A bill to be entitled

An act relating to senior judges; amending s. 25.073, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by this act; providing for the chief judge of a judicial circuit, subject to approval by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, to establish a program for retired justices or judges to preside over civil cases and trials upon written request of one or more parties; providing for compensation of such justices or judges; providing for an additional court cost and for deposit thereof; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 25.073, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

25.073 Retired justices or judges assigned to temporary duty; additional compensation; appropriation.--

(3) Payments required under <u>subsection</u> (2) this section shall be made from moneys to be appropriated for this purpose.

(4) In addition to subsections (1)-(3), the chief judge of a judicial circuit may, subject to approval by the Chief

Justice, establish a program for the optional use of retired

justices or judges to preside over civil cases and trials

pursuant to this subsection. The program shall be developed and operated so as to ensure that one or more parties to the lawsuit shall pay the cost of the retired justice or judge. The use of

Page 1 of 5

this program shall in no way diminish or otherwise affect the power and authority of the Chief Justice to assign justices or judges, including consenting retired justices or judges, to temporary duty in any court for which the justice or judge is qualified or to delegate to a chief judge of a judicial circuit the power to assign justices or judges for duty in that circuit. At a minimum, the program developed under this subsection shall be operated as follows:

- (a) 1. Any party to the action may request a retired justice or judge to hear one or more motions. The request must be in writing and addressed to the chief judge of the circuit. The party may seek appointment of a retired justice or judge to hear more than one motion in that case or motions in multiple cases, or a lawyer or law firm may seek appointment of a retired justice or judge to hear motions in multiple cases. The chief judge of the circuit shall not appoint a retired justice or judge if the trial judge assigned to the case can accommodate the hearing or hearings within the following 2 weeks.
- 2. All parties to an action may jointly request a retired justice or judge to conduct the trial of the action, including a trial by special setting. The chief judge of the circuit shall not appoint a retired justice or judge unless all parties agree to the request and sufficient court resources are available to accommodate the request.
- (b)1. A party or parties seeking to use a retired justice or judge shall submit a written request to the chief judge, stating the reasons for the request.
 - 2. Allowable grounds for use of a retired justice or judge

include the unavailability of hearing time, scheduling difficulties, difficulties with the availability of witnesses, or the need to expedite the case. A request shall not be granted if it is apparent that a party is only seeking an appointment in order to avoid the assigned trial judge.

- 3. The chief judge shall consider the reasons for the request and shall grant or deny the request in writing within 5 days.
- 4. Only retired justices or judges who are on the list that is approved by the Chief Justice are eligible for appointment in this program. Assignment of such retired justices or judges shall be made in accordance with current judge assignment procedures in each judicial circuit. No party may seek or request that a particular retired justice or judge be appointed.
- 5. An appointment shall be for the hearing time requested.

 However, the chief judge may appoint a retired justice or judge
 to hear multiple hearings in 1 day involving related or
 unrelated cases.
- (c)1. Upon granting a request, the chief judge of the applicable judicial circuit shall estimate the number of days required of the retired justice or judge to complete the hearings or trial and shall inform the requesting party or parties of the cost.
- 2. The party or parties who requested the appointment of a retired justice or judge shall prepay the per diem rate of the retired justice or judge before the hearing or trial based on the per diem rate then in effect. The minimum charge for

assignment of a retired justice or judge under this subsection shall be the per diem rate for 1 day, and any required time over 1 day shall be charged in 1-day increments for any additional days at the per diem rate. The chief judge shall set a payment deadline sufficiently prior to the date of the hearing or trial so that the appointment may be timely canceled if prepayment is not received at least 1 business day before the scheduled hearing or trial.

- 3. For purposes of this subsection, the term "per diem rate" means the cost to the state of 1 day of service by a retired justice or judge and shall be calculated by adding the regular daily rate set by the Chief Justice for retired justices or judges, plus the employer's share of required federal taxes, plus, if applicable, the justice's or judge's travel and other costs reimbursable under s. 112.061.
- 4. Payments made by a party or parties under this program shall be deposited into the Operating Trust Fund within the state courts system under s. 25.3844.
- 5. Once a hearing or trial is scheduled, prepayment is made as required under this subsection, and the state is required to make payment to the retired justice or judge, there shall be no refund. A refund is only authorized if the assigned retired justice or judge becomes unavailable for reasons unrelated to the conduct of the parties.
- 6. A person who has been relieved of the requirement to prepay costs in an action may not be relieved of the requirement under this subsection to prepay the costs of a retired justice or judge prior to a request being granted.

(d)1. If a party seeks appointment of a retired justice of	r
judge to hear one or more motions, the cost of the retired	
justice or judge shall not be taxable against a nonprevailing	
party.	
2. If all parties sought the appointment of a retired	

justice or judge to hear motions or conduct the trial, the amounts paid for the retired justice or judge by a prevailing party shall be taxable against a nonprevailing party, as provided in chapter 57 and in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.