

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
04/20/2009	•	
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The Committee on Finance and Tax (Altman) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 303 - 443

and insert:

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(5) A person or organization that, on January 1, has the legal title to real or personal property that is entitled by law to assessment under this section must, on or before March 1 of each year, file an application for assessment under this section with the county property appraiser. The application must identify the property for which assessment under this section is



12 claimed. The initial application for assessment for any property must include a copy of the instrument by which the development 13 14 right is conveyed or which establishes a covenant, or the 15 conservation protection agreement or conservation management 16 plan which establishes the conservation purposes for which the 17 land is used. The Department of Revenue shall prescribe the forms upon which the application is made. The failure to file an 18 19 application on or before March 1 of any year constitutes a 20 waiver of assessment under this section for that year. However, 21 an applicant who is qualified to receive an assessment under 22 this section, but fails to file an application by March 1, may 23 file an application for the assessment and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment board 24 25 requesting that the classification be granted. The petition must 26 be filed at any time during the taxable year on or before the 27 25th day following the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser pursuant to s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding s. 194.013, 28 29 the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon filing 30 the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the person is 31 qualified to receive the assessment and demonstrates particular 32 extenuating circumstances judged by the property appraiser or 33 the value adjustment board to warrant granting the assessment, 34 the property appraiser or the value adjustment board may grant 35 the assessment. The owner of land that was assessed under this 36 section in the previous year and whose ownership or use has not 37 changed may reapply on a short form as provided by the 38 department. A county may, at the request of the property 39 appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive 40 the requirement that an annual application or statement be made

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41	for assessment of property within the county. Such waiver may be
42	revoked by a majority vote of the governing body of the county.
43	(6) If a conservation management plan extends for a period
44	of at least 10 years following January 1 in the year the plan is
45	filed with the appropriate agency and the landowner has provided
46	a current copy of the conservation management plan to the
47	property appraiser along with a signed statement of the
48	landowner's good-faith intention to use the land only for
49	conservation purposes before March 1 of the same year, the
50	property appraiser shall assess the land solely on the basis of
51	character of use.
52	(a) Plans required by this subsection must be filed with
53	the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission if the primary
54	conservation use is restoration or protection of native wildlife
55	habitat or native plant and animal communities.
56	(b) Plans required by this subsection must be filed with
57	the water management district within the boundaries of which the
58	land is located if the primary conservation use is restoration
59	or protection of natural water features.
60	(c) The commission and the Department of Environmental
61	Protection shall produce a guidance document establishing the
62	form and content of a conservation management plan and
63	establishing minimum standards for such plans regarding
64	restoration and protection of wildlife habitats, plant and
65	animal communities, and natural water features; control of
66	exotic species; use of prescribed fire; removal of diseased and
67	damaged vegetation; and other activities as may be necessary to
68	manage conservation land for the benefit of wildlife, plant and
69	animal communities, and water resources.
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70 (d) The property appraiser may require a signed application 71 that includes a statement of the landowner's good faith 72 intention to use the land only for conservation purposes as 73 described in this section, to keep such uses for a period of 10 74 years after the date of the application, and, upon failure to 75 carry out the conservation management plan, to pay the 76 difference between the total amount of taxes assessed and the 77 total amount that would have been due in March of the current 78 year and each of the previous 10 years if the land had not been 79 assessed solely on the basis of character or use as provided in 80 this section.

81 (7) (4) After conveying making a conveyance of the 82 development right or executing a covenant or conservation 83 protection agreement pursuant to this section, or conveying a conservation easement pursuant to this section and s. 704.06, 84 85 the owner of the land shall not use the land in any manner not 86 consistent with the development right voluntarily conveyed, or with the restrictions voluntarily imposed, or with the terms of 87 88 the conservation easement or conservation protection agreement, or shall not change the use of the land from outdoor 89 90 recreational or park purposes during the term of such conveyance or covenant without first obtaining a written instrument from 91 92 the board or charitable corporation or trust, which must 93 reconvey to the owner instrument reconveys all or part of the 94 development right to the owner or which must release releases 95 the owner from the terms of the covenant. The written instrument 96 must be recorded in the official records of the county in which 97 the property subject to the reconveyance or release is located 98 and which instrument must be promptly recorded in the same

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99 manner as any other instrument affecting the title to real 100 property. Upon obtaining approval for reconveyance or release 101 from the board or the charitable organization or trust, the 102 reconveyance or release shall be made to the owner upon payment 103 of the deferred tax liability. Any payment of the deferred tax 104 liability shall be payable to the county tax collector within 90 105 days of the date of approval for reconveyance or release by the board or charitable corporation or trust of the reconveyance or 106 107 release. The collector shall distribute the payment to each 108 governmental unit in the proportion that its millage bears to 109 the total millage levied on the parcel for the years in which 110 such conveyance or covenant was in effect.

(8) (5) The governing board of any public agency in this 111 112 state or the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or a charitable corporation or trust which holds title to a 113 development right pursuant to this section may not convey that 114 115 development right to anyone other than the governing board of another public agency in this state or a charitable corporation 116 or trust, as described in s.  $704.06(4) = \frac{704.06(3)}{3}$ , or the 117 118 record owner of the fee interest in the land to which the 119 development right attaches. The conveyance from the governing 120 board of a public agency or the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund to the owner of the fee shall be 121 122 made only after a determination by the board that such 123 conveyance would not adversely affect the interest of the 124 public. Section 125.35 does not apply to such sales, but any 125 public agency accepting any instrument conveying a development right pursuant to this section shall forthwith adopt appropriate 126 127 regulations and procedures governing the disposition of same.

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128 These regulations and procedures must provide in part that the 129 board may not convey a development right to the owner of the fee 130 without first holding a public hearing and unless notice of the 131 proposed conveyance and the time and place at which the public hearing is to be held is published once a week for at least 2 132 133 weeks in some newspaper of general circulation in the county in 134 which the property is located before involved prior to the 135 hearing.

136 (6) The following terms whenever used as referred to in 137 this section have the following meanings unless a different 138 meaning is clearly indicated by the context:

139 (a) "Board" is the governing board of any city, county, or 140 other public agency of the state or the Board of Trustees of the 141 Internal Improvement Trust Fund.

(b) "Conservation restriction" means a limitation on a right to the use of land for purposes of conserving or preserving land or water areas predominantly in their natural, scenic, open, agricultural, or wooded condition. The limitation on rights to the use of land may involve or pertain to any of the activities enumerated in s. 704.06(1).

148 (c) "Conservation casement" means that property right 149 described in s. 704.06.

150 (d) "Covenant" is a covenant running with the land.
151 (e) "Deferred tax liability" means an amount equal to the
152 difference between the total amount of taxes that would have
153 been due in March in each of the previous years in which the
154 conveyance or covenant was in effect if the property had been
155 assessed under the provisions of s. 193.011 and the total amount

of taxes actually paid in those years when the property was

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157	assessed under the provisions of this section, plus interest on
158	that difference computed as provided in s. 212.12(3).
159	(f) "Development right" is the right of the owner of the
160	fee interest in the land to change the use of the land.
161	(g) "Outdoor recreational or park purposes" includes, but
162	is not necessarily limited to, boating, golfing, camping,
163	swimming, horseback riding, and archaeological, scenic, or
164	scientific sites and applies only to land which is open to the
165	general public.
166	(h) "Present use" is the manner in which the land is
167	utilized on January 1 of the year in which the assessment is
168	made.
169	(i) "Qualified as environmentally endangered" means land
170	that has unique ecological characteristics, rare or limited
171	combinations of geological formations, or features of a rare or
172	limited nature constituting habitat suitable for fish, plants,
173	or wildlife, and which, if subject to a development moratorium
174	or one or more conservation easements or development
175	restrictions appropriate to retaining such land or water areas
176	predominantly in their natural state, would be consistent with
177	the conservation, recreation and open space, and, if applicable,
178	coastal protection elements of the comprehensive plan adopted by
179	formal action of the local governing body pursuant to s.
180	163.3161, the Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land
181	Development Regulation Act; or surface waters and wetlands, as
182	determined by the methodology ratified in s. 373.4211.
183	(9) (7) (a) The property appraiser shall report to the
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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for SB 2244



186	And the title is amended as follows:
187	Delete line 32
188	and insert:
189	such land based on character or use; requiring the
190	owner of the land to annually apply to the property
191	appraiser by a certain date for the assessment based
192	on character or use; authorizing the value adjustment
193	board to grant late applications for such assessments
194	if extenuating circumstances are shown; providing for
195	the