By Senator Wise

	5-01165C-09 20092612
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to substance abuse services; amending
3	s. 212.055, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
4	amending s. 394.67, F.S.; redefining the term
5	"residential treatment center for children and
6	adolescents"; amending s. 394.674, F.S.; establishing
7	priority populations of persons who are eligible for
8	services funded by the Department of Children and
9	Family Services; amending s. 394.9085, F.S.;
10	conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 397.301,
11	F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; amending s.
12	397.305, F.S.; revising the legislative intent,
13	purpose, and findings; amending s. 397.311, F.S.;
14	revising definitions; amending s. 397.321, F.S.;
15	revising the duties of the Department of Children and
16	Family Services; deleting a provision that authorizes
17	the department to establish a pilot project to serve
18	certain persons who qualify to receive substance abuse
19	or mental health services in a specified district;
20	amending s. 397.331, F.S.; revising the term
21	"substance abuse programs and services" or "drug
22	control"; amending s. 397.401, F.S.; providing that it
23	is unlawful for an unlicensed agency to act as a
24	substance abuse service provider; amending s. 397.403,
25	F.S.; revising requirements for a license application;
26	amending s. 397.405, F.S.; providing that a crisis
27	stabilization unit is exempt from licensure;
28	conforming a cross-reference; authorizing the
29	department to adopt certain rules; providing that ch.

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30	397, F.S., does not limit the practice of an advanced
31	registered nurse practitioner who provides substance
32	abuse treatment under certain circumstances; amending
33	s. 397.406, F.S.; providing that substance abuse
34	programs operated directly or under contract by the
35	Department of Juvenile Justice are subject to
36	licensure and regulation; amending s. 397.407, F.S.;
37	conforming a cross-reference; revising the licensure
38	process; authorizing the Department of Children and
39	Family Services to issue probationary, regular, and
40	interim licenses; providing requirements for
41	probationary, regular, and interim licenses; repealing
42	s. 397.409, F.S., relating to probationary, regular,
43	and interim licenses; amending s. 397.411, F.S.;
44	requiring the department to notify certain applicable
45	agencies of any licensure inspections of service
46	providers; amending s. 397.415, F.S.; requiring that
47	fines collected as administrative penalties be
48	deposited in the Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund
49	of the department rather than the Substance Abuse
50	Impairment Provider Licensing Trust Fund; revising
51	requirements for suspending or revoking a license;
52	amending s. 397.416, F.S.; conforming a cross-
53	reference; amending s. 397.419, F.S.; renaming quality
54	assurance programs to "quality improvement programs";
55	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
56	revising minimum guidelines for a service provider's
57	quality improvement program; providing additional
58	requirements for a quality improvement program;

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59	deleting a provision that requires a quality assurance
60	program to incorporate a peer review process; amending
61	s. 397.427, F.S.; specifying that medication treatment
62	service providers are providers of medication-assisted
63	treatment services for opiate addiction; conforming
64	provisions to changes made by the act; requiring the
65	department to determine the need for establishing
66	medication-assisted treatment services for other
67	substance-use disorders; requiring service providers
68	that provide medication-assisted treatment for other
69	substance-use disorders to provide counseling
70	services; requiring the department to adopt rules to
71	administer medication-assisted treatment services;
72	authorizing a registered nurse, an advanced registered
73	nurse practitioner, and a licensed practical nurse to
74	deliver medication, other than methadone, for the
75	purpose of medication-assisted treatment for opiate
76	addiction under certain conditions; requiring a
77	licensed service provider that provides medication-
78	assisted treatment to adopt written protocols;
79	providing requirements for the protocols; requiring a
80	licensed service provider that provides medication-
81	assisted treatment to maintain and have ready for
82	inspection medical records and protocols; amending s.
83	397.431, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
84	by the act; amending s. 397.451, F.S.; providing that
85	inmate substance abuse programs are exempt from level
86	2 background screenings; clarifying that certain
87	personnel employed in an inmate substance abuse

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88	 program are exempt from fingerprinting and background
89	check requirements; amending ss. 397.471, 397.501,
90	397.581, 397.601, 397.6751, 397.6752, 397.6758,
91	397.6773, 397.6797, 397.6799, 397.6819, 397.6821,
92	397.6822, 397.697, 397.6971, 397.6975, 397.6977,
93	397.702, 397.706, 397.801, 397.821, 397.94, 397.95,
94	397.97, 397.99, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes
95	made by the act; amending s. 440.102, F.S.; conforming
96	a cross-reference; amending s. 766.101, F.S.;
97	redefining the term "medical review committee" to
98	include a committee to review mental health and
99	substance abuse treatment services provided by the
100	department; repealing s. 394.9081, F.S., relating to
101	target groups for substance abuse and mental health
102	services; providing an effective date.
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104	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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106	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section
107	212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
108	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
109	authorization and use of proceedsIt is the legislative intent
110	that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales
111	surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a
112	subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the
113	levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties
114	authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the
115	maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the
116	procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if

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5-01165C-09 20092612 117 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 118 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 119 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 120 provided in s. 212.054. 121 (5) COUNTY PUBLIC HOSPITAL SURTAX. - Any county as defined in 122 s. 125.011(1) may levy the surtax authorized in this subsection 123 pursuant to an ordinance either approved by extraordinary vote 124 of the county commission or conditioned to take effect only upon 125 approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting 126 in a referendum. In a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), for the purposes of this subsection, "county public general 127 hospital" means a general hospital as defined in s. 395.002 128 129 which is owned, operated, maintained, or governed by the county 130 or its agency, authority, or public health trust. 131 (e) A governing board, agency, or authority shall be 132 chartered by the county commission upon this act becoming law.

133 The governing board, agency, or authority shall adopt and 134 implement a health care plan for indigent health care services. The governing board, agency, or authority shall consist of no 135 136 more than seven and no fewer than five members appointed by the 137 county commission. The members of the governing board, agency, or authority shall be at least 18 years of age and residents of 138 139 the county. No member may be employed by or affiliated with a health care provider or the public health trust, agency, or 140 authority responsible for the county public general hospital. 141 142 The following community organizations shall each appoint a 143 representative to a nominating committee: the South Florida 144 Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Miami-Dade County 145 Public Health Trust, the Dade County Medical Association, the

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5-01165C-09 20092612 146 Miami-Dade County Homeless Trust, and the Mayor of Miami-Dade 147 County. This committee shall nominate between 10 and 14 county citizens for the governing board, agency, or authority. The 148 149 slate shall be presented to the county commission and the county 150 commission shall confirm the top five to seven nominees, 151 depending on the size of the governing board. Until such time as 152 the governing board, agency, or authority is created, the funds 153 provided for in subparagraph (d)2. shall be placed in a 154 restricted account set aside from other county funds and not 155 disbursed by the county for any other purpose.

156 1. The plan shall divide the county into a minimum of four 157 and maximum of six service areas, with no more than one 158 participant hospital per service area. The county public general 159 hospital shall be designated as the provider for one of the 160 service areas. Services shall be provided through participants' 161 primary acute care facilities.

162 2. The plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a 163 defined range of health care services for both indigent persons and the medically poor, including primary care, preventive care, 164 165 hospital emergency room care, and hospital care necessary to stabilize the patient. For the purposes of this section, 166 167 "stabilization" means stabilization as defined in s. 397.311(31) 168 s. 397.311(30). Where consistent with these objectives, the plan may include services rendered by physicians, clinics, community 169 170 hospitals, and alternative delivery sites, as well as at least 171 one regional referral hospital per service area. The plan shall provide that agreements negotiated between the governing board, 172 173 agency, or authority and providers shall recognize hospitals 174 that render a disproportionate share of indigent care, provide

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5-01165C-09 20092612 175 other incentives to promote the delivery of charity care to draw 176 down federal funds where appropriate, and require cost 177 containment, including, but not limited to, case management. 178 From the funds specified in subparagraphs (d)1. and 2. for 179 indigent health care services, service providers shall receive 180 reimbursement at a Medicaid rate to be determined by the 181 governing board, agency, or authority created pursuant to this 182 paragraph for the initial emergency room visit, and a per-member 183 per-month fee or capitation for those members enrolled in their 184 service area, as compensation for the services rendered 185 following the initial emergency visit. Except for provisions of 186 emergency services, upon determination of eligibility, enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred at the time services 187 188 were rendered. The provisions for specific reimbursement of 189 emergency services shall be repealed on July 1, 2001, unless 190 otherwise reenacted by the Legislature. The capitation amount or 191 rate shall be determined prior to program implementation by an 192 independent actuarial consultant. In no event shall such reimbursement rates exceed the Medicaid rate. The plan must also 193 194 provide that any hospitals owned and operated by government 195 entities on or after the effective date of this act must, as a 196 condition of receiving funds under this subsection, afford 197 public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to any 198 meeting of the governing board, agency, or authority the subject 199 of which is budgeting resources for the retention of charity 200 care, as that term is defined in the rules of the Agency for 201 Health Care Administration. The plan shall also include 202 innovative health care programs that provide cost-effective 203 alternatives to traditional methods of service and delivery

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204 funding.

3. The plan's benefits shall be made available to all county residents currently eligible to receive health care services as indigents or medically poor as defined in paragraph (4)(d).

4. Eligible residents who participate in the health care plan shall receive coverage for a period of 12 months or the period extending from the time of enrollment to the end of the current fiscal year, per enrollment period, whichever is less.

213 5. At the end of each fiscal year, the governing board, agency, or authority shall prepare an audit that reviews the 214 215 budget of the plan, delivery of services, and quality of 216 services, and makes recommendations to increase the plan's 217 efficiency. The audit shall take into account participant 218 hospital satisfaction with the plan and assess the amount of 219 poststabilization patient transfers requested, and accepted or 220 denied, by the county public general hospital.

221 Section 2. Subsection (21) of section 394.67, Florida 222 Statutes, is amended to read:

394.67 Definitions.-As used in this part, the term:

224 (21) "Residential treatment center for children and 225 adolescents" means a 24-hour residential program, including a 226 therapeutic group home, which provides mental health services to 227 emotionally disturbed children or adolescents as defined in s. 228 394.492(5) or (6) and which is a private for-profit or not-for-229 profit corporation licensed by the agency under contract with 230 the department which offers a variety of treatment modalities in 231 a more restrictive setting.

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Section 3. Section 394.674, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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233	read:
234	394.674 <u>Client</u> Clinical eligibility for publicly funded
235	substance abuse and mental health services; fee collection
236	requirements
237	(1) To be eligible to receive substance abuse and mental
238	health services funded by the department, a person must be a
239	member of <u>at least</u> one of the department's <u>priority populations</u>
240	target groups approved by the Legislature, pursuant to s.
241	216.0166. The priority populations include:
242	(a) For adult mental health services:
243	1. Adults who have severe and persistent mental illness, as
244	designated by the department using criteria that include
245	severity of diagnosis, duration of the mental illness, ability
246	to independently perform activities of daily living, and receipt
247	of disability income for a psychiatric condition. Included
248	within this group are:
249	a. Older adults in crisis.
250	b. Older adults who are at risk of being placed in a more
251	restrictive environment because of their mental illness.
252	c. Persons deemed incompetent to proceed or not guilty by
253	reason of insanity under chapter 916.
254	d. Other persons involved in the criminal justice system.
255	e. Persons diagnosed as having co-occurring mental illness
256	and substance use disorders.
257	2. Persons who are experiencing an acute mental or
258	emotional crisis as defined in s. 394.67(17).
259	(b) For children's mental health services:
260	1. Children who are at risk of emotional disturbance as
261	defined in s. 394.492(4).

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262	2. Children who have an emotional disturbance as defined in
263	<u>s. 394.492(5).</u>
264	3. Children who have a serious emotional disturbance as
265	defined in s. 394.492(6).
266	4. Children diagnosed as having a co-occurring substance
267	abuse and emotional disturbance or serious emotional
268	disturbance.
269	(c) For substance abuse treatment services:
270	1. Adults who have substance abuse disorders and a history
271	of intravenous drug use.
272	2. Persons diagnosed as having co-occurring substance abuse
273	and mental health disorders.
274	3. Parents who put children at risk due to a substance
275	abuse disorder.
276	4. Persons who have a substance abuse disorder and have
277	been ordered by the court to receive treatment.
278	5. Children at risk for initiating drug use.
279	6. Children under state supervision.
280	7. Children who have a substance abuse disorder but who are
281	not under the supervision of a court or in the custody of a
282	state agency.
283	8. Persons identified as being part of a priority
284	population as a condition for receiving services funded through
285	the Mental Health and Substance Abuse Block Grant.
286	(2) Crisis services, as defined in s. 394.67, must, within
287	the limitations of available state and local matching resources,
288	be available to each person who is eligible for services under
289	subsection (1), regardless of the person's ability to pay for
290	such services. A person who is experiencing a mental health

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5-01165C-09 20092612 291 crisis and who does not meet the criteria for involuntary 292 examination under s. 394.463(1), or a person who is experiencing 293 a substance abuse crisis and who does not meet the involuntary admission criteria in s. 397.675, must contribute to the cost of 294 295 his or her care and treatment pursuant to the sliding fee scale 296 developed under subsection (4), unless charging a fee is 297 contraindicated because of the crisis situation. (3) Mental health services, substance abuse services, and 298

crisis services, as defined in s. 394.67, must, within the limitations of available state and local matching resources, be available to each person who is eligible for services under subsection (1). Such person must contribute to the cost of his or her care and treatment pursuant to the sliding fee scale developed under subsection (4).

305 (4) The department shall adopt rules to implement <u>client</u> 306 the clinical eligibility, <u>client enrollment</u>, and fee collection 307 requirements for publicly funded substance abuse and mental 308 health services.

309 (a) The rules must require that each provider under 310 contract with the department which enrolls eligible persons into 311 treatment to develop a sliding fee scale for persons who have a 312 net family income at or above 150 percent of the Federal Poverty 313 Income Guidelines, unless otherwise required by state or federal law. The sliding fee scale must use the uniform schedule of 314 315 discounts by which a provider under contract with the department 316 discounts its established client charges for services supported 317 with state, federal, or local funds, using, at a minimum, 318 factors such as family income, financial assets, and family size 319 as declared by the person or the person's guardian. The rules

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20092612 5-01165C-09 must include uniform criteria to be used by all service 320 321 providers in developing the schedule of discounts for the 322 sliding fee scale. 323 (b) The rules must address the most expensive types of 324 treatment, such as residential and inpatient treatment, in order 325 to make it possible for a client to responsibly contribute to 326 his or her mental health or substance abuse care without 327 jeopardizing the family's financial stability. A person who is 328 not eligible for Medicaid and whose net family income is less 329 than 150 percent of the Federal Poverty Income Guidelines must 330 pay a portion of his or her treatment costs which is comparable 331 to the copayment amount required by the Medicaid program for Medicaid clients pursuant to s. 409.9081. 332 333 (c) The rules must require that persons who receive 334 financial assistance from the Federal Government because of a 335 disability and are in long-term residential treatment settings 336 contribute to their board and care costs and treatment costs and 337 must be consistent with the provisions in s. 409.212. 338 (5) A person who meets the eligibility criteria in 339 subsection (1) shall be served in accordance with the 340 appropriate district substance abuse and mental health services 341 plan specified in s. 394.75 and within available resources. 342 Section 4. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida 343 Statutes, is amended to read: 344 394.9085 Behavioral provider liability.-345 (6) For purposes of this section, the terms "detoxification 346 program," "addictions receiving facility," and "receiving 347 facility" have the same meanings as those provided in ss. 397.311(17) 397.311(18)(b), 397.311(18)(a), and 394.455(26), 348

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349	respectively.
350	Section 5. Section 397.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to
351	read:
352	397.301 Short title.—This act may be cited as the "Hal S.
353	Marchman Alcohol and Other Drug Services Act of 1993."
354	Section 6. Section 397.305, Florida Statutes, is amended to
355	read:
356	397.305 Legislative findings, intent, and purpose
357	(1) Substance abuse is a major health problem that affects
358	multiple service systems and leads to such profoundly disturbing
359	consequences as serious impairment, chronic addiction, criminal
360	behavior, vehicular casualties, spiraling health care costs,
361	AIDS, and business losses, and <u>significantly</u> profoundly affects
362	the culture, socialization, and learning ability of children
363	within our schools and educational systems. Substance abuse
364	impairment is a disease which affects the whole family and the
365	whole society and requires a system of care that includes
366	specialized prevention, intervention, clinical and treatment,
367	and recovery support services that support and strengthen the
368	family unit. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature to
369	require the collaboration of state agencies, services, and
370	program offices to achieve the goals of this chapter and address
371	the needs of the public; to establish a comprehensive system of
372	care for substance abuse; and to reduce duplicative requirements
373	across state agencies. This chapter is designed to provide for
374	substance abuse services.
375	(2) It is the goal of the Legislature to discourage
376	substance abuse by promoting healthy lifestyles, healthy
377	families, and drug-free schools, workplaces, and communities.

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378	(3) (2) It is the purpose of this chapter to provide for a
379	comprehensive continuum of accessible and quality substance
380	abuse prevention, intervention, clinical and treatment, and
381	recovery support services in the least restrictive environment
382	which promotes long-term recovery while protecting and
383	respecting of optimum care that protects and respects the rights
384	of individuals clients, especially for involuntary admissions ,
385	primarily through community-based private not-for-profit
386	providers working with local governmental programs involving a
387	wide range of agencies from both the public and private sectors.
388	Further, it is the purpose of the Legislature to provide funds
389	for the establishment of a clear framework for the comprehensive
390	provision of substance abuse services in the context of a
391	coordinated system of care and to provide for program evaluation
392	efforts, adequate administrative support services, and quality
393	improvement strategies that establish requirements for the
394	provision of direct services.
395	(4) (3) It is the intent of the Legislature to ensure within
396	available resources a full <u>system of care for</u> continuum of
397	substance abuse services based on projected identified needs,
398	delivered without discrimination and with adequate provision for
399	specialized needs.
400	(5) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish co-
401	occurring services for individuals who exhibit one or more
402	substance-abuse-related disorders, as well as one or more mental
403	disorders.
404	(4) It is the goal of the Legislature to discourage
405	substance abuse by promoting healthy lifestyles and drug-free
406	schools, workplaces, and communities.

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407	(5) It is the purpose of the Legislature to integrate
408	program evaluation efforts, adequate administrative support
409	services, and quality assurance strategies with direct service
410	provision requirements and to ensure funds for these purposes.
411	(6) It is the intent of the Legislature to require the
412	cooperation of departmental programs, services, and program
413	offices in achieving the goals of this chapter and addressing
414	the needs of clients.
415	(6)(7) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide, for
416	substance abuse impaired adult and juvenile offenders, an
417	alternative to criminal imprisonment for substance abuse
418	impaired adults and juvenile offenders by encouraging the
419	referral of such offenders to service providers not generally
420	available within the juvenile justice and correctional systems,
421	system instead of or in addition to criminal penalties.
422	(7) (8) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide,
423	within the limits of appropriations and safe management of the
424	juvenile justice and correctional systems system, substance
425	abuse services to substance abuse impaired offenders who are
426	placed by the Department of Juvenile Justice or who are
427	incarcerated within the Department of Corrections, in order to
428	better enable these <u>offenders or</u> inmates to adjust to the
429	conditions of society presented to them when their terms of
430	placement or incarceration end.
431	<u>(8)</u> It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for
432	assisting substance abuse impaired persons primarily through
433	health and other rehabilitative services in order to relieve the

435 justice agencies of a burden that interferes with their ability

police, courts, correctional institutions, and other criminal

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436	to protect people, apprehend offenders, and maintain safe and
437	orderly communities.
438	(10) It is the purpose of the Legislature to establish a
439	clear framework for the comprehensive provision of substance
440	abuse services in the context of a coordinated and orderly
441	system.
442	(11) It is the intent of the Legislature that the freedom
443	of religion of all citizens shall be inviolate. Nothing in this
444	act shall give any governmental entity jurisdiction to regulate
445	religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical services.
446	Section 7. Section 397.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to
447	read:
448	397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part
449	VIII, the term:
450	(1) "Ancillary services" are services that which include,
451	but are not limited to, special diagnostic, prenatal and
452	postnatal, other medical, mental health, legal, economic,
453	vocational, employment, and educational services.
454	(2) "Assessment" means the systematic evaluation of
455	information gathered to determine the nature and severity of the
456	client's substance abuse problem and the client's need and
457	motivation for services. Assessment entails the use of a
458	psychosocial history supplemented, as required by rule, by
459	medical examinations, laboratory testing, and psychometric
460	measures.
461	<u>(2)</u> "Authorized agent of the department" means a person
462	designated by the department to conduct any audit, inspection,
463	monitoring, evaluation, or other duty imposed upon the
464	department pursuant to this chapter. An authorized agent must be

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465	qualified by expertise and experience to perform these
466	functions. identified by the department as:
467	(a) Qualified by the requisite expertise and experience;
468	(b) Having a need to know the applicable information; and
469	(c) Having the assigned responsibility to carry out the
470	applicable duty.
471	(3) (4) "Beyond the safe management capabilities of the
472	service provider" refers to <u>an individual</u> a client who is in
473	need of:
474	(a) Supervision;
475	(b) Medical care; or
476	(c) Services,
477	
478	beyond that which the service provider or service component can
479	deliver.
480	(4) "Clinical assessment" means the collection of detailed
481	information concerning an individual's substance use, emotional
482	and physical health, social roles, and other areas that may
483	reflect the severity of the individual's abuse of alcohol or
484	drugs. The collection of information serves as a basis for
485	identifying an appropriate treatment regimen.
486	(5) "Client" means a recipient of alcohol or other drug
487	services delivered by a service provider but does not include an
488	inmate pursuant to part VIII unless expressly so provided.
489	(6) "Client identifying information" means the name,
490	address, social security number, fingerprints, photograph, and
491	similar information by which the identity of a client can be
492	determined with reasonable accuracy and speed either directly or
493	by reference to other publicly available information.

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494	(5) (7) "Court" means, with respect to all involuntary
495	proceedings under this chapter, the circuit court of the county
496	in which the judicial proceeding is pending or where the
497	substance abuse impaired person resides or is located, and
498	includes any general or special magistrate that may be appointed
499	by the chief judge to preside over all or part of such
500	proceeding. Otherwise, "court" refers to the court of legal
501	jurisdiction in the context in which the term is used in this
502	chapter.
503	(6) (8) "Department" means the Department of Children and
504	Family Services.
505	(7) (9) "Director" means the chief administrative or
506	executive officer of a service provider.
507	(8) (10) "Disclose" or "disclosure" means a communication of
508	client identifying information, the affirmative verification of
509	another person's communication of client identifying
510	information, or the communication of any information regarding
511	an individual of a client who has received services been
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513	limited to that information which is necessary to carry out the
514	purpose of the disclosure.
515	(9) (11) "Fee system" means a method of establishing charges
516	for services rendered, in accordance with an individual's a
517	client's ability to pay, used by providers that receive state
518	funds.
519	(10) (12) "For profit" means registered as for profit by the
520	Secretary of State and recognized by the Internal Revenue
521	Service as a for-profit entity.
522	(11) (13) "Habitual abuser" means a person who is brought to

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523	the attention of law enforcement for being substance impaired,
524	who meets the criteria for involuntary admission in s. 397.675,
525	and who has been taken into custody for such impairment three or
526	more times during the preceding 12 months.
527	<u>(12)</u> "Hospital" means a hospital or hospital-based
528	component licensed under chapter 395.
529	(13) "Identifying information" means the name, address,
530	social security number, fingerprints, photograph, and similar
531	information by which the identity of an individual can be
532	determined with reasonable accuracy directly or by reference to
533	other publicly available information.
534	(14) (15) "Impaired" or "substance abuse impaired" means a
535	condition involving the use of alcoholic beverages or any
536	psychoactive or mood-altering substance in such a manner as to
537	induce mental, emotional, or physical problems and cause
538	socially dysfunctional behavior.
539	(15) "Individual" means a person who receives alcohol or
540	other drug abuse treatment services delivered by a service
541	provider. The term does not include an inmate pursuant to part
542	VIII of this chapter unless expressly so provided.
543	(16) "Individualized treatment or service plan" means an
544	immediate and a long-range plan for substance abuse or ancillary
545	services developed on the basis of a client's assessed needs.
546	(16)(17) "Law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement
547	officer as defined in s. 943.10(1).
548	(17) <mark>(18)</mark> "Licensed service provider" means a public agency
549	under this chapter, a private for-profit or not-for-profit
550	agency under this chapter, a physician or any other private
551	practitioner licensed under this chapter, or a hospital that

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552	offers substance abuse impairment services through one or more
553	of the following licensable service components. Licensable
554	service components include a comprehensive continuum of
555	accessible and quality substance abuse prevention, intervention,
556	and clinical treatment services, including the following
557	services:
558	(a) "Clinical treatment" means a professionally directed,
559	deliberate, and planned regimen of services and interventions
560	that are designed to reduce or eliminate the misuse of drugs and
561	alcohol and promote a healthy, drug-free lifestyle. As defined
562	in rule, clinical treatment services must include, but are not
563	limited to:
564	1. Addictions receiving facilities;
565	2. Detoxification;
566	3. Intensive inpatient treatment;
567	4. Residential treatment;
568	5. Day or night treatment;
569	6. Day or night treatment with community housing;
570	7. Outpatient treatment;
571	8. Intensive outpatient treatment; and
572	9. Medication-assisted treatment.
573	(b) "Intervention" means structured services directed
574	toward individuals or groups at risk of substance abuse and
575	focused on reducing or impeding those factors associated with
576	the onset or the early stages of substance abuse and related
577	problems.
578	(c) "Prevention" means a process involving strategies aimed
579	at the individual, family, community, or substance, which
580	includes strategies and systems that preclude, forestall, or

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581	impede the development of substance abuse problems and promote
582	responsible lifestyles.
583	(a) Addictions receiving facility, which is a community-
584	based facility designated by the department to receive, screen,
585	and assess clients found to be substance abuse impaired, in need
586	of emergency treatment for substance abuse impairment, or
587	impaired by substance abuse to such an extent as to meet the
588	criteria for involuntary admission in s. 397.675, and to provide
589	detoxification and stabilization. An addictions receiving
590	facility must be state-owned, state-operated, or state-
591	contracted, and licensed pursuant to rules adopted by the
592	department's Substance Abuse Program Office which include
593	specific authorization for the provision of levels of care and a
594	requirement of separate accommodations for adults and minors.
595	Addictions receiving facilities are designated as secure
596	facilities to provide an intensive level of care and must have
597	sufficient staff and the authority to provide environmental
598	security to handle aggressive and difficult-to-manage behavior
599	and deter elopement.
600	(b) Detoxification, which uses medical and psychological
601	procedures and a supportive counseling regimen to assist clients
602	in managing toxicity and withdrawing and stabilizing from the
603	physiological and psychological effects of substance abuse
604	impairment.
605	(c) Intensive inpatient treatment, which includes a planned
606	regimen of professionally directed evaluation, observation,
607	medical monitoring, and clinical protocols provided 24 hours per
608	day, 7 days per week, in a highly structured, live-in
609	environment.

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610	
611	live-in environment within a nonhospital setting on a 24-hours-
612	a-day, 7-days-a-week basis, and which includes:
613	1. Facilities that provide room and board and treatment and
614	rehabilitation within the primary residential facility; and
615	2. Facilities that are used for room and board only and in
616	which treatment and rehabilitation activities are provided on a
617	mandatory basis at locations other than the primary residential
618	facility. In this case, facilities used for room and board and
619	for treatment and rehabilitation are operated under the auspices
620	of the same provider, and licensing and regulatory requirements
621	would apply to both the residential facility and all other
622	facilities in which treatment and rehabilitation activities
623	occur.
624	(c) Day and night treatment, which provides a
625	nonresidential environment with a structured schedule of
626	treatment and rehabilitation services.
627	(f) Outpatient treatment, which provides individual, group,
628	or family counseling for clients by appointment during scheduled
629	operating hours, with an emphasis on assessment and treatment.
630	(g) Medication and methadone maintenance treatment that
631	uses methadone or other medication as authorized by state and
632	federal law, in conjunction with medical, rehabilitative, and
633	counseling services in the treatment of clients who are
634	dependent upon opioid drugs.
635	(h) Prevention, which is a process involving strategies
636	aimed at the individual, the environment, or the substance,
637	which strategies preclude, forestall, or impede the development
638	of substance abuse problems and promote responsible personal and

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639	social growth of individuals and families toward full human
640	potential.
641	(i) Intervention, which consists of structured services
642	targeted toward individuals or groups at risk and focused on
643	reducing those factors associated with the onset or the early
644	stages of substance abuse, and related problems.
645	(19) "Medical monitoring" means oversight and treatment, 24
646	hours per day by medical personnel who are licensed under
647	chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464, of clients whose
648	subacute biomedical, emotional, psychosocial, behavioral, or
649	cognitive problems are so severe that the clients require
650	intensive inpatient treatment by an interdisciplinary team.
651	(18) (20) "Not for profit" means registered as not for
652	profit by the Secretary of State and recognized by the Internal
653	Revenue Service as a not-for-profit entity.
654	(19) (21) "Physician" means a person licensed under chapter
655	458 to practice medicine or licensed under chapter 459 to
656	practice osteopathic medicine, and may include, if the context
657	so indicates, an intern or resident enrolled in an intern or
658	resident training program affiliated with an approved medical
659	school, hospital, or other facility through which training
660	programs are normally conducted.
661	(22) "Preliminary screening" means the gathering of initial
662	information to be used in determining a person's need for
663	assessment or for referral.
664	(20) (23) "Private practitioner" means a physician licensed
665	under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a psychologist licensed under
666	chapter 490, or a clinical social worker, marriage and family
667	therapist, or mental health counselor licensed under chapter

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5-01165C-09 20092612 668 491. 669 (21) (24) "Program evaluation" or "evaluation" means a 670 systematic measurement of a service provider's achievement of 671 desired individual client or service outcomes. 672 (22) (25) "Qualified professional" means a physician 673 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a professional 674 licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491; an advanced 675 registered nurse practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 676 464; or a person who is certified through a department-677 recognized certification process for substance abuse treatment 678 services and who holds, at a minimum, a bachelor's degree. A 679 person who is certified in substance abuse treatment services by 680 a state-recognized certification process in another state at the 681 time of employment with a licensed substance abuse provider in 682 this state may perform the functions of a qualified professional 683 as defined in this chapter but must meet certification 684 requirements contained in this subsection no later than 1 year 685 after his or her date of employment. 686 (23) "Quality improvement" means a systematic and organized 687 approach to monitor and continuously improve the quality of 688 services in order to maintain, restore, or improve outcomes in 689 individuals and populations throughout a system of care.

690 (24) "Recovery" means a process of personal change through
 691 which individuals achieve abstinence from alcohol or drug use
 692 and improve health, wellness, and quality of life.

693 (25) "Recovery support" means services designed to 694 strengthen or assist individuals to regain skills, develop the 695 environmental supports necessary to help the individual thrive 696 in the community, and meet life goals that promote recovery from

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697	alcohol and drug use. These services include, but are not
698	limited to, economic, vocational, employment, educational,
699	housing, and other ancillary services.
700	(26) "Screening" means the gathering of initial information
701	to be used in determining a person's need for assessment,
702	services, or referral.
703	(26) "Quality assurance" means the objective and internal
704	systematic monitoring of the appropriateness and quality of
705	client care rendered by a service provider.
706	(27) "Secure facility," except where the context indicates
707	a correctional system facility, means a provider that has the
708	authority to deter the premature departure of involuntary
709	individuals clients whose leaving constitutes a violation of a
710	court order or community-based supervision as provided by law.
711	The term "secure facility" includes addictions receiving
712	facilities and facilities authorized by local ordinance for the
713	treatment of habitual abusers.
714	(28) "Service component" or "component" means a discrete
715	operational entity within a service provider that is subject to
716	licensing as defined by rule. Service components include
717	prevention, intervention, and clinical treatment described in
718	subsection (17).
719	<u>(29)</u>
720	agency, a private for-profit or not-for-profit agency, a person
721	who is a private practitioner, or a hospital licensed under this
722	chapter or exempt from licensure under this chapter.
723	<u>(30)</u> "Service provider personnel" or "personnel"
724	includes all owners, directors, chief financial officers, staff,
725	and volunteers, including foster parents, of a service provider.

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726	(31)(30) "Stabilization" means:
727	(a) Alleviation of a crisis condition; or
728	(b) Prevention of further deterioration,
729	
730	and connotes short-term emergency treatment.
731	(32) "Substate entity" means a departmental office
732	designated to serve a geographical area specified by the
733	department.
734	(33) "System of care" means a coordinated continuum of
735	community-based services and supports that are organized to meet
736	the challenges and needs of individuals who are at risk of
737	developing substance abuse problems or individuals who have
738	substance abuse problems.
739	(34) "Treatment plan" means an immediate and a long-range
740	plan based upon an individual's assessed needs and used to
741	address and monitor an individual's recovery from substance
742	abuse.
743	Section 8. Subsections (2), (7), (14), (17), (18), (19),
744	and (20) of section 397.321, Florida Statutes, are amended to
745	read:
746	397.321 Duties of the departmentThe department shall:
747	(2) Ensure that a plan for substance abuse services is
748	developed at the <u>local substate entity</u> district level in
749	accordance with the provisions of part IV of chapter 394.
750	(7) Ensure that each licensed service provider develops a
751	system and procedures for:
752	(a) <u>Clinical</u> Client assessment.
753	(b) Individualized Treatment or services planning.
754	(c) Client Referral.
I	

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755	(d) Client Progress reviews.
756	(e) Client Followup.
757	(14) In cooperation with service providers, foster and
758	actively seek additional funding to enhance resources for
759	prevention, intervention, <u>clinical</u> and treatment, and recovery
760	support services, including, but not limited to, the development
761	of partnerships with:
762	(a) Private industry.
763	(b) Intradepartmental and interdepartmental program
764	offices, including, but not limited to, child care services;
765	family safety; delinquency services; health services; economic
766	services; and children's medical services.
767	(c) State agencies, including, but not limited to, the
768	Department Departments of Corrections, the Department of
769	Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of
770	Community Affairs, the Department of Elderly Affairs, the
771	Department of Health, the Department of Financial Services, and
772	the Agency for Health Care Administration Insurance.
773	(17) Recognize a statewide certification process for
774	substance abuse prevention coalitions that are funded by the
775	department.
776	(18) (17) Provide sufficient and qualified staff to oversee
777	all contracting, licensing, and planning functions within each
778	of its <u>substate</u> district offices, as permitted by legislative
779	appropriation.
780	(19) (18) Ensure that the department develops and ensures
781	the implementation of procedures between its Substance Abuse
782	Program Office and other departmental programs regarding the

783 referral of substance abuse impaired persons to service

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20092612 5-01165C-09 784 providers, information on service providers, information on 785 methods of identifying substance abuse impaired juveniles, and 786 procedures for referring such juveniles to appropriate service 787 providers. (20) (19) Designate addictions receiving facilities for the 788 789 purpose of ensuring that only qualified service providers render services within the context of a secure facility setting. 790 791 (20) The department may establish in District 9, in 792 cooperation with the Palm Beach County Board of County 793 Commissioners, a pilot project to serve in a managed care 794 arrangement non-Medicaid eligible persons who qualify to receive 795 substance abuse or mental health services from the department. 796 The department may contract with a not-for-profit entity to 797 conduct the pilot project. The results of the pilot project 798 shall be reported to the district administrator, and the 799 secretary 18 months after the initiation. The department shall 800 incur no additional administrative costs for the pilot project. 801 Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 802 397.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 803 397.331 Definitions; legislative intent.-804 (1) As used in this act, the term: 805 (b) "Substance abuse programs and services" or "drug control" applies generally to the broad continuum of prevention, 806 intervention, clinical and treatment, recovery support 807 808 initiatives, and efforts to limit substance abuse, and also 809 includes initiatives and efforts by law enforcement agencies to 810 limit substance abuse. 811 Section 10. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 812 397.401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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        813
        397.401 License required; penalty; injunction; rules
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(1) It is unlawful for any person <u>or agency</u> to act as a
substance abuse service provider unless it is licensed or exempt
from licensure under this chapter.

818 (3) The department may maintain an action in circuit court 819 to enjoin the unlawful operation of a substance abuse service 820 provider if the department first gives the violator 14 days' 821 notice of its intent to maintain such action and the violator 822 fails to apply for licensure within that 14-day period. If the 823 department determines that the health, safety, and welfare of 824 individuals are clients is jeopardized, the department may move to enjoin the operation at any time during the 14-day period. If 825 826 the service provider has already applied for licensure under 827 this chapter and has been denied licensure, the department may 828 move immediately to obtain an injunction.

829 (4) In accordance with this subsection, the department may 830 waive rules adopted pursuant to this chapter in order to allow service providers to demonstrate and evaluate innovative or 831 832 cost-effective substance abuse services alternatives. Rules 833 waivers may be granted only in instances where there is 834 reasonable assurance that the health, safety, or welfare of 835 individuals clients will not be endangered. To apply for a rules 836 waiver, the applicant must be a service provider licensed under 837 this chapter and must submit to the department a written 838 description of the concept to be demonstrated, including:

839

814

waivers.-

(a) Objectives and anticipated benefits.

(b) The number and types of <u>individuals</u> clients who will be affected.

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842 (c) A description of how the demonstration will be843 evaluated.

844 845 (d) Any other information requested by the department.

- A service provider granted a rules waiver under this subsection must submit a detailed report of the results of its findings to the department within 12 months after receiving the rules waiver. Upon receiving and evaluating the detailed report, the department may renew or revoke the rules waiver or seek any regulatory or statutory changes necessary to allow other service providers to implement the same alternative service.
- 853 Section 11. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) and subsection
 854 (3) of section 397.403, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 855 397.403 License application.-

(1) Applicants for a license under this chapter must apply
to the department on forms provided by the department and in
accordance with rules adopted by the department. Applications
must include at a minimum:

860 (e) Sufficient information to conduct background screening861 as provided in s. 397.451.

862 1. If the results of the background screening indicate that 863 any owner, director, or chief financial officer has been found 864 quilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of 865 nolo contendere or guilty to any offense prohibited under the 866 screening standard, a regular license may not be issued to the 867 applicant service provider unless an exemption from disqualification has been granted by the department as set forth 868 in chapter 435. The owner, director, or chief financial officer 869 870 manager has 90 days within which to obtain the required

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871
     exemption, during which time the applicant's license remains in
872
     effect.
873
          2. If any owner, director, or chief financial officer is
874
     arrested or found quilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has
     entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to any offense
875
876
     prohibited under the screening standard while acting in that
877
     capacity, the provider shall immediately remove the person from
878
     that position and shall notify the department within 2 days
879
     after such removal, excluding weekends and holidays. Failure to
880
     remove the owner, director, or chief financial officer manager
881
     will result in revocation of the provider's license.
882
           (3) The department shall accept proof of accreditation by
883
     the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities
     (CARF) CARF-the Rehabilitation Accreditation Commission or the
884
     Joint Commission on Accreditation of Health Care Organizations
885
886
     (JCAHCO), or through any other nationally recognized
887
     certification process that is acceptable to the department and
888
     meets the minimum licensure requirements under this chapter, in
     lieu of requiring the applicant to submit the information
889
890
     required by paragraphs (1)(a) - (c).
          Section 12. Section 397.405, Florida Statutes, is amended
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892
     to read:
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          397.405 Exemptions from licensure.-The following are exempt
894
     from the licensing provisions of this chapter:
895
           (1) A hospital or hospital-based component licensed under
896
     chapter 395.
897
           (2) A nursing home facility as defined in s. 400.021.
898
           (3) A substance abuse education program established
899
     pursuant to s. 1003.42.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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900	(4) A facility or institution operated by the Federal
901	Government.
902	(5) A physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459.
903	(6) A psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
904	(7) A social worker, marriage and family therapist, or
905	mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491.
906	(8) <u>A</u> An established and legally cognizable church or
907	nonprofit religious organization or denomination providing
908	substance abuse services, including prevention services, which
909	are <u>solely</u> exclusively religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical
910	in nature. A church or nonprofit religious organization or
911	denomination providing any of the licensable service components
912	itemized under <u>s. 397.311(17)</u>
913	substance abuse licensure for purposes of its provision of such
914	licensable service components but retains its exemption with
915	respect to all services which are <u>solely</u> exclusively religious,
916	spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature.
917	(9) Facilities licensed under chapter 393 which, in
918	addition to providing services to persons with developmental
919	disabilities, also provide services to persons developmentally
920	at risk as a consequence of exposure to alcohol or other legal
921	or illegal drugs while in utero.
922	(10) DUI education and screening services provided pursuant
923	to ss. 316.192, 316.193, 322.095, 322.271, and 322.291. Persons
924	or entities providing treatment services must be licensed under
925	this chapter unless exempted from licensing as provided in this
926	section.
927	(11) A facility licensed under s. 394.875 as a crisis
928	stabilization unit. The department may adopt rules regarding

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929	standards to ensure that persons who have co-occurring mental
930	and substance use disorders receive appropriate treatment.
931	
932	The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to
933	any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or
934	contract from the state to operate as a service provider as
935	defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program
936	regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter may
937	not be construed to limit the practice of a physician licensed
938	under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a psychologist licensed under
939	chapter 490, or a psychotherapist licensed under chapter 491 <u>, or</u>
940	an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under part I
941	of chapter 464, who provides substance abuse treatment, so long
942	as the physician, psychologist, or psychotherapist <u>, or advanced</u>
943	registered nurse practitioner does not represent to the public
944	that he or she is a licensed service provider and does not
945	provide services to <u>individuals</u> clients pursuant to part V of
946	this chapter. Failure to comply with any requirement necessary
947	to maintain an exempt status under this section is a misdemeanor
948	of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
949	775.083.
950	Section 13. Section 397.406, Florida Statutes, is amended
951	to read:
952	397.406 Licensure and regulation of government-operated
953	substance abuse programsSubstance abuse programs operated
954	directly or under contract by the department, the Department of
955	Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, any other state
956	agency, or any local correctional agency or authority, which
957	programs constitute any service provider licensable components

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958	as defined in this chapter, are subject to licensure and
959	regulation in accordance with rules jointly developed by the
960	department and the state or local agency operating the program.
961	The department has authority to promulgate rules exempting such
962	government-operated programs from specific licensure provisions
963	of this part, including, but not limited to, licensure fees and
964	personnel background checks, and to enforce the regulatory
965	requirements governing such programs.
966	Section 14. Section 397.407, Florida Statutes, is amended
967	to read:
968	397.407 Licensure process; fees
969	(1) The department shall establish by rule the licensure
970	process to include fees and categories of licenses fees by rule.
971	The rule must prescribe a fee range that is based, at least in
972	part, on the number and complexity of programs listed in <u>s.</u>
973	<u>397.311(17)</u> s. 397.311(18) which are operated by a licensee. The
974	fee range must be implemented over a 5-year period. The fee
975	schedule for licensure of service components must be increased
976	annually in substantially equal increments so that, by July 1,
977	1998, the fees from the licensure of service components are
978	sufficient to cover at least 50 percent of the costs of
979	regulating the service components. The department shall specify
980	by rule a fee range <u>for public and privately funded</u> and phase-in
981	plan for privately funded licensed service providers and a fee
982	range and phase-in plan for publicly funded licensed service
983	providers . Fees for privately funded licensed service providers
984	must exceed the fees for publicly funded licensed service
985	providers. The first year phase-in licensure fees must be at
986	least \$150 per initial license. The rule must provide for a

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5-01165C-09 20092612 987 reduction in licensure fees for licensed service providers who 988 hold more than one license. 989 (2) The department shall assess a fee of \$100 per licensed 990 service component license for the late filing of an application for renewal of a license. 991 992 (3) Licensure and renewal fees must be deposited in the 993 Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund to be used for the actual 994 cost of monitoring, inspecting, and overseeing licensed service 995 providers. 996 (4) Each application for licensure or renewal must be 997 accompanied by the required fee, except that a service provider 998 that has an all-volunteer staff is exempt from the licensure and 999 renewal fees. 1000 (5) The department may issue probationary, regular, and 1001 interim licenses. The department shall issue one license for 1002 each service component that is operated by a service provider 1003 and defined in rule pursuant to s. 397.311(17). The license is 1004 valid only for the specific service components listed for each 1005 specific location identified on the license. The licensed 1006 service provider shall apply for a new license at least 60 days 1007 before the addition of any service components or 30 days before 1008 the relocation of any of its service sites. Provision of service 1009 components or delivery of services at a location not identified 1010 on the license may be considered an unlicensed operation that 1011 authorizes the department to seek an injunction against 1012 operation as provided in s. 397.401, in addition to other 1013 sanctions authorized by s. 397.415. Probationary and regular 1014 licenses may be issued only after all required information has been submitted. A license may not be transferred. As used in 1015

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1016	this subsection, the term "transfer" includes, but is not
1017	limited to, the transfer of a majority of the ownership interest
1018	in the licensed entity or transfer of responsibilities under the
1019	license to another entity by contractual arrangement.
1020	(6) A probationary license may be issued to a service
1021	provider applicant in the initial stages of developing services
1022	that are not yet fully operational upon completion of all
1023	application requirements itemized in s. 397.403(1) and upon
1024	demonstration of the applicant's ability to comply with all
1025	applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. A probationary
1026	license expires 90 days after issuance and may be reissued once
1027	for an additional 90-day period if the applicant has
1028	substantially complied with all requirements for regular
1029	licensure or has initiated action to satisfy all requirements.
1030	During the probationary period the department shall monitor the
1031	delivery of services. Notwithstanding s. 120.60(5), the
1032	department may order a probationary licensee to cease and desist
1033	operations at any time it is found to be substantially out of
1034	compliance with licensure standards. This cease-and-desist order
1035	is exempt from the requirements of s. 120.60(6).
1036	(7) A regular license may be issued to:
1037	(a) A new applicant at the end of the probationary period.
1038	(b) A licensed applicant that holds a regular license and
1039	is seeking renewal.
1040	(c) An applicant for a service component operating under an
1041	interim license upon successful satisfaction of the requirements
1042	for a regular license.
1043	
1044	In order to be issued a regular license, the applicant must be

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1045	in compliance with statutory and regulatory requirements.
1046	Standards and timeframes for the issuance of a regular license
1047	must be established by rule. An application for renewal of a
1048	regular license must be submitted to the department at least 60
1049	days before the license expires.
1050	(8) The department may issue an interim license to a
1051	service provider for a period established by the department
1052	which does not exceed 90 days if the department finds that:
1053	(a) A service component of the provider is in substantial
1054	noncompliance with licensure standards;
1055	(b) The service provider has failed to provide satisfactory
1056	proof of conformance to fire, safety, or health requirements; or
1057	(c) The service provider is involved in license suspension
1058	or revocation proceedings.
1059	
1060	An interim license applies only to the licensable service
1061	component of the provider's services which is in substantial
1062	noncompliance with statutory or regulatory requirements. An
1063	interim license expires 90 days after it is issued; however, it
1064	may be reissued once for an additional 90-day period in a case
1065	of extreme hardship in which the noncompliance is not
1066	attributable to the licensed service provider. If the service
1067	provider is appealing the final disposition of license
1068	suspension or revocation proceedings, the court before which the
1069	appeal is taken may order the extension of the interim license
1070	for a period specified in the order.
1071	(9) A separate license is required for each service
1072	component maintained by the service provider.
	componente matheatheat by the service provider.
1073	(10) The license must be displayed in a conspicuous place

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1074	inside the facility providing the licensed service component.
1075	Section 15. Section 397.409, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
1076	Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 397.411, Florida
1077	Statutes, is amended, present subsection (5) of that section is
1078	redesignated as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is
1079	added to that section, to read:
1080	397.411 Inspection; right of entry; records
1081	(3) Notwithstanding the confidentiality provisions of this
1082	chapter, a designated and authorized agent of the department may
1083	access the records of the <u>individuals served by</u> clients of
1084	licensed service providers, but only for purposes of licensing,
1085	monitoring, and investigation. The department may interview
1086	individuals clients , as specified by rule.
1087	(5) In an effort to coordinate inspections among agencies,
1088	the department shall notify applicable state agencies of any
1089	scheduled licensure inspections of service providers jointly
1090	served by the agencies.
1091	Section 17. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section
1092	397.415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1093	397.415 Denial, suspension, and revocation; other
1094	remedies
1095	(1) If the department determines that an applicant or
1096	licensed service provider or licensed service component thereof
1097	is not in compliance with all statutory and regulatory
1098	requirements, the department may deny, suspend, revoke, or
1099	impose reasonable restrictions or penalties on the license or
1100	any portion of the license. In such case, the department:
1101	(a) May impose a moratorium on admissions to any <u>service</u>
1102	component of a licensed service provider if the department

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1103 determines that conditions within such component are a threat to 1104 the public health or safety. (b) May impose an administrative penalty of up to \$500 per 1105 1106 day against a licensed service provider operating in violation 1107 of any fire-related, safety-related, or health-related statutory 1108 or regulatory requirement. Fines collected under this paragraph 1109 must be deposited in the Operations and Maintenance Substance 1110 Abuse Impairment Provider Licensing Trust Fund. (c) May suspend or revoke the license of a service provider 1111 1112 or may suspend or revoke the license as to the operation of any 1113 service component or location identified on the license if, 1114 after notice, the department it determines that a service 1115 provider has failed to correct the substantial or chronic 1116 violation of any statutory or regulatory requirement that such 1117 as impacts the quality of client care. 1118 (2) If a provider's license is revoked of a facility or any service component of a facility is revoked, the service provider 1119 1120 is barred from submitting any application for licensure of the 1121 affected facility or service component to the department for a 1122 period of 1 year after the revocation. If the provider's license 1123 is revoked as to any service component or location identified on 1124 the license, the provider is barred from applying for licensure 1125 of the affected service component or location for 1 year after 1126 the revocation. 1127 (4) The department may maintain an action in court to 1128 enjoin the operation of any licensed or unlicensed provider,

1130 chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter.

1131

1129

Section 18. Section 397.416, Florida Statutes, is amended

service component, or location facility in violation of this

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5-01165C-09 20092612 11.32 to read: 1133 397.416 Substance abuse treatment services; qualified 1134 professional.-Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 1135 person who was certified through a certification process 1136 recognized by the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative 1137 Services before January 1, 1995, may perform the duties of a 1138 qualified professional with respect to substance abuse treatment 1139 services as defined in this chapter, and need not meet the 1140 certification requirements contained in s. 397.311(22) s. 1141 397.311(25). Section 19. Section 397.419, Florida Statutes, is amended 1142 1143 to read: 1144 397.419 Quality improvement assurance programs.-1145 (1) Each service provider must maintain a an ongoing 1146 quality improvement assurance program to objectively and 1147 systematically monitor and evaluate the appropriateness and 1148 quality of client care, to ensure that services are rendered 1149 consistent with prevailing professional standards, and to 1150 identify and resolve problems. 1151 (2) For each service provider, a written plan must be 1152 developed with a copy made available upon request submitted to 1153 the department which addresses the minimum guidelines for the 1154 provider's quality improvement assurance program, including, but 1155 not limited to: 1156 (a) Individual Client care and services standards. 1157 (b) Individual Client records maintenance procedures. 1158 (c) Staff development policies and procedures. 1159 (d) Service-environment Facility safety and maintenance 1160 standards.

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1161 (e) Peer review and utilization management review
1162 procedures.

(f) Incident reporting policies and procedures <u>that</u> include, including verification of corrective action, and provision for reporting to the department within a time period prescribed by rule, documentation that incident reporting is the affirmative duty of all staff, and a provision that specifies that a person who files an incident report may not be subjected to any civil action by virtue of that incident report.

(3) The quality <u>improvement</u> assurance program is the responsibility of the director and is subject to review and approval by the governing board of the service provider.

(4) Each director shall designate a person who is an employee of or under contract with the service provider as the provider's quality improvement assurance manager.

1176 (5) Incident reporting is the affirmative duty of all 1177 staff.

1178 (6) A person who files an incident report may not be 1179 subjected to any civil action by virtue of that incident report.

1180 (5) (7) The department may access all service provider records necessary to determine compliance with this section. 1181 Records relating solely to actions taken in carrying out this 1182 1183 section and records obtained by the department to determine a 1184 provider's compliance with this section are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I 1185 1186 of the State Constitution. Such records are not admissible in 1187 any civil or administrative action except in disciplinary 1188 proceedings by the Department of Business and Professional 1189 Regulation or the appropriate regulatory board, and are not part

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1190	of the record of investigation and prosecution in disciplinary
1191	proceedings made available to the public by the Department of
1192	Business and Professional Regulation or the appropriate
1193	regulatory board. Meetings or portions of meetings of quality
1194	improvement assurance program committees that relate solely to
1195	actions taken pursuant to this section are exempt from s.
1196	286.011.
1197	<u>(6)</u> The quality <u>improvement</u> assurance program <u>must also</u>
1198	shall be implemented as part of the department's contract
1199	management process. The quality assurance program shall:
1200	(a) Track performance measures and standards established b
1201	the Legislature as part of the performance-based program
1202	budgeting process;
1203	<u>(a)</u> Provide a framework for evaluating outcomes which i
1204	separate from the performance-based program budgeting process,
1205	including:
1206	1. Output measures, such as capacities, technologies, and
1207	infrastructure, that make up the system of care.
1208	2. Process measures, such as administrative and clinical
1209	components of treatment.
1210	3. Outcome measures pertaining to the outcomes of services
1211	<u>(b)</u> Provide for a system of analyzing those factors
1212	which have an effect on performance at the local level;
1213	<u>(c)</u> (d) Provide for a system of reporting the results of
1214	quality improvement assurance reviews; and
1215	<u>(d)</u> Incorporate best practice models for use in
1216	improving performance in those areas which are deficient.
1217	(9) The quality assurance program shall incorporate a peer
1218	review process into its protocol, to include:

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1219	(a) Reviews of providers by departmental district staff and
1220	other providers.
1221	(b) Reviews of individual districts by other districts.
1222	(7) (10) Contingent upon specific appropriation, a quality
1223	improvement assurance coordinator position shall be established
1224	within each substate entity service district to oversee the
1225	implementation and operation of the quality <i>improvement</i>
1226	assurance program.
1227	Section 20. Section 397.427, Florida Statutes, is amended
1228	to read:
1229	397.427 Medication-assisted Medication treatment service
1230	providers; rehabilitation program; needs assessment and
1231	provision of services; persons authorized to issue takeout
1232	medication methadone; unlawful operation; penalty
1233	(1) Medication treatment service Providers of medication-
1234	assisted treatment services for opiate addiction may not be
1235	licensed unless they provide supportive rehabilitation programs.
1236	Supportive rehabilitation programs include, but are not limited
1237	to, counseling, therapy, and vocational rehabilitation.
1238	(2) The department shall determine the need for
1239	establishing medication treatment service providers of
1240	medication-assisted treatment services for opiate addiction.
1241	(a) Medication treatment service Providers of medication-
1242	assisted treatment services for opiate addiction may be
1243	established only in response to the department's determination
1244	and publication of need for additional medication treatment
1245	services.
1246	(b) The department shall prescribe by rule the types of
1247	medication-assisted medication treatment services for opiate

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1276

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1248	addiction for which it is necessary to conduct annual
1249	assessments of need. If needs assessment is required, the
1250	department shall annually conduct the assessment and publish a
1251	statement of findings which identifies each substate entity's
1252	district's need.
1253	(c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the license for
1254	medication-assisted medication treatment programs for opiate
1255	addiction licensed before October 1, 1990, may not be revoked
1256	solely because of the department's determination concerning the
1257	need for <u>medication-assisted</u> medication treatment services <u>for</u>
1258	opiate addiction.
1259	(3) The department shall adopt rules necessary to
1260	administer this section, including, but not limited to, rules
1261	prescribing criteria and procedures for:
1262	(a) Determining the need for additional medication-assisted
1263	medication treatment services for opiate addiction.
1264	(b) Selecting medication treatment service providers <u>for</u>
1265	medication-assisted treatment services for opiate addiction when
1266	the number of responses to a publication of need exceeds the
1267	determined need.
1268	(c) Administering any federally required rules,
1269	regulations, or procedures.
1270	(4) A service provider operating in violation of this
1271	section is subject to proceedings in accordance with this
1272	chapter to enjoin that unlawful operation.
1273	(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 465.019(2), a
1274	registered nurse, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, or
1275	a licensed practical nurse working for a licensed service

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provider is authorized to deliver takeout medication for opiate

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20092612 5-01165C-09 1277 treatment methadone to persons enrolled in a methadone 1278 maintenance treatment program for medication-assisted treatment 1279 for opiate addiction if provided that: 1280 (a) The medication-assisted methadone maintenance treatment 1281 program for opiate addiction has an appropriate valid permit 1282 issued pursuant to rules adopted promulgated by the Board of 1283 Pharmacy; 1284 (b) The medication for treatment of opiate addiction has 1285 been delivered pursuant to a valid prescription written by the 1286 program's physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 1287 459; 1288 (c) The medication for treatment of opiate addiction which 1289 is ordered appears on a formulary and is prepackaged and 1290 prelabeled with dosage instructions and distributed from a 1291 source authorized under chapter 499; 1292 (d) Each licensed provider adopts written protocols which 1293 provide for supervision of the registered nurse, advanced 1294 registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse by a 1295 physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and 1296 for the procedures by which patients' medications may be 1297 delivered by the registered nurse, advanced registered nurse 1298 practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. Such protocols shall 1299 be signed by the supervising physician and either the administering registered nurse, the advanced registered nurse 1300 1301 practitioner, or the licensed practical nurse. 1302 (e) Each licensed service provider maintains and has

(e) Each licensed service provider maintains and has
available for inspection by representatives of the Board of
Pharmacy all medical records and patient care protocols,
including records of medications delivered to patients, in

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1306	accordance with the board.
1307	(6) The department shall also determine the need for
1308	establishing medication-assisted treatment for substance-use
1309	disorders other than opiate dependence. Service providers within
1310	the publicly funded system shall be funded for provision of
1311	these services based on the availability of funds.
1312	(7) Service providers that provide medication-assisted
1313	treatment for substance use disorders other than opiate
1314	dependence shall provide counseling services in conjunction with
1315	medication-assisted treatment.
1316	(8) The department shall adopt rules necessary to
1317	administer medication-assisted treatment services, including,
1318	but not limited to, rules prescribing criteria and procedures
1319	for:
1320	(a) Determining the need for medication-assisted treatment
1321	services within the publicly funded system.
1322	(b) Selecting medication-assisted service providers within
1323	the publicly funded system.
1324	(c) Administering any federally required rules,
1325	regulations, or procedures related to the provision of
1326	medication-assisted treatment.
1327	(9) A registered nurse, an advanced registered nurse
1328	practitioner, or a licensed practical nurse working for a
1329	licensed service provider may deliver medication as prescribed
1330	by rule if:
1331	(a) The service provider authorized to provide medication-
1332	assisted treatment has an appropriate valid permit issued
1333	pursuant to rules adopted by the Board of Pharmacy;
1334	(b) The medication has been delivered pursuant to a valid

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1335	prescription written by the program's physician who is licensed
1336	under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and
1337	(c) The medication ordered appears on a formulary or meets
1338	federal requirements for medication-assisted treatment.
1339	(10) Each licensed service provider that provides
1340	medication-assisted treatment must adopt written protocols as
1341	specified by the department and in accordance with federally
1342	required rules, regulations, or procedures. The protocol shall
1343	provide for the supervision of the registered nurse, advanced
1344	registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse
1345	working under the supervision of a physician who is licensed
1346	under chapter 458 or chapter 459. The protocol must specify how
1347	the medication will be used in conjunction with counseling or
1348	psychosocial treatment and that the services provided will be
1349	included on the treatment plan. The protocol must specify the
1350	procedures by which medication-assisted treatment may be
1351	delivered by the registered nurse, advanced registered nurse
1352	practitioner, or licensed practical nurse. These protocols shall
1353	be signed by the supervising physician and the administering
1354	registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or
1355	licensed practical nurse.
1356	(11) Each licensed service provider shall maintain and have
1357	available for inspection by representatives of the Board of
1358	Pharmacy all medical records and protocols, including records of
1359	medications delivered to individuals in accordance with rules of
1360	the board.
1361	Section 21. Section 397.431, Florida Statutes, is amended
1362	to read:
1363	397.431 <u>Individual</u> Client responsibility for cost of

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1364 substance abuse impairment services.-

1365 (1) Before Prior to accepting an individual a client for admission and in accordance with confidentiality guidelines, 1366 1367 both the full charge for services and the fee charged to the 1368 individual client for such services under the provider's fee 1369 system or payment policy must be disclosed to each individual 1370 client or his or her authorized personal representative, or parent or legal guardian if the individual client is a minor who 1371 1372 did not seek treatment voluntarily and without parental consent.

(2) <u>An individual</u> A client or his or her authorized personal representative, or parent or legal guardian if the <u>individual</u> client is a minor, is required to contribute toward the cost of substance abuse services in accordance with his or her ability to pay, unless otherwise provided by law.

1378 (3) The parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian of a 1379 minor is not liable for payment for any substance abuse services 1380 provided to the minor without parental consent pursuant to s. 1381 397.601(4), unless the parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian participates or is ordered to participate in the 1382 1383 services, and only for the substance abuse services rendered. If 1384 the minor is receiving services as a juvenile offender, the 1385 obligation to pay is governed by the law relating to juvenile offenders. 1386

(4) Service providers that do not contract for state funds to provide substance abuse services as defined in this chapter may establish their own admission policies regarding provisions for payment for services. Such policies must comply with other statutory and regulatory requirements governing state or federal reimbursements to a provider for services delivered to

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1393 individuals individual clients. As used in this subsection, the 1394 term "contract for state funds" does not include Medicaid funds. 1395 (5) Service providers that contract for state funds to 1396 provide substance abuse services as defined in this chapter must 1397 establish a fee system based upon an individual's a client's 1398 ability to pay and, if space and sufficient state resources are 1399 available, may not deny an individual a client access to 1400 services solely on the basis of the individual's client's 1401 inability to pay. 1402 Section 22. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (1) of section 397.451, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1403 1404 397.451 Background checks of service provider personnel.-1405 (1) PERSONNEL BACKGROUND CHECKS; REQUIREMENTS AND 1406 EXCEPTIONS.-1407 (a) Background checks shall apply as follows: 1408 1. All owners, directors, and chief financial officers of 1409 service providers are subject to level 2 background screening as 1410 provided under chapter 435. Inmate substance abuse programs operated directly or under contract with the Department of 1411 1412 Corrections are exempt from this requirement. 1413 2. All service provider personnel who have direct contact 1414 with children receiving services or with adults who are 1415 developmentally disabled receiving services are subject to level 1416 2 background screening as provided under chapter 435. 1417 (e) Personnel employed directly or under contract with by the Department of Corrections in an inmate substance abuse 1418 1419 program a substance abuse service component who have direct 1420 contact with unmarried inmates under the age of 18 or with 1421 inmates who are developmentally disabled are exempt from the

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1422	fingerprinting and background check requirements of this
1423	section.
1424	Section 23. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of
1425	section 397.471, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1426	397.471 Service provider facility standards
1427	(1) Each service provider must ensure:
1428	(a) Sufficient numbers and types of qualified personnel on
1429	duty and available to provide necessary and adequate client
1430	safety and care.
1431	(b) Adequate space for each <u>individual served within</u> client
1432	of a residential facility.
1433	Section 24. Section 397.501, Florida Statutes, is amended
1434	to read:
1435	397.501 Rights of <u>individuals</u> clients <u>Individuals</u> Clients
1436	receiving substance abuse services from any service provider are
1437	guaranteed protection of the rights specified in this section,
1438	unless otherwise expressly provided, and service providers must
1439	ensure the protection of such rights.
1440	(1) RIGHT TO INDIVIDUAL DIGNITYThe individual dignity of
1441	the <u>individual served</u> client must be respected at all times and
1442	upon all occasions, including any occasion when the individual
1443	client is admitted, retained, or transported. <u>Individuals served</u>
1444	Substance abuse clients who are not accused of a crime or
1445	delinquent act may not be detained or incarcerated in jails,
1446	detention centers, or training schools of the state, except for
1447	purposes of protective custody in strict accordance with this
1448	chapter. <u>An individual</u> A client may not be deprived of any
1449	constitutional right.
1450	(2) RIGHT TO NONDISCRIMINATORY SERVICES

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1451 (a) Service providers may not deny an individual a client 1452 access to substance abuse services solely on the basis of race, 1453 gender, ethnicity, age, sexual preference, human 1454 immunodeficiency virus status, prior service departures against 1455 medical advice, disability, or number of relapse episodes. 1456 Service providers may not deny an individual a client who takes 1457 medication prescribed by a physician access to substance abuse services solely on that basis. Service providers who receive 1458 1459 state funds to provide substance abuse services may not, if 1460 provided space and sufficient state resources are available, 1461 deny a client access to services based solely on inability to 1462 pay.

(b) Each <u>individual</u> client in treatment must be afforded the opportunity to participate in the formulation and periodic review of his or her individualized treatment or service plan to the extent of his or her ability to so participate.

(c) It is the policy of the state to use the least restrictive and most appropriate services available, based on the needs and the best interests of the <u>individual</u> client and consistent with optimum care of the <u>individual</u> client.

1471 (d) Each <u>individual</u> client must be afforded the opportunity 1472 to participate in activities designed to enhance self-image.

1473

(3) RIGHT TO QUALITY SERVICES.-

1474 (a) Each <u>individual</u> client must be delivered services
1475 suited to his or her needs, administered skillfully, safely,
1476 humanely, with full respect for his or her dignity and personal
1477 integrity, and in accordance with all statutory and regulatory
1478 requirements.

1479

(b) These services must include the use of methods and

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1480 techniques to control aggressive client behavior that poses an 1481 immediate threat to the individual client or to other persons. 1482 Such methods and techniques include the use of restraints, the 1483 use of seclusion, the use of time-out, and other behavior 1484 management techniques. When authorized, these methods and 1485 techniques may be applied only by persons who are employed by 1486 service providers and trained in the application and use of 1487 these methods and techniques. The department must specify by 1488 rule the methods that may be used and the techniques that may be 1489 applied by service providers to control aggressive client behavior and must specify by rule the physical facility 1490 1491 requirements for seclusion rooms, including dimensions, safety features, methods of observation, and contents. 1492 1493 (4) RIGHT TO COMMUNICATION.-1494 (a) Each individual client has the right to communicate 1495 freely and privately with other persons within the limitations

1496 imposed by service provider policy. 1497 (b) Because the delivery of services can only be effective 1498 in a substance abuse free environment, close supervision of each 1499 individual's client's communications and correspondence is 1500 necessary, particularly in the initial stages of treatment, and 1501 the service provider must therefore set reasonable rules for 1502 telephone, mail, and visitation rights, giving primary 1503 consideration to the well-being and safety of individuals 1504 clients, staff, and the community. It is the duty of the service 1505 provider to inform the individual client and his or her family 1506 if the family is involved at the time of admission about the 1507 provider's rules relating to communications and correspondence. 1508 (5) RIGHT TO CARE AND CUSTODY OF PERSONAL EFFECTS OF

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5-01165C-09 20092612_ 1509 CLIENTS.-An individual A client has the right to possess 1510 clothing and other personal effects. The service provider may 1511 take temporary custody of the <u>individual's client's</u> personal 1512 effects only when required for medical or safety reasons, with 1513 the reason for taking custody and a list of the personal effects 1514 recorded in the <u>individual's client's</u> clinical record.

1515 (6) RIGHT TO EDUCATION OF MINORS.-Each minor client in a 1516 residential service component is guaranteed education and 1517 training appropriate to his or her needs. The service provider 1518 shall coordinate with local education agencies to ensure that education and training is provided to each minor client in 1519 1520 accordance with other applicable laws and regulations and that 1521 parental responsibilities related to such education and training 1522 are established within the provisions of such applicable laws 1523 and regulations. Nothing in This chapter does not may be 1524 construed to relieve any local education authority of its 1525 obligation under law to provide a free and appropriate education 1526 to every child.

1527

(7) RIGHT TO CONFIDENTIALITY OF INDIVIDUAL CLIENT RECORDS.-

1528 (a) The records of service providers which pertain to the 1529 identity, diagnosis, and prognosis of and service provision to 1530 any individual client are confidential in accordance with this 1531 chapter and with applicable federal confidentiality regulations 1532 and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), 1533 Art. I of the State Constitution. Such records may not be 1534 disclosed without the written consent of the individual client 1535 to whom they pertain except that appropriate disclosure may be 1536 made without such consent:

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1. To medical personnel in a medical emergency.

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1538 2. To service provider personnel if such personnel need to 1539 know the information in order to carry out duties relating to the provision of services to an individual a client. 1540 1541 3. To the secretary of the department or the secretary's 1542 designee, for purposes of scientific research, in accordance 1543 with federal confidentiality regulations, but only upon 1544 agreement in writing that the individual's client's name and other identifying information will not be disclosed. 1545 4. In the course of review of service-provider records on 1546 1547 service provider premises by persons who are performing an audit or evaluation on behalf of any federal, state, or local 1548 1549 government agency, or third-party payor providing financial 1550 assistance or reimbursement to the service provider; however, 1551 reports produced as a result of such audit or evaluation may not 1552 disclose client names or other identifying information and must 1553 be in accordance accord with federal confidentiality 1554 regulations. 1555 5. Upon court order based on application showing good cause 1556 for disclosure. In determining whether there is good cause for 1557 disclosure, the court shall examine whether the public interest 1558 and the need for disclosure outweigh the potential injury to the 1559 individual client, to the service provider and the individual provider-client relationship, and to the service provider 1560

1561 itself.

(b) The restrictions on disclosure and use in this section do not apply to communications from provider personnel to law enforcement officers which:

1565 1. Are directly related to <u>an individual's</u> a client's 1566 commission of a crime on the premises of the provider or against

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      provider personnel or to a threat to commit such a crime; and
1568
            2. Are limited to the circumstances of the incident,
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      including the <del>client</del> status of the individual committing or
1570
      threatening to commit the crime, that individual's name and
1571
      address, and that individual's last known whereabouts.
1572
            (c) The restrictions on disclosure and use in this section
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      do not apply to the reporting of incidents of suspected child
1574
      abuse and neglect to the appropriate state or local authorities
1575
      as required by law. However, such restrictions continue to apply
1576
      to the original substance abuse <del>client</del> records maintained by the
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      provider, including their disclosure and use for civil or
1578
      criminal proceedings which may arise out of the report of
1579
      suspected child abuse and neglect.
1580
            (d) Any answer to a request for a disclosure of individual
1581
      client records which is not permissible under this section or
1582
      under the appropriate federal regulations must be made in a way
1583
      that will not affirmatively reveal that an identified individual
1584
      has been, or is being diagnosed or treated for substance abuse.
1585
      The regulations do not restrict a disclosure that an identified
1586
      individual is not and has never received services has been a
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(e)1. Since a minor acting alone has the legal capacity to voluntarily apply for and obtain substance abuse treatment, any written consent for disclosure may be given only by the minor client. This restriction includes, but is not limited to, any disclosure of client identifying information to the parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a minor client for the purpose of obtaining financial reimbursement.

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client.

2. When the consent of a parent, legal guardian, or

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1596 custodian is required under this chapter in order for a minor to 1597 obtain substance abuse treatment, any written consent for 1598 disclosure must be given by both the minor and the parent, legal 1599 quardian, or custodian. 1600 (f) An order of a court of competent jurisdiction 1601 authorizing disclosure and use of confidential information is a 1602 unique kind of court order. Its only purpose is to authorize a 1603 disclosure or use of client identifying information which would 1604 otherwise be prohibited by this section. Such an order does not 1605 compel disclosure. A subpoena or a similar legal mandate must be 1606 issued in order to compel disclosure. This mandate may be 1607 entered at the same time as, and accompany, an authorizing court 1608 order entered under this section. 1609 (g) An order authorizing the disclosure of an individual's 1610 client records may be applied for by any person having a legally 1611 recognized interest in the disclosure which is sought. The 1612 application may be filed separately or as part of a pending 1613 civil action in which it appears that the individual's client 1614 records are needed to provide evidence. An application must use 1615 a fictitious name, such as John Doe or Jane Doe, to refer to any 1616 individual client and may not contain or otherwise disclose any 1617 client identifying information unless the individual client is 1618 the applicant or has given a written consent to disclosure or 1619 the court has ordered the record of the proceeding sealed from 1620 public scrutiny.

(h) The <u>individual</u> client and the person holding the records from whom disclosure is sought must be given adequate notice in a manner which will not disclose client identifying information to other persons, and an opportunity to file a

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1625 written response to the application, or to appear in person, for 1626 the limited purpose of providing evidence on the statutory and 1627 regulatory criteria for the issuance of the court order. 1628 (i) Any oral argument, review of evidence, or hearing on 1629 the application must be held in the judge's chambers or in some 1630 manner which ensures that client identifying information is not 1631 disclosed to anyone other than a party to the proceeding, the 1632 individual client, or the person holding the record, unless the 1633 individual client requests an open hearing. The proceeding may 1634 include an examination by the judge of the client records referred to in the application. 1635 1636

(j) A court may authorize the disclosure and use of client records for the purpose of conducting a criminal investigation or prosecution of <u>an individual</u> a client only if the court finds that all of the following criteria are met:

1640 1. The crime involved is extremely serious, such as one 1641 which causes or directly threatens loss of life or serious 1642 bodily injury, including but not limited to homicide, sexual 1643 assault, sexual battery, kidnapping, armed robbery, assault with 1644 a deadly weapon, and child abuse and neglect.

1645 2. There is reasonable likelihood that the records will 1646 disclose information of substantial value in the investigation 1647 or prosecution.

1648 3. Other ways of obtaining the information are not1649 available or would not be effective.

1650 4. The potential injury to the <u>individual</u> client, to the 1651 <u>physician-individual</u> physician-client relationship and to the 1652 ability of the program to provide services to other <u>individuals</u> 1653 clients is outweighed by the public interest and the need for

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1654 the disclosure.

(8) RIGHT TO COUNSEL.—Each <u>individual</u> client must be informed that he or she has the right to be represented by counsel in any involuntary proceeding for assessment, stabilization, or treatment and that he or she, or if the <u>individual</u> client is a minor his or her parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian, may apply immediately to the court to have an attorney appointed if he or she cannot afford one.

(9) RIGHT TO HABEAS CORPUS.—At any time, and without notice, <u>an individual</u> a client involuntarily retained by a provider, or the <u>individual's</u> client's parent, guardian, custodian, or attorney on behalf of the <u>individual</u> client, may petition for a writ of habeas corpus to question the cause and legality of such retention and request that the court issue a writ for the <u>individual's</u> client's release.

1669

1682

(10) LIABILITY AND IMMUNITY.-

1670 (a) Service provider personnel who violate or abuse any
1671 right or privilege of <u>an individual</u> a client under this chapter
1672 are liable for damages as determined by law.

(b) All persons acting in good faith, reasonably, and without negligence in connection with the preparation or execution of petitions, applications, certificates, or other documents or the apprehension, detention, discharge, examination, transportation, or treatment of a person under the provisions of this chapter shall be free from all liability, civil or criminal, by reason of such acts.

1680 Section 25. Section 397.581, Florida Statutes, is amended 1681 to read:

397.581 Unlawful activities relating to client assessment

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1683 and treatment; penalties.-
1684 (1) Knowingly furnishing false in
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(1) Knowingly furnishing false information for the purpose
of obtaining emergency or other involuntary admission for any
person is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

(2) Causing or otherwise securing, or conspiring with or assisting another to cause or secure, without reason for believing a person to be impaired, any emergency or other involuntary procedure for the person is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

(3) Causing, or conspiring with or assisting another to
cause, the denial to any person of any right accorded pursuant
to this chapter is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable
as provided in s. 775.082 and by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

1698 Section 26. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 1699 397.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1700

397.601 Voluntary admissions.-

(4) (a) The disability of minority for persons under 18 years of age is removed solely for the purpose of obtaining voluntary substance abuse impairment services from a licensed service provider, and consent to such services by a minor has the same force and effect as if executed by <u>an individual</u> a client who has reached the age of majority. Such consent is not subject to later disaffirmance based on minority.

1708 Section 27. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.6751, 1709 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1710 397.6751 Service provider responsibilities regarding 1711 involuntary admissions.-

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1712(1) It is the responsibility of the service provider to: 1713 (a) Ensure that a person who is admitted to a licensed 1714 service component meets the admission criteria specified in s. 1715 397.675; 1716 (b) Ascertain whether the medical and behavioral conditions 1717 of the person, as presented, are beyond the safe management 1718 capabilities of the service provider; 1719 (c) Provide for the admission of the person to the service 1720 component that represents the least restrictive available 1721 setting that is responsive to the person's treatment needs; 1722 (d) Verify that the admission of the person to the service 1723 component does not result in a census in excess of its licensed 1724 service capacity; 1725 (e) Determine whether the cost of services is within the 1726 financial means of the person or those who are financially 1727 responsible for the person's care; and 1728 (f) Take all necessary measures to ensure that each 1729 individual client in treatment is provided with a safe 1730 environment, and to ensure that each individual client whose 1731 medical condition or behavioral problem becomes such that he or 1732 she cannot be safely managed by the service component is 1733 discharged and referred to a more appropriate setting for care. 1734 (3) When, in the judgment of the service provider, the 1735 medical conditions or behavioral problems of an involuntary 1736 individual client become such that they cannot be safely managed 1737 by the service component, the service provider must discharge 1738 the individual client and attempt to assist him or her in 1739 securing more appropriate services in a setting more responsive 1740 to his or her needs. Upon completing these efforts, the service

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1741 provider must, within 72 hours, report in writing to the 1742 referral source, in compliance with federal confidentiality 1743 regulations: 1744 (a) The basis for the individual's client's discharge; τ and 1745 (b) Documentation of the service provider's efforts to 1746 assist the person in gaining access to appropriate services. 1747 Section 28. Section 397.6752, Florida Statutes, is amended 1748 to read: 397.6752 Referral of involuntarily admitted individual 1749 1750 client for voluntary treatment.-Upon giving his or her written 1751 informed consent, an involuntarily admitted individual client 1752 may be referred to a service provider for voluntary admission 1753 when the service provider determines that the individual client 1754 no longer meets involuntary criteria. 1755 Section 29. Section 397.6758, Florida Statutes, is amended 1756 to read: 1757 397.6758 Release of individual client from protective 1758 custody, emergency admission, involuntary assessment, 1759 involuntary treatment, and alternative involuntary assessment of 1760 a minor.-An individual A client involuntarily admitted to a 1761 licensed service provider may be released without further order 1762 of the court only by a qualified professional in a hospital, a detoxification facility, an addictions receiving facility, or 1763 1764 any less restrictive treatment component. Notice of the release 1765 must be provided to the applicant in the case of an emergency 1766 admission or an alternative involuntary assessment for a minor, 1767 or to the petitioner and the court if the involuntary assessment 1768 or treatment was court ordered. In the case of a minor client, 1769 the release must be:

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1770	(1) To the <u>individual's</u> client's parent, legal guardian, or
1771	legal custodian or the authorized designee thereof;
1772	(2) To the Department of Children and Family Services
1773	pursuant to s. 39.401; or
1774	(3) To the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to s.
1775	984.13.
1776	Section 30. Section 397.6773, Florida Statutes, is amended
1777	to read:
1778	397.6773 Dispositional alternatives after protective
1779	custody
1780	(1) <u>An individual</u> A client who is in protective custody
1781	must be released by a qualified professional when:
1782	(a) The <u>individual</u> client no longer meets the involuntary
1783	admission criteria in s. 397.675(1);
1784	(b) The 72-hour period has elapsed; or
1785	(c) The <u>individual</u> client has consented to remain
1786	voluntarily at the licensed service provider.
1787	(2) <u>An individual</u> A client may only be retained in
1788	protective custody beyond the 72-hour period when a petition for
1789	involuntary assessment or treatment has been initiated. The
1790	timely filing of the petition authorizes the service provider to
1791	retain physical custody of the <u>individual</u> client pending further
1792	order of the court.
1793	Section 31. Section 397.6797, Florida Statutes, is amended
1794	to read:
1795	397.6797 Dispositional alternatives after emergency
1796	admission.—Within 72 hours after an emergency admission to a
1797	hospital or a licensed detoxification or addictions receiving
1798	facility, the <u>individual</u> client must be assessed by the

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1799	attending physician to determine the need for further services.
1800	Within 5 days after an emergency admission to a nonresidential
1801	component of a licensed service provider, the <u>individual</u> client
1802	must be assessed by a qualified professional to determine the
1803	need for further services. Based upon that assessment, a
1804	qualified professional of the hospital, detoxification facility,
1805	or addictions receiving facility, or a qualified professional if
1806	a less restrictive component was used, must either:
1807	(1) Release the <u>individual</u> client and, where appropriate,
1808	refer the <u>individual</u> client to other needed services; or
1809	(2) Retain the individual client when:
1810	(a) The <u>individual</u> client has consented to remain
1811	voluntarily at the licensed provider; or
1812	(b) A petition for involuntary assessment or treatment has
1813	been initiated, the timely filing of which authorizes the
1814	service provider to retain physical custody of the <u>individual</u>
1815	client pending further order of the court.
1816	Section 32. Section 397.6799, Florida Statutes, is amended
1817	to read:
1818	397.6799 Disposition of minor client upon completion of
1819	alternative involuntary assessment.—A minor who has been
1820	assessed pursuant to s. 397.6798 must, within the time
1821	specified, be released or referred for further voluntary or
1822	involuntary treatment, whichever is most appropriate to the
1823	needs of the minor.
1824	Section 33. Section 397.6819, Florida Statutes, is amended
1825	to read:
1826	397.6819 Involuntary assessment and stabilization;
1827	responsibility of licensed service provider.—A licensed service

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1828	provider may admit <u>an individual</u> a client for involuntary
1829	assessment and stabilization for a period not to exceed 5 days.
1830	The <u>individual</u> client must be assessed without unnecessary delay
1831	by a qualified professional. If an assessment is performed by a
1832	qualified professional who is not a physician, the assessment
1833	must be reviewed by a physician <u>before</u> prior to the end of the
1834	assessment period.
1835	Section 34. Section 397.6821, Florida Statutes, is amended
1836	to read:
1837	397.6821 Extension of time for completion of involuntary
1838	assessment and stabilizationIf a licensed service provider is
1839	unable to complete the involuntary assessment and, if necessary,
1840	stabilization of <u>an individual</u> a client within 5 days after the
1841	court's order, it may, within the original time period, file a
1842	written request for an extension of time to complete its
1843	assessment, and shall, in accordance with confidentiality
1844	requirements, furnish a copy to all parties. With or without a
1845	hearing, the court may grant additional time, not to exceed 7
1846	days after the date of the renewal order, for the completion of
1847	the involuntary assessment and stabilization of the <u>individual</u>
1848	client . The original court order authorizing the involuntary
1849	assessment and stabilization, or a request for an extension of
1850	time to complete the assessment and stabilization that is timely
1851	filed pursuant to this section, constitutes legal authority to
1852	involuntarily hold the <u>individual</u> client for a period not to
1853	exceed 10 days in the absence of a court order to the contrary.
1854	Section 35. Section 397.6822, Florida Statutes, is amended
1855	to read:
1856	397.6822 Disposition of <u>individual</u> client after involuntary

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1857	assessment.—Based upon the involuntary assessment, a qualified
1858	professional of the hospital, detoxification facility, or
1859	addictions receiving facility, or a qualified professional when
1860	a less restrictive component has been used, must:
1861	(1) Release the <u>individual</u> client and, where appropriate,
1862	refer the <u>individual</u> client to another treatment facility or
1863	service provider, or to community services;
1864	(2) Allow the <u>individual</u> client , <u>with consent</u> if the client
1865	has consented, to remain voluntarily at the licensed provider;
1866	or
1867	(3) Retain the <u>individual</u> client when a petition for
1868	involuntary treatment has been initiated, the timely filing of
1869	which authorizes the service provider to retain physical custody
1870	of the <u>individual</u> client pending further order of the court.
1871	
1872	Adhering to federal confidentiality regulations, notice of
1873	disposition must be provided to the petitioner and to the court.
1874	Section 36. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.697,
1875	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1876	397.697 Court determination; effect of court order for
1877	involuntary substance abuse treatment
1878	(1) When the court finds that the conditions for
1879	involuntary substance abuse treatment have been proved by clear
1880	and convincing evidence, it may order the respondent to undergo
1881	involuntary treatment by a licensed service provider for a
1882	period not to exceed 60 days. If the court finds it necessary,
1883	it may direct the sheriff to take the respondent into custody
1884	and deliver him or her to the licensed service provider
1885	specified in the court order, or to the nearest appropriate

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1886	licensed service provider, for involuntary treatment. When the					
1887	conditions justifying involuntary treatment no longer exist, the					
1888	individual client must be released as provided in s. 397.6971.					
1889	When the conditions justifying involuntary treatment are					
1890	expected to exist after 60 days of treatment, a renewal of the					
1891	involuntary treatment order may be requested pursuant to s.					
1892	397.6975 prior to the end of the 60-day period.					
1893	(3) An involuntary treatment order authorizes the licensed					
1894	service provider to require the <u>individual</u> client to undergo					
1895	such treatment as will benefit him or her, including treatment					
1896	at any licensable service component of a licensed service					
1897	provider.					
1898	Section 37. Section 397.6971, Florida Statutes, is amended					
1899	to read:					
1900	397.6971 Early release from involuntary substance abuse					
1901	treatment					
1902	(1) At any time prior to the end of the 60-day involuntary					
1903	treatment period, or prior to the end of any extension granted					
1904	pursuant to s. 397.6975, <u>an individual</u> a client admitted for					
1905	involuntary treatment may be determined eligible for discharge					
1906	to the most appropriate referral or disposition for the					
1907	<u>individual</u> client when:					
1908	(a) The <u>individual</u> client no longer meets the criteria for					
1909	involuntary admission and has given his or her informed consent					
1910	to be transferred to voluntary treatment status;					
1911	(b) If the <u>individual</u> client was admitted on the grounds of					
1912	likelihood of infliction of physical harm upon himself or					
1913	herself or others, such likelihood no longer exists; or					
1914	(c) If the <u>individual</u> client was admitted on the grounds of					

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1915	need for assessment and stabilization or treatment, accompanied						
1916	by inability to make a determination respecting such need,						
1917	either:						
1918	1. Such inability no longer exists; or						
1919	2. It is evident that further treatment will not bring						
1920	about further significant improvements in the <u>individual's</u>						
1921	client's condition;						
1922	(d) The <u>individual</u> client is no longer in need of services;						
1923	or						
1924	(e) The director of the service provider determines that						
1925	the <u>individual</u> client is beyond the safe management capabilities						
1926	of the provider.						
1927	(2) Whenever a qualified professional determines that <u>an</u>						
1928	<u>individual</u> a client admitted for involuntary treatment is ready						
1929	for early release for any of the reasons listed in subsection						
1930	(1), the service provider shall immediately discharge the						
1931	individual client , and must notify all persons specified by the						
1932	court in the original treatment order.						
1933	Section 38. Section 397.6975, Florida Statutes, is amended						
1934	to read:						
1935	397.6975 Extension of involuntary substance abuse treatment						
1936	period						
1937	(1) Whenever a service provider believes that <u>an individual</u>						
1938	a client who is nearing the scheduled date of release from						
1939	involuntary treatment continues to meet the criteria for						
1940	involuntary treatment in s. 397.693, a petition for renewal of						
1941	the involuntary treatment order may be filed with the court at						
1942	least 10 days <u>before</u> prior to the expiration of the court-						
1943	ordered treatment period. The court shall immediately schedule a						

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1944 hearing to be held not more than 15 days after filing of the 1945 petition. The court shall provide the copy of the petition for 1946 renewal and the notice of the hearing to all parties to the 1947 proceeding. The hearing is conducted pursuant to s. 397.6957. 1948 (2) If the court finds that the petition for renewal of the 1949 involuntary treatment order should be granted, it may order the 1950 respondent to undergo involuntary treatment for a period not to 1951 exceed an additional 90 days. When the conditions justifying 1952 involuntary treatment no longer exist, the individual client 1953 must be released as provided in s. 397.6971. When the conditions 1954 justifying involuntary treatment continue to exist after 90 days 1955 of additional treatment, a new petition requesting renewal of 1956 the involuntary treatment order may be filed pursuant to this 1957 section. 1958 Section 39. Section 397.6977, Florida Statutes, is amended 1959 to read: 1960 397.6977 Disposition of individual client upon completion 1961 of involuntary substance abuse treatment.-At the conclusion of 1962 the 60-day period of court-ordered involuntary treatment, the 1963 individual client is automatically discharged unless a motion 1964 for renewal of the involuntary treatment order has been filed 1965 with the court pursuant to s. 397.6975. 1966 Section 40. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 1967 397.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 397.702 Authorization of local ordinances for treatment of 1968 1969 habitual abusers in licensed secure facilities.-1970 (2) Ordinances for the treatment of habitual abusers must

provide:

1972

(e) That, if the <u>individual</u> client still meets the criteria

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5-01165C-09 20092612 1973 for involuntary admission in s. 397.675 at or near the 1974 expiration of the treatment period ordered by the court pursuant 1975 to paragraph (d), the agent of the county or municipality may 1976 file another habitual abuser petition pursuant to paragraph (b) 1977 for a period not exceeding 180 days for each such petition. 1978 Section 41. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 397.706, 1979 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1980 397.706 Screening, assessment, and disposition of juvenile 1981 offenders.-(2) The juvenile and circuit courts, in conjunction with 1982 1983 department substate entity district administration, shall 1984 establish policies and procedures to ensure that juvenile 1985 offenders are appropriately screened for substance abuse 1986 problems and that diversionary and adjudicatory proceedings 1987 include appropriate conditions and sanctions to address 1988 substance abuse problems. Policies and procedures must address: 1989 (a) The designation of local service providers responsible 1990 for screening and assessment services and dispositional 1991 recommendations to the department and the court. 1992 (b) The means by which juvenile offenders are processed to 1993 ensure participation in screening and assessment services. 1994 (c) The role of the court in securing assessments when 1995 juvenile offenders or their families are noncompliant. 1996 (d) Safeguards to ensure that information derived through 1997 screening and assessment is used solely to assist in 1998 dispositional decisions and not for purposes of determining 1999 innocence or guilt. 2000 (3) Because resources available to support screening and 2001 assessment services are limited, the judicial circuits and

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2002						
2003	those capabilities to the extent possible within available					
2004	resources according to the following priorities:					
2005	(a) Juvenile substance abuse offenders.					
2006	(b) Juvenile offenders who are substance abuse impaired at					
2007	the time of the offense.					
2008	(c) Second or subsequent juvenile offenders.					
2009	(d) Minors taken into custody.					
2010	Section 42. Subsection (2) of section 397.801, Florida					
2011	Statutes, is amended to read:					
2012	397.801 Substance abuse impairment coordination					
2013	(2) The department shall establish, within each of its					
2014	substate entities service districts, the full-time position of					
2015	substance abuse impairment prevention coordinator, to be filled					
2016	by a person with expertise in the area of substance abuse					
2017	impairment. The primary responsibility of this person is to					
2018	develop and implement activities which foster the prevention of					
2019	substance abuse impairment.					
2020	Section 43. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 397.821,					
2021	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:					
2022	397.821 Juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and					
2023	early intervention councils					
2024	(1) Each judicial circuit as set forth in s. 26.021 may					
2025	establish a juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and					
2026	early intervention council composed of at least 12 members,					
2027	including representatives from law enforcement, the department,					
2028	school districts, state attorney and public defender offices,					
2029	the circuit court, the religious community, substance abuse					
2030	impairment professionals, child advocates from the community,					

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5-01165C-09 20092612 2031 business leaders, parents, and high school students. However, 2032 those circuits which already have in operation a council of 2033 similar composition may designate the existing body as the 2034 juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and early 2035 intervention council for the purposes of this section. Each 2036 council shall establish bylaws providing for the length of term 2037 of its members, but the term may not exceed 4 years. The 2038 substate entity district administrator, as defined in s. 20.19, 2039 and the chief judge of the circuit court shall each appoint six 2040 members of the council. The substate entity district 2041 administrator shall appoint a representative from the 2042 department, a school district representative, a substance abuse 2043 impairment treatment professional, a child advocate, a parent, 2044 and a high school student. The chief judge of the circuit court 2045 shall appoint a business leader and representatives from the 2046 state attorney's office, the public defender's office, the 2047 religious community, the circuit court, and law enforcement 2048 agencies. 2049 (3) The council shall provide recommendations to the 2050 Program Director for Substance Abuse annually for consideration

2051 for inclusion in the substance abuse district alcohol, drug
2052 abuse, and mental health substate-entity plans.
2053 Section 44. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection

2053 Section 44. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection 2054 (2), and subsection (3) of section 397.94, Florida Statutes, are 2055 amended to read:

2056 397.94 Children's substance abuse services; information and 2057 referral network.-

2058 (1) Each <u>substate entity</u> service district of the department 2059 shall develop a plan for and implement a districtwide

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2060	comprehensive children's substance abuse information and						
2061	referral network to be operational by July 1, 2000.						
2062	(2) The substate entity district shall determine the most						
2063	cost-effective method for delivering this service and may select						
2064	a new provider or utilize an existing provider or providers with						
2065	a record of success in providing information and referral						
2066	services.						
2067	(c) Develop and implement procedures for documenting						
2068	requests for services, including, but not limited to:						
2069	1. Number of calls by type of service requested, if any;						
2070	2. Ages of children for whom services are requested; and						
2071	3. Disposition on all referrals, including location of						
2072	resource if referred for face-to-face screening.						
2073	(3) In planning the information and referral network, the						
2074	substate entity district shall consider the establishment of a						
2075	24-hour toll-free telephone number to call for information and a						
2076	public service campaign to inform the public about the						
2077	information and referral service.						
2078	Section 45. Section 397.95, Florida Statutes, is amended to						
2079	read:						
2080	397.95 Children's substance abuse services; services						
2081	provided by licensed providers.—Each <u>substate entity</u> service						
2082	district of the department shall ensure that all screening,						
2083	intake, assessment, enrollment, service planning, and case						
2084	management services provided under this part are provided by						
2085	children's substance abuse services providers licensed under						
2086	part II of this chapter and in accordance with standards set						
2087	forth in department rules.						
2088	Section 46. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section						

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2089							
2090	397.97 Children's substance abuse services; demonstration						
2091	models						
2092	(3) PURCHASE OF SERVICES; OPERATION CRITERIA						
2093	(a) Each demonstration model shall be governed by a						
2094	multiagency consortium of state and county agencies or other						
2095	public agencies, or a community-based, not-for-profit substance						
2096	abuse or behavioral health network designated by the department,						
2097	hereafter referred to as the purchasing agent, which shall						
2098	purchase individualized services for children who are at risk of						
2099	substance abuse or have a substance abuse problem. Services						
2100	shall be based on client need rather than on traditional						
2101	services limited to narrowly defined cost centers or						
2102	appropriations categories. Approval to operate as a Children's						
2103	Network of Care Demonstration Model shall be given by the						
2104	secretary of the department and shall be based on criteria						
2105	developed by the department.						
2106	Section 47. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section						
2107	397.99, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:						
2108	397.99 School substance abuse prevention partnership						
2109	grants						
2110	(2) APPLICATION PROCEDURES; FUNDING REQUIREMENTS						
2111	(g) The department shall consider the following in awarding						
2112	such grants:						
2113	1. The number of youths that will be targeted.						
2114	2. The validity of the program design to achieve project						
2115	goals and objectives that are clearly related to performance-						
2116	based program budgeting effectiveness measures.						
2117	3. The desirability of funding at least one approved						

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5-01165C-09 20092612 2118 project in each of the department's substate entities service 2119 districts. 2120 Section 48. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (1) of 2121 section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2122 440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.-The 2123 following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program 2124 implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency 2125 for Health Care Administration: 2126 (1) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwise 2127 requires, as used in this act: (d) "Drug rehabilitation program" means a service provider, 2128 established pursuant to s. 397.311(29) s. 397.311(28), that 2129 2130 provides confidential, timely, and expert identification, 2131 assessment, and resolution of employee drug abuse. 2132 (g) "Employee assistance program" means an established 2133 program capable of providing expert assessment of employee 2134 personal concerns; confidential and timely identification 2135 services with regard to employee drug abuse; referrals of 2136 employees for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and assistance; 2137 and followup services for employees who participate in the 2138 program or require monitoring after returning to work. If, in 2139 addition to the above activities, an employee assistance program 2140 provides diagnostic and treatment services, these services shall 2141 in all cases be provided by service providers pursuant to s. 2142 397.311(29) s. 397.311(28). 2143 Section 49. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 2144 766.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2145 766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from liability.-2146 (1) As used in this section:

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2147	- (a) The term "medical review committee" or "committee"					
2148	means:					
2149	1.a. A committee of a hospital or ambulatory surgical					
2150	center licensed under chapter 395 or a health maintenance					
2151	organization certificated under part I of chapter 641,					
2152	b. A committee of a physician-hospital organization, a					
2153	provider-sponsored organization, or an integrated delivery					
2154	system,					
2155	c. A committee of a state or local professional society of					
2156	health care providers,					
2157	d. A committee of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or					
2158	nursing home, provided the medical staff operates pursuant to					
2159	written bylaws that have been approved by the governing board of					
2160	the hospital or nursing home,					
2161	e. A committee of the Department of Corrections or the					
2162	Correctional Medical Authority as created under s. 945.602, or					
2163	employees, agents, or consultants of either the department or					
2164	the authority or both,					
2165	f. A committee of a professional service corporation formed					
2166	under chapter 621 or a corporation organized under chapter 607					
2167	or chapter 617, which is formed and operated for the practice of					
2168	medicine as defined in s. $458.305(3)$, and which has at least 25					
2169	health care providers who routinely provide health care services					
2170	directly to patients,					
2171	g. A committee of the Department of Children and Family					
2172	Services which includes employees, agents, or consultants to the					
2173	department as deemed necessary to provide peer review,					
2174	utilization review, and mortality review of treatment services					
2175	provided pursuant to chapters 394, 397, and 916,					

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5-01165C-09 20092612 2176 h.g. A committee of a mental health treatment facility 2177 licensed under chapter 394 or a community mental health center as defined in s. 394.907, provided the quality assurance program 2178 2179 operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by 2180 the governing board of the agency, 2181 i.h. A committee of a substance abuse treatment and 2182 education prevention program licensed under chapter 397 provided 2183 the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the 2184 guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of 2185 the agency, j.i. A peer review or utilization review committee 2186 2187 organized under chapter 440, 2188 k.j. A committee of the Department of Health, a county 2189 health department, healthy start coalition, or certified rural 2190 health network, when reviewing quality of care, or employees of 2191 these entities when reviewing mortality records, or 2192 1.k. A continuous quality improvement committee of a 2193 pharmacy licensed pursuant to chapter 465, 2194 2195 which committee is formed to evaluate and improve the quality of 2196 health care rendered by providers of health service, or to 2197 determine that health services rendered were professionally 2198 indicated or were performed in compliance with the applicable 2199 standard of care, or that the cost of health care rendered was 2200 considered reasonable by the providers of professional health 2201 services in the area; or 2202 2. A committee of an insurer, self-insurer, or joint 2203 underwriting association of medical malpractice insurance, or 2204 other persons conducting review under s. 766.106.

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2205	Section	50. <u>Sect</u>	ion 394.90	81, Florida S	Statutes, i	<u>s</u>
2206	repealed.					
2207	Section	51. This	act shall	take effect	July 1, 20	09.
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