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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Education Pre-K - 12 Appropriations

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to school improvement and 3 accountability; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; revising 4 provisions relating to the powers and duties of 5 district school boards to implement the state system 6 of school improvement and education accountability; 7 amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; requiring that the State 8 Board of Education comply with the federal Elementary 9 and Secondary Education Act (ESEA); authorizing the 10 board to adopt rules in compliance with the ESEA after 11 evaluating and determining that the ESEA and its 12 implementing regulations are consistent with the 13 statements of purpose in the ESEA; authorizing the 14 board to adopt rules to maintain such compliance; 15 providing requirements for the state system of school improvement and education accountability; requiring 16 that school districts be held accountable for 17 18 improving the academic achievement of all students and 19 identifying low-performing schools; requiring that the 20 Department of Education categorize public schools 21 annually based on school grade and the level and rate 2.2 of change in student performance; providing that 23 schools are subject to certain intervention and 24 support strategies; authorizing the State Board of 25 Education to prescribe reporting requirements to 26 review and monitor the progress of schools; requiring 27 that the Department of Education create a matrix

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28 reflecting which intervention and support strategies 29 to apply to schools in each category; providing 30 criteria for categorizing schools as the lowestperforming schools; requiring that a school district 31 32 submit a plan, subject to the State Board of 33 Education's approval, for implementing one of four 34 options to improve the performance of the lowest-35 performing schools; requiring that the school district 36 submit a plan for implementing another option if the 37 lowest-performing schools do not move to another 38 category; requiring that a school make significant 39 progress by improving its grade and increasing student 40 performance in mathematics and reading to advance to a higher category; requiring that the State Board of 41 42 Education adopt rules; amending s. 1008.345, F.S.; 43 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1012.2315, F.S.; revising legislative 44 45 findings and intent; revising provisions relating to the assignment of teachers to conform to changes made 46 47 by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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51 Section 1. Subsection (18) of section 1001.42, Florida 52 Statutes, is amended to read:

53 1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.—The 54 district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all 55 powers and perform all duties listed below:

56

(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-



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57 Maintain a state system of school improvement and education 58 accountability as provided by statute and State Board of Education rule. This system of school improvement and education 59 accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented 60 through, the district's continuing system of planning and 61 budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01, 62 and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education 63 accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33, 64 65 1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include, but is not limited 66 to, the following:

67 (a) School improvement plans.-The district school board 68 shall annually approve and require implementation of a new, amended, or continuation school improvement plan for each school 69 70 in the district. A district school board may establish a district school improvement plan that includes all schools in 71 72 the district operating for the purpose of providing educational 73 services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. 74 The school improvement plan shall be designed to achieve the 75 state education priorities pursuant to s. 1000.03(5) and student 76 proficiency on the Sunshine State Standards pursuant to s. 77 1003.41. Each plan shall address student achievement goals and strategies based on state and school district proficiency 78 79 standards. The plan may also address issues relative to other 80 academic-related matters, as determined by district school board 81 policy, and shall include an accurate, data-based analysis of 82 student achievement and other school performance data. Beginning 83 with plans approved for implementation in the 2007-2008 school year, each secondary school plan must include a redesign 84 85 component based on the principles established in s. 1003.413.

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86	For each school in the district that earns a school grade of "C"
87	or below, or is required to have a school improvement plan under
88	federal law, the school improvement plan shall, at a minimum,
89	also include:
90	1. Professional development that supports enhanced and
91	differentiated instructional strategies to improve teaching and
92	learning.
93	2. Continuous use of disaggregated student achievement data
94	to determine effectiveness of instructional strategies.
95	3. Ongoing informal and formal assessments to monitor
96	individual student progress, including progress toward mastery
97	of the Sunshine State Standards, and to redesign instruction if
98	needed.
99	4. Alternative instructional delivery methods to support
100	remediation, acceleration, and enrichment strategies.
101	(b) Approval process.—Develop a process for approval of a
102	school improvement plan presented by an individual school and
103	its advisory council. In the event a district school board does
104	not approve a school improvement plan after exhausting this
105	process, the Department of Education shall be notified of the
106	need for assistance.
107	(c) Assistance and intervention.—
108	1. Develop a 2-year plan of increasing individualized
109	assistance and intervention for each school in danger of not
110	meeting state standards or making adequate progress, as defined
111	pursuant to statute and State Board of Education rule, toward
112	meeting the goals and standards of its approved school
113	improvement plan.
114	2. Provide assistance and intervention to a school that is

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115 designated with a grade of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34 and is in 116 danger of failing.

117 3. Develop a plan to encourage teachers with demonstrated 118 mastery in improving student performance to remain at or transfer to a school with a grade of "D" or "F" or to an 119 120 alternative school that serves disruptive or violent youths. If 121 a classroom teacher, as defined by s. 1012.01(2)(a), who meets 122 the definition of teaching mastery developed according to the 123 provisions of this paragraph, requests assignment to a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" or to an alternative 124 125 school that serves disruptive or violent youths, the district 126 school board shall make every practical effort to grant the 127 request.

4. Prioritize, to the extent possible, the expenditures of
funds received from the supplemental academic instruction
categorical fund under s. 1011.62(1)(f) to improve student
performance in schools that receive a grade of "D" or "F."

(d) After 2 years .- Notify the Commissioner of Education and 132 133 the State Board of Education in the event any school does not 134 make adequate progress toward meeting the goals and standards of 135 a school improvement plan by the end of 2 years of failing to 136 make adequate progress and proceed according to guidelines 137 developed pursuant to statute and State Board of Education rule. School districts shall provide intervention and assistance to 138 139 schools in danger of being designated with a grade of "F," 140 failing to make adequate progress.

(b) (c) Public disclosure. - The district school board shall
 provide information regarding the performance of students and
 educational programs as required pursuant to ss. 1008.22 and

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144 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as required by statute and State Board of Education rule which that shall 145 146 include schools operating for the purpose of providing 147 educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those schools, report on the elements 148 149 specified in s. 1003.52(19). Annual public disclosure reports 150 shall be in an easy-to-read report card format and shall include 151 the school's grade, high school graduation rate calculated 152 without GED tests, disaggregated by student ethnicity, and 153 performance data as specified in state board rule.

154 <u>(c) (f)</u> School improvement funds.—<u>The district school board</u> 155 <u>shall</u> provide funds to schools for developing and implementing 156 school improvement plans. Such funds shall include those funds 157 appropriated for the purpose of school improvement pursuant to 158 s. 24.121(5)(c).

159 Section 2. Section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to 160 read:

161	(Substantial rewording of section. See
162	s. 1008.33, F.S., for present text.)
163	1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement
164	(1) The State Board of Education shall comply with the
165	federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C.
166	ss. 6301, et seq., and its implementing regulations. The State
167	Board of Education is authorized to adopt rules in compliance
168	with the ESEA and, after evaluating and determining that the
169	ESEA and its implementing regulations are consistent with the
170	statements of purpose set forth in the ESEA (2002), may adopt
171	rules to maintain compliance with the ESEA.
172	(2)(a) Pursuant to subsection (1) and ss. 1008.34,

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173 1008.345, and 1008.385, the State Board of Education shall hold 174 all school districts and public schools accountable for student 175 performance. The board is responsible for a state system of 176 school improvement and education accountability which assesses 177 student performance by school, identifies schools in which 178 students are not making adequate progress toward state standards, and institutes appropriate measures for enforcing 179 180 improvement. 181 (b) The state system of school improvement and education 182 accountability must provide for uniform accountability 183 standards, provide assistance of escalating intensity to lowperforming schools, direct support to schools in order to 184 185 improve and sustain performance, focus on the performance of 186 student subgroups, and enhance student performance. 187 (c) School districts must be held accountable for improving the academic achievement of all students and for identifying and 188 189 turning around low-performing schools. 190 (3) (a) The academic performance of all students has a 191 significant effect on the state school system. Pursuant to Art. 192 IX of the State Constitution, which prescribes the duty of the 193 State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school system, the State Board of Education shall equitably enforce the 194 195 accountability requirements of the state school system and may 196 impose state requirements on school districts in order to 197 improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and 198 students based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education 199 Code, chapters 1000-1013, and the federal Elementary and 200 Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq., and its 201 implementing regulations.

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202	(b) For the nurness of determining whether a public school
	(b) For the purpose of determining whether a public school
203	requires action to achieve a sufficient level of school
204	improvement, the Department of Education shall annually
205	categorize a public school in one of six categories based on the
206	school's grade, pursuant to s. 1008.34, and the level and rate
207	of change in student performance in the areas of reading and
208	mathematics, disaggregated into student subgroups as described
209	in the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, 20 U.S.C.
210	s. 6311(b)(2)(C)(v)(II).
211	(c) Appropriate intervention and support strategies shall
212	be applied to schools that require action to achieve a
213	sufficient level of improvement as described in paragraph (b).
214	The intervention and support strategies must address student
215	performance, including, but not limited to, improvement
216	planning, leadership quality improvement, educator quality
217	improvement, professional development, curriculum alignment and
218	pacing, and the use of continuous improvement and monitoring
219	plans and processes. The State Board of Education may prescribe
220	reporting requirements to review and monitor the progress of the
221	schools.
222	(4) The Department of Education shall create a matrix that
223	reflects intervention and support strategies to address the
224	particular needs of schools in each category.
225	(a) Intervention and support strategies shall be applied to
226	schools based upon the school categorization. The Department of
227	Education shall apply the most intense intervention strategies
228	to the lowest-performing schools. For all but the lowest
229	category and "F" schools in the second lowest category, the
230	intervention and support strategies shall be administered solely
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231	by the districts and the schools.
232	(b) The lowest-performing schools are schools that have
233	received:
234	1. A grade of "F" in the most recent school year and in 4
235	of the last 6 years; or
236	2. A grade of "D" or "F" in the most recent year and meet
237	at least three of the following criteria:
238	a. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
239	reading has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
240	years previously;
241	b. The percentage of students who are not proficient in
242	mathematics has increased when compared to measurements taken 5
243	years previously;
244	c. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
245	proficient in reading; or
246	d. At least 65 percent of the school's students are not
247	proficient in mathematics.
248	(5)(a) In the school year after a school is initially
249	identified as a school in the lowest-performing category, the
250	school district must submit a plan, which is subject to approval
251	by the State Board of Education, for implementing one of the
252	following options at the beginning of the next school year. The
253	plan must be implemented, unless the school moves from the
254	lowest-performing category:
255	1. Convert the school to a district-managed turnaround
256	school by means that include implementing a turnaround plan
257	approved by the Commissioner of Education which shall become the
258	<pre>school's improvement plan;</pre>
259	2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the

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260 <u>progress of each reassigned student;</u>
261 <u>3. Close the school and reopen the school as a charter</u>
262 <u>school or multiple charter schools whose governing board has a</u>
263 <u>demonstrated record of effectiveness; or</u>

264 <u>4. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated</u>
 265 record of effectiveness to operate the school.

266 (b) If a school does not move from the lowest-performing 267 category during the initial year of implementing one of the 268 options in paragraph (a), the school district must submit a 269 plan, which is subject to approval by the State Board of 270 Education, for implementing a different option in paragraph (a) 271 at the beginning of the next school year, unless the State Board 272 of Education determines that the school is likely to move from 273 the lowest-performing category if additional time is provided to 274 implement intervention and support strategies. The State Board 275 of Education shall determine whether a school district may 276 continue to implement an option beyond 1 year while a school 277 remains in the lowest-performing category.

278 (6) In order to advance to a higher category, a school must
 279 make significant progress by improving its school grade and by
 280 increasing student performance in mathematics and reading.
 281 Student performance must be evaluated for each student subgroup
 282 as set forth in subsection (4).

283 (7) Beginning July 1, 2009, the Department of Education 284 shall commence its duties under this section.

285 (8) By July 1, 2010, the State Board of Education shall 286 adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer 287 this section. The department shall consult with education 288 stakeholders in developing the rules.

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289 Section 3. Subsection (5) and paragraphs (b) and (d) of 290 subsection (6) of section 1008.345, Florida Statutes, are 291 amended to read:

292 1008.345 Implementation of state system of school 293 improvement and education accountability.-

294 (5) The commissioner shall report to the Legislature and 295 recommend changes in state policy necessary to foster school 296 improvement and education accountability. Included in the report shall be a list of the schools, including schools operating for 297 298 the purpose of providing educational services to youth in 299 Department of Juvenile Justice programs, for which district 300 school boards have developed school improvement assistance and intervention plans and an analysis of the various strategies 301 302 used by the school boards. School reports shall be distributed 303 pursuant to this subsection and s. 1001.42(18)(b) s. 304 1001.42(16)(e) and according to rules adopted by the State Board 305 of Education.

(6)

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307 (b) Upon request, the department shall provide technical 308 assistance and training to any school, including any school 309 operating for the purpose of providing educational services to 310 youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, school advisory council, district, or district school board for 311 312 conducting needs assessments, developing and implementing school 313 improvement plans, developing and implementing assistance and 314 intervention plans, or implementing other components of school 315 improvement and accountability. Priority for these services shall be given to schools designated with a grade of "D" or "F" 316 317 and school districts in rural and sparsely populated areas of

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318 the state.

319 (d) The commissioner shall assign a community assessment 320 team to each school district or governing board with a school 321 graded "F" and those in the lowest category to review the school 322 performance data and determine causes for the low performance, 323 including the role of school, area, and district administrative 324 personnel. The community assessment team shall review a high 325 school's graduation rate calculated without GED tests for the 32.6 past 3 years, disaggregated by student ethnicity. The team shall 327 make recommendations to the school board or the governing board, 328 to the department, and to the State Board of Education which for 329 implementing an assistance and intervention plan that will 330 address the causes of the school's low performance and may be 331 incorporated into the school improvement plan. The assessment 332 team shall include, but not be limited to, a department 333 representative, parents, business representatives, educators, 334 representatives of local governments, and community activists, 335 and shall represent the demographics of the community from which 336 they are appointed.

337 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1012.2315,338 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-

(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-The Legislature finds
disparities between teachers assigned to teach in a majority of
schools that do not need improvement and schools that do need
improvement pursuant to s. 1008.33 "A" graded schools and
teachers assigned to teach in a majority of "F" graded schools.
The disparities may can be found in the assignment of
temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement,

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347 and out-of-field teachers and in average years of experience, 348 the median salary, and the performance of the students teachers 349 on teacher certification examinations. It is the intent of the 350 Legislature that district school boards have flexibility through 351 the collective bargaining process to assign teachers more 352 equitably across the schools in the district.

353 (2) ASSIGNMENT TO SCHOOLS CATEGORIZED AS IN NEED OF 354 IMPROVEMENT. GRADED "D" OR "F."-School districts may not assign 355 a higher percentage than the school district average of first-356 time teachers, temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need 357 of improvement, or out-of-field teachers to schools designated 358 as one of the lowest three performing categories under s. 359 1008.33(3)(b). with above the school district average of 360 minority and economically disadvantaged students or schools that 361 are graded "D" or "F." Each school district shall annually 362 certify to the Commissioner of Education that this requirement has been met. If the commissioner determines that a school 363 364 district is not in compliance with this subsection, the State 365 Board of Education shall be notified and shall take action 366 pursuant to s. 1008.32 in the next regularly scheduled meeting 367 to require compliance.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

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