A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to school districts; creating s. 1001.454, 3 F.S.; providing for the recall of district school board 4 members; providing applicability; providing requirements 5 for the petition for recall and the signature process; 6 providing requirements for the recall election; requiring 7 that the ballot for recall contain certain statements; 8 amending s. 1012.22, F.S.; requiring that each district 9 school board adopt the district school superintendent's 10 recommendations relating to compensation and salary schedules unless 66 percent of the district school board 11 members vote to reject such recommendations; amending s. 12 1012.27, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the 13 14 district school superintendent's duty to prepare and 15 recommend salary schedules for adoption by the district 16 school board; prohibiting the school superintendent from recommending an increase in salary schedules of 17 administrative personnel or managers if the salary 18 19 schedules of instructional personnel and educational 20 support employees have not been increased; requiring that 21 the school superintendent review the salary schedules of 22 all administrative personnel and managers to ensure that 23 no person is paid in excess of twice the district's 24 average salary of classroom teachers for the prior 25 academic year; requiring that the school superintendent 26 recommend corrective action to address any pay disparity; 27 providing for severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Section 1001.454, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 1001.454 Recall of district school board members.--
- (1) APPLICATION. -- Any member of a district school board may be recalled and removed from office by the electors of the district.
- (a) If a board member is elected for single-member representation within the residence areas of a district pursuant to s. 1001.362, only electors from that area may sign the petition to recall the member and vote in the recall election.
- (b) If the board member is elected at-large or by the electors of an entire district pursuant to s. 1001.361, all the electors of the district may sign the petition to recall the member and vote in the recall election.
- (c) In addition to other procedures provided by law, board members may be removed from office pursuant to the procedures provided in this section.
 - (2) RECALL PETITION. --
- (a) Petition content. -- A petition for recall shall contain the name of the person who is to be recalled and the position he or she currently holds.
 - (b) Requisite signatures. --
- 1. In a district or a district school board member residence area having fewer than 500 registered electors, the petition must be signed by at least 50 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors in the district or

Page 2 of 9

district school board member residence area as of the preceding district election, whichever is greater.

- 2. In a district or a district school board member residence area having 500 or more but fewer than 2,000 registered electors, the petition must be signed by at least 100 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district or district school board member residence area as of the preceding district election, whichever is greater.
- 3. In a district or a district school board member residence area having 2,000 or more but fewer than 5,000 registered electors, the petition must be signed by at least 250 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district or district school board member residence area as of the preceding district election, whichever is greater.
- 4. In a district or a district school board member residence area having 5,000 or more but fewer than 10,000 registered electors, the petition must be signed by at least 500 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district or district school board member residence area as of the preceding district election, whichever is greater.
- 5. In a district or a district school board member residence area having 10,000 or more but fewer than 25,000 registered electors, the petition must be signed by at least 1,000 electors or by 10 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district or district school board

member residence area as of the preceding district election, whichever is greater.

- 6. In a district or a district school board member residence area having 25,000 or more registered electors, the petition must be signed by at least 1,000 electors or by 5 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district or district school board member residence area as of the preceding district election, whichever is greater.
- (c) Signature process.--Each elector who signs a petition for recall shall sign and date his or her name in ink or indelible pencil. Each petition shall contain appropriate lines for each elector's original signature, printed name, street address, city, county, voter registration number or date of birth, and date signed.
- (d) Filing of signed petitions.--All signed petitions shall be filed at the same time, no later than 90 days after the date on which the first signature is obtained, with the auditor or clerk of the school board, or his or her representative. A petition may not be amended after it is filed with the auditor or the clerk, or his or her representative.
 - (e) Verification of signatures. --
- 1. Immediately after the filing of a petition, the clerk shall submit the petition to the county supervisor of elections.

 No more than 30 days after the date on which all petitions are received, the supervisor of elections shall promptly verify the signatures in accordance with s. 99.097 and determine whether the requisite number of valid signatures has been obtained. Any party who seeks verification of the signatures must submit a

payment in advance to the supervisor of elections in the amount of 10 cents for each signature checked or the actual cost of checking such signatures, whichever is less.

- 2. If the supervisor of elections determines that the petition does not contain the requisite number of verified and valid signatures, the clerk shall, upon receipt of such written determination, certify to the school board that the requisite number of verified and valid signatures has not been obtained and file the petition without taking further action. Additional names may not be added to the petition and the petition may not be used in any other proceeding.
- 3. If the supervisor of elections determines that the petition has the requisite number of verified and valid signatures, he or she shall request that the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the school district is located fix a day for holding the recall election.
- 4. Upon request, the auditor or the clerk, or his or her representative, shall make the petition and all subsequent papers or forms required or permitted to be filed in compliance with this section available in alternative formats.
- (3) RECALL ELECTION. -- A recall election shall be held not less than 30 days or more than 60 days after the supervisor of elections requests the election and at the same time as any other general or special election held within the period. If the election is not held within the required period, the judge shall call a special recall election to be held within the period provided in this subsection.
 - (4) BALLOTS.--

(a) The ballot at the recall election must state the
following: "Shall....be removed from the office of....by
recall?"

- (b) The following propositions must be stated after each question on the ballot:
 - 1. "[Name of person] should be removed from office."
 - 2. "[Name of person] should not be removed from office."
- (5) RESULTS OF RECALL ELECTION. -- If a majority of the electors votes to not remove the member from office, the member shall continue to serve in office under the terms of his or her preceding election. If the majority of electors votes to recall the member, he or she shall, regardless of any defect in the recall petition, be deemed removed from office immediately.
- (6) FILLING OF VACANCIES. -- Any vacancy created by recall shall be filled by appointment in accordance with s. 1001.38.
- Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1012.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1012.22 Public school personnel; powers and duties of the district school board.—The district school board shall:
- (1) Designate positions to be filled, prescribe qualifications for those positions, and provide for the appointment, compensation, promotion, suspension, and dismissal of employees as follows, subject to the requirements of this chapter:
 - (c) Compensation and salary schedules .--
- 1. The district school board shall adopt a salary schedule or salary schedules designed to furnish incentives for improvement in training and for continued efficient service to

Page 6 of 9

be used as a basis for paying all school employees and fix and authorize the compensation of school employees on the basis thereof.

- 2. A district school board, in determining the salary schedule for instructional personnel, must base a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34, must consider the prior teaching experience of a person who has been designated state teacher of the year by any state in the United States, and must consider prior professional experience in the field of education gained in positions in addition to district level instructional and administrative positions.
- 3. In developing the salary schedule, the district school board shall seek input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community.
- 4. Beginning with the 2007-2008 academic year, each district school board shall adopt a salary schedule with differentiated pay for both instructional personnel and school-based administrators. The salary schedule is subject to negotiation as provided in chapter 447 and must allow differentiated pay based on district-determined factors, including, but not limited to, additional responsibilities, school demographics, critical shortage areas, and level of job performance difficulties.
- 5. Beginning with the 2009-2010 academic year, each district school board shall adopt the district school superintendent's recommendations relating to the compensation and salary schedules pursuant to s. 1012.27(2) unless 66 percent

Page 7 of 9

of the district school board members vote to reject such recommendations.

- Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 1012.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1012.27 Public school personnel; powers and duties of district school superintendent.—The district school superintendent is responsible for directing the work of the personnel, subject to the requirements of this chapter, and in addition the district school superintendent shall perform the following:
 - (2) COMPENSATION AND SALARY SCHEDULES. --
- (a) Prepare and recommend to the district school board for adoption a salary schedule or salary schedules.
- (b) In developing or recommending a salary schedule or salary schedules, the district school superintendent:
- 1. The district school superintendent Must recommend a salary schedule for instructional personnel which bases a portion of each employee's compensation on performance demonstrated under s. 1012.34.
- 2. In developing the recommended salary schedule, the district school superintendent Shall include input from parents, teachers, and representatives of the business community.
- 3. Shall recommend a Beginning with the 2007-2008 academic year, the recommended salary schedule for classroom teachers shall be consistent with the district's differentiated-pay policy based upon s. 1012.22.
- 4. Beginning with the 2009-2010 academic year, shall recommend increases to the salary schedules of administrative

Page 8 of 9

personnel or managers only if the salary schedules of instructional personnel, as defined in s. 1012.01(2), and educational support employees, as defined in s. 1012.01(6), have also been increased, before or at the same time as the proposed salary increases for administrative personnel or managers, by a percentage greater than that proposed for any of the administrative personnel or managers.

5. Beginning with the 2009-2010 academic year, shall review the salary schedules of all administrative personnel and manager positions and ensure that no person is paid in excess of twice the district's average salary of classroom teachers for the prior academic year. If the school superintendent finds that a person is receiving more than twice the district's average salary of classroom teachers for the prior academic year, the school superintendent shall recommend corrective action to address the pay disparity by reducing the administrative personnel or manager salary or commensurately increasing the salary schedule and salaries of classroom teachers.

Section 4. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.