ENROLLED 2009 Legislature

CS for CS for CS for SB 494, 1st Engrossed

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1 2 An act relating to water conservation; amending s. 3 373.62, F.S.; revising the requirements for automatic 4 landscape irrigation systems; requiring irrigation 5 contractors to test for the correct operation of 6 system devices or switches and ensure their proper 7 operation before completing other work on the system; 8 requiring the Department of Environmental Protection 9 to create a model ordinance that may be adopted by 10 local governments; providing penalties; providing for the disposition of funds raised through penalties 11 12 imposed; authorizing local governments to approve smart irrigation controllers; providing legislative 13 findings relating to the adoption of soil moisture 14 15 sensor control irrigation systems; defining terms; 16 providing a statewide process and conditions for 17 obtaining a variance from water management district 18 restrictions on water use; creating s. 403.9335, F.S.; 19 providing a short title; creating s. 403.9336, F.S.; 20 providing legislative findings; creating s. 403.9337, F.S.; encouraging county and municipal governments to 21 22 adopt and enforce the Model Ordinance for Florida-23 Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes or an 2.4 equivalent requirement as a mechanism for protecting 25 local surface water and groundwater quality; requiring 26 a county government or municipal government located 27 within the watershed of a water body or water segment 28 that is listed by the Department of Environmental 29 Protection as impaired to adopt the model ordinance;

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2009494er 30 providing that additional or more stringent provisions may be adopted under certain circumstances; providing 31 32 a timeframe for adopting the model ordinance; 33 providing exceptions; creating s. 403.9338, F.S.; 34 requiring the department to establish and approve 35 training and testing programs providing urban 36 landscape best-management practices; providing that 37 such training authorizes a person to apply for a limited certification for urban landscape commercial 38 39 fertilizer application issued by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; providing that a 40 person having such certification is not subject to 41 42 additional local testing; amending s. 482.021, F.S.; 43 defining the terms "commercial fertilizer application" 44 and "urban landscape"; creating s. 482.1562, F.S.; 45 providing for limited certification for urban landscape commercial fertilizer application provided 46 47 by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; requiring such certification in order to 48 49 commercially apply fertilizer, beginning on a certain 50 date; providing requirements and fees; providing for 51 expiration and renewal; authorizing the department to 52 provide information concerning persons who are 53 certified; providing for exceptions to the 54 requirements of certification; authorizing the 55 department to adopt rules; providing an effective 56 date. 57

58 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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60	Section 1. Section 373.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to
61	read:
62	373.62 Water conservation; automatic sprinkler systems
63	(1) Any person who purchases and installs an automatic
64	landscape irrigation system must properly lawn sprinkler system
65	after May 1, 1991, shall install, and must maintain, and operate
66	technology, a rain sensor device or switch that inhibits or
67	interrupts operation of will override the irrigation cycle of
68	the sprinkler system during periods of sufficient moisture when
69	adequate rainfall has occurred.
70	(2) A licensed contractor who installs or performs work on
71	an automatic landscape irrigation system must test for the
72	correct operation of each inhibiting or interrupting device or
73	switch on that system. If such devices or switches are not
74	installed in the system or are not in proper operating
75	condition, the contractor must install new ones or repair the
76	existing ones and confirm that each device or switch is in
77	proper operating condition before completing other work on the
78	system.
79	(3) The department shall create a model ordinance by
80	January 15, 2010, that may be adopted and enforced by local
81	governments. The ordinance must, at a minimum:
82	(a) Require licensed contractors to report automatic
83	landscape irrigation systems that are not in compliance with
84	this section to the appropriate authority.
85	(b) Provide penalties for licensed contractors who do not
86	comply with this section. The minimum penalty must be \$50 for a
87	first offense, \$100 for a second offense, and \$250 for a third

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88	or subsequent offense.
89	
90	Regular maintenance and replacement of worn or broken technology
91	which interrupts or inhibits the operation of an automatic
92	landscape irrigation system is not a violation of this section
93	if such repairs are conducted within a reasonable time.
94	(4) Local governments may adopt the model ordinance by
95	October 1, 2010. Local governments that impose requirements that
96	are more stringent than the model ordinance are exempt from
97	adopting the ordinance.
98	(5) Funds generated by penalties imposed under the
99	ordinance shall be used by the local government for the
100	administration and enforcement of this section and to further
101	water-conservation activities.
102	(6) For purposes of this section, a licensed contractor
103	includes an individual who holds a specific irrigation
104	contractor's license issued by a county.
105	(7)(a) The Legislature recognizes that lawn and landscape
106	irrigation systems use a substantial amount of the state's
107	potable water. The Legislature finds that smart irrigation
108	systems that use soil moisture sensors with remote monitoring
109	and adjustment capabilities, if properly installed and
110	monitored, provide more efficient irrigation and save
111	substantially more water than conventional time-controlled
112	irrigation systems. This is because smart irrigation systems
113	apply water to lawns and plants only as necessary to maintain
114	required soil moisture, thus minimizing the overwatering or
115	unnecessary watering that occurs with conventional irrigation
116	systems. However, in order for this technology to optimize the

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117	efficient application of water it cannot be subject to day or
118	days-of-the-week watering restrictions. The Legislature,
119	therefore, recognizes that enacting a statewide process to
120	provide an exemption from local water restriction ordinances
121	will accelerate the adoption of this water saving technology.
122	Further, a uniform exemption process will streamline variance
123	procedures and minimize delay in implementing such technology.
124	The longer it takes to approve soil moisture sensor control
125	systems, the more potable water is wasted. A uniform variance
126	process will allow state residents to maintain their property
127	and protect water resources while enjoying their landscapes.
128	(b) For purposes of this subsection, the term:
129	1. "Monitoring entity" means a local government, community
130	development district created pursuant to chapter 190, a
131	homeowners' association created pursuant to chapter 720, a
132	condominium association created pursuant to chapter 718, a
133	cooperative created pursuant to chapter 719, or a public or
134	private utility.
135	2. "Soil moisture sensor" means a soil-based device that
136	assesses the available plant soil moisture in order to minimize
137	the unnecessary use of water and optimize the effectiveness of
138	an irrigation system.
139	3. "Soil moisture sensor control system" is the collective
140	term for an entire soil moisture sensor system that has remote
141	monitoring and adjustment capability.
142	(c) A variance from day or days-of-the-week watering
143	restrictions, which shall include the maximum soil set point for
144	different soil types within the monitoring entity's
145	jurisdiction, shall be granted by the applicable water

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146	management district for any residential, commercial, or
147	recreational user within a monitoring entity's jurisdiction
148	having a soil moisture sensor control system if the monitoring
149	entity certifies that:
150	1. Each soil moisture sensor control system installed
151	within its jurisdiction will have multiple soil sensors that
152	conform to different soil types and slopes in order to optimize
153	water use for each user, adjust irrigation schedules based on
154	soil moisture requirements, and be installed by a licensed
155	contractor in a manner that is consistent with the Field Guide
156	to Soil Moisture Sensor Use in Florida by the University of
157	Florida IFAS Extension Program for Resource Efficient
158	Communities.
159	2. It has the ability to monitor the status of each
160	individual user's system and to remotely modify the system
161	settings for irrigation cycles and run times.
162	3. It will electronically post and update a list of active
163	users of soil moisture sensor control systems within its
164	jurisdiction on a monthly basis and provide Internet access to
165	such listing and the monitoring database to the water management
166	district and the local government.
167	4. It shall provide notice to a user of noncompliant
168	activity within 48 hours after such activity and, if the user
169	does not take corrective action within 48 hours after such
170	notice, it will remove the posted notice required in
171	subparagraph 5. and remove the user from the active users list
172	required by subparagraph 3.
173	5. It shall post a notice at each parcel that has installed
174	a compliant soil moisture sensor control system in plain view

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175	from the nearest roadway stating: "Irrigating with Smart
176	Irrigation Controller," with the address of the parcel, and
177	shall remove the notice if the user is no longer being monitored
178	by the monitoring entity.
179	(d) Upon installation of a soil moisture sensor control
180	system, the licensed contractor shall certify to the monitoring
181	entity that subparagraphs (c)1. and (c)2. have been met.
182	1. The monitoring entity shall post the notice required by
183	subparagraph (c)5. on the user's property and update the
184	Internet listing of users of active soil moisture sensor control
185	systems to include the new user.
186	2. On an annual basis a professional engineer licensed
187	under chapter 471 or a professional landscape architect licensed
188	under chapter 481 shall perform an annual maintenance review of
189	all soil moisture sensor control systems within the monitoring
190	entity's jurisdiction and certify to the monitoring entity which
191	systems are properly operating and in compliance with paragraph
192	(c). The monitoring entity shall update its Internet listing of
193	users of active soil moisture sensor control systems based on
194	the certification.
195	(e) Failure by the monitoring entity to ensure continual
196	compliance with the condition of this variance shall be cause
197	for the appropriate water management district to revoke the
198	variance upon proper notice to the monitoring entity.
199	(f) The variance provided in this subsection applies to day
200	or days-of-the-week watering restrictions of the water
201	management district as preempted by s. 373.217. All other
202	applicable local government and water management district
203	restrictions related to irrigation, including, but not limited

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204	to, a prohibition on irrigation and time-of-day watering
205	requirements and water shortage or emergency orders issued
206	pursuant to s. 373.246(2) and (7), remain applicable to the soil
207	moisture sensor control system users within a monitoring
208	entity's jurisdiction.
209	(g) This subsection does not require a property owner to
210	install a soil moisture sensor control system. This subsection
211	also does not prohibit a property owner from installing soil
212	moisture sensors and seeking an individual variance from the
213	applicable water management district even if such property is
214	located within the jurisdiction of a monitoring entity that has
215	been granted a variance pursuant to paragraph (c).
216	Section 2. Section 403.9335, Florida Statutes, is created
217	to read:
218	403.9335 Short titleSections 403.9335-403.9338 may be
219	cited as the "Protection of Urban and Residential Environments
220	and Water Act."
221	Section 3. Section 403.9336, Florida Statutes, is created
222	to read:
223	403.9336 Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that
224	the implementation of the Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly
225	Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes (2008), which was developed
226	by the department in conjunction with the Florida Consumer
227	Fertilizer Task Force, the Department of Agriculture and
228	Consumer Services, and the University of Florida Institute of
229	Food and Agricultural Sciences, will assist in protecting the
230	quality of Florida's surface water and groundwater resources.
231	The Legislature further finds that local conditions, including
232	variations in the types and quality of water bodies, site-

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233	specific soils and geology, and urban or rural densities and
234	characteristics, may necessitate the implementation of
235	additional or more stringent fertilizer-management practices at
236	the local government level.
237	Section 4. Section 403.9337, Florida Statutes, is created
238	to read:
239	403.9337 Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly Fertilizer
240	<u>Use on Urban Landscapes</u>
241	(1) All county and municipal governments are encouraged to
242	adopt and enforce the Model Ordinance for Florida-Friendly
243	Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes or an equivalent requirement
244	as a mechanism for protecting local surface and groundwater
245	quality.
246	(2) Each county and municipal government located within the
247	watershed of a water body or water segment that is listed as
248	impaired by nutrients pursuant to s. 403.067, shall, at a
249	minimum, adopt the department's Model Ordinance for Florida-
250	Friendly Fertilizer Use on Urban Landscapes. A local government
251	may adopt additional or more stringent standards than the model
252	ordinance if the following criteria are met:
253	(a) The local government has demonstrated, as part of a
254	comprehensive program to address nonpoint sources of nutrient
255	pollution which is science-based, and economically and
256	technically feasible, that additional or more stringent
257	standards than the model ordinance are necessary in order to
258	adequately address urban fertilizer contributions to nonpoint
259	source nutrient loading to a water body.
260	(b) The local government documents that it has considered
261	all relevant scientific information, including input from the

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262	department, the institute, the Department of Agriculture and
263	Consumer Services, and the University of Florida Institute of
264	Food and Agricultural Sciences, if provided, on the need for
265	additional or more stringent provisions to address fertilizer
266	use as a contributor to water quality degradation. All
267	documentation must become part of the public record before
268	adoption of the additional or more stringent criteria.
269	(3) Any county or municipal government that adopted its own
270	fertilizer-use ordinance before January 1, 2009, is exempt from
271	this section. Ordinances adopted or amended on or after January
272	1, 2009, must substantively conform to the most recent version
273	of the model fertilizer ordinance and are subject to subsections
274	(1) and (2), as applicable.
275	(4) This section does not apply to the use of fertilizer on
276	farm operations as defined in s. 823.14 or on lands classified
277	as agricultural lands pursuant to s. 193.461.
278	Section 5. Section 403.9338, Florida Statutes, is created
279	to read:
280	403.9338 Training
281	(1) The department, in cooperation with the Institute of
282	Food and Agricultural Sciences, shall:
283	(a) Provide training and testing programs in urban
284	landscape best-management practices and may issue certificates
285	demonstrating satisfactory completion of the training.
286	(b) Approve training and testing programs that are
287	equivalent to or more comprehensive than the training provided
288	by the department under paragraph (a). Such programs must be
289	reviewed and reapproved by the department if significant changes
290	are made. Currently approved programs must be reapproved by July

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2009494er 291 1, 2010. 292 (2) After receiving a certificate demonstrating successful 293 completion of a department or department-approved training 294 program under this section, a person may apply to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to receive a limited 295 296 certification for urban landscape commercial fertilizer 297 application under s. 482.1562. A person possessing such 298 certification is not subject to additional local testing. 299 Section 6. Present subsections (6) through (27) of section 482.021, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7) 300 301 through (28), respectively, present subsection (28) is 302 renumbered as subsection (30), and new subsections (6) and (29) are added to that section, to read: 303 304 482.021 Definitions.-For the purposes of this chapter, and unless otherwise required by the context, the term: 305 306 (6) "Commercial fertilizer application" means the 307 application of fertilizer for payment or other consideration to 308 property not owned by the person or firm applying the fertilizer 309 or the employer of the applicator. (29) "Urban landscape" means pervious areas on residential, 310 commercial, industrial, institutional, highway rights-of-way, or 311 312 other nonagricultural lands that are planted with turf or horticultural plants. For the purposes of this section 313 314 agriculture has the same meaning as in s. 570.02. 315 Section 7. Section 482.1562, Florida Statutes, is created 316 to read: 317 482.1562 Limited certification for urban landscape 318 commercial fertilizer application.-(1) To provide a means of documenting and ensuring 319

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320	compliance with best-management practices for commercial
321	fertilizer application to urban landscapes, the department shall
322	establish a limited certification for urban landscape commercial
323	fertilizer application.
324	(2) Beginning January 1, 2014, any person applying
325	commercial fertilizer to an urban landscape must be certified
326	under this section.
327	(3) To obtain a limited certification for urban landscape
328	commercial fertilizer application, an applicant must submit to
329	the department:
330	(a) A copy of the training certificate issued pursuant to
331	<u>s. 403.9338.</u>
332	(b) A certification fee set by the department in an amount
333	of at least \$25 but not more than \$75. Until the fee is set by
334	rule, the fee for certification is \$25.
335	(4) A limited certification for urban landscape commercial
336	fertilizer application issued under this section expires 4 years
337	after the date of issuance. Before applying for recertification
338	under subsection (5), the applicant must complete 4 classroom
339	hours of acceptable continuing education, of which at least 2
340	hours address fertilizer best-management practices.
341	(5) An application for recertification must be made at
342	least 90 days before the expiration of the current certificate
343	and be accompanied by:
344	(a) Proof of having completed the 4 classroom hours of
345	acceptable continuing education required under subsection (4).
346	(b) A recertification fee set by the department in an
347	amount of at least \$25 but not more than \$75. Until the fee is
348	set by rule, the fee for certification is \$25.

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349	(6) A late renewal charge of \$50 per month shall be
350	assessed 30 days after the date the application for
351	recertification is due and must be paid in addition to the
352	renewal fee. Unless timely recertified, a certificate
353	automatically expires 90 days after the recertification date.
354	Upon expiration, a certificate may be issued only upon
355	reapplying in accordance with section (3).
356	(7) Certification under this section does not authorize:
357	(a) The application of pesticides to turf or ornamentals,
358	including pesticide fertilizer mixtures;
359	(b) The operation of a pest control business; or
360	(c) The application of pesticides or fertilizers by
361	unlicensed or uncertified personnel under the supervision of the
362	certified person.
363	(8) The department may provide information concerning the
364	certification status of persons certified under this section to
365	other local and state governmental agencies. The department is
366	encouraged to create an online data base that lists all persons
367	certified under this section.
368	(9) Yard workers who apply fertilizer only to individual
369	residential properties using fertilizer and equipment provided
370	by the residential property owner or resident are exempt from
371	the requirements of this section.
372	(10) The department may adopt rules to administer this
373	section.
374	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

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