

597-03083A-09

Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Banking and Insurance

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to mortgage brokering and lending; amending s. 494.001, F.S.; redefining terms, defining new terms, and deleting terms; amending s. 494.0011, F.S.; authorizing the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules relating to compliance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008; requiring the commission to adopt rules establishing time periods for barring licensure for certain misdemeanors and felonies; authorizing the Office of Financial Regulation to participate in the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry; creating s. 494.00121, F.S.; providing for the issuance of subpoenas; amending s. 494.0014, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the refund of fees; deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 494.00165, F.S.; prohibiting unfair and deceptive advertising relating to mortgage brokering and lending; repealing s. 494.0017, F.S., relating to claims paid from the Regulatory Trust Fund; creating s. 494.00172, F.S.; providing for a \$20 fee to be assessed against loan originators and a \$100 fee to be assessed against mortgage brokers and lenders at the time of license application or renewal; providing that such fees shall be deposited into the Mortgage Guaranty Trust Fund and used to pay claims against licensees; providing for a cap on the amount 27 collected and deposited; providing requirements for

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28	seeking recovery from the trust fund; providing
29	limitations on the amount paid; providing for the
30	assignment of certain rights to the office; providing
31	that payment for a claim is prima facie grounds for
32	the revocation of a license; amending s. 494.0018,
33	F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending ss.
34	494.0019 and 494.002, F.S.; conforming terms; amending
35	s. 494.0023, F.S.; deleting the statutory disclosure
36	form and revising the disclosure that must be provided
37	to a borrower in writing; providing that there is a
38	conflicting interest if a licensee or the licensee's
39	relatives have a 1 percent or more interest in the
40	person providing additional products or services;
41	authorizing the commission to adopt rules; amending s.
42	494.0025, F.S.; prohibiting the alteration,
43	withholding, concealment, or destruction of records
44	relevant to regulated activities; creating s. 494.255,
45	F.S.; providing for license violations and
46	administrative penalties; authorizing a fine of \$1,000
47	for each day of unlicensed activity up to \$25,000;
48	amending s. 494.0028, F.S.; conforming terms;
49	repealing ss. 494.0029 and 494.00295, F.S., relating
50	to mortgage business schools and continuing education
51	requirements; creating s. 494.00296, F.S.; providing
52	for loan modification services; prohibiting certain
53	related acts; providing for a loan modification
54	agreement and for the inclusion of a borrower's right
55	of cancellation statement; providing remedies;
56	providing a directive to the Division of Statutory
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57 Revision; amending s. 494.003, F.S.; revising 58 provisions relating to who is exempt from loan 59 originator or mortgage broker licensing and regulation; repealing s. 494.0031, F.S., relating to 60 61 licensure as a mortgage brokerage business; creating 62 s. 494.00312, F.S.; providing for the licensure of 63 loan originators; providing license application 64 requirements; providing grounds for license denial; 65 requiring the denial of a license under certain 66 circumstances; requiring licenses to be renewed 67 annually by a certain date; creating s. 494.00313, 68 F.S.; providing for the renewal of a loan originator 69 license; repealing s. 494.0032, F.S., relating to 70 renewal of a mortgage brokerage business license or 71 branch office license; creating s. 494.00321, F.S.; 72 providing for the licensure of mortgage brokers; 73 providing license application requirements; providing grounds for license denial; requiring the denial of a 74 75 license under certain circumstances; requiring 76 licenses to be renewed by a certain date; creating s. 77 494.00322, F.S.; providing for the annual renewal of a 78 mortgage broker license; providing license renewal 79 requirements; repealing s. 494.0033, F.S., relating to 80 a mortgage broker license; amending s. 494.00331, 81 F.S.; requiring a loan originator to be an employee or 82 independent contractor for a mortgage broker or 83 mortgage lender; repealing s. 494.0034, F.S., relating 84 to renewal of mortgage broker license; amending s. 85 494.0035, F.S.; providing for the management of a

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86 mortgage broker by a principal loan originator and a 87 branch office by a loan originator; providing minimum 88 requirements; amending s. 494.0036, F.S.; revising 89 provisions relating to the licensure of a mortgage 90 broker's branch office; amending s. 494.0038, F.S.; 91 revising provisions relating to loan origination and mortgage broker fees; amending s. 494.0039, F.S.; 92 conforming terms; amending s. 494.004, F.S.; revising 93 94 provisions relating to licensees; providing for 95 registry requirements; deleting obsolete provisions; 96 repealing s. 494.0041, F.S., relating to license 97 violations and administrative penalties; providing 98 additional grounds for assessing fines and penalties; 99 amending s. 494.0042, F.S.; providing for loan 100 originator fees; conforming terms; amending ss. 101 494.00421 and 494.0043, F.S.; conforming terms; 102 amending s. 494.006, F.S.; revising provisions relating to who is exempt from licensure and 103 104 regulation as a mortgage lender; repealing s. 105 494.0061, F.S., relating to mortgage lender license 106 requirements; creating s. 494.00611, F.S.; providing 107 for the licensure of mortgage lenders; providing license application requirements; providing grounds 108 109 for license denial; requiring the denial of a license 110 under certain circumstances; requiring licenses to be 111 renewed annually by a certain date; creating s. 112 494.00612, F.S.; providing for the renewal of a mortgage lender license; repealing s. 494.0062, F.S., 113 114 relating to correspondent mortgage lender license

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115 requirements; amending s. 494.0063, F.S.; requiring a 116 mortgage lender to obtain an annual financial audit 117 report and submit a copy to the office within certain 118 time periods; repealing s. 494.0064, F.S., relating to 119 renewal of mortgage lender license; repealing s. 120 494.0065, F.S., relating to certain licenses and 121 registrations that were converted into mortgage lender 122 licenses; amending s. 494.0066, F.S.; revising 123 provisions relating to a mortgage lender branch office 124 license; creating s. 494.00665, F.S.; providing for a 125 principal loan originator and branch manager for a 126 mortgage lender; providing requirements and 127 limitations; amending s. 494.0067, F.S.; revising 128 requirements of mortgage lenders; providing for 129 registry requirements; deleting obsolete provisions; 130 providing for servicing agreements; amending ss. 494.0068, 494.0069, 494.007, and 494.0071, F.S.; 131 conforming terms; repealing s. 494.0072, F.S., 132 133 relating to license violations and administrative penalties; amending ss. 494.00721, 494.0073, 494.0075, 134 135 494.0077, and 501.1377 F.S.; deleting provisions 136 relating to foreclosure rescue consultants and 137 foreclosure related rescue service agreements; 138 providing for the termination of mortgage business 139 school licenses; providing for the expiration of 140 mortgage brokerage business licenses, mortgage broker 141 licenses, and correspondent mortgage lender licenses; 142 providing requirements for applying for a loan 143 originator, mortgage broker and mortgage lender

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144	license by a certain date; providing effective dates.
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146	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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148	Section 1. Section 494.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to
149	read:
150	494.001 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 494.001-494.0077, the
151	term:
152	(1) "Act as a correspondent mortgage lender" means to make
153	a mortgage loan.
154	(2) "Act as a loan originator" means being employed by a
155	mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender, for
156	compensation or gain or in the expectation of compensation or
157	gain, to negotiate, offer to negotiate, or assist any licensed
158	or exempt entity in negotiating the making of a mortgage loan,
159	including, but not limited to, working with a licensed or exempt
160	entity to structure a loan or discussing terms and conditions
161	necessary for the delivery of a loan product. A natural person
162	whose activities are ministerial and clerical, which may include
163	quoting available interest rates, is not acting as a loan
164	originator.
165	(3) "Act as a mortgage broker" means, for compensation or
166	gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain, either
167	directly or indirectly, accepting or offering to accept an
168	application for a mortgage loan, soliciting or offering to
169	solicit a mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower, negotiating or
170	offering to negotiate the terms or conditions of a mortgage loan
171	on behalf of a lender, or negotiating or offering to negotiate
172	the sale of an existing mortgage loan to a noninstitutional

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173 investor. An employee whose activities are ministerial and 174 clerical, which may include quoting available interest rates or 175 loan terms and conditions, is not acting as a mortgage broker. 176 (4) "Act as a mortgage lender" means to make a mortgage 177 loan or to service a mortgage loan for others or, for

178 compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or 179 gain, either directly or indirectly, to sell or offer to sell a 180 mortgage loan to a noninstitutional investor.

181 (5) "Associate" means a person required to be licensed as a mortgage broker under this chapter who is employed by or acting 182 183 as an independent contractor for a mortgage brokerage business 184 or a person acting as an independent contractor for a mortgage 185 lender or correspondent mortgage lender. The use of the term 186 associate, in contexts other than in the administration of ss. 187 494.003-494.0077, shall not be construed to impose or effect the 188 common-law or statutory liability of the employer.

189 <u>(1) "Borrower" means a natural person obligated to repay a</u> 190 mortgage loan and includes, but is not limited to, a coborrower, 191 <u>cosignor, or guarantor.</u>

192 <u>(2)(6)</u> "Branch <u>manager</u> broker" means the <u>licensed loan</u> 193 <u>originator</u> licensee in charge of, and responsible for, the 194 operation of <u>the</u> a branch office of a mortgage <u>broker or</u> 195 mortgage lender brokerage business.

196 <u>(3)(7)</u> "Branch office" means a location, other than a
197 mortgage broker's or mortgage lender's licensee's principal
198 place of business:

(a) The address of which appears on business cards,
stationery, or advertising used by the licensee in connection
with business conducted under this chapter;

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(b) At which the licensee's name, advertising or promotional materials, or signage suggest that mortgage loans are originated, negotiated, funded, or serviced; or

(c) <u>At</u> which, <u>due to the actions of any employee or</u> associate of the licensee, may be construed by the public as a branch office of the licensee where mortgage loans are originated, negotiated, funded, or serviced <u>by a licensee</u>.

209 <u>(4)(8)</u> "Commission" means the Financial Services 210 Commission.

211 (5)(9) "Control person" means an individual, partnership, 212 corporation, trust, or other organization that possesses the 213 power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or 214 policies of a company, whether through ownership of securities, 215 by contract, or otherwise. <u>Control person includes, but is not</u> 216 <u>limited to A person is presumed to control a company if, with</u> 217 respect to a particular company, that person:

(a) A company's executive officers, including the president, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operations officer, chief legal officer, chief compliance officer, director, and other individuals having similar status or functions.

(b) For a corporation, each shareholder that, directly or indirectly, owns 10 percent or more or that has the power to vote 10 percent or more, of a class of voting securities unless the applicant is a publicly traded company.

(c) For a partnership, all general partners and limited or special partners that have contributed 10 percent or more or that have the right to receive, upon dissolution, 10 percent or more of the partnership's capital.

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231 (d) For a trust, each trustee. 232 (e) For a limited liability company, all elected managers and those members that have contributed 10 percent or more or 233 234 that have the right to receive, upon dissolution, 10 percent or 235 more of the partnership's capital. 236 (f) Principal loan originators. 237 (6) "Credit report" means any written, oral, or other 238 information obtained from a consumer reporting agency as 239 described in the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, which bears 240 on an individual's credit worthiness, credit standing, or credit capacity. A credit score alone, as calculated by the reporting 241 242 agency, is not considered a credit report. 243 (7) "Credit score" means a score, grade, or value that is 244 derived by using data from a credit report in any type of model, 245 method, or program, whether electronically, in an algorithm, 246 computer software or program, or any other process, for the 247 purpose of grading or ranking credit report data. 248 (8) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in s. 249 (3) (c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, and includes any 250 credit union. 251 (a) Is a director, general partner, or officer exercising 252 executive responsibility or having similar status or functions; 253 (b) Directly or indirectly may vote 10 percent or more of a class of voting securities or sell or direct the sale of 10 2.5.4 255 percent or more of a class of voting securities; or 256 (c) In the case of a partnership, may receive upon 257 dissolution or has contributed 10 percent or more of the 258 capital. (10) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation of 259

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260	the commission.
261	(11) "Employed" means engaged in the service of another for
262	salary or wages subject to withholding, FICA, or other lawful
263	deductions by the employer as a condition of employment.
264	(12) "Employee" means a natural person who is employed and
265	who is subject to the right of the employer to direct and
266	control the actions of the employee.
267	(13) "Good standing" means that the registrant or licensee,
268	or a subsidiary or affiliate thereof, is not, at the time of
269	application, being penalized for one or more of the following
270	disciplinary actions by a licensing authority of any state,
271	territory, or country:
272	(a) Revocation of a license or registration.
273	(b) Suspension of a license or registration.
274	(c) Probation of a license or registration for an offense
275	involving fraud, dishonest dealing, or an act of moral
276	turpitude.
277	(9) "Financial audit report" means a report prepared in
278	connection with a financial audit that is conducted in
279	accordance with generally accepted auditing standards prescribed
280	by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants by a
281	certified public accountant licensed to do business in the
282	United States, and which must include:
283	(a) Financial statements, including notes related to the
284	financial statements and required supplementary information,
285	prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted
286	accounting principles.
287	(b) An expression of opinion regarding whether the
288	financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting

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289 principles generally accepted in the United States, or an 290 assertion to the effect that such an opinion cannot be expressed 291 and the reasons.

292 (10) (14) "Institutional investor" means a depository 293 institution state or national bank, state or federal savings and 294 loan association or savings bank, real estate investment trust, 295 insurance company, real estate company, accredited investor as 296 defined in 17 C.F.R. ss. 230.501 et seq., mortgage broker or 297 mortgage lender business licensed under this chapter ss. 298 494.001-494.0077, or other business entity that invests in 299 mortgage loans, including a secondary mortgage market 300 institution including, without limitation, the Federal National 301 Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage 302 Corporation, and the Government National Mortgage Association, 303 conduits, investment bankers, and any subsidiary of such 304 entities.

305 <u>(11)(15)</u> "Loan commitment" or "commitment" means a 306 statement by the lender setting forth the terms and conditions 307 upon which the lender is willing to make a particular mortgage 308 loan to a particular borrower.

309 <u>(12) "Loan modification" means a modification to an</u> 310 <u>existing loan. The term does not include a refinancing</u> 311 <u>transaction.</u>

312 (13) "Loan origination fee" means the total compensation 313 from any source received by a mortgage broker acting as a loan 314 originator. Any payment for processing mortgage loan 315 applications must be included in the fee and must be paid to the 316 mortgage broker.

(14) "Loan originator" means an individual who, directly or

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318 indirectly, solicits or offers to solicit a mortgage loan, 319 accepts or offers to accept an application for a mortgage loan, 320 negotiates or offers to negotiate the terms or conditions of a 321 new or existing mortgage loan on behalf of a borrower or lender, 322 processes a mortgage loan application, or negotiates or offers 323 to negotiate the sale of an existing mortgage loan to a 324 noninstitutional investor for compensation or gain. The term 325 includes the activities of a loan originator as that term is 32.6 defined in the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008, and an 327 individual acting as a loan originator pursuant to that 328 definition is acting as a loan originator for purposes of this 329 definition. The term does not include an employee of a mortgage 330 broker or mortgage lender who performs only administrative or 331 clerical tasks, including quoting available interest rates, 332 physically handling a completed application form, or 333 transmitting a completed form to a lender on behalf of a 334 prospective borrower

335 <u>(15)(16)</u> "Lock-in agreement" means an agreement whereby the 336 lender guarantees for a specified number of days or until a 337 specified date the availability of a specified rate of interest 338 or specified formula by which the rate of interest will be 339 determined <u>or and/or</u> specific number of discount points <u>will be</u> 340 <u>given</u>, if the loan is approved and closed within the stated 341 period of time.

342 <u>(16) (17)</u> "<u>Making Make a mortgage loan</u>" means to close a 343 mortgage loan in a person's name, or to advance funds, offer to 344 advance funds, or make a commitment to advance funds to an 345 applicant for a mortgage loan.

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(17) "Mortgage broker" means a person conducting loan

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347	originator activities through one or more licensed loan
348	originators employed by the mortgage broker or as independent
349	contractors to the mortgage broker.
350	(18) "Mortgage brokerage fee" means a fee received for
351	acting as a mortgage broker.
352	(19) "Mortgage brokerage business" means a person acting as
353	a mortgage broker.
354	(18) "Mortgage lender" means a person making a mortgage
355	loan or servicing a mortgage loan for others, or, for
356	compensation or gain, directly or indirectly, selling or
357	offering to sell a mortgage loan to a noninstitutional investor.
358	<u>(19)</u> (20) "Mortgage loan" means any:
359	(a) Residential mortgage loan primarily for personal,
360	family, or household use which is secured by a mortgage, deed of
361	trust, or other equivalent consensual security interest on a
362	dwelling, as defined in s. 103(v) of the federal Truth in
363	Lending Act, or for the purchase of residential real estate upon
364	which a dwelling is to be constructed;
365	(b) Loan on commercial real property if the borrower is a
366	natural person or the lender is a noninstitutional investor; or
367	(c) Loan on improved real property consisting of five or
368	more dwelling units if the borrower is a natural person or the
369	lender is a noninstitutional investor.
370	(20) "Mortgage loan application" means the submission of a
371	borrower's financial information in anticipation of a credit
372	decision, which includes the borrower's name, the borrower's
373	monthly income, the borrower's social security number to obtain
374	a credit report, the property address, an estimate of the value
375	of the property, the mortgage loan amount sought, and any other

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376	information deemed necessary by the loan originator. An
377	application may be in writing or electronically submitted,
378	including a written record of an oral application.
379	(21) "Net worth" means total assets minus total liabilities
380	pursuant to <u>United States</u> generally accepted accounting
381	principles.
382	(22) "Noninstitutional investor" means an investor other
383	than an institutional investor.
384	(23) "Nonresidential mortgage loan" means a mortgage loan
385	other than a residential mortgage loan.
386	(23) "Office" means the Office of Financial Regulation.
387	(24) "Person" <u>has the same meaning as in s. 1.01</u> means an
388	individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other
389	group, however organized.
390	(25) "Principal broker" means a licensee in charge of, and
391	responsible for, the operation of the principal place of
392	business and all branch brokers.
393	(25) "Principal loan originator" means the licensed loan
394	originator in charge of, and responsible for, the operation of a
395	mortgage lender or mortgage broker, including all of the
396	activities of the mortgage lender's or mortgage broker's loan
397	originators and branch managers, whether employees or
398	independent contractors.
399	(26) "Principal place of business" means a <u>mortgage</u>
400	broker's or mortgage lender's licensee's primary business
401	office <u>,</u> the street address <u>,</u> or physical location <u>that</u> of which
402	is designated on the application for licensure or any amendment
403	to such application.
404	(27) "Registered loan originator" means a loan originator

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405	who is employed by a depository institution, by a subsidiary
406	that is owned and controlled by a depository institution and
407	regulated by a federal banking agency, or by an institution
408	regulated by the Farm Credit Administration, and who is
409	registered with and maintains a unique identifier through the
410	registry.
411	(28) "Registry" means the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
412	System and Registry, which is the mortgage licensing system
413	developed and maintained by the Conference of State Bank
414	Supervisors and the American Association of Residential Mortgage
415	Regulators for the licensing and registration of loan
416	originators.
417	(29) "Relative" means any of the following, whether by the
418	full or half blood or by adoption:
419	(a) A person's spouse, father, mother, children, brothers,
420	and sisters.
421	(b) The father, mother, brothers, and sisters of the
422	person's spouse.
423	(c) The spouses of the person's children, brothers, or
424	sisters.
425	(27) "Residential mortgage loan" means any mortgage or
426	other security instrument secured by improved real property
427	consisting of no more than four dwelling units.
428	(30) "Servicing endorsement" means authorizing a mortgage
429	lender to service a loan for more than 4 months.
430	(31) (28) "Servicing Service a mortgage loan" means to
431	receive <u>,</u> or cause to be received <u>,</u> or transferred for another <u>,</u>
432	installment payments of principal, interest, or other payments
433	pursuant to a mortgage loan.

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434 (32)(29) "Substantial fault of the borrower" means that the 435 borrower:

436 (a) Failed to provide information or documentation required437 by the lender or broker in a timely manner;

(b) Provided information, in the application or subsequently, which upon verification proved to be significantly inaccurate, causing the need for review or further investigation by the lender or broker;

442 (c) Failed to produce by no later than the date specified
443 by the lender all documentation specified in the commitment or
444 closing instructions as being required for closing; or

(d) Failed to be ready, willing, or able to close the loan
by no later than the date specified by the lender or broker.

For purposes of this definition, a borrower is considered to have provided information or documentation in a timely manner if such information and documentation was received by the lender within 7 days after the borrower received a request for same, and information is considered significantly inaccurate if the correct information materially affects the eligibility of the borrower for the loan for which application is made.

(33) (30) "Ultimate equitable owner" means a natural person 455 456 who, directly or indirectly, owns or controls an ownership interest in a corporation, a foreign corporation, an alien 457 458 business organization, or any other form of business 459 organization, regardless of whether such natural person owns or 460 controls such ownership interest through one or more natural persons or one or more proxies, powers of attorney, nominees, 461 462 corporations, associations, partnerships, trusts, joint stock

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463 companies, or other entities or devices, or any combination 464 thereof.

465 (31) "Principal representative" means an individual who 466 operates the business operations of a licensee under part III. 467 (32) "Mortgage loan application" means a submission of a borrower's financial information in anticipation of a credit 468 469 decision, whether written or computer-generated, relating to a 470 mortgage loan. If the submission does not state or identify a 471 specific property, the submission is an application for a prequalification and not an application for a mortgage loan 472 under this part. The subsequent addition of an identified 473 property to the submission converts the submission to an 474 475 application for a mortgage loan. 476 (33) "Mortgage brokerage fee" means the total compensation 477 to be received by a mortgage brokerage business for acting as a 478 mortgage broker. 479 (34) "Business day" means any calendar day except Sunday or 480 a legal holiday. Section 2. Section 494.0011, Florida Statutes, is amended 481 482 to read: 483 494.0011 Powers and duties of the commission and office.-484 (1) The office shall be responsible for the administration 485 and enforcement of ss. 494.001-494.0077. 486 (2) The commission may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 487 120.536(1) and 120.54 To administer implement ss. 494.001-488 494.0077, - the commission may adopt rules: 489 (a) Requiring electronic submission of any forms, 490 documents, or fees required by this act if such rules reasonably accommodate technological or financial hardship. 491

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492	(b) Relating to compliance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage
493	Licensing Act of 2008, including rules to:
494	1. Require loan originators, mortgage brokers, mortgage
495	lenders, and branch offices to register through the registry.
496	2. Require the use of uniform forms that have been approved
497	by the registry, and any subsequent amendments to such forms if
498	the forms are substantially in compliance with the provisions of
499	this chapter. Uniform forms that the commission may adopt
500	include, but are not limited to:
501	a. Uniform Mortgage Lender/Mortgage Broker Form, MU1.
502	b. Uniform Mortgage Biographical Statement & Consent Form,
503	MU2.
504	c. Uniform Mortgage Branch Office Form, MU3.
505	d. Uniform Individual Mortgage License/Registration $\&$
506	Consent Form, MU4.
507	3. Require the filing of forms, documents, and fees in
508	accordance with the requirements of the registry.
509	4. Prescribe requirements for amending or surrendering a
510	license or other activities as the commission deems necessary
511	for the office's participation in the registry.
512	5. Prescribe procedures that allow a licensee to challenge
513	information contained in the registry.
514	6. Prescribe procedures for reporting violations of this
515	chapter and disciplinary actions on licensees to the registry.
516	The commission may prescribe by rule requirements and procedures
517	for obtaining an exemption due to a technological or financial
518	hardship. The commission may also adopt rules to accept
519	certification of compliance with requirements of this act in
520	lieu of requiring submission of documents.

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521	(c) Establishing time periods during which a loan
522	originator, mortgage broker, or mortgage lender license
523	applicant under part II or part III is barred from licensure due
524	to prior criminal convictions of, or guilty or nolo contendre
525	pleas by, any of the applicant's control persons, regardless of
526	adjudication.
527	1. The rules must provide:
528	a. Permanent bars for felonies involving fraud, dishonesty,
529	breach of trust, or money laundering;
530	b. A 15-year disqualifying period for felonies involving
531	moral turpitude;
532	c. A 7-year period for all other felonies; and
533	d. A 5-year period for misdemeanors involving fraud,
534	dishonesty, or any other act of moral turpitude.
535	2. The rule may provide for an additional waiting period
536	due to dates of imprisonment or community supervision, the
537	commitment of multiple crimes, and other factors reasonably
538	related to the applicant's criminal history.
539	3. The rule may provide for mitigating factors for crimes
540	identified in sub-subparagraph 1.b. However, the mitigation may
541	not result in a period of disqualification less than 7 years.
542	The rule may not mitigate the disqualifying periods in sub-
543	subparagraphs 1.a., 1.c., and 1.d.
544	4. An applicant is not eligible for licensure until the
545	expiration of the disqualifying period set by rule.
546	5. Section 112.011 is not applicable to eligibility for
547	licensure under this part.
548	(3) Except as provided in s. 494.00172, all fees, charges,
549	and fines collected pursuant to ss. 494.001-494.0077 shall be

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550 deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Regulatory 551 Trust Fund of under the office.

552 (4) The office shall participate in the registry and shall 553 regularly report to the registry violations of this chapter, 554 disciplinary actions, and other information deemed relevant by 555 the office under this chapter.

556 (4) (a) The office has the power to issue and to serve 557 subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum to compel the attendance of 558 witnesses and the production of all books, accounts, records, 559 and other documents and materials relevant to an examination or 560 investigation. The office, or its duly authorized 561 representative, has the power to administer oaths and 562 affirmations to any person.

(b) The office may, in its discretion, seek subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum from any court of competent jurisdiction commanding the appearance of witnesses and the production of books, accounts, records, and other documents or materials at a time and place named in the subpoenas; and any authorized representative of the office may serve any subpoena.

569 (5) (a) In the event of substantial noncompliance with a 570 subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued or caused to be issued 571 by the office, the office may petition the circuit court or any 572 other court of competent jurisdiction of the county in which the 573 person subpoenaed resides or has its principal place of business 574 for an order requiring the subpoenaed person to appear and 575 testify and to produce such books, accounts, records, and other documents as are specified in the subpoena duces tecum. The 576 577 court may grant injunctive relief restraining the person from 578 advertising, promoting, soliciting, entering into, offering to

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579 enter into, continuing, or completing any mortgage loan 580 transaction or mortgage loan servicing transaction. The court may grant such other relief, including, but not limited to, the 581 582 restraint, by injunction or appointment of a receiver, of any 583 transfer, pledge, assignment, or other disposition of the 584 person's assets or any concealment, alteration, destruction, or other disposition of books, accounts, records, or other 585 586 documents and materials as the court deems appropriate, until 587 the person has fully complied with the subpoena duces tecum and 588 the office has completed its investigation or examination. In 589 addition, the court may order the refund of any fees collected 590 in a mortgage loan transaction whenever books and documents 591 substantiating the transaction are not produced or cannot be 592 produced. The office is entitled to the summary procedure 593 provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance such cause on 594 its calendar. Attorney's fees and any other costs incurred by 595 the office to obtain an order granting, in whole or part, a 596 petition for enforcement of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum 597 shall be taxed against the subpoenaed person, and failure to comply with such order is a contempt of court. 598 (b) When it appears to the office that the compliance with 599 600 a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued or caused to be issued 601 by the office pursuant to this section is essential and

602 otherwise unavailable to an investigation or examination, the office, in addition to the other remedies provided for in this section, may apply to the circuit court or any other court of competent jurisdiction of the county in which the subpoenaed person resides or has its principal place of business for a writ of ne exeat. The court shall thereupon direct the issuance of

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608	the writ against the subpoenaed person requiring sufficient bond
609	conditioned on compliance with the subpoena or subpoena duces
610	tecum. The court shall cause to be endorsed on the writ a
611	suitable amount of bond upon the payment of which the person
612	named in the writ shall be freed, having a due regard to the
613	nature of the case.
614	(c) Alternatively, the office may seek a writ of attachment
615	from the court having jurisdiction over the person who has
616	refused to obey a subpoena, who has refused to give testimony,
617	or who has refused to produce the matters described in the
618	subpoena duces tecum.
619	(6) The grant or denial of any license under this chapter
620	must be in accordance with s. 120.60.
621	Section 3. Section 494.00121, Florida Statutes, is created
622	to read:
623	494.00121 Subpoenas
624	(1) The office may:
625	(a) Issue and serve subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum to
626	compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all
627	books, accounts, records, and other documents and materials
628	relevant to an examination or investigation conducted by the
629	office. The office, or its authorized representative, may
630	administer oaths and affirmations to any person.
631	(b) Seek subpoenas or subpoenas duces tecum from any court
632	to command the appearance of witnesses and the production of
633	books, accounts, records, and other documents or materials at a
634	time and place named in the subpoenas, and an authorized
635	representative of the office may serve such subpoena.
636	(2) If there is substantial noncompliance with a subpoena

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637	or subpoena duces tecum issued by the office, the office may
638	petition the court in the county where the person subpoenaed
639	resides or has his or her principal place of business for an
640	order requiring the person to appear, testify, or produce such
641	books, accounts, records, and other documents as are specified
642	in the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum.
643	(a) The court may grant injunctive relief restraining the
644	person from advertising, promoting, soliciting, entering into,
645	offering to enter into, continuing, or completing a mortgage
646	loan or servicing a mortgage loan.
647	(b) The court may grant such other relief, including, but
648	not limited to, the restraint, by injunction or appointment of a
649	receiver, of any transfer, pledge, assignment, or other
650	disposition of the person's assets or any concealment,
651	alteration, destruction, or other disposition of books,
652	accounts, records, or other documents and materials as the court
653	deems appropriate, until the person has fully complied with the
654	subpoena duces tecum and the office has completed its
655	investigation or examination.
656	(c) The court may order the refund of any fees collected in
657	a mortgage loan transaction if books and documents
658	substantiating the transaction are not produced or cannot be
659	produced.
660	(d) If it appears to the office that compliance with a
661	subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued is essential and
662	otherwise unavailable to an investigation or examination, the
663	office may apply to the court for a writ of ne exeat pursuant to
664	<u>s. 68.02.</u>
665	(e) The office may seek a writ of attachment to obtain all
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books, accounts, records, and other documents and materials
relevant to an examination or investigation.
(3) The office is entitled to the summary procedure
provided in s. 51.011, and the court shall advance such cause on
its calendar. Attorney's fees and any other costs incurred by
the office to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, a
petition for enforcement of a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum

673 <u>shall be taxed against the subpoended person, and failure to</u>
674 <u>comply with such order is a contempt of court.</u>

675 Section 4. Section 494.0014, Florida Statutes, is amended 676 to read:

677 494.0014 Cease and desist orders; administrative fines;
678 refund orders.-

679 (1) The office may has the power to issue and serve upon 680 any person an order to cease and desist and to take corrective 681 action if whenever it has reason to believe the person is 682 violating, has violated, or is about to violate any provision of ss. 494.001-494.0077, any rule or order issued under ss. 683 684 494.001-494.0077, or any written agreement between the person 685 and the office. All procedural matters relating to issuance and 686 enforcement of such a cease and desist order are governed by the 687 Administrative Procedure Act.

(2) The office <u>may</u> has the power to order the refund of any
fee directly or indirectly assessed and charged on a mortgage
loan transaction which is unauthorized or exceeds the maximum
fee specifically authorized in ss. 494.001-494.0077, or any
<u>amount collected for the payment of third-party fees which</u>
<u>exceeds the cost of the service provided</u>.

694

(3) The office may prohibit the association by a mortgage

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695 broker business, or the employment by a mortgage lender 696 correspondent mortgage lender, of any person who has engaged in 697 a pattern of misconduct while an associate of a mortgage 698 brokerage business or an employee of a mortgage lender or 699 correspondent mortgage lender. For the purpose of this subsection, the term "pattern of misconduct" means the 700 701 commission of three or more violations of ss. 494.001-494.0077 702 or the provisions of chapter 494 in effect prior to October 1, 703 1991, during any 1-year period or any criminal conviction for 704 violating ss. 494.001-494.0077 or the provisions of chapter 494 705 in effect prior to October 1, 1991. (4) The office may impose upon any person who makes or 706 brokers a loan, or any mortgage business school, a fine for 707

708 violations of any provision of ss. 494.001-494.00295 or any rule 709 or order issued under ss. 494.001-494.00295 in an amount not 710 exceeding \$5,000 for each separate count or offense.

711 Section 5. Section 494.00165, Florida Statutes, is amended 712 to read:

713 714 494.00165 Prohibited advertising; record requirements.-

(1) It is a violation of this chapter for any person to:

(a) Advertise that an applicant <u>shall</u> will have unqualified
access to credit without disclosing <u>the</u> what material
limitations on the availability of <u>such</u> credit exist. Such
Material limitations include, but are not limited to, the
percentage of down payment required, that a higher rate or
points could be required, or that restrictions <u>on</u> as to the
maximum principal amount of the loan offered could apply.

(b) Advertise a mortgage loan at an expressed interest rateunless the advertisement specifically states that the expressed

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724 rate could change or not be available at commitment or closing. (c) Advertise mortgage loans, including rates, margins, 725 discounts, points, fees, commissions, or other material 726 727 information, including material limitations on such loans, 728 unless the such person is able to make such mortgage loans 729 available to a reasonable number of qualified applicants. 730 (d) Falsely advertise or misuse names indicating a federal 731 agency pursuant to 18 U.S.C. s. 709. 732 (e) Engage in unfair, deceptive, or misleading advertising regarding mortgage loans, brokering services, or lending 733 734 services. 735 (2) Each person required to be licensed under this chapter 736 must shall maintain a record of samples of each of its 737 advertisements, including commercial scripts of each radio or 738 television broadcast, for examination by the office for a period 739 of 2 years after the date of publication or broadcast. Section 6. Section 494.0017, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 740 741 Section 7. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00172, 742 Florida Statutes, is created to read: 743 494.00172 Mortgage Guaranty Trust Fund; payment of fees and 744 claims.-A nonrefundable fee is imposed on each application for a mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or loan originator license and 745 746 on each annual application for a renewal of such license. For a 747 loan originator, the initial and renewal fee is \$20. For 748 mortgage brokers and lenders, the initial and renewal fee is 749 \$100. This fee is in addition to the regular application or 750 renewal fee assessed and shall be deposited into the Mortgage 751 Guaranty Trust Fund of the office for the payment of claims in accordance with this section. 752

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753	(1) If the amount in the trust fund exceeds \$5 million, the
754	additional fee shall be discontinued and may not be reimposed
755	until the fund is reduced to below \$1 million pursuant to
756	disbursements made in accordance with this section.
757	(2) A borrower in a mortgage loan transaction is eligible
758	to seek recovery from the trust fund if all of the following
759	conditions are met:
760	(a) The borrower has recorded a final judgment issued by a
761	state court wherein the cause of action against a licensee under
762	this chapter was based on a violation of this chapter and the
763	damages were the result of that violation.
764	(b) The borrower has caused a writ of execution to be
765	issued upon such judgment, and the officer executing the
766	judgment has made a return showing that no personal or real
767	property of the judgment debtor liable to be levied upon in
768	satisfaction of the judgment can be found or that the amount
769	realized on the sale of the judgment debtor's property pursuant
770	to such execution is insufficient to satisfy the judgment.
771	(c) The borrower has made all reasonable searches and
772	inquiries to ascertain whether the judgment debtor possesses
773	real or personal property or other assets subject to being sold
774	or applied in satisfaction of the judgment, and has discovered
775	no such property or assets; or he or she has discovered property
776	and assets and has taken all necessary action and proceedings
777	for the application thereof to the judgment, but the amount
778	realized is insufficient to satisfy the judgment.
779	(d) The borrower has applied any amounts recovered from the
780	judgment debtor, or from any other source, to the damages
781	awarded by the court.

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782	(e) The borrower, at the time the action was instituted,
783	gave notice and provided a copy of the complaint to the office
784	by certified mail. The requirement of a timely giving of notice
785	may be waived by the office upon a showing of good cause.
786	(f) The act for which recovery is sought occurred on or
787	after January 1, 2011.
788	(3) The requirements of subsection (2) are not applicable
789	if the licensee upon which the claim is sought has filed for
790	bankruptcy or has been adjudicated bankrupt. However, the
791	claimant must file a proof of claim in the bankruptcy
792	proceedings and must notify the office by certified mail of the
793	claim by enclosing a copy of the proof of claim and all
794	supporting documents.
795	(4) Any person who meets all of the conditions in
796	subsection (2) may apply to the office for payment from the
797	trust fund equal to the unsatisfied portion of that person's
798	judgment or \$50,000, whichever is less, but only to the extent
799	and amount reflected in the judgment as being for actual or
800	compensatory damages. Actual or compensatory damages may not
801	include postjudgment interest.
802	(a) A borrower may not collect more than \$50,000 from the
803	trust fund for any claim regardless of the number of licensees
804	liable for the borrower's damages.
805	(b) Payments for claims are limited in the aggregate to
806	\$250,000 against any one licensee under this chapter. If the
807	total claims exceed the aggregate limit of \$250,000, the office
808	shall prorate payments based on the ratio that a claim bears to
809	the total claims filed.
810	(c) Payments shall be made to all persons meeting the
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811	requirements of subsection (2) 2 years after the date the first
812	complete and valid notice is received by the office. Persons who
813	give notice after 2 years and who otherwise comply with the
814	conditions precedent to recovery may recover from any remaining
815	portion of the \$250,000 aggregate as provided in this
816	subsection, with claims being paid in the order notice was
817	received until the \$250,000 aggregate has been disbursed.
818	(d) The claimant shall assign his right, title, and
819	interest in the judgment, to the extent of his recovery from the
820	fund, to the office and shall record, at his own expense, the
821	assignment of judgment in every county where the judgment is
822	recorded.
823	(e) If the money in the fund is insufficient to satisfy any
824	valid claim or portion thereof, the office shall satisfy such
825	unpaid claim or portion as soon as a sufficient amount of money
826	has been deposited in the trust fund. If there is more than one
827	unsatisfied claim outstanding, such claims shall be paid in the
828	order in which the claims were filed with the office.
829	(f) The payment of any amount from the fund in settlement
830	of a claim or in satisfaction of a judgment against a licensee
831	constitutes prima facie grounds for the revocation of the
832	license.
833	Section 8. Section 494.0018, Florida Statutes, is amended
834	to read:
835	494.0018 Penalties
836	(1) Whoever knowingly violates any provision of <u>s.</u>
837	<u>494.00255(1)(a), (b), or (c)</u> s. 494.0041(2)(c), (f), or (g); s.
838	494.0072(2)(e), (f), or (g); or s. 494.0025(1), (2), (3), (4),
839	or (5), except as provided in subsection (2) of this section,

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840 <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as 841 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Each such 842 violation constitutes a separate offense.

(2) Any person convicted of a violation of any provision of
ss. 494.001-494.0077, in which violation the total value of
money and property unlawfully obtained <u>exceeds</u> exceeded \$50,000
and there were five or more victims, <u>commits</u> is guilty of a
felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

849 Section 9. Section 494.0019, Florida Statutes, is amended 850 to read:

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494.0019 Liability in case of unlawful transaction.-

(1) If a mortgage <u>loan</u> transaction is made in violation of any provision of ss. 494.001-494.0077, the person making the transaction and every licensee, director, or officer who participated in making the transaction are jointly and severally liable to every party to the transaction in an action for damages incurred by the party or parties.

(2) A person is not liable under this section upon a
showing that such person's licensees, officers, and directors
who participated in making the mortgage loan transaction, if
any, acted in good faith and without knowledge and, with the
exercise of due diligence, could not have known of the act
committed in violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077.

864 Section 10. Section 494.002, Florida Statutes, is amended 865 to read:

494.002 Statutory or common-law remedies.—<u>Sections</u> Nothing
 in ss. 494.001-494.0077 <u>do not limit</u> limits any statutory or
 common-law right of any person to bring any action in any court

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597-03083A-09 869 for any act involved in the mortgage loan business or the right of the state to punish any person for any violation of any law. 870 Section 11. Section 494.0023, Florida Statutes, is amended 871 872 to read: 873 494.0023 Conflicting interest.-874 (1) If, in a mortgage transaction, a licensee has a 875 conflicting interest as specified in subsection (2), the licensee shall, at a minimum, provide the following disclosures 876 to the borrower in writing: 877 878 (a) The nature of the relationship, ownership, or financial 879 interest between the provider of products or services, or 880 business incident thereto, and the licensee making the referral; 881 The type of conflicting interest shall be fully and fairly 882 disclosed. 883 (b) An estimated charge or range of charges generally made 884 by such a provider; The licensee shall inform the borrower in 885 writing 886 (c) That a financial benefit may be received by the 887 licensee as a result of the conflicting interest; and-888 (d) (c) The borrower shall be informed That alternative 889 sources may be chosen by the borrower to provide the any 890 required products or services. The following language must be 891 contained in 12-point type in any agreement between a mortgage 892 broker, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender and a 893 borrower in substantially this form: 894 895 You are not required to purchase additional products or services 896 from any person or entity suggested or recommended by (Broker/Lender/Correspondent Lender). However, the 897

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898 (Broker/Lender/Correspondent Lender) hereby reserves the right 899 to approve the entity selected by the borrower, which approval 900 may not be unreasonably withheld.

901

(2) A licensee has a conflicting interest if:

902 (a) The licensee or the licensee's relative provides the903 borrower with additional products or services;

(b) The licensee or licensee's relative, either directly or indirectly, owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, or holds proxies representing, <u>1</u> 10 percent or more of any class of equity securities or other beneficial interest in <u>the</u> such person providing the additional products or services;

909 (c) The person providing the additional products or 910 services, either directly or indirectly, owns, controls, or 911 holds the power to vote, or holds proxies representing, <u>1</u> 10 912 percent or more of any class of equity securities or other 913 beneficial interest in the licensee;

(d) A holding company, cither directly or indirectly, owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, or holds proxies representing, <u>1</u> 10 percent or more of any class of equity securities or other beneficial interest in both the licensee and the person providing the additional products or services;

(e) One or more persons, or such person's relative, sits as an officer or director, or performs similar functions as an officer or director, for both the licensee and the person providing the additional products or services; or

923 (f) The licensee or the licensee's relative sits as an 924 officer or director, or performs similar functions as an officer 925 or director, of the person providing the additional products or 926 services.

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927	(3) The commission may adopt rules to administer the
928	disclosure requirements of this section. The rules must consider
929	the disclosure requirements of the federal Real Estate
930	Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. ss. 2601 et seq.; the
931	federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. et seq.; and related
932	federal regulations.
933	(3) As used in this section, the term "relative" of any
934	natural person means any of the following persons, whether by
935	the full or half blood or by adoption:
936	(a) Such person's spouse, father, mother, children,
937	brothers, and sisters.
938	(b) The father, mother, brothers, and sisters of such
939	person's spouse.
940	(c) The spouses of children, brothers, or sisters of such
941	person.
942	Section 12. Section 494.0025, Florida Statutes, is amended
943	to read:
944	494.0025 Prohibited practices.—It is unlawful for any
945	person:
946	(1) To act as a mortgage lender in this state without a
947	current, active license issued by the office pursuant to ss.
948	494.006-494.0077.
949	<u>(1)</u> To act as a <u>loan originator</u> correspondent mortgage
950	lender in this state without a current, active license issued by
951	the office pursuant to part II of this chapter ss. 494.006-
952	4 94.0077 .
953	<u>(2)</u> To act as a mortgage broker in this state without a
954	current, active license issued by the office pursuant to part II
955	<u>of this chapter</u> ss. 494.003-494.0043 .

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956	(3) To act as a mortgage lender in this state without a
957	current, active license issued by the office pursuant to part
958	III of this chapter.
959	(4) In any practice or transaction or course of business
960	relating to the sale, purchase, negotiation, promotion,
961	advertisement, or hypothecation of mortgage <u>loan</u> transactions,
962	directly or indirectly:
963	(a) To knowingly or willingly employ any device, scheme, or
964	artifice to defraud;
965	(b) To engage in any transaction, practice, or course of
966	business which operates as a fraud upon any person in connection
967	with the purchase or sale of any mortgage loan; or
968	(c) To obtain property by fraud, willful misrepresentation
969	of a future act, or false promise.
970	(5) In any matter within the jurisdiction of the office, to
971	knowingly and willfully falsify, conceal, or cover up by a
972	trick, scheme, or device a material fact, make any false or
973	fraudulent statement or representation, or make or use any false
974	writing or document, knowing the same to contain any false or
975	fraudulent statement or entry.
976	(6) To violate s. 655.922(2), subject to ss. 494.001-
977	494.0077.
978	(7) Who is required to be licensed under ss. 494.006-
979	494.0077, to fail to report to the office the failure to meet
980	the net worth requirements of s. 494.0061, s. 494.0062, or s.
981	494.0065 within 48 hours after the person's knowledge of such
982	failure or within 48 hours after the person should have known of
983	such failure.
984	<u>(7)</u> To pay a fee or commission in any mortgage loan

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985 transaction to any person or entity other than a <u>licensed</u> 986 mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage business, mortgage lender, or 987 correspondent mortgage lender, operating under an active 988 license, or a person exempt from licensure under this chapter.

989 <u>(8)(9)</u> To record a mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage agreement or 990 any other document, not rendered by a court of competent 991 jurisdiction, which purports to enforce the terms of the 992 mortgage brokerage agreement.

993 (9) (10) To use the name or logo of a financial institution, 994 as defined in s. 655.005(1), or its affiliates or subsidiaries 995 when marketing or soliciting existing or prospective customers 996 if such marketing materials are used without the written consent 997 of the financial institution and in a manner that would lead a 998 reasonable person to believe that the material or solicitation 999 originated from, was endorsed by, or is related to or the 1000 responsibility of the financial institution or its affiliates or 1001 subsidiaries.

1002 (10) Subject to investigation or examination under this 1003 chapter, to knowingly alter, withhold, conceal, or destroy any 1004 books, records, computer records, or other information relating 1005 to a person's activities which subject the person to the 1006 jurisdiction of this chapter.

1007 Section 13. Section 494.00255, Florida Statutes, is created 1008 to read:

1009 <u>494.00255</u> Administrative penalties and fines; license 1010 violations.-

1011 (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a ground for 1012 which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may 1013 be taken against a person licensed or required to be licensed

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1014 under part II or part III of chapter: (a) Failure to immediately place upon receipt, and maintain 1015 1016 until authorized to disburse, any money entrusted to the 1017 licensee as a licensee in a segregated account of a federally 1018 insured financial institution in this state. 1019 (b) Failure to account or deliver to any person any property that is not the licensee's, or that the licensee is not 1020 1021 entitled to retain, under the circumstances and at the time that 1022 has been agreed upon or as required by law or, in the absence of 1023 a fixed time, upon demand of the person entitled to such 1024 accounting and delivery. 1025 (c) Failure to disburse funds in accordance with 1026 agreements. 1027 (d) Any misuse, misapplication, or misappropriation of 1028 personal property entrusted to the licensee's care to which the 1029 licensee had no current property right at the time of 1030 entrustment. 1031 (e) Fraud, misrepresentation, deceit, negligence, or 1032 incompetence in any mortgage financing transaction. 1033 (f) Requesting a specific valuation, orally or in writing, 1034 from an appraiser for a particular property, implying to an 1035 appraiser that a specific valuation is needed for a particular 1036 property, or in any manner conditioning the order for an 1037 appraisal on the appraisal meeting a specific valuation. The 1038 numeric value of the specific valuation sought need not be 1039 stated, but rather the mere statement that a specific valuation 1040 is sought, violates this section. (q) Consistently and materially underestimating maximum 1041 1042 closing costs.

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1043	(h) Disbursement, or an act which has caused or will cause
1044	disbursement, to any person in any amount from the Mortgage
1045	Guaranty Trust Fund, the Securities Guaranty Fund, or the
1046	Florida Real Estate Recovery Fund, regardless of any repayment
1047	or restitution to the disbursed fund by the licensee or any
1048	person acting on behalf of the licensee.
1049	(i) Commission of fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, or
1050	dishonest dealing by trick, scheme, or device; culpable
1051	negligence; breach of trust in any business transaction in any
1052	state, nation, or territory; or aiding, assisting, or conspiring
1053	with any other person engaged in any such misconduct and in
1054	furtherance thereof.
1055	(j) Being convicted of, or entering a plea of guilty or
1056	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any felony or
1057	any crime involving fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, money
1058	laundering, or act of moral turpitude.
1059	(k) Having a final judgment entered against the licensee in
1060	a civil action upon grounds of fraud, embezzlement,
1061	misrepresentation, or deceit.
1062	(1) Having been the subject of any:
1063	1. Decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition,
1064	revocation, denial, judgment, or administrative order by any
1065	court, administrative law judge, state or federal agency,
1066	national securities exchange, national commodities exchange,
1067	national option exchange, national securities association,
1068	national commodities association, or national option association
1069	involving a violation of any federal or state securities or
1070	commodities law or rule or regulation adopted under such law or
1071	involving a violation of any rule or regulation of any national

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1072 securities, commodities, or options exchange or association. 2. Injunction or adverse administrative order by a state or 1073 1074 federal agency regulating banking, insurance, finance or small 1075 loan companies, real estate, mortgage brokers or lenders, money 1076 transmitters, or other related or similar industries. 1077 (m) In any mortgage transaction, violating any provision of 1078 the federal Real Estate Settlement Procedure Act, as amended, 12 1079 U.S.C. ss. 2601 et seq.; the federal Truth in Lending Act, as 1080 amended, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1601 et seq.; or any regulations adopted 1081 under such acts. 1082 (n) Having a loan originator, mortgage broker, or mortgage 1083 lender license, or the equivalent thereof, revoked in any 1084 jurisdiction. 1085 (o) Having a license, or the equivalent, to practice any profession or occupation revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted 1086 1087 against, including the denial of licensure by a licensing 1088 authority of this state or another state, territory, or country. 1089 (p) Acting as a loan originator, mortgage broker, or 1090 mortgage lender without a current license issued under part II 1091 or part III of this chapter. 1092 (q) Operating a mortgage broker or mortgage lender branch office without a current license issued under part II or part 1093 1094 III of this chapter. 1095 (r) Conducting any brokering or lending activities in the 1096 absence of a properly designated principal loan originator or 1097 brokering or lending activities at any particular branch office 1098 without a properly designated branch manager. 1099 (s) A material misstatement or omission of fact on an 1100 initial or renewal license application.

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1101	(t) Payment to the office for a license or permit with a
1102	check or electronic transmission of funds which is dishonored by
1103	the applicant's or licensee's financial institution.
1104	(u) Failure to comply with, or violations of, any provision
1105	of ss. 494.001-494.0077, or any rule or order made or issued
1106	under ss. 494.001-494.0077.
1107	(v) Failure to maintain, preserve, and keep available for
1108	examination all books, accounts, or other documents required by
1109	ss. 494.001-494.0077 and the rules of the commission.
1110	(w) Refusal to permit an investigation or examination of
1111	books and records, or refusal to comply with an office subpoena
1112	or subpoena duces tecum.
1113	(x) Failure to timely pay any fee, charge, or fine imposed
1114	or assessed pursuant to ss. 494.001-494.0077 or related rules.
1115	(2) If the office finds a person in violation of any act
1116	specified in this section, it may enter an order imposing one or
1117	more of the following penalties:
1118	(a) Issuance of a reprimand.
1119	(b) Suspension of a license or registration, subject to
1120	reinstatement upon satisfying all reasonable conditions imposed
1121	by the office.
1122	(c) Revocation of a license or registration.
1123	(d) Denial of a license or registration.
1124	(e) Imposition of a fine in an amount up to \$25,000 for
1125	each count or separate offense.
1126	(f) An administrative fine of up to \$1,000 per day, but not
1127	to exceed \$25,000 cumulatively, for each day that
1128	1. A mortgage broker or mortgage lender conducts business
1129	at an unlicensed branch office.

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1130	2. An unlicensed person acts as a loan originator, a
1131	mortgage broker, or a mortgage lender.
1132	(3) A mortgage broker or mortgage lender, as applicable, is
1133	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
1134	for a violation of subsection (1) by:
1135	(a) A control person of the mortgage broker or mortgage
1136	lender;
1137	(b) A loan originator employed by or contracting with the
1138	mortgage broker; or
1139	(c) An associate of the mortgage lender.
1140	(4) A principal loan originator of a mortgage broker is
1141	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
1142	for violations of subsection (1) by a loan originator in the
1143	course of an association with the mortgage broker if there is a
1144	pattern of repeated violations by the loan originator or if the
1145	principal loan originator has knowledge of the violations.
1146	(5) A principal loan originator of a mortgage lender is
1147	subject to the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2)
1148	for violations of subsection (1) by an associate of a mortgage
1149	lender if there is a pattern of repeated violations by the
1150	associate or if the principal loan originator has knowledge of
1151	the violations.
1152	(6) A branch manager is subject to the disciplinary actions
1153	specified in subsection (2) for violations of subsection (1) by
1154	a loan originator in the course of an association with the
1155	mortgage broker if there is a pattern of repeated violations by
1156	the loan originator or if the branch manager has knowledge of
1157	the violations.
1158	(7) A natural person who is associated with a mortgage
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1159	broker is subject to the disciplinary actions specified in
1160	subsection (2) for a violation of subsection (1) with respect to
1161	an action in which such person was involved.
1162	(8) Pursuant to s. 120.60(6), the office may summarily
1163	suspend the license of a loan originator, mortgage broker, or
1164	mortgage lender if the office has reason to believe that a
1165	licensee poses an immediate, serious danger to the public's
1166	health, safety, or welfare. The arrest of the licensee, or the
1167	mortgage broker or the mortgage lender's control person, for any
1168	felony or any crime involving fraud, dishonesty, breach of
1169	trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral turpitude is
1170	deemed sufficient to constitute an immediate danger to the
1171	public's health, safety, or welfare. Any proceeding for the
1172	summary suspension of a license must be conducted by the
1173	commissioner of the office, or designee, who shall issue the
1174	final summary order.
1175	(9) The office may deny any request to terminate or
1176	withdraw any license application or license if the office
1177	believes that an act that would be a ground for license denial,
1178	suspension, restriction, or revocation under this chapter has
1179	been committed.
1180	Section 14. Section 494.0028, Florida Statutes, is amended
1181	to read:
1182	494.0028 Arbitration
1183	(1) This section applies to any mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage
1184	agreement, servicing agreement, loan application, or purchase
1185	agreement that which provides for arbitration between:
1186	(a) A noninstitutional investor and a mortgage lender
1187	<u>servicing</u> or correspondent mortgage lender to service a mortgage
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1188 loan.

(b) A borrower and a mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender to obtain a mortgage loan.

(c) A noninstitutional investor and a mortgage <u>broker</u>
 brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage
 lender to fund or purchase a mortgage loan.

95 (2) All agreements subject to this section <u>must</u> shall
96 provide that, at the voluntary election of the noninstitutional
97 investor or borrower, disputes shall be handled by either a
98 court of competent jurisdiction or by binding arbitration.

(3) All agreements subject to this section <u>must shall</u>
provide the noninstitutional investor or borrower with the
option to elect arbitration before the American Arbitration
Association or other independent nonindustry arbitration forum.
Any other nonindustry arbitration forum may apply to the office
to allow such forum to provide arbitration services. The office
shall grant the application if the applicant's fees, practices,
and procedures do not materially differ from those of the
American Arbitration Association.

(4) At the election of the noninstitutional investor or borrower, venue shall be in the county in which the noninstitutional investor or borrower entered into the agreement or at a business location of the mortgage <u>broker or</u> brokerage <u>business</u>, mortgage lender, or correspondent lender.

(5) Any fees or charges <u>must be in accordance with</u> shall be
made as provided in the rules of the American Arbitration
Association or other approved nonindustry arbitration forum and
<u>may shall</u> not be set in the agreement.

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1217	(6) Any election made under this section <u>is</u> shall be
1218	irrevocable.
1219	(7) This section <u>does</u> shall not be construed to require an
1220	agreement <u>that</u> which is subject to this section to contain an
1221	arbitration clause.
1222	Section 15. Effective October 1, 2010, sections 494.0029
1223	and 494.00295, Florida Statutes, are repealed.
1224	Section 16. Section 494.00296, Florida Statutes, is created
1225	to read:
1226	494.00296 Loan modification
1227	(1) PROHIBITED ACTSWhen offering or providing loan
1228	modifications services, a loan originator, mortgage broker, or
1229	mortgage lender may not:
1230	(a) Engage in or initiate loan modification services
1231	without first executing a written agreement for loan
1232	modification services with the borrower;
1233	(b) Execute a loan modification without the consent of the
1234	borrower after the borrower is made aware of each modified term;
1235	or
1236	(c) Solicit, charge, receive, or attempt to collect or
1237	secure payment, directly or indirectly, for loan modification
1238	services before completing or performing all services included
1239	in the agreement for loan modification services. A fee may be
1240	charged only if the loan modification results in a material
1241	benefit to the borrower. The commission may adopt rules to
1242	provide guidance on what constitutes a material benefit to the
1243	borrower
1244	(2) LOAN MODIFICATION AGREEMENT
1245	(a) The written agreement for loan modification services

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1246	must be printed in at least 12-point uppercase type and signed
1247	by both parties. The agreement must include the name and address
1248	of the person providing loan modification services, the exact
1249	nature and specific detail of each service to be provided, the
1250	total amount and terms of charges to be paid by the borrower for
1251	the services, and the date of the agreement. The date of the
1252	agreement may not be earlier than the date the borrower signed
1253	the agreement. The mortgage broker or mortgage lender must give
1254	the borrower a copy of the agreement to review at least 1
1255	business day before the borrower is to sign the agreement.
1256	(b) The borrower has the right to cancel the written
1257	agreement without any penalty or obligation if the borrower

1257 agreement within a penalty of obligation if the borrower 1258 cancels the agreement within 3 business days after signing the 1259 agreement. The right to cancel may not be waived by the borrower 1260 or limited in any manner by the loan originator, mortgage 1261 broker, or mortgage lender. If the borrower cancels the 1262 agreement, any payments to the loan originator, mortgage broker, 1263 or mortgage lender must be returned to the homeowner within 10 1264 business days after receipt of the notice of cancellation.

1265 (c) An agreement for loan modification services must 1266 contain, immediately above the signature line, a statement in at 1267 least 12-point uppercase type which substantially complies with 1268 the following:

BORROWER'S RIGHT OF CANCELLATION

1271YOU MAY CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT FOR LOAN MODIFICATION1272SERVICES WITHOUT ANY PENALTY OR OBLIGATION WITHIN 31273BUSINESS DAYS AFER THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT IS SIGNED1274BY YOU.

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1275	THE LOAN ORIGNATOR, MORTGAGE BROKER, OR MORTGAGE
1276	LENDER IS PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM ACCEPTING ANY MONEY,
1277	PROPERTY, OR OTHER FORM OF PAYMENT FROM YOU UNTIL ALL
1278	PROMISED SERVICES HAVE BEEN COMPLETED. IF FOR ANY
1279	REASON YOU HAVE PAID THE CONSULTANT BEFORE
1280	CANCELLATION, YOUR PAYMENT MUST BE RETURNED TO YOU
1281	WITHIN 10 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE CONSULTANT RECEIVES
1282	YOUR CANCELLATION NOTICE.
1283	TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT, A SIGNED AND DATED COPY OF A
1284	STATEMENT THAT YOU ARE CANCELING THE AGREEMENT SHOULD
1285	BE MAILED (POSTMARKED) OR DELIVERED TO (NAME) AT
1286	(ADDRESS) NO LATER THAN MIDNIGHT OF
1287	(DATE)
1288	IMPORTANT: IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU CONTACT YOUR
1289	MORTAGE LENDER OR MORTGAGE SERVICER BEFORE SIGNING
1290	THIS AGREEMENT. YOUR LENDER OR SERVICER MAY BE WILLING
1291	TO NEGOTIATE A PAYMENT PLAN OR A RESTRUCTURING WITH
1292	YOU FREE OF CHARGE.
1293	
1294	(d) The inclusion of the statement does not prohibit a loan
1295	originator, mortgage broker, or mortgage lender from giving the
1296	homeowner more time to cancel the agreement than is set forth in
1297	the statement if all other requirements of this subsection are
1298	met.
1299	(e) The person offering or providing the loan modification
1300	services must give the borrower a copy of the signed agreement
1301	within 3 hours after the borrower signs the agreement.
1302	(3) REMEDIES.—
1303	(a) Without regard to any other remedy or relief to which a

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1304	person is entitled, anyone aggrieved by a violation of this
1305	section may bring an action to obtain a declaratory judgment
1306	that an act or practice violates this section and to enjoin a
1307	person who has violated, is violating, or is otherwise likely to
1308	violate this section.
1309	(b) In any action brought by a person who has suffered a
1310	loss as a result of a violation of this section, such person may
1311	recover actual damages, plus attorney's fees and court costs, as
1312	follows:
1313	1. In any action brought under this section, upon motion of
1314	the party against whom such action is filed alleging that the
1315	action is frivolous, without legal or factual merit, or brought
1316	for the purpose of harassment, the court may, after hearing
1317	evidence as to the necessity therefore, require the party
1318	instituting the action to post a bond in the amount that the
1319	court finds reasonable to indemnify the defendant for any
1320	damages incurred, including reasonable attorney's fees.
1321	2. In any civil litigation resulting from an act or
1322	practice involving a violation of this section, the prevailing
1323	party, after judgment in the trial court and exhaustion of all
1324	appeals, if any, may receive reasonable attorney's fees and
1325	costs from the nonprevailing party.
1326	3. The attorney for the prevailing party shall submit a
1327	sworn affidavit of time spent on the case and costs incurred for
1328	all the motions, hearings, and appeals to the trial judge who
1329	presided over the civil case.
1330	4. The trial judge may award the prevailing party the sum
1331	of reasonable costs incurred in the action plus a reasonable
1332	legal fee for the hours actually spent on the case as sworn to

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1333 in an affidavit.

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1334 <u>5. Any award of attorney's fees or costs become part of the</u>
1335 <u>judgment and subject to execution as the law allows.</u>
1336 (c) The provisions of this subsection do not apply to any

1337 action initiated by the enforcing authority.

Section 17. <u>The Division of Statutory Revision is requested</u> to rename part II of chapter 494, Florida Statutes, consisting of ss. 494.003-491.0043, Florida Statutes, as "Loan Originators and Mortgage Brokers."

1342 Section 18. Section 494.003, Florida Statutes, is amended 1343 to read:

494.003 Exemptions.-

1345 (1) None of The following persons are not is subject to the 1346 requirements of this part ss. 494.003-494.0043:

(a) Any person <u>operating exclusively as a registered loan</u>
originator in accordance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing
<u>Act of 2008</u> licensed under ss. 494.006-494.0077, except as
provided in s. 494.0073.

1351 (b) A depository institution; subsidiaries that are owned 1352 and controlled by a depository institution and regulated by the 1353 Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the 1354 Comptroller of the Currency, the Director of the Office of 1355 Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union Administration, or 1356 the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or institutions 1357 regulated by the Farm Credit Administration state or federal 1358 chartered bank, trust company, savings and loan association, 1359 savings bank or credit union, bank holding company regulated under the laws of any state or the United States, or consumer 1360 finance company licensed pursuant to chapter 516. 1361

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1362 (c) A wholly owned bank holding company subsidiary or a 1363 wholly owned savings and loan association holding company subsidiary formed and regulated under the laws of any state or 1364 1365 the United States that is approved or certified by the 1366 Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Veterans 1367 Administration, the Government National Mortgage Association, 1368 the Federal National Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home 1369 Loan Mortgage Corporation. 1370 (c) (d) The Federal National Mortgage Association; τ the 1371 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; any agency of the 1372 Federal Government; any state, county, or municipal government; 1373 or any quasi-governmental agency that acts in such capacity 1374 under the specific authority of the laws of any state or the 1375 United States. 1376 (d) A licensed attorney who negotiates the terms of a 1377 mortgage loan on behalf of a client as an ancillary matter to 1378 the attorney's representation of the client, unless the attorney 1379 is compensated by a mortgage lender, a mortgage broker, or a 1380 loan originator or by the agent of such lender, broker, or 1381 originator. 1382 (e) Any person licensed to practice law in this state, not actively and principally engaged in the business of negotiating 1383 1384 loans secured by real property, when such person renders 1385 services in the course of her or his practice as an attorney at 1386 law. 1387 (2) None of the following persons is required to be licensed under ss. 494.003-494.0043: 1388 (a) An insurance company duly licensed in this state when 1389 dealing with its clients in the normal course of its insurance 1390

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1391 business.

1413

(b) A federally licensed small business investment company. (c) A securities dealer registered under the provisions of s. 517.12, when dealing with its corporate or individual clients in the normal course of its securities business.

1396 (d) Any person acting in a fiduciary capacity conferred by 1397 authority of any court.

1398 (e) A wholly owned subsidiary of a state or federal 1399 chartered bank or savings and loan association the sole activity 1400 of which is to distribute the lending programs of such state or 1401 federal chartered bank or savings and loan association to 1402 persons who arrange loans for, or make loans to, borrowers.

1403 (2) (3) It is not necessary to negate any of the exemptions 1404 provided in this section in any complaint, information, 1405 indictment, or other writ or proceeding brought under ss. 1406 494.001-494.0077. The burden of establishing the right to <u>an</u> any 1407 such exemption is upon the party claiming the benefit of the 1408 exemption.

1409Section 19. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0031,1410Florida Statutes, is repealed.

1411 Section 20. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00312, 1412 Florida Statutes, is created to read:

494.00312 Loan originator license.-

1414 <u>(1) An individual who acts as a loan originator must be</u> 1415 licensed under this section.

1416(2) In order to apply for loan originator license, an1417applicant must:

1418(a) Be at least 18 years of age and have a high school1419diploma or its equivalent.

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1420 (b) Complete a 20-hour prelicensing class approved by the 1421 registry. 1422 (c) Pass a written test developed by the registry and 1423 administered by a provider approved by the registry. 1424 (d) Submit a completed license application form as 1425 prescribed by commission rule. 1426 (e) Submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$195, and the 1427 \$20 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172. Application 1428 fees may not be prorated for partial years of licensure. 1429 (f) Submit fingerprints in accordance with rules adopted by 1430 the commission: 1431 1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the registry, the 1432 office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the registry or the 1433 office. 1434 2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to 1435 provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint 1436 card. 1437 3. A state criminal history background check must be 1438 conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement and a 1439 federal criminal history background check must be conducted 1440 through the Federal Bureau of Investigation. 1441 4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law 1442 Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into 1443 the statewide automated fingerprint identification system 1444 established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in 1445 accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an 1446 annual fee to the department to participate in the system and inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no 1447 1448 longer required to be retained.

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1449	5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost
1450	of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person
1451	subject to the background check.
1452	6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of
1453	the state and federal criminal history checks and determining
1454	whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.
1455	(g) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1456	report on the applicant from a consumer reporting agency, and
1457	transmit or provide access to the report to the office. The cost
1458	of the credit report shall be borne by the applicant.
1459	(h) Submit additional information or documentation
1460	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1461	applicant. Additional information may include documentation of
1462	pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events,
1463	including arrest reports and certified copies of charging
1464	documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents,
1465	documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating
1466	probation or supervised release, final administrative agency
1467	orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the
1468	office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility
1469	for licensure.
1470	(i) Submit any other information required by the registry
1471	for the processing of the application.
1472	(3) An application is considered received for the purposes
1473	of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of all documentation from
1474	the registry, including the completed application form,
1475	documentation of completion of the prelicensure class, test
1476	results, criminal history information, and independent credit
1477	report, as well as the license application fee, the fee required
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1478	by s. 494.00172, and all applicable fingerprinting processing
1479	fees.
1480	(4) The office shall issue a loan originator license to
1481	each person who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the
1482	requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial
1483	of licensure if the applicant:
1484	(a) Has committed any violation specified in ss. 494.001-
1485	494.0077, or is the subject of a pending felony criminal
1486	prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement
1487	action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, dishonesty,
1488	breach of trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral
1489	turpitude.
1490	(b) Demonstrates a lack of financial responsibility,
1491	character, and general fitness which would fail to command the
1492	confidence of the community and to warrant a determination that
1493	the loan originator will operate honestly, fairly, and
1494	efficiently.
1495	1. For purposes of this paragraph, a person has shown that
1496	he or she is not financially responsible if he or she has shown
1497	a disregard in the management of his or her own financial
1498	condition, which may include, but is not limited to:
1499	a. Current outstanding judgments, except judgments
1500	resulting solely from medical expenses;
1501	b. Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens
1502	and filings;
1503	c. Foreclosures within the past 3 years; or
1504	d. A pattern of seriously delinquent accounts within the
1505	past 7 years.
1506	2. If an applicant's credit report would serve, in whole or
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1507 in part, as the basis for denial of a license, before denying 1508 the license, the office must notify the applicant in writing of 1509 the specific items of concern found in the credit report. The 1510 applicant shall be provided an opportunity to submit any 1511 mitigating information with regard to the items identified by the office. The use of the terms "poor credit history," "poor 1512 credit rating," or similar language do not meet the requirements 1513 1514 of this subsection. The office may not use an applicant's credit 1515 score as a basis for denying licensure. 1516 (5) The office may not issue a license to an applicant who 1517 has had a loan originator license or its equivalent revoked in 1518 any jurisdiction. 1519 (6) A loan originator license may be withdrawn pursuant to 1520 s. 120.60 if it was issued through mistake or inadvertence of 1521 the office. A license must be reinstated if the applicant

1522 demonstrates that the requirements for obtaining the license
1523 under this chapter have been satisfied.

1524 (7) All loan originator licenses must be renewed annually by December 31 pursuant to s. 494.00313. If a person holding a 1525 1526 loan originator license has not applied to renew the license on 1527 or before December 31, the loan originator license expires on December 31. If a person holding an active loan originator 1528 1529 license has applied to renew the license on or before December 1530 31, the loan originator license remains active until the renewal 1531 application is approved or denied. A loan originator is not 1532 precluded from reapplying for licensure upon expiration of a 1533 previous license.

1534 Section 21. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00313, 1535 Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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1536	494.00313 Loan originator license renewal
1537	(1) In order to renew a loan originator license, a loan
1538	originator must:
1539	(a) Submit a completed license renewal form as prescribed
1540	by commission rule.
1541	(b) Submit a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$150, and the \$20
1542	nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172.
1543	(c) Provide documentation of completion of at least 8 hours
1544	of continuing education in courses reviewed and approved by the
1545	registry.
1546	(d) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1547	report on the applicant from a consumer reporting agency, and
1548	transmit or provide access to the report to the office. The cost
1549	of the credit report shall be borne by the applicant.
1550	(e) Submit any additional information or documentation
1551	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1552	licensee. Additional information may include documentation of
1553	pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events,
1554	including arrest reports and certified copies of charging
1555	documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents,
1556	documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating
1557	probation or supervised release, final administrative agency
1558	orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the
1559	office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility
1560	for licensure.
1561	(2) The office may not renew a loan originator license
1562	unless the loan originator continues to meet the minimum
1563	standards for initial license issuance pursuant to s. 494.00312
1564	and adopted rule.

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1565	Section 22. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0032,
1566	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1567	Section 23. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00321,
1568	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
1569	494.00321 Mortgage broker license
1570	(1) Each person who acts as a mortgage broker must be
1571	licensed in accordance with this section.
1572	(2) In order to apply for a mortgage broker license the
1573	applicant must:
1574	(a) Submit a completed license application form as
1575	prescribed by commission rule.
1576	(b) Designate a qualified principal loan originator on the
1577	application form who meets the requirements of s. 494.0035.
1578	(c) Submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$425, and the
1579	\$100 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172. Application
1580	fees may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.
1581	(d) Submit fingerprints for each of the applicant's control
1582	persons in accordance with rules adopted by the commission:
1583	1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the registry, the
1584	office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the registry or the
1585	office.
1586	2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to
1587	provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint
1588	card.
1589	3. A state criminal history background check must be
1590	conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement and a
1591	federal criminal history background check must be conducted
1592	through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1593	4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law

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1594	Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into
1595	the statewide automated fingerprint identification system
1596	established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in
1597	accordance with s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h). The office shall pay an
1598	annual fee to the department to participate in the system and
1599	inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no
1600	longer required to be retained.
1601	5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost
1602	of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person
1603	subject to the background check.
1604	6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of
1605	the state and federal criminal history checks and determining
1606	whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.
1607	(e) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
1608	report on each of the applicant's control persons from a
1609	consumer reporting agency, and transmit or provide access to the
1610	report to the office. The cost of the credit report shall be
1611	borne by the applicant.
1612	(f) Submit additional information or documentation
1613	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
1614	applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional
1615	information may include documentation of pending and prior
1616	disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest
1617	reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea
1618	agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents
1619	relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation
1620	or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or
1621	other comparable documents that may provide the office with the
1622	appropriate information to determine eligibility for licensure.
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1623	(g) Submit any other information required by the registry
1624	for the processing of the application.
1625	(3) An application is considered received for the purposes
1626	of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of all documentation from
1627	the registry, including the completed application form, criminal
1628	history information, and independent credit report, as well as
1629	the licensed application fee, the fee required by s. 492.00172,
1630	and all applicable fingerprinting processing fees.
1631	(4) The office shall issue a mortgage broker license to
1632	each person who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the
1633	requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial
1634	of licensure if the applicant or one of the applicant's control
1635	persons:
1636	(a) Has committed any violation specified in ss. 494.001-
1637	494.0077, or is the subject of a pending felony criminal
1638	prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement
1639	action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, dishonesty,
1640	breach of trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral
1641	turpitude.
1642	(b) Demonstrates a lack of financial responsibility,
1643	character, and general fitness which would fail to command the
1644	confidence of the community and to warrant a determination that
1645	the loan originator will operate honestly, fairly, and
1646	efficiently.
1647	1. For purposes of this paragraph, a person has shown that
1648	he or she is not financially responsible if he or she has shown
1649	a disregard in the management of his or her own financial
1650	condition, which may include, but is not limited to:
1651	a. Current outstanding judgments, except judgments

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1652 resulting solely from medical expenses; 1653 b. Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens 1654 and filings; 1655 c. Foreclosures within the past 3 years; or 1656 d. A pattern of seriously delinquent accounts within the 1657 past 7 years. 2. If an applicant's credit report would serve, in whole or 1658 1659 in part, as the basis for denial of a license, before denying 1660 the license, the office must notify the applicant in writing of 1661 the specific items of concern found in the credit report. The 1662 applicant shall be provided an opportunity to submit any 1663 mitigating information with regard to the items identified by 1664 the office. The use of the terms "poor credit history," "poor 1665 credit rating," or similar language do not meet the requirements of this subsection. The office may not use an applicant's credit 1666 score as a basis for denying licensure. 1667 1668 (5) The office shall deny a license if the applicant has had a mortgage broker license, or its equivalent, revoked in any 1669 1670 jurisdiction, or any of the applicant's control persons has had 1671 a loan originator license, or its equivalent, revoked in any 1672 jurisdiction. 1673 (6) A mortgage broker license may be withdrawn pursuant to 1674 s. 120.60 if it was issued through mistake or inadvertence of 1675 the office. A license must be reinstated if the applicant 1676 demonstrates that the requirements for obtaining the license 1677 under this chapter have been satisfied. 1678 (7) All mortgage broker licenses must be renewed annually by December 31 pursuant to s. 494.00322. If a person holding an 1679 1680 active mortgage broker license has not applied to renew the

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1682license expires on December 31. If a person holding an active1683mortgage broker license has applied to renew the license on or1684before December 31, the mortgage broker license remains active1685until the renewal application is approved or denied. A mortgage1686broker is not precluded from reapplying for licensure upon1687expiration of a previous license.1688Section 24. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00322,1689Florida Statutes, is created to read:1690 <u>494.00322 Mortgage broker license renewal</u> 1691(1) In order to renew a mortgage broker license, a mortgage1692broker must:	
1684before December 31, the mortgage broker license remains active1685until the renewal application is approved or denied. A mortgage1686broker is not precluded from reapplying for licensure upon1687expiration of a previous license.1688Section 24. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00322,1689Florida Statutes, is created to read:1690 <u>494.00322 Mortgage broker license renewal</u> 1691(1) In order to renew a mortgage broker license, a mortgage	
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1691 (1) In order to renew a mortgage broker license, a mortga	
1692 broker must.	je
STOKET MUDE.	
1693 (a) Submit a completed license renewal form as prescribed	
1694 by commission rule.	
1695 (b) Submit a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$375, and the	
1696 \$100 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172.	
1697 (c) Submit fingerprints in accordance with s.	
1698 494.00321(2)(d) for any new control persons who have not been	
1699 screened.	
1700 (d) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credi	<u></u>
1701 report on each of the applicant's control persons from a	
1702 consumer reporting agency, and transmit or provide access to t	ne
1703 report to the office. The cost of the credit report shall be	
1704 borne by the applicant.	
1705 (e) Submit any additional information or documentation	
1706 requested by the office and required by rule concerning the	
1707 applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional	
1708 information may include documentation of pending and prior	
1709 disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest	

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1710	reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea
1711	agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents
1712	relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation
1713	or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or
1714	other comparable documents that may provide the office with the
1715	appropriate information to determine eligibility for licensure.
1716	(2) The office may not renew a mortgage broker license
1717	unless the licensee continues to meet the minimum requirements
1718	for initial licensure pursuant to s. 494.00321 and adopted rule.
1719	Section 25. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0033,
1720	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1721	Section 26. Section 494.00331, Florida Statutes, is amended
1722	to read:
1723	494.00331 Loan originator employment Mortgage broker
1724	associationAn individual may not act as a loan originator
1725	unless he or she is an employee of, or an independent contractor
1726	for, a mortgage broker or a mortgage lender, and may not be
1727	employed by or contract with more than one mortgage broker or
1728	mortgage lender, or either simultaneously. No person required to
1729	be licensed as a mortgage broker under this chapter shall be
1730	simultaneously an associate of more than one licensed mortgage
1731	brokerage business, licensed mortgage lender, or licensed
1732	correspondent mortgage lender.
1733	Section 27. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0034,
1734	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1735	Section 28. Section 494.0035, Florida Statutes, is amended
1736	to read:
1737	494.0035 Principal <u>loan originator</u> broker and branch
1738	<u>manager for mortgage</u> broker requirements
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1739 (1) Each mortgage broker brokerage business must be operated by a principal loan originator who shall have a 1740 1741 principal broker who shall operate the business under such 1742 broker's full charge, control, and supervision of the mortgage 1743 broker business. The principal loan originator must have been 1744 licensed as a loan originator broker must have been a licensed mortgage broker pursuant to s. 494.0033 for at least 1 year 1745 before prior to being designated as the a principal loan 1746 1747 originator broker, or must shall demonstrate to the satisfaction 1748 of the office that he or she such principal broker has been 1749 actively engaged in a mortgage broker-related mortgage-related 1750 business for at least 1 year before prior to being designated as 1751 a principal loan originator broker. Each mortgage broker must 1752 keep the office informed of the person designated as the 1753 principal loan originator as prescribed by commission rule 1754 brokerage business shall maintain a form as prescribed by the 1755 commission indicating the business's designation of principal 1756 broker and the individual's acceptance of such responsibility. 1757 If the designation is inaccurate, the business shall be deemed 1758 to be operated under form is unavailable, inaccurate, or 1759 incomplete, it is deemed that the business was operated in the 1760 full charge, control, and supervision of by each officer, 1761 director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10-percent or greater 1762 interest in the mortgage broker brokerage business, or any other 1763 person in a similar capacity. A loan originator may not be a 1764 principal loan originator for more than one mortgage broker at 1765 any given time.

1766 (2) Each branch office of a mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage
 1767 business must <u>be operated by a have a designated</u> branch <u>manager</u>

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1768 broker who shall have operate the business under such broker's 1769 full charge, control, and supervision of the branch office. The 1770 designated branch manager broker must be a licensed loan 1771 originator mortgage broker pursuant to s. 494.00312 s. 494.0033. 1772 Each branch office must keep the office informed of the person 1773 designated as the branch manager as prescribed by commission 1774 rule, which includes documentation of shall maintain a form as 1775 prescribed by the commission logging the branch's designation of 1776 a branch broker and the individual's acceptance of such 1777 responsibility. If the designation is inaccurate, the branch 1778 office shall be deemed to be operated under form is unavailable, 1779 inaccurate, or incomplete, it is deemed that the branch was operated in the full charge, control, and supervision of by each 1780 1781 officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10-percent 1782 or greater interest in the mortgage broker brokerage business, 1783 or any other person in a similar capacity.

1784 Section 29. Section 494.0036, Florida Statutes, is amended 1785 to read:

494.0036 Mortgage <u>broker branch office license</u> brokerage business branch offices.-

1788 (1) Each branch office of a mortgage broker must be
 1789 licensed under this section. A mortgage brokerage business
 1790 branch office license is required for each branch office
 1791 maintained by a mortgage brokerage business.

(2) The office shall issue a mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage
business branch office license to a mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage
business licensee after the office determines that the licensee
has submitted a completed application for a branch office in a
form as prescribed by commission rule and payment of an initial

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1797 nonrefundable branch office license fee of \$225 per branch 1798 office. Application fees may not be prorated for partial years 1799 of licensure. The branch office license shall be issued in the 1800 name of the mortgage broker brokerage business that maintains 1801 the branch office. An application is considered received for 1802 purposes of s. 120.60 upon receipt of a completed application 1803 form as prescribed by commission rule, and the required fees a 1804 nonrefundable application fee of \$225, and any other fee 1805 prescribed by law. 1806 (3) A branch office license must be renewed annually at the 1807 time of renewing the mortgage broker license under s. 494.00322. 1808 A nonrefundable branch renewal fee of \$225 per branch office 1809 must be submitted at the time of renewal. 1810 Section 30. Section 494.0038, Florida Statutes, is amended 1811 to read: 494.0038 Loan origination and mortgage broker fees and 1812 Mortgage broker disclosures.-1813 1814 (1) (a) 1. A loan origination fee may not be paid person may 1815 not receive a mortgage brokerage fee except pursuant to a 1816 written mortgage broker brokerage agreement between the mortgage 1817 broker brokerage business and the borrower which is signed and dated by the principal loan originator or branch manager, the 1818 1819 business and the borrower. The unique registry identifier of 1820 each loan originator responsible for providing loan originator 1821 services must be printed on the mortgage broker agreement. 1822 (a)2. The written mortgage broker brokerage agreement must 1823 describe the services to be provided by the mortgage broker

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brokerage business and specify the amount and terms of the loan

origination mortgage brokerage fee that the mortgage broker

1824 1825

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1826 brokerage business is to receive.

1827 1. Except for application and third-party fees, all fees received by a mortgage broker from a borrower must be identified 1829 as a loan origination fee.

2. All fees on the mortgage broker agreement must be 1830 1831 disclosed in dollar amounts.

3. All loan origination fees must be paid to a mortgage 1832 1833 broker.

1834 (b) The written mortgage brokerage agreement must be 1835 executed within 3 business days after a mortgage loan 1836 application is accepted if the borrower is present when the 1837 mortgage loan application is accepted. If the borrower is not 1838 present when such an application is accepted, the licensee shall 1839 forward the written mortgage brokerage agreement to the borrower 1840 within 3 business days after the licensee's acceptance of the 1841 application and the licensee bears the burden of proving that 1842 the borrower received and approved the written mortgage 1843 brokerage agreement.

1844 (2) (b) 1. If the mortgage broker brokerage business is to 1845 receive any payment of any kind from the mortgage lender, the 1846 maximum total dollar amount of the payment must be disclosed to 1847 the borrower in the written mortgage broker brokerage agreement 1848 as described in paragraph (1)(a). The commission may prescribe 1849 by rule an acceptable form for disclosure of brokerage fees 1850 received from the lender. The mortgage brokerage agreement must 1851 state the nature of the relationship with the lender, describe 1852 how compensation is paid by the lender, and describe how the 1853 mortgage interest rate affects the compensation paid to the 1854 mortgage broker brokerage business.

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1855 (a) $\frac{2}{2}$. The exact amount of any payment of any kind by the 1856 lender to the mortgage broker brokerage business must be 1857 disclosed in writing to the borrower within 3 business days 1858 after the mortgage broker brokerage business is made aware of 1859 the exact amount of the payment from the lender but not less 1860 than 3 business days before the execution of the closing or 1861 settlement statement. The licensee bears the burden of proving 1862 such notification was provided to the borrower. Notification is 1863 waived if the exact amount of the payment is accurately 1864 disclosed in the written mortgage broker agreement.

1865(b) (c)The commission may prescribe by rule the form of1866disclosure of brokerage fees.

1867 (3) (2) At the time a written mortgage broker brokerage 1868 agreement is signed executed by the borrower or forwarded to the borrower for signature execution, or at the time the mortgage 1869 1870 broker brokerage business accepts an application fee, credit 1871 report fee, property appraisal fee, or any other third-party fee, but at least not less than 3 business days before execution 1872 1873 of the closing or settlement statement, the mortgage broker 1874 brokerage business shall disclose in writing to any applicant 1875 for a mortgage loan the following information:

1876 (a) That the such mortgage broker brokerage business may 1877 not make mortgage loans or commitments. The mortgage broker 1878 brokerage business may make a commitment and may furnish a lock-1879 in of the rate and program on behalf of the lender if when the 1880 mortgage broker brokerage business has obtained a written 1881 commitment or lock-in for the loan from the lender on behalf of the borrower for the loan. The commitment must be in the same 1882 1883 form and substance as issued by the lender.

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(b) That <u>the</u> such mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage business cannot
guarantee acceptance into any particular loan program or promise
any specific loan terms or conditions.

1887 (c) A good faith estimate, signed and dated by the 1888 borrower, which discloses the total amount of each of the fees 1889 which the borrower may reasonably expect to pay if the loan is 1890 closed, including, but not limited to, fees earned by the 1891 mortgage broker brokerage business, lender fees, third-party 1892 fees, and official fees, together with the terms and conditions 1893 for obtaining a refund of such fees, if any. Any amount 1894 collected in excess of the actual cost shall be returned within 1895 60 days after rejection, withdrawal, or closing. The good faith estimate must identify the recipient of all payments charged the 1896 1897 borrower and, except for all fees to be received by the mortgage 1898 broker brokerage business, may be disclosed in generic terms, 1899 such as, but not limited to, paid to lender, appraiser, officials, title company, or any other third-party service 1900 provider. This requirement does not supplant or is not a 1901 1902 substitute for the written mortgage broker brokerage agreement 1903 described in subsection (1).

1904 (4) (4) (3) The disclosures required by this subsection must be 1905 furnished in writing at the time an adjustable rate mortgage 1906 loan is offered to the borrower and whenever the terms of the 1907 adjustable rate mortgage loan offered materially change prior to 1908 closing. The mortgage broker shall furnish the disclosures 1909 relating to adjustable rate mortgages in a format prescribed by 1910 ss. 226.18 and 226.19 of Regulation Z of the Board of Governors 1911 of the Federal Reserve System, as amended; its commentary, as 1912 amended; and the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. ss.

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1913 1601 et seq., as amended; together with the Consumer Handbook on 1914 Adjustable Rate Mortgages, as amended; published by the Federal 1915 Reserve Board and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. The licensee 1916 bears the burden of proving such disclosures were provided to 1917 the borrower.

1918 <u>(5) (4)</u> If the mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage agreement includes 1919 a nonrefundable application fee, the following requirements are 1920 applicable:

(a) The amount of the application fee, which must be
clearly denominated as such, <u>must shall</u> be clearly disclosed.

(b) The specific services that will be performed in
consideration for the application fee <u>must</u> shall be disclosed.

(c) The application fee must be reasonably related to the services to be performed and may not be based upon a percentage of the principal amount of the loan or the amount financed.

1928 (6) (5) A mortgage broker brokerage business may not accept 1929 any fee in connection with a mortgage loan other than an 1930 application fee, credit report fee, property appraisal fee, or 1931 other third-party fee prior to obtaining a written commitment 1932 from a qualified lender.

1933 (7) (6) Any third-party fee entrusted to a mortgage broker 1934 must brokerage business shall immediately, upon receipt, be 1935 placed into a segregated account with a financial institution 1936 located in the state the accounts of which are insured by the 1937 Federal Government. Such funds shall be held in trust for the 1938 payor and shall be kept in the account until disbursement. Such 1939 funds may be placed in one account if adequate accounting 1940 measures are taken to identify the source of the funds.

1941

(7) All mortgage brokerage fees shall be paid to a mortgage

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1942 brokerage business licensee.

1943 (8) A mortgage broker may not pay a commission to any 1944 person not licensed pursuant to this chapter.

(9) (8) This section does not prohibit a mortgage broker 1946 brokerage business from offering products and services, in 1947 addition to those offered in conjunction with the loan 1948 origination process, for a fee or commission.

1949 Section 31. Section 494.0039, Florida Statutes, is amended 1950 to read:

1951 494.0039 Principal place of business requirements.-Each 1952 mortgage broker brokerage business licensee shall maintain and 1953 transact business from a principal place of business.

Section 32. Section 494.004, Florida Statutes, is amended 1954 1955 to read:

1956

494.004 Requirements of licensees.-

1957 (1) Each licensee under this part ss. 494.003-494.0043 1958 shall report to the office: τ

1959 (a) In writing, any conviction of, or plea of nolo 1960 contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any felony or any crime or administrative violation that involves fraud, 1961 1962 dishonesty, breach of trust, money laundering dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral turpitude, in any jurisdiction, by the 1963 1964 licensee or any control natural person within named in s. 1965 494.0031(2)(d), not later than 30 days after the date of 1966 conviction, entry of a plea of nolo contendere, or final 1967 administrative action.

1968 (b) (2) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall report, In a form prescribed by rule of the commission, any 1969 1970 conviction of, or plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of

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1971 whether adjudication is withheld, any felony committed by the 1972 licensee or any control natural person within named in s. 1973 494.0031(2)(d), not later than 30 days after the date of 1974 conviction or the date the plea of nolo contendere is entered.

1975 (c) (3) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall 1976 report Any action in bankruptcy, voluntary or involuntary, 1977 within 30 to the office not later than 7 business days after the 1978 action is instituted.

1979 (d) (4) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall 1980 report On a form prescribed by rule of the commission, any 1981 change to the information contained in any initial application 1982 form or any amendment to the application within not later than 1983 30 days after the change is effective.

1984 (5) A license issued under ss. 494.003-494.0043 is not 1985 transferable or assignable.

1986 (e) (6) Each licensee under ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall 1987 report Any change in the principal loan originator broker, any 1988 addition or subtraction of a control person partners, officers, 1989 members, joint venturers, directors, control persons of any 1990 licensee, or any individual who is the ultimate equitable owner 1991 of a 10-percent or greater interest in the licensee, or any 1992 change in the form of business organization, by written 1993 amendment in the form and at the time the commission specifies 1994 by rule.

1995 (a) In any case in which a person or a group of persons, 1996 directly or indirectly or acting by or through one or more 1997 persons, proposes to purchase or acquire a controlling interest in a licensee, such person or group shall submit an initial 1998 application for licensure as a mortgage brokerage business 1999

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2000 before such purchase or acquisition and at the time and in the 2001 form the commission prescribes by rule.

(b) As used in this subsection, the term "controlling 2002 2003 interest" means possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a company whether 2004 2005 through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. Any 2006 person who directly or indirectly has the right to vote 25 2007 percent or more of the voting securities of a company or is 2008 entitled to 25 percent or more of the company's profits is 2009 presumed to possess a controlling interest.

2010 (f) (c) Any addition of a partner, officer, member, joint 2011 venturer, director, control person, or ultimate equitable owner 2012 of the applicant who does not have a controlling interest and 2013 who has not previously filed a Uniform Mortgage Biographical 2014 Statement & Consent Form, MU2, or has not previously complied 2015 with the fingerprinting and credit report requirements 2016 provisions of ss. 494.00321 and 494.00322, s. 494.0031(2)(c) and 2017 (d) is subject to the such provisions of these sections unless required to file an initial application in accordance with 2018 paragraph (a). If, after the addition of a control person, the 2019 2020 office finds that the licensee does not continue to meet 2021 licensure requirements, the office may bring an administrative 2022 action in accordance with s. 494.00255 s. 494.0041 to enforce the provisions of this chapter. 2023

2024 (d) The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 2025 120.536(1) and 120.54 providing for the waiver of the 2026 application required by this subsection if the person or group 2027 of persons proposing to purchase or acquire a controlling interest in a licensee has previously complied with the 2028

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2029 provisions of s. 494.0031(2)(c) and (d) with respect to the same 2030 legal entity or is currently licensed by the office under this 2031 chapter.

2032 (7) On or before April 30, 2000, each mortgage brokerage 2033 business shall file an initial report stating the name, social 2034 security number, date of birth, mortgage broker license number, 2035 date of hire and, if applicable, date of termination for each 2036 person who was an associate of the mortgage brokerage business 2037 during the immediate preceding quarter. Thereafter, A mortgage 2038 brokerage business shall file a quarterly report only if a 2039 person became an associate or ceased to be an associate of the 2040 mortgage brokerage business during the immediate preceding 2041 quarter. Such report shall be filed within 30 days after the 2042 last day of each calendar quarter and shall contain the name, 2043 social security number, date of birth, mortgage broker license 2044 number, date of hire and, if applicable, the date of termination 2045 of each person who became or ceased to be an associate of the 2046 mortgage brokerage business during the immediate preceding 2047 quarter. The commission shall prescribe, by rule, the procedures 2048 for filing reports required by this subsection.

2049 (2) (8) (a) In every mortgage loan transaction, each licensee under this part must ss. 494.003-494.0043 shall notify a 2050 2051 borrower of any material changes in the terms of a mortgage loan previously offered to the borrower within 3 business days after 2052 2053 being made aware of such changes by the mortgage lender but at 2054 least not less than 3 business days before the signing of the 2055 settlement or closing statement. The licensee bears the burden 2056 of proving such notification was provided and accepted by the 2057 borrower.

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2058 (b) A borrower may waive the right to receive notice of a 2059 material change that is granted under paragraph (a) if the 2060 borrower determines that the extension of credit is needed to 2061 meet a bona fide personal financial emergency and the right to 2062 receive notice would delay the closing of the mortgage loan. The 2063 imminent sale of the borrower's home at foreclosure during the 2064 3-day period before the signing of the settlement or closing 2065 statement is constitutes an example of a bona fide personal 2066 financial emergency. In order to waive the borrower's right to 2067 receive notice not less than 3 business days before the signing 2068 of the settlement or closing statement of any such material 2069 change, the borrower must provide the licensee with a dated 2070 written statement that describes the personal financial 2071 emergency, waives the right to receive the notice, bears the 2072 borrower's signature, and is not on a printed form prepared by 2073 the licensee for the purpose of such a waiver.

2074 <u>(3) Each mortgage broker shall submit to the registry</u> 2075 reports of condition, which must be in such form and shall 2076 contain such information as the registry may require.

2077 <u>(4) A license issued under this part is not transferable or</u> 2078 <u>assignable.</u>

2079Section 33. Section 494.0041, Florida Statutes, is2080repealed.

2081 Section 34. Section 494.0042, Florida Statutes, is amended 2082 to read:

2083

494.0042 Loan originator Brokerage fees.-

(1) A <u>loan originator</u> mortgage brokerage fee earned by a licensee, pursuant to <u>this part</u> ss. 494.003-494.0043, is not considered interest or a finance charge under chapter 687.

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2087 (2) A person may not charge or exact, directly or 2088 indirectly, from the borrower mortgagor a fee or commission in 2089 excess of the maximum fee or commission specified in this 2090 section. The maximum fees or commissions that may be charged for 2091 mortgage loans are as follows:

2092

2101

(a) On a mortgage loan of \$1,000 or less: \$250.

2093 (b) On a mortgage loan exceeding \$1,000 and not exceeding 2094 \$2,000: \$250 for the first \$1,000 of the mortgage loan, plus \$10 2095 for each additional \$100 of the mortgage loan.

2096 (c) On a mortgage loan exceeding \$2,000 and not exceeding 2097 \$5,000: \$350 for the first \$2,000 of the mortgage loan, plus \$10 2098 for each additional \$100 of the mortgage loan.

2099 (d) On a mortgage loan exceeding \$5,000: \$250 plus 10 2100 percent of the entire mortgage loan.

For the purpose of determining the maximum fee, the amount of 2102 2103 the mortgage loan is based on the amount of mortgage loan 2104 actually funded exclusive of the authorized maximum fees or commissions. 2105

2106 (3) At the time of accepting a mortgage loan application, a 2107 mortgage broker brokerage business may receive from the borrower 2108 a nonrefundable application fee. If the mortgage loan is funded, 2109 the nonrefundable application fee shall be credited against the 2110 amount owed as a result of the loan being funded. A person may 2111 not receive any form of compensation for acting as a loan 2112 originator mortgage broker other than a nonrefundable 2113 application fee, a fee based on the mortgage amount being 2114 funded, or a fee which complies with s. 494.00421. 2115

Section 35. Section 494.00421, Florida Statutes, is amended

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2116 to read:

494.00421 Fees earned upon obtaining a bona fide 2117 commitment.-Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 494.001-2118 494.0077, any mortgage broker brokerage business which contracts 2119 2120 to receive from a borrower a mortgage broker brokerage fee from 2121 a borrower upon obtaining a bona fide commitment shall 2122 accurately disclose in the mortgage broker brokerage agreement: 2123 (1) The gross loan amount. 2124 (2) In the case of a fixed-rate mortgage, the note rate. 2125 (3) In the case of an adjustable rate mortgage: 2126 (a) The initial note rate. 2127 (b) The length of time for which the initial note rate is effective. 2128 2129 (c) The frequency of changes. (d) The limitation upon such changes including adjustment 2130 2131 to adjustment cap and life cap. 2132 (e) Whether the loan has any potential for negative 2133 amortization. 2134 (f) Identification of the margin-interest rate 2135 differential. 2136 (g) Identification of a nationally recognized index which 2137 index must be free from control of the mortgage broker, mortgage 2138 brokerage business, mortgage lender, or correspondent mortgage lender. 2139 2140 (4) The estimated net proceeds to be paid directly to the 2141 borrower. "Estimated net proceeds" means the cash to be received 2142 by the borrower after payment of any fees, charges, debts, 2143 liens, or encumbrances to perfect the lien of the new mortgage 2144 and establish the agreed-upon priority of the new mortgage.

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(5) The lien priority of the new proposed mortgage.

(6) The number of calendar days, which are mutually agreed upon, within which the mortgage <u>broker</u> brokerage business shall obtain a bona fide mortgage commitment.

(7) (a) The following statement, in <u>at least</u> no less than 12-point boldface type immediately above the signature lines for the borrowers:

2153 "You are entering into a contract with a mortgage broker 2154 brokerage business to obtain a bona fide mortgage loan 2155 commitment under the same terms and conditions as stated 2156 hereinabove or in a separate executed good faith estimate form. 2157 If the mortgage broker brokerage business obtains a bona fide 2158 commitment under the same terms and conditions, you will be 2159 obligated to pay the mortgage broker brokerage business fees, 2160 including, but not limited to, a mortgage broker brokerage fee, 2161 even if you choose not to complete the loan transaction. If the provisions of s. 494.00421, Florida Statutes, are not met, the 2162 2163 mortgage broker brokerage fee can only be earned upon the 2164 funding of the mortgage loan. The borrower may contact the 2165 Department of Financial Services, Tallahassee, Florida, 2166 regarding any complaints that the borrower may have against the 2167 mortgage broker or the mortgage brokerage business. The 2168 telephone number of the department is: ...[insert telephone 2169 number]...."

(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to nonresidential mortgageloan commitments in excess of \$1 million.

2172 2173 (8) Any other disclosure required pursuant to s. 494.0038. Section 36. Section 494.0043, Florida Statutes, is amended

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2174 to read:

2175 494.0043 Requirements for brokering loans to 2176 noninstitutional investors.—

77 (1) A loan originator mortgage broker, when arranging a
78 mortgage loan for a noninstitutional investor, shall:

(a) Before any payment of money by <u>the</u> a noninstitutional investor, provide an opinion of value from an appraiser stating the value of the security property unless the opinion is waived in writing. The opinion must state the value of the property as it exists on the date of the opinion. If any relationship exists between the <u>mortgage</u> broker and the appraiser, that relationship shall be disclosed to the investor.

(b) Provide to the noninstitutional investor a mortgagee's title insurance policy or an opinion of title by an attorney licensed to practice law in the state, or a copy thereof.

1. If a title insurance policy is issued, it must insure the noninstitutional investor against the unmarketability of the mortgagee's interest in such title. It <u>must shall</u> also specify any superior liens that exist against the property. If an opinion of title is issued by an attorney licensed to practice law in the state, the opinion must include a statement as to the marketability of the title to the property described in the mortgage and specify the priority of the mortgage being closed.

2197 2. If the title insurance policy or opinion of title is not 2198 available at the time of purchase, the licensee shall provide a 2199 binder of the title insurance or conditional opinion of title. 2200 This binder or opinion must include any conditions or 2201 requirements that need needed to be corrected before prior to 2202 the issuance of the final title policy or opinion of title. The

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binder or opinion must also include information concerning the requirements specified in subparagraph 1. Any conditions must be eliminated or waived in writing by the investor <u>before</u> prior to delivery to the noninstitutional investor. The policy or opinion, or a copy thereof, shall be delivered to the investor within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding 6 months, after closing.

3. The requirements of this paragraph may be waived in 2211 writing. If the requirements are waived by the noninstitutional 2212 investor, the waiver must include the following statement 2213 wording: "The noninstitutional investor acknowledges that the 2214 mortgage broker or mortgage lender brokering this mortgage loan 2215 is not providing a title insurance policy or opinion of title 2216 issued by an attorney who is licensed to practice law in the 2217 State of Florida. Any requirement for title insurance or for a legal opinion of title is the sole responsibility of the 2218 2219 noninstitutional mortgage investor."

(c) Provide, if the loan is other than a first mortgage, a statement showing the balance owed by the mortgagor on any existing mortgages prior to this investment and the status of such existing mortgages.

(d) Provide a disclosure if the licensee is directly orindirectly acting as a borrower or principal in the transaction.

(2) Each <u>original or certified copy of the</u> mortgage, or other instrument securing a note or assignment thereof, <u>must</u> shall be recorded before being delivered to the noninstitutional investor. A <u>loan originator</u> mortgage broker shall cause the properly endorsed original note to be delivered to the noninstitutional investor.

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(3) Each mortgage and assignment <u>must</u> shall be recorded as soon as practical, but no later than 30 business days after the date of closing.

2235 (4) Any money from a noninstitutional investor for 2236 disbursement at a mortgage loan closing must shall be deposited 2237 with and disbursed by an attorney duly licensed in this state or 2238 by a title company duly licensed in this state. A person acting 2239 as a loan originator mortgage broker may not have control of any 2240 money from a noninstitutional investor. This subsection does not 2241 prohibit a licensee under this part ss. 494.003-494.0043 from 2242 receiving a loan originator mortgage brokerage fee upon the 2243 closing of the mortgage loan funded by the noninstitutional 2244 investor.

2245 Section 37. Section 494.006, Florida Statutes, is amended 2246 to read:

494.006 Exemptions.-

(1) None of the following persons are subject to the requirements of <u>this part</u> ss. 494.006-494.0077 in order to act as a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender:

(a) Any person operating exclusively as a registered loan originator in accordance with the S.A.F.E. Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008.

(b) A depository institution; subsidiaries that are owned
 and controlled by a depository institution and regulated by the
 Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the
 Comptroller of the Currency, the Director of the Office of
 Thrift Supervision, the National Credit Union Administration, or
 the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; or institutions
 regulated by the Farm Credit Administration

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2261 (c) The Federal National Mortgage Association; the Federal 2262 Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; an agency of the Federal Government; any state, county, or municipal government; or any 2263 2264 quasi-governmental agency that acts in such capacity under the 2265 specific authority of the laws of any state or the United 2266 States. 2267 (d) (b) Any person acting in a fiduciary capacity conferred 2268 by the authority of any court. 2269 (c) A wholly owned bank holding company subsidiary or a 2270 wholly owned savings and loan association holding company 2271 subsidiary that is formed and regulated under the laws of any 2272 state or the United States and that is approved or certified by 2273 the Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Veterans 2274 Administration, the Government National Mortgage Association, 2275 the Federal National Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home 2276 Loan Mortgage Corporation.

2277 <u>(e) (d)</u> Any person who, as a seller of his or her own real 2278 property, receives one or more mortgages in a purchase money 2279 transaction.

(c) Any person who receives a mortgage as security for an obligation arising out of materials furnished or as services rendered by the person in the improvement of the real property.

2283 <u>(f)</u> Any person who makes only nonresidential mortgage 2284 loans and sells loans only to institutional investors.

(g) The Federal National Mortgage Association; the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation; an agency of the Federal Covernment; any state, county, or municipal government; or any quasi-governmental agency that acts in such capacity under the specific authority of the laws of any state or the United

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2290 States.

2291 (h) A consumer finance company licensed pursuant to chapter 2292 516 as of October 1, 1991.

2293 (g) (i) Any <u>natural</u> person making or acquiring a mortgage 2294 loan with his or her own funds for his or her own investment, 2295 and who does not hold himself or herself out to the public, in 2296 any manner, as being in the mortgage lending business.

(h) (j) Any <u>natural</u> person selling a mortgage that was made or purchased with that person's funds for his or her own investment, and who does not hold himself or herself out to the public, in any manner, as being in the mortgage lending business.

2302 <u>(i) (k)</u> Any person who acts solely under contract and as an 2303 agent for federal, state, or municipal agencies in the servicing 2304 of mortgage loans.

2305 (2)(a) A natural person employed by a mortgage lender or 2306 correspondent mortgage lender licensed under ss. 494.001-2307 494.0077 is exempt from the licensure requirements of ss. 2308 494.001-494.0077 when acting within the scope of employment with 2309 the licensee.

(b) A corporation that is in existence on October 1, 1991, and that is a wholly owned subsidiary of a consumer finance company licensed pursuant to chapter 516 on October 1, 1991, is not required to be licensed under ss. 494.006-494.0077 in order to act as a mortgage lender or a correspondent mortgage lender.

2315 (2) (3) It is unnecessary to negate any of the exemptions 2316 provided in <u>this section</u> ss. 494.001-494.0077 in any complaint, 2317 information, indictment, or other writ or proceeding brought 2318 under ss. 494.001-494.0077. The burden of establishing the right

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2319	to <u>an</u> any exemption is upon the party claiming the benefit of
2320	the exemption.
2321	Section 38. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0061,
2322	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2323	Section 39. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00611,
2324	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
2325	494.00611 Mortgage lender license.—
2326	(1) Each person who acts as a mortgage lender must be
2327	licensed under this section.
2328	(2) In order to apply for a mortgage lender license the
2329	applicant must:
2330	(a) Submit a completed application form as prescribed by
2331	the commission by rule.
2332	(b) Designate a qualified principal loan originator who
2333	meets the requirements of s. 494.0035 on the application form.
2334	(c) Submit a nonrefundable application fee of \$500, and the
2335	\$100 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172. Application
2336	fees may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.
2337	(d) Submit fingerprints for each of the applicant's control
2338	persons in accordance with rules adopted by the commission:
2339	1. The fingerprints may be submitted to the registry, the
2340	office, or a vendor acting on behalf of the registry or the
2341	office.
2342	2. The office may contract with a third-party vendor to
2343	provide live-scan fingerprinting in lieu of a paper fingerprint
2344	card.
2345	3. A state criminal history background check must be
2346	conducted through the Department of Law Enforcement and a
2347	federal criminal history background check must be conducted
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2348 through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

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4. All fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law 2350 Enforcement must be submitted electronically and entered into 2351 the statewide automated fingerprint identification system 2352 established in s. 943.05(2)(b) and available for use in 2353 accordance with s. 943.05(2)(q) and (h). The office shall pay an 2354 annual fee to the department to participate in the system and 2355 inform the department of any person whose fingerprints are no 2356 longer required to be retained.

5. The costs of fingerprint processing, including the cost of retaining the fingerprints, shall be borne by the person 2359 subject to the background check.

6. The office is responsible for reviewing the results of the state and federal criminal history checks and determining whether the applicant meets licensure requirements.

(e) Indicate whether the applicant will be seeking a servicing endorsement on the application form.

2365 (f) Submit a copy of the applicant's financial audit report 2366 for the most recent fiscal year which, pursuant to United States 2367 generally accepted accounting principles, documents that the 2368 applicant has a bona fide and verifiable net worth, of at least 2369 \$63,000 if the applicant is not seeking a servicing endorsement, 2370 or at least \$250,000 if the applicant is seeking a servicing 2371 endorsement, which must be continuously maintained as a 2372 condition of licensure. If the applicant is a wholly owned 2373 subsidiary of another corporation, the financial audit report 2374 for the parent corporation's satisfies this requirement. The 2375 commission may establish by rule the form and procedures for filing the financial audit report, including the requirement to 2376

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2377 file the repport with the registry when technology is available. 2378 (g) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit 2379 report on each of the applicant's control persons from a 2380 consumer reporting agency, and transmit or provide access to the 2381 report to the office. The cost of the credit report shall be 2382 borne by the applicant. 2383 (h) Submit additional information or documentation 2384 requested by the office and required by rule concerning the 2385 applicant or a control person of the applicant. Additional 2386 information may include documentation of pending and prior 2387 disciplinary and criminal history events, including arrest 2388 reports and certified copies of charging documents, plea 2389 agreements, judgments and sentencing documents, documents 2390 relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating probation 2391 or supervised release, final administrative agency orders, or 2392 other comparable documents that may provide the office with the 2393 appropriate information to determine eligibility for licensure. 2394 (i) Submit any other information required by the registry 2395 for the processing of the application. 2396 (3) An application is considered received for the purposes 2397 of s. 120.60 upon the office's receipt of all documentation from 2398 the registry, including the completed application form, criminal 2399 history information, and independent credit report, as well as the license application fee, the fee required under s. 2400 2401 494.00172, and all applicable fingerprinting processing fees. 2402 (4) The office shall issue a mortgage lender license to 2403 each person who is not otherwise ineligible and who meets the requirements of this section. However, it is a ground for denial 2404 2405 of licensure if the applicant or one of the applicant's control

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2406 persons: 2407 (a) Has committed any violation specified in ss. 494.001-2408 494.0077, or is the subject of a pending felony criminal 2409 prosecution or a prosecution or an administrative enforcement 2410 action, in any jurisdiction, which involves fraud, dishonesty, 2411 breach of trust, money laundering, or any other act of moral turpitude. 2412 2413 (b) Demonstrates a lack of financial responsibility, 2414 character, and general fitness which would fail to command the 2415 confidence of the community and to warrant a determination that 2416 the loan originator will operate honestly, fairly, and 2417 efficiently. 2418 1. For purposes of this paragraph, a person has shown that 2419 he or she is not financially responsible if he or she has shown 2420 a disregard in the management of his or her own financial 2421 condition, which may include, but is not limited to: a. Current outstanding judgments, except judgments 2422 2423 resulting solely from medical expenses; 2424 b. Current outstanding tax liens or other government liens 2425 and filings; 2426 c. Foreclosures within the past 3 years; or 2427 d. A pattern of seriously delinquent accounts within the 2428 past 7 years. 2429 2. If an applicant's credit report would serve, in whole or 2430 in part, as the basis for denial of a license, before denying 2431 the license, the office must notify the applicant in writing of 2432 the specific items of concern found in the credit report. The applicant shall be provided an opportunity to submit any 2433

2434 mitigating information with regard to the items identified by

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2435	the office. The use of the terms "poor credit history," "poor
2436	credit rating," or similar language do not meet the requirements
2437	of this subsection. The office may not use an applicant's credit
2438	score as a basis for denying licensure.
2439	(5) The office may not issue a license if the applicant has
2440	had a mortgage lender license or its equivalent revoked in any
2441	jurisdiction, or any of the applicant's control persons has ever
2442	had a loan originator license or its equivalent revoked in any
2443	jurisdiction.
2444	(6) A person required to be licensed under this part, or an
2445	agent or employee thereof, is deemed to have consented to the
2446	venue of courts in this state regarding any matter within the
2447	authority of ss. 494.001-494.0077 regardless of where an act or
2448	violation was committed.
2449	(7) A license issued in accordance with this part is not
2450	transferable or assignable.
2451	(8) A mortgage lender or branch office license may be
2452	withdrawn pursuant to s. 120.60 if it was issued through mistake
2453	or inadvertence of the office. A license must be reinstated if
2454	the applicant demonstrates that the requirements for obtaining
2455	the license under this chapter have been satisfied.
2456	(9) Each lender, regardless of the number of branches it
2457	operates, shall designate a principal loan originator
2458	representative who exercises control of the licensee's business,
2459	and a branch manager for each branch office. Each mortgage
2460	lender must keep the office informed of the persons designated
2461	as prescribed by commission rule, which includes documentation
2462	of the individual's acceptance of such responsibility. If the
2463	designation is inaccurate, the branch shall be deemed to be
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2464	operated under the full charge, control, and supervision by each
2465	officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10 percent
2466	or greater interest in the mortgage lender business, or any
2467	other person in a similar capacity during that time.
2468	(10) All mortgage lender licenses must be renewed annually
2469	by December 31 pursuant to s. 494.00612. If a person holding an
2470	active mortgage broker license has not applied to renew the
2471	license annually on or before December 31, the mortgage broker
2472	license expires on December 31. If a person holding an active
2473	mortgage broker license has applied to renew the license on or
2474	before December 31, the mortgage broker license remains active
2475	until the renewal application is approved or denied. A mortgage
2476	broker is not precluded from reapplying for licensure upon
2477	expiration of a previous license.
2478	Section 40. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.00612,
2479	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
2480	494.00612 Mortgage lender license renewal.—
2481	(1) In order to renew a mortgage lender license, a mortgage
2482	lender must:
2483	(a) Submit a completed license renewal form as prescribed
2484	by commission rule.
2485	(b) Submit a nonrefundable renewal fee of \$475, and the
2486	\$100 nonrefundable fee if required by s. 494.00172.
2487	(c) Submit fingerprints in accordance with s.
2488	494.00611(2)(d) for any new control persons who have not been
2489	screened.
2490	(d) Provide proof that the mortgage lender continues to
2491	meet the applicable net worth requirement in a form prescribed
2492	by commission rule.
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2493	(e) Authorize the registry to obtain an independent credit
2494	report on the mortgage lender from a consumer reporting agency,
2495	and transmit or provide access to the report to the office. The
2496	cost of the credit report shall be borne by the applicant.
2497	(f) Submit any additional information or documentation
2498	requested by the office and required by rule concerning the
2499	licensee. Additional information may include documentation of
2500	pending and prior disciplinary and criminal history events,
2501	including arrest reports and certified copies of charging
2502	documents, plea agreements, judgments and sentencing documents,
2503	documents relating to pretrial intervention, orders terminating
2504	probation or supervised release, final administrative agency
2505	orders, or other comparable documents that may provide the
2506	office with the appropriate information to determine eligibility
2507	for licensure.
2508	(2) The office may not renew a mortgage lender license
2509	unless the mortgage lender continues to meet the minimum
2510	standards for initial license issuance pursuant to s. 494.00611
2511	and adopted rule.
2512	Section 41. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0062,
2513	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2514	Section 42. Section 494.0063, Florida Statutes, is amended
2515	to read:
2516	494.0063 Audited financial statements.—All audited
2517	financial statements required by ss. 494.001-494.0077 must be
2518	prepared by an independent licensed certified public accountant.
2519	<u>A mortgage lender must obtain an annual financial audit report</u>
2520	as of the date of the licensee's fiscal year end, as disclosed
2521	to the office on the application or a subsequent amendment to
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2522	the application. The mortgage lender shall submit a copy of the
2523	report to the office within 120 days after the end of the
2524	licensee's fiscal year. If the applicant is a wholly owned
2525	subsidiary of another corporation, the financial audit report of
2526	the parent corporation's satisfies this requirement. If the
2527	licensee changes its fiscal year, the licensee must file report
2528	within 18 months after the previously submitted report. The
2529	commission may establish by rule the procedures and form for
2530	filing a financial audit report, including the requirement to
2531	file the report with the registry when technology is available.
2532	Section 43. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0064,
2533	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2534	Section 44. Effective October 1, 2010, section 494.0065,
2535	Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2536	Section 45. Section 494.0066, Florida Statutes, is amended
2537	to read:
2538	494.0066 Branch offices
2539	(1) Each branch office of a mortgage lender must be
2540	licensed under this section A branch office license is required
2541	for each branch office maintained by a licensee under ss.
2542	494.006-494.0077 .
2543	(2) The office shall issue a branch office license to a
2544	mortgage lender licensee licensed under ss. 494.006-494.0077
2545	after the office determines that the mortgage lender licensee
2546	has submitted a completed branch office application form as
2547	prescribed by rule by the commission <u>,</u> and an initial
2548	nonrefundable branch office license fee of <u>\$225 per branch</u>
2549	office $\$325$. Application fees may not be prorated for partial
2550	years of licensure. The branch office application must include
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2551	the name and license number of the mortgage lender licensee
2552	under <u>this part</u> ss. 494.006-494.0077 , the name of the <u>branch</u>
2553	<u>manager</u> licensee's employee in charge of the branch office, and
2554	the address of the branch office. The branch office license
2555	shall be issued in the name of the mortgage lender licensee
2556	under ss. 494.006-494.0077 and must be renewed in conjunction
2557	with the license renewal. An application is considered received
2558	for purposes of s. 120.60 upon receipt of a completed branch
2559	office renewal form, as prescribed by commission rule, and the
2560	required fees.
2561	(3) A branch office license must be renewed at the time of
2562	renewing the mortgage lender license. A nonrefundable fee of
2563	\$225 per branch office must be submitted at the time of renewal.
2564	Section 46. Section 494.00665, Florida Statutes, is created
2565	to read:
2566	494.00665 Principal loan originator and branch manager for
2567	mortgage lender
2568	(1) Each mortgage lender business must be operated by a
2569	principal loan originator who shall have full charge, control,
2570	and supervision of the mortgage lender business. The principal
2571	loan originator must have been licensed as a loan originator
2572	pursuant to s. 494.00312. Each mortgage lender must keep the
2573	office informed of the person designated as the principal loan
2574	originator as prescribed by commission rule. If the designation
2575	is inaccurate, the business shall be deemed to be operated under
2576	the full charge, control, and supervision of each officer,
2577	director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10 percent or greater
2578	interest in the mortgage lender business, or any other person in
2579	a similar capacity during that time.
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2580 (2) Each branch office of a mortgage lender must be 2581 operated by a branch manager who shall have full charge, 2582 control, and supervision of the branch office. The designated 2583 branch manager must be a licensed loan originator pursuant to s. 2584 494.00312. Each mortgage lender must keep the office informed of 2585 the person designated as the branch manager as prescribed by 2586 commission rule, which includes documentation of the 2587 individual's acceptance of such responsibility. If the 2588 designation is inaccurate, the branch office shall be deemed to 2589 be operated under the full charge, control, and supervision of 2590 each officer, director, or ultimate equitable owner of a 10 2591 percent or greater interest in the mortgage lender business, or 2592 any other person in a similar capacity during that time.

2593 Section 47. Section 494.0067, Florida Statutes, is amended 2594 to read:

2595 494.0067 Requirements of <u>mortgage lenders</u> licensees under 2596 ss. 494.006-494.0077.-

(1) <u>A mortgage lender that</u> Each licensee under ss. 494.006-494.0077 which makes mortgage loans on real estate in this state shall transact business from a principal place of business. Each principal place of business and each branch office shall be operated under the full charge, control, and supervision of the licensee <u>pursuant to this part</u> under ss. 494.006-494.0077.

2603 (2) A license issued under <u>this part</u> ss. 494.006-494.0077
2604 is not transferable or assignable.

(3) <u>A mortgage lender</u> Each licensee under ss. 494.006-494.0077 shall report, on a form prescribed by rule of the commission, any change in the information contained in any initial application form, or any amendment thereto, within not

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2609 later than 30 days after the change is effective.

(4) <u>A mortgage lender Each licensee under ss. 494.006-</u>
494.0077 shall report any changes in the <u>principal loan</u>
originator, any addition or subtraction of a control person,
partners, officers, members, joint venturers, directors, or
control persons of any licensee or <u>any change changes</u> in the
form of business organization by written amendment in such form
and at such time that the commission specifies by rule.

(a) In any case in which a person or a group of persons, directly or indirectly or acting by or through one or more persons, proposes to purchase or acquire a controlling interest in a licensee, such person or group must submit an initial application for licensure as a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender before such purchase or acquisition and at the time and in the form prescribed by the commission by rule.

2624 (b) As used in this subsection, the term "controlling interest" means possession of the power to direct or cause the 2625 2626 direction of the management or policies of a company whether 2627 through ownership of securities, by contract, or otherwise. Any 2628 person who directly or indirectly has the right to vote 25 2629 percent or more of the voting securities of a company or who is 2630 entitled to 25 percent or more of the company's profits is 2631 presumed to possess a controlling interest.

2632 (b) (c) Any addition of a designated principal 2633 representative, partner, officer, member, joint venturer, 2634 director, or control person of the applicant who does not have a 2635 controlling interest and who has not previously <u>filed a Uniform</u> 2636 <u>Mortgage Biographical Statement & Consent Form, MU2, or has not</u> 2637 previously complied with <u>fingerprinting and credit report</u>

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2638 requirements of s. 494.00611 is the provisions of s. 494.0061(2)(q) and (h), s. 494.0062(2)(q) and (h), or s. 2639 494.0065(5)(e) and (f) shall be subject to the such provisions 2640 2641 of this section unless required to file an initial application 2642 in accordance with paragraph (a). If after the addition of a 2643 control person, the office determines that the licensee does not 2644 continue to meet licensure requirements, the office may bring 2645 administrative action in accordance with s. 494.00255 s. 2646 494.0072 to enforce the provisions of this section.

2647 (d) The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 2648 120.536(1) and 120.54 providing for the waiver of the 2649 application required by this subsection if the person or group 2650 of persons proposing to purchase or acquire a controlling 2651 interest in a licensee has previously complied with the 2652 provisions of s. 494.0061(2)(q) and (h), s. 494.0062(2)(q) and 2653 (h), or s. 494.0065(5)(e) and (f) with the same legal entity or is currently licensed with the office under this chapter. 2654

2655 (5) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-2656 494.0077 shall report in a form prescribed by rule by the 2657 commission any indictment, information, charge, conviction, plea 2658 of guilty or nolo contendere, regardless of adjudication, or plea of guilty to any felony or any crime or administrative 2659 2660 violation that involves fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, 2661 money laundering dishonest dealing, or any other act of moral 2662 turpitude, in any jurisdiction, by the licensee under ss. 2663 494.006-494.0077 or any principal officer, director, or ultimate 2664 equitable owner of 10 percent or more of the licensed corporation, within not later than 30 business days after the 2665 indictment, information, charge, conviction, or final 2666

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2667 administrative action.

2668 (6) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-2669 494.0077 shall report any action in bankruptcy, voluntary or involuntary, to the office, within not later than 7 business days after the action is instituted.

(7) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-494.0077 shall designate a registered agent in this state for service of process.

2675 (8) Each mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-2676 494.0077 shall provide an applicant for a mortgage loan a good 2677 faith estimate of the costs the applicant can reasonably expect 2678 to pay in obtaining a mortgage loan. The good faith estimate of 2679 costs must shall be mailed or delivered to the applicant within 2680 3 business days a reasonable time after the licensee receives a 2681 written loan application from the applicant. The estimate of 2682 costs may be provided to the applicant by a person other than the licensee making the loan. The good faith estimate must 2683 2684 identify the recipient of all payments charged to the borrower 2685 and, except for all fees to be received by the mortgage broker 2686 brokerage business and the mortgage lender or correspondent 2687 mortgage lender, may be disclosed in generic terms, such as, but 2688 not limited to, paid to appraiser, officials, title company, or 2689 any other third-party service provider. The licensee bears the 2690 burden of proving such disclosures were provided to the 2691 borrower. The commission may adopt rules that set forth the 2692 disclosure requirements of this section.

2693 (9) On or before April 30, 2000, each mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall file an initial report 2694 2695 stating the full legal name, residential address, social

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2696 security number, date of birth, mortgage broker license number, 2697 date of hire, and, if applicable, date of termination for each 2698 person who acted as a loan originator or an associate of the 2699 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender during the 2700 immediate preceding quarter. Thereafter, a mortgage lender or 2701 correspondent mortgage lender shall file a report only if a 2702 person became or ceased to be a loan originator or an associate 2703 of the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender during 2704 the immediate preceding quarter. Such report shall be filed 2705 within 30 days after the last day of each calendar quarter and 2706 shall contain the full legal name, residential address, social 2707 security number, date of birth, date of hire and, if applicable, 2708 the mortgage broker license number and date of termination of 2709 each person who became or ceased to be a loan originator or an 2710 associate of the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage 2711 lender during the immediate preceding quarter. The commission 2712 shall prescribe, by rule, the procedures for filing reports required by this subsection. 2713

2714 (10) (a) Each mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender licensee shall require the principal representative and 2715 2716 all loan originators, not currently licensed as mortgage brokers 2717 pursuant to s. 494.0033, who perform services for the licensee 2718 to complete 14 hours of professional continuing education during each biennial license period. The education shall cover primary 2719 2720 and subordinate mortgage financing transactions and the 2721 provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted under this 2722 chapter.

2723 (b) The licensee shall maintain records of such training
 2724 for a period of 4 years, including records of the content of and

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2725 hours designated for each program and the date and location of 2726 the program.

2727 (c) Evidence of completion of such programs shall be 2728 included with the licensee's renewal application.

2729 (9) (11) The disclosures in this subsection must be 2730 furnished in writing at the time an adjustable rate mortgage 2731 loan is offered to the borrower and whenever the terms of the 2732 adjustable rate mortgage loan offered have a material change 2733 prior to closing. The lender shall furnish the disclosures 2734 relating to adjustable rate mortgages in a format prescribed by 2735 ss. 226.18 and 226.19 of Regulation Z of the Board of Governors 2736 of the Federal Reserve System, as amended; its commentary, as 2737 amended; and the federal Truth in Lending Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 2738 1601 et seq., as amended; together with the Consumer Handbook on 2739 Adjustable Rate Mortgages, as amended; published by the Federal 2740 Reserve Board and the Federal Home Loan Bank Board. The licensee 2741 bears the burden of proving such disclosures were provided to 2742 the borrower.

2743 (10) (12) (a) In every mortgage loan transaction, each 2744 mortgage lender licensee under ss. 494.006-494.0077 shall notify 2745 a borrower of any material changes in the terms of a mortgage 2746 loan previously offered to the borrower within 3 business days 2747 after being made aware of such changes by the lender but at 2748 least not less than 3 business days before the signing of the 2749 settlement or closing statement. The licensee bears the burden 2750 of proving such notification was provided and accepted by the 2751 borrower.

2752 (b) A borrower may waive the right to receive notice of a 2753 material change that is granted under paragraph (a) if the

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2754 borrower determines that the extension of credit is needed to 2755 meet a bona fide personal financial emergency and the right to 2756 receive notice would delay the closing of the mortgage loan. The 2757 imminent sale of the borrower's home at foreclosure during the 2758 3-day period before the signing of the settlement or closing 2759 statement constitutes an example of a bona fide personal 2760 financial emergency. In order to waive the borrower's right to 2761 receive notice not less than 3 business days before the signing 2762 of the settlement or closing statement of any such material 2763 change, the borrower must provide the licensee with a dated 2764 written statement that describes the personal financial 2765 emergency, waives the right to receive the notice, bears the 2766 borrower's signature, and is not on a printed form prepared by 2767 the licensee for the purpose of such a waiver.

2768 (11) A mortgage lender may close loans in its own name but 2769 may not service the loan for more than 4 months unless the 2770 lender has a servicing endorsement. Only a mortgage lender who 2771 continuously maintains a net worth of at least \$250,000 may 2772 obtain a servicing endorsement.

2773 (12) A mortgage lender must report to the office the 2774 failure to meet the applicable net worth requirements of s. 2775 494.00611 within 2 days after the mortgage lender's knowledge of 2776 such failure or after the mortgage lender should have known of 2777 such failure.

2778 Section 48. Section 494.0068, Florida Statutes, is amended 2779 to read:

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494.0068 Loan application process.-

(1) In addition to the requirements set forth in s.494.0067(8), before accepting an application fee in whole or in

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2783 part, a credit report fee, an appraisal fee, or a fee charged as 2784 reimbursement for third-party charges, a <u>mortgage</u> lender shall 2785 make a written disclosure to the borrower, which disclosure may 2786 be contained in the application, setting forth:

(a) Whether all or any part of such fees or charges isrefundable.

(b) The terms and conditions for the refund, if all or any part of the fees or charges is refundable.

(c) A realistic estimate of the number of days required to issue a commitment following receipt of the application by the lender.

(d) The name or title of a person within the lender's organization to whom the borrower may address written questions, comments, or complaints and who is required to promptly respond to such inquiries.

(2) The disclosures required in subsection (1) <u>must shall</u>
 be acknowledged in writing by the borrower and maintained by the
 <u>mortgage</u> lender, and a copy of such acknowledgment shall be
 given to the borrower.

(3) The borrower may, without penalty or responsibility for paying additional fees and charges, withdraw an application at any time prior to acceptance of commitment. Upon such withdrawal, the <u>mortgage</u> lender is responsible for refunding to the borrower only those fees and charges to which the borrower may be entitled pursuant to the terms set forth in the written disclosure required by subsection (1), except that:

(a) If the lender failed to provide the borrower with the
written disclosure required by subsection (1), the lender shall
promptly refund to the borrower all funds paid to the lender; or

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2812	(b) If the lender failed to make a good faith effort to
2813	approve the loan, the lender shall promptly refund to the
2814	borrower all funds paid to the lender.
2815	(4) The application fee must be reasonably related to the
2816	services to be performed and may not be based upon a percentage
2817	of the principal amount of the loan or the amount financed.
2818	(5) For the purposes of this section, the term "application
2819	fee" means any moneys advanced by the borrower upon filing an
2820	application with a mortgage lender to offset the lender's
2821	expenses for determining whether the borrower is qualified for
2822	the mortgage loan or whether the mortgage loan should be funded.
2823	Section 49. Section 494.0069, Florida Statutes, is amended
2824	to read:
2825	494.0069 Lock-in agreement
2826	(1) Each lock-in agreement must be in writing and must
2827	contain:
2828	(a) The expiration date of the lock-in, if any;
2829	(b) The interest rate locked in, if any;
2830	(c) The discount points locked in, if any;
2831	(d) The commitment fee locked in, if any;
2832	(e) The lock-in fee, if any; and
2833	(f) A statement advising of the provisions of ss. 494.006-
2834	494.0077 regarding lock-in agreements.
2835	(2) The mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender
2836	shall make a good faith effort to process the mortgage loan
2837	application and stand ready to fulfill the terms of its
2838	commitment before the expiration date of the lock-in agreement
2839	or any extension thereof.
2840	(3) Any lock-in agreement received by a mortgage lender or
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2841 correspondent mortgage lender by mail or through a mortgage 2842 broker must be signed by the mortgage lender or correspondent 2843 mortgage lender in order to become effective. The borrower may 2844 rescind any lock-in agreement until a written confirmation of 2845 the agreement has been signed by the lender and mailed to the 2846 borrower or to the mortgage broker brokerage business pursuant 2847 to its contractual relationship with the borrower. If a borrower 2848 elects to so rescind, the mortgage lender or correspondent 2849 mortgage lender shall promptly refund any lock-in fee paid.

(4) (a) <u>Before</u> Any correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender prior to issuing a mortgage loan rate lock-in agreement, <u>a mortgage lender</u> must have the ability to timely advance funds on all mortgage loans for which rate lock-in agreements have been issued. As used in this section, "ability to timely advance funds" means having sufficient liquid assets or a line of credit necessary to cover all rate lock-in agreements issued with respect to which a lock-in fee is collected.

8 <u>(a)(b)</u> A correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender 9 that does not comply with <u>this subsection</u> paragraph (a) may 10 issue mortgage rate lock-in agreements only if, prior to the 11 issuance, the correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender:

1. Has received a written rate lock-in agreement from a correspondent mortgage lender or mortgage lender that complies with <u>this subsection</u> paragraph (a); or

2. Has received a written rate lock-in agreement from an institutional investor or an agency of the Federal Government or the state or local government that will be funding, making, or purchasing the mortgage loan.

(b) (c) All rate lock-in fees collected by a mortgage lender

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2870 or correspondent mortgage lender who is not in compliance with 2871 paragraph (a) must be deposited into an escrow account in a 2872 federally insured financial institution, and such fees <u>may</u> shall 2873 not be removed from such escrow account until:

2874

1. The mortgage loan closes and is funded;

2875 2. The applicant cancels the loan application or the loan 2876 application is rejected; or

2877 3. The mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender is 2878 required to forward a portion of the lock-in fee to another 2879 correspondent mortgage lender, mortgage lender, institutional 2880 investor, or agency that will be funding, making, or purchasing 2881 the loan. The mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender 2882 may remove only the amount of the lock-in fee actually paid to 2883 another mortgage lender, correspondent mortgage lender, 2884 institutional investor, or agency.

(5) For purposes of this section, the term "lock-in fee"
means any moneys advanced by the borrower to lock in for a
specified period of time a specified interest rate or discount
points.

2889 (6) The commission may adopt by rule a form for required 2890 lock-in agreement disclosures.

2891 Section 50. Section 494.007, Florida Statutes, is amended 2892 to read:

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494.007 Commitment process.-

2894 (1) If a commitment is issued, the mortgage lender shall 2895 disclose in writing:

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(a) The expiration date of the commitment;

(b) The mortgage amount, meaning the face amount of credit provided to the borrower or in the borrower's behalf;

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2899 (c) If the interest rate or other terms are subject to 2900 change before expiration of the commitment:

1. The basis, index, or method, if any, which will be used to determine the rate at closing. Such basis, index, or method shall be established and disclosed with direct reference to the movement of an interest rate index or of a national or regional index that is available to and verifiable by the borrower and beyond the control of the lender; or

2907 2. The following statement, in at least 10-point bold type: 2908 "The interest rate will be the rate established by the lender in 2909 its discretion as its prevailing rate . . . days before 2910 closing.";

(d) The amount of the commitment fee, if any, and whether and under what circumstances the commitment fee is refundable; and

(e) The time, if any, within which the commitment must beaccepted by the borrower.

2916 (2) The provisions of a commitment cannot be changed prior 2917 to expiration of the specified period within which the borrower 2918 must accept it. If any information necessary for an accurate 2919 disclosure required by subsection (1) is unknown to the mortgage 2920 lender at the time disclosure is required, the lender shall make 2921 the disclosure based upon the best information reasonably available to it and shall state that the disclosure is an 2922 2923 estimate.

2924

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(3) A commitment fee is refundable if:

(a) The commitment is contingent upon approval by partiesto whom the mortgage lender seeks to sell the loan.

(b) The loan purchaser's requirements are not met due to

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2928 circumstances beyond the borrower's control.

(c) The borrower is willing but unable to comply with the loan purchaser's requirements.

2931 Section 51. Section 494.0071, Florida Statutes, is amended 2932 to read:

2933 494.0071 Expiration of lock-in agreement or commitment.-If 2934 a lock-in agreement has been executed and the loan does not 2935 close before the expiration date of either the lock-in agreement 2936 or any commitment issued consistent therewith through no 2937 substantial fault of the borrower, the borrower may withdraw the 2938 application or reject or terminate any commitment, whereupon the 2939 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall promptly 2940 refund to the borrower any lock-in fee and any commitment fee 2941 paid by the borrower.

2942Section 52. Section 494.0072, Florida Statutes, is2943repealed.

2944 Section 53. Section 494.00721, Florida Statutes, is amended 2945 to read:

2946 494.00721 Net worth.-

(1) The net worth requirements required in <u>s. 494.00611</u> ss.
494.0061, 494.0062, and 494.0065 shall be continually maintained
as a condition of licensure.

(2) If a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender fails to satisfy the net worth requirements, the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall immediately cease taking any new mortgage loan applications. Thereafter, the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall have up to 60 days within which to satisfy the net worth requirements. If the licensee makes the office aware, prior to an examination, that

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2957 the licensee no longer meets the net worth requirements, the 2958 mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall have 120 2959 days within which to satisfy the net worth requirements. A 2960 mortgage lender may or correspondent mortgage lender shall not 2961 resume acting as a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage 2962 lender without written authorization from the office, which authorization shall be granted if the mortgage lender or 2963 2964 correspondent mortgage lender provides the office with 2965 documentation which satisfies the requirements of s. 494.00611 2966 s. 494.0061(2)(c), s. 494.0062(2)(c), or s. 494.0065(2), 2967 whichever is applicable.

(3) If the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender does not satisfy the net worth requirements within <u>120 days</u> the <u>120-day period</u>, the license of the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender shall be deemed to be relinquished and canceled and all servicing contracts shall be disposed of in a timely manner by the mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage <u>1ender</u>.

2975 Section 54. Section 494.0073, Florida Statutes, is amended 2976 to read:

2977 494.0073 Mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender 2978 when acting as a mortgage broker brokerage business.-The 2979 provision of this part Sections 494.006-494.0077 do not prohibit 2980 a mortgage lender or correspondent mortgage lender from acting 2981 as a mortgage broker brokerage business. However, in mortgage 2982 transactions in which a mortgage lender or correspondent 2983 mortgage lender acts as a mortgage broker brokerage business, the provisions of ss. 494.0038, 494.004(2) 494.004(8), 494.0042, 2984 2985 and 494.0043(1), (2), and (3) apply.

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2986 Section 55. Section 494.0075, Florida Statutes, is amended 2987 to read:

988 494.0075 Requirements for selling loans to noninstitutional 989 investors.-

990 (1) A mortgage lender, when selling a mortgage loan to a 991 noninstitutional investor, shall:

(a) Before any payment of money by a noninstitutional investor, provide an opinion of value from an appraiser stating the value of the security property unless the opinion is waived in writing. The opinion must state the value of the property as it exists on the date of the opinion. If any relationship exists between the lender and the appraiser, that relationship <u>must</u> shall be disclosed.;

(b) Provide to the noninstitutional investor a mortgagee's title insurance policy or an opinion of title by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state, or a copy thereof:

3002 1. If a title insurance policy is issued, it must insure 3003 the noninstitutional investor against the unmarketability of the 3004 mortgagee's interest in such title. It must also specify any 3005 superior liens that exist against the property. If an opinion of 3006 title is issued by an attorney licensed to practice law in this 3007 state, the opinion must include a statement as to the 3008 marketability of the title to the property described in the 3009 mortgage and specify the priority of the mortgage being 3010 purchased.

3011 2. If the title insurance policy or opinion of title is not 3012 available at the time of purchase, the licensee shall provide a 3013 binder of the title insurance or conditional opinion of title. 3014 This binder or opinion must include any conditions or

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3015 requirements needed to be corrected before prior to the issuance 3016 of the final title policy or opinion of title. The binder or 3017 opinion must also include information concerning the 3018 requirements specified in subparagraph 1. Any conditions must be 3019 eliminated or waived in writing by the investor before prior to 3020 delivery to the noninstitutional investor. The policy or 3021 opinion, or a copy thereof, shall be delivered to the investor 3022 within a reasonable period of time, not exceeding 6 months, after purchase. 3023

3024 3. The requirements of this paragraph may be waived in 3025 writing. If the requirements are waived by the noninstitutional 3026 investor, the waiver must include the following wording: "The 3027 noninstitutional investor acknowledges that the mortgage lender 3028 selling this mortgage loan is not providing a title insurance 3029 policy or opinion of title issued by an attorney who is licensed 3030 to practice law in the State of Florida. Any requirement for 3031 title insurance or for a legal opinion of title is the sole 3032 responsibility of the noninstitutional mortgage purchaser."

3033 (c) Provide, if the loan is other than a first mortgage, a 3034 statement showing the balance owed by the mortgagor on any 3035 existing mortgages prior to this investment and the status of 3036 such existing mortgages.

3037 (d) Provide a disclosure if the licensee is directly or 3038 indirectly acting as a borrower or principal in the transaction.

3039 (2) Each mortgage, or other instrument securing a note or 3040 assignment thereof, <u>must</u> shall be recorded before being 3041 delivered to the noninstitutional investor.

3042 (3) Each mortgage and assignment shall be recorded as soon 3043 as practical, but <u>within</u> no later than 30 business days after

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3044 the date of purchase.

3045 (4) If the loan is to be serviced by a licensee under this
 3046 part ss. 494.006-494.0077 for a noninstitutional investor, there
 3047 shall be a written servicing agreement.

3048 (5) The mortgage lender shall cause the original note to be 3049 properly endorsed showing the assignment of the note to the 3050 noninstitutional investor.

3051 Section 56. Section 494.0077, Florida Statutes, is amended 3052 to read:

3053 494.0077 Other products and services.—<u>This part does</u>
3054 Sections 494.006-494.0077 do not prohibit a mortgage lender from
3055 offering, for a fee or commission, products and services in
3056 addition to those offered in conjunction with <u>making a mortage</u>
3057 loan.

3058 Section 57. Section 501.1377, Florida Statutes, is amended 3059 to read:

3060 501.1377 Violations involving homeowners during the course 3061 of residential foreclosure proceedings.-

3062 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-The Legislature finds 3063 that homeowners who are in default on their mortgages, in 3064 foreclosure, or at risk of losing their homes due to nonpayment 3065 of taxes may be vulnerable to fraud, deception, and unfair 3066 dealings with foreclosure-rescue consultants or equity 3067 purchasers. The intent of this section is to provide a homeowner 3068 with information necessary to make an informed decision 3069 regarding the sale or transfer of his or her home to an equity 3070 purchaser. It is the further intent of this section to require 3071 that foreclosure-related rescue services agreements be expressed 3072 in writing in order to safeguard homeowners against deceit and

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3073 financial hardship; to ensure, foster, and encourage fair 3074 dealing in the sale and purchase of homes in foreclosure or 3075 default; to prohibit representations that tend to mislead; to 3076 prohibit or restrict unfair contract terms; to provide a 3077 cooling-off period for homeowners who enter into contracts for 3078 services related to saving their homes from foreclosure or 3079 preserving their rights to possession of their homes; to afford 3080 homeowners a reasonable and meaningful opportunity to rescind 3081 sales to equity purchasers; and to preserve and protect home 3082 equity for the homeowners of this state.

3083

(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

3084 (a) "Equity purchaser" means any person who acquires a
3085 legal, equitable, or beneficial ownership interest in any
3086 residential real property as a result of a foreclosure-rescue
3087 transaction. The term does not apply to a person who acquires
3088 the legal, equitable, or beneficial interest in such property:

3089 1. By a certificate of title from a foreclosure sale 3090 conducted under chapter 45;

3091 3092 2. At a sale of property authorized by statute;

3. By order or judgment of any court;

3093 4. From a spouse, parent, grandparent, child, grandchild,3094 or sibling of the person or the person's spouse; or

3095 5. As a deed in lieu of foreclosure, a workout agreement, a 3096 bankruptcy plan, or any other agreement between a foreclosing 3097 lender and a homeowner.

3098 (b) "Foreclosure-rescue consultant" means a person who 3099 directly or indirectly makes a solicitation, representation, or 3100 offer to a homeowner to provide or perform, in return for 3101 payment of money or other valuable consideration, foreclosure-

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3102 related rescue services. The term does not apply to: 3103 1. A person excluded under s. 501.212. 2. A person acting under the express authority or written 3104 3105 approval of the United States Department of Housing and Urban 3106 Development or other department or agency of the United States 3107 or this state to provide foreclosure-related rescue services. 3108 3. A charitable, not-for-profit agency or organization, as 3109 determined by the United States Internal Revenue Service under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which offers 3110 3111 counseling or advice to an owner of residential real property in 3112 foreclosure or loan default if the agency or organization does 3113 not contract for foreclosure-related rescue services with a for-3114 profit lender or person facilitating or engaging in foreclosure-3115 rescue transactions. 3116 4. A person who holds or is owed an obligation secured by a 3117 lien on any residential real property in foreclosure if the 3118 person performs foreclosure-related rescue services in 3119 connection with this obligation or lien and the obligation or 3120 lien was not the result of or part of a proposed foreclosure 3121 reconveyance or foreclosure-rescue transaction. 5. A financial institution as defined in s. 655.005 and any 3122 3123 parent or subsidiary of the financial institution or of the 3124 parent or subsidiary. 3125 6. A licensed mortgage broker, mortgage lender, or 3126 correspondent mortgage lender that provides mortgage counseling 3127 or advice regarding residential real property in foreclosure, 3128 which counseling or advice is within the scope of services set 3129 forth in chapter 494 and is provided without payment of money or other consideration other than a mortgage brokerage fee as 3130

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3131 defined in s. 494.001.

3132 (c) "Foreclosure-related rescue services" means any good or 3133 service related to, or promising assistance in connection with:

3134 1. Stopping, avoiding, or delaying foreclosure proceedings 3135 concerning residential real property; or

3136 2. Curing or otherwise addressing a default or failure to 3137 timely pay with respect to a residential mortgage loan 3138 obligation.

3139 <u>(b)</u> (d) "Foreclosure-rescue transaction" means a 3140 transaction:

1. By which residential real property in foreclosure is conveyed to an equity purchaser and the homeowner maintains a legal or equitable interest in the residential real property conveyed, including, without limitation, a lease option interest, an option to acquire the property, an interest as beneficiary or trustee to a land trust, or other interest in the property conveyed; and

3148 2. That is designed or intended by the parties to stop, 3149 avoid, or delay foreclosure proceedings against a homeowner's 3150 residential real property.

3151 <u>(c) (e)</u> "Homeowner" means any record title owner of 3152 residential real property that is the subject of foreclosure 3153 proceedings.

3154 <u>(d) (f)</u> "Residential real property" means real property 3155 consisting of one-family to four-family dwelling units, one of 3156 which is occupied by the owner as his or her principal place of 3157 residence.

3158 <u>(e) (g)</u> "Residential real property in foreclosure" means 3159 residential real property against which there is an outstanding

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3160 notice of the pendency of foreclosure proceedings recorded 3161 pursuant to s. 48.23.

3162 (3) PROHIBITED ACTS.—In the course of offering or providing 3163 foreclosure-related rescue services, a foreclosure-rescue 3164 consultant may not:

3165 (a) Engage in or initiate foreclosure-related rescue 3166 services without first executing a written agreement with the 3167 homeowner for foreclosure-related rescue services; or

3168 (b) Solicit, charge, receive, or attempt to collect or 3169 secure payment, directly or indirectly, for foreclosure-related 3170 rescue services before completing or performing all services 3171 contained in the agreement for foreclosure-related rescue 3172 services.

3173 (4) FORECLOSURE=RELATED RESCUE SERVICES; WRITTEN
3174 AGREEMENT.=

3175 (a) The written agreement for foreclosure-related rescue 3176 services must be printed in at least 12-point uppercase type and signed by both parties. The agreement must include the name and 3177 3178 address of the person providing foreclosure-related rescue 3179 services, the exact nature and specific detail of each service 3180 to be provided, the total amount and terms of charges to be paid 3181 by the homeowner for the services, and the date of the 3182 agreement. The date of the agreement may not be earlier than the 3183 date the homeowner signed the agreement. The foreclosure-rescue 3184 consultant must give the homeowner a copy of the agreement to 3185 review not less than 1 business day before the homeowner is to 3186 sign the agreement.

3187 (b) The homeowner has the right to cancel the written 3188 agreement without any penalty or obligation if the homeowner

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3189	cancels the agreement within 3 business days after signing the
3190	written agreement. The right to cancel may not be waived by the
3191	homeowner or limited in any manner by the foreclosure-rescue
3192	consultant. If the homeowner cancels the agreement, any payments
3193	that have been given to the foreclosure-rescue consultant must
3194	be returned to the homeowner within 10 business days after
3195	receipt of the notice of cancellation.
3196	(c) An agreement for foreclosure-related rescue services
3197	must contain, immediately above the signature line, a statement
3198	in at least 12-point uppercase type that substantially complies
3199	with the following:
3200	HOMEOWNER'S RIGHT OF CANCELLATION
3201	
3202	YOU MAY CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT FOR FORECLOSURE-RELATED
3203	RESCUE SERVICES WITHOUT ANY PENALTY OR OBLIGATION WITHIN 3
3204	BUSINESS DAYS FOLLOWING THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT IS SIGNED BY
3205	YOU.
3206	THE FORECLOSURE-RESCUE CONSULTANT IS PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM
3207	ACCEPTING ANY MONEY, PROPERTY, OR OTHER FORM OF PAYMENT FROM YOU
3208	UNTIL ALL PROMISED SERVICES ARE COMPLETE. IF FOR ANY REASON YOU
3209	HAVE PAID THE CONSULTANT BEFORE CANCELLATION, YOUR PAYMENT MUST
3210	BE RETURNED TO YOU NO LATER THAN 10 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE
3211	CONSULTANT RECEIVES YOUR CANCELLATION NOTICE.
3212	TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT, A SIGNED AND DATED COPY OF A
3213	STATEMENT THAT YOU ARE CANCELING THE AGREEMENT SHOULD BE MAILED
3214	(POSTMARKED) OR DELIVERED TO(NAME) AT(ADDRESS) NO
3215	LATER THAN MIDNIGHT OF (DATE)
3216	IMPORTANT: IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU CONTACT YOUR LENDER
3217	OR MORTGAGE SERVICER BEFORE SIGNING THIS AGREEMENT. YOUR LENDER



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3218 OR MORTGAGE SERVICER MAY BE WILLING TO NEGOTIATE A PAYMENT PLAN 3219 OR A RESTRUCTURING WITH YOU FREE OF CHARGE.

3220 (d) The inclusion of the statement does not prohibit the 3221 foreclosure-rescue consultant from giving the homeowner more 3222 time in which to cancel the agreement than is set forth in the 3223 statement, provided all other requirements of this subsection 3224 are met.

3225 (c) The foreclosure-rescue consultant must give the 3226 homeowner a copy of the signed agreement within 3 hours after 3227 the homeowner signs the agreement.

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(3) (5) FORECLOSURE-RESCUE TRANSACTIONS; WRITTEN AGREEMENT.-

3229 (a) 1. A foreclosure-rescue transaction must include a 3230 written agreement prepared in at least 12-point uppercase type 3231 that is completed, signed, and dated by the homeowner and the 3232 equity purchaser before executing any instrument from the 3233 homeowner to the equity purchaser quitclaiming, assigning, 3234 transferring, conveying, or encumbering an interest in the 3235 residential real property in foreclosure. The equity purchaser 3236 must give the homeowner a copy of the completed agreement within 3237 3 hours after the homeowner signs the agreement.

3238 <u>1.</u> The agreement must contain the entire understanding of 3239 the parties and must include:

3240 a. The name, business address, and telephone number of the3241 equity purchaser.

3242 b. The street address and full legal description of the 3243 property.

3244 c. Clear and conspicuous disclosure of any financial or 3245 legal obligations of the homeowner <u>which</u> that will be assumed by 3246 the equity purchaser.

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3247 d. The total consideration to be paid by the equity 3248 purchaser in connection with or incident to the acquisition of 3249 the property by the equity purchaser.

e. The terms of payment or other consideration, including,
but not limited to, any services that the equity purchaser
represents will be performed for the homeowner before or after
the sale.

3254 f. The date and time when possession of the property is to 3255 be transferred to the equity purchaser.

3256 2. A foreclosure-rescue transaction agreement must contain, 3257 above the signature line, a statement in at least 12-point 3258 uppercase type that substantially complies with the following: 3259

> I UNDERSTAND THAT UNDER THIS AGREEMENT I AM SELLING MY HOME TO THE OTHER UNDERSIGNED PARTY.

3262 3. A foreclosure-rescue transaction agreement must state 3263 the specifications of any option or right to repurchase the 3264 residential real property in foreclosure, including the specific 3265 amounts of any escrow payments or deposit, down payment, 3266 purchase price, closing costs, commissions, or other fees or 3267 costs.

4. A foreclosure-rescue transaction agreement must comply
with all applicable provisions of 15 U.S.C. ss. 1600 et seq. and
related regulations.

(b) The homeowner may cancel the foreclosure-rescue transaction agreement without penalty if the homeowner notifies the equity purchaser of such cancellation no later than 5 p.m. on the 3rd business day after signing the written agreement. Any moneys paid by the equity purchaser to the homeowner or by the



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3276 homeowner to the equity purchaser must be returned at 3277 cancellation. The right to cancel does not limit or otherwise 3278 affect the homeowner's right to cancel the transaction under any 3279 other law. The right to cancel may not be waived by the 3280 homeowner or limited in any way by the equity purchaser. The 3281 equity purchaser must give the homeowner, at the time the 3282 written agreement is signed, a notice of the homeowner's right 3283 to cancel the foreclosure-rescue transaction as set forth in 32.84 this subsection. The notice, which must be set forth on a 3285 separate cover sheet to the written agreement that contains no 3286 other written or pictorial material, must be in at least 12-3287 point uppercase type, double-spaced, and read as follows: 3288 NOTICE TO THE HOMEOWNER/SELLER

3290 PLEASE READ THIS FORM COMPLETELY AND CAREFULLY. IT CONTAINS3291 VALUABLE INFORMATION REGARDING CANCELLATION RIGHTS.

3292 BY THIS CONTRACT, YOU ARE AGREEING TO SELL YOUR HOME. YOU 3293 MAY CANCEL THIS TRANSACTION AT ANY TIME BEFORE 5:00 P.M. OF THE 3294 THIRD BUSINESS DAY FOLLOWING RECEIPT OF THIS NOTICE.

3295 THIS CANCELLATION RIGHT MAY NOT BE WAIVED IN ANY MANNER BY 3296 YOU OR BY THE PURCHASER.

ANY MONEY PAID DIRECTLY TO YOU BY THE PURCHASER MUST BE
RETURNED TO THE PURCHASER AT CANCELLATION. ANY MONEY PAID BY YOU
TO THE PURCHASER MUST BE RETURNED TO YOU AT CANCELLATION.

TO CANCEL, SIGN THIS FORM AND RETURN IT TO THE PURCHASER BY 3301 5:00 P.M. ON ... (DATE)... AT ... (ADDRESS).... IT IS BEST TO MAIL 3302 IT BY CERTIFIED MAIL OR OVERNIGHT DELIVERY, RETURN RECEIPT 3303 REQUESTED, AND TO KEEP A PHOTOCOPY OF THE SIGNED FORM AND YOUR 3304 POST OFFICE RECEIPT.

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597-03083A-09 I (we) hereby cancel this transaction. ...Seller's Signature... ...Printed Name of Seller... ...Seller's Signature... ...Date...

(c) In any foreclosure-rescue transaction in which the homeowner <u>has</u> is provided the right to repurchase the residential real property, the homeowner has a 30-day right to cure any default of the terms of the contract with the equity purchaser, and this right to cure may be exercised on up to three separate occasions. The homeowner's right to cure must be included in any written agreement required by this subsection.

(d) In any foreclosure-rescue transaction, before or at the time of conveyance, the equity purchaser must fully assume or discharge any lien in foreclosure as well as any prior liens that <u>are will</u> not be extinguished by the foreclosure.

3322 (e) If the homeowner has the right to repurchase the 3323 residential real property, the equity purchaser must verify and be able to demonstrate that the homeowner has or will have a 3324 3325 reasonable ability to make the required payments to exercise the 3326 option to repurchase under the written agreement. For purposes 3327 of this subsection, there is a rebuttable presumption that the 3328 homeowner has a reasonable ability to make the payments required 3329 to repurchase the property if the homeowner's monthly payments 3330 for primary housing expenses and regular monthly principal and 3331 interest payments on other personal debt do not exceed 60 percent of the homeowner's monthly gross income. 3332

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(f) If the homeowner has the right to repurchase the



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3334 residential real property, the price the homeowner pays may not be unconscionable, unfair, or commercially unreasonable. A 3335 3336 rebuttable presumption, solely between the equity purchaser and 3337 the homeowner, arises that the foreclosure-rescue transaction 3338 was unconscionable if the homeowner's repurchase price is 3339 greater than 17 percent per annum more than the total amount 3340 paid by the equity purchaser to acquire, improve, maintain, and 3341 hold the property. Unless the repurchase agreement or a 3342 memorandum of the repurchase agreement is recorded in accordance 3343 with s. 695.01, the presumption does arising under this 3344 subsection shall not apply against creditors or subsequent 3345 purchasers for a valuable consideration and without notice.

3346 (4) (6) REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION. - Any foreclosure-rescue 3347 transaction involving a lease option or other repurchase 3348 agreement creates a rebuttable presumption, solely between the equity purchaser and the homeowner, that the transaction is a 3349 3350 loan transaction and the conveyance from the homeowner to the 3351 equity purchaser is a mortgage under s. 697.01. Unless the lease 3352 option or other repurchase agreement, or a memorandum of the 3353 lease option or other repurchase agreement, is recorded in 3354 accordance with s. 695.01, the presumption does created under 3355 this subsection shall not apply against creditors or subsequent 3356 purchasers for a valuable consideration and without notice.

3357 <u>(5)</u> (7) VIOLATIONS.—A person who violates any provision of 3358 this section commits an unfair and deceptive trade practice as 3359 defined in part II of this chapter. Violators are subject to the 3360 penalties and remedies provided in part II of this chapter, 3361 including a monetary penalty not to exceed \$15,000 per 3362 violation.

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3363 Section 58. Effective October 1, 2009: 3364 (1) All mortgage business school permits issued pursuant to 3365 s. 494.0029, Florida Statutes, expire on September 30, 2010. 3366 (2) All mortgage brokerage business licenses issued before 3367 October 1, 2010, pursuant to s. 494.0031 or s. 494.0032, Florida Statutes, expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person 3368 3369 holding an active mortgage brokerage business license issued 3370 before October 1, 2010, applies for a mortgage broker license 3371 through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry 3372 between October 1, 2010, and December 31, 2010, the mortgage 3373 brokerage business license does not expire until the Office of 3374 Financial Regulation approves or denies the mortgage broker 3375 license application. A mortgage broker license approved on or 3376 after October 1, 2010, is effective until December 31, 2011. 3377 Application fees may not be prorated for partial years of 3378 licensure. 3379 (3) All mortgage broker licenses issued before October 1, 3380 2010, pursuant to s. 494.0033 or s. 494.0034, Florida Statutes, 3381 expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person holding an 3382 active mortgage broker license issued before October 1, 2010, 3383 applies for a loan originator license through the Nationwide 3384 Mortgage Licensing System and Registry between October 1, 2010, 3385 and December 31, 2010, the mortgage broker license does not 3386 expire until the Office of Financial Regulation approves or 3387 denies the loan originator license application. Notwithstanding s. 120.60, Florida Statutes, for mortgage broker applications 3388 3389 submitted between July 1, 2009, and December 31, 2009, or loan originator applications submitted between October 1, 2010, and 3390 3391 December 31, 2010, the office has 60 days to notify the

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3392	applicant of any apparent errors or omissions in an application
3393	and to request any additional information that the agency may
3394	require, and the office has 180 days to approve or deny a
3395	completed application. Application fees may not be prorated for
3396	partial years of licensure.
3397	(4) All mortgage lender licenses issued before October 1,
3398	2010, pursuant to s. 494.0061 or 494.0064, Florida Statutes,
3399	expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person holding an
3400	active mortgage lender license applies for a mortgage broker
3401	license or mortgage lender license through the Nationwide
3402	Mortgage Licensing System and Registry between October 1, 2010,
3403	and December 31, 2010, the mortgage lender license does not
3404	expire until the Office of Financial Regulation approves or
3405	denies the mortgage broker license or mortgage lender license
3406	application. Application fees may not be prorated for partial
3407	years of licensure.
3408	(5) All mortgage lender licenses issued before October 1,
3409	2010, pursuant to s. 494.0065 or s. 494.0064, Florida Statutes,
3410	expire on December 31, 2010. However, if a person holding such
3411	license applies for a mortgage broker license or mortgage lender
3412	license through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and
3413	Registry between October 1, 2010, and December 31, 2010, the
3414	mortgage lender license does not expire until the Office of
3415	Financial Regulation approves or denies the mortgage broker
3416	license or mortgage lender license application. Application fees
3417	may not be prorated for partial years of licensure.
3418	(6) All correspondent mortgage lender licenses issued
3419	before October 1, 2010, pursuant to s. 494.0062 or s. 494.0064,
3420	Florida Statutes, expire on on December 31, 2010. However, if a
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3421	person holding an active correspondent mortgage lender license
3422	issued before October 1, 2010, applies for a mortgage broker or
3423	mortgage lender license through the Nationwide Mortgage
3424	Licensing System and Registry between October 1, 2010, and
3425	December 31, 2010, the correspondent mortgage lender license
3426	does not expire until the Office of Financial Regulation
3427	approves or denies the mortgage broker or mortgage lender
3428	license application. Application fees may not be prorated for
3429	partial years of licensure.
3430	Section 59. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
3431	act and except for this section, which shall take effect July 1,

3432 2009, this act shall take effect January 1, 2010.