HB 517 2009

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to residential tenancies; amending s. 3 83.51, F.S.; authorizing landlords to terminate utility 4 services under certain conditions; creating s. 83.683, 5 F.S.; defining terms; prohibiting a landlord from 6 terminating, failing to renew, or refusing to enter into a 7 residential rental agreement because the tenant, 8 applicant, or family or household member is a victim of 9 domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or 10 sexual violence; allowing victims of such violence to terminate a residential rental agreement under certain 11 circumstances; providing procedures to notify the 12 landlord; providing for liability for payment of rent and 13 14 other unpaid amounts owed by certain tenants excluded from 15 the dwelling unit; providing when a tenancy terminates for 16 purposes of determining rent and amount owed; requiring a landlord to change door and other locks of the dwelling 17 unit of a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, 18 19 repeat violence, or sexual violence under certain circumstances within a specified period; requiring the 20 21 protected tenant to pay the costs of changing the door and 22 other locks of the dwelling unit; prohibiting waiver of 23 the provisions of the act; providing an effective date. 25 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 83.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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29 83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises.--

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- (e) $\underline{1}$. Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits the landlord from providing in the rental agreement that the tenant is obligated to pay costs or charges for garbage removal, water, fuel, or utilities.
- 2. A landlord who provides utilities services to a tenant by opening an account with a utility company under the owner or landlord's name and who then receives payment for such services from a tenant is permitted to terminate the utilities services account when the tenant has not paid the bill for such utilities within 60 days after providing a copy of the bill to the tenant.
- Section 2. Section 83.683, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 83.683 Prohibiting discrimination against victims of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence; permitting early termination of rental agreement and changing of locks.--
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Dating violence" has the same meaning as provided in s. 784.046(1).
- (b) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as provided in s. 741.28.
- (c) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as provided in s. 741.28.
- (d) "Repeat violence" has the same meaning as provided in s. 784.046(1).
 - (e) "Sexual violence" has the same meaning as provided in

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s. 784.046(1).

- (2) VICTIM PROTECTION; NONDISCRIMINATION. -- A landlord may not terminate a tenancy, fail to renew a tenancy, refuse to enter into a rental agreement, or otherwise retaliate in the rental of a dwelling unit because:
- (a) The tenant, applicant, or a household member is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence;
- (b) The tenant or applicant terminated a rental agreement due to domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence as provided in subsection (4);
- (c) The tenant or applicant had a previous rental agreement terminated for failure to comply with a provision of the rental agreement, including calls to law enforcement or emergency personnel, destruction or impairment of the dwelling unit or the landlord's property, disturbing the tenant's neighbors, breach of the peace, or any other provision when such noncompliance occurred because the tenant or a household member was a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence as evidenced by law enforcement reports or criminal or civil court records; or
- (d) An existing tenant fails to comply with a provision of the rental agreement, including calls to law enforcement or emergency personnel, destruction or impairment of the dwelling unit or the landlord's property, disturbing the tenant's neighbors, breach of the peace, or any other provision when such noncompliance occurred because the tenant or a household member is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat

violence, or sexual violence as evidenced by law enforcement reports or criminal or civil court records.

- (3) EARLY TERMINATION OF A RENTAL AGREEMENT BY A VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, REPEAT VIOLENCE, OR SEXUAL VIOLENCE.--
- (a) A tenant protected by this subsection may terminate his or her rental agreement for a dwelling unit by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on a date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord receives the written notice of termination. The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by:
- 1. A copy of a final injunction for protection against domestic violence issued by a court pursuant to s. 741.30 or a copy of a final injunction for protection against repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence issued by a court pursuant to s. 784.046;
- 2. A law enforcement report documenting an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence within 60 days after providing the notice; or
- 3. An order of no contact entered by a court in a criminal case where the defendant was charged with a crime relating to domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence.
- (b) After terminating a rental agreement, the tenant who is released from the rental agreement under paragraph (a) is liable to the landlord for the rent for the full month due in which the rental agreement terminates and an additional amount equal to one month's rent. The tenant is relieved of any other

contractual obligation for payment of rent or any other charges for the remaining term of the rental agreement, except as provided in this section.

- (c) This section does not affect a tenant's liability for delinquent, unpaid rent or other amounts owed to the landlord before the rental agreement was terminated by the tenant under this section.
- (d) The tenancy terminates, including the right of possession of the premises, on the termination date stated in the notice under paragraph (a). The amount equal to one month's rent must be paid on or before the termination of the tenancy for the tenant to be relieved of the contractual obligations for the remaining term of the rental agreement as provided in this section.
- (e) If, pursuant to this section, a tenant terminates the rental agreement 14 days or more before he or she initially occupies the dwelling unit, the tenant is not liable for any damages or penalties.
- (f) The tenancy shall continue for any remaining tenants residing in the dwelling unit who are parties to the rental agreement. Any tenant who has been excluded from the dwelling unit pursuant to a civil injunction for protection issued pursuant to chapter 741 or chapter 784, or is the perpetrator in the law enforcement report or the defendant in the criminal nocontact order as provided in paragraph (a), and those remaining tenants remain liable under the rental agreement for rent or damages to the dwelling unit.
 - (4) VICTIM PROTECTION; CHANGING DOOR AND OTHER LOCKS.--

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(a) If the perpetrator of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence is not a tenant in the same dwelling unit as the victim, the tenant who is the victim may give oral or written notice to the landlord that he or she is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence as evidenced by law enforcement reports or court orders and may request that the door and other locks to the dwelling unit be changed. A landlord who receives a request under this paragraph must change the door and other locks to the protected tenant's dwelling unit or give the protected tenant permission to change the door and other locks within 72 hours.

- (b) If the perpetrator of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence is a tenant in the same dwelling unit as the victim, the tenant who is the victim may give oral or written notice to the landlord that the tenant is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence and may request that the door and other locks to the dwelling unit be changed. Before the landlord or tenant changes the door and other locks under this paragraph, the tenant must provide the landlord with a copy of a civil or criminal court order excluding the tenant who is the perpetrator from the dwelling unit. A landlord who receives a request to change the door and other locks to the tenant's dwelling unit under this paragraph must change the door and other locks within 48 hours.
- (c) The tenant who is the victim shall bear the expense of changing the door and other locks. If a landlord fails to act

within the required time, the tenant may change the door and other locks without the landlord's permission. If the tenant changes the locks, the tenant must give a key to the new locks to the landlord within 48 hours after the door and other locks are changed.

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- If a landlord has been provided with a civil or (d) criminal court order excluding the tenant who was the perpetrator of domestic violence, dating violence, repeat violence, or sexual violence from the dwelling unit, the landlord may not grant the excluded tenant access to the dwelling unit, provide keys to the excluded tenant, or provide the excluded tenant access to the respondent's personal property within the dwelling unit. If the excluded tenant has a court order allowing the excluded tenant to return to the dwelling unit to retrieve personal property, the landlord may grant him or her access to the dwelling unit. If a landlord complies with this paragraph, the landlord is not liable for civil damages to an excluded tenant from the dwelling unit, for loss of use of the dwelling unit, or for loss of use or damage to the excluded tenant's personal property.
- (e) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to relieve the excluded tenant of any obligation under a lease agreement or any other liability to the landlord.
- (5) NONWAIVER OF RENTAL TERMS.--Pursuant to s. 83.47, the provisions of this section may not be waived or modified by agreement of the parties.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.