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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to child-restraint requirements; amending s. 316.613, F.S.; providing child-restraint requirements for children ages 4 through 7; providing exceptions; redefining the term "motor vehicle" to exclude certain vehicles from such requirements; providing a grace period; providing exceptions; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Effective January 1, 2011, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 316.613, Florida Statutes, are amended, present paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of that section is redesignated as paragraph (d), and new paragraphs (b) and (c) are added to that subsection, to read:

316.613 Child restraint requirements.

(1) (a) Each Every operator of a motor vehicle as defined herein, while transporting a child in a motor vehicle operated on the roadways, streets, or highways of this state, shall, if the child is 7 5 years of age or younger, provide for protection of the child by properly using a crash-tested, federally approved child restraint device that is appropriate for the height and weight of the child unless the child is being transported in the bed of a pick-up truck in compliance with s.

316.2015 or the child is participating in an official parade.

The device may include a vehicle manufacturer's integrated child seat, a separate child safety seat, or a child booster seat that

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displays the child's weight and height specifications for the seat on the attached manufacturer's label as required by Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 213. The device must comply with the standards of the United States Department of Transportation and be secured in the motor vehicle in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. The court may dismiss the charge against a motor vehicle operator for a first violation of this subsection upon proof that a federally approved child restraint device has been purchased or otherwise obtained.

- (b) For children aged through 3 years, such restraint device must be a separate carrier or a vehicle manufacturer's integrated child seat.
- (c) For children aged 4 through 7 5 years, a separate carrier, an integrated child seat, or a child booster seat belt may be used. However, the requirement to use a child booster seat does not apply when a separate carrier, integrated child seat, or seat belt as required in s. 316.614(4)(a) is used and the person is:
- 1. Traveling on a highway having a posted maximum speed limit of 45 miles per hour or less;
- 2. Transporting the child gratuitously and in good faith in response to a declared emergency situation or an immediate emergency involving the child; or
- 3. Transporting a child whose medical condition necessitates an exception as evidenced by appropriate documentation from a health professional.
- (d) (b) The Division of Motor Vehicles shall provide notice of the requirement for child restraint devices, which notice shall accompany the delivery of each motor vehicle license tag.

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- (2) As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in s. 316.003 that is operated on the roadways, streets, and highways of the state. The term does not include:
- (b) A bus or a passenger vehicle designed to accommodate 10 or more persons and used for the transportation of persons for compensation, other than a bus regularly used to transport children to or from school, as defined in s. 316.615(1)(b), or in conjunction with school activities.

Section 2. Effective July 1, 2010, a driver of a motor vehicle who does not violate the then-existing provisions of s. 316.613(1)(c), Florida Statutes, but whose conduct would violate that provision, as amended January 1, 2011, shall be issued a verbal warning and given educational literature by a law enforcement officer.

Section 3. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2009.