> A bill to be entitled

An act relating to high school graduation; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to general requirements for high school graduation to conform to changes made by the act; creating s. 1003.4281, F.S.; providing requirements for graduation with a core diploma beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2010-2011 school year; creating s. 1003.4282, F.S.; providing requirements for graduation with a college preparatory diploma beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2010-2011 school year; creating s. 1003.4283, F.S.; providing requirements for graduation with a career preparatory diploma beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2010-2011 school year; providing credit requirements, authority to modify courses for exceptional students, standards for graduation, and authority for rulemaking and enforcement for the core diploma, the college preparatory diploma, and the career preparatory diploma; creating s. 1003.4284, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Education to implement a Graduation Exit Option Program under which a high school student shall be awarded an alternative diploma; providing requirements for participation in the program and receipt of a diploma; requiring a school district to receive approval annually to participate in the program; requiring rulemaking; amending s. 1003.4285, F.S.; conforming provisions; creating s. 1003.4286, F.S.; providing for
applicability of major and minor areas of interest or electives as credit requirements for graduation; requiring remediation in certain instances; creating s. 1003.4287, F.S.; providing for applicability of physical education and performing arts credit options for graduation; creating s. 1003.4288, F.S.; providing for applicability of district school board policies to assist students in meeting grade point average requirements for graduation; creating s. 1003.4289, F.S.; providing for applicability of accommodations and modifications of procedures for students with disabilities for purposes of graduation; creating s. 1003.4295, F.S.; requiring each public high school to offer specified acceleration courses; amending s. 1003.43, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to general requirements for high school graduation to conform to changes made by the act; creating s. 1003.4305, F.S.; authorizing the award of a standard high school diploma to certain honorably discharged veterans; amending s. 1007.263, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; requiring passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT to meet grade-level proficiency; conforming provisions and cross-references; amending s. 1009.531, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending ss. 1009.534, 1009.535, and 1009.536, F.S.; providing additional academic requirements for receipt of Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program awards; amending s. 1009.537, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.--
(1) Except as otherwise authorized pursuant to s. 1003.429, beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2007-2008 school year, graduation requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of eligibility requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
(2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
2. Four credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level mathematics course. School districts are encouraged to set specific goals to increase enrollments in, and successful completion of, geometry and Algebra II.
3. Three credits in science, two of which must have a laboratory component.

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4. Three credits in social studies as follows: one credit in American history; one credit in world history; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in American government.
5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or a practical arts course that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.
6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for tw full seasons shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in physical education be taken during the 9th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activitics as an extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-half cxedit in physical education or one-half credit in performing arts. This cxedit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant eomponent of which is drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education and the one-credit requirement
in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan (IEP) or 504 plan.
(b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives in a combination as provided in s. $1003.4286 . \div$

1. Four credits in a major area of interest, such as sequential courses in a carcer and technical program, finc and performing arts, or academic content area, selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156 . Students may revise major areas of interest each year as part of annual course registration processes and should update their education plan to reflect such revisions. Annually by october 1 , the district school board shall approve major areas of interest and submit the list of majors to the Commissioner of Education for approval. Fach major area of interest shall be deemed approved unless specifically rejected by the commissioner within 60 days. Upon approval, each district's major arcas of interest shall be available for use by all school districts and shall be posted on the department's website.
Z. Four credits in elective courses selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. These credits may be combined to allow for a sceond major area of interest pursuant to subparagraph 1., a minor area of interest, elective courses, or intensive reading or mathematics intervention courses as described in this subparagraph.
a. Minor areas of interest are composed of three credits selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003. 4156 and approved by the district school board.
b. Elective courses are selected by the student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in s. $1001.41(3)$ and to meet eligibility requirements for scholarships.
e. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level $z$ readers in either an intensive reading course or a eontent area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and mecting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9).
d. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or Eevel 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive remediation the following year. These courses may be taught through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the course code Directory.
(3) (a) A district school board may require specific courses and programs of study within the minimum credit requirements for high school graduation and shall modify basic courses, as necessary, to assure exceptional students the
opportunity to meet the graduation requirements for a standard diploma, using one of the following strategies:
2. Assignment of the exceptional student to an exceptional education class for instruction in a basic course with the same student performance standards as those required of nonexceptional students in the district school board student progression plan; or
3. Assignment of the exceptional student to a basic education class for instruction that is modified to accommodate the student's exceptionality.
(b) The district school board shall determine which of these strategies to employ based upon an assessment of the student's needs and shall reflect this decision in the student's individual education plan.
(4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
(a) Successful completion of the academic credit or curriculum requirements of subsections (1) and (2).
(b) Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(3)(c), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(c) Completion of all other applicable requirements prescribed by the district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25.
(d) Achievement of a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by this section.

Each district school board shall adopt policies designed to assist students in meeting the requirements of this subsection. These policies may include, but are not limited to: forgiveness policies, summer school or before or after school attendance, special counseling, voluntecxs or pecx tutors, school-sponsored help sessions, homework hotlines, and study skills classes. Forgiveness policies for required courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, carned subsequently in the same of emparable course. Forgiveness policies for elective courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, carned subsequently in another course. The only exception to these forgiveness policies shall be made for a student in the middle grades who takes any high school course for high school credit and carns a grade of "C," "D," or "F" or the equivalent of a grade of "C," "D," or "F." In such case, the district forgiveness policy must allow the replacement of the grade with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" ox higher, earned subsequently in the same or comparable course. In all cases of grade forgiveness, only the new grade shall be used in the calculation of the student's grade point average. Any eourse grade not replaced according to a district school board forgiveness policy shall be included in the calculation of the eumulative grade point average required for graduation.
(5) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based upon the recommendations of the commissioner for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students with disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilities rather than reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills.
(6) The public hearing and consideration required in subsection (5) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
(5) (7)(a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the state Board of Education.
(b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (4) (b), paragraph (4) (c), or paragraph (4) (d), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a parttime student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
(8) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation-
(b) A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan (IEP) committee determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of paragraph (4) (b) waived for the purpose of receiving a standard high school diploma, if the student:

1. Completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1), (2), and (3).
Z. Does not meet the requirements of paragraph (4) (b) after one opportunity in 10th grade and one opportunity in 11th grade.
(9) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged vetcrans who started high school between 1937 and 1946 and were scheduled to graduate between 1941 and 1950 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forees between September 16,1940 , and December 31, 1946, prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Fducation may develop criteria and guidelines for zwarding wuch diplomas.
(10) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started Page 10 of 51

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high school between 1946 and 1950 and were scheduled to graduate between 1950 and 1954, but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between June 27, 1950, and January 31, 1955, and served during the Korcan Conflict prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.
(6)(11) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. $120.536(1)$ and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 1008.32 .

Section 2. Section 1003.4281, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4281 Core diploma graduation requirements.--
(1) Beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2010-2011 school year, graduation with a core diploma requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of eligibility requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
(2) The 24 credits for the core diploma may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.

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2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include one credit in Algebra I or in a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I and at least one credit in a higher-level mathematics course.
3. Three credits in science, which must include one credit in Biology I or in a series of courses that have been approved by the State Board of Education as equivalent to Biology I, one credit in physical science, and one credit in earth science, space science, or environmental science, or in a series of courses equivalent to life science, physical science, and earth science, space science, or environmental science. At least two of the science courses must have a laboratory component.
4. Three credits in social studies, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, onehalf credit in economics, and one-half credit in American government.
5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.
6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health.
(b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives in a combination as provided in s. 1003.4286.
(3) (a) A district school board may require specific courses and programs of study within the minimum credit requirements for high school graduation and shall modify basic

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courses, as necessary, to ensure that exceptional students have the opportunity to meet the graduation requirements for a core diploma, using one of the following strategies:

1. Assignment of the exceptional student to an exceptional education class for instruction in a basic course with the same student performance standards as those required of nonexceptional students in the district school board student progression plan; or
2. Assignment of the exceptional student to a basic education class for instruction that is modified to accommodate the student's exceptionality.
(b) The district school board shall determine which of these strategies to employ based upon an assessment of the student's needs and shall reflect this decision in the student's individual education plan.
(4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
(a) Successful completion of the academic credit or curriculum requirements of subsections (1) and (2).
(b) Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(3)(c), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(c) Completion of all other applicable requirements prescribed by the district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25.
(d) Achievement of a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by this section.

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(5) (a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1)-(4) shall be awarded a core diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.
(b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed in subsections (1)-(3), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (4)(b), paragraph (4) (c), or paragraph (4) (d), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a parttime student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
(6) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 1008. 32.

Section 3. Section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4282 College preparatory diploma graduation requirements.--
(1) Beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2010-2011 school year, graduation with a college preparatory diploma requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of eligibility

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requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
(2) The 24 credits for the college preparatory diploma may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Twenty core curriculum credits:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include one credit in Algebra I, one credit in geometry, one credit in Algebra II, and one credit in a course higher than Algebra II or in a higher-level mathematics course.
3. Four credits in science, which must include one credit in Biology I or in a series of courses that have been approved by the State Board of Education as equivalent to Biology I, one credit in physical science, and one credit in earth science, space science, or environmental science, or in a series of courses equivalent to life science, physical science, and earth science, space science, or environmental science. At least two of the science courses must have a laboratory component.
4. Four credits in social studies, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, onehalf credit in economics, and one-half credit in American government.
5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination.

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Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.
6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health.
7. Two credits in the same second language unless the student is a native speaker of, or can otherwise demonstrate competency in, a language other than English. If the student demonstrates competency in another language, the student may replace the language requirement with two credits in electives.
(b) Four credits in majors, minors, or electives in a combination as provided in s. 1003.4286.
(3) (a) A district school board may require specific courses and programs of study within the minimum credit requirements for high school graduation and shall modify basic courses, as necessary, to ensure that exceptional students have the opportunity to meet the graduation requirements for a college preparatory diploma, using one of the following strategies:

1. Assignment of the exceptional student to an exceptional education class for instruction in a basic course with the same student performance standards as those required of nonexceptional students in the district school board student progression plan; or
2. Assignment of the exceptional student to a basic education class for instruction that is modified to accommodate the student's exceptionality.
(b) The district school board shall determine which of these strategies to employ based upon an assessment of the

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student's needs and shall reflect this decision in the student's individual education plan.
(4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
(a) Successful completion of the academic credit or curriculum requirements of subsections (1) and (2).
(b) Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in $s$. 1008.22(3)(c), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(c) Completion of all other applicable requirements prescribed by the district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25.
(d) Achievement of a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by this section.
(5) (a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1)-(4) shall be awarded a college preparatory diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.
(b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed in subsections (1)-(3), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (4) (b), paragraph (4)(c), or paragraph (4)(d), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a parttime student for up to 1 additional year and receive special
instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
(6) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 1008.32.

Section 4. Section 1003.4283, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4283 Career preparatory diploma graduation requirements.--
(1) Beginning with students entering their first year of high school in the 2010-2011 school year, graduation with a career preparatory diploma requires the successful completion of a minimum of 24 credits, an International Baccalaureate curriculum, or an Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum. Students must be advised of eligibility requirements for state scholarship programs and postsecondary admissions.
(2) The 24 credits for the career preparatory diploma may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
(a) Sixteen core curriculum credits:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition, reading for information, and literature.
2. Four credits in mathematics, which must include one credit in Algebra I or in a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, one credit in geometry or in a series of courses

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equivalent to geometry, and one credit in a higher-level mathematics course.
3. Three credits in science, which must include one credit in Biology I or in a series of courses that have been approved by the State Board of Education as equivalent to Biology I, one credit in physical science, and one credit in earth science, space science, or environmental science, or in a series of courses equivalent to life science, physical science, and earth science, space science, or environmental science. At least two of the science courses must have a laboratory component.
4. Three credits in social studies, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, onehalf credit in economics, and one-half credit in American government.
5. One credit in fine or performing arts, speech and debate, or practical arts that incorporates artistic content and techniques of creativity, interpretation, and imagination. Eligible practical arts courses shall be identified through the Course Code Directory.
6. One credit in physical education to include integration of health.
(b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives in a combination as provided in s. 1003.4286.
(3) (a) A district school board may require specific courses and programs of study within the minimum credit requirements for high school graduation and shall modify basic courses, as necessary, to ensure that exceptional students have

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the opportunity to meet the graduation requirements for a career preparatory diploma, using one of the following strategies:

1. Assignment of the exceptional student to an exceptional education class for instruction in a basic course with the same student performance standards as those required of nonexceptional students in the district school board student progression plan; or
2. Assignment of the exceptional student to a basic education class for instruction that is modified to accommodate the student's exceptionality.
(b) The district school board shall determine which of these strategies to employ based upon an assessment of the student's needs and shall reflect this decision in the student's individual education plan.
(4) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, which must include:
(a) Successful completion of the academic credit or curriculum requirements of subsections (1) and (2).
(b) Earning passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(3)(c), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(c) Completion of all other applicable requirements prescribed by the district school board pursuant to s. 1008.25.
(d) Achievement of a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by this section.
(e) Earning a minimum score of 5 on all three Florida Ready to Work Certification Program assessments, as described in s. 1004.99 .
(5) (a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1)-(4) shall be awarded a career preparatory diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education.
(b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed in subsections (1)-(3), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (4)(b), paragraph (4) (c), paragraph (4)(d), or paragraph (4) (e), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
(6) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. $120.536(1)$ and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section and may enforce the provisions of this section pursuant to s. 1008.32.

Section 5. Section 1003.4284, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4284 Graduation Exit Option Program; alternative diploma.--
(1) The Department of Education may implement a Graduation Exit Option Program under which a high school student shall be

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awarded an alternative diploma. To be eligible to participate in the program, a high school student must:
(a) Be at least 16 years old.
(b) Be enrolled in high school courses that meet high school graduation requirements.
(c) Be at risk of failing to graduate.
(d) Meet criteria developed by the department to ensure that the program is not used as a means for early graduation and to target students who have the ability to pass the grade 10 FCAT and the general educational development (GED) test.
(2) To receive an alternative diploma under the Graduation Exit Option Program, a high school student must:
(a) Meet minimum reading levels and earn minimum scores on GED practice tests, as established by the department.
(b) Earn passing scores on the reading and mathematics portions of the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(3), or scores on a standardized test that are concordant with passing scores on the FCAT, as defined in s. 1008.22(10).
(c) Pass each of the five sections of the GED test.
(d) Earn at least 14 credits toward high school
graduation, at least 8 of which are earned in English, reading, mathematics, science, or social studies.
(3) A school district must annually request and receive approval from the department in order to participate in the Graduation Exit Option Program.
(4) An alternative diploma awarded under this section may not be used for calculating graduation rates for any purpose.
(5) The department shall design the alternative diploma to distinguish the diploma from a standard diploma and a core diploma.
(6) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. $120.536(1)$ and 120.54 to implement this section.

Section 6. Section 1003.4285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.4285 Standard High school diploma designations.--By the 2008-2009 school year, each standard high school diploma shall include, as applicable:
(1) A designation of the student's major area of interest pursuant to the student's completion of credits as provided in s. 1003.428.
(2) A designation reflecting completion of four or more accelerated college credit courses if the student is eligible for college credit pursuant to s. 1007.27 or s. 1007.271 in Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, or dual enrollment courses. The Commissioner of Education shall establish guidelines for successful passage of examinations or coursework in each of the accelerated college credit options for purposes of this subsection.
(3) A designation reflecting career education certification in accordance with s. 1003.431.
(4) A designation reflecting a Florida Ready to Work Credential in accordance with s. 1004.99.

Section 7. Section 1003.4286, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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1003.4286 Major and minor areas of interest, electives, remediation; graduation requirements.--For purposes of credit requirements for high school graduation, students shall earn major or minor areas of interest or electives as follows:
(1) To earn a major area of interest, a student must take four credits, such as sequential courses in a career and technical program, fine and performing arts, or academic content area, selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. Students may revise major areas of interest each year as part of annual course registration processes and should update their education plan to reflect such revisions. Annually by October 1, the district school board shall approve major areas of interest and submit the list of majors to the Commissioner of Education for approval. Each major area of interest shall be deemed approved unless specifically rejected by the commissioner within 60 days. Upon approval, each district's major areas of interest shall be available for use by all school districts and shall be posted on the department's Internet website.
(2) Elective courses, selected by a student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156, may be combined to allow for a second major area of interest pursuant to subsection (1) or a minor area of interest, elective courses, or intensive reading or mathematics intervention courses, as described in this subsection.
(a) Minor areas of interest are composed of three credits selected by a student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156 and approved by the district school board.

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(b) Elective courses are selected by a student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in $s$. 1001.41(3) and to meet eligibility requirements for scholarships.
(c) For each year in which a student scores at Level l on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9).
(d) For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive remediation the following year. These courses may be taught through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code Directory.

Section 8. Section 1003.4287, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4287 Physical education and performing arts credit options; graduation requirements.--For purposes of credit requirements in physical education for high school graduation, participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity or varsity level for two full seasons shall satisfy the one-

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credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one credit in physical education be taken during the 9 th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a dance class shall satisfy one-half credit in physical education or one-half credit in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan or 504 plan. Completion of 2 years in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class, a significant component of which is drills, shall satisfy the one-credit requirement in physical education and the one-credit requirement in performing arts. This credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual education plan or 504 plan.

Section 9. Section 1003.4288, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4288 Assistance in meeting grade point average requirements.--
(1) Each district school board shall adopt policies designed to assist students in meeting the grade point average requirements for high school graduation. These policies may include, but are not limited to, grade forgiveness, summer
school attendance, before-school or after-school attendance, special counseling, volunteer or peer tutoring, school-sponsored help sessions, homework hotlines, and study skills classes.
(2) A forgiveness policy for required courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or a comparable course. A forgiveness policy for elective courses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in another course. The only exception to these forgiveness policies may be made for a student in the middle grades who takes any high school course for high school credit and earns a grade of "C," "D," or "F" or the equivalent of a grade of "C," "D," or "F." In such case, the district forgiveness policy must allow the replacement of the grade with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in the same or a comparable course. Any course grade not replaced according to a district school board forgiveness policy shall be included in the calculation of the cumulative grade point average required for graduation.

Section 10. Section 1003.4289, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4289 Accommodations and modifications of procedures for students with disabilities; graduation requirements.--For purposes of high school graduation:
(1) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based upon the recommendations of the Commissioner of Education for the provision of test accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students with disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilities rather than reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills.
(2) The public hearing and consideration required in subsection (1) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of security relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
(3) (a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation.
(b) A student with a disability, as defined in $s$. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual education plan committee determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilities taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of $s$. $1003.428(4)(b), s .1003 .4281(4)(b), s .1003 .4282(4)(b), s$. 1003.4283(4)(b), or s. 1003.43(5)(a) waived for the purpose of receiving a high school diploma, if the student:

1. Completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed in s. 1003.428(1)-(3), s. 1003.4281(1)-

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(3), s. $1003.4282(1)-(3)$, s. $1003.4283(1)-(3)$, or s. $1003.43(1)$
and (4).
2. Does not meet the FCAT requirements of $s$. $1003.428(4)(b)$, s. $1003.4281(4)(b)$, s. $1003.4282(4)(b), s$. 1003.4283(4)(b), or s. 1003.43(5)(a) after one opportunity in grade 10 and one opportunity in grade 11.

Section 11. Section 1003.4295, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4295 Acceleration courses.--
(1) The purpose of this section is to ensure that all Florida public high school students have equal access to a substantive and rigorous curriculum that is designed to challenge their minds, enhance their knowledge and skills, and prepare them for success in college and work.
(2) By the 2010-2011 school year, each public high school in the state must offer at least four Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, Advanced International Certificate of Education, or dual enrollment courses, one each in English, mathematics, science, and social studies. To fulfill this requirement, schools may utilize the course offerings provided by the Florida Virtual School established under s. 1002.37.

Section 12. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (5), and subsections (8) through (13) of section 1003.43, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.43 General requirements for high school graduation.--
(1) Graduation requires successful completion of either a minimum of 24 academic credits in grades 9 through 12 or an

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International Baccalaureate curriculum. The 24 credits shall be distributed as follows:
(j) One credit in physical education to include assessment, improvement, and maintenance of personal fitness. Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior varsity Or varsity level, for two full seasons, shall satisfy the oneeredit requirement in physical education if the student passes a eompetency test on personal fitness with a score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A district school board may not require that the one exedit in physical education be taken during the 9th grade year. Completion of one semester with a grade of "C" or better in a marching band class, in a physical activity class that requires participation in marching band activities as an extracurricular activity, or in a Reserve Officer Training Corps (R.O.T.C.) class a significant component of which is drills shall satisfy a one-half credit requirement in physical education. This one-half credit may not be used to satisfy the personal fitness requirement or the requirement for adaptive physical education under an individual educational plan (IFP) or 504 plan.

District school boards may award a maximum of one-half credit in social studies and one-half elective credit for student completion of nonpaid voluntary community or school service work. Students choosing this option must complete a minimum of 75 hours of service in order to earn the one-half credit in either category of instruction. Credit may not be earned for

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$$

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service provided as a result of court action. District school boards that approve the award of credit for student volunteer service shall develop guidelines regarding the award of the credit, and school principals are responsible for approving specific volunteer activities. A course designated in the Course Code Directory as grade 9 through grade 12 that is taken below the 9th grade may be used to satisfy high school graduation requirements or Florida Academic Scholars award requirements as specified in a district school board's student progression plan. A student shall be granted credit toward meeting the requirements of this subsection for equivalent courses, as identified pursuant to s. 1007.271(6), taken through dual enrollment.
(5) Each district school board shall establish standards for graduation from its schools, and these standards must include:
(e) For purposes of paragraphs (c) and (d):

1. Each district school board shall adopt policics designed to assist students in meeting these requirements. These policies may include, but are not limited to: forgiveness policies, summer school or before or after school attendance, special counseling, volunteer and/or peex tutors, schoolsponsored help sessions, homework hotlincs, and study skills elasses. Beginning in the 2000-2001 school year and each year thereafter, forgiveness policies for required courses shall be Iimited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, earned subsequently in

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the same or comparable course. Forgiveness policies for elective eourses shall be limited to replacing a grade of "D" or "F," or the equivalent of a grade of "D" or "F," with a grade of "C" or higher, or the equivalent of a grade of "C" or higher, carned subequently in another course. Any course grade not replaced according to a district school board forgiveness policy shall be included in the calculation of the cumulative grade point average required for graduation.
1.2. At the end of each semester, the parent of each student in grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 who has a cumulative grade point average of less than 0.5 above the cumulative grade point average required for graduation shall be notified that the student is at risk of not meeting the requirements for graduation. The notice shall contain an explanation of the policies the district school board has in place to assist the student in meeting the grade point average requirement.
2.3. Special assistance to obtain a high school
equivalency diploma pursuant to s. 1003.435 may be given only when the student has completed all requirements for graduation except the attainment of the required cumulative grade point average.

The standards required in this subsection, and any subsequent modifications, shall be reprinted in the Florida Administrative Code even though not defined as "rules."
(8) The State Board of Education, after a public hearing and consideration, shall adopt rules based upon the recommendations of the commissioner for the provision of test
accommodations and modifications of procedures as necessary for students with disabilities which will demonstrate the student's abilitics rather than reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, speaking, or psychological process skills.
(9) The public hearing and considexation required in subsection (8) shall not be construed to amend or nullify the requirements of sceurity relating to the contents of examinations or assessment instruments and related materials or data as prescribed in s. 1008.23.
(8)(10)(a) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in subsections (1), (4), and (5) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. A district school board may attach the Florida gold seal career endorsement to a standard diploma or, instead of the standard diploma, award differentiated diplomas to those exceeding the prescribed minimums.
(b) A student who completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4), but who is unable to meet the standards of paragraph (5) (a), paragraph (5) (b), or paragraph (5) (c), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form prescribed by the State Board of Education. However, any student who is otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a parttime student for up to 1 additional year and receive special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies.
(11)(a) Each district school board must provide instruction to prepare students with disabilities to demonstrate proficiency in the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression and high school graduation-
(b) A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02(2), for whom the individual educational plan (IFP) committee determines that the FCAT cannot accurately measure the student's abilitics taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have the FCAT requirement of paragraph (5) (a) waived for the purpose of receiving a standard high school diploma, if the student:

1. Completes the minimum number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4).
2. Does not mect the requirements of paragraph (5) (a) after one opportunity in 10th grade and one opportunity in 11th grade.
(12) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1937 and 1946 and were scheduled to graduate between 1941 and 1950 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between September 16, 1940, and December 31, 1946, prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for quarding wuch diplomas.
(13) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started Page 34 of 51

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high school between 1946 and 1950 and were scheduled to graduate between 1949 and 1955, but wexe inducted into the United States Armed Forees between Junc 1949 and January 1955, and served during the Korean War prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the eommissioner, the State Board of Education may develop eriteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

Section 13. Section 1003.4305, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1003.4305 Recognition of veterans; high school diploma.--
(1) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1937 and 1946 and were scheduled to graduate between 1941 and 1950 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between September 16, 1940, and December 31, 1946, prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.
(2) The Commissioner of Education may award a standard high school diploma to honorably discharged veterans who started high school between 1946 and 1950 and were scheduled to graduate between 1949 and 1955 but were inducted into the United States Armed Forces between June 1949 and January 1955 and served during the Korean War prior to completing the necessary high school graduation requirements. Upon the recommendation of the commissioner, the State Board of Education may develop criteria and guidelines for awarding such diplomas.

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Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1007.263 Community colleges; admissions of students.--Each community college board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules shall include the following:
(4) A student who has been awarded a special diploma as defined in s. 1003.438 or a certificate of completion as defined in s. 1003.43(8)(10) is eligible to enroll in certificate career education programs.

Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notify students about, and place students into, adult basic education, adult secondary education, or other instructional programs that provide students with alternatives to traditional collegepreparatory instruction, including private provider instruction. A student is prohibited from enrolling in additional collegelevel courses until the student scores above the cut-score on all sections of the common placement test.

Section 15. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (3), subsection (9), and paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--
(1) PURPOSE.--The primary purposes of the student assessment program are to provide information needed to improve the public schools by enhancing the learning gains of all

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students and to inform parents of the educational progress of their public school children. The program must be designed to:
(c) Identify the educational strengths and needs of students and the readiness of students to be promoted to the next grade level or to graduate from high school with a stadard or special high school diploma.
(3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.--The commissioner shall design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
(c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program to measure a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades

3 through 10. Comprehensive assessments of writing and science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. End-of-course assessments for a subject may be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required for that subject under this paragraph. An end-of-course assessment must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the department. The content knowledge and skills assessed by comprehensive and end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may select one or more nationally developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International Certificate of Education course or industry-approved examinations to earn national industry certifications as defined in s. 1003.492, for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade level expectations for the core curricular content established for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course assessments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The testing program must be designed as follows:

1. The tests shall measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in
paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.
2. The testing program shall be composed of criterionreferenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.
3. Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the commissioner shall discontinue administration of the selectedresponse test items on the comprehensive assessments of writing. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the comprehensive assessments of writing shall be composed of a combination of selected-response test items, short-response performance tasks, and extended-response performance tasks, which shall measure a student's content knowledge of writing, including, but not limited to, paragraph and sentence structure, sentence construction, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling, parts of speech, verb tense, irregular verbs, subjectverb agreement, and noun-pronoun agreement.
4. A score shall be designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
5. Except as provided in s. 1003.4289 1003.428(8) (b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (10) in reading, writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Such passing scores must, at a minimum, meet grade-level proficiency. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall apply only to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.
6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive
classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on the FCAT may have the FCAT requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of s. 1003.4289 s. 1003.428(8) (b) or s. 1003.43(11) (b).
7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-tograde progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must

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inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and mathematics. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required core curricular content is part of the district instructional programs.
9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board of Education following enrollment in summer academies.
10. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards.
11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
12. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's Internet website the testing and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall require that:

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a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the school districts of student test results which is feasible within available technology and specific appropriations; however, test results must be made available no later than the final day of the regular school year for students.
b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, a comprehensive statewide assessment of writing is not administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject is not administered earlier than the week of April 15.
c. A statewide standardized end-of-course assessment is administered within the last 2 weeks of the course.

The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of

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students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.
(9) APPLICABILITY OF TESTING STANDARDS.--
(a) If the Commissioner of Education revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the assessment's proficiency levels or modify the passing scores required for a standard high school diploma, until the state board adopts the modifications by rule, the commissioner shall use calculations for scoring the assessment which adjust student scores on the revised assessment for statistical equivalence to student scores on the former assessment.
(b) A student must attain the passing scores on the statewide assessment required for a standard high school diploma which are in effect at the time the student enters grade 9 if the student's enrollment is continuous.
(c) If the commissioner revises a statewide assessment and the revisions require the State Board of Education to modify the passing scores required for a standard high school diploma, the commissioner may, with approval of the state board, discontinue administration of the former assessment upon the graduation, based on normal student progression, of students participating in the final regular administration of the former assessment. The state board shall adopt by rule passing scores for the revised assessment which are statistically equivalent to passing scores on the discontinued assessment for a student required under paragraph (b) to attain passing scores on the discontinued assessment.

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(10) CONCORDANT SCORES FOR THE FCAT.--
(b) In order to use a concordant subject area score pursuant to this subsection to satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. $1003.428(4)(b)$, s. $1003.4281(4)(b)$, s. $1003.4282(4)(b), s$. $1003.4283(4)(b)$, s. $1003.4284(2)(b), s .1003 .429(6)(a)$, or $s$. 1003.43(5)(a), er s. 1003.428, a student must take each subject area of the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without earning a passing score. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to a new student who enters the Florida public school system in grade 12, who may either achieve a passing score on the FCAT or use an approved subject area concordant score to fulfill the graduation requirement.

Section 16. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 1009.531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1009.531 Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; student eligibility requirements for initial awards.--
(1) Effective January 1, 2008, in order to be eligible for an initial award from any of the three types of scholarships under the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program, a student must:
(b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its equivalent as described in s. 1003.428, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.4282 , s. 1003.4283, s. 1003.429, s. 1003.43, or s. 1003.435 unless:

1. The student completes a home education program according to s. 1002.41; or
2. The student earns a high school diploma from a nonFlorida school while living with a parent or guardian who is on military or public service assignment away from Florida.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 1009.534, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1009.534 Florida Academic Scholars award.--
(1) A student is eligible for a Florida Academic Scholars award if the student meets the general eligibility requirements for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and the student:
(a) Has achieved a 3.5 weighted grade point average as calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, or its equivalent, in high school courses that are designated by the State Board of Education as college-preparatory academic courses; and has attained at least the score identified by rules of the State Board of Education on the combined verbal and quantitative parts of the Scholastic Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program; and, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, has earned a college preparatory diploma as provided in s. 1003.4282; or
(b) Has attended a home education program according to s . 1002.41 during grades 11 and 12 or has completed the International Baccalaureate curriculum but failed to earn the International Baccalaureate Diploma or has completed the Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum but failed to earn the Advanced International Certificate of

Education Diploma, and has attained at least the score identified by rules of the State Board of Education on the combined verbal and quantitative parts of the Scholastic Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program; or
(c) Has been awarded an International Baccalaureate Diploma from the International Baccalaureate Office or an Advanced International Certificate of Education Diploma from the University of Cambridge International Examinations Office; or
(d) Has been recognized by the merit or achievement programs of the National Merit Scholarship Corporation as a scholar or finalist; or
(e) Has been recognized by the National Hispanic Recognition Program as a scholar recipient.

A student must complete a program of community service work, as approved by the district school board or the administrators of a nonpublic school, which shall include a minimum of 75 hours of service work and require the student to identify a social problem that interests him or her, develop a plan for his or her personal involvement in addressing the problem, and, through papers or other presentations, evaluate and reflect upon his or her experience.

Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 1009.535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1009.535 Florida Medallion Scholars award.--
(1) A student is eligible for a Florida Medallion Scholars award if the student meets the general eligibility requirements for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and the student:
(a) Has achieved a weighted grade point average of 3.0 as calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, or the equivalent, in high school courses that are designated by the State Board of Education as college-preparatory academic courses; and has attained at least the score identified by rules of the State Board of Education on the combined verbal and quantitative parts of the Scholastic Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program; and, beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2010-2011 school year, has earned a college preparatory diploma as provided in s. 1003.4282; or
(b) Has attended a home education program according to s. 1002.41 during grades 11 and 12 or has completed the International Baccalaureate curriculum but failed to earn the International Baccalaureate Diploma or has completed the Advanced International Certificate of Education curriculum but failed to earn the Advanced International Certificate of Education Diploma, and has attained at least the score identified by rules of the State Board of Education on the combined verbal and quantitative parts of the Scholastic Aptitude Test, the Scholastic Assessment Test, or the recentered Scholastic Assessment Test of the College Entrance Examination, or an equivalent score on the ACT Assessment Program; or

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(c) Has been recognized by the merit or achievement program of the National Merit Scholarship Corporation as a scholar or finalist but has not completed a program of community service as provided in s. 1009.534; or
(d) Has been recognized by the National Hispanic Recognition Program as a scholar, but has not completed a program of community service as provided in s. 1009.534.

Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 1009.536, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1009.536 Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award.--The Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award is created within the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program to recognize and reward academic achievement and career preparation by high school students who wish to continue their education.
(1) A student is eligible for a Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award if the student meets the general eligibility requirements for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and the student:
(a) Completes the secondary school portion of a sequential program of studies that requires at least three secondary school career credits taken over at least 2 academic years, and is continued in a planned, related postsecondary education program. If the student's school does not offer such a two-plus-two or tech-prep program, the student must complete a job-preparatory career education program selected by Workforce Florida, Inc., for its ability to provide high-wage employment in an occupation with high potential for employment opportunities. On-the-job
training may not be substituted for any of the three required career credits.
(b) Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 20102011 school year, has earned a career preparatory diploma as provided in s. 1003.4283.
(c) (b) Demonstrates readiness for postsecondary education by earning a passing score on the Florida College Entry Level Placement Test or its equivalent as identified by the Department of Education.
(d) (c) Earns a minimum cumulative weighted grade point average of 3.0 , as calculated pursuant to s. 1009.531, on all subjects required for a standard high school diploma, excluding elective courses.
(e)(d) Earns a minimum unweighted grade point average of 3.5 on a 4.0 scale for secondary career courses comprising the career program.

Section 20. Subsection (2) of section 1009.537, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1009.537 Eligibility for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; transition.--
(2) A student who graduates from high school in 1997 or earlier and who is eligible for the Florida Vocational Gold Seal Endorsement Scholarship award pursuant to former s. 240.4021 is eligible for the Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award as provided in this act. A student who graduates from high school in 1998 or 1999 is eligible for the Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award if the student meets the criteria in s. 1009.536. However, in lieu of satisfying the grade point average

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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requirement set forth in s. 1009.536(1)(d)(c), a student may
earn a minimum cumulative unweighted grade point average of 3.0
on a 4.0 scale on all subjects required for a standard high
school diploma. Students who graduate from high school after
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    Section 21. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.
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