By the Committee on Transportation; and Senator Constantine

596-03418-09 20091998c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to street racing; creating the "Luis Rivera Ortega Street Racing Act"; amending s. 316.191, F.S.; clarifying a definition; revising provisions prohibiting certain speed competitions and exhibitions; prohibiting driving in any race, drag race, or exhibition of speed or acceleration; prohibiting specified activities involving such races, drag races, and exhibitions; providing criminal and noncriminal penalties; providing for revocation of the driver license upon conviction; providing penalties for a second, third, or subsequent offense; requiring that the driving record of a person charged be provided to the court; providing criteria for arrest; revising provisions for impounding a motor vehicle used in a violation; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Luis Rivera Ortega Street Racing Act."

Section 2. Section 316.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.191 Racing on highways.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Conviction" means a determination of guilt that is the result of a plea or trial, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld.

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(b) "Drag race" means the operation of two or more motor vehicles from a point side by side at accelerating speeds in a competitive attempt to outdistance each other, or the operation of one or more motor vehicles over a common selected course, from the same point to the same point, for the purpose of comparing the relative speeds or power of acceleration of such motor vehicle or motor vehicles within a certain distance or time limit.

- (c) "Racing" or "race" means the use of one or more motor vehicles in an attempt to outgain or outdistance another motor vehicle, to prevent another motor vehicle from passing, to arrive at a given destination ahead of another motor vehicle or motor vehicles, or to test the physical stamina or endurance of drivers over long-distance driving routes.
- (d) "Spectator" means any person who is knowingly present at and views a drag race, when such presence is the result of an affirmative choice to attend or participate in the race. For purposes of determining whether or not an individual is a spectator, finders of fact shall consider the relationship between the racer and the individual, evidence of gambling or betting on the outcome of the race, and any other factor that would tend to show knowing attendance or participation.
- (2) (a) A person operating or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, including any motorcycle, on any street or highway or public parking lot may not drive in any:
- 1. Race; Drive any motor vehicle, including any motorcycle, in any race, speed competition or contest,
- 2. Drag race; or acceleration contest, test of physical endurance, or

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3. Exhibition of speed or acceleration. or for the purpose of making a speed record on any highway, roadway, or parking lot;

(b) A person may not:

- 1.2. In any manner participate in, coordinate, facilitate,
 or collect moneys at any location for any such race, drag race
 competition, contest, test, or exhibition prohibited under
 paragraph (a);
- 2.3. Knowingly ride as a passenger in any such race, drag race competition, contest, test, or exhibition prohibited under paragraph (a); or
- 3.4. Purposefully cause the movement of traffic to slow or stop for any such race, drag race competition, contest, test, or exhibition prohibited under paragraph (a).
- (3) (a) Any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the second first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) this paragraph shall pay a fine of not less than \$250 \$500 and not more than \$500 \$1,000, and the department shall revoke the driver license of a person so convicted for 2 years regardless of whether or not adjudication is withheld 1 year. A hearing may be requested pursuant to s. 322.271.
- (b) Any person who commits a second violation of any provision of violates paragraph (2) (a) within 5 years after the date of a prior violation that resulted in a conviction for a violation of paragraph (2) (a) this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall pay a fine of not less than

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\$500 and not more than \$1,000. The department shall also revoke the driver license of that person for $\underline{3}$ 2 years. A hearing may be requested pursuant to s. 322.271.

- (c) Any person who commits a third or subsequent violation of any provision of paragraph (2)(a) within 3 years after a prior conviction for a violation of paragraph (2)(a) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.

 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and shall pay a fine of not less than \$2,000 and not more than \$5,000. The department shall also revoke the driver's license of that person for 5 years. A hearing may be requested pursuant to s. 322.271.
- (4) (c) In any case charging a violation of paragraph (2) (a), the court shall be provided a copy of the driving record of the person charged and may obtain any records from any other source to determine if one or more prior convictions of the person for violation of paragraph (2) (a) have occurred within 5 years prior to the charged offense.
- $\underline{(5)}$ (a) A person may not be a spectator at any drag race prohibited under subsection (2).
- (b) A person who violates the provisions of paragraph (a) commits a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- (6) (4) Whenever a law enforcement officer determines that a person has committed a violation of subsection (2) was engaged in a drag race or race, as described in subsection (1), the officer may immediately arrest and take such person into custody. The court may enter an order of impoundment or immobilization as a condition of incarceration or probation. Within 7 business days after the date the court issues the order

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of impoundment or immobilization, the clerk of the court must send notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the registered owner of the motor vehicle, if the registered owner is a person other than the defendant, and to each person of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the impounding agency shall release a motor vehicle under the conditions provided in s. 316.193(6) (e) and, (f), and (h), if the owner or agent presents a valid driver license at the time of pickup of the motor vehicle.
- (b) All costs and fees for the impoundment or immobilization, including the cost of notification, must be paid by the owner of the motor vehicle or, if the motor vehicle is leased or rented, by the person leasing or renting the motor vehicle, unless the impoundment or immobilization order is dismissed. All provisions of s. 713.78 shall apply.
- (c) Any motor vehicle used in violation of subsection (2) may be impounded for a period of 30 10 business days if a law enforcement officer has arrested and taken a person into custody pursuant to this subsection and the person being arrested is the registered owner or coowner of the motor vehicle. If the arresting officer finds that the criteria of this paragraph are met, the officer may immediately impound the motor vehicle. The law enforcement officer shall notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of any impoundment for violation of this subsection in accordance with procedures established by the department. The provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) shall be applicable to such impoundment.
 - (7) Any motor vehicle used in violation of subsection

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(2) by any person within 5 years after the date of a prior conviction of that person for a violation under subsection (2) may be seized and forfeited as provided by the Florida Contraband Forfeiture Act. This subsection shall only be applicable if the owner of the motor vehicle is the person charged with violation of subsection (2).

- (8) (6) This section does not apply to licensed or duly authorized racetracks, drag strips, or other designated areas set aside by proper authorities for such purposes.
- (9) If any provision of this section is deemed unconstitutional by any court, such unconstitutional provision shall be deemed severable and such determination shall not affect the enforceability of all remaining constitutional provisions of this section.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2009.