2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senators Aronberg and Baker

597-04178-09 20091606c1
A bill to be entitled

An act relating to fire prevention and control; amending ss. 218.23 and 447.203, F.S.; clarifying provisions to reflect changes made by the act; amending s. 553.895, F.S.; revising outdated publication references; amending s. 633.02, F.S.; providing the correct name for the State Fire Marshal; amending s. 633.021, F.S.; limiting the definition of "contractor IV" to contractors whose business relates to the servicing of certain occupancies; including and excluding certain components and equipment from the definition of the term "preengineered system"; amending s. 633.0215, F.S.; providing guidelines according to which the Department of Financial Services must issue an expedited declaratory statement relating to interpretations of provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code; amending s. 633.025, F.S.; providing requirements for firesafety plans and inspections for manufactured buildings; amending s. 633.026, F.S.; providing legislative intent; providing requirements for members of the Fire Code Interpretation Committee; requiring that each nonbinding interpretation of code applications be provided within a specified period after receipt; providing for waiver of such requirement under certain conditions; requiring that the department charge a fee for nonbinding interpretations; limiting the amount of such fee; providing for payments of such fees; requiring that the department adopt a form for a

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46 47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

597-04178-09 20091606c1

petition for nonbinding interpretation; providing requirements for such form; providing procedures for review of a petition; providing deadlines for the issuance of a nonbinding interpretation after receipt of a petition; providing procedures for the dissemination of such interpretations; amending s. 633.03, F.S.; expanding application of authority of the State Fire Marshal to investigate fires to include explosions; amending s. 633.061, F.S.; providing requirements for the renewal of a license to install or maintain fire suppression equipment; deleting provisions relating to retaking the examination for licensure; providing requirements for an applicant who passes the examination but does not meet the remaining qualifications within a specified period; amending s. 633.071, F.S.; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to adopt certain specifications by rule; amending s. 633.081, F.S.; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to inspect buildings or structures for certain violations; providing exceptions to the types of inspections that must be conducted by certain firesafety inspectors; abolishing special state firesafety inspector classifications; providing for certification as a firesafety inspector; providing application and examination requirements; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to develop an advanced training and certification program for firesafety inspectors; requiring that the Division of State Fire Marshal enter into a reciprocity agreement with the Florida

60

61 62

63

64

65

66

67 68

6970

71 72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80 81

8283

84

85

86

87

597-04178-09 20091606c1

Building Code Administrators and Inspectors Board for purposes of continuing education recertification; amending s. 633.082, F.S.; providing for the inspection of certain alarm systems and fire hydrants; requiring that the owner of certain structures replace certain fire sprinkler heads; amending s. 633.085, F.S.; revising requirements for the State Fire Marshal to inspect state buildings; amending s. 633.121, F.S.; expanding the list of eligible persons authorized to enforce laws and rules of the State Fire Marshal; amending s. 633.13, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the authority of agents of the State Fire Marshal; amending s. 633.14, F.S.; revising powers regarding arrests, searches, and the carrying of firearms by State Fire Marshal agents; providing that it is unlawful to resist or interfere with an arrest by an agent of the State Fire Marshal; amending s. 633.161, F.S.; expanding the list of violations for which the State Fire Marshal may issue certain enforcement orders; providing criminal penalties for failure to comply with such orders; amending s. 633.171, F.S.; conforming a provision; amending s. 633.175, F.S.; specifying additional powers granted to the State Fire Marshal; amending s. 633.18, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the conduct of inquiries or investigations by agents of the State Fire Marshal; amending s. 633.30, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 633.34, F.S.; revising requirements for qualification for employment

89

90 91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98 99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111112

113

114

115

116

597-04178-09 20091606c1

or training as a firefighter; amending s. 633.35, F.S.; revising requirements for firefighter training and certification; requiring that the division adopt rules; amending s. 633.351, F.S.; revising provisions governing disciplinary actions for firefighters; revising standards for revocation of firefighter certifications; amending s. 633.352, F.S.; revising requirements for retention of firefighter certification; amending s. 633.382, F.S.; expanding the definition of the term "firefighter"; revising provisions regarding required supplemental compensation for firefighters; amending s. 633.521, F.S.; providing requirements for an applicant who passes the examination but does not meet the remaining qualifications within a specified period; providing prerequisites to taking an examination for certain certifications; revising legislative intent; amending s. 633.524, F.S.; authorizing the State Fire Marshal to contract to provide certain examinations; amending s. 633.537, F.S.; providing continuing education requirements for certain certificateholders; amending s. 633.541, F.S.; expanding an exclusion from application of a prohibition against contracting without certification for certain homeowners; amending s. 633.72, F.S.; extending the maximum term of membership on the Fire Code Advisory Council; amending s. 633.811, F.S.; expanding the authority of the division to enforce provisions of law and rules applicable to employers; authorizing assessment of

597-04178-09 20091606c1

administrative fines and issuance of orders to cease and desist; amending s. 633.821, F.S.; deleting certain obsolete provisions requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to implement certain provisions of federal law; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 218.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.23 Revenue sharing with units of local government.-

- (1) To be eligible to participate in revenue sharing beyond the minimum entitlement in any fiscal year, a unit of local government is required to have:
- (e) Certified that persons in its employ as <u>career</u> firefighters, as defined in s. 633.30(1), meet the qualification for employment as established by the Division of State Fire Marshal pursuant to the provisions of ss. 633.34 and 633.35 and that the provisions of s. 633.382 have been met.

Additionally, to receive its share of revenue sharing funds, a unit of local government shall certify to the Department of Revenue that the requirements of s. 200.065, if applicable, were met. The certification shall be made annually within 30 days of adoption of an ordinance or resolution establishing a final property tax levy or, if no property tax is levied, not later than November 1. The portion of revenue sharing funds which, pursuant to this part, would otherwise be distributed to a unit

597-04178-09 20091606c1

of local government which has not certified compliance or has otherwise failed to meet the requirements of s. 200.065 shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund for the 12 months following a determination of noncompliance by the department.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 447.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

447.203 Definitions.—As used in this part:

- (4) "Managerial employees" are those employees who:
- (b) Serve as police chiefs, fire chiefs, or directors of public safety of any police, fire, or public safety department. Other police officers, as defined in s. 943.10(1), and <u>career</u> firefighters, as defined in s. 633.30(1), may be determined by the commission to be managerial employees of such departments. In making such determinations, the commission shall consider, in addition to the criteria established in paragraph (a), the paramilitary organizational structure of the department involved.

However, in determining whether an individual is a managerial employee pursuant to either paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), above, the commission may consider historic relationships of the employee to the public employer and to coemployees.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 553.895, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.895 Firesafety.-

(1) Any transient public lodging establishment, as defined in chapter 509 and used primarily for transient occupancy as defined in s. 83.43(10), or any timeshare unit of a timeshare plan as defined in chapters 718 and 721, which is of three

597-04178-09

20091606c1

175 stories or more and for which the construction contract has been 176 let after September 30, 1983, with interior corridors which do 177 not have direct access from the quest area to exterior means of 178 egress and on buildings over 75 feet in height that have direct 179 access from the guest area to exterior means of egress and for 180 which the construction contract has been let after September 30, 181 1983, shall be equipped with an automatic sprinkler system 182 installed in compliance with the current edition of the 183 applicable fire sprinkler standards adopted by the State Fire 184 Marshal. the provisions prescribed in the National Fire 185 Protection Association publication NFPA No. 13 (1985), 186 "Standards for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems." Each 187 quest room and each timeshare unit shall be equipped with an 188 approved listed single-station smoke detector meeting the 189 minimum requirements of NFPA 72, "National Fire Alarm Code," the 190 current edition adopted by the State Fire Marshal, 74 (1984) 191 "Standards for the Installation, Maintenance and Use of 192 Household Fire Warning Equipment," powered from the building 193 electrical service, notwithstanding the number of stories in the 194 structure, if the contract for construction is let after 195 September 30, 1983. Single-station smoke detectors shall not be 196 required when guest rooms or timeshare units contain smoke 197 detectors connected to a central alarm system which also alarms 198 locally. Section 4. Section 633.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to 199 200 read: 201 633.02 Agents; powers and duties; compensation.—The State 202 Fire Marshal shall appoint such agents as may be necessary to 203 carry out effectively the provisions of this chapter, who shall

597-04178-09 20091606c1

be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061, in addition to their salary, when traveling or making investigations in the performance of their duties. Such agents shall be at all times under the direction and control of the State Fire Marshal, who shall fix their compensation, and all orders shall be issued in the State Fire Marshal's name and by her or his authority.

Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (5), subsection (9), and paragraph (e) of subsection (20) of section 633.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

(5)

2.04

- (d) "Contractor IV" means a contractor whose business is limited to the execution of contracts requiring the ability to lay out, fabricate, install, inspect, alter, repair, and service automatic fire sprinkler systems for occupancies protected within the scope of NFPA 13D, which provides standards for the installation of sprinkler systems in one-family and two-family dwellings and manufactured homes detached one-family dwellings, detached two-family dwellings, and mobile homes, excluding preengineered systems and excluding single-family homes in cluster units, such as apartments, condominiums, and assisted living facilities or any building that is connected to other dwellings.
- (9) A "fire protection system" is a system individually designed to protect the interior or exterior of a specific building or buildings, structure, or other special hazard from fire. Such systems include, but are not limited to, water sprinkler systems, water spray systems, foam-water sprinkler systems, foam-water spray systems, CO2 systems, foam

597-04178-09 20091606c1

extinguishing systems, dry chemical systems, and Halon and other chemical systems used for fire protection use. Such systems also include any overhead and underground fire mains, fire hydrants and hydrant mains, standpipes and hoses connected to sprinkler systems, sprinkler tank heaters, air lines, thermal systems used in connection with fire sprinkler systems, and tanks and pumps connected to fire sprinkler systems.

- (20) A "preengineered system" is a fire-suppression system which:
- (e) Must be listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Preengineered systems may incorporate special nozzles, flow rates, methods of application, pressurization levels, and quantities of agents designed by the manufacturer for specific hazards. Preengineered systems consist of components providing fire-suppression protection but do not include the ventilation or other equipment in which they are installed.

Section 6. Subsection (13) is added to section 633.0215, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 633.0215 Florida Fire Prevention Code.-
- (13) The department shall issue an expedited declaratory statement relating to interpretations of provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code according to the following guidelines:
- (a) The declaratory statement shall be rendered in accordance with s. 120.565, except that:
- 1. Receipt by the department of a petition need not be published in the Florida Administrative Weekly; and
 - 2. A final decision shall be issued by the department

2.62

263

264

265

266

267

268

269270

271

272

273274

275

276

277

278

279

280281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

597-04178-09 20091606c1 within 45 days after the department's receipt of a petition. (b) The petitioner must be the owner or representative of the owner of the disputed project. (c) The petition must be: 1. Related to an active project that is under construction or have been submitted for permit; 2. The subject of a written notice citing a specific provision of the Florida Fire Prevention Code which is in dispute; and 3. Limited to a single question capable of being answered with a response of "yes" or "no." Any petition that does not meet all of the requirements of this subsection must be denied without prejudice. Section 7. Subsection (11) is added to section 633.025, Florida Statutes, to read: 633.025 Minimum firesafety standards.-(11) (a) Except for one-family and two-family dwellings, which are exempt from plan review and inspection pursuant to subsection (9), the plans for the construction and inspections of manufactured buildings may be completed at the point of manufacture if: 1. The person reviewing the plans and inspecting the manufactured or prototype building is made by an individual currently certified as a firesafety inspector under s. 633.081(2); and 2. The manufacturer's modular data plate, stating that the building is in compliance with chapter 633 and the rules of the

department, has been affixed to the building.

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(b) The local fire official shall recognize and approve such manufactured building, subject to local fire code amendments, approved performance testing of life safety systems, and site conditions. The cost of any additional work necessary to meet firesafety requirements, if any, shall be borne by the manufacturer. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

Section 8. Section 633.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Prevention Code.—It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Fire Prevention Code be interpreted by fire officials and local enforcement agencies in a manner that protects the public safety, health, and welfare by ensuring uniform interpretations of the Florida Fire Prevention Code throughout this state and by providing processes for resolving disputes regarding such interpretations which are just and expeditious. It is the intent of the Legislature that such processes provide for the expeditious resolution of the issues presented and that the resulting interpretation of such issues be published on the website of the Division of State Fire Marshal.

(1) The Division of State Fire Marshal shall by rule establish an informal process of rendering nonbinding interpretations of the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The Division of State Fire Marshal may contract with and refer interpretive issues to a nonprofit organization that has experience in interpreting and enforcing the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The Division of State Fire Marshal shall immediately implement the process prior to the completion of

597-04178-09 20091606c1

formal rulemaking. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Division of State Fire Marshal establish create a Fire Code Interpretation Committee composed of seven persons and seven alternates equally representing each area of the state process to refer questions to a small group of individuals certified under s. 633.081(2), to which a party can pose questions regarding the interpretation of code provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

- members of the Fire Code Interpretation Committee must be certified as a firesafety inspector pursuant under s. 633.081(2) and must have a minimum of 5 years of experience interpreting and enforcing provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code and Life Safety Codes. Each member must be approved by the division and deemed by the division to have met these requirements at least 30 days before participating in a review of a nonbinding interpretation. It is the intent of the Legislature that the process provide for the expeditious resolution of the issues presented and publication of State Fire Marshal. It is the intent of the Legislature that this program be similar to the program established by the Florida Building Commission in s. 553.775(3)(g).
- (3) Each nonbinding interpretation of code applications shall be provided within 10 business days after receipt. The period set forth in this subsection may be waived only upon the written consent of both parties. Nonbinding Such interpretations shall be advisory only and nonbinding on the parties or the State Fire Marshal.

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(4) In order to administer this section, the department shall charge may adopt by rule and impose a fee for nonbinding interpretations, with payment made directly to the third party. The fee may not exceed \$150 for each request for a review or interpretation. The department may authorize payment of fees directly to the nonprofit organization selected pursuant to subsection (1).

- (5) Any party to the interpretation in disagreement with the interpretation issued in accordance with this section may apply for a formal interpretation from the department as provided in s. 633.01(6).
- (6) Upon written application by an owner, contractor, or fire official, the department shall issue or cause to be issued a nonbinding interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code as prescribed in this section The department shall adopt a form for the petition, which shall be published on the State Fire Marshal's website. The form shall, at a minimum, require the following:
- (a) The name and address of the local fire official including the agency address of the county, municipality, or special district.
- (b) The name and agency address of the owner, contractor, and the owner's or contractor's representative, if any.
- (c) A statement of the specific sections of the Florida
 Fire Prevention Code being interpreted by the local fire
 official.
- (d) An explanation of how the petitioner's substantial interests are being affected by the local interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

390391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400 401

402

403

404

405

406

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(e) A statement of the interpretation of the specific sections of the Florida Fire Prevention Code by the local fire official.

- (f) A statement of the interpretation that the petitioner contends should be given to the specific sections of the Florida Fire Prevention Code and a statement supporting the petitioner's interpretation.
- (7) Upon receipt of a petition meeting the requirements of paragraph (6), the department shall immediately provide copies of the petition to the Fire Code Interpretation Committee, and publish the petition and any response submitted by the local fire official on the State Fire Marshal's website.
- (8) The panel shall conduct proceedings as necessary to resolve the issues and give due regard to the petition, the facts of the matter at issue, specific code sections cited, and any statutory implications affecting the Florida Fire Prevention Code. The panel shall issue an interpretation regarding the provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code within 10 days after the filing of a nonbinding petition. The panel shall render a determination based upon the Florida Fire Prevention Code or, if the code is ambiguous, the intent of the code. The panel's interpretation shall be provided to the owner, contractor, and fire official and shall include a notice that if the parties disagree with the interpretation, they may file for a formal interpretation by the department under s. 633.01(6). The panel's interpretation shall be provided to the department, and the department shall publish the interpretation on the State Fire Marshal's website and in Florida Administrative Weekly.

Section 9. Section 633.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to

597-04178-09 20091606c1

407 read:

633.03 Investigation of fire or explosion; reports.—The State Fire Marshal shall investigate the cause, origin, and circumstances of every fire or explosion occurring in this state wherein the State Fire Marshal deems an investigation is necessary and property has been damaged or destroyed where there is probable cause to believe that the fire or explosion was the result of carelessness or design. Report of all such investigations shall be made on approved forms to be furnished by the State Fire Marshal.

Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 633.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.061 Fire suppression equipment; license to install or maintain.—

(3) (a) Such licenses and permits shall be issued by the State Fire Marshal for 2 years beginning January 1, 2000, and each 2-year period thereafter and expiring December 31 of the second year. All licenses or permits issued will expire on December 31 of each odd-numbered year. The failure to renew a license or permit by December 31 of the second year will cause the license or permit to become inoperative. The holder of an inoperative license or permit shall not engage in any activities for which a license or permit is required by this section. A license or permit which is inoperative because of the failure to renew it shall be restored upon payment of the applicable fee plus a penalty equal to the applicable fee, if the application for renewal is filed no later than the following March 31. If the application for restoration is not made before the March 31st deadline, the fee for restoration shall be equal to the

437

438

439440

441

442

443

444

445

446

447448

449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461462

463

464

597-04178-09 20091606c1

original application fee and the penalty provided for herein, and, in addition, the State Fire Marshal shall require reexamination of the applicant. The fee for a license or permit issued for 1 year or less shall be prorated at 50 percent of the applicable fee for a biennial license or permit. Following the initial licensure, each licensee or permittee shall successfully complete a course or courses of continuing education for fire equipment technicians of at least 16 32 hours. A license or permit may not be renewed unless the licensee or permittee produces documentation of the completion of at least 16 hours of continuing education for fire equipment technicians during the biennial licensure period within 4 years of initial issuance of a license or permit and within each 4-year period thereafter or no such license or permit shall be renewed. A person who is both a licensee and a permittee shall be required to complete a total of 16 32 hours of continuing education during each renewal per 4-year period. Each licensee shall ensure that all permittees in his or her employment meet their continuing education requirements. The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules describing the continuing education requirements and shall have the authority upon reasonable belief, to audit a fire equipment dealer to determine compliance with continuing education requirements.

(b) The forms of such licenses and permits and applications therefor shall be prescribed by the State Fire Marshal; in addition to such other information and data as that officer determines is appropriate and required for such forms, there shall be included in such forms the following matters. Each such application shall be in such form as to provide that the data

597-04178-09 20091606c1

and other information set forth therein shall be sworn to by the applicant or, if a corporation, by an officer thereof. An application for a permit shall include the name of the licensee employing such permittee, and the permit issued in pursuance of such application shall also set forth the name of such licensee. A permit is valid solely for use by the holder thereof in his or her employment by the licensee named in the permit.

- (c) A license of any class shall not be issued or renewed by the State Fire Marshal and a license of any class shall not remain operative unless:
- 1. The applicant has submitted to the State Fire Marshal evidence of registration as a Florida corporation or evidence of compliance with s. 865.09.
- 2. The State Fire Marshal or his or her designee has by inspection determined that the applicant possesses the equipment required for the class of license sought. The State Fire Marshal shall give an applicant a reasonable opportunity to correct any deficiencies discovered by inspection. A fee of \$50, payable to the State Fire Marshal, shall be required for any subsequent reinspection.
- 3. The applicant has submitted to the State Fire Marshal proof of insurance providing coverage for comprehensive general liability for bodily injury and property damage, products liability, completed operations, and contractual liability. The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules providing for the amounts of such coverage, but such amounts shall not be less than \$300,000 for Class A or Class D licenses, \$200,000 for Class B licenses, and \$100,000 for Class C licenses; and the total coverage for any class of license held in conjunction with a

597-04178-09 20091606c1

Class D license shall not be less than \$300,000. The State Fire Marshal may, at any time after the issuance of a license or its renewal, require upon demand, and in no event more than 30 days after notice of such demand, the licensee to provide proof of insurance, on a form provided by the State Fire Marshal, containing confirmation of insurance coverage as required by this chapter. Failure, for any length of time, to provide proof of insurance coverage as required shall result in the immediate suspension of the license until proof of proper insurance is provided to the State Fire Marshal. An insurer which provides such coverage shall notify the State Fire Marshal of any change in coverage or of any termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of any coverage.

- 4. The applicant applies to the State Fire Marshal and successfully completes a prescribed training course offered by the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal. This subparagraph does not apply to any holder of or applicant for a permit under paragraph (e) (f) or to a business organization or a governmental entity seeking initial licensure or renewal of an existing license solely for the purpose of inspecting, servicing, repairing, marking, recharging, and maintaining fire extinguishers used and located on the premises of and owned by such organization or entity.
- 5. The applicant has a current retestor identification number that is appropriate for the license for which the applicant is applying and that is listed with the United States Department of Transportation.
- 6. The applicant has passed, with a grade of at least 70 percent, a written examination testing his or her knowledge of

597-04178-09 20091606c1

the rules and statutes regulating the activities authorized by the license and demonstrating his or her knowledge and ability to perform those tasks in a competent, lawful, and safe manner. Such examination shall be developed and administered by the State Fire Marshal, or his or her designee in accordance with policies and procedures of the State Fire Marshal. An applicant shall pay a nonrefundable examination fee of \$50 for each examination or reexamination scheduled. No reexamination shall be scheduled sooner than 30 days after any administration of an examination to an applicant. No applicant shall be permitted to take an examination for any level of license more than a total of four times during 1 year, regardless of the number of applications submitted. As a prerequisite to licensure of the applicant:

- a. Must be at least 18 years of age.
- b. Must have 4 years of proven experience as a fire equipment permittee at a level equal to or greater than the level of license applied for or have a combination of education and experience determined to be equivalent thereto by the State Fire Marshal. Having held a permit at the appropriate level for the required period constitutes the required experience.
- c. Must not have been convicted of, or pled nolo contendere to, any felony. If an applicant has been convicted of any such felony, the applicant must comply with s. 112.011(1)(b).

This subparagraph does not apply to any holder of or applicant for a permit under paragraph (e) (f) or to a business organization or a governmental entity seeking initial licensure

or renewal of an existing license solely for the purpose of

597-04178-09 20091606c1

inspecting, servicing, repairing, marking, recharging, hydrotesting, and maintaining fire extinguishers used and located on the premises of and owned by such organization or entity.

(d) An applicant who fails the examination may take it three more times during the 1-year period after he or she originally filed an application for the examination. If the applicant fails the examination within 1 year after the application date and seeks to retake the examination, he or she must file a new application, pay the application and examination fees, and successfully complete a prescribed training course approved by the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal. An applicant may not submit a new application within 6 months after the date of his or her last reexamination.

(d) (e) A fire equipment dealer licensed under this section may apply to upgrade the license currently held, if the licensed dealer:

- 1. Submits an application for the license on a form in conformance with paragraph (b). The application must be accompanied by a fee as prescribed in subsection (1) for the type of license requested.
- 2. Provides evidence of 2 years' experience as a licensed dealer and meets such relevant educational requirements as are established by rule by the State Fire Marshal for purposes of upgrading a license.
 - 3. Meets the requirements of paragraph (c).
- (e)(f) No permit of any class shall be issued or renewed to a person by the State Fire Marshal, and no permit of any class

597-04178-09 20091606c1

shall remain operative, unless the person has:

- 1. Submitted a nonrefundable examination fee in the amount of \$50;
- 2. Successfully completed a training course offered by the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal; and
- 3. Passed, with a grade of at least 70 percent, a written examination testing his or her knowledge of the rules and statutes regulating the activities authorized by the permit and demonstrating his or her knowledge and ability to perform those tasks in a competent, lawful, and safe manner. Such examination shall be developed and administered by the State Fire Marshal in accordance with the policies and procedures of the State Fire Marshal. An examination fee shall be paid for each examination scheduled. No reexamination shall be scheduled sooner than 30 days after any administration of an examination to an applicant. No applicant shall be permitted to take an examination for any level of permit more than four times during 1 year, regardless of the number of applications submitted. As a prerequisite to taking the permit examination, the applicant must be at least 16 years of age.
- <u>(f) (g)</u> An applicant <u>for a license or permit under this</u> <u>section</u> who fails the examination may take it three more times during the 1-year period after he or she originally filed an application for the examination. If the applicant fails the examination within 1 year after the application date and he or she seeks to retake the examination, he or she must file a new application, pay the application and examination fees, and successfully complete a prescribed training course offered by

597-04178-09 20091606c1

the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal. The applicant may not submit a new application within 6 months after the date of his or her last reexamination. An applicant who passes the examination but does not meet the remaining qualifications as outlined by the statutes and rules within 1 year after the application date must file a new application, pay the application and examination fee, successfully complete a prescribed training course approved by the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal, and pass the written examination.

Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 633.071, Florida Statutes is amended to read:

(3) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt by rule specifications as to the <u>method of attachment and placement</u>, size, shape, color, information, and data contained thereon of inspection tags to be attached to all types of fire protection systems and information required on an inspection report of such an inspection.

Section 12. Section 633.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.081 Inspection of buildings and equipment; orders; firesafety inspection training requirements; certification; disciplinary action.—The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents shall, at any reasonable hour, when the department has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter or s. 509.215, or a rule promulgated thereunder, or a minimum firesafety code adopted by the State Fire Marshal or a local authority, may exist, inspect any and all buildings and structures which are subject to the requirements of this chapter

597-04178-09 20091606c1

or s. 509.215 and rules promulgated thereunder. The authority to inspect shall extend to all equipment, vehicles, and chemicals which are located $\underline{\text{on or}}$ within the premises of any such building or structure.

- (1) Each county, municipality, and special district that has firesafety enforcement responsibilities shall employ or contract with a firesafety inspector. The firesafety inspector must conduct all firesafety inspections that are required by law, except as provided in subsection (4) and s. 633.082(2)(b). The governing body of a county, municipality, or special district that has firesafety enforcement responsibilities may provide a schedule of fees to pay only the costs of inspections conducted pursuant to this subsection and related administrative expenses. Two or more counties, municipalities, or special districts that have firesafety enforcement responsibilities may jointly employ or contract with a firesafety inspector.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) and s. 633.082(2)(b), every firesafety inspection conducted pursuant to state or local firesafety requirements shall be by a person certified as having met the inspection training requirements set by the State Fire Marshal. Such person shall:
- (a) Be a high school graduate or the equivalent as determined by the department;
- (b) Not have been found guilty of, or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States, or of any state thereof, which involves moral turpitude, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of such cases;

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(c) Have her or his fingerprints on file with the department or with an agency designated by the department;

- (d) Have good moral character as determined by the department;
 - (e) Be at least 18 years of age;
- (f) Have satisfactorily completed the firesafety inspector certification examination as prescribed by the department; and
- (g)1. Have satisfactorily completed, as determined by the department, a firesafety inspector training program of not less than 200 hours established by the department and administered by agencies and institutions approved by the department for the purpose of providing basic certification training for firesafety inspectors; or
- 2. Have received in another state training which is determined by the department to be at least equivalent to that required by the department for approved firesafety inspector education and training programs in this state.
- (3) (a) 1. Effective July 1, 2011, the classification of special state firesafety inspector is abolished and all special state firesafety inspector certifications expire at midnight on June 30, 2011.
- 2. Any person who is a special state firesafety inspector on June 30, 2011, and who has failed to comply with paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) may not perform any firesafety inspection required by law.
- 3. A special state firesafety inspector certification may not be awarded after June 30, 2009.
- (b)1. Any person who is a special state firesafety inspector on July 1, 2009, and who has at least 5 years of

597-04178-09 20091606c1

experience as a special state firesafety inspector as of July 1, 2009, may take the same firesafety inspection examination as provided in paragraph (2)(f) for firesafety inspectors before July 1, 2011, to be certified as a firesafety inspector as described in subsection (2).

- 2. Upon passing the examination, the person shall be certified as a firesafety inspector as provided in subsection (2).
- 3. Any person who fails to obtain certification under this paragraph must comply with paragraph (c) to be certified as a firesafety inspector as provided in subsection (2).
- (c) 1. A person seeking certification as a firesafety inspector under subsection (2) must take an additional 80 hours of the courses described in paragraph (2)(g) if he or she:
- a. Is a special state firesafety inspector on July 1, 2009, and does not have 5 years of experience as a special state firesafety inspector as of July 1, 2009; or
- b. Has 5 years of experience as a special state firesafety inspector but has failed the examination described in paragraph (2)(f).
- 2. A person who desires to take the examination after successfully completing the courses described in this paragraph must take the examination before July 1, 2011.
- 3. Upon passing the examination, the person is certified as a firesafety inspector as provided in subsection (2).
- 4. A person who fails the course of study or the
 examination described in this paragraph may not perform any
 firesafety inspection required by law on or after July 1, 2011.
 Each special state firesafety inspection which is required by

597-04178-09 20091606c1

law and is conducted by or on behalf of an agency of the state must be performed by an individual who has met the provision of subsection (2), except that the duration of the training program shall not exceed 120 hours of specific training for the type of property that such special state firesafety inspectors are assigned to inspect.

- (4) A firefighter certified pursuant to s. 633.35 may conduct firesafety inspections, under the supervision of a certified firesafety inspector, while on duty as a member of a fire department company conducting inservice firesafety inspections without being certified as a firesafety inspector, if such firefighter has satisfactorily completed an inservice fire department company inspector training program of at least 24 hours' duration as provided by rule of the department.
- inspector certificate is valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. Renewal of certification shall be subject to the affected person's completing proper application for renewal and meeting all of the requirements for renewal as established under this chapter or by rule adopted promulgated thereunder, which shall include completion of at least 40 hours during the preceding 3-year period of continuing education as required by the rule of the department or, in lieu thereof, successful passage of an examination as established by the department.
- (6) The State Fire Marshal may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke the certificate of a firesafety inspector or special state firesafety inspector if it finds that any of the following grounds exist:
 - (a) Any cause for which issuance of a certificate could

597-04178-09 20091606c1

have been refused had it then existed and been known to the State Fire Marshal.

- (b) Violation of this chapter or any rule or order of the State Fire Marshal.
 - (c) Falsification of records relating to the certificate.
- (d) Having been found guilty of or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a felony, whether or not a judgment of conviction has been entered.
 - (e) Failure to meet any of the renewal requirements.
- (f) Having been convicted of a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of fire code inspection, plan review, or administration.
- (g) Making or filing a report or record that the certificateholder knows to be false, or knowingly inducing another to file a false report or record, or knowingly failing to file a report or record required by state or local law, or knowingly impeding or obstructing such filing, or knowingly inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing.
- (h) Failing to properly enforce applicable fire codes or permit requirements within this state which the certificateholder knows are applicable by committing willful misconduct, gross negligence, gross misconduct, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property.
- (i) Accepting labor, services, or materials at no charge or at a noncompetitive rate from any person who performs work that is under the enforcement authority of the certificateholder and who is not an immediate family member of the certificateholder. For the purpose of this paragraph, the term "immediate family

597-04178-09 20091606c1

member" means a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, aunt, uncle, or first cousin of the person or the person's spouse or any person who resides in the primary residence of the certificateholder.

- (7) The department shall provide by rule for the certification of firesafety inspectors.
- (8) The State Fire Marshal may develop by rule an advanced training and certification program for firesafety inspectors having fire code management responsibility. Such program must be consistent with the appropriate provisions of NFPA 1037 or similar standards adopted by the division and establish minimum training, education, and experience levels for firesafety inspectors having fire code management responsibilities.
- (9) The Division of State Fire Marshal and the Florida
 Building Code Administrators and Inspectors Board, established
 pursuant to s. 468.605, shall enter into a reciprocity agreement
 to facilitate joint recognition of continuing education
 recertification hours for certificateholders licensed in
 accordance with s. 468.609 and firesafety inspectors certified
 in accordance with subsection (2).

Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 633.082, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

- 633.082 Inspection of fire control systems, fire hydrants, and fire protection systems.—
- (2) Fire hydrants and fire protection systems installed in public and private properties, except one-family or two-family dwellings, in this state shall be inspected following procedures established in the nationally recognized inspection, testing,

597-04178-09 20091606c1

and maintenance standards NFPA-24 and NFPA-25 as set forth in the edition adopted by the State Fire Marshal.

- (a) All alarm systems shall be serviced, tested, repaired, inspected, and improved in compliance with the provisions of the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association adopted by State Fire Marshal.
- (b) Fire hydrants owned by public governmental entities shall be inspected in accordance with procedures established in the nationally recognized inspection, testing, and maintenance standards adopted by the State Fire Marshal. County, municipal, and special district utilities may comply with this section with designated employees notwithstanding the requirements of s. 633.081. However, private contractors must be licensed under this chapter.
- (c) All fire hydrants installed after the point of service and attached to a fire protection system must be inspected by a contractor licensed under this chapter, regardless of the hydrant's ownership. Quarterly, annual, 3-year, and 5-year inspections consistent with the contractual provisions with the owner shall be conducted by the certificateholder or permittees employed by the certificateholder pursuant to s. 633.521.
- (6) The owner shall replace any fire sprinkler heads that have been identified by a governmental regulatory agency as recalled for a material defect in design or workmanship.
- Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 633.085, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 633.085 Inspections of state buildings and premises; tests of firesafety equipment; building plans to be approved.—

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(1) (a) It is the duty of the State Fire Marshal and her or his agents to inspect, or cause to be inspected, each state—owned building, which, for purposes of this section, includes each building located on land owned by the state and used primarily for state purposes as determined by the State Fire

Marshal, on a recurring basis established by rule, and to ensure that high-hazard occupancies are inspected at least annually, for the purpose of ascertaining and causing to be corrected any conditions liable to cause fire or endanger life from fire and any violation of the firesafety standards for state-owned buildings, the provisions of this chapter, or the rules or regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant hereto. The State Fire Marshal shall, within 7 days following an inspection, submit a report of such inspection to the head of the department of state government responsible for the building.

- (2) The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents may shall conduct performance tests on any electronic fire warning and smoke detection system, and any pressurized air-handling unit, in any state-owned building or state-leased space on a recurring basis as provided in subsection (1). The State Fire Marshal and her or his agents shall also ensure that fire drills are conducted in all high-hazard state-owned buildings or high-hazard state-leased high-hazard occupancies at least annually.
- (3) All construction of any new, or renovation, alteration, or change of occupancy of any existing, state-owned <u>building</u> or state-leased space shall comply with the uniform firesafety standards of the State Fire Marshal.
- (a) For all new construction or renovation, alteration, or change of occupancy of state-leased space, compliance with the

597-04178-09 20091606c1

uniform firesafety standards shall be determined by reviewing the plans for the proposed construction or occupancy submitted by the lessor to the Division of State Fire Marshal for review and approval prior to commencement of construction or occupancy, which review shall be completed within 10 working days after receipt of the plans by the Division of State Fire Marshal.

- (b) The plans for all construction of any new, or renovation or alteration of any existing, state-owned building are subject to the review and approval of the Division of State Fire Marshal for compliance with the uniform firesafety standards prior to commencement of construction or change of occupancy, which review shall be completed within 30 calendar days of receipt of the plans by the Division of State Fire Marshal.
- (4) The Division of State Fire Marshal may inspect stateowned <u>buildings</u> and space and state-leased space as necessary
 <u>before such buildings or spaces are occupied prior to occupancy</u>
 or during construction, renovation, or alteration to ascertain
 compliance with the uniform firesafety standards. Whenever the
 Division of State Fire Marshal determines by virtue of such
 inspection or by review of plans that construction, renovation,
 or alteration of state-owned <u>buildings</u> and state-leased space is
 not in compliance with the uniform firesafety standards, the
 Division of State Fire Marshal shall issue an order to cease
 construction, renovation, or alteration, or to preclude
 occupancy, of a building until compliance is obtained, except
 for those activities required to achieve such compliance.

Section 15. Section 633.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

597-04178-09 20091606c1

633.121 Persons authorized to enforce laws and rules of State Fire Marshal.—The chiefs of county, municipal, and special—district fire departments; other fire department personnel designated by their respective chiefs; and personnel designated by local governments having no organized fire departments; and all law enforcement officers in the state duly certified under chapter 943 and acting upon the request of the State Fire Marshal or a chief of a county, municipal, or special district fire department may are authorized to enforce this chapter law and all rules adopted prescribed by the State Fire Marshal within their respective jurisdictions. Such personnel acting under the authority of this section shall be deemed to be agents of their respective jurisdictions, not agents of the State Fire Marshal.

Section 16. Section 633.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.13 State Fire Marshal; authority of agents.—The authority given the State Fire Marshal under this <u>chapter or any rule or order adopted by the State Fire Marshal</u> law may be exercised by his or her agents, either individually or in conjunction with any other state or local official charged with similar responsibilities.

Section 17. Section 633.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 633.14 Agents; powers to make arrests, conduct searches and seizures, serve summonses, and carry firearms.—
- (1) Agents <u>must be certified in compliance with s. 943.1395</u> or meet the temporary employment or appointment exemption requirements of s. 943.131 until certified in order to execute

597-04178-09 20091606c1

929 the authority granted them by this section.

(2) It is unlawful for any person to resist an arrest by an agent of the State Fire Marshal authorized by this section or to interfere, by abetting or assisting such resistance or otherwise, with any agent of the Division of State Fire Marshal in the duties imposed upon such agent by law or department rule. of the State Fire Marshal shall have the same authority to serve summonses, make arrests, carry firearms, and make searches and seizures, as the sheriff or her or his deputies, in the respective counties where such investigations, hearings, or inspections may be held; and affidavits necessary to authorize any such arrests, searches, or seizures may be made before any trial court judge having authority under the law to issue appropriate processes.

Section 18. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 633.161, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 633.161 Violations; orders to cease and desist, correct hazardous conditions, preclude occupancy, or vacate; enforcement; penalties.—
- (1) If it is determined by the department that a violation specified in this subsection exists, the State Fire Marshal or her or his <u>agent deputy</u> may issue and deliver to the person committing the violation an order to cease and desist from such violation, to correct any hazardous condition, to preclude occupancy of the affected building or structure, or to vacate the premises of the affected building or structure. Such violations consist of are:
- (a) Except as set forth in paragraph (b), a violation of any provision of this chapter, of any rule adopted pursuant

597-04178-09 20091606c1

thereto, of any applicable uniform firesafety standard adopted pursuant to s. 633.022 which is not adequately addressed by any alternative requirements adopted on a local level, or of any minimum firesafety standard adopted pursuant to s. 394.879.

- (b) A substantial violation of an applicable minimum firesafety standard adopted pursuant to s. 633.025 which is not reasonably addressed by any alternative requirement imposed at the local level, or an unreasonable interpretation of an applicable minimum firesafety standard, and which violation or interpretation clearly constitutes a danger to lifesafety.
- (c) A building or structure which is in a dilapidated condition and as a result thereof creates a danger to life, safety, or property.
- (d) A building or structure which contains explosive matter or flammable liquids or gases constituting a danger to life, safety, or property.
- (e) Any person or entity who acts as or offers to act as a fire department and is not designated as a fire department by a political subdivision of the state.
- (3) Any person who violates or fails to comply with any order under subsection (1) or subsection (2) <u>commits</u> is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable as provided in s. 633.171.
- Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 633.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 633.171 Penalty for violation of law, rule, or order to cease and desist or for failure to comply with corrective order.—
- (1) Any person who violates any provision of this <u>chapter</u> law, any order or rule of the State Fire Marshal, or any order

597-04178-09 20091606c1

to cease and desist or to correct conditions issued under this chapter commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 20. Section 633.175, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 633.175 Investigation of <u>arson</u>, fraudulent insurance claims, and crimes; immunity of insurance companies supplying information.—
- (1) The State Fire Marshal or an agent appointed pursuant to s. 633.02, any law enforcement officer as defined in s. 111.065, any law enforcement officer of a federal agency, or any fire department official who is engaged in the investigation of a fire loss or loss from an explosion may request any insurance company or its agent, adjuster, employee, or attorney, investigating a claim under an insurance policy or contract with respect to a fire to release any information whatsoever in the possession of the insurance company or its agent, adjuster, employee, or attorney relative to a loss from that fire. The insurance company shall release the available information to and cooperate with any official authorized to request such information pursuant to this section. The information shall include, but shall not be limited to:
- (a) Any insurance policy relevant to a loss under investigation and any application for such a policy.
 - (b) Any policy premium payment records.
- (c) The records, reports, and all material pertaining to any previous claims made by the insured with the reporting company.
 - (d) Material relating to the investigation of the loss,

597-04178-09 20091606c1

including statements of any person, proof of loss, and other relevant evidence.

- (e) Memoranda, notes, and correspondence relating to the investigation of the loss in the possession of the insurance company or its agents, adjusters, employees, or attorneys.
- (2) If an insurance company has reason to suspect that a fire loss to its insured's real or personal property was caused by incendiary means, the company shall notify the State Fire Marshal and shall furnish her or him with all material acquired by the company during the course of its investigation.
- (3) In the absence of fraud, bad faith, or malice, no representative of an insurance company or of the National Insurance Crime Bureau employed to adjust or investigate losses caused by fire shall be liable for damages in a civil action for furnishing information concerning fires suspected to be other than accidental to investigators employed by other insurance companies or the National Insurance Crime Bureau.
- (4) No insurance company or person who furnishes information on its behalf shall be liable for damages in a civil action or subject to criminal prosecution for any oral or written statement made or any other action taken that is necessary and required by the provisions of this section.
- (5) At such time as the release of the investigative records is required by law, the official or agency in possession of such records shall provide written notice to the insurance company providing the information and to all parties, at least 10 days prior to releasing such records. Official, departmental, or agency personnel may discuss such matters with other official, departmental, or agency personnel, and any insurance

597-04178-09 20091606c1

company complying with this section, and may share such information, if such discussion is necessary to enable the orderly and efficient conduct of the investigation. These discussions are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011.

- (6) The actions of an insurance company or of its agents, employees, adjusters, or attorneys, in complying with the statutory obligation of this section shall in no way be construed by a court as a waiver or abandonment of any privilege or confidentiality of attorney work product, attorney-client communication, or such other privilege or immunity as is provided by law.
- (7) Any official described in subsection (1) may be required to testify as to any information in her or his possession regarding an insurance loss in any civil action in which any person seeks recovery under a policy against an insurance company for an insurance loss, subject to the provisions of subsection (6).
- (8) No person may intentionally refuse to release any information requested pursuant to this section.
- (9) Any person who willfully violates the provisions of this section <u>commits</u> is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 21. Section 633.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.18 State Fire Marshal; hearings and investigations; subpoena of witnesses; orders of circuit court.—Any agent designated by the State Fire Marshal for such purposes, may hold hearings, sign and issue subpoenas, administer oaths, examine

1075

1076

1077

1078

1079

1080

1081

1082

1083

1084

1085

1086

1087

1088

1089

1090

1091

10921093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

597-04178-09 20091606c1

witnesses, receive evidence, and require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of such accounts, records, memoranda or other evidence, as may be material for the determination of any complaint or conducting any inquiry or investigation under chapter 552, chapter 554, this chapter, or any rule or order of the State Fire Marshal law. In case of disobedience to a subpoena, the State Fire Marshal or his or her agent may invoke the aid of any court of competent jurisdiction in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of accounts, records, memoranda or other evidence and any such court may in case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any person, issue an order requiring the person to appear before the State Fire Marshal's agent or produce accounts, records, memoranda or other evidence, as so ordered, or to give evidence touching any matter pertinent to any complaint or the subject of any inquiry or investigation, and any failure to obey such order of the court shall be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.

Section 22. Section 633.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.30 Standards for firefighting; definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

at an hourly or salaried rate and whose work hours are scheduled in advance to maintain a schedule of coverage at a station, facility, or area to function as described in subsection (8)

"Firefighter" means any person initially employed as a full-time professional firefighter by any employing agency, as defined herein, whose primary responsibility is the prevention and

597-04178-09 20091606c1

extinguishment of fires, the protection and saving of life and property, and the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as of any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires.

- (2) "Council" means the Firefighters Employment, Standards, and Training Council "Employing agency" means any municipality or county, the state, or any political subdivision of the state, including authorities and special districts, employing firefighters as defined in subsection (1).
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Financial Services.
- (4) "Division" means the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services "Council" means the Firefighters Employment, Standards, and Training Council.
- (5) "Employing agency" means any municipality or county, the state, or any political subdivision of the state, including authorities, special districts, or any private entity under contract with such entities "Division" means the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services.
- (6) "Fire department" means an organization designated by a state political subdivision, such as a county, municipality, or special fire control district, to provide emergency response for the protection of life and property within a specified geographical area.
- (7) "Fire service apprentice" means any high school student who completes a high school course of instruction and an examination approved by the division which includes specified components of firefighter I and II certification in accordance with the division's rules. Before the age of 18, a fire service

597-04178-09 20091606c1

apprentice may function as a fireground resource technician with
a recognized fire department. Upon reaching the age of 18 and
graduating from high school, the fire service apprentice may
complete the outstanding components of firefighter I and II
certification training and become certified at level II in
accordance with the division's rules.

- (8) "Firefighter" means any person whose responsibility is the emergency response to fires and other emergencies, the prevention and extinguishment of fires, the protection and saving of life and property, and the enforcement of municipal, county, and state fire prevention codes, as well as of any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires.
- (9) "Firefighter I" means a person who has successfully completed the firefighter I training program and is certified at level I in accordance with the division's rules. Firefighter I is the minimum level of certification to function as a volunteer firefighter.
- (10) "Firefighter II" means a person who has successfully completed the firefighter II training program and is certified at level II in accordance with the division's rules. Firefighter II is the minimum level of certification to function as a career firefighter as set forth in subsection (1). For purposes of this chapter, a certificate of compliance at level II replaces the previous certificate of compliance required to be a full-time professional firefighter. Firefighters currently certified pursuant to a certificate of compliance are deemed to be in compliance with the requirements of this chapter and need not become certified as a firefighter II.
 - (11) "Fireground resource technician" means a volunteer

597-04178-09 20091606c1

exterior firefighter or support person who is not qualified by

certification to be an interior firefighter but who has

completed a course of instruction in accordance with the

division's rules. Fireground resource technician is the minimum

level of certification to function on the fireground in

accordance with division rules.

Section 23. Section 633.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 633.34 Firefighters; qualifications for employment.-
- (1) Any person applying for employment or training as a firefighter must:
 - $\underline{\text{(a)}}$ (1) Be a high school graduate or the equivalent, as the term may be determined by the division, and at least 18 years of age.
 - (b) (2) Not have been found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, any felony or crime involving moral turpitude and punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under federal law, the law of any state, or the law of any other country, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction was entered or adjudication was withheld by the court having jurisdiction over such matter. Neither have been convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor directly related to the position of employment sought, nor have pled nolo contendere to any charge of a felony. If an applicant has been convicted of a felony, such applicant must be in compliance with s. 112.011(2)(b). If an applicant has been convicted of a misdemeanor directly related to the position of employment sought, such applicant shall be excluded from employment for a period of 4 years after expiration of sentence. If the sentence is suspended or

597-04178-09 20091606c1

adjudication is withheld in a felony charge or in a misdemeanor directly related to the position or employment sought and a period of probation is imposed, the applicant must have been released from probation.

(c) (3) Pay for and submit fingerprints as directed by the division Submit a fingerprint card to the division with a current processing fee. The fingerprints shall fingerprint card will be forwarded to the Department of Law Enforcement and and/or the Federal Bureau of Investigation for analysis pursuant to s. 624.34.

(4) Have a good moral character as determined by investigation under procedure established by the division.

(d) (5) Be in good physical condition as determined by a medical examination conducted in accordance with the medical requirements for training and certification as set forth by rule of the department, and given by a physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state pursuant to chapter 458; an osteopathic physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state pursuant to chapter 459; or an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed to practice in the state pursuant to chapter 464. Such examination may include, but need not be limited to, provisions of the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1582. Results of such A medical examination evidencing good physical condition shall be submitted to the division, on a form as provided by rule, before an individual is eligible for admission into a firefighter training program as defined in s. 633.35.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ Be a nonuser of tobacco or tobacco products for at least 1 year immediately preceding application $\underline{\text{for employment or}}$

597-04178-09 20091606c1

commencement of training for certification as a career
firefighter, as evidenced by the sworn affidavit of the
applicant. A career firefighter certified after December 31,
2009, must, as a condition of employment, be nonuser of tobacco
or tobacco products.

(2) A person who does not hold a fire service apprentice, fireground resource technician, firefighter I, or firefighter II certificate may not respond or engage in hazardous operations, including, but not limited to, interior structural firefighting, hazardous-materials-incident mitigation, and incident command, requiring the knowledge and skills taught in the training programs established in s. 633.35, regardless of volunteer or employment status.

Section 24. Section 633.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.35 Firefighter training and certification.-

- (1) The division shall adopt rules to establish a firefighter training programs for certification as a fireground resource technician, a fire service apprentice, a firefighter I, and a firefighter II, to be program of not less than 360 hours, administered by such agencies and institutions as approved by the division in accordance with division rules it approves for the purpose of providing basic employment training for firefighters. Nothing herein shall require a public employer to pay the cost of such training.
- (2) The division shall issue <u>certificates</u> a <u>certificate</u> of compliance <u>for certification as a fireground resource</u> technician, a fire service apprentice, a firefighter I, and a <u>firefighter II</u> to any person <u>who has</u> satisfactorily <u>completed</u>

597-04178-09 20091606c1

1248 complying with the training programs program established in 1249 subsection (1), who has successfully passed an examination as 1250 prescribed by the division, and who possesses the qualifications 1251 specified for employment in s. 633.34, except s. 633.34(5). A No 1252 person may not be employed as a career regular or permanent 1253 firefighter by an employing agency, or by a private entity under 1254 contract with the state or any political subdivision of the 1255 state, including authorities and special districts, unless 1256 certified as a firefighter II, except for an individual hired to 1257 be trained and become certified as a firefighter II. A person 1258 hired to be trained and become certified as a firefighter II has 1259 a maximum of for a period of time in excess of 1 year following 1260 from the date of initial employment to obtain the firefighter II 1261 until he or she has obtained such certificate of compliance. A 1262 person who does not hold a firefighter II certificate of 1263 compliance and is employed under this section may not directly 1264 engage in hazardous operations, such as interior structural 1265 firefighting or and hazardous-materials-incident mitigation, 1266 requiring the knowledge and skills taught in a training program 1267 established in subsection (1). However, a person who is 1268 certified and has been employed by served as a volunteer 1269 firefighter with the state or any political subdivision of the 1270 state, including authorities and special districts, who is then 1271 employed as a career regular or permanent firefighter may 1272 function, during this period, in the same capacity in which he 1273 or she acted before being employed as a career firefighter as a 1274 volunteer firefighter, provided that he or she has completed all 1275 training required by the volunteer organization.

(3) The division may issue a certificate of compliance at

1278

1279

1280

1281

1282

1283

1284

1285

1286

1287

1288

1289

1290

1291

1292

1293

1294

1295

1296

1297

1298

1299

1300

1301

1302

1303

1304

1305

597-04178-09 20091606c1

the firefighter I or firefighter II level to any person who has received basic employment training for firefighters in another state when the division has determined that such training was at least equivalent to that required by the division for approved firefighter education and training programs in this state and when such person has satisfactorily complied with all other requirements of this section. The division may also issue a special certificate to a person who is otherwise qualified under this section and who is employed as the administrative and command head of a fire/rescue/emergency services organization, based on the acknowledgment that such person is less likely to need physical dexterity and more likely to need advanced knowledge of firefighting and supervisory skills. The certificate is valid only while the person is serving in a position as an administrative and command head of a fire/rescue/emergency services organization and must be obtained before employment in such capacity.

- (4) An applicant A person who fails an examination given under this section may retake the examination once within 6 months after the original examination date. An applicant who does not pass retake the examination within such time must repeat or take the applicable training program Minimum Standards Course, pursuant to subsection (1), before being reexamined. The division may establish reasonable preregistration deadlines for such reexaminations.
- (5) Pursuant to s. 590.02(1)(e), the division shall establish a structural fire training program of not less than 40 hours. The division shall issue to any person satisfactorily complying with this training program and who has successfully

597-04178-09 20091606c1

passed an examination as prescribed by the division and who has met the requirements of s. 590.02(1) (e) a Certificate of Forestry Firefighter.

(6) A certified forestry firefighter is entitled to the same rights, privileges, and benefits provided for by law as a career certified firefighter.

Section 25. Section 633.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.351 Disciplinary action; firefighters; standards for revocation of certification.—

- (1) The certification of a firefighter shall be revoked by the division if evidence is found that the certification was improperly issued by the division or if evidence is found that the certification was issued on the basis of false, incorrect, incomplete, or misleading information. Misrepresentation or falsification of division-issued certifications or the requirements for certification by or on behalf of an individual to any employing agency or division shall result in the revocation of all certifications held by that individual.
- the division if the firefighter is adjudicated guilty of, or pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, any felony or crime involving moral turpitude and punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under federal law, the law of any state, or the law of any other country, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction is entered or adjudication withheld by the court having jurisdiction over such matter. Who is convicted of a felony, or who is convicted of a misdemeanor relating to misleading or false statements, or who pleads nolo contendere to

597-04178-09 20091606c1

any charge of a felony shall be revoked until the firefighter complies with s. 112.011(2)(b). However, if sentence upon such felony or such misdemeanor charge is suspended or adjudication is withheld, the firefighter's certification shall be revoked until she or he completes any probation.

Section 26. Section 633.352, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.352 Retention of firefighter certification.-

- (1) Any certified firefighter who has not been active as a firefighter, or as a volunteer firefighter with an organized fire department, for a period of 3 years shall be required to retake and pass the written and practical portions portion of the minimum standards state examination specified in division rules rule 4A-37.056(6)(b), Florida Administrative Code, in order to maintain her or his certification as a firefighter.÷ however,
- (2) This requirement does not apply to state-certified firefighters who are certified and employed or under contract as full-time firesafety inspectors for an entity listed in s.

 633.081(1) or to instructors regardless of their employment status instructors, as determined by the division.
- (3) The 3-year period begins on the date the <u>firefighter I</u> or <u>firefighter II</u> certificate of compliance is issued, or upon termination of service with an organized fire department, or upon expiration of instructor certification.

Section 27. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 633.382, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

633.382 Firefighters; supplemental compensation.-

597-04178-09 20091606c1

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Firefighter" means any person who meets the definition of the term "firefighter" in s. 633.30(1) or (10) and who is certified in compliance with s. 633.35 and who is employed solely within the fire department of the employing agency or is employed by the division.
 - (2) QUALIFICATIONS FOR SUPPLEMENTAL COMPENSATION. -
- (a) In addition to the compensation now paid by an employing agency to <u>a any</u> firefighter <u>II</u>, every <u>career</u> firefighter shall be paid supplemental compensation by the employing agency when such firefighter has complied with one of the following criteria:
- 1. Any firefighter <u>II</u> who receives an associate degree from <u>an accredited</u> a college, which degree is applicable to fire department duties, as outlined in policy guidelines of the division, shall be additionally compensated as outlined in paragraph (3)(a).
- 2. Any firefighter <u>II</u>, regardless of whether or not she or he earned an associate degree earlier, who receives from an accredited college or university a bachelor's degree, which bachelor's degree is applicable to fire department duties, as outlined in policy guidelines of the division, shall receive compensation as outlined in paragraph (3)(b).
- Section 28. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and subsections (3), (10), and (11) of section 633.521, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 633.521 Certificate application and issuance; permit issuance; examination and investigation of applicant.—

(2)

1394

1395

1396

1397

1398

1399

1400

1401

1402

1403

1404

1405 1406

1407

1408

1409

1410

1411

1412

1413

1414

1415

1416

1417

1418

1419

1420

1421

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(e) An applicant may not be examined more than four times during 1 year for certification as a contractor pursuant to this section unless the person is or has been certified and is taking the examination to change classifications. If an applicant does not pass one or more parts of the examination, she or he may take any part of the examination three more times during the 1year period beginning upon the date she or he originally filed an application to take the examination. If the applicant does not pass the examination within that 1-year period, she or he must file a new application and pay the application and examination fees in order to take the examination or a part of the examination again. However, the applicant may not file a new application sooner than 6 months after the date of her or his last examination. An applicant who passes the examination but does not meet the remaining qualifications as provided in applicable statutes and rules within 1 year after the application date must file a new application, pay the application and examination fee, successfully complete a prescribed training course approved by the State Fire College or an equivalent course approved by the State Fire Marshal, and retake and pass the written examination.

(3) (a) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a contractor I_{τ} , Contractor II_{τ} , or Contractor III_{τ} , the applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and shall possess 4 years' proven experience in the employment of a fire protection system contractor II_{τ} Contractor II_{τ} or a combination of equivalent education and experience in both water-based and chemical fire suppression systems.

597-04178-09 20091606c1

(b) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a contractor II, the applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and have 4 years of verifiable employment experience with a fire protection system as a contractor I or contractor II, or a combination of equivalent education and experience in water-based fire suppression systems.

- (c) Required education and experience for certification as a contractor I, contractor II, contractor III, or contractor IV includes training and experience in both installation and system layout as defined in s. 633.021.
- (d) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a contractor III, the applicant must be at least 18 years of age, be of good moral character, and have 4 years of verifiable employment experience with a fire protection system as a contractor I or contractor II, or a combination of equivalent education and experience in chemical fire suppression systems.
- (e) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor IV, the applicant shall be at least 18 years old, be of good moral character, and have at least 2 years of verifiable employment as years' proven experience in the employment of a fire protection system Contractor I, Contractor II, Contractor III, or Contractor IV, or combination of equivalent education and experience which combination need not include experience in the employment of a fire protection system contractor.
- (f) Upon successful completion of a training program acceptable to the State Fire Marshal of not less than 40 contact

597-04178-09 20091606c1

hours regarding the applicable installation standard used by the contractor IV as described in NFPA 13D, a certified plumber contractor meets the requirements for equivalent education and experience. The State Fire Marshal may establish rules to administer this subsection.

- (g) As a prerequisite to taking the examination for certification as a Contractor V, the applicant, including any applicant certified as a general contractor under chapter 489, must shall be at least 18 years old, be of good moral character, and have been licensed as a certified underground utility and excavation contractor or plumbing contractor pursuant to chapter 489, have verification by an individual who is licensed as a certified utility contractor or plumbing contractor pursuant to chapter 489 that the applicant has 4 years' proven experience in the employ of a certified underground utility and excavation contractor or plumbing contractor, or have a combination of education and experience equivalent to 4 years' proven experience in the employ of a certified underground utility and excavation contractor or plumbing contractor.
- (h) Within 30 days after the date of the examination, the State Fire Marshal shall inform the applicant in writing whether she or he has qualified or not and, if the applicant has qualified, that she or he is ready to issue a certificate of competency, subject to compliance with the requirements of subsection (4).
- (10) Effective July 1, 2008, the State Fire Marshal shall require the National Institute of Certification in Engineering Technologies (NICET), Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems Level II or equivalent training and

1481

1482

1483

14841485

1486

14871488

1489

1490

1491

1492

1493

1494

1495

1496

1497

1498

1499

1500

1501

1502

1503

1504

1505

1506

1507

1508

597-04178-09 20091606c1

education as determined by the division as proof that the permitholders are knowledgeable about nationally accepted standards for the inspection of fire protection systems. It is the intent of this act, from July 1, 2005, until July 1, 2008, to accept continuing education of all certificateholders' employees who perform inspection functions which specifically prepares the permitholder to qualify for NICET II certification.

(11) It is intended that a certificateholder, or a permitholder who is employed by a certificateholder, conduct inspections required by this chapter. It is understood that after July 1, 2008, employee turnover may result in a depletion of personnel who are certified under the NICET Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems Level II or equivalent training and education as determined by the division which is required for permitholders. The extensive training and experience necessary to achieve NICET Level II certification is recognized. A certificateholder may therefore obtain a provisional permit with an endorsement for inspection, testing, and maintenance of water-based fire extinguishing systems for an employee if the employee has initiated procedures for obtaining Level II certification from the National Institute for Certification in Engineering Technologies Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems and achieved Level I certification or an equivalent level as determined by the State Fire Marshal through verification of experience, training, and examination. The State Fire Marshal may establish rules to administer this subsection. After 2 years of provisional certification, the employee must have achieved NICET Level II certification, or obtain equivalent training and

597-04178-09 20091606c1

education as determined by the division, or cease performing inspections requiring Level II certification. The provisional permit is valid only for the 2 calendar years after the date of issuance, may not be extended, and is not renewable. After the initial 2-year provisional permit expires, the certificateholder must wait 2 additional years before a new provisional permit may be issued. The intent is to prohibit the certificateholder from using employees who never reach NICET Level II status, or equivalent training and education as determined by the division, by continuously obtaining provisional permits.

Section 29. Subsection (3) is added to section 633.524, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 633.524 Certificate and permit fees; use and deposit of collected funds.—
- (3) The State Fire Marshal may enter into a contract with any qualified public entity or private company in accordance with chapter 287 to provide examinations for any applicant for any examination administered under the jurisdiction of the State Fire Marshal.

Section 30. Subsection (4) of section 633.537, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 633.537 Certificate; expiration; renewal; inactive certificate; continuing education.—
- (4) The renewal period for the permit class is the same as that for the employing certificateholder. The continuing education requirements for permitholders are what is required to maintain NICET Sub-field of Inspection and Testing of Fire Protection Systems Level II, equivalent training and education as determined by the division, or higher certification plus 8

597-04178-09 20091606c1

contact hours of continuing education approved by the State Fire Marshal during each biennial renewal period thereafter. The continuing education curriculum from July 1, 2005, until July 1, 2008, shall be the preparatory curriculum for NICET II certification; after July 1, 2008, the technical curriculum is at the discretion of the State Fire Marshal and may be used to meet the maintenance of NICET Level II certification and 8 contact hours of continuing education requirements. It is the responsibility of the permitholder to maintain NICET II certification or equivalent training and education as determined by the division as a condition of permit renewal after July 1, 2008.

Section 31. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 633.541, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

633.541 Contracting without certificate prohibited; violations; penalty.—

(1) It is unlawful for any organization or individual to engage in the business of, or the layout, fabrication, installation, inspection, alteration, repair, or service of, a fire protection system, other than a preengineered system, act in the capacity of a fire protection contractor, or advertise itself as being a fire protection contractor without having been duly certified and holding a valid and existing certificate, except as hereinafter provided. The holder of a certificate used to qualify an organization must be a full-time employee of the qualified organization or business. A certificateholder who is employed by more than one fire protection contractor during the same period of time is deemed not to be a full-time employee of either contractor. The State Fire Marshal shall revoke, for a

597-04178-09 20091606c1

period of time determined by the State Fire Marshal, the certificate of a certificateholder who allows the use of the certificate to qualify a company of which the certificateholder is not a full-time employee. A contractor who maintains more than one place of business must employ a certificateholder at each location. Nothing in This subsection does not prohibit prohibits an employee acting on behalf of governmental entities from inspecting and enforcing firesafety codes, provided such employee is certified under s. 633.081. Additionally, this subsection does not prohibit an owner of a one-family or two-family dwelling from inspecting or maintaining the fire protection system for his or her own house.

(4) In addition to the penalties provided in subsection (3), a fire protection contractor certified under this chapter who violates any provision of this <u>chapter</u> section or who commits any act constituting cause for disciplinary action is subject to suspension or revocation of the certificate and administrative fines pursuant to s. 633.547.

Section 32. Subsection (4) of section 633.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.72 Florida Fire Code Advisory Council.-

(4) Each appointee shall serve a 4-year term. No member shall serve more than two consecutive terms one term. No member of the council shall be paid a salary as such member, but each shall receive travel and expense reimbursement as provided in s. 112.061.

Section 33. Section 633.811, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.811 Firefighter employer penalties.—If any firefighter

1597

1598

1599

1600

1601

1602

1603

1604

1605

1606

1607

16081609

1610

1611

1612

1613

16141615

1616

1617

1618

1619

1620

16211622

1623

1624

597-04178-09 20091606c1

employer violates or fails or refuses to comply with ss. 633.801-633.821, or with any rule adopted by the division under such sections in accordance with chapter 120 for the prevention of injuries, accidents, or occupational diseases or with any lawful order of the division in connection with ss. 633.801-633.821, or fails or refuses to furnish or adopt any safety device, safeguard, or other means of protection prescribed by division rule under ss. 633.801-633.821 for the prevention of accidents or occupational diseases, the division may issue an administrative cease and desist order. The division may also order assess against the firefighter employer to pay an administrative fine a civil penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000 for each day the violation, omission, failure, or refusal continues after the firefighter employer has been given written notice of such violation, omission, failure, or refusal. The total fine penalty for each violation shall not exceed \$50,000. The division shall adopt rules requiring fines penalties commensurate with the frequency or severity of safety violations. Actions by the division pursuant to this section are subject to the provisions of chapter 120. Any A hearing shall be held in the county in which the violation, omission, failure, or refusal is alleged to have occurred, unless otherwise agreed to by the firefighter employer and authorized by the division. Orders of the division issued pursuant to this section are enforceable in the circuit court in the jurisdiction in which the violation is occurring or has <u>occurred</u>. All penalties assessed and collected under this section shall be deposited in the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund.

Section 34. Subsection (3) of section 633.821, Florida

597-04178-09 20091606c1

1625 Statutes, is amended to read:

633.821 Workplace safety.-

- (3) With respect to 29 C.F.R. s. 1910.134(g)(4), the two individuals located outside the immediately dangerous to life and health atmosphere may be assigned to an additional role, such as incident commander, pumper operator, engineer, or driver, so long as such individual is able to immediately perform assistance or rescue activities without jeopardizing the safety or health of any firefighter working at an incident. Also with respect to 29 C.F.R. s. 1910.134(g)(4):
- (a) Each county, municipality, and special district shall implement such provision by April 1, 2002, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c).
- (b) If any county, municipality, or special district is unable to implement such provision by April 1, 2002, without adding additional personnel to its firefighting staff or expending significant additional funds, such county, municipality, or special district shall have an additional 6 months within which to implement such provision. Such county, municipality, or special district shall notify the division that the 6-month extension to implement such provision is in effect in such county, municipality, or special district within 30 days after its decision to extend the time for the additional 6 months. The decision to extend the time for implementation shall be made prior to April 1, 2002.
- (c) If, after the extension granted in paragraph (b), the county, municipality, or special district, after having worked with and cooperated fully with the division and the Firefighters Employment, Standards, and Training Council, is still unable to

597-04178-09 20091606c1 1654 implement such provisions without adding additional personnel to 1655 its firefighting staff or expending significant additional 1656 funds, such municipality, county, or special district shall be 1657 exempt from the requirements of 29 C.F.R. s. 1910.134(q)(4). 1658 However, each year thereafter the division shall review each 1659 such county, municipality, or special district to determine if 1660 such county, municipality, or special district has the ability to implement such provision without adding additional personnel 1661 1662 to its firefighting staff or expending significant additional 1663 funds. If the division determines that any county, municipality, 1664 or special district has the ability to implement such provision 1665 without adding additional personnel to its firefighting staff or 1666 expending significant additional funds, the division shall require such county, municipality, or special district to 1667 1668 implement such provision. Such requirement by the division under 1669 this paragraph constitutes final agency action subject to 1670 chapter 120. 1671 Section 35. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this

act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

1672

Page 58 of 58