By Senator Smith

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to unfair and deceptive insurance trade practices by public adjusters; amending s. 626.854, F.S.; specifying prohibitions for public adjusters relating to soliciting professional employment; prohibiting public adjusters and persons associated with public adjusters from sending unsolicited written communications under certain circumstances; specifying criteria for such communications; specifying requirements for and prohibitions relating to certain written or electronic communications from public adjusters to prospective clients; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Subsection (8) and paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 626.854, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 626.854 "Public adjuster" defined; prohibitions.-The Legislature finds that it is necessary for the protection of the public to regulate public insurance adjusters and to prevent the unauthorized practice of law.
- (8) (a) It is an unfair and deceptive insurance trade practice pursuant to s. 626.9541 for a public adjuster or any other person to circulate or disseminate any advertisement, announcement, or statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement with respect to the business of insurance which is untrue, deceptive, or misleading.
 - (b) Except as provided in this subsection, a public

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adjuster may not solicit professional employment from a prospective client with whom the public adjuster has any family or prior professional relationship, in person or otherwise, when a significant motive for the public adjuster's doing so is the public adjuster's pecuniary gain. A public adjuster may not permit employees or agents of the public adjuster to solicit on the public adjuster's behalf. A public adjuster may not enter into an agreement for, charge, or collect a fee for professional employment obtained in violation of this paragraph. The term "solicit" includes contact in person, by telephone, telegraph, or facsimile, or by any other communication directed to a specific recipient and includes any written form of communication directed to a specific recipient and not meeting the requirements of this paragraph, and electronic mail communications. A public adjuster may not send, or knowingly permit to be sent, on the public adjuster's behalf or on behalf of the public adjuster's firm or partner, an associate of the public adjuster, or any other public adjuster affiliated with the public adjuster or the public adjuster's firm an unsolicited electronic mail communication directly or indirectly to a prospective client for the purpose of obtaining professional claims employment.

(c) 1. A public adjuster may not send, or knowingly permit to be sent, on the public adjuster's behalf or on behalf of the public adjuster's firm or partner, an associate of the public adjuster, or any other public adjuster affiliated with the public adjuster or the public adjuster's firm an unsolicited written communication directly or indirectly to a prospective client for the purpose of obtaining professional employment if:

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a. The written communication concerns a claim or otherwise relates to an accident or disaster involving the person to whom the communication is addressed or a relative of that person, unless the accident or disaster occurred more than 30 days prior to the mailing of the communication;

- b. It has been made known to the public adjuster that the person does not want to receive such communications from the public adjuster;
- c. The communication involves coercion, duress, fraud, overreaching, harassment, intimidation, or undue influence;
- d. The communication contains a false, fraudulent, misleading, or deceptive statement or claim; or
- e. The public adjuster knows or reasonably should know that the physical, emotional, or mental state of the person makes it unlikely that the person would exercise reasonable judgment in employing a public adjuster.
- 2. Written or electronic communications from a public adjuster, a public adjuster's firm or partner, an associate of the public adjuster, or any other public adjuster affiliated with the public adjuster or the public adjuster's firm to prospective clients for the purpose of obtaining professional employment shall not contain a false, misleading, or deceptive communication about the public adjuster. A communication violates this prohibition if the communication:
 - a. Contains a material misrepresentation of fact or law;
 - b. Is false or misleading;
- c. Fails to disclose material information necessary to prevent the information supplied from being false or misleading;
 - d. Is unsubstantiated in fact;

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e. Is deceptive;

- f. Contains any reference to past successes or results
 obtained;
 - g. Promises results;
- h. States or implies that the public adjuster can achieve results by means that violate the law;
- <u>i. Compares the public adjuster's services with other</u> adjusters' services, unless the comparison can be factually substantiated; or
 - j. Contains a testimonial.
- 3. The first page of such written communication and the lower left corner of the envelope containing the written communication shall be plainly marked "ADVERTISEMENT" in red ink. If the written communication is in the form of a self-mailing brochure or pamphlet, the address panel of the brochure or pamphlet and the inside of the brochure or pamphlet shall be plainly marked "ADVERTISEMENT" in red ink. Brochures solicited by clients or prospective clients need not be marked "ADVERTISEMENT."
- 4. Written communications mailed to prospective clients shall be sent only by regular United States mail and not by registered mail or other forms of restricted delivery.
- 5. Every written communication must be accompanied by a written statement detailing the background, training, and experience of the public adjuster or public adjuster firm. The statement must include information about the specific experience of the advertising public adjuster or public adjuster firm in the area or areas for which professional employment is sought.

 Each written communication disseminated by a public adjuster

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referral service shall be accompanied by a written statement describing the background, training, and experience of each public adjuster to whom the recipient may be referred.

- 6. If a contract for representation is mailed with the written communication, the top of each page of the contract shall be marked "SAMPLE" in red ink in a type size one size larger than the largest type used in the contract and the words "DO NOT SIGN" shall appear on the client signature line.
- 7. The first sentence of any written communication prompted by a specific occurrence involving or affecting the intended recipient of the communication or a family member shall be: "IF YOU HAVE ALREADY RETAINED A PUBLIC ADJUSTER FOR THIS MATTER,"
 PLEASE DISREGARD THIS LETTER."
- 8. Written communications may not be made to resemble legal pleadings or other legal documents. This prohibition does not preclude the mailing of brochures and pamphlets.
- 9. If a public adjuster other than the public adjuster whose name or signature appears on the communication will actually handle the case or matter, any written communication concerning a specific matter shall include a statement advising the client of that fact.
- 10. Any written communication prompted by a specific occurrence involving or affecting the intended recipient of the communication or a family member shall disclose how the public adjuster obtained the information prompting the communication.

 The disclosure required by this subparagraph shall be specific enough to help the recipient understand the extent of the public adjuster's knowledge regarding the recipient's particular situation.

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11. A written communication seeking employment by a specific prospective client in a specific matter may not reveal on the envelope, or on the outside of a self-mailing brochure or pamphlet, the nature of the subject of the client's claim.

(11) (a) If a public adjuster enters into a contract with an insured or claimant to reopen a claim or to file a supplemental claim that seeks additional payments for a claim that has been previously paid in part or in full or settled by the insurer, the public adjuster may not charge, agree to, or accept any compensation, payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value based on a written offer, previous settlement, or previous claim payments by the insurer for the same cause of loss. The charge, compensation, payment, commission, fee, or other thing of value may be based only on the claim payments or settlement obtained through the work of the public adjuster after entering into the contract with the insured or claimant. The contracts described in this paragraph are not subject to the limitations in paragraph (b).

The provisions of subsections (5)-(12) apply only to residential property insurance policies and condominium association policies as defined in s. 718.111(11).

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.