)</del> The clerk or inspector shall immediately deliver to
1041	the challenged person a copy of the oath of the person entering
1042	the challenge, and the challenged voter shall be allowed to cast
1043	a provisional ballot in accordance with s. 101.048.
1044	(c) (3) Alternatively, a challenge in accordance with this

# Page 36 of 54
1045 section may be filed in advance with the supervisor of elections 1046 no Any elector or poll watcher may challenge the right of any 1047 voter to vote not sooner than 30 days before an election by 1048 filing a completed copy of the oath contained in subsection (1) 1049 to the supervisor of election's office. The supervisor shall 1050 promptly provide the election board in the challenged voter's 1051 precinct with a copy of the oath of the person entering the 1052 challenge. The challenged voter shall be allowed permitted to 1053 cast a provisional ballot in accordance with s. 101.048.

1054 (2) (4) Any elector or poll watcher filing a frivolous 1055 challenge of any person's right to vote commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 1056 1057 775.083; however, electors or poll watchers shall not be subject 1058 to liability for any action taken in good faith and in 1059 furtherance of any activity or duty permitted of such electors or 1060 poll watchers by law. Each instance where any elector or poll 1061 watcher files a frivolous challenge of any person's right to vote 1062 constitutes a separate offense.

1063 Section 18. Section 101.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1064 read:

1065 101.23 Election inspector to keep list of those voting .--1066 (1) When any person has been admitted to vote, the person's 1067 name shall be checked by the clerk or one of the inspectors at 1068 the place indicated upon the registration books or voter history 1069 form provided by the supervisor. One of the inspectors shall, at 1070 the same time, keep a poll list containing names of electors who 1071 have voted or a list of registered electors, on which those 1072 electors who have voted are indicated. Such lists shall be 1073 available for inspection during regular voting hours by poll

### Page 37 of 54

1074 watchers designated and appointed pursuant to s. 101.131, except 1075 that the election inspector may regulate access to the lists so 1076 as to ensure that such inspection does not unreasonably interfere 1077 with the orderly operation of the polling place.

1078 (2) The inspectors shall prevent any person from voting a 1079 second time when they have reason to believe that the person has 1080 voted. They shall refuse to allow any person to vote who is not a 1081 qualified elector or who has become disqualified to vote in the 1082 precinct, and may prevent any elector from consuming more than 5 1083 minutes in voting.

1084Section 19. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (1) of1085section 101.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1086

101.51 Electors to occupy booth alone.--

1087 (1) When the elector presents himself or herself to vote, 1088 an the election official shall ascertain whether the elector's 1089 name is upon the register of electors, and, if the elector's name 1090 appears and no challenge interposes, or, if interposed, be not 1091 sustained, one of the election official officials stationed at 1092 the entrance shall announce the name of the elector and permit 1093 the elector him or her to enter the booth or compartment to cast 1094 his or her vote, allowing only one elector at a time to pass 1095 through to vote. An elector, while casting his or her ballot, may 1096 not occupy a booth or compartment already occupied or speak with 1097 anyone, except as provided by s. 101.051.

1098 Section 20. Effective July 1, 2008, paragraph (a) of 1099 subsection (2) of section 101.5608, Florida Statutes, is amended 1100 to read:

1101 101.5608 Voting by electronic or electromechanical method; 1102 procedures.--

### Page 38 of 54

(2) When an electronic or electromechanical voting system utilizes a ballot card or marksense ballot, the following procedures shall be followed:

1106 After receiving a ballot from an inspector, the elector (a) 1107 shall, without leaving the polling place, retire to a booth or 1108 compartment and mark the ballot. After marking preparing his or 1109 her ballot, the elector shall place the ballot in a secrecy 1110 envelope with the stub exposed or shall fold over that portion on which write-in votes may be cast, as instructed, so that the 1111 1112 ballot will be deposited in the tabulator ballot box without exposing the voter's choices. Before the ballot is deposited in 1113 1114 the ballot box, the inspector shall detach the exposed stub and 1115 place it in a separate envelope for audit purposes; when a fold-1116 over ballot is used, the entire ballot shall be placed in the 1117 ballot box.

1118 Section 21. <u>Effective July 1, 2008, section 101.573,</u> 1119 Florida Statutes, is repealed.

1120 Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 101.6923, Florida
1121 Statutes, is amended to read:

1122 101.6923 Special absentee ballot instructions for certain 1123 first-time voters.--

(2) A voter covered by this section shall be provided with printed instructions with his or her absentee ballot in substantially the following form:

1128 READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT.
1129 FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO
1130 COUNT.

1131

1127

#### Page 39 of 54

1132 1. In order to ensure that your absentee ballot will be 1133 counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible 1134 so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in 1135 which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date 1136 of the election. 1137 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so 1138 1139 because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write. 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for 1140 1141 a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote 1142 for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in 1143 that race will not be counted. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy 1144 4. 1145 envelope and seal the envelope.

1146 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope 1147 bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely 1148 fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.

1149 a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's1150 Signature).

b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

11546. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you1155must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:

1156 a. Identification which must include your name and 1157 photograph: United States passport; employee badge or 1158 identification; buyer's club identification card; debit or credit 1159 card; military identification; student identification; retirement 1160 center identification; neighborhood association identification;

### Page 40 of 54

1161 or public assistance identification; or 1162 b. Identification which shows your name and current 1163 residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, 1164 government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding 1165 voter identification card). 1166 7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply 1167 if you meet one of the following requirements: 1168 You are 65 years of age or older. a. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability. 1169 b. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty 1170 с. 1171 who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the 1172 county on election day. 1173 d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason 1174 of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county 1175 on election day. 1176 You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to e. 1177 in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty 1178 or service of the member, will be absent from the county on 1179 election day. 1180 f. You are currently residing outside the United States. 1181 8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into 1182 the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy 1183 of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR 1184 IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR 1185 1186 BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT. 1187 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing 1188 envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed. 1189 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to

### Page 41 of 54

1190 accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote 1191 for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in 1192 an election using a false identity or false address, or under any 1193 other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent. 1194 Section 23. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (3) of 1195 section 101.75, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 101.75 Municipal elections; change of dates for cause .--1196 1197 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of local law or municipal charter, for any municipality whose election is scheduled to be 1198 held in March 2008, the governing body of a the municipality, 1199 1200 notwithstanding any municipal charter provision, may, by ordinance, move the date of any the general municipal election in 1201 1202 2008 and in each subsequent year that is a multiple of 4 to a the 1203 date concurrent with any statewide or countywide election the 1204 presidential preference primary. The dates for qualifying for the 1205 general municipal election moved by the passage of such an 1206 ordinance shall be specifically provided for in the ordinance and 1207 shall run for no less than 14 days. The term of office for any 1208 elected municipal official shall commence as provided by the 1209 relevant municipal charter or ordinance, and the term of office 1210 for any elected municipal official whose term was due to expire 1211 in March 2008 shall expire as provided by the relevant municipal charter or ordinance. 1212

1213 Section 24. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (7) of 1214 section 102.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1215

102.014 Poll worker recruitment and training .--

1216 (7) The Department of State shall develop a mandatory,
1217 statewide, and uniform program for training poll workers on
1218 issues of etiquette and sensitivity with respect to voters having

### Page 42 of 54

1219 a disability. The program must consist of approximately 1 hour of the required number of hours set forth in paragraph (4) (a). The 1220 1221 program must be conducted locally by each supervisor of 1222 elections, and who shall periodically certify to the Department 1223 of State whether each poll worker must complete has completed the 1224 program before working during the current election cycle. The supervisor of elections shall contract with a recognized 1225 1226 disability-related organization, such as a center for independent 1227 living, family network on disabilities, deaf service bureau, or 1228 other such organization, to develop and assist with training the 1229 trainers in the disability sensitivity programs. The program must include actual demonstrations of obstacles confronted by disabled 1230 1231 persons during the voting process, including obtaining access to 1232 the polling place, traveling through the polling area, and using 1233 the voting system.

1234 Section 25. Effective July 1, 2008, paragraph (b) of 1235 subsection (4) of section 102.031, Florida Statutes, is amended 1236 to read:

1237 102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; authorities; 1238 persons allowed in polling rooms and early voting areas; unlawful 1239 solicitation of voters.--

1240

(4)

(b) For the purpose of this subsection, the <u>terms</u> term "solicit" <u>or "solicitation"</u> shall include, but not be limited to, seeking or attempting to seek any vote, fact, opinion, or contribution; distributing or attempting to distribute any political or campaign material, leaflet, or handout; conducting a poll <u>except as specified in this paragraph</u>; seeking or attempting to seek a signature on any petition; and selling or attempting to

#### Page 43 of 54

1248	sell any item. The terms "solicit" or "solicitation" shall not be
1249	construed to prohibit exit polling.
1250	Section 26. Effective July 1, 2008, subsection (1) of
1251	section 102.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1252	102.112 Deadline for submission of county returns to the
1253	Department of State
1254	(1) The county canvassing board or a majority thereof shall
1255	file the county returns for the election of a federal or state
1256	officer with the Department of State immediately after
1257	certification of the election results. The returns must contain a
1258	certification by the canvassing board that the board has <u>compared</u>
1259	reconciled the number of persons who voted with the number of
1260	ballots counted and that the certification includes all valid
1261	votes cast in the election.
1262	Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 103.101, Florida
1263	Statutes, is amended to read:
1264	103.101 Presidential preference primary
1265	(2) <u>(a)</u> There shall be a Presidential Candidate Selection
1266	Committee composed of the Secretary of State, who shall be a
1267	nonvoting chair; the Speaker of the House of Representatives; the
1268	President of the Senate; the minority leader of each house of the
1269	Legislature; and the chair of each political party required to
1270	have a presidential preference primary under this section.
1271	(b) (a) By October 31 of the year preceding the presidential
1272	preference primary, each political party shall submit to the
1273	Secretary of State a list of its presidential candidates to be
1274	placed on the presidential preference primary ballot or
1275	candidates entitled to have delegates appear on the presidential
1276	preference primary ballot. The Secretary of State shall prepare

# Page 44 of 54

1277 and publish a list of the names of the presidential candidates 1278 submitted. The Secretary of State shall submit such list of names 1279 of presidential candidates to the selection committee on the 1280 first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year 1281 preceding the presidential preference primary. Each person 1282 designated as a presidential candidate shall have his or her name appear, or have his or her delegates' names appear, on the 1283 1284 presidential preference primary ballot unless all committee 1285 members of the same political party as the candidate agree to 1286 delete such candidate's name from the ballot.

1287 The selection committee shall meet in Tallahassee on (C) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year 1288 1289 preceding the presidential preference primary. The selection 1290 committee shall publicly announce and submit to the Department of 1291 State no later than 5 p.m. on the following day the names of 1292 presidential candidates who shall have their names appear, or who 1293 are entitled to have their delegates' names appear, on the 1294 presidential preference primary ballot. The Department of State 1295 shall immediately notify each presidential candidate designated 1296 by the committee. Such notification shall be in writing, by 1297 registered mail, with return receipt requested.

(b) Any presidential candidate whose name does not appear on the list submitted to the Secretary of State may request that the selection committee place his or her name on the ballot. Such request shall be made in writing to the Secretary of State no later than the second Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the presidential preference primary.

1304 (c) If a presidential candidate makes a request that the 1305 selection committee reconsider placing the candidate's name on

### Page 45 of 54

1306	the ballot, the selection committee will reconvene no later than
1307	the second Thursday after the first Monday in November of the
1308	year preceding the presidential preference primary to reconsider
1309	placing the candidate's name on the ballot. The Department of
1310	State shall immediately notify such candidate of the selection
1311	committee's decision.
1312	Section 28. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
1313	paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 106.021, Florida
1314	Statutes, is amended to read:
1315	106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and
1316	secondary depositories
1317	(1)(a) Each candidate for nomination or election to office
1318	and each political committee shall appoint a campaign treasurer.
1319	Each person who seeks to qualify for nomination or election to,
1320	or retention in, office shall appoint a campaign treasurer and
1321	designate a primary campaign depository prior to qualifying for
1322	office. Any person who seeks to qualify for election or
1323	nomination to any office by means of the petitioning process
1324	shall appoint a treasurer and designate a primary depository on
1325	or before the date he or she obtains the petitions. Each
1326	candidate shall at the same time he or she designates a campaign
1327	depository and appoints a treasurer also designate the office for
1328	which he or she is a candidate. If the candidate is running for
1329	an office which will be grouped on the ballot with two or more
1330	similar offices to be filled at the same election, the candidate
1331	must indicate for which group or district office he or she is
1332	running. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a candidate,
1333	at a later date, from changing the designation of the office for
1334	which he or she is a candidate. However, if a candidate changes

# Page 46 of 54

1335 the designated office for which he or she is a candidate, the 1336 candidate must notify all contributors in writing of the intent 1337 to seek a different office and offer to return pro rata, upon 1338 their request, those contributions given in support of the 1339 original office sought. This notification shall be given within 1340 15 days after the filing of the change of designation and shall include a standard form developed by the Division of Elections 1341 for requesting the return of contributions. The notice 1342 requirement shall not apply to any change in a numerical 1343 1344 designation resulting solely from redistricting. If, within 30 1345 days after being notified by the candidate of the intent to seek a different office, the contributor notifies the candidate in 1346 1347 writing that the contributor wishes his or her contribution to be 1348 returned, the candidate shall return the contribution, on a pro 1349 rata basis, calculated as of the date the change of designation 1350 is filed. Any contributions not requested to be returned within 1351 the 30-day period may be used by the candidate for the newly 1352 designated office. No person shall accept any contribution or 1353 make any expenditure with a view to bringing about his or her 1354 nomination, election, or retention in public office, or authorize 1355 another to accept such contributions or make such expenditure on 1356 the person's behalf, unless such person has appointed a campaign 1357 treasurer and designated a primary campaign depository. A 1358 candidate for an office voted upon statewide may appoint not more than 15 deputy campaign treasurers, and any other candidate or 1359 1360 political committee may appoint not more than 3 deputy campaign 1361 treasurers. The names and addresses of the campaign treasurer and 1362 deputy campaign treasurers so appointed shall be filed with the 1363 officer before whom such candidate is required to qualify or with

### Page 47 of 54

1364	whom such political committee is required to register pursuant to
1365	s. 106.03. Each candidate who qualifies with the Department of
1366	State for an office not voted upon statewide shall, at the same
1367	time, file a copy of the name and address of the campaign
1368	treasurer with the supervisor of elections in the county in which
1369	the candidate resides.
1370	Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph
1371	(b) of subsection (8) of section 106.07, Florida Statutes, are
1372	amended to read:
1373	106.07 Reports; certification and filing
1374	(2)(a) $1$ . All reports required of a candidate by this
1375	section shall be filed with the officer before whom the candidate
1376	is required by law to qualify. All candidates who file with the
1377	Department of State shall file their reports pursuant to s.
1378	106.0705. Except as provided in s. 106.0705, reports shall be
1379	filed not later than 5 p.m. of the day designated; however, any
1380	report postmarked by the United States Postal Service no later
1381	than midnight of the day designated shall be deemed to have been
1382	filed in a timely manner. Any report received by the filing
1383	officer within 5 days after the designated due date that was
1384	delivered by the United States Postal Service shall be deemed
1385	timely filed unless it has a postmark that indicates that the
1386	report was mailed after the designated due date. A certificate of
1387	mailing obtained from and dated by the United States Postal
1388	Service at the time of mailing, or a receipt from an established
1389	courier company, which bears a date on or before the date on
1390	which the report is due, shall be proof of mailing in a timely
1391	manner. Reports shall contain information of all previously
1392	unreported contributions received and expenditures made as of the

# Page 48 of 54

1393 preceding Friday, except that the report filed on the Friday 1394 immediately preceding the election shall contain information of 1395 all previously unreported contributions received and expenditures 1396 made as of the day preceding that designated due date. All such 1397 reports shall be open to public inspection.

1398 <u>2. This subsection does not prohibit the governing body of</u> 1399 <u>a political subdivision, by ordinance or resolution, from</u> 1400 <u>imposing upon its own officers and candidates electronic filing</u> 1401 <u>requirements not in conflict with s. 106.0705. Expenditure of</u> 1402 <u>public funds for such purpose is deemed to be for a valid public</u> 1403 <u>purpose.</u>

(8)

1404

1405 Upon determining that a report is late, the filing (b) 1406 officer shall immediately notify the candidate or chair of the 1407 political committee as to the failure to file a report by the 1408 designated due date and that a fine is being assessed for each 1409 late day. The fine shall be \$50 per day for the first 3 days late 1410 and, thereafter, \$500 per day for each late day, not to exceed 25 1411 percent of the total receipts or expenditures, whichever is 1412 greater, for the period covered by the late report. However, for 1413 the reports immediately preceding each primary and general 1414 election, the fine shall be \$500 per day for each late day, not 1415 to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts or expenditures, 1416 whichever is greater, for the period covered by the late report. For reports required under s. 106.141(7), the fine is \$50 per day 1417 1418 for each late day, not to exceed 25 percent of the total receipts 1419 or expenditures, whichever is greater, for the period covered by 1420 the late report. Upon receipt of the report, the filing officer 1421 shall determine the amount of the fine which is due and shall

#### Page 49 of 54

1422	notify the candidate or chair. The filing officer shall determine
1423	the amount of the fine due based upon the earliest of the
1424	following:
1425	1. When the report is actually received by such officer.
1426	2. When the report is postmarked.
1427	3. When the certificate of mailing is dated.
1428	4. When the receipt from an established courier company is
1429	dated.
1430	5. When the electronic receipt issued pursuant to s.
1431	106.0705 or other electronic filing system authorized in this
1432	section is dated.
1433	
1434	Such fine shall be paid to the filing officer within 20 days
1435	after receipt of the notice of payment due, unless appeal is made
1436	to the Florida Elections Commission pursuant to paragraph (c). In
1437	the case of a candidate, such fine shall not be an allowable
1438	campaign expenditure and shall be paid only from personal funds
1439	of the candidate. An officer or member of a political committee
1440	shall not be personally liable for such fine.
1441	Section 30. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section
1442	106.082, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1443	Section 31. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
1444	subsections (1) and (2) of section 106.147, Florida Statutes, are
1445	amended to read:
1446	106.147 Telephone solicitation; disclosure requirements;
1447	prohibitions; exemptions; penalties
1448	(1)(a) Any electioneering communication telephone call or
1449	any telephone call supporting or opposing a candidate, elected
1450	public official, or ballot proposal must identify the persons or
I	

# Page 50 of 54

1451 organizations sponsoring the call by stating either: "paid for 1452 by\_\_\_\_" (insert name of persons or organizations sponsoring the 1453 call) or "paid for on behalf of\_\_\_\_" (insert name of persons or 1454 organizations authorizing call). This paragraph does not apply to 1455 any telephone call in which both the individual making the call 1456 is not being paid and the individuals participating in the call 1457 know each other prior to the call.

(b) Any telephone call conducted for the purpose of polling respondents concerning a candidate or elected public official which is a part of a series of like telephone calls that consists of fewer than 1,000 completed calls and averages more than 2 minutes in duration is presumed to be a political poll and not subject to the provisions of paragraph (a).

(c) No telephone call shall state or imply that the caller represents any person or organization unless the person or organization so represented has given specific approval in writing to make such representation.

(d) No telephone call shall state or imply that the callerrepresents a nonexistent person or organization.

1470 (e) Any electioneering communication paid for with public 1471 funds must include a disclaimer containing the words "paid for by 1472 (Name of the government entity paying for the communication)."

1473 (2) Any telephone call, not conducted by independent
1474 expenditure, which expressly advocates for or against supporting
1475 or opposing a candidate or ballot proposal, requires prior
1476 written authorization by the candidate or sponsor of the ballot
1477 proposal that the call supports. A copy of such written
1478 authorization must be placed on file with the qualifying officer
1479 by the candidate or sponsor of the ballot proposal prior to the

### Page 51 of 54

1480 time the calls commence. 1481 Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1482 106.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1483 106.24 Florida Elections Commission; membership; powers; duties.--1484 1485 (1) (a) There is created within the Department of Legal 1486 Affairs, Office of the Attorney General, a Florida Elections 1487 Commission, hereinafter referred to as the commission. The commission shall be a separate budget entity, and its director 1488 1489 shall be the agency head for all purposes. The commission shall 1490 not be subject to control, supervision, or direction by the Department of Legal Affairs or the Attorney General in the 1491 1492 performance of its duties, including, but not limited to, 1493 personnel, purchasing transactions involving real or personal 1494 property, and budgetary matters. 1495 Section 33. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 1496 190.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1497 190.006 Board of supervisors; members and meetings.--1498 (3) 1499 (C) Candidates seeking election to office by qualified 1500 electors under this subsection shall conduct their campaigns in 1501 accordance with the provisions of chapter 106 and shall file 1502 qualifying papers and qualify for individual seats in accordance 1503 with s. 99.061. Candidates shall pay a qualifying fee, which 1504 shall consist of a filing fee and an election assessment or, as 1505 an alternative, shall file a petition signed by not less than 1 1506 percent of the registered voters of the district, and take the 1507 oath required in s. 99.021, with the supervisor of elections in the county affected by such candidacy. The amount of the filing 1508

### Page 52 of 54

1509	fee is 3 percent of \$4,800; however, if the electors have
1510	provided for compensation pursuant to subsection (8), the amount
1511	of the filing fee is 3 percent of the maximum annual compensation
1512	so provided. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent
1513	of \$4,800; however, if the electors have provided for
1514	compensation pursuant to subsection (8), the amount of the
1515	election assessment is 1 percent of the maximum annual
1516	compensation so provided. The filing fee and election assessment
1517	shall be distributed as provided in s. 105.031(3).
1518	Section 34. Effective upon this act becoming a law,
1519	subsection (2) of section 105.041, Florida Statutes, is amended
1520	to read:
1521	105.041 Form of ballot
1522	(2) LISTING OF CANDIDATES
1523	(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), The order of
1524	nonpartisan offices appearing on the ballot shall be determined
1525	by the Department of State. The names of candidates for election
1526	to each nonpartisan office shall be listed in alphabetical order.
1527	With respect to retention of justices and judges, the question
1528	"Shall Justice (or Judge) (name of justice or judge) of the (name
1529	of the court) be retained in office?" shall appear on the ballot
1530	in alphabetical order and thereafter the words "Yes" and "No."
1531	(b)1. The names of candidates for the office of circuit
1532	judge shall be listed on the primary election ballot in the order
1533	determined by lot conducted by the director of the Division of
1534	Elections of the Department of State after the close of the
1535	qualifying period.
1536	2. Candidates who have secured a position on the general
1537	election ballot, after having survived elimination at the primary

## Page 53 of 54

1538	election, shall have their names listed in the same order as on
1539	the primary election ballot, notwithstanding the elimination of
1540	any intervening names as a result of the primary election.
1541	Section 35. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
1542	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
1543	becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1, 2009.