A bill to be entitled

An act relating to value adjustment boards; amending s. 194.011, F.S.; requiring the Department of Revenue to develop a uniform policies and procedures manual for use in proceedings before value adjustment boards; specifying availability requirements for the manual; amending s. 194.015, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to county attorneys as counsel for value adjustment boards; amending s. 194.034, F.S.; requiring recommendations of special magistrates to include certain information; amending s. 194.035, F.S.; applying to all counties a requirement that value adjustment boards appoint special magistrates for certain purposes; requiring value adjustment boards to verify the qualifications of special magistrates prior to appointment; providing selection criteria; requiring the department to provide training for special magistrates; providing training requirements; amending s. 194.037, F.S.; revising required information in the disclosure of tax impact form to include certain additional information; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 194.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.011 Assessment notice; objections to assessments.--

(5) (a) The department shall by rule prescribe uniform procedures for hearings before the value adjustment board which include requiring:

- $\frac{1.(a)}{(a)}$ Procedures for the exchange of information and evidence by the property appraiser and the petitioner consistent with s. 194.032; and
- $\frac{2.(b)}{(b)}$ That the value adjustment board hold an organizational meeting for the purpose of making these procedures available to petitioners.

- (b) In consultation with value adjustment boards, the department shall develop a uniform policies and procedures manual to be used by value adjustment boards, special magistrates, and taxpayers in proceedings before value adjustment boards. The manual shall be made available, at a minimum, on the department's website and on property appraisers' existing websites.
- Section 2. Section 194.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 194.015 Value adjustment board.--There is hereby created a value adjustment board for each county, which shall consist of three members of the governing body of the county as elected from the membership of the board of said governing body, one of whom shall be elected chairperson, and two members of the school board as elected from the membership of the school board. The members of the board may be temporarily replaced by other members of the respective boards on appointment by their respective chairpersons. Any three members shall constitute a quorum of the board, except that each quorum must include at

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least one member of said governing board and at least one member of the school board, and no meeting of the board shall take place unless a quorum is present. Members of the board may receive such per diem compensation as is allowed by law for state employees if both bodies elect to allow such compensation. The clerk of the governing body of the county shall be the clerk of the value adjustment board. The office of the county attorney may be counsel to the board unless the county attorney represents the property appraiser, in which instance The board shall appoint private counsel who has practiced law for over 5 years and who shall receive such compensation as may be established by the board. No meeting of the board shall take place unless counsel to the board is present. However, counsel for the property appraiser shall not be required when the county attorney represents only the board at the board hearings, even though the county attorney may represent the property appraiser in other matters or at a different time. Two-fifths of the expenses of the board shall be borne by the district school board and three-fifths by the district county commission. Subsection (2) of section 194.034, Florida Section 3.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 194.034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.034 Hearing procedures; rules.--

(2) In each case, except when a complaint is withdrawn by the petitioner or is acknowledged as correct by the property appraiser, the value adjustment board shall render a written decision. All such decisions shall be issued within 20 calendar days of the last day the board is in session under s. 194.032. The decision of the board shall contain findings of fact and

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conclusions of law and shall include reasons for upholding or overturning the determination of the property appraiser. When a special magistrate has been appointed, the recommendations of the special magistrate, which must include proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, and reasons for upholding or overturning the determination of the property appraiser, shall be considered by the board. The clerk, upon issuance of the decisions, shall, on a form provided by the Department of Revenue, notify by first-class mail each taxpayer, the property appraiser, and the department of the decision of the board.

Section 4. Section 194.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

194.035 Special magistrates; property evaluators.--

of more than 75,000, the board shall appoint special magistrates for the purpose of taking testimony and making recommendations to the board, which recommendations the board may act upon without further hearing. These special magistrates may not be elected or appointed officials or employees of the county but shall be selected from a list of those qualified individuals who are willing to serve as special magistrates. Employees and elected or appointed officials of a taxing jurisdiction or of the state may not serve as special magistrates. The clerk of the board shall annually notify such individuals or their professional associations to make known to them that opportunities to serve as special magistrates exist. The Department of Revenue shall provide a list of qualified special magistrates to any county with a population of 75,000 or less.

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Subject to appropriation, the department shall reimburse counties with a population of 75,000 or less for payments made to special magistrates appointed for the purpose of taking testimony and making recommendations to the value adjustment board pursuant to this section. The department shall establish a reasonable range for payments per case to special magistrates based on such payments in other counties. Requests for reimbursement of payments outside this range shall be justified by the county. If the total of all requests for reimbursement in any year exceeds the amount available pursuant to this section, payments to all counties shall be prorated accordingly. A special magistrate appointed to hear issues of exemptions and classifications shall be a member of The Florida Bar with no less than 5 years' experience in the area of ad valorem taxation. A special magistrate appointed to hear issues regarding the valuation of real estate shall be a state certified real estate appraiser with not less than 5 years' experience in real property valuation. A special magistrate appointed to hear issues regarding the valuation of tangible personal property shall be a designated member of a nationally recognized appraiser's organization with not less than 5 years' experience in tangible personal property valuation. A special magistrate need not be a resident of the county in which he or she serves. A special magistrate may not represent a person before the board in any tax year during which he or she has served that board as a special magistrate. Prior to appointing a special magistrate, a value adjustment board shall verify the special magistrate's qualifications. The value adjustment board

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shall ensure that the selection of special magistrates is based solely upon the experience and qualifications of the special magistrate and is not influenced by the property appraiser. The board shall appoint special magistrates from the list so compiled prior to convening of the board. The expense of hearings before magistrates and any compensation of special magistrates shall be borne three-fifths by the board of county commissioners and two-fifths by the school board.

- (2) The value adjustment board of each county may employ qualified property appraisers or evaluators to appear before the value adjustment board at that meeting of the board which is held for the purpose of hearing complaints. Such property appraisers or evaluators shall present testimony as to the just value of any property the value of which is contested before the board and shall submit to examination by the board, the taxpayer, and the property appraiser.
- (3) The department shall provide training for special magistrates at least once each year in at least five locations throughout the state. The training shall include emphasis on the assessment of tangible personal property. Persons completing the training will only be required to have 3 years' experience in the area they wish to serve as a special magistrate. The training shall be open to the public. Value adjustment boards that provide training for special magistrates shall advertise the training sessions and allow taxpayers to attend the training sessions.

Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 194.037, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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194.037 Disclosure of tax impact.--

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- (1) After hearing all petitions, complaints, appeals, and disputes, the clerk shall make public notice of the findings and results of the board in at least a quarter-page size advertisement of a standard size or tabloid size newspaper, and the headline shall be in a type no smaller than 18 point. The advertisement shall not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The advertisement shall be published in a newspaper of general paid circulation in the county. The newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the community, and not one of limited subject matter, pursuant to chapter 50. The headline shall read: TAX IMPACT OF VALUE ADJUSTMENT BOARD. The public notice shall list the members of the value adjustment board and the taxing authorities to which they are elected. The form shall show, in columnar form, for each of the property classes listed under subsection (2), the following information, with appropriate column totals:
- (a) In the first column, the number of parcels for which the board granted exemptions that had been denied or that had not been acted upon by the property appraiser.
- (b) In the second column, the number of parcels for which petitions were filed concerning a property tax exemption.
- (c) In the third column, the number of parcels for which the board considered the petition and reduced the assessment from that made by the property appraiser on the initial assessment roll.

(d) In the fourth column, the number of parcels for which petitions were filed but which were not considered by the board because the petitions were withdrawn or settled prior to the board's consideration.

- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ In the $\underline{\text{fifth}}$ fourth column, the number of parcels for which petitions were filed requesting a change in assessed value, including requested changes in assessment classification.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) In the <u>sixth</u> <u>fifth</u> column, the net change in taxable value from the assessor's initial roll which results from board decisions.
- $\underline{(g)}$ (f) In the <u>seventh</u> <u>sixth</u> column, the net shift in taxes to parcels not granted relief by the board. The shift shall be computed as the amount shown in column 5 multiplied by the applicable millage rates adopted by the taxing authorities in hearings held pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(d) or adopted by vote of the electors pursuant to s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, but without adjustment as authorized pursuant to s. 200.065(6). If for any taxing authority the hearing has not been completed at the time the notice required herein is prepared, the millage rate used shall be that adopted in the hearing held pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(c).
 - Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2008.