

## LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Floor: 1/AD/3R Floor: C

05/01/2009 02:53 PM 05/01/2009 06:56 PM

Senator Haridopolos moved the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (5) and (7) of section 482.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

482.021 Definitions.—For the purposes of this chapter, and unless otherwise required by the context, the term:

(5) "Certified operator in charge" means a certified operator:

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- (a) Whose primary occupation is the pest control business;
- (b) Who is employed full time by a licensee; and
- (c) Whose principal duty is the personal supervision of the licensee's operation in a category or categories of pest control in which the operator is certified.
- (7) "Employee" means a person who is employed by a licensee that provides that person with necessary training, supervision, pesticides, equipment, and insurance and who receives compensation from and is under the personal supervision and direct control of the licensee's certified operator in charge and from whose compensation the licensee regularly deducts and matches federal insurance contributions and federal income and Social Security taxes.

Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 482.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 482.051 Rules.—The department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this chapter. Prior to proposing the adoption of a rule, the department shall counsel with members of the pest control industry concerning the proposed rule. The department shall adopt rules for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of pest control employees and the general public which require:
- (3) That written contracts be required for providing termites and other wood-destroying organisms pest control, that provisions necessary to assure consumer protection as specified by the department be included in such contracts, that licensees perform an inspection before issuing a contract on an existing structure, and that require licensees to comply with the



contracts issued.

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Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 482.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

482.071 Licenses.-

- (4) A licensee may not operate a pest control business without carrying the required insurance coverage. Each person making application for a pest control business license or renewal thereof must furnish to the department a certificate of insurance that meets the requirements for minimum financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage consisting of:
- (a) Bodily injury: \$250,000 each person and \$500,000 <del>\$300,000</del> each occurrence; and property damage: \$250,000 \$50,000 each occurrence and \$500,000 \$100,000 in the aggregate; or
- (b) Combined single-limit coverage: \$500,000 \$400,000 in the aggregate.

Section 4. Section 482.072, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 482.072 Pest control service centers.-

- (1) The department may issue a license to a qualified business to operate a pest control service center, to solicit pest control business, or to provide services to customers for one or more business locations licensed under s. 482.071. A person may not operate a centralized service center for a pest control business that is not licensed by the department.
- (2) (a) Before operating a pest control service center, and biennially thereafter, on or before an anniversary date set by the department for the licensed pest control service center

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location, the pest control business must apply to the department for a license under this chapter, or a renewal thereof, for each pest control service center location. An application must be submitted in the format prescribed by the department.

- (b) The department shall establish a fee for the issuance of a pest control service center license of at least \$500, but not more than \$1,000, and a fee for the renewal of a license of at least \$500, but not more than \$1,000; however, until rules setting the fees are adopted by the department, the initial license and renewal fees are each set at \$500. The department shall establish a grace period, not to exceed 30 calendar days after a license's anniversary renewal date. The department shall assess a late renewal fee of \$150, in addition to the renewal fee, to a business that renews its license after the grace period.
- (c) A license automatically expires 60 calendar days after the anniversary renewal date unless the license is renewed before that date. Once a license expires, it may be reinstated only upon reapplication and payment of the license fee and late renewal fee.
- (d) A license automatically expires when a licensee changes its pest control service center business location address. The department shall issue a new license upon payment of a \$250 fee. The new license automatically expires 60 calendar days after the anniversary renewal date of the former license unless the license is renewed before that date.
- (e) The department may not issue or renew a license to operate a centralized pest control service center unless the pest control business licensees for whom the centralized service

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center solicits business have one or more common owners.

- (f) The department may deny the issuance of a pest control service center license, or refuse to renew a license, if the department finds that the applicant or licensee, or any of its directors, officers, owners, or general partners, are or were directors, officers, owners, or general partners of a pest control business described in s. 482.071(2)(g) or violated a rule adopted under s. 482.071(2)(f).
- (g) Section 482.091 does not apply to a person who solicits pest control services or provides customer service in a licensed pest control service center unless the person performs the pest control work described in s. 482.021(21)(a)-(d), executes a pest control contract, or accepts remuneration for such work.
- (3) (a) The department shall adopt rules establishing requirements and procedures for recordkeeping and monitoring of pest control service center operations to ensure compliance with this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 482.163, whether an employee acts outside of the course and scope of his or her employment or whether the employee disobeys employer policies:
- 1. A pest control service center licensee may be subject to disciplinary action under s. 482.161 for a violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter committed by an employee of the service center.
- 2. A pest control business licensee may be subject to disciplinary action under s. 482.161 for a violation committed by an employee of the service center if the business licensee benefits from the violation.
  - Section 5. Section 482.152, Florida Statutes, is amended to



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482.152 Duties of certified operator in charge of pest control activities of licensee.—A certified operator in charge of the pest control activities of a licensee shall have her or his primary occupation with the licensee and shall be a fulltime employee of the licensee. The, and her or his principal duties of the certified operator in charge duty shall include:

- (1) The Responsibility for the personal supervision of, and participation in, the pest control activities of at the business location of the licensee. This chapter does not prevent a certified operator in charge from performing duties at other business locations owned by the licensee if:
- (a) The certified operator in charge performs her or his duties as provided in this section for the business location of the licensee.
- (b) The certified operator in charge is a full-time employee of the licensee.
- (c) The primary occupation of the certified operator in charge is the pest control business. as the same relate to:
- (2) (1) The Selection of proper and correct chemicals for the particular pest control work performed.
  - (3) <del>(2)</del> The Safe and proper use of the pesticides used.
- (4) (3) The Correct concentration and formulation of pesticides used in all pest control work performed.
- (5) (4) The Training of personnel in the proper and acceptable methods of pest control.
  - (6) The Control measures and procedures used.
- (7) <del>(6)</del> The Notification of the department of any accidental human poisoning or death connected with pest control work

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performed on a job she or he is supervising, within 24 hours after she or he has knowledge of the poisoning or death.

Section 6. Section 482.157, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

482.157 Limited certification for commercial wildlife management personnel.-

- (1) The department shall establish a limited certification category for individual commercial wildlife management personnel which authorizes the personnel to use nonchemical methods for controlling pest birds or rodents, including, but not limited to, the use of traps, glue boards, mechanical or electronic devices, or exclusionary techniques.
- (2) A person seeking limited certification under this section must pass an examination administered by the department. An application for examination must be accompanied by an examination fee set by rule of the department of at least \$150 but not to exceed \$300. The department shall provide the appropriate reference materials for the examination and make the examination readily available to applicants at least quarterly or as often as necessary in each county. Before the department issues a limited certification under this section, the person applying for certification must furnish proof that he or she holds a certificate of insurance stating that his or her employer meets the requirements for minimum financial responsibility in s. 482.071(4).
- (3) An application for recertification under this section must be submitted biennially and must be accompanied by a recertification fee set by rule of the department of at least \$150 but not to exceed \$300. The application must also be



accompanied by proof that:

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- (a) The applicant completed 4 classroom hours of acceptable continuing education.
- (b) The applicant holds a certificate of insurance stating that his or her employer meets the requirements for minimum financial responsibility in s. 482.071(4).
- (4) The department shall establish a grace period, not to exceed 30 calendar days after a biennial date established by the department on which recertification is due. The department shall assess a late charge of \$50, in addition to the recertification fee, to commercial wildlife management personnel who are recertified after the grace period.
- (5) A limited certification automatically expires 180 calendar days after the biennial date on which recertification is due unless the commercial wildlife personnel are recertified before the certification expires. Once a certification expires, certification may be issued only upon successful reexamination and payment of the examination fees.
  - (6) Certification under this section does not authorize:
- (a) Use of any pesticide or chemical substance, other than adhesive materials, to control pest birds, rodents, or other nuisance wildlife in, on, or under a structure.
  - (b) Operation of a pest control business.
  - (c) Supervision of a certified person.
- Section 7. Subsection (6) of section 482.226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 482.226 Wood-destroying organism inspection report; notice of inspection or treatment; financial responsibility.-
  - (6) Any licensee that performs wood-destroying organism

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inspections in accordance with subsection (1) must meet minimum financial responsibility in the form of errors and omissions (professional liability) insurance coverage or bond in an amount no less than \$250,000  $\frac{$50,000}{}$  in the aggregate and  $\frac{$25,000}{}$  per occurrence, or demonstrate that the licensee has equity or net worth of no less than \$500,000 \$100,000 as determined by generally accepted accounting principles substantiated by a certified public accountant's review or certified audit. The licensee must show proof of meeting this requirement at the time of license application or renewal thereof.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 493.6102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 493.6102 Inapplicability of this chapter. This chapter shall not apply to:
- (1) Any individual who is an "officer" as defined in s. 943.10(14), or  $\frac{is}{is}$  a law enforcement officer of the United States Government, while the such local, state, or federal officer is engaged in her or his official duties or, if approved by the officer's supervisors, when performing off-duty activities as a security officer activities approved by her or his superiors.

Section 9. Section 493.6105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6105 Initial application for license.-

(1) Each individual, partner, or principal officer in a corporation, shall file with the department a complete application accompanied by an application fee not to exceed \$60, except that the applicant for a Class "D" or Class "G" license shall not be required to submit an application fee. The application fee shall not be refundable.

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- (a) The application submitted by any individual, partner, or corporate officer shall be approved by the department prior to that individual, partner, or corporate officer assuming his or her duties.
- (b) Individuals who invest in the ownership of a licensed agency, but do not participate in, direct, or control the operations of the agency shall not be required to file an application.
- (2) Each application shall be signed and verified by the individual under oath as provided in s. 92.525 and shall be notarized.
- (3) The application shall contain the following information concerning the individual signing same:
  - (a) Name and any aliases.
  - (b) Age and date of birth.
  - (c) Place of birth.
- (d) Social security number or alien registration number, whichever is applicable.
- (e) Present residence address and his or her residence addresses within the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (f) Occupations held presently and within the 5 years immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- (f) (g) A statement of all criminal convictions, findings of guilt, and pleas of guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of adjudication of guilt.
- (g) One passport-type color photograph taken within the 6 months immediately preceding submission of the application.
  - (h) A statement whether he or she has ever been adjudicated



incompetent under chapter 744.

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- (i) A statement whether he or she has ever been committed to a mental institution under chapter 394.
- (j) A full set of fingerprints on a card provided by the department and a fingerprint fee to be established by rule of the department based upon costs determined by state and federal agency charges and department processing costs. An applicant who has, within the immediately preceding 6 months, submitted a fingerprint card and fee for licensing purposes under this chapter shall not be required to submit another fingerprint card or fee.
- (k) A personal inquiry waiver which allows the department to conduct necessary investigations to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.
- (1) Such further facts as may be required by the department to show that the individual signing the application is of good moral character and qualified by experience and training to satisfy the requirements of this chapter.
- (4) In addition to the application requirements outlined in subsection (3), the applicant for a Class "C," Class "CC," Class "E," Class "EE," or Class "G" license shall submit two color photographs taken within the 6 months immediately preceding the submission of the application, which meet specifications prescribed by rule of the department. All other applicants shall submit one photograph taken within the 6 months immediately preceding the submission of the application.
- $(4) \xrightarrow{(5)}$  In addition to the application requirements outlined under subsection (3), the applicant for a Class "C," Class "E," Class "M," Class "MA," Class "MB," or Class "MR" license shall

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include a statement on a form provided by the department of the experience which he or she believes will qualify him or her for such license.

(5) (5) (6) In addition to the requirements outlined in subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "G" license shall satisfy minimum training criteria for firearms established by rule of the department, which training criteria shall include, but is not limited to, 28 hours of range and classroom training taught and administered by a Class "K" licensee; however, no more than 8 hours of such training shall consist of range training. If the applicant can show proof that he or she is an active law enforcement officer currently certified under the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission or has completed the training required for that certification within the last 12 months, or if the applicant submits one of the certificates specified in paragraph (6)(a)  $\frac{(7)(a)}{(7)(a)}$ , the department may waive the foregoing firearms training requirement.

- (6) (7) In addition to the requirements under subsection (3), an applicant for a Class "K" license shall:
  - (a) Submit one of the following certificates:
- 1. The Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission Firearms Instructor's Certificate and confirmation by the commission that the applicant is authorized to provide firearms instruction.
- 2. The National Rifle Association Law Enforcement Police Firearms Instructor's Certificate.
- 3. The National Rifle Association Security Firearms Instructor's Certificate.

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- 3.4. A firearms instructor's training certificate issued by any branch of the United States Armed Forces, from a federal law enforcement academy or agency, state, county, or municipal police academy in this state recognized as such by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission or by the Department of Education.
- (b) Pay the fee for and pass an examination administered by the department which shall be based upon, but is not necessarily limited to, a firearms instruction manual provided by the department.
- (7) (8) In addition to the application requirements for individuals, partners, or officers outlined under subsection (3), the application for an agency license shall contain the following information:
- (a) The proposed name under which the agency intends to operate.
- (b) The street address, mailing address, and telephone numbers of the principal location at which business is to be conducted in this state.
- (c) The street address, mailing address, and telephone numbers of all branch offices within this state.
- (d) The names and titles of all partners or, in the case of a corporation, the names and titles of its principal officers.
- $(8) \frac{(9)}{(9)}$  Upon submission of a complete application, a Class "CC," Class "C," Class "D," Class "EE," Class "E," Class "M," Class "MA," Class "MB," or Class "MR" applicant may commence employment or appropriate duties for a licensed agency or branch office. However, the Class "C" or Class "E" applicant must work under the direction and control of a sponsoring licensee while

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his or her application is being processed. If the department denies application for licensure, the employment of the applicant must be terminated immediately, unless he or she performs only unregulated duties.

Section 10. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 493.6106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

493.6106 License requirements; posting.-

- (1) Each individual licensed by the department must:
- (f) Be a citizen or permanent legal resident alien of the United States or have appropriate been granted authorization issued to seek employment in this country by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services of the United States Department of Homeland Security.
- An applicant for a Class "C," Class "CC," Class "D," Class "DI," Class "E," Class "EE," Class "M," Class "MA," Class "MB," Class "MR," or Class "RI" license who is not a United States citizen must submit proof of current employment authorization issued by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services or proof that she or he is deemed a permanent legal resident alien by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services.
- 2. An applicant for a Class "G" or Class "K" license who is not a United States citizen must submit proof that she or he is deemed a permanent legal resident alien by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, together with additional documentation establishing that she or he has resided in the state of residence shown on the application for at least

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90 consecutive days before the date that the application is submitted.

- 3. An applicant for an agency or school license who is not a United States citizen or permanent legal resident alien must submit documentation issued by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services stating that she or he is lawfully in the United States and is authorized to own and operate the type of agency or school for which she or he is applying. An employment authorization card issued by the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services is not sufficient documentation.
- (g) Not be prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law if the individual is applying for a Class "G" license or a Class "K" license.
- (2) Each agency shall have a minimum of one physical location within this state from which the normal business of the agency is conducted, and this location shall be considered the primary office for that agency in this state.
- (a) If an agency or branch office desires to change the physical location of the business, as it appears on the agency license, the department must be notified within 10 days of the change, and, except upon renewal, the fee prescribed in s. 493.6107 must be submitted for each license requiring revision. Each license requiring revision must be returned with such notification.

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 493.6107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6107 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by

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certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "G" or Class "M" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 493.6108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6108 Investigation of applicants by Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services .-

- (1) Except as otherwise provided, prior to the issuance of a license under this chapter, the department shall make an investigation of the applicant for a license. The investigation shall include:
- (a) 1. An examination of fingerprint records and police records. When a criminal history analysis of any applicant under this chapter is performed by means of fingerprint card identification, the time limitations prescribed by s. 120.60(1) shall be tolled during the time the applicant's fingerprint card is under review by the Department of Law Enforcement or the United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- 2. If a legible set of fingerprints, as determined by the Department of Law Enforcement or the Federal Bureau of Investigation, cannot be obtained after two attempts, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may determine the applicant's eligibility based upon a criminal history record check under the applicant's name conducted by the Department of Law Enforcement if the and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

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A set of fingerprints are taken by a law enforcement agency or the department and the applicant submits a written statement signed by the fingerprint technician or a licensed physician stating that there is a physical condition that precludes obtaining a legible set of fingerprints or that the fingerprints taken are the best that can be obtained is sufficient to meet this requirement.

(3) The department shall also investigate the mental history and current mental and emotional fitness of any Class "G" or Class "K" applicant, and may deny a Class "G" or Class "K" license to anyone who has a history of mental illness or drug or alcohol abuse.

Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 493.6111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6111 License; contents; identification card.-

(4) Notwithstanding the existence of a valid Florida corporate registration, <u>an</u> no agency <u>or school</u> licensee may <u>not</u> conduct activities regulated under this chapter under any fictitious name without prior written authorization from the department to use that name in the conduct of activities regulated under this chapter. The department may not authorize the use of a name which is so similar to that of a public officer or agency, or of that used by another licensee, that the public may be confused or misled thereby. The authorization for the use of a fictitious name shall require, as a condition precedent to the use of such name, the filing of a certificate of engaging in business under a fictitious name under s. 865.09. A No licensee may not shall be permitted to conduct business under more than one fictitious name except as separately

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licensed nor shall the license be valid to protect any licensee who is engaged in the business under any name other than that specified in the license. An agency desiring to change its licensed name shall notify the department and, except upon renewal, pay a fee not to exceed \$30 for each license requiring revision including those of all licensed employees except Class "D" or Class "G" licensees. Upon the return of such licenses to the department, revised licenses shall be provided.

Section 14. Subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 493.6113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 493.6113 Renewal application for licensure.-

- (2) At least No less than 90 days before prior to the expiration date of the license, the department shall mail a written notice to the last known mailing residence address of the licensee for individual licensees and to the last known agency address for agencies.
- (3) Each licensee shall be responsible for renewing his or her license on or before its expiration by filing with the department an application for renewal accompanied by payment of the prescribed license fee.
- (a) Each Class "B" Class "A," Class "B," or Class "R" licensee shall additionally submit on a form prescribed by the department a certification of insurance which evidences that the licensee maintains coverage as required under s. 493.6110.

Section 15. Subsection (8), paragraph (d) of subsection (12), and subsection (16) of section 493.6115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6115 Weapons and firearms.

(8) A Class "G" applicant must satisfy the minimum training

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criteria as set forth in s. 493.6105(5) and as established by rule of the department.

- (12) The department may issue a temporary Class "G" license, on a case-by-case basis, if:
- (d) The applicant has received approval from the department subsequent to its conduct of a criminal history record check as authorized in s.  $493.6108(1)(a)1. \frac{493.6121(6)}{.}$
- (16) If the criminal history record check program referenced in s. 493.6108(1)(a)1.493.6121(6) is inoperable, the department may issue a temporary "G" license on a case-by-case basis, provided that the applicant has met all statutory requirements for the issuance of a temporary "G" license as specified in subsection (12), excepting the criminal history record check stipulated there; provided, that the department requires that the licensed employer of the applicant conduct a criminal history record check of the applicant pursuant to standards set forth in rule by the department, and provide to the department an affidavit containing such information and statements as required by the department, including a statement that the criminal history record check did not indicate the existence of any criminal history that would prohibit licensure. Failure to properly conduct such a check, or knowingly providing incorrect or misleading information or statements in the affidavit shall constitute grounds for disciplinary action against the licensed agency, including revocation of license.

Section 16. Paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section 493.6118, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (v), and a new paragraph (u) is added to that subsection to read:

493.6118 Grounds for disciplinary action.

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- (1) The following constitute grounds for which disciplinary action specified in subsection (2) may be taken by the department against any licensee, agency, or applicant regulated by this chapter, or any unlicensed person engaged in activities regulated under this chapter.
- (u) For a Class "G" or a Class "K" applicant or licensee, being prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm by state or federal law.

Section 17. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 493.6121, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) and (7), respectively, and present subsection (6) of that section is amended, to read:

493.6121 Enforcement; investigation.-

(6) The department shall be provided access to the program that is operated by the Department of Law Enforcement, pursuant to s. 790.065, for providing criminal history record information to licensed gun dealers, manufacturers, and exporters. The department may make inquiries, and shall receive responses in the same fashion as provided under s. 790.065. The department shall be responsible for payment to the Department of Law Enforcement of the same fees as charged to others afforded access to the program.

Section 18. Subsection (3) of section 493.6202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6202 Fees.-

(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "G," Class "C,"

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Class "CC," Class "M," or Class "MA" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 19. Subsections (2), (4), and (6) of section 493.6203, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6203 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:

- (2) An applicant for a Class "MA" license shall have 2 years of lawfully gained, verifiable, full-time experience, or training in:
- (a) Private investigative work or related fields of work that provided equivalent experience or training;
  - (b) Work as a Class "CC" licensed intern;
  - (c) Any combination of paragraphs (a) and (b);
- (d) Experience described in paragraph (a) for 1 year and experience described in paragraph (e) for 1 year;
  - (e) No more than 1 year using:
- 1. College coursework related to criminal justice, criminology, or law enforcement administration; or
- 2. Successfully completed law enforcement-related training received from any federal, state, county, or municipal agency; or
- (f) Experience described in paragraph (a) for 1 year and work in a managerial or supervisory capacity for 1 year.

However, experience in performing bodyguard services is not



creditable toward the requirements of this subsection.

- (4) An applicant for a Class "C" license shall have 2 years of lawfully gained, verifiable, full-time experience, or training in one, or a combination of more than one, of the following:
- (a) Private investigative work or related fields of work that provided equivalent experience or training.
- (b) College coursework related to criminal justice, criminology, or law enforcement administration, or successful completion of any law enforcement-related training received from any federal, state, county, or municipal agency, except that no more than 1 year may be used from this category.
  - (c) Work as a Class "CC" licensed intern.

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However, experience in performing bodyguard services is not creditable toward the requirements of this subsection.

- (6) (a) A Class "CC" licensee shall serve an internship under the direction and control of a designated sponsor, who is a Class "C," Class "MA," or Class "M" licensee.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2009 September 1, 2008, before submission of an application to the department, the an applicant for a Class "CC" license must have completed a minimum of 40 at <del>least 24</del> hours of professional training a 40-hour course pertaining to general investigative techniques and this chapter, which course is offered by a state university or by a school, community college, college, or university under the purview of the Department of Education, and the applicant must pass an examination. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24hour course and one 16-hour course. The certificate evidencing

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satisfactory completion of the 40 at least 24 hours of professional training a 40-hour course must be submitted with the application for a Class "CC" license. The remaining 16 hours must be completed and an examination passed within 180 days. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted within the specified timeframe, the individual's license is automatically suspended or his or her authority to work as a Class "CC" pursuant to s. 493.6105(9) is rescinded until such time as proof of certificate of completion is provided to the department. The training course specified in this paragraph may be provided by face-to-face presentation, online technology, or a home study course in accordance with rules and procedures of the Department of Education. The administrator of the examination must verify the identity of each applicant taking the examination.

- 1. Upon an applicant's successful completion of each part of the approved training course and passage of any required examination, the school, community college, college, or university shall issue a certificate of completion to the applicant. The certificates must be on a form established by rule of the department.
- 2. The department shall establish by rule the general content of the professional training course and the examination criteria.
- 3. If the license of an applicant for relicensure is has been invalid for more than 1 year, the applicant must complete the required training and pass any required examination.
- (c) An individual who submits an application for a Class "CC" license on or after September 1, 2008, through June 30,



2009, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the date the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted by that date, the individual's license is automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department. An individual licensed on or before August 31, 2008, is not required to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license beyond the required total amount of training, and within the timeframe, in effect at the time he or she was licensed.

Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 493.6302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6302 Fees.-

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(3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "D," Class "G," Class "M," or Class "MB" license must pay the license fee at the time the application is made. If a license is revoked or denied or if the application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 21. Subsection (4) of section 493.6303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

493.6303 License requirements.—In addition to the license requirements set forth elsewhere in this chapter, each individual or agency shall comply with the following additional requirements:

(4)(a) Effective July 1, 2009, an applicant for a Class "D"

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license must submit proof of successful completion of complete a minimum of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department. The training must be provided in two parts, one 24-hour course and one 16-hour course. The department shall by rule establish the general content and number of hours of each subject area to be taught.

- (b) An individual who submits an application for a Class "D" license on or after January 1, 2007, through June 30, 2009, who has not completed the 16-hour course must submit proof of successful completion of the course within 180 days after the date the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted by that date, the individual's license is automatically suspended until proof of the required training is submitted to the department. This section does not require a person licensed before January 1, 2007, to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license beyond the required total amount of training within the timeframe prescribed by law at the time he or she was licensed. An applicant may fulfill the training requirement prescribed in paragraph (a) by submitting proof of:
- 1. Successful completion of the total number of required hours of training before initial application for a Class "D" license; or
- 2. Successful completion of 24 hours of training before initial application for a Class "D" license and successful completion of the remaining 16 hours of training within 180 days after the date that the application is submitted. If documentation of completion of the required training is not submitted within the specified timeframe, the individual's

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license is automatically suspended until such time as proof of the required training is provided to the department.

(c) An individual However, any person whose license is suspended or has been revoked, suspended pursuant to paragraph (b) subparagraph 2., or is expired for at least 1 year, or longer is considered, upon reapplication for a license, an initial applicant and must submit proof of successful completion of 40 hours of professional training at a school or training facility licensed by the department as provided prescribed in paragraph (a) before a license is will be issued. Any person whose license was issued before January 1, 2007, and whose license has been expired for less than 1 year must, upon reapplication for a license, submit documentation of completion of the total number of hours of training prescribed by law at the time her or his initial license was issued before another license will be issued. This subsection does not require an individual licensed before January 1, 2007, to complete additional training hours in order to renew an active license, beyond the required total amount of training within the timeframe prescribed by law at the time she or he was licensed.

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 493.6304, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 493.6304 Security officer school or training facility.-
- (2) The application shall be signed and verified by the applicant under oath as provided in s. 92.525 notarized and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) The name and address of the school or training facility and, if the applicant is an individual, her or his name, address, and social security or alien registration number.

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- (b) The street address of the place at which the training is to be conducted.
- (c) A copy of the training curriculum and final examination to be administered.

Section 23. Subsections (7) and (8) of section 493.6401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6401 Classes of licenses.-

- (7) Any person who operates a recovery agent repossessor school or training facility or who conducts an Internet-based training course or a correspondence training course must have a Class "RS" license.
- (8) Any individual who teaches or instructs at a Class "RS" recovery agent repossessor school or training facility shall have a Class "RI" license.

Section 24. Paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 493.6402, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6402 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule biennial license fees which shall not exceed the following:
- (f) Class "RS" license recovery agent license-repossessor school or training facility: \$60.
- (g) Class "RI" license recovery agent <del>license-repossessor</del> school or training facility instructor: \$60.
- (3) The fees set forth in this section must be paid by certified check or money order, or, at the discretion of the department, by agency check at the time the application is approved, except that the applicant for a Class "E," Class "EE," or Class "MR" license must pay the license fee at the time the

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application is made. If a license is revoked or denied, or if an application is withdrawn, the license fee shall not be refunded.

Section 25. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 493.6406, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

493.6406 Recovery agent Repossession services school or training facility.-

- (1) Any school, training facility, or instructor who offers the training outlined in s. 493.6403(2) for Class "E" or Class "EE" applicants shall, before licensure of such school, training facility, or instructor, file with the department an application accompanied by an application fee in an amount to be determined by rule, not to exceed \$60. The fee shall not be refundable. This training may be offered as face-to-face training, Internetbased training, or correspondence training.
- (2) The application shall be signed and verified by the applicant under oath as provided in s. 92.525 notarized and shall contain, at a minimum, the following information:
- (a) The name and address of the school or training facility and, if the applicant is an individual, his or her name, address, and social security or alien registration number.
- (b) The street address of the place at which the training is to be conducted or the street address of the Class "RS" school offering Internet-based or correspondence training.
- (c) A copy of the training curriculum and final examination to be administered.

Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 501.605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 501.605 Licensure of commercial telephone sellers.-
- (2) An applicant for a license as a commercial telephone



seller must submit to the department, in such form as it prescribes, a written application for the license. The application must set forth the following information:

(a) The true name, date of birth, driver's license number, social security number, and home address of the applicant, including each name under which he or she intends to do business.

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The application shall be accompanied by a copy of any: Script, outline, or presentation the applicant will require or suggest a salesperson to use when soliciting, or, if no such document is used, a statement to that effect; sales information or literature to be provided by the applicant to a salesperson; and sales information or literature to be provided by the applicant to a purchaser in connection with any solicitation.

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 501.607, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.607 Licensure of salespersons.

- (1) An applicant for a license as a salesperson must submit to the department, in such form as it prescribes, a written application for a license. The application must set forth the following information:
- (a) The true name, date of birth, driver's license number, social security number, and home address of the applicant.

Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 501.913, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

501.913 Registration.-

- (2) The completed application shall be accompanied by:
- (a) Specimens or facsimiles of the label for each brand of



antifreeze;

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- (b) An application fee of \$200 for each brand; and
- (c) A properly labeled sample of at least 1 gallon, but not more than 2 gallons, of each brand of antifreeze.

Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 525.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

525.01 Gasoline and oil to be inspected.-

- (2) All petroleum fuels are shall be subject to inspection and analysis by the department. Before selling or offering for sale in this state any petroleum fuel, all manufacturers, terminal suppliers, wholesalers, and importers as defined in s. 206.01 <del>jobbers</del> shall file with the department:
- (a) An affidavit that they desire to do business in this state, and the name and address of the manufacturer of the petroleum fuel.
- (b) An affidavit stating that the petroleum fuel is in conformity with the standards prescribed by department rule.

Section 30. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 525.09, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

525.09 Inspection fee.-

(1) For the purpose of defraying the expenses incident to inspecting, testing, and analyzing petroleum fuels in this state, there shall be paid to the department a charge of oneeighth cent per gallon on all gasoline, alternative fuel containing alcohol as defined in s. 525.01(1)(c)1. or 2., kerosene (except when used as aviation turbine fuel), and #1 fuel oil for sale or use in this state. This inspection fee shall be imposed in the same manner as the motor fuel tax pursuant to s. 206.41. Payment shall be made on or before the



25th day of each month.

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- (3) All remittances to the department for the inspection tax herein provided shall be accompanied by a detailed report under oath showing the number of gallons of gasoline, alternative fuel containing alcohol as defined in s. 525.01(1)(c)1. and 2., kerosene, or fuel oil sold and delivered in each county.
- Section 31. Section 526.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 526.50 Definition of terms.—As used in this part:
- (1) "Brake fluid" means the fluid intended for use as the liquid medium through which force is transmitted in the hydraulic brake system of a vehicle operated upon the highways.
- (2) "Brand" means the product name appearing on the label of a container of brake fluid.
- (3) "Container" means any receptacle in which brake fluid is immediately contained when sold, but does not mean a carton or wrapping in which a number of such receptacles are shipped or stored or a tank car or truck.
- (4) (2) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (3) "Sell" includes give, distribute, barter, exchange, trade, keep for sale, offer for sale or expose for sale, in any of their variant forms.
- (5) "Formula" means the name of the chemical mixture or composition of the brake fluid product.
- (6) (4) "Labeling" includes all written, printed or graphic representations, in any form whatsoever, imprinted upon or affixed to any container of brake fluid.

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- (5) "Container" means any receptacle in which brake fluid is immediately contained when sold, but does not mean a carton or wrapping in which a number of such receptacles are shipped or stored or a tank car or truck.
- (7) (6) "Permit year" means a period of 12 months commencing July 1 and ending on the next succeeding June 30.
- (8) (7) "Registrant" means any manufacturer, packer, distributor, seller, or other person who has registered a brake fluid with the department.
- (9) "Sell" includes give, distribute, barter, exchange, trade, keep for sale, offer for sale or expose for sale, in any of their variant forms.
- Section 32. Section 526.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 526.51 Registration; renewal and fees; departmental expenses; cancellation or refusal to issue or renew.-
- (1) (a) Application for registration of each brand of brake fluid shall be made on forms to be supplied by the department. The applicant shall give his or her name and address and the brand name of the brake fluid, state that he or she owns the brand name and has complete control over the product sold thereunder in Florida, and provide the name and address of the resident agent in Florida. If the applicant does not own the brand name but wishes to register the product with the department, a notarized affidavit that gives the applicant full authorization to register the brand name and that is signed by the owner of the brand name must accompany the application for registration. The affidavit must include all affected brand names, the owner's company or corporate name and address, the

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applicant's company or corporate name and address, and a statement from the owner authorizing the applicant to register the product with the department. The owner of the brand name shall maintain complete control over each product sold under that brand name in this state. All first-time brand-formula combination new product applications must be accompanied by a certified report from an independent testing laboratory, setting forth the analysis of the brake fluid which shall show its quality to be not less than the specifications established by the department for brake fluids. A sample of not less than 24 fluid ounces of brake fluid shall be submitted, in a container or containers, with labels representing exactly how the containers of brake fluid will be labeled when sold, and the sample and container shall be analyzed and inspected by the Division of Standards in order that compliance with the department's specifications and labeling requirements may be verified. Upon approval of the application, the department shall register the brand name of the brake fluid and issue to the applicant a permit authorizing the registrant to sell the brake fluid in this state during the permit year specified in the permit.

(b) Each applicant shall pay a fee of \$100 with each application. An applicant seeking reregistration of a previously registered brand-formula combination must submit a completed application and all materials required under this subsection to the department before the first day of the permit year. A brandformula combination for which a completed application and all materials required under this subsection are not received before the first day of the permit year ceases to be registered with

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the department until a completed application and all materials required under this subsection are received and approved. Any fee, application, or materials received after the first day of the permit year, if the brand-formula combination was previously registered with the department, A permit may be renewed by application to the department, accompanied by a renewal fee of \$50 on or before the last day of the permit year immediately preceding the permit year for which application is made for renewal of registration. To any fee not paid when due, there shall accrue a penalty of \$25, which shall be added to the renewal fee. Renewals will be accepted only on brake fluids that have no change in formula, composition, or brand name. Any change in formula, composition, or brand name of any brake fluid constitutes a new product that must be registered in accordance with this part.

- (2) All fees collected under the provisions of this section shall be credited to the General Inspection Trust Fund of the department and all expenses incurred in the enforcement of this part shall be paid from said fund.
- (3) The department may cancel or  $\tau$  refuse to issue or refuse to renew any registration and permit after due notice and opportunity to be heard if it finds that the brake fluid is adulterated or misbranded or that the registrant has failed to comply with the provisions of this part or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 526.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 526.52 Specifications; adulteration and misbranding.
- (3) Brake fluid is deemed to be misbranded:

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(a) If its container does not bear on its side or top a label on which is printed the name and place of business of the registrant of the product, the words "brake fluid," and a statement that the product therein equals or exceeds the minimum specification of the Society of Automotive Engineers for heavyduty-type brake fluid or equals or exceeds Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 116 adopted by the United States Department of Transportation, heavy-duty-type. By regulation the department may require that the duty-type classification appear on the label.

Section 34. Subsection (2) of section 526.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

526.53 Enforcement; inspection and analysis, stop-sale and disposition, regulations.-

- (2) (a) When any brake fluid is sold in violation of any of the provisions of this part, all such affected brake fluid of the same brand name on the same premises on which the violation occurred shall be placed under a stop-sale order by the department by serving the owner of the brand name, distributor, or other entity responsible for selling or distributing the product in the state with the stop-sale order. The department shall withdraw its stop-sale order upon the removal of the violation or upon voluntary destruction of the product, or other disposal approved by the department, under the supervision of the department.
- (b) In addition to being subject to the stop-sale procedures above, unregistered brake fluid shall be held by the department or its representative, at a place to be designated in the stop-sale order, until properly registered and released in

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writing by the department or its representative. If application is has not been made for registration of the such product within 30 days after issue of the stop-sale order, such product shall be disposed of by the department, or, with the department's consent, by the business, to any tax-supported institution or agency of the state if the brake fluid meets legal specifications or by other disposal authorized by rule of the department if it fails to meet legal specifications.

Section 35. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 527.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

527.02 License; penalty; fees.-

(2) Each business location of a person having multiple locations shall be separately licensed and must meet the requirements of this section. Such license shall be granted to any applicant determined by the department to be competent, qualified, and trustworthy who files with the department a surety bond, insurance affidavit, or other proof of insurance, as hereinafter specified, and pays for such license the following original application fee for new licenses and annual renewal fees for existing licenses:

	Original	Renewal
License Category	Application Fee	Fee
Category I liquefied		
petroleum gas		

\$600 <del>\$525</del>

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\$500 <del>\$425</del>

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Category II liquefied



	petroleum gas		
	dispenser		
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	Category III liquefied		
	petroleum gas cylinder		
	exchange unit		
	operator	<u>125</u> <del>100</del>	<u>75</u> <del>65</del>
1023			
	Category IV liquefied		
	petroleum gas dispenser and		
	recreational vehicle		
1001	servicer	525	<u>425</u> <del>400</del>
1024			
	Category V liquefied		
	petroleum petroleum gases		
	dealer for industrial		
	uses	350 <del>300</del>	275 <del>200</del>
1025	only	<u>330</u> <del>300</del>	<u>273</u> <del>200</del>
1023	LP gas		
	installer	400 <del>300</del>	300 <del>200</del>
1026		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Specialty		
	installer	300	250 <del>200</del>
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	Dealer in appliances and		
	equipment for		
	use of liquefied petroleum		
	gas	50	45
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	Manufacturer of liquefied		
	petroleum		
	gas appliances and		
	equipment $\dots$ 525 $\underline{425}$ 375		
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	Requalifier of		
	cylinders		
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	Fabricator, repairer, and		
	tester of		
	vehicles and cargo		
	tanks		
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1032	(5) The license fee for a pipeline system operator shall be		
1033	$\frac{$350}{}$ \$100 per system owned or operated by the person, not to		
1034	exceed \$400 per license year. Such license fee applies only to a		
1035	pipeline system operator who owns or operates a liquefied		

petroleum gas pipeline system that is used to transmit liquefied petroleum gas from a common source to the ultimate customer and that serves 10 or more customers. The license shall be renewed each year at a fee of \$275 per year.

Section 36. Subsections (1) and (3) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5) of section 527.0201, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

527.0201 Qualifiers; master qualifiers; examinations.-

(1) In addition to the requirements of s. 527.02, any person applying for a license to engage in the activities of a pipeline system operator, category I liquefied petroleum gas

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dealer, category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser, category IV liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle servicer, category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for industrial uses only, LP gas installer, specialty installer, requalifier requalification of cylinders, or fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks must prove competency by passing a written examination administered by the department or its agent with a grade of at least 75 percent in each area tested or above. Each applicant for examination shall submit a \$30 \$20 nonrefundable fee. The department shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be covered by each examination and the relative weight to be assigned in grading each area tested.

(3) Qualifier cards issued to category I liquefied petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas installers shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance. All category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers holding a valid qualifier card upon the effective date of this act shall retain their qualifier status until July 1, 2003, and may sit for the master qualifier examination at any time during that time period. All such category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers may renew their qualification on or before July 1, 2003, upon application to the department, payment of a \$20 renewal fee, and documentation of the completion of a minimum of 16 12 hours of approved continuing education courses, as defined by department rule, during the previous 3-year period. Applications for renewal must be made 30 calendar days prior to expiration. Persons failing to

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renew prior to the expiration date must reapply and take a qualifier competency examination in order to reestablish category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier status. If a category I liquefied petroleum gas qualifier or liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier becomes a master qualifier at any time during the effective date of the qualifier card, the card shall remain in effect until expiration of the master qualifier certification.

- (5) In addition to all other licensing requirements, each category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer and liquefied petroleum gas installer must, at the time of application for licensure, identify to the department one master qualifier who is a full-time employee at the licensed location. This person shall be a manager, owner, or otherwise primarily responsible for overseeing the operations of the licensed location and must provide documentation to the department as provided by rule. The master qualifier requirement shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection (1).
- (a) In order to apply for certification as a master qualifier, each applicant must be a category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier, must be employed by a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant for such license, must provide documentation of a minimum of 1 year's work experience in the gas industry, and must pass a master qualifier competency examination. Master qualifier examinations shall be based on Florida's laws, rules, and adopted codes governing liquefied

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petroleum gas safety, general industry safety standards, and administrative procedures. The examination must be successfully passed <del>completed</del> by the applicant with a grade of at least 75 percent or more. Each applicant for master qualifier status shall submit to the department a nonrefundable \$50 \$30 examination fee prior to the examination.

(c) Master qualifier status shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance of the certificate and may be renewed by submission to the department of documentation of completion of at least 16 12 hours of approved continuing education courses during the 3-year period; proof of employment with a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant; and a \$30 certificate renewal fee. The department shall define, by rule, approved courses of continuing education.

Section 37. Subsection (4) of section 527.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

527.021 Registration of transport vehicles.

(4) An inspection fee of \$75 \$50 shall be assessed for each registered vehicle inspected by the department pursuant to s. 527.061. Registered vehicles shall be inspected annually. All inspection fees collected in connection with this section shall be deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund for the purpose of administering the provisions of this chapter.

Section 38. Section 527.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 527.12 Cease and desist orders; stop-use orders; stopoperation orders; stop-sale orders; administrative fines.-
  - (1) Whenever the department has shall have reason to

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believe that any person is violating or has violated been violating provisions of this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter <del>pursuant thereto</del>, the department <del>it</del> may issue a cease and desist order, or impose a civil penalty, or do both may issue such cease and desist order and impose a civil penalty.

(2) Whenever a person or liquefied petroleum gas system or storage facility, or any part or component thereof, fails to comply with this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter, the department may issue a stop-use order, stopoperation order, or stop-sale order.

Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 559.805, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.805 Filings with the department; disclosure of advertisement identification number.-

(1) Every seller of a business opportunity shall annually file with the department a copy of the disclosure statement required by s. 559.803 before prior to placing an advertisement or making any other representation designed to offer to, sell to, or solicit an offer to buy a business opportunity from a prospective purchaser in this state and shall update this filing by reporting any material change in the required information within 30 days after the material change occurs. An advertisement is not placed in the state merely because the publisher circulates, or there is circulated on his or her behalf in the state, any bona fide newspaper or other publication of general, regular, and paid circulation which has had more than two-thirds of its circulation during the past 12 months outside the state or because a radio or television

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program originating outside the state is received in the state. If the seller is required by s. 559.807 to provide a bond or establish a trust account or quaranteed letter of credit, he or she shall contemporaneously file with the department a copy of the bond, a copy of the formal notification by the depository that the trust account is established, or a copy of the guaranteed letter of credit. Every seller of a business opportunity shall file with the department a list of independent agents who will engage in the offer or sale of business opportunities on behalf of the seller in this state. This list must be kept current and shall include the following information: name, home and business address, telephone number, present employer, social security number, and birth date. A No person may not shall be allowed to offer or sell business opportunities unless the required information is has been provided to the department.

Section 40. Subsection (3) of section 559.928, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.928 Registration.-

(3) Each independent agent shall annually file an affidavit with the department before prior to engaging in business in this state. This affidavit must include the independent agent's full name, legal business or trade name, mailing address, business address, telephone number, social security number, and the name or names and addresses of each seller of travel represented by the independent agent. A letter evidencing proof of filing must be issued by the department and must be prominently displayed in the independent agent's primary place of business. Each independent agent must also submit an annual registration fee of

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\$50. All moneys collected pursuant to the imposition of the fee shall be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer into the General Inspection Trust Fund of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the sole purpose of administrating this part. As used in this subsection, the term "independent agent" means a person who represents a seller of travel by soliciting persons on its behalf; who has a written contract with a seller of travel which is operating in compliance with this part and any rules adopted thereunder; who does not receive a fee, commission, or other valuable consideration directly from the purchaser for the seller of travel; who does not at any time have any unissued ticket stock or travel documents in his or her possession; and who does not have the ability to issue tickets, vacation certificates, or any other travel document. The term "independent agent" does not include an affiliate of the seller of travel, as that term is used in s. 559.935(3), or the employees of the seller of travel or of such affiliates.

Section 41. Subsection (7) of section 570.0725, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.0725 Food recovery; legislative intent; department functions.-

(7) For public information purposes, the department may shall develop and provide a public information brochure detailing the need for food banks and similar of food recovery programs, the benefit of such food recovery programs, the manner in which such organizations may become involved in such food recovery programs, and the protection afforded to such programs under s. 768.136, and the food recovery entities or food banks that exist in the state. This brochure must be updated annually.



A food bank or similar food recovery organization seeking to be included on a list of such organizations must notify the department and provide the information required by rule of the department. Such organizations are responsible for updating the information and providing the updated information to the department. The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 42. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 570.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.53 Division of Marketing and Development; powers and duties. - The powers and duties of the Division of Marketing and Development include, but are not limited to:

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(e) Extending in every practicable way the distribution and sale of Florida agricultural products throughout the markets of the world as required of the department by s. ss. 570.07(7), (8), (10), and (11) and 570.071 and chapters 571, 573, and 574.

Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 570.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.54 Director; duties.

(2) It shall be the duty of the director of this division to supervise, direct, and coordinate the activities authorized by ss. 570.07(4), (7), (8), (10), (11), (12), (17), (18), and (20),  $\frac{570.071}{}$ , 570.21, 534.47-534.53, and 604.15-604.34 and chapters 504, 571, 573, and 574 and to exercise other powers and authority as authorized by the department.

Section 44. Subsection (4) of section 570.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.55 Identification of sellers or handlers of tropical or

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subtropical fruit and vegetables; containers specified; penalties.-

(4) IDENTIFICATION OF HANDLER.—At the time of each transaction involving the handling or sale of 55 pounds or more of tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables in the primary channel of trade, the buyer or receiver of the tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables shall demand a bill of sale, invoice, sales memorandum, or other document listing the date of the transaction, the quantity of the tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables involved in the transaction, and the identification of the seller or handler as it appears on the driver's license of the seller or handler, including the driver's license number. If the seller or handler does not possess a driver's license, the buyer or receiver shall use any other acceptable means of identification, which may include, but is not limited to, i.e., voter's registration card and number, draft card, social security card, or other identification. However, no less than two identification documents shall be used. The identification of the seller or handler shall be recorded on the bill of sale, sales memorandum, invoice, or voucher, which shall be retained by the buyer or receiver for a period of not less than 1 year from the date of the transaction.

Section 45. Subsection (3) of section 570.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.902 Definitions; ss. 570.902 and 570.903.—For the purpose of ss. 570.902 and 570.903:

(3) "Museum" means the Florida Agricultural Museum which is designated as the museum for agriculture and rural history of the State of Florida.

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Section 46. Section 570.903, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

570.903 Direct-support organization.

- (1) When the Legislature authorizes the establishment of a direct-support organization to provide assistance for the museums, the Florida Agriculture in the Classroom Program, the Florida State Collection of Arthropods, the Friends of the Florida State Forests Program of the Division of Forestry, and the Forestry Arson Alert Program, and other programs of the department, the following provisions shall govern the creation, use, powers, and duties of the direct-support organization.
- (a) The department shall enter into a memorandum or letter of agreement with the direct-support organization, which shall specify the approval of the department, the powers and duties of the direct-support organization, and rules with which the direct-support organization shall comply.
- (b) The department may permit, without charge, appropriate use of property, facilities, and personnel of the department by a direct-support organization, subject to the provisions of ss. 570.902 and 570.903. The use shall be directly in keeping with the approved purposes of the direct-support organization and shall not be made at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with opportunities for the general public to use department facilities for established purposes.
- (c) The department shall prescribe by contract or by rule conditions with which a direct-support organization shall comply in order to use property, facilities, or personnel of the department or museum. Such rules shall provide for budget and audit review and oversight by the department.

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- (d) The department shall not permit the use of property, facilities, or personnel of the museum, department, or designated program by a direct-support organization which does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.
- (2)(a) The direct-support organization shall be empowered to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, real or personal; and make expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the museum or designated program.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 287.057, the direct-support organization may enter into contracts or agreements with or without competitive bidding for the restoration of objects, historical buildings, and other historical materials or for the purchase of objects, historical buildings, and other historical materials which are to be added to the collections of the museum, or benefit of the designated program. However, before the direct-support organization may enter into a contract or agreement without competitive bidding, the direct-support organization shall file a certification of conditions and circumstances with the internal auditor of the department justifying each contract or agreement.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 287.025(1)(e), the direct-support organization may enter into contracts to insure property of the museum or designated programs and may insure objects or collections on loan from others in satisfying



security terms of the lender.

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- (3) The direct-support organization shall provide for an annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.
- (4) Neither a designated program or a museum, nor a nonprofit corporation trustee or employee may:
- (a) Receive a commission, fee, or financial benefit in connection with the sale or exchange of property historical objects or properties to the direct-support organization, the museum, or the designated program; or
- (b) Be a business associate of any individual, firm, or organization involved in the sale or exchange of property to the direct-support organization, the museum, or the designated program.
- (5) All moneys received by the direct-support organization shall be deposited into an account of the direct-support organization and shall be used by the organization in a manner consistent with the goals of the museum or designated program.
- (6) The identity of a donor or prospective donor who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying such donor or prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (7) The Commissioner of Agriculture, or the commissioner's designee, may serve on the board of trustees and the executive committee of any direct-support organization established to benefit the museum or any designated program.
- (8) The department shall establish by rule archival procedures relating to museum artifacts and records. The rules shall provide procedures which protect the museum's artifacts

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and records equivalent to those procedures which have been established by the Department of State under chapters 257 and <del>267.</del>

Section 47. Subsection (4) of section 573.118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

573.118 Assessment; funds; audit; loans.-

(4) In the event of levying and collecting of assessments, for each fiscal year in which assessment funds are received by the department, the department shall maintain records of collections and expenditures for each marketing order separately within the state's accounting system. If requested by an advisory council, department staff shall cause to be made a thorough annual audit of the books and accounts by a certified public accountant, such audit to be completed within 60 days after the request is received end of the fiscal year. The advisory council department and all producers and handlers covered by the marketing order shall be provided a copy of the properly advised of the details of the annual official audit of the accounts as shown by the certified public accountant within 30 days after completion of the audit.

Section 48. Subsections (18) through (30) of section 581.011, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (17) through (29), respectively, and present subsections (17) and (20) of that section are amended to read:

581.011 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(17) "Museum" means the Florida State Collection of Arthropods.

(19) (20) "Nursery" means any grounds or premises on or in which nursery stock is grown, propagated, or held for sale or



distribution, including except where aquatic plant species are tended for harvest in the natural environment.

Section 49. Paragraph (d) of subsection (14) of section 581.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

581.031 Department; powers and duties.—The department has the following powers and duties:

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(d) To prescribe a fee for these services, if provided the fee does not exceed the cost of the services rendered. Annual citrus source tree registration fees shall not exceed \$15 \u22655 per tree. If the fee has not been paid within 30 days of billing, a penalty of \$10 or 20 percent of the unpaid balance, whichever is greater, shall be assessed.

Section 50. Subsection (6) of section 581.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

581.131 Certificate of registration.

(6) Neither the certificate of registration fee nor the annual renewal fee shall exceed  $$600 \frac{$460}{}$ . The department may exempt from the payment of a certificate fee those governmental agency nurseries whose nursery stock is used exclusively for planting on their own property.

Section 51. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 581.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

581.211 Penalties for violations.-

(3) (a) 1. In addition to any other provision of law, the department may, after notice and hearing, impose an administrative fine not exceeding \$10,000 \\$5,000 for each violation of this chapter, upon any person, nurseryman, stock dealer, agent or plant broker. The fine, when paid, shall be

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deposited in the Plant Industry Trust Fund. In addition, the department may place the violator on probation for up to 1 year, with conditions.

2. The imposition of a fine or probation pursuant to this subsection may be in addition to or in lieu of the suspension or revocation of a certificate of registration or certificate of inspection.

Section 52. Section 583.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

583.13 Labeling and advertising requirements for dressed poultry; unlawful acts.-

- (1) It is unlawful for any dealer or broker to sell, offer for sale, or hold for the purpose of sale in the state any dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk unless the such poultry is packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which shall be plainly and legibly printed, in letters of not less than one-fourth inch  $\frac{1}{4}$  in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.
- (2) It is unlawful to sell unpackaged dressed or ready-tocook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled by a placard immediately adjacent to the poultry or unless each bird is individually labeled to show the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement. The placard shall be no smaller than 7 inches by 7 inches in size, and the required labeling

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information shall be legibly and plainly printed on the placard in letters not smaller than 1 inch in height.

- (3) It is unlawful to sell packaged dressed or ready-tocook poultry at retail unless such poultry is labeled to show the grade, the part name or whole-bird statement, the net weight of the poultry, and the name and address of the dealer. The size of the type on the label must be one-eighth inch or larger. A placard immediately adjacent to such poultry may be used to indicate the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement, but not the net weight of the poultry or the name and address of the dealer.
- (4) It is unlawful to use dressed or ready-to-cook poultry in bulk in the preparation of food served to the public, or to hold such poultry for the purpose of such use, unless the poultry when received was packed in a container clearly bearing a label, not less than 3 inches by 5 inches, on which was plainly and legibly printed, in letters not less than one-fourth inch in height, the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry. The grade may be expressed in the term "premium," "good," or "standard," or as the grade of another state or federal agency the standards of quality of which, by law, are equal to the standards of quality provided by this law and rules promulgated hereunder.
- (5) It is unlawful to offer dressed or ready-to-cook poultry for sale in any advertisement in a newspaper or circular, on radio or television, or in any other form of advertising without plainly designating in such advertisement the grade and the part name or whole-bird statement of such poultry.

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Section 53. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 590.125, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) and (6), respectively, subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and paragraph (c) of present subsection (4) are amended, and new subsections (4) and (7) are added to that section, to read:

590.125 Open burning authorized by the division.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Certified pile burner" means an individual who successfully completes the division's pile burning certification program and possesses a valid pile burner certification number.

Prescribed burning" means the controlled application of fire in accordance with a written prescription for vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions while following appropriate precautionary measures that ensure that the fire is confined to a predetermined area to accomplish the planned fire or land-management objectives.

- (b) "Certified prescribed burn manager" means an individual who successfully completes the certified prescribed burning certification program of the division and possesses a valid certification number.
  - (c) (d) "Extinguished" means:
- 1. that no spreading flame For wild land burning or certified prescribed burning, that no spreading flames exist.
- 2. and no visible flame, smoke, or emissions For vegetative land-clearing debris burning or pile burning, that no visible flames exist.
- 3. For vegetative land-clearing debris burning or pile burning in an area designated as smoke sensitive by the division, that no visible flames, smoke, or emissions exist.

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- (d) "Land-clearing operation" means the uprooting or clearing of vegetation in connection with the construction of buildings and rights-of-way, land development, and mineral operations. The term does not include the clearing of yard trash.
- (e) "Pile burning" means the burning of silvicultural, agricultural, or land-clearing and tree-cutting debris originating onsite, which is stacked together in a round or linear fashion, including, but not limited to, a windrow.
- (f) "Prescribed burning" means the controlled application of fire in accordance with a written prescription for vegetative fuels under specified environmental conditions while following appropriate precautionary measures that ensure that the fire is confined to a predetermined area to accomplish the planned fire or land-management objectives.
- (g) (c) "Prescription" means a written plan establishing the criteria necessary for starting, controlling, and extinguishing a prescribed burn.
- (h) "Yard trash" means vegetative matter resulting from landscaping and yard maintenance operations and other such routine property cleanup activities. The term includes materials such as leaves, shrub trimmings, grass clippings, brush, and palm fronds.
- (3) CERTIFIED PRESCRIBED BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.-
- (b) Certified prescribed burning pertains only to broadcast burning for purposes of silviculture, wildlife management, ecological maintenance and restoration, and range and pasture management. It must be conducted in accordance with this



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- 1. May be accomplished only when a certified prescribed burn manager is present on site with a copy of the prescription from ignition of the burn to its completion.
- 2. Requires that a written prescription be prepared before receiving authorization to burn from the division.
- 3. Requires that the specific consent of the landowner or his or her designee be obtained before requesting an authorization.
- 4. Requires that an authorization to burn be obtained from the division before igniting the burn.
- 5. Requires that there be adequate firebreaks at the burn site and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment for the control of the fire.
- 6. Is considered to be in the public interest and does not constitute a public or private nuisance when conducted under applicable state air pollution statutes and rules.
- 7. Is considered to be a property right of the property owner if vegetative fuels are burned as required in this subsection.
- (4) CERTIFIED PILE BURNING; LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.-
- (a) Pile burning is a tool that benefits current and future generations in Florida by disposing of naturally occurring vegetative debris through burning rather than disposing of the debris in landfills.
- (b) Certified pile burning pertains to the disposal of piled, naturally occurring debris from an agricultural, silvicultural, or temporary land-clearing operation. A land-

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clearing operation is temporary if it operates for 6 months or less. Certified pile burning must be conducted in accordance with this subsection, and:

- 1. A certified pile burner must ensure, before ignition, that the piles are properly placed and that the content of the piles is conducive to efficient burning.
- 2. A certified pile burner must ensure that the piles are properly extinguished no later than 1 hour after sunset. If the burn is conducted in an area designated by the division as smoke sensitive, a certified pile burner must ensure that the piles are properly extinguished at least 1 hour before sunset.
- 3. A written pile burn plan must be prepared before receiving authorization from the division to burn.
- 4. The specific consent of the landowner or his or her agent must be obtained before requesting authorization to burn.
- 5. An authorization to burn must be obtained from the division or its designated agent before igniting the burn.
- 6. There must be adequate firebreaks and sufficient personnel and firefighting equipment at the burn site to control the fire.
- (c) If a burn is conducted in accordance with this subsection, the property owner and his or her agent are not liable under s. 590.13 for damage or injury caused by the fire or resulting smoke, and are not in violation of subsection (2), unless gross negligence is proven.
- (d) A certified pile burner who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
  - (e) The division shall adopt rules regulating certified

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pile burning. The rules shall include procedures and criteria for certifying and decertifying certified pile burn managers based on past experience, training, and record of compliance with this section.

- (5) (4) WILDFIRE HAZARD REDUCTION TREATMENT BY THE DIVISION.—The division may conduct fuel reduction initiatives, including, but not limited to, burning and mechanical and chemical treatment, on any area of wild land within the state which is reasonably determined to be in danger of wildfire in accordance with the following procedures:
- (c) Prepare, and send the county tax collector shall include with the annual tax statement, a notice to be sent to all landowners in each area township designated by the division as a wildfire hazard area. The notice must describe particularly the area to be treated and the tentative date or dates of the treatment and must list the reasons for and the expected benefits from the wildfire hazard reduction.
- (7) DIVISION APPROVAL OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT OPEN BURNING AUTHORIZATION PROGRAMS.-
- (a) A county or municipality may exercise the division's authority, if delegated by the division under this subsection, to issue authorizations for the burning of yard trash or debris from land-clearing operations. A county's or municipality's existing or proposed open burning authorization program must:
- 1. Be approved by the division. The division shall not approve a program if it fails to meet the requirements of subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections.
  - 2. Provide by ordinance or local law the requirements for

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obtaining and performing a burn authorization that comply with subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections.

- 3. Provide for the enforcement of the program's requirements.
- 4. Provide financial, personnel, and other resources needed to carry out the program.
- (b) If the division determines that a county's or municipality's open burning authorization program does not comply with subsections (2) and (4) and any rules adopted under those subsections, the division shall require the county or municipality to take necessary corrective actions within a reasonable period, not to exceed 90 days.
- 1. If the county or municipality fails to take the necessary corrective actions within the required period, the division shall resume administration of the open burning authorization program in the county or municipality and the county or municipality shall cease administration of its program.
- 2. Each county and municipality administering an open burning authorization program must cooperate with and assist the division in carrying out the division's powers, duties, and functions.
- 3. A person who violates the requirements of a county's or municipality's open burning authorization program, as provided by ordinance or local law enacted pursuant to this section, commits a violation of this chapter, punishable as provided in s. 590.14.
  - Section 54. Subsection (4) of section 590.14, Florida

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Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (7), subsections (1) and (3) are amended, and new subsections (4), (5), and (6) are added to that section, to read:

590.14 Notice of violation; penalties.-

- (1) If a division employee determines that a person has violated chapter 589, or this chapter, or any rule adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division, the division employee he or she may issue a notice of violation indicating the statute violated. This notice will be filed with the division and a copy forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement entity for further action if necessary.
- (3) The department may also impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$1,000 per violation of any section of chapter 589 or this chapter or violation of any rule adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division. The fine shall be based upon the degree of damage, the prior violation record of the person, and whether the person knowingly provided false information to obtain an authorization. The fines shall be deposited in the Incidental Trust Fund of the division.
  - (4) A person may not:
- (a) Fail to comply with any rule or order adopted by the division to administer provisions of law conferring duties upon the division; or
- (b) Knowingly make any false statement or representation in any application, record, plan, or other document required by this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter.
  - (5) A person who violates paragraph (4)(a) or paragraph

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- (4)(b) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (6) It is the intent of the Legislature that a penalty imposed by a court under subsection (5) be of a severity that ensures immediate and continued compliance with this section.

Section 55. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 599.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

599.004 Florida Farm Winery Program; registration; logo; fees.-

- (1) The Florida Farm Winery Program is established within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Under this program, a winery may qualify as a tourist attraction only if it is registered with and certified by the department as a Florida Farm Winery. A winery may not claim to be certified unless it has received written approval from the department.
- (a) To qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery, a winery shall meet the following standards:
- 1. Produce or sell less than 250,000 gallons of wine annually.
- 2. Maintain a minimum of 10 acres of owned or managed land vineyards in Florida which produces commodities used in the production of wine.
- 3. Be open to the public for tours, tastings, and sales at least 30 hours each week.
- 4. Make annual application to the department for recognition as a Florida Farm Winery, on forms provided by the department.
  - 5. Pay an annual application and registration fee of \$100. Section 56. Subsection (11) is added to section 604.15,



Florida Statutes, to read:

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604.15 Dealers in agricultural products; definitions. - For the purpose of ss. 604.15-604.34, the following words and terms, when used, shall be construed to mean:

(11) "Responsible position" means a position within the business of a dealer in agricultural products that has the authority to negotiate or make the purchase of agricultural products on behalf of the dealer's business or has principal active management authority over the business decisions, actions, and activities of the dealer's business in this state.

Section 57. Section 604.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

604.19 License; fee; bond; certificate of deposit; penalty.-Unless the department refuses the application on one or more of the grounds provided in this section, it shall issue to an applicant, upon the payment of required fees and the execution and delivery of a bond or certificate of deposit as provided in this section, a state license entitling the applicant to conduct business as a dealer in agricultural products for a 1-year period to coincide with the effective period of the bond or certificate of deposit furnished by the applicant. During the 1-year period covered by a license, if the supporting surety bond or certificate of deposit is canceled for any reason, the license shall automatically expire on the date the surety bond or certificate of deposit terminates, unless an acceptable replacement is in effect before the date of termination so that continual coverage occurs for the remaining period of the license. A surety company shall give the department a 30-day written notice of cancellation by certified

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mail in order to cancel a bond. Cancellation of a bond or certificate of deposit does shall not relieve a surety company or financial institution of liability for purchases or sales occurring while the bond or certificate of deposit was in effect. The license fee, which must be paid for the principal place of business for a dealer in agricultural products, shall be based upon the amount of the dealer's surety bond or certificate of deposit furnished by each dealer under the provisions of s. 604.20 and may not exceed \$500. For each additional place in which the applicant desires to conduct business and which the applicant names in the application, the additional license fee must be paid but may not exceed \$100 annually. If a Should any dealer in agricultural products fails, refuses, or neglects fail, refuse, or neglect to apply and qualify for the renewal of a license on or before its the date of expiration date thereof, a penalty not to exceed \$100 shall apply to and be added to the original license fee for the principal place of business and to the license fee for each additional place of business named in the application and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license may be issued. The department by rule shall prescribe fee amounts sufficient to fund ss. 604.15-604.34.

Section 58. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 604.20, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

604.20 Bond or certificate of deposit prerequisite; amount; form.-

(1) Before any license is issued, the applicant therefor shall make and deliver to the department a surety bond or certificate of deposit in the amount of at least \$5,000 or in

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such greater amount as the department may determine. No bond or certificate of deposit may be in an amount less than \$5,000. The penal sum of the bond or certificate of deposit to be furnished to the department by an applicant for license as a dealer in agricultural products shall be in an amount equal to twice the average of the monthly dollar amounts amount of agricultural products handled for a Florida producer or a producer's agent or representative, by purchase or otherwise, during the month of maximum transaction in such products during the preceding 12month period. Only those months in which the applicant handled, by purchase or otherwise, amounts equal to or greater than \$1,000 shall be used to calculate the penal sum of the required bond or certificate of deposit. An applicant for license who has not handled agricultural products for a Florida producer or a producer's agent or representative, by purchase or otherwise, during the preceding 12-month period shall furnish a bond or certificate of deposit in an amount equal to twice the estimated average of the monthly dollar amounts amount of such agricultural products to be handled, by purchase or otherwise, during the month of maximum transaction during the next immediate 12 months. Only those months in which the applicant anticipates handling, by purchase or otherwise, amounts equal to or greater than \$1,000 shall be used to calculate the penal sum of the required bond or certificate of deposit. Such bond or certificate of deposit shall be provided or assigned in the exact name in which the dealer will conduct business subject to the provisions of ss. 604.15-604.34. Such bond must be executed by a surety company authorized to transact business in the state. For the purposes of ss. 604.19-604.21, the term

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"certificate of deposit" means a certificate of deposit at any recognized financial institution doing business in the United States. No certificate of deposit may be accepted in connection with an application for a dealer's license unless the issuing institution is properly insured by either the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation. Such bond or any certificate of deposit assignment or agreement shall be upon a form prescribed or approved by the department and shall be conditioned to secure the faithful accounting for and payment, in the manner prescribed by s. 604.21(9), to producers or their agents or representatives of the proceeds of all agricultural products handled or purchased by such dealer, and to secure payment to dealers who sell agricultural products to such dealer, and to pay any claims or costs ordered under s. 604.21 as the result of a complaint. Such bond or certificate of deposit assignment or agreement shall include terms binding the instrument to the Commissioner of Agriculture. A certificate of deposit shall be presented with an assignment of applicant's rights in the certificate in favor of the Commissioner of Agriculture on a form prescribed by the department and with a letter from the issuing institution acknowledging that the assignment has been properly recorded on the books of the issuing institution and will be honored by the issuing institution. Such assignment shall be irrevocable while the dealer's license is in effect and for an additional period of 6 months after the termination or expiration of the dealer's license, provided no complaint is pending against the licensee. If a complaint is pending, the assignment shall remain in effect until all actions on the complaint have been finalized. The

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certificate of deposit may be released by the assignee of the financial institution to the licensee or the licensee's successors, assignee, or heirs if no claims are pending against the licensee before the department at the conclusion of 6 months after the last effective date of the license. No certificate of deposit shall be accepted that contains any provision that would give the issuing institution any prior rights or claim on the proceeds or principal of such certificate of deposit. The department shall determine by rule the maximum amount of bond or certificate of deposit required of a dealer and whether an annual bond or certificate of deposit will be required.

- (4) The department may issue a conditional license to an applicant who is unable to provide a single bond or certificate of deposit in the full amount required by the calculation in subsection (1). The conditional license shall remain in effect for a 1-year period to coincide with the effective period of the bond or certificate of deposit furnished by the applicant. The applicant must provide at least the minimum \$5,000 bond or certificate of deposit as provided in subsection (1) together with documentation from each of three separate bonding companies denying the applicants request for a surety bond in the full amount required in subsection (1) and one of the following:
- (a) A notarized affidavit limiting the handling of agricultural products, by purchase or otherwise, during their largest month to a minimum of one-half the amount of the bond or certificate of deposit provided by the applicant;
- (b) A notarized affidavit stating that any subject agricultural products, handled by purchase or otherwise, exceeding one-half of the amount of the bond or certificate of

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deposit will be handled under the exemption provisions set forth in s. 604.16(2); or

(c) A second bond or certificate of deposit in such an amount that, when the penal sum of the second bond or certificate of deposit is added to the penal sum of the first bond or certificate of deposit, the combined penal sum will equal twice the dollar amount of agricultural products handled for a Florida producer or a producer's agent or representative, by purchase or otherwise, during the month of maximum transaction in such products during the preceding 12-month period.

The department or its agents may require from any licensee who is issued a conditional license verified statements of the volume of the licensee's business or may review the licensee's records at the licensee's place of business during normal business hours to determine the licensee's adherence to the conditions of the license. The failure of a licensee to furnish such statement or to make such records available shall be cause for suspension of the licensee's conditional license. If the department finds such failure to be willful, the conditional license may be revoked.

Section 59. Section 604.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 604.25 Denial of, refusal to renew grant, or suspension or revocation of, license.-
- (1) The department may deny, refuse to renew, decline to grant a license or may suspend or revoke a license already granted if the applicant or licensee has:

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- (1) (a) Suffered a monetary judgment entered against the applicant or licensee upon which is execution has been returned unsatisfied;
- (2) (b) Made false charges for handling or services rendered;
- (3) (c) Failed to account promptly and properly or to make settlements with any producer;
- (4) <del>(d)</del> Made any false statement or statements as to condition, quality, or quantity of goods received or held for sale when the true condition, quality, or quantity could have been ascertained by reasonable inspection;
- (5) (e) Made any false or misleading statement or statements as to market conditions or service rendered;
- (6) (f) Been guilty of a fraud in the attempt to procure, or the procurement of, a license;
- (7) <del>(g)</del> Directly or indirectly sold agricultural products received on consignment or on a net return basis for her or his own account, without prior authority from the producer consigning the same, or without notifying such producer;
- (8) (h) Failed to prevent a person from holding a position as the applicant's or licensee's owner, officer, director, general or managing partner, or employee Employed in a responsible position a person, or holding any other similarly situated position, if the person holds or has held a similar position with any entity that an officer of a corporation, who has failed to fully comply with an order of the department, has not satisfied a civil judgment held by the department, has pending any administrative or civil enforcement action by the department, or has pending any criminal charges pursuant to s.

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604.30 at any time within 1 year after issuance;

(9) (i) Violated any statute or rule relating to the purchase or sale of any agricultural product, whether or not such transaction is subject to the provisions of this chapter; <del>or</del>

(10) (i) Failed to submit to the department an application, appropriate license fees, and an acceptable surety bond or certificate of deposit; or-

(11) (2) Failed If a licensee fails or refused refuses to comply in full with an order of the department or failed to satisfy a civil judgment owed to the department, her or his license may be suspended or revoked, in which case she or he shall not be eligible for license for a period of 1 year or until she or he has fully complied with the order of the department.

(3) No person, or officer of a corporation, whose license has been suspended or revoked for failure to comply with an order of the department may hold a responsible position with a licensee for a period of 1 year or until the order of the department has been fully complied with.

Section 60. Subsections (18) and (19) of section 616.242, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (19) and (20), respectively, and a new subsection (18) is added to that section to read:

616.242 Safety standards for amusement rides.-

(18) STOP-OPERATION ORDERS.—If an owner or amusement ride fails to comply with this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter, the department may issue a stop-operation order.

Section 61. Subsection (4) of section 686.201, Florida



1946 Statutes, is amended to read:

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686.201 Sales representative contracts involving commissions; requirements; termination of agreement; civil remedies.-

(4) This section does not apply to persons licensed pursuant to chapter 475 who are performing services within the scope of their license or to contracts to which a seller of travel as defined in s. 559.927 is a party.

Section 62. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 790.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.06 License to carry concealed weapon or firearm.-

- (5) The applicant shall submit to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:
- (c) A full set of fingerprints of the applicant administered by a law enforcement agency or the Division of Licensing of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

Section 63. Sections 570.071 and 570.901, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 64. Subsection (1) of section 205.064, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

205.064 Farm, aquacultural, grove, horticultural, floricultural, tropical piscicultural, and tropical fish farm products; certain exemptions.-

(1) A local business tax receipt is not required of any natural person for the privilege of engaging in the selling of farm, aquacultural, grove, horticultural, floricultural, tropical piscicultural, or tropical fish farm products, or products manufactured therefrom, except intoxicating liquors,

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wine, or beer, when such products were grown or produced by such natural person in the state.

Section 65. Subsection (20) of section 322.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
- (20) "Farm tractor" means a motor vehicle that is:
- (a) Operated principally on a farm, grove, or orchard in agricultural or horticultural pursuits and that is operated on the roads of this state only incidentally to transportation between the owner's or operator's headquarters and the farm, grove, or orchard or between one farm, grove, or orchard and another; or
- (b) Designed and used primarily as a farm implement for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.

Section 66. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 500.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 500.03 Definitions; construction; applicability.-
- (1) For the purpose of this chapter, the term:
- (n) "Food establishment" means any factory, food outlet, or any other facility manufacturing, processing, packing, holding, or preparing food, or selling food at wholesale or retail. The term does not include any business or activity that is regulated under chapter 509 or chapter 601. The term includes tomato packinghouses and repackers but does not include any other establishments that pack fruits and vegetables in their raw or natural states, including those fruits or vegetables that are washed, colored, or otherwise treated in their unpeeled, natural form before they are marketed.

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Section 67. Section 500.70, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 500.70 Tomato food safety standards; inspections; penalties; tomato good agricultural practices; tomato best management practices.-
  - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Field packing" means the packing of tomatoes on a tomato farm or in a tomato greenhouse into containers for sale for human consumption without transporting the tomatoes to a packinghouse.
- (b) "Packing" or "repacking" means the packing of tomatoes into containers for sale for human consumption. The term includes the sorting or separating of tomatoes into grades and sizes. The term also includes field packing.
- (c) "Producing" means the planting, growing, or cultivating of tomatoes on a tomato farm or in a tomato greenhouse for sale for human consumption.
- (2) The department may adopt rules establishing food safety standards to safeguard the public health and promote the public welfare by protecting the consuming public from injury caused by the adulteration or the microbiological, chemical, or radiological contamination of tomatoes. The rules must be based on federal requirements, available scientific research, generally accepted industry practices, and recommendations of food safety professionals. The rules shall apply to the producing, harvesting, packing, and repacking of tomatoes for sale for human consumption by a tomato farm, tomato greenhouse, or tomato packinghouse or repacker in this state. The rules may include, but are not limited to, standards for:

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- (a) Registration with the department of a person who produces, harvests, packs, or repacks tomatoes in this state who does not hold a food permit issued under s. 500.12.
  - (b) Proximity of domestic animals and livestock to the production areas for tomatoes.
  - (c) Food safety related use of water for irrigation during production and washing of tomatoes after harvest.
    - (d) Use of fertilizers.
  - (e) Cleaning and sanitation of containers, materials, equipment, vehicles, and facilities, including storage and ripening areas.
  - (f) Health, hygiene, and sanitation of employees who handle tomatoes.
  - (g) Training and continuing education of a person who produces, harvests, packs, or repacks tomatoes in this state, and the person's employees who handle tomatoes.
  - (h) Labeling and recordkeeping, including standards for identifying and tracing tomatoes for sale for human consumption.
  - (3) (a) The department may inspect tomato farms, tomato greenhouses, tomato packinghouses, repacking locations, or any vehicle being used to transport or hold tomatoes to ensure compliance with the applicable provisions of this chapter, and the rules adopted under this chapter.
  - (b) The department may impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 per violation, or issue a written notice or warning under s. 500.179, against a person who violates any applicable provision of this section, or any rule adopted under this section.
    - (4) (a) The department may adopt rules establishing tomato

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good agricultural practices and tomato best management practices for the state's tomato industry based on applicable federal requirements, available scientific research, generally accepted industry practices, and recommendations of food safety professionals.

- (b) A person who documents compliance with the department's rules, tomato good agricultural practices, and tomato best management practices is presumed to introduce tomatoes into the stream of commerce that are safe for human consumption, unless the department identifies noncompliance through inspections.
- (5) Subsections (2) and (4) do not apply to tomatoes sold by the grower on the premises at which the tomatoes are grown or at a local farmers' market, if the quantity of tomatoes sold does not exceed two 25-pound boxes per customer.
- (6) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.

Section 68. Subsection (10) of section 570.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; functions, powers, and duties. - The department shall have and exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:
- (10) To act as adviser to producers and distributors, when requested, and to assist them in the economical and efficient distribution of their agricultural products, and to encourage cooperative effort among producers to gain economical and efficient production of agricultural products, and to adopt rules establishing comprehensive best management practices for agricultural production and food safety.
  - Section 69. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section



2091 570.48, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

> 570.48 Division of Fruit and Vegetables; powers and duties; records.—The duties of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables include, but are not limited to:

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(e) Performing tomato food safety inspections under s. 500.70 on tomato farms, in tomato greenhouses, and in tomato packinghouses and repackers.

Section 70. Subsection (1) of section 604.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 604.15 Dealers in agricultural products; definitions. For the purpose of ss. 604.15-604.34, the following words and terms, when used, shall be construed to mean:
- (1) "Agricultural products" means the natural products of the farm, nursery, grove, orchard, vineyard, garden, and apiary (raw or manufactured); sod; tropical foliage; horticulture; hay; livestock; milk and milk products; poultry and poultry products; the fruit of the saw palmetto (meaning the fruit of the Serenoa repens); limes (meaning the fruit Citrus aurantifolia, variety Persian, Tahiti, Bearss, or Florida Key limes); and any other nonexempt agricultural products produced in the state, except tobacco, sugarcane, tropical foliage, timber and timber byproducts, forest products as defined in s. 591.17, and citrus other than limes.

Section 71. Subsection (7) is added to section 624.4095, Florida Statutes, to read:

624.4095 Premiums written; restrictions.-

(7) For purposes of this section and s. 624.407, with regard to capital and surplus required, gross written premiums

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for federal multi-peril crop insurance that is ceded to the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and authorized reinsurers shall not be included when calculating the insurer's gross writing ratio. The liabilities for ceded reinsurance premiums payable for federal multi-peril crop insurance ceded to the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and authorized reinsurers shall be netted against the asset for amounts recoverable from reinsurers. Each insurer that writes other insurance products together with federal multi-peril crop insurance shall disclose in the notes to the annual and quarterly financial statement, or file a supplement to the financial statement that discloses, a breakout of the gross written premiums for federal multi-peril crop insurance.

Section 72. Section 823.145, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

823.145 Disposal by open burning of certain materials mulch plastic used in agricultural operations. - Polyethylene agricultural mulch plastic; damaged, nonsalvageable, untreated wood pallets; and packing material that cannot be feasibly recycled, which are used in connection with agricultural operations related to the growing, harvesting, or maintenance of crops, may be disposed of by open burning provided that no public nuisance or any condition adversely affecting the environment or the public health is created thereby and that state or federal national ambient air quality standards are not violated.

Section 73. Subsection (4) of section 163.3162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3162 Agricultural Lands and Practices Act.-

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(4) DUPLICATION OF REGULATION.—Except as otherwise provided in this section and s. 487.051(2), and notwithstanding any other law, including any provision of chapter 125 or this chapter, a county may not exercise any of its powers to adopt or enforce any ordinance, resolution, regulation, rule, or policy to prohibit, restrict, regulate, or otherwise limit an activity of a bona fide farm operation on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461, if such activity is regulated through implemented best management practices, interim measures, or regulations adopted as rules under chapter 120 developed by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district and adopted under chapter 120 as part of a statewide or regional program; or if such activity is expressly regulated by the United States Department of Agriculture, the United States Army Corps of Engineers, or the United States Environmental Protection Agency. A county may not charge an assessment or fee for stormwater management on a bona fide farm operation on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461, if the farm operation has a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, environmental resource permit, or works-of-thedistrict permit or implements best management practices adopted as rules under chapter 120 by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district as part of a statewide or regional program. However, this subsection does not prohibit a county from charging an assessment or fee for stormwater management on a bona fide farm operation that does not have a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit,

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environmental resource permit, or works-of-the-district permit, or has not implemented water quality and quantity bestmanagement practices as described in this subsection. For those counties that, before March 1, 2009, adopted a stormwater utility ordinance, resolution, or municipal services benefit unit or, before March 1, 2009, adopted a resolution stating its intent to use the uniform method of collection pursuant to s. 197.3632 for such stormwater ordinances, the county may continue to charge an assessment or fee for stormwater management on a bona fide farm operation on land classified as agricultural pursuant to s. 193.461 if the ordinance provides credits against the assessment or fee on a bona fide farm operation for the implementation of best-management practices adopted as rules under chapter 120 by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district as part of a statewide or regional program, or stormwater quality and quantity measures required as part of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, environmental resource permit, or works-of-the-district permit or implementation of best-management practices or alternative measures which the landowner demonstrates to the county to be of equivalent or greater stormwater benefit than those provided by implementation of best-management practices adopted as rules under chapter 120 by the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or a water management district as part of a statewide or regional program, or stormwater quality and quantity measures required as part of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, environmental resource permit, or works-of-the-district permit.

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- (a) When an activity of a farm operation takes place within a wellfield protection area as defined in any wellfield protection ordinance adopted by a county, and the implemented best management practice, regulation, or interim measure does not specifically address wellfield protection, a county may regulate that activity pursuant to such ordinance. This subsection does not limit the powers and duties provided for in s. 373.4592 or limit the powers and duties of any county to address an emergency as provided for in chapter 252.
- (b) This subsection may not be construed to permit an existing farm operation to change to a more excessive farm operation with regard to traffic, noise, odor, dust, or fumes where the existing farm operation is adjacent to an established homestead or business on March 15, 1982.
- (c) This subsection does not limit the powers of a predominantly urbanized county with a population greater than 1,500,000 and more than 25 municipalities, not operating under a home rule charter adopted pursuant to ss. 10, 11, and 24, Art. VIII of the Constitution of 1885, as preserved by s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the Constitution of 1968, which has a delegated pollution control program under s. 403.182 and includes drainage basins that are part of the Everglades Stormwater Program, to enact ordinances, regulations, or other measures to comply with the provisions of s. 373.4592, or which are necessary to carrying out a county's duties pursuant to the terms and conditions of any environmental program delegated to the county by agreement with a state agency.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection, a county ordinance that regulates the transportation or land application of

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2236 domestic wastewater residuals or other forms of sewage sludge 2237 shall not be deemed to be duplication of regulation.

- (e) This subsection does not limit a county's powers to:
- 1. Enforce wetlands, springs protection, or stormwater ordinances, regulations, or rules adopted before January 15, 2009.
  - 2. Enforce wetlands, springs protection, or stormwater ordinances, regulations, or rules pertaining to the Wekiva River Protection Area.
- 3. Enforce ordinances, regulations, or rules as directed by law or implemented consistent with the requirements of a program operated under a delegation agreement from a state agency or water management district.

As used in this paragraph, the term "wetlands" has the same meaning as defined in s. 373.019.

(f) The provisions of this subsection that limit a county's authority to adopt or enforce any ordinance, regulation, rule, or policy, or to charge any assessment or fee for stormwater management, apply only to a bona fide farm operation as described in this subsection.

Section 74. Section 163.3163, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 163.3163 Applications for development permits; disclosure and acknowledgement of neighboring agricultural land.-
- (1) This section may be cited as the "Agricultural Land Acknowledgement Act."
- (2) The Legislature finds that nonagricultural land which neighbors agricultural land may adversely affect agricultural

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production and farm operations on the agricultural land and may lead to the agricultural land's conversion to urban, suburban, or other nonagricultural uses. The Legislature intends to preserve and encourage agricultural land use and to reduce the occurrence of conflicts between agricultural and nonagricultural land uses. The purpose of this section is to ensure that generally accepted agricultural practices will not be subject to interference by residential use of land contiquous to agricultural land.

- (3) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Agricultural land" means land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461.
- (b) "Contiquous" means touching, bordering, or adjoining along a boundary. For purposes of this section, properties that would be contiguous if not separated by a roadway, railroad, or other public easement are considered contiguous.
- (c) "Farm operation" has the same meaning as defined in s. 823.14.
- (4) (a) Before a political subdivision issues a local land use permit, building permit, or certificate of occupancy for nonagricultural land contiguous to agricultural land, the political subdivision shall require that, as a condition of issuing the permit or certificate, the applicant for the permit or certificate sign and submit to the political subdivision, in a format that is recordable in the official records of the county in which the political subdivision is located, a written acknowledgement of contiguous agricultural land in the following form:



2294 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF CONTIGUOUS AGRICULTURAL LAND 2295 2296 I, ... (name of applicant)..., understand that my property 2297 located at ... (address of nonagricultural land)..., as further 2298 described in the attached legal description, is contiguous to 2299 agricultural land located at ... (address of agricultural 2300 land)..., as further described in the attached legal 2301 description. 2302 I acknowledge and understand that the farm operation on the 2303 contiguous agricultural land identified herein will be conducted 2304 according to generally accepted agricultural practices as 2305 provided in the Florida Right to Farm Act, s. 823.14, Florida 2306 Statutes. 2307 Signature: ...(signature of applicant).... 2308 Date: ... (date) .... 2309 2310 (b) An acknowledgement submitted to a political subdivision 2311 under paragraph (a) shall be recorded in the official records of 2312 the county in which the political subdivision is located. 2313 Section 75. Section 604.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2314 read: 2315 604.50 Nonresidential farm buildings and farm fences.-2316 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any 2317 nonresidential farm building or farm fence is exempt from the 2318 Florida Building Code and any county or municipal building code 2319 or fee, except for code provisions implementing local, state, or 2320 federal floodplain management regulations. For purposes of this

section, the term "nonresidential farm building" means any

building or support structure that is used for agricultural

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purposes, is located on a farm that is not used as a residential dwelling, and is located on land that is an integral part of a farm operation or is classified as agricultural land under s. 193.461. The term "farm" is as defined in s. 823.14.

Section 76. Chapter 598, Florida Statutes, consisting of sections 598.001, 598.002, 598.003, 598.004, 598.005, 598.006, 598.007, 598.008, 598.009, 598.011, and 598.012, is created to read:

## CHAPTER 598

## ARBORICULTURE

598.001 Short title.—This chapter may be cited as the "Florida Arborist Licensing Law."

598.002 Purpose.—It is declared to be the public policy of the state that, in order to safeguard life, health, and property; the mitigation of property insurance; the cleanup of damage from hurricanes, tropical storms, and other severe storm events; and the public well-being of its citizens, any person practicing or offering to practice arboriculture in this state as a licensed arborist shall meet the requirements of this chapter.

598.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Arboriculture" or "arboriculture services" means:
- (a) Any tree service, including, but not limited to, a written or oral report, a recommendation, an opinion, or a consultation done for compensation relating to the improvement of the condition of shade, ornamental, palm, or fruit trees by fertilizing, pruning, trimming, bracing, or other methods of improving, diagnosing, or protecting such trees from tree pests, excluding activities regulated under chapter 482 and the

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activities of a nursery as defined in s. 581.011(20) and (22), or diagnosing or protecting such trees from tree diseases and abiotic agents, or curing or repairing any damage to such trees, including, but not limited to, pruning, removal, preservation, repair, cabling and bracing, lightning protection, root pruning, root excavation, tree assessments, tree maintenance and care, trimming, cutting, sawing, or removal of trees that have been damaged to such an extent as to cause or threaten injury to life or property.

- (b) A service performed in connection with post-storm cleanup of damage from hurricanes, tropical storms, and other storm events that involves substantial work hours. A post-storm cleanup service includes, but is not limited to, storm damage resulting in downed, damaged, or uprooted trees, or parts of trees, of substantial size and weight in excess of 50 pounds that threaten the structural integrity of residential or commercial structures; involve any type of power lines; impede traffic on streets, driveways, and other vehicular access roads; require extensive use of compression or chain saws; and involve any related skilled service.
  - (c) This chapter does not:
- 1. Prohibit any person from practicing arboriculture or providing arboriculture services as defined in this chapter if such person does not hold himself or herself out as a statelicensed arborist unless he or she is licensed in compliance with this chapter.
- 2. Require any person to be a member of the International Society of Arboriculture in order to be licensed under this chapter.

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- (d) A landscape architect licensed under part II of chapter 481 is authorized to practice arboriculture; however, as provided in s. 598.006(4), only a person licensed under this chapter may hold herself or himself out as a state-licensed arborist.
- (e) To prevent injury to life or property after a disaster, state emergency response team members designated under the state comprehensive emergency management plan pursuant to chapter 252 are authorized to provide and conduct charitable arboriculture services and to train volunteers to provide such services; however, as provided in s. 598.006(4), only a person licensed under this chapter may hold herself or himself out as a statelicensed arborist.
- (2) "Arborist of record" means a Florida-licensed arborist in good standing who is employed by or contracting with a firm, corporation, partnership, employer, or person; who supervises employees providing arboriculture services; and who issues authorization cards to persons performing services under her or his supervision.
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (4) "Landscape tree maintenance" means maintenance performed when standing on the ground or when performed on trees less than 4 inches in diameter at breast height as referenced in the Guide to Plant Appraisal.
- (5) "Licensed arborist" means a person who has fulfilled the International Society of Arboriculture requirements for arborist certification or for certification as a Board Certified Master Arborist, whose certification is current, and who meets



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- (6) "Person" means a person as defined in s. 1.01(3).
- (7) "Practice of arboriculture" means the performance of, or offer to perform, an arboriculture service, including, but not limited to, a written or oral report, consultation, investigation, evaluation, or planning, relating to arboriculture, excluding landscape tree maintenance as defined in this section and as otherwise excluded by this chapter. A person shall be construed to be engaged in the practice of arboriculture if she or he:
- (a) By verbal claim, sign, advertisement, letterhead, card, or any other means represents herself or himself to be an arborist;
- (b) Through the use of some title implies that she or he is an arborist licensed under this chapter; or
- (c) Holds herself or himself out as able to perform or does perform any arboriculture services or work recognized as an arborist.
- 598.004 Powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; rulemaking.—The department shall have all powers and duties necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter, including, but not limited to, the authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the following:
- (1) Organizational and operational guidance regarding the practice of arboriculture, arborists of record, and the requirements of the law regarding licensed arborists.
- (2) Licensure process, including, but not limited to, requirements and procedures for licensure; insurance

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requirements and standards of the International Society of Arboriculture for licensed arborists; authorization cards; annual license renewal; language relating to licensure that may be used by licensed arborists for public information; duplicate licenses; lost, destroyed, or mutilated licenses; and inactive and reactivated licenses.

- (3) Setting of fees for licensure and annual renewal and other license fees as provided in s. 598.005.
  - (4) Provision of a roster of licensed arborists. 598.005 Fees.-
- (1) The department shall by rule set fees as provided in this section. The amount of the fees shall not exceed the cost of the implementing, reviewing, or administrative processing of the particular activity or process. Licensure fees are nonrefundable and shall not exceed \$300 annually.
- (2) Fees collected under this chapter shall be deposited into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Division of Forestry of the department and shall be used to defray expenses in the administration of this chapter.
- 598.006 Licensure procedures and requirements; issuance of licenses.-
  - (1) Each applicant for licensure shall:
- (a) Submit to the department an application for licensure that has been reviewed by the Florida Chapter, Board of Directors, International Society of Arboriculture, Inc., for completeness and compliance with this section, together with the nonrefundable fee set by the department under s. 598.005;
- (b) Furnish proof that she or he is at least 18 years of age;

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- (c) Disclose any information related to the provisions of subsection (2);
- (d) Submit evidence of current certification by the International Society of Arboriculture as a Board Certified Arborist or as a Board Certified Master Arborist;
- (e) Provide proof of liability, required workers' compensation, and errors and omissions insurance; however, an applicant employed by a statutorily recognized governmental entity shall not be required to carry errors and omissions insurance or liability insurance if the entity is self-insured. Within 30 days after the termination of the person's employment with the governmental entity, the person shall fully comply with the requirements of this subsection; and
- (f) Submit a signed statement that the applicant will comply with arboriculture industry standards, including, but not limited to, the national standards for tree operations and safety approved by the American National Standards Institute, the standards of the International Society of Arboriculture, and best management practices adopted by rule by the department.
- (2) The department may deny or refuse to renew the license of any applicant or state-licensed arborist upon a determination that the applicant or state-licensed arborist:
- (a) Has failed to meet the requirements for licensure as provided in this chapter;
- (b) Has been convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral turpitude;
- (c) Has not satisfied a civil fine or penalty arising out of any administrative or enforcement action brought by any governmental agency or private person based upon conduct

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involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any violation of this act;

- (d) Has pending against her or him any criminal, administrative, or enforcement proceedings in any jurisdiction, based upon conduct involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral turpitude; or
- (e) Has had a judgment entered against her or him in any action brought by the department or the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to ss. 501.201-501.213 or this chapter.
- (3) Any person licensed under this section who fails to maintain compliance with subsection (1) shall have her or his license suspended or revoked by the department.
- (4) A person may not hold herself or himself out as a licensed Florida arborist unless the person has been issued a license pursuant to this chapter.
- (5) All final arboriculture papers or documents involving the practice of the profession of arboriculture under the supervision of a Florida-licensed arborist of record that have been prepared or approved for use by a firm, corporation, partnership, or person, for delivery to any person for public record within the state, shall be dated and bear the signature and seal of the Florida-licensed arborist of record who prepared, supervised, or approved the documents and who was responsible for the supervision of persons performing arboricultural services.
- 598.007 Renewal of licenses; notice of address of primary place of business.-
- (1) The department shall renew a license upon receipt of satisfactory evidence that the applicant's International Society

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of Arboriculture certification is current and that the applicant is otherwise in compliance with this chapter and department rules.

(2) The licensed arborist must have on file with the department the address of her or his primary place of practice. Within 30 days after changing the address of her or his primary place of practice, the licensed arborist must notify the department of the address of the new primary place of practice.

598.008 Inactive licenses; reactivated licenses; suspended or revoked licenses.—A licensed arborist whose license has become inactive, suspended, or revoked shall have her or his license reactivated only upon written request to the department and approval by the department to reactivate the license.

598.009 Lost, destroyed, stolen, or mutilated licenses.—A duplicate license for a licensed arborist may be issued to replace a license that has been lost, destroyed, stolen, or mutilated, subject to rules of the department. Licenses issued under this section shall be marked with the word "DUPLICATE."

598.011 Roster of licensed arborists.—The department shall maintain a roster showing the names and places of business of all licensed arborists in the state, based on requests for licensure.

598.012 The department may enforce the provisions of this chapter by the use of notices to desist, appropriate judicial proceedings, or administrative proceedings under chapter 120.

Section 77. Subsection (1) of section 604.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

604.15 Dealers in agricultural products; definitions. - For the purpose of ss. 604.15-604.34, the following words and terms,



when used, shall be construed to mean:

(1) "Agricultural products" means the natural products of the farm, nursery, grove, orchard, vineyard, garden, and apiary (raw or manufactured); sod; tropical foliage; horticulture; hay; livestock; milk and milk products; poultry and poultry products; the fruit of the saw palmetto (meaning the fruit of the Serenoa repens); limes (meaning the fruit Citrus aurantifolia, variety Persian, Tahiti, Bearss, or Florida Key limes); and any other nonexempt agricultural products produced in the state, except tobacco, sugarcane, tropical foliage, timber and timber byproducts, forest products as defined in s. 591.17, and citrus other than limes.

Section 78. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services one position and associated rate and expenses of \$72,280 from the Incidental Trust Fund in order to carry out the provisions of section 1 of this act.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

> An act relating to arboriculture; amending s. 482.021, F.S.; revising terminology to modify requirements for supervision provided by certified operators in charge of pest control businesses; amending s. 482.051, F.S.; requiring pest control licensees to perform inspections before issuing certain contracts; amending s. 482.071, F.S.; increasing the financial responsibility requirements for pest control

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licensees; creating s. 482.072, F.S.; requiring pest control service center licenses; providing license application requirements and procedures; providing for expiration and renewal of licenses; establishing license fees; exempting pest control service center employees from identification card requirements except under certain circumstances; requiring recordkeeping and monitoring of service center operations; authorizing disciplinary action against pest control licensees for violations committed by service center employees; amending s. 482.152, F.S.; revising duties and supervisory requirements of certified operators in charge of pest control businesses; creating s. 482.157, F.S.; providing for pest control certification of commercial wildlife management personnel; providing application procedures and requirements; requiring a certification examination; establishing certification fees; amending s. 482.226, F.S.; increasing the financial responsibility requirements for certain pest control licensees; amending s. 493.6102, F.S.; specifying that provisions regulating security officers do not apply to certain officers performing off-duty activities; amending s. 493.6105, F.S.; revising application requirements and procedures for private investigator, security officer, or recovery agent licenses; specifying application requirements for firearms instructor license; amending s. 493.6106, F.S.; revising citizenship requirements and documentation for private investigator, security

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officer, and recovery agent licenses; prohibiting the licensure of applicants for a statewide firearm license or firearms instructor license who are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms; requiring notice of changes to branch office locations for private investigative, security, or recovery agencies; amending s. 493.6107, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6108, F.S.; revising requirements for criminal history checks of license applicants whose fingerprints are not legible; requiring investigation of the mental and emotional fitness of applicants for firearms instructor licenses; amending s. 493.6111, F.S.; requiring a security officer school or recovery agent school to obtain the department's approval for use of a fictitious name; amending s. 493.6113, F.S.; revising application renewal procedures and requirements; amending s. 493.6115, F.S.; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 493.6118, F.S.; authorizing disciplinary action against statewide firearm licensees and firearms instructor licensees who are prohibited from purchasing or possessing firearms; amending s. 493.6121, F.S.; deleting provisions for the department's access to certain criminal history records provided to licensed gun dealers, manufactures, and exporters; amending s. 493.6202, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s.

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493.6203, F.S.; prohibiting bodyguard services from being credited toward certain license requirements; revising training requirements for private investigator intern license applicants; amending s. 493.6302, F.S.; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6303, F.S.; revising the training requirements for security officer license applicants; amending s. 493.6304, F.S.; revising application requirements and procedures for security officer school licenses; amending s. 493.6401, F.S.; revising terminology for recovery agent schools and training facilities; amending s. 493.6402, F.S.; revising terminology for recovery agent schools and training facilities; requiring the department to accept certain methods of payment for certain fees; amending s. 493.6406, F.S.; requiring recovery agent school and instructor licenses; providing license application requirements and procedures; amending ss. 501.605 and 501.607, F.S.; revising application requirements for commercial telephone seller and salesperson licenses; amending s. 501.913, F.S.; specifying the sample size required for antifreeze registration application; amending s. 525.01, F.S.; revising requirements for petroleum fuel affidavits; amending s. 525.09, F.S.; imposing an inspection fee on certain alternative fuels containing alcohol; amending s. 526.50, F.S.; defining terms applicable to regulation of the sale of brake fluid; amending s. 526.51, F.S.; revising brake fluid permit

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application requirements; deleting permit renewal requirements; providing for reregistration of brake fluid and establishing fees; amending s. 526.52, F.S.; revising requirements for printed statements on brake fluid containers; amending s. 526.53, F.S.; revising requirements and procedures for brake fluid stop-sale orders; authorizing businesses to dispose of unregistered brake fluid under certain circumstances; amending s. 527.02, F.S.; increasing fees for liquefied petroleum gas licenses; revising fees for pipeline system operators; amending s. 527.0201, F.S.; revising requirements for liquefied petroleum gas qualifying examinations; increasing examination fees; increasing continuing education requirements for certain liquefied petroleum gas qualifiers; amending s. 527.021, F.S.; requiring the annual inspection of liquefied petroleum gas transport vehicles; increasing the inspection fee; amending s. 527.12, F.S.; providing for the issuance of certain stop orders; amending ss. 559.805 and 559.928, F.S.; deleting requirements that lists of independent agents of sellers of business opportunities and the agents' registration affidavits include the agents' social security numbers; providing an appropriation; creating ch. 598, F.S.; providing a short title; providing a purpose statement; providing definitions; providing exceptions; providing powers and duties of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; providing rulemaking authority; establishing a maximum



annual fee for licensure; providing for deposit and use of fee proceeds; establishing licensure procedures and requirements to practice arboriculture and provide arboriculture services; providing for issuance of a license; providing grounds for denial of a license or refusal to renew a license; providing for license suspension or revocation; providing for license renewal; providing for reactivation of a license under certain conditions; providing for issuance of a duplicate license under certain circumstances; requiring a roster of licensed arborists; authorizing the department to enforce certain provisions of state law by specified means;

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amending s. 570.0725, F.S.; revising provisions for public information about food banks and similar food recovery programs; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending ss. 570.53 and 570.54, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 570.55, F.S.; revising requirements for identifying sellers or handlers of tropical or subtropical fruit or vegetables; amending s. 570.902, F.S.; conforming terminology to the repeal by the act of provisions establishing the Florida Agricultural Museum; amending s. 570.903, F.S.; revising provisions for directsupport organizations for certain agricultural programs to conform to the repeal by the act of provisions establishing the Florida Agricultural Museum; deleting provisions for a direct-support

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organization for the Florida State Collection of Arthropods; amending s. 573.118, F.S.; requiring the department to maintain records of marketing orders; requiring an audit at the request of an advisory council; requiring that the advisory council receive a copy of the audit within a specified time; amending s. 581.011, F.S.; deleting terminology relating to the Florida State Collection of Arthropods; revising the term "nursery" for purposes of plant industry regulations; amending s. 581.031, F.S.; increasing citrus source tree registration fees; amending s. 581.131, F.S.; increasing registration fees for a nurseryman, stock dealer, agent, or plant broker certificate; amending s. 581.211, F.S.; increasing the maximum fine for violations of plant industry regulations; amending s. 583.13, F.S.; deleting a prohibition on the sale of poultry without displaying the poultry grade; amending s. 590.125, F.S.; revising terminology for open burning authorizations; specifying purposes of certified prescribed burning; requiring the authorization of the Division of Forestry for certified pile burning; providing pile burning requirements; limiting the liability of property owners or agents engaged in pile burning; providing for the certification of pile burners; providing penalties for violations by certified pile burners; requiring rules; revising notice requirements for wildfire hazard reduction treatments; providing for approval of local government open burning

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authorization programs; providing program requirements; authorizing the division to close local government programs under certain circumstances; providing penalties for violations of local government open burning requirements; amending s. 590.14, F.S.; authorizing fines for violations of any division rule; providing penalties for certain violations; providing legislative intent; amending s. 599.004, F.S.; revising standards that a winery must meet to qualify as a certified Florida Farm Winery; amending s. 604.15, F.S.; defining the term "responsible position" for purposes of provisions regulating dealers in agricultural products; amending s. 604.19, F.S.; revising requirements for late fees on agricultural products dealer applications; amending s. 604.20, F.S.; revising the minimum amount of the surety bond or certificate of deposit required for agricultural products dealer licenses; providing conditions for the payment of bond or certificate of deposit proceeds; requiring additional documentation for issuance of a conditional license; amending s. 604.25, F.S.; revising conditions under which the department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke agricultural products dealer licenses; deleting a provision prohibiting certain persons from holding a responsible position with a licensee; amending s. 616.242, F.S.; amending s. 686.201, F.S.; exempting contracts involving a seller of travel from the requirements of that section; authorizing the issuance of stop-

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operation orders for amusement rides under certain circumstances; amending s. 790.06, F.S.; authorizing a concealed firearm license applicant to submit fingerprints administered by the Division of Licensing; repealing ss. 570.071 and 570.901, F.S., relating to the Florida Agricultural Exposition and the Florida Agricultural Museum; amending s. 205.064, F.S.; authorizing a person selling certain agricultural products who is not a natural person to qualify for an exemption from obtaining a local business tax receipt; amending s. 322.01, F.S.; revising the term "farm tractor" for purposes of drivers' licenses; amending s. 500.03, F.S.; revising the term "food establishment" to include tomato repackers for purposes of the Florida Food Safety Act; creating s. 500.70, F.S.; defining the terms "field packing," "packing" or "repacking," and "producing"; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt minimum food safety standards for the producing, harvesting, packing, and repacking of tomatoes; authorizing the department to inspect tomato farms, greenhouses, and packinghouses or repackers for compliance with the standards and certain provisions of the Florida Food Safety Act; providing penalties; authorizing the department to establish good agricultural practices and best management practices for the state's tomato industry; providing a presumption that tomatoes introduced into commerce are safe for human consumption under certain

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circumstances; providing exemptions; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 570.07, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt best management practices for agricultural production and food safety; amending s. 570.48, F.S.; revising duties of the Division of Fruit and Vegetables for tomato food safety inspections; amending s. 604.15, F.S.; revising the term "agricultural products" to make tropical foliage exempt from regulation under provisions relating to dealers in agricultural products; amending s. 624.4095, F.S.; requiring that gross written premiums for certain crop insurance not be included when calculating the insurer's gross ratio; requiring that liabilities for ceded reinsurance premiums be netted against the asset for amounts recoverable from reinsurers; requiring that insurers who write other insurance products to disclose a breakout of the gross written premiums for crop insurance; amending s. 823.145, F.S.; expanding the materials used in agricultural operations that may be disposed of by open burning; providing certain limitations on open burning; amending s. 163.3162, F.S.; prohibiting a county from enforcing certain limits on the activity of a bona fide farm operation on agricultural land under certain circumstances; prohibiting a county from charging agricultural lands for stormwater management assessments and fees under certain circumstances; allowing an assessment to be collected if credits against the assessment are provided for implementation

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of best-management practices; providing exemptions from certain restrictions on a county's powers over the activity on agricultural land; providing a definition; providing for application; creating s. 163.3163, F.S.; creating the "Agricultural Land Acknowledgement Act"; providing legislative findings and intent; providing definitions; requiring an applicant for certain development permits to sign and submit an acknowledgement of contiguous agricultural land as a condition of the political subdivision issuing the permits; specifying information to be included in the acknowledgement; requiring that the acknowledgement be recorded in the official county records; amending s. 604.50, F.S.; exempting farm fences from the Florida Building Code; exempting nonresidential farm buildings and farm fences from county and municipal codes and fees; specifying that the exemptions do not apply to code provisions implementing certain floodplain regulations; amending s. 604.15, F.S.; revising a definition to make tropical foliage exempt from regulation under provisions relating to dealers in agricultural products; providing an appropriation; providing an effective date.