A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the Legislature; providing a short 3 title; amending s. 11.143, F.S.; eliminating authority for 4 members of a legislative committee to administer certain 5 oaths and affirmations to witnesses; eliminating penalties 6 for false swearing before a legislative committee; 7 conforming to the creation of new provisions relating to 8 oaths and affirmations before a legislative committee; 9 creating s. 11.1435, F.S.; requiring persons who address a 10 legislative committee to take an oath or affirmation of truthfulness; providing exceptions; requiring a member of 11 the legislative committee to administer the oath or 12 affirmation; providing criminal penalties for certain 13 14 false statements before a legislative committee; 15 authorizing the use of a signed appearance card in lieu of 16 an oral oath or affirmation; prescribing conditions related to the use of the card; providing for penalties 17 18 for making a false statement after signing the card; 19 providing an effective date. 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 This act may be cited as the "Truth in 24 Government Act." Section 2. Section 11.143, Florida Statutes, is amended to 25 26 read:

Page 1 of 6

Standing or select committees; powers. --

Each standing or select committee, or subcommittee

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(1)(a)

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thereof, is authorized to invite public officials and employees and private individuals to appear before the committee for the purpose of submitting information to it.

- (b) Each such committee is authorized to maintain a continuous review of the work of the state agencies concerned with its subject area and the performance of the functions of government within each such subject area and for this purpose to request reports from time to time, in such form as the committee designates, concerning the operation of any state agency and presenting any proposal or recommendation such agency may have with regard to existing laws or proposed legislation in its subject area.
- (2) In order to carry out its duties, each such committee is empowered with the right and authority to inspect and investigate the books, records, papers, documents, data, operation, and physical plant of any public agency in this state, including any confidential information.
- (3) (a) In order to carry out its duties, each such committee, whenever required, may issue subpoena and other necessary process to compel the attendance of witnesses before such committee, and the chair thereof shall issue the process on behalf of the committee, in accordance with the rules of the respective house. The chair or any other member of such committee may administer all oaths and affirmations in the manner prescribed by law to witnesses who appear before the committee for the purpose of testifying in any matter concerning which the committee desires evidence.
 - (b) Each such committee, whenever required, may also

Page 2 of 6

compel by subpoena duces tecum the production of any books, letters, or other documentary evidence, including any confidential information, it desires to examine in reference to any matter before it.

- (c) Either house during the session may punish by fine or imprisonment any person not a member who has been guilty of disorderly or contemptuous conduct in its presence or of a refusal to obey its lawful summons, but such imprisonment must not extend beyond the final adjournment of the session.
- (d) The sheriffs in the several counties or a duly constituted agent of a Florida legislative committee 18 years of age or older shall make such service and execute all process or orders when required by such committees. Sheriffs shall be paid as provided for in s. 30.231.
- (4) (a) Whoever willfully affirms or swears falsely in regard to any material matter or thing before any such committee is guilty of false swearing, which constitutes a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If a witness fails to respond to the lawful subpoena of any such committee at a time when the Legislature is not in session or, having responded, fails to answer all lawful inquiries or to turn over evidence that has been subpoenaed, such committee may file a complaint before any circuit court of the state setting up such failure on the part of the witness. On the filing of such complaint, the court shall take jurisdiction of the witness and the subject matter of the complaint and shall direct the witness to respond to all lawful

questions and to produce all documentary evidence in the possession of the witness which is lawfully demanded. The failure of a witness to comply with such order of the court constitutes a direct and criminal contempt of court, and the court shall punish the witness accordingly.

- (5) All witnesses summoned before any such committee shall receive reimbursement for travel expenses and per diem at the rates provided in s. 112.061. However, the fact that such reimbursement is not tendered at the time the subpoena is served does not excuse the witness from appearing as directed therein.
- Section 3. Section 11.1435, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 11.1435 Oath or affirmation; penalty.--
- (1) (a) Any person who addresses a standing or select committee, or subcommittee thereof, shall first declare that he or she will speak truthfully, by taking an oath or affirmation in substantially the following form: "Do you swear or affirm that the information you are about to share will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth?" The person's answer shall be noted in the record.
 - (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to:
- 1. A member of the Legislature in his or her official capacity or an employee of the Legislature in his or her capacity as an employee; however, the member or employee shall be subject to discipline by the presiding officer of the applicable house of the Legislature for making a false statement that he or she does not believe to be true.
 - 2. A child, if the chair of the committee determines the

Page 4 of 6

child understands the duty to tell the truth or the duty not to lie.

- Notwithstanding the exceptions prescribed in this paragraph, a standing or select committee, or any subcommittee thereof, may, if it deems necessary, require any person who addresses the committee to take an oath or affirmation of truthfulness as provided in this section and subject to the penalties provided in this section.
- (c) The chair or any other member of the committee shall administer the oath or affirmation required under this section.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), whoever makes a false statement, which he or she does not believe to be true, under the oath or affirmation required by this section in regard to any material matter, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) Whoever is compelled by subpoena as a witness before a committee under s. 11.143(3) and who makes a false statement, which he or she does not believe to be true, under the oath or affirmation required by this section in regard to any material matter, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) In lieu of the oral oath or affirmation required by this section, the Senate or the House of Representatives may by the rules of each respective house require any person, as prescribed in subsection (1), who addresses a committee to complete and sign an appearance form. The form must be signed before the person addresses the committee. Signing the form

Page 5 of 6

constitutes a written affirmation to speak the truth, the whole
truth, and nothing but the truth, and subjects the person to the
penalties as provided in this section. The form must include a
statement notifying the person that signing the form constitutes
an affirmation and notifying the person of the penalty
provisions.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.