A bill to be entitled
An act relating to early learning; providing a short title; amending s. 411.01, F.S.; authorizing use of telecommunication methods in conducting early learning coalition board meetings; amending and renumbering s. 402.27, F.S.; transferring requirements for the establishment of a statewide child care resource and referral network by the Department of Children and Family Services to the Agency for Workforce Innovation; providing for use of early learning coalitions as child care resource and referral agencies; requiring rulemaking; amending and renumbering s. 409.178, F.S.; transferring duties of the Department of Children and Family Services with respect to the Child Care Executive Partnership Program to the Agency for Workforce Innovation and early learning coalitions; requiring rulemaking; amending ss. 1002.55, 1002.61, and 1002.63, F.S., relating to the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; providing additional accreditation standards for private prekindergarten providers; revising background screening requirements for prekindergarten instructors; providing requirements for assignment of substitute instructors; requiring rulemaking; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

## Page 1 of 25

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Success in Early Learning Act."

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 411.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
411.01 School readiness programs; early learning coalitions.--
(5) CREATION OF EARLY LEARNING COALITIONS.--
(a) Early learning coalitions.--

1. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish the minimum number of children to be served by each early learning coalition through the coalition's school readiness program. The Agency for Workforce Innovation may only approve school readiness plans in accordance with this minimum number. The minimum number must be uniform for every early learning coalition and must:
a. Permit 30 or fewer coalitions to be established; and
b. Require each coalition to serve at least 2,000 children based upon the average number of all children served per month through the coalition's school readiness program during the previous 12 months.

The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt procedures for merging early learning coalitions, including procedures for the consolidation of merging coalitions, and for the early termination of the terms of coalition members which are necessary to accomplish the mergers. Each early learning coalition must comply with the merger procedures and shall be organized in accordance with this subparagraph by April 1, 2005.

## Page 2 of 25

By June 30, 2005, each coalition must complete the transfer of powers, duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds to the successor coalition, if applicable.
2. If an early learning coalition would serve fewer children than the minimum number established under subparagraph 1., the coalition must merge with another county to form a multicounty coalition. However, the Agency for Workforce Innovation may authorize an early learning coalition to serve fewer children than the minimum number established under subparagraph 1., if:
a. The coalition demonstrates to the Agency for Workforce Innovation that merging with another county or multicounty region contiguous to the coalition would cause an extreme hardship on the coalition;
b. The Agency for Workforce Innovation has determined during the most recent annual review of the coalition's school readiness plan, or through monitoring and performance evaluations conducted under paragraph (4)(1), that the coalition has substantially implemented its plan and substantially met the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the agency; and
c. The coalition demonstrates to the Agency for Workforce Innovation the coalition's ability to effectively and efficiently implement the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program.

If an early learning coalition fails or refuses to merge as required by this subparagraph, the Agency for Workforce Innovation may dissolve the coalition and temporarily contract with a qualified entity to continue school readiness and prekindergarten services in the coalition's county or multicounty region until the coalition is reestablished through resubmission of a school readiness plan and approval by the agency.
3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs 1 . and 2., the early learning coalitions in Sarasota, Osceola, and Santa Rosa Counties which were in operation on January 1, 2005, are established and authorized to continue operation as independent coalitions, and shall not be counted within the limit of 30 coalitions established in subparagraph 1.
4. Each early learning coalition shall be composed of at least 18 members but not more than 35 members. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt standards establishing within this range the minimum and maximum number of members that may be appointed to an early learning coalition. These standards must include variations for a coalition serving a multicounty region. Each early learning coalition must comply with these standards.
5. The Governor shall appoint the chair and two other members of each early learning coalition, who must each meet the same qualifications as private sector business members appointed by the coalition under subparagraph 7 .
6. Each early learning coalition must include the following members:

## Page 4 of 25

a. A Department of Children and Family Services district administrator or his or her designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the department.
b. A district superintendent of schools or his or her designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the district, who shall be a nonvoting member.
c. A regional workforce board executive director or his or her designee.
d. A county health department director or his or her designee.
e. A children's services council or juvenile welfare board chair or executive director, if applicable, who shall be a nonvoting member if the council or board is the fiscal agent of the coalition or if the council or board contracts with and receives funds from the coalition.
f. An agency head of a local licensing agency as defined in s. 402.302, where applicable.
g. A president of a community college or his or her designee.
h. One member appointed by a board of county commissioners.
i. A central agency administrator, where applicable, who shall be a nonvoting member.
j. A Head Start director, who shall be a nonvoting member.
k. A representative of private child care providers, including family day care homes, who shall be a nonvoting member.

## Page 5 of 25

1. A representative of faith-based child care providers, who shall be a nonvoting member.
m. A representative of programs for children with disabilities under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, who shall be a nonvoting member.
2. Including the members appointed by the Governor under subparagraph 5., more than one-third of the members of each early learning coalition must be private sector business members who do not have, and none of whose relatives as defined in s. 112.3143 has, a substantial financial interest in the design or delivery of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program created under part $V$ of chapter 1002 or the coalition's school readiness program. To meet this requirement an early learning coalition must appoint additional members from a list of nominees submitted to the coalition by a chamber of commerce or economic development council within the geographic region served by the coalition. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish criteria for appointing private sector business members. These criteria must include standards for determining whether a member or relative has a substantial financial interest in the design or delivery of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program or the coalition's school readiness program.
3. A majority of the voting membership of an early learning coalition constitutes a quorum required to conduct the business of the coalition. An early learning coalition board may use any method of telecommunications to conduct meetings, including establishing a quorum through telecommunications,
provided that the public is given proper notice of a telecommunications meeting and reasonable access to observe and, when appropriate, participate.
4. A voting member of an early learning coalition may not appoint a designee to act in his or her place, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. A voting member may send a representative to coalition meetings, but that representative does not have voting privileges. When a district administrator for the Department of Children and Family Services appoints a designee to an early learning coalition, the designee is the voting member of the coalition, and any individual attending in the designee's place, including the district administrator, does not have voting privileges.
5. Each member of an early learning coalition is subject to ss. 112.313, 112.3135, and 112.3143. For purposes of s. 112.3143(3)(a), each voting member is a local public officer who must abstain from voting when a voting conflict exists.
6. For purposes of tort liability, each member or employee of an early learning coalition shall be governed by s. 768.28.
7. An early learning coalition serving a multicounty region must include representation from each county.
8. Each early learning coalition shall establish terms for all appointed members of the coalition. The terms must be staggered and must be a uniform length that does not exceed 4 years per term. Appointed members may serve a maximum of two consecutive terms. When a vacancy occurs in an appointed position, the coalition must advertise the vacancy.

Page 7 of 25
CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 3. Section 402.27, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 411.0101, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:
411.0101402 .27 Child care and early childhood resource and referral.--The Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Children and Family Servies shall establish a statewide child care resource and referral network. Preference shall be given to using the already established early learning coalitions central zgencies for subsidized child care as the child care resource and referral agency. If an early learning coalition the agency cannot comply with the requirements to offer the resource information component or does not want to offer that service, the early learning coalition Department of Children and Family Services shall select the resource information agency based upon a request for proposal pursuant to s. 411.01(5)(e)1. At least one child care resource and referral agency must be established in each early learning coalition's county or multicounty region district of the department, but no more than one may be established in any county. Child care resource and referral agencies shall provide the following services:
(1) Identification of existing public and private child care and early childhood education services, including child care services by public and private employers, and the development of a resource file of those services. These services may include family day care, public and private child care programs, head start, prekindergarten early intervention programs, special education programs for prekindergarten handicapped children, services for children with developmental disabilities, full-time and part-time programs, before-school

## Page 8 of 25

and after-school programs, vacation care programs, parent education, the WAGES Program, and related family support services. The resource file shall include, but not be limited to:
(a) Type of program.
(b) Hours of service.
(c) Ages of children served.
(d) Number of children served.
(e) Significant program information.
(f) Fees and eligibility for services.
(g) Availability of transportation.
(2) The establishment of a referral process which responds to parental need for information and which is provided with full recognition of the confidentiality rights of parents. Resource and referral programs shall make referrals to licensed child care facilities. Referrals shall be made to an unlicensed child care facility or arrangement only if there is no requirement that the facility or arrangement be licensed.
(3) Maintenance of ongoing documentation of requests for service tabulated through the internal referral process. The following documentation of requests for service shall be maintained by all child care resource and referral agencies:
(a) Number of calls and contacts to the child care information and referral agency component by type of service requested.
(b) Ages of children for whom service was requested.
(c) Time category of child care requests for each child.
(d) Special time category, such as nights, weekends, and swing shift.
(e) Reason that the child care is needed.
(f) Name of the employer and primary focus of the business.
(4) Provision of technical assistance to existing and potential providers of child care services. This assistance may include:
(a) Information on initiating new child care services, zoning, and program and budget development and assistance in finding such information from other sources.
(b) Information and resources which help existing child care services providers to maximize their ability to serve children and parents in their community.
(c) Information and incentives which could help existing or planned child care services offered by public or private employers seeking to maximize their ability to serve the children of their working parent employees in their community, through contractual or other funding arrangements with businesses.
(5) Assistance to families and employers in applying for various sources of subsidy including, but not limited to, subsidized child care, head start, prekindergarten early intervention programs, Project Independence, private scholarships, and the federal dependent care tax credit.
(6) Assistance to state agencies in determining the market rate for child care.

## Page 10 of 25

(7) Assistance in negotiating discounts or other special arrangements with child care providers.
(8) Information and assistance to local interagency councils coordinating services for prekindergarten handicapped children.
(9) Assistance to families in identifying summer recreation camp and summer day camp programs and in evaluating the health and safety qualities of summer recreation camp and summer day camp programs and in evaluating the health and safety qualities of summer camp programs. Contingent upon specific appropriation, a checklist of important health and safety qualities that parents can use to choose their summer camp programs shall be developed and distributed in a manner that will reach parents interested in such programs for their children.
(10) A child care facility licensed under s. 402.305 and licensed and registered family day care homes must provide the statewide child care and resource and referral agencies with the following information annually:
(a) Type of program.
(b) Hours of service.
(c) Ages of children served.
(d) Fees and eligibility for services.
(11) The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt any rules necessary for the implementation and administration of this section.

Section 4. Section 409.178, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 411.0102 , Florida Statutes, and subsection

## Page 11 of 25

(4), paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (5), and subsection (6) of that section are amended to read:
411.0102 409.178 Child Care Executive Partnership Act; findings and intent; grant; limitation; rules.--
(4) The Child Care Executive Partnership, staffed by the Agency for Workforce Innovation depaxtment, shall consist of a representative of the Executive Office of the Governor and nine members of the corporate or child care community, appointed by the Governor.
(a) Members shall serve for a period of 4 years, except that the representative of the Executive Office of the Governor shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.
(b) The Child Care Executive Partnership shall be chaired by a member chosen by a majority vote and shall meet at least quarterly and at other times upon the call of the chair.
(c) Members shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061.
(d) The Child Care Executive Partnership shall have all the powers and authority, not explicitly prohibited by statute, necessary to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this section, as well as the functions, duties, and responsibilities of the partnership, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Assisting in the formulation and coordination of the state's child care policy.
2. Adopting an official seal.
3. Soliciting, accepting, receiving, investing, and expending funds from public or private sources.
4. Contracting with public or private entities as necessary.
5. Approving an annual budget.
6. Carrying forward any unexpended state appropriations into succeeding fiscal years.
7. Providing a report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, on or before December 1 of each year.
(5)
(b) To ensure a seamless service delivery and ease of access for families, an early learning coalition the community eoordinated child care agencies or the state resource and referral Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer the child care purchasing pool funds.
(c) The Agency for Workforce Innovation department, in conjunction with the Child Care Executive Partnership, shall develop procedures for disbursement of funds through the child care purchasing pools. In order to be considered for funding, an early learning coalition the community coordinated child care agency or the statewide resource and referral Agency for Workforce Innovation must commit to:
8. Matching the state purchasing pool funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis; and
9. Expending only those public funds which are matched by employers, local government, and other matching contributors who contribute to the purchasing pool. Parents shall also pay a fee,
which shall be not less than the amount identified in the early learning coalition's department's subsidized child care sliding fee scale.
(d) Each early learning coalition eommunity coordinated ehild shall be required to establish a community child care task force for each child care purchasing pool. The task force must be composed of employers, parents, private child care providers, and one representative from the local children's services council, if one exists in the area of the purchasing pool. The early learning coalition eommunity coordinated child eare agency is expected to recruit the task force members from existing child care councils, commissions, or task forces already operating in the area of a purchasing pool. A majority of the task force shall consist of employers. Each task force shall develop a plan for the use of child care purchasing pool funds. The plan must show how many children will be served by the purchasing pool, how many will be new to receiving child care services, and how the early learning coalition eommunity eoordinated child care agency intends to attract new employers and their employees to the program.
(6) The Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Children and Family Services shall adopt any rules necessary for the implementation and administration of this section.

Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 1002.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1002.55 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by private prekindergarten providers.--
(3) To be eligible to deliver the prekindergarten program, a private prekindergarten provider must meet each of the following requirements:
(a) The private prekindergarten provider must be a child care facility licensed under s. 402.305, family day care home licensed under s. 402.313, large family child care home licensed under s. 402.3131, nonpublic school exempt from licensure under s. 402.3025(2), or faith-based child care provider exempt from licensure under s. 402.316.
(b) The private prekindergarten provider must:

1. Be accredited by an accrediting association that is a member of the National Council for Private School Accreditation, the Commission on International and Trans-Regional Accreditation, or the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools and have written accreditation standards that meet or exceed the state's licensing requirements under s. 402.305, s. 402.313, or s. 402.3131 and require at least one on-site visit to the provider or school before accreditation is granted;
2. Hold a current Gold Seal Quality Care designation under s. 402.281; or
3. Be licensed under s. 402.305, s. 402.313, or s. 402.3131 and demonstrate, before delivering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, as verified by the early learning coalition, that the provider meets each of the requirements of the program under this part, including, but not limited to, the requirements for credentials and background screenings of prekindergarten instructors under paragraphs (c) and (d), minimum and maximum class sizes under paragraph (f)(e),
prekindergarten director credentials under paragraph (g)(f), and a developmentally appropriate curriculum under s. 1002.67(2)(b).
(c) The private prekindergarten provider must have, for each prekindergarten class, at least one prekindergarten instructor who meets each of the following requirements:
4. The prekindergarten instructor must hold, at a minimum, one of the following credentials:
a. A child development associate credential issued by the National Credentialing Program of the Council for Professional Recognition; or
b. A credential approved by the Department of Children and Family Services as being equivalent to or greater than the credential described in sub-subparagraph a.

The Department of Children and Family Services may adopt rules under ss. $120.536(1)$ and 120.54 which provide criteria and procedures for approving equivalent credentials under subsubparagraph b.
2. The prekindergarten instructor must successfully complete an emergent literacy training course approved by the department as meeting or exceeding the minimum standards adopted under s. 1002.59. This subparagraph does not apply to a prekindergarten instructor who successfully completes approved training in early literacy and language development under s. 402.305(2)(d)5., s. 402.313(6), or s. 402.3131(5) before the establishment of one or more emergent literacy training courses under s. 1002.59 or April 1, 2005, whichever occurs later.

## Page 16 of 25

(d) Each prekindergarten instructor employed by the private prekindergarten provider must be of good moral character, shall be subject to must be screened using the level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435, and must be standards in s. 435.04 bere employment and rescreened at least ence every 5 years. The 5 -year rescreening shall not require refingerprinting unless the instructor has experienced a break in covered employment of more than 90 days. A prekindergarten instructor, must be denied employment or terminated if required under s. 435.06, and must not be ineligible to teach in a public school because his or her educator certificate is suspended or revoked.
(e) A private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor is of good moral character and has been screened in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.
(f) (e) Each of the private prekindergarten provider's prekindergarten classes must be composed of at least 4 students but may not exceed 18 students. In order to protect the health and safety of students, each private prekindergarten provider must also provide appropriate adult supervision for students at

## Page 17 of 25

all times and, for each prekindergarten class composed of 11 or more students, must have, in addition to a prekindergarten instructor who meets the requirements of paragraph (c), at least one adult prekindergarten instructor who is not required to meet those requirements but who must meet each requirement of paragraph (d). This paragraph does not supersede any requirement imposed on a provider under ss. 402.301-402.319.
(g)(f) Before the beginning of the 2006-2007 school year, the private prekindergarten provider must have a prekindergarten director who has a prekindergarten director credential that is approved by the department as meeting or exceeding the minimum standards adopted under s. 1002.57. Successful completion of a child care facility director credential under s. 402.305(2)(f) before the establishment of the prekindergarten director credential under s. 1002.57 or July 1, 2006, whichever occurs later, satisfies the requirement for a prekindergarten director credential under this paragraph.
(h) (g) The private prekindergarten provider must register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
(i) (h) The private prekindergarten provider must deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with this part.

Section 6. Section 1002.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1002.61 Summer prekindergarten program delivered by public schools and private prekindergarten providers.--

## Page 18 of 25

(1) (a) Each school district shall administer the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program at the district level for students enrolled under s. 1002.53(3)(b) in a summer prekindergarten program delivered by a public school.
(b) Each early learning coalition shall administer the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program at the county or regional level for students enrolled under s. 1002.53(3)(b) in a summer prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider.
(2) Each summer prekindergarten program delivered by a public school or private prekindergarten provider must:
(a) Comprise at least 300 instructional hours;
(b) Not begin earlier than May 1 of the school year; and
(c) Not deliver the program for a child earlier than the summer immediately before the school year for which the child is eligible for admission to kindergarten in a public school under s. 1003.21(1)(a)2.
(3) (a) Each district school board shall determine which public schools in the school district are eligible to deliver the summer prekindergarten program. The school district shall use educational facilities available in the public schools during the summer term for the summer prekindergarten program.
(b) Except as provided in this section, to be eligible to deliver the summer prekindergarten program, a private prekindergarten provider must meet each requirement in s. 1002.55.
(4) Notwithstanding ss. 1002.55(3)(c)1. and 1002.63(5), each public school and private prekindergarten provider must
have, for each prekindergarten class, at least one prekindergarten instructor who:
(a) Is a certified teacher; or
(b) Holds one of the educational credentials specified in s. 1002.55(4)(a) or (b).

As used in this subsection, the term "certified teacher" means a teacher holding a valid Florida educator certificate under s. 1012.56 who has the qualifications required by the district school board to instruct students in the summer prekindergarten program. In selecting instructional staff for the summer prekindergarten program, each school district shall give priority to teachers who have experience or coursework in early childhood education.
(5) Each prekindergarten instructor employed by a public school or private prekindergarten provider delivering the summer prekindergarten program must be of good moral character, shall be subject to must be screened using the level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435, and must be standards in 5. 435.04 before employment and rescreened at least onee every 5 years. The 5-year rescreening shall not require refingerprinting unless the instructor has experienced a break in covered employment of more than 90 days. A prekindergarten instructor ${ }_{T}$ must be denied employment or terminated if required under s. 435.06, and must not be ineligible to teach in a public school because his or her educator certificate is suspended or revoked. This subsection does not supersede employment requirements for
instructional personnel in public schools which are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection.
(6) A public school or private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor is of good moral character and has been screened in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a public school or private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.
(7)(6) Notwithstanding ss. 1002.55(3)(f) (e) and 1002.63(8)(7), each prekindergarten class in the summer prekindergarten program, regardless of whether the class is a public school's or private prekindergarten provider's class, must be composed of at least 4 students but may not exceed 10 students. In order to protect the health and safety of students, each public school or private prekindergarten provider must also provide appropriate adult supervision for students at all times. This subsection does not supersede any requirement imposed on a provider under ss. 402.301-402.319.
(8) (7) Each public school delivering the summer prekindergarten program must also:
(a) Register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the Agency for Workforce Innovation; and

## Page 21 of 25

(b) Deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with this part.

Section 7. Section 1002.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1002.63 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by public schools.--
(1) Each school district eligible under subsection (4) may administer the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program at the district level for students enrolled under s. 1002.53(3)(c) in a school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a public school.
(2) Each school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a public school must comprise at least 540 instructional hours.
(3) The district school board of each school district eligible under subsection (4) shall determine which public schools in the district are eligible to deliver the prekindergarten program during the school year.
(4) To be eligible to deliver the prekindergarten program during the school year, each school district must meet both of the following requirements:
(a) The district school board must certify to the State Board of Education that the school district:

1. Has reduced the average class size in each classroom in accordance with s. 1003.03 and the schedule in s. 1(a), Art. IX of the State Constitution; and
2. Has sufficient satisfactory educational facilities and capital outlay funds to continue reducing the average class size in each classroom in the district's elementary schools for each
year in accordance with the schedule for class size reduction and to achieve full compliance with the maximum class sizes in s. $1(a)$, Art. IX of the State Constitution by the beginning of the 2010-2011 school year.
(b) The Commissioner of Education must certify to the State Board of Education that the department has reviewed the school district's educational facilities, capital outlay funds, and projected student enrollment and concurs with the district school board's certification under paragraph (a).
(5) Each public school must have, for each prekindergarten class, at least one prekindergarten instructor who meets each requirement in s. 1002.55(3)(c) for a prekindergarten instructor of a private prekindergarten provider.
(6) Each prekindergarten instructor employed by a public school delivering the school-year prekindergarten program must be of good moral character, shall be subject to must be screcned using the level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435, and must be standards in s. 435.04 before employment and rescreened at least once every 5 years. The 5-year rescreening shall not require refingerprinting unless the instructor has experienced a break in covered employment of more than 90 days. A prekindergarten instructor, must be denied employment of terminated if required under s. 435.06, and must not be ineligible to teach in a public school because his or her educator certificate is suspended or revoked. This subsection does not supersede employment requirements for instructional personnel in public schools which are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection.

## Page 23 of 25

(7) A public school prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor is of good moral character and has been screened in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a public school prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.
(8)(7) Each prekindergarten class in a public school delivering the school-year prekindergarten program must be composed of at least 4 students but may not exceed 18 students. In order to protect the health and safety of students, each school must also provide appropriate adult supervision for students at all times and, for each prekindergarten class composed of 11 or more students, must have, in addition to a prekindergarten instructor who meets the requirements of $s$. 1002.55(3)(c), at least one adult prekindergarten instructor who is not required to meet those requirements but who must meet each requirement of subsection (6).
(9) (8) Each public school delivering the school-year prekindergarten program must:
(a) Register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the Agency for Workforce Innovation; and
(b) Deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with this part.

## Page 24 of 25

F L O R I D A H O U S E O F R E P R E S E N T A T I V E S

HB879 2008
Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.

Page 25 of 25

