By Senator Lawson

6-00832-09 20091510___ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the excise tax on documents; amending s. 201.02, F.S.; permitting an election to forego the payment of the tax on certain deeds, instruments, and documents for transfers of real property which change the form of ownership of real property without effecting a change in the beneficial ownership interest; requiring the election to be made on forms issued by the Department of Revenue and recorded in the official records; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 201.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

201.02 Tax on deeds, and other instruments, or documents relating to real property or interests in real property.

(1) (a) On deeds, instruments, or documents in which writings whereby any lands, tenements, or other real property, or any interest therein, is shall be granted, assigned, transferred, or otherwise conveyed to, or vested in, the purchaser or any other person by his or her direction, the tax on each \$100 of the consideration therefor the tax shall be 70 cents except as otherwise provided in this subsection. When the full amount of the consideration for the execution, assignment, transfer, or conveyance is not shown in the face of such deed, instrument, document, or writing, the tax shall be at the rate of 70 cents for each \$100, or fractional part thereof, of the

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consideration therefor except as otherwise provided in this subsection. For purposes of this section, consideration includes, but is not limited to, the money paid or agreed to be paid; the discharge of an obligation; and the amount of any mortgage, purchase money mortgage lien, or other encumbrance, whether or not the underlying indebtedness is assumed; and any increase in the value of any ownership interest in a grantee entity or other entity. If the consideration paid or given in exchange for real property or any interest therein includes property other than money, it is presumed that a purchaser exists and that the consideration is equal to the fair market value of the real property or interest therein.

- (b) 1. The parties to a grant, assignment, transfer, or conveyance of an interest in real property may elect to forego payment of the tax due under paragraph (a) if:
- a. The grant, assignment, transfer, or conveyance results in a change in the form of ownership without effecting a change in a beneficial ownership interest; and
- b. The only consideration given is an increase in the value of any ownership interest in the grantee entity or any other entity.
- 2. If the election is made under this paragraph, the tax under paragraph (a) shall be due on the full market value of the real property upon the next change in an ownership interest in the real property. However, the tax is not due upon a change in an ownership interest which returns the identical interest in the real property to the original grantor or grantors.
- 3. The election to forego payment of the tax must be made on or before the date of the grant, assignment, transfer, or

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conveyance on a form issued by the department. The form must be attached to and recorded with the deed, instrument, or document.

- (2) The tax imposed by subsection (1) shall also be payable upon documents by which the right is granted to a tenant-stockholder to occupy an apartment in a building owned by a cooperative apartment corporation or in a dwelling on real property owned by any other form of cooperative association as defined in s. 719.103.
- (3) The tax imposed by subsection (2) shall be paid by the purchaser, and the document recorded in the office of the clerk of the circuit court as evidence of ownership.
- (4) The tax imposed by subsection (1) shall also be payable upon documents which convey or transfer, pursuant to s. 689.071, any beneficial interest in lands, tenements, or other real property, or any interest therein, even though such interest may be designated as personal property, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 689.071(6). The tax shall be paid upon execution of any such document.
- (5) All conveyances of real property to a partner from a partnership which property was conveyed to the partnership after July 1, 1986, are taxable if:
- (a) The partner receiving the real property from the partnership is a partner other than the partner who conveyed the real property to the partnership; or
- (b) The partner receiving the real property from the partnership is the partner who conveyed the real property to the partnership and there is a mortgage debt or other debt secured by such real property for which the partner was not personally liable prior to conveying the real property to the partnership.

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For purposes of this subsection, the value of the consideration paid for the conveyance of the real property to the partner from the partnership includes, but is not limited to, the amount of any outstanding mortgage debt or other debt which the partner pays or agrees to pay in exchange for the real property, regardless of whether the partner was personally liable for the debts of the partnership prior to the conveyance to the partner from the partnership.

- (6) Taxes imposed by this section shall not apply to any assignment, transfer, or other disposition, or any document, which arises out of a transfer of real property from a nonprofit organization to the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, to any state agency, to any water management district, or to any local government. For purposes of this subsection, "nonprofit organization" means an organization whose purpose is the preservation of natural resources and which is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Department of Revenue shall provide a form, or a place on an existing form, for the nonprofit organization to indicate its exempt status.
- (7) Taxes imposed by this section do not apply to a deed, transfer, or conveyance between spouses or former spouses pursuant to an action for dissolution of their marriage wherein the real property is or was their marital home or an interest therein. Taxes paid pursuant to this section shall be refunded in those cases in which a deed, transfer, or conveyance occurred 1 year before a dissolution of marriage. This subsection applies in spite of any consideration as defined in subsection (1). This

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subsection does not apply to a deed, transfer, or conveyance executed before July 1, 1997.

- (8) Taxes imposed by this section do not apply to a contract to sell the residence of an employee relocating at his or her employer's direction or to documents related to the contract, which contract is between the employee and the employer or between the employee and a person in the business of providing employee relocation services. In the case of such transactions, taxes apply only to the transfer of the real property comprising the residence by deed that vests legal title in a named grantee.
- (9) A certificate of title issued by the clerk of court under s. 45.031(5) in a judicial sale of real property under an order or final judgment issued pursuant to a foreclosure proceeding is subject to the tax imposed by subsection (1). However, the amount of the tax shall be computed based solely on the amount of the highest and best bid received for the property at the foreclosure sale. This subsection is intended to clarify existing law and shall be applied retroactively.
- (10) (a) In recognition of the special escrow requirements that apply to sales of timeshare interests in timeshare plans pursuant to s. 721.08, tax on deeds or other instruments conveying any interest in Florida real property which are executed in conjunction with the sale by a developer of a timeshare interest in a timeshare plan is due and payable on the earlier of the date on which:
- 1. The deed or other instrument conveying the interest in Florida real property is recorded; or
 - 2. All of the conditions precedent to the release of the

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purchaser's escrowed funds or other property pursuant to s. 721.08(2)(c) have been met, regardless of whether the developer has posted an alternative assurance. Tax due pursuant to this subparagraph is due and payable on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which these conditions were met.

- (b)1. If tax has been paid to the department pursuant to subparagraph (a)2., and the deed or other instrument conveying the interest in Florida real property with respect to which the tax was paid is subsequently recorded, a notation reflecting the prior payment of the tax must be made upon the deed or other instrument conveying the interest in Florida real property.
- 2. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), if funds are designated on a closing statement as tax collected from the purchaser, but a default or cancellation occurs pursuant to s. 721.08(2)(a) or (b) and no deed or other instrument conveying interest in Florida real property has been recorded or delivered to the purchaser, the tax must be paid to the department on or before the 20th day of the month following the month in which the funds are available for release from escrow unless the funds have been refunded to the purchaser.
- (c) The department may adopt rules to administer the method for reporting tax due under this subsection.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.