2009582e1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to transportation; providing
3	legislative findings with respect to the need to
4	preserve investments in transportation infrastructure
5	and reduce congestion; creating the Florida
6	Transportation Revenue Study Commission for the
7	purpose of studying the state's transportation needs
8	and developing recommendations; requiring that the
9	commission submit a report to the Legislature by a
10	specified date; establishing powers and duties of the
11	commission; providing for membership and authorizing
12	the reimbursement of members for per diem and travel
13	expenses; providing requirements for meetings of the
14	commission; requiring the Center for Urban
15	Transportation Research at the University of South
16	Florida to provide staff support to the commission;
17	requiring that the Department of Transportation direct
18	a study for certain purposes; requiring that such
19	study include and address certain elements; requiring
20	that recommendations be delivered to the President of
21	the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
22	Representatives by a specified date; providing funding
23	for the commission through federal funds for
24	metropolitan transportation planning; amending s.
25	316.535, F.S.; requiring specified scale tolerances to
26	be applied to weight limits for vehicles on highways
27	that are not in the Interstate Highway System;
28	amending s. 339.2818, F.S.; relating to the Small
29	County Outreach Program; revising the purpose of the

Page 1 of 23

2009582e1

30 program to include certain program types; revising 31 eligibility and prioritization criteria; authorizing 32 the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization to conduct a study on advancing funds for 33 34 certain construction projects; authorizing the 35 Department of Transportation to assist with the study; 36 requiring results of the study to be provided to the 37 Governor, the Legislature, and certain entities; 38 providing principles for the study; providing for 39 content of the study; providing for legislative 40 authorization prior to implementation of the study; amending s. 316.545, F.S.; providing for a reduction 41 42 in the gross weight of certain vehicles equipped with idle-reduction technologies when calculating a penalty 43 44 for exceeding maximum weight limits; requiring the operator to provide certification of the weight of the 45 46 idle-reduction technology and to demonstrate or 47 certify that the idle-reduction technology is fully functional at all times; amending s. 339.62, F.S.; 48 49 providing that certain intermodal logistics centers 50 are components of the Strategic Intermodal System; 51 amending s. 339.63, F.S.; providing that certain 52 intermodal logistics centers are included within the 53 Strategic Intermodal System and the Emerging Strategic 54 Intermodal System; directing the Secretary of 55 Transportation to designate certain intermodal 56 logistics centers as part of the Strategic Intermodal 57 System; creating an exemption for certain proposed 58 affordable housing developments from transportation

Page 2 of 23

2009582e1

59	concurrency requirements; amending s. 316.1895, F.S.,
60	authorizing alternative installation of "Speeding
61	Fines Doubled" signs in advance of school zones;
62	amending s. 338.01, F.S.; prohibiting new toll
63	facilities from eliminating non-tolled options for
64	travel in the same corridor; creating the Ronshay
65	Dugans Act; designating the first week in September as
66	"Drowsy Driving Prevention Week"; amending s. 337.401,
67	F.S.; providing for the placement of and access to
68	transmission lines that are adjacent to and within the
69	right-of-way of any public road controlled by the
70	Department of Transportation; amending s. 163.3180,
71	F.S.; providing a definition for "backlog"; providing
72	an effective date.
73	
74	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
75	
76	Section 1. Florida Transportation Revenue Study
77	Commission.—
78	(1) The Legislature finds and declares that the costs of
79	preserving investments in transportation infrastructure and
80	eliminating or reducing congestion in the movement of people and
81	goods is expected to substantially increase, and those costs
82	will have a commensurate effect on the state's economy,
83	environment, and quality of life.
84	(2) The Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission is
85	created for the purpose of studying state, regional, and local
86	transportation needs and developing new and innovative funding
87	options and recommendations that address this state's future

Page 3 of 23

1	
88	transportation needs. The commission shall submit a written
89	report to the Legislature containing its findings and
90	recommendations by January 1, 2011. The report presented by the
91	commission shall, at a minimum, include findings and
92	recommendations regarding:
93	(a) The stability of existing transportation revenue
94	sources, taking into account energy-efficient vehicles, emerging
95	technologies, alternative fuels, and other state and federal
96	initiatives.
97	(b) The funding needs of state, regional, and local
98	transportation facilities and services and the ability to
99	address those needs.
100	(c) New and innovative funding options that can be used by
101	the state, metropolitan planning organizations, local
102	governments, and other major transportation providers to fund
103	transportation facilities and services.
104	(3) The commission shall consist of 13 members. Three
105	members shall be appointed by the Governor, three members shall
106	be appointed by the President of the Senate, and three members
107	shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of
108	Representatives. One member shall be the Secretary of
109	Transportation, or the secretary's designee, one member shall be
110	appointed by the Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory
111	Council, one member shall be appointed by the Florida
112	Association of Counties, Inc., from among its members, and one
113	member shall be appointed by the Florida League of Cities, Inc.,
114	from among its members. The membership of the commission must
115	represent transportation organizations, local governments,
116	developers and homebuilders, the business community, the

Page 4 of 23

117	environmental community, transportation labor organizations, and
118	other appropriate stakeholders in the transportation system. One
119	member shall be designated by the Governor as chair of the
120	commission. Members shall be appointed to a term that ends upon
121	adjournment sine die of the 2011 regular legislative session.
122	Any vacancy that occurs on the commission shall be filled in the
123	same manner as the original appointment. Members of the
124	commission shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to
125	reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance
126	with s. 112.061, Florida Statutes, while in performance of their
127	duties.
128	(4) The first meeting of the commission shall be held by
129	October 1, 2009, and thereafter the commission shall meet at the
130	call of the chair but not less frequently than three times per
131	year. Each member of the commission is entitled to one vote, and
132	actions of the commission are not binding unless taken by a
133	majority vote of the members present. A majority of the
134	membership constitutes a quorum at any meeting of the
135	commission. The commission may adopt its own rules of procedure
136	and has such other powers as are necessary to complete its
137	responsibilities.
138	(5) The Center for Urban Transportation Research at the
139	University of South Florida shall provide staff and other
140	resources necessary to assist the commission in accomplishing
141	its goals. All agencies under the control of the Governor are
142	directed, and all other federal, state, and local agencies are
143	requested, to render assistance to, and cooperate with, the
144	commission.
145	Section 2. The Department of Transportation shall direct a

Page 5 of 23

146 study to be conducted and funded by the authority created in chapter 349, Florida Statutes, for the purpose of recommending 147 to the Legislature the framework for a regional transportation 148 149 authority for the northeast region of Florida, composed of the 150 following counties and each of the municipalities located 151 therein: Baker, Clay, Duval, Flagler, Nassau, Putnam, and St. 152 Johns. The study shall include, at a minimum, the existing powers and duties of the authority, as well as the additional 153 154 powers and duties necessary for the agency to plan, design, 155 finance, construct, operate, and maintain transportation 156 facilities providing a safe, adequate, and efficient surface 157 transportation network for the region, consistent with the 158 statewide transportation network. In addition, the study shall address agency revenue sources, governance, coordination of work 159 plans, and coordination with local comprehensive plans for all 160 161 transportation facilities of the agency. Recommendations shall 162 be delivered to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the 163 House of Representatives no later than February 1, 2010. 164 Section 3. Funding for the Florida Transportation Revenue 165 Study Commission.-The sum of \$225,000 in federal metropolitan 166 planning funds is appropriated from the State Transportation Trust Fund to the Center for Urban Transportation Research at 167 the University of South Florida for each of the 2009-2010 and 168 169 2010-2011 fiscal years for the purpose of paying the expenses of 170 staff services and providing other related assistance to the 171 Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission.

Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (12) and paragraph (i) of subsection (16) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, are created to read:

Page 6 of 23

175 176 163.3180 Concurrency.-

(12) (a) A development of regional impact may satisfy the transportation concurrency requirements of the local comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency management system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionateshare contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts, if:

182 <u>1.(a)</u> The development of regional impact which, based on 183 its location or mix of land uses, is designed to encourage 184 pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;

185 <u>2.(b)</u> The proportionate-share contribution for local and 186 regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay for 187 one or more required mobility improvements that will benefit a 188 regionally significant transportation facility;

189 <u>3.(c)</u> The owner and developer of the development of 190 regional impact pays or assures payment of the proportionate-191 share contribution; and

192 4.(d) If the regionally significant transportation facility 193 to be constructed or improved is under the maintenance authority 194 of a governmental entity, as defined by s. 334.03(12), other 195 than the local government with jurisdiction over the development 196 of regional impact, the developer is required to enter into a 197 binding and legally enforceable commitment to transfer funds to 198 the governmental entity having maintenance authority or to otherwise assure construction or improvement of the facility. 199 200

The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to any transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this subsection and the local comprehensive plan, but, for the

Page 7 of 23

204 purposes of this subsection, the amount of the proportionate-205 share contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative 206 number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach 207 roadways during the peak hour from the complete buildout of a 208 stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak 209 hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from 210 construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted 211 level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to 212 213 maintain the adopted level of service. For purposes of this 214 subsection, "construction cost" includes all associated costs of 215 the improvement. Proportionate-share mitigation shall be limited 216 to ensure that a development of regional impact meeting the 217 requirements of this subsection mitigates its impact on the 218 transportation system but is not responsible for the additional 219 cost of reducing or eliminating backlogs. This subsection also 220 applies to Florida Quality Developments pursuant to s. 380.061 221 and to detailed specific area plans implementing optional sector 222 plans pursuant to s. 163.3245.

223 (b) As used in this subsection, the term "backlog" means a 224 facility or facilities on which the adopted level-of-service 225 standard is exceeded by the existing trips, plus additional 226 projected background trips from any source other than the 227 development project under review that are forecast by 228 established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, 229 consistent with the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and 230 Business Research medium population projections. Additional 231 projected background trips are to be coincident with the 232 particular stage or phase of development under review.

Page 8 of 23

233 (16) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a 234 method by which the impacts of development on transportation 235 facilities can be mitigated by the cooperative efforts of the 236 public and private sectors. The methodology used to calculate 237 proportionate fair-share mitigation under this section shall be 238 as provided for in subsection (12). 239 (i) As used in this subsection, the term "backlog" means a facility or facilities on which the adopted level-of-service 240 241 standard is exceeded by the existing trips, plus additional 242 projected background trips from any source other than the 243 development project under review that are forecast by 244 established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, 245 consistent with the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and 246 Business Research medium population projections. Additional 247 projected background trips are to be coincident with the 248 particular stage or phase of development under review. 249 Section 5. (1) The Northwest Florida Regional 250 Transportation Planning Organization, an interlocal agency under 251 part I of chapter 163, Florida Statutes, is authorized to study 252 the feasibility of advance-funding the costs of capacity 253 projects in its member counties and making recommendations to 254 the Legislature by February 1, 2010. The Department of 255 Transportation may assist the organization in conducting the 256 study. 257 (2) Results of any study authorized by this section shall 258 be provided to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the 259 Speaker of the House of Representatives, the department, any 260 metropolitan planning organization in any county served by the 261 organization, and the counties served by the organization and

Page 9 of 23

262	shall discuss the financial feasibility of advance-funding the
263	costs of capacity projects in the Northwest Florida Regional
264	Transportation Planning Organization's member counties. The
265	study must be based on the following assumptions:
266	(a) Any advanced projects must be consistent with the
267	Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning
268	Organization's 5-year plan and the department's work program.
269	(b) Any bonds shall have a maturity not to exceed 30 years.
270	(c) A maximum of 25 percent of the department's capacity
271	funds allocated annually to the counties served by the Northwest
272	Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization may be
273	used to pay debt service on the bonds.
274	(d) Bond proceeds may only be used for the following
275	components of a construction project on a state road: planning,
276	engineering, design, right-of-way acquisition, and construction.
277	(e) The cost of the projects must be balanced with the
278	proceeds available from the bonds.
279	(f) The department shall have final approval of the
280	projects financed through the sale of bonds.
281	(3) The study shall contain:
282	(a) An analysis of the financial feasibility of advancing
283	capacity projects in the Northwest Florida Regional
284	Transportation Planning Organization's member counties.
285	(b) A long-range, cost-feasible finance plan that
286	identifies the project cost, revenues by source, financing,
287	major assumptions, and a total cash flow analysis beginning with
288	implementation of the project and extending through final
289	completion of the project.
290	(c) A tentative list of capacity projects and the priority

Page 10 of 23

2009582e1

291 in which they would be advanced. These projects must be 292 consistent with the criteria in s. 339.135(2)(b), Florida 293 Statutes. 294 (d) A 5-year work program of the projects to be advanced. 295 This program must be consistent with chapter 339, Florida 296 Statutes. 297 (e) A report of any statutory changes, including a draft 298 bill, needed to give the Northwest Florida Regional 299 Transportation Planning Organization the ability to advance 300 construction projects. The draft bill language shall address, at 301 a minimum: 302 1. Developing a list of road projects to be advanced, 303 consistent with the organization's 5-year plan. 304 2. Giving the department the authority to review projects 305 to determine consistency with its current work program. 306 3. Giving the organization the authority to issue bonds 307 with a maturity of not greater than 30 years. 308 4. Requiring proceeds of the bonds to be delivered to the 309 department to pay the cost of completing the projects. 310 5. Requiring the road projects to be consistent with the 311 organization's 5-year plan. 312 6. Permitting any participating county to elect to undertake responsibility for the payment of a portion of the 313 314 cost of any project in the county pursuant to an agreement with 315 the organization and the department. 316 7. Providing that, in each year that the bonds are 317 outstanding, no more than 25 percent of the state transportation funds appropriated for capacity projects advanced pursuant to 318 319 the terms of this section and within the area of operation of

Page 11 of 23

320 the organization shall be paid over to the organization for the 321 purpose of paying debt service on bonds the organization issued 322 for such capacity projects. Such payments shall be made in lieu 323 of programming any new projects in the work program.

324 8. In the event that the capacity funds allocated to the 325 member counties of the organization are less than the amount 326 needed to satisfy the payment requirements under the contract, 327 the department shall defer the funded capacity on any other 328 projects in the member counties of the organization to the 329 extent necessary to make up such deficiency, so as to enable the 330 organization to make the required debt service payments on the 331 bonds or to replenish the reserves established for the bonds which may have been used to make up such deficiency. Under no 332 333 circumstances shall the department provide any funds for these 334 capacity projects in excess of the amount that would be 335 allocated to the member counties pursuant to statutory formula 336 and legislative appropriation.

337 9. Providing that the bonds shall state on their face that 338 they do not constitute a pledge of the full faith or taxing 339 power of the state, and no holder of any bond shall have the 340 right to compel payment of the bonds from any funds of the 341 state, other than amounts required to be paid to the 342 organization under the contract. The bonds shall be limited and 343 special obligations payable solely from the sources described 344 herein.

345 <u>10. Establishing such other terms and provisions as may be</u>
346 <u>deemed reasonable and necessary to enable the organization to</u>
347 <u>market the bonds at the most advantageous rates possible.</u>
348 (4) The Legislature may authorize the implementation of the

Page 12 of 23

349	Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning
350	Organization's study after a satisfactory showing that these
351	prerequisites have been met and that any source of funding for
352	any bonds to be issued has been approved by the Department of
353	Transportation.
354	Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 316.535, Florida
355	Statutes, is amended to read:
356	316.535 Maximum weights
357	(5) With respect to those highways not in the Interstate
358	Highway System, in all cases in which it exceeds state law in
359	effect on January 4, 1975, the overall gross weight on the
360	vehicle or combination of vehicles, including all enforcement
361	$ ext{tolerances}_{ au}$ shall be as determined by the following formula:
362	
363	$W = 500((LN \div (N-1)) + 12N + 36)$
364	
365	where W = overall gross weight of the vehicle to the
366	nearest 500 pounds; $L = distance$ in feet between the extreme of
367	the external axles; and N = number of axles on the vehicle.
368	However, such overall gross weight of any vehicle or combination
369	of vehicles may not exceed 80,000 pounds including all
370	enforcement tolerances. The scale tolerance provided in s.
371	316.545(2) shall be applicable to all weight limitations of this
372	subsection. Except when a vehicle exceeds the posted weight
373	limit on a bridge, fines for violations of the total gross
374	weight limitations provided for in this subsection shall be
375	based on the amount by which the actual weight of the vehicle
376	and load exceeds the allowable maximum weight determined under
377	this subsection plus the scale tolerance provided in s.

Page 13 of 23

2009582e1

378	316.545(2).
379	Section 7. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 339.2818,
380	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
381	339.2818 Small County Outreach Program
382	(1) There is created within the Department of
383	Transportation the Small County Outreach Program. The purpose of
384	this program is to assist small county governments in repairing
385	or rehabilitating county bridges, paving unpaved roads,
386	addressing road-related drainage improvements, resurfacing or
387	reconstructing county roads or in constructing capacity or
388	safety improvements to county roads.
389	(4)(a) Small counties shall be eligible to compete for
390	funds that have been designated for the Small County Outreach
391	Program for projects on county roads. The department shall fund
392	75 percent of the cost of projects on county roads funded under
393	the program.
394	(b) In determining a county's eligibility for assistance
395	under this program, the department may consider whether the
396	county has attempted to keep county roads in satisfactory
397	condition which may be evidenced through an established pavement
398	management plan.
399	(c) The following criteria shall be used to prioritize road
400	projects for funding under the program:
401	1. The primary criterion is the physical condition of the
402	road as measured by the department.
403	2. As secondary criteria the department may consider:
404	a. Whether a road is used as an evacuation route.
405	b. Whether a road has high levels of agricultural travel.
406	c. Whether a road is considered a major arterial route.
I	$P_{2} = 14 \text{ cf} 22$
	-
I	c. Whether a road is considered a major arterial route. Page 14 of 23 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2009582e1

407	d. Whether a road is considered a feeder road.
408	e. Information as evidenced to the department through an
409	established pavement management plan.
410	f. e. Other criteria related to the impact of a project on
411	the public road system or on the state or local economy as
412	determined by the department.
413	Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 316.545, Florida
414	Statutes, is amended to read:
415	316.545 Weight and load unlawful; special fuel and motor
416	fuel tax enforcement; inspection; penalty; review
417	(3) Any person who violates the overloading provisions of
418	this chapter shall be conclusively presumed to have damaged the
419	highways of this state by reason of such overloading, which
420	damage is hereby fixed as follows:
421	(a) When the excess weight is 200 pounds or less than the
422	maximum herein provided, the penalty shall be \$10;
423	(b) Five cents per pound for each pound of weight in excess
424	of the maximum herein provided when the excess weight exceeds
425	200 pounds. However, whenever the gross weight of the vehicle or
426	combination of vehicles does not exceed the maximum allowable
427	gross weight, the maximum fine for the first 600 pounds of
428	unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;
429	(c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idle-
430	reduction technology, any penalty shall be calculated by
431	reducing the actual gross vehicle weight or the internal bridge
432	weight by the certified weight of the idle-reduction technology
433	or by 400 pounds, whichever is less. The vehicle operator must
434	present written certification of the weight of the idle-
435	reduction technology and must demonstrate or certify that the

Page 15 of 23

436	idle-reduction technology is fully functional at all times. This
437	calculation is not allowed for vehicles described in s.
438	<u>316.535(6);</u>
439	<u>(d)</u> An apportioned motor vehicle, as defined in s.
440	320.01, operating on the highways of this state without being
441	properly licensed and registered shall be subject to the
442	penalties as herein provided; and
443	<u>(e)</u> Vehicles operating on the highways of this state
444	from nonmember International Registration Plan jurisdictions
445	which are not in compliance with the provisions of s. 316.605
446	shall be subject to the penalties as herein provided.
447	Section 9. Subsection (5) of section 339.62, Florida
448	Statutes, is amended to read:
449	339.62 System componentsThe Strategic Intermodal System
450	shall consist of appropriate components of:
451	(5) Selected intermodal facilities; passenger and freight
452	terminals; intermodal logistics centers owned, leased, or
453	operated by seaports and appropriate components of the State
454	Highway System, county road system, city street system, inland
455	waterways, and local public transit systems that serve as
456	existing or planned connectors between the components listed in
457	subsections (1)-(4).
458	Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection
459	(4) of section 339.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
460	339.63 System facilities designated; additions and
461	deletions
462	(2) The Strategic Intermodal System and the Emerging
463	Strategic Intermodal System include three different types of
464	facilities that each form one component of an interconnected

Page 16 of 23

465 transportation system which types include: 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473

(a) Existing or planned hubs that are ports and terminals

including airports, seaports, spaceports, passenger terminals, and rail terminals, and intermodal logistics centers owned, leased, or operated by a seaport serving to move goods or people between Florida regions or between Florida and other markets in the United States and the rest of the world;

(4) After the initial designation of the Strategic Intermodal System under subsection (1), the department shall, in 474 coordination with the metropolitan planning organizations, local 475 governments, regional planning councils, transportation 476 providers, and affected public agencies, add facilities to or 477 delete facilities from the Strategic Intermodal System described 478 in paragraph (2)(a) based upon criteria adopted by the 479 department. However, an airport that is designated as a reliever 480 airport to a Strategic Intermodal System airport which has at 481 least 75,000 itinerant operations per year, has a runway length 482 of at least 5,500 linear feet, is capable of handling aircraft 483 weighing at least 60,000 pounds with a dual wheel configuration 484 which is served by at least one precision instrument approach, 485 and serves a cluster of aviation-dependent industries, shall be 486 designated as part of the Strategic Intermodal System by the 487 Secretary of Transportation upon the request of a reliever 488 airport meeting this criteria. An intermodal logistics center 489 under s. 339.62(5) that is owned, leased, or operated by an existing designated Strategic Intermodal System facility shall 490 491 be considered part of that facility and shall be designated as 492 part of the Strategic Intermodal System by the Secretary of 493 Transportation upon the request of the seaport.

Page 17 of 23

.

2009582e1

494	Section 11. Affordable housing developments; exemption from
495	concurrency requirementsAffordable housing developments that
496	are proposed to serve residents who have incomes at or below 60
497	percent of the median income of the area and that will be
498	located on arterial roadways served by public transit are exempt
499	from transportation concurrency requirements.
500	Section 12. Subsection (6) of section 316.1895, Florida
501	Statutes, is amended to read:
502	316.1895 Establishment of school speed zones, enforcement;
503	designation
504	(6) Permanent signs designating school zones and school
505	zone speed limits shall be uniform in size and color, and shall
506	have the times during which the restrictive speed limit is
507	enforced clearly designated thereon. Flashing beacons activated
508	by a time clock, or other automatic device, or manually
509	activated may be used as an alternative to posting the times
510	during which the restrictive school speed limit is enforced.
511	Beginning July 1, 2008, for any newly established school zone or
512	any school zone in which the signing has been replaced, a sign
513	stating "Speeding Fines Doubled" shall be installed within <u>or in</u>
514	advance of the school zone. The Department of Transportation
515	shall establish adequate standards for the signs and flashing
516	beacons.
517	Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 338.01, Florida
518	Statutes, is amended to read:
519	338.01 Authority to establish and regulate limited access
520	facilities
521	(1) The transportation and expressway authorities of the
522	state, counties, and municipalities, referred to in this chapter
I	Page 18 of 23

523 as "authorities," acting alone or in cooperation with each other 524 or with any federal, state, or local governmental entity or 525 agency of any other state that is authorized to construct 526 highways, are authorized to provide limited access facilities 527 for public use. Any of the authorities may construct a limited 528 access highway as a new facility or may designate an existing 529 street or highway as included within a limited access facility. 530 However: 7 (a) If the limited access facility is entirely located 531 within an incorporated municipality, such authority is subject 532 to municipal consent; except that such consent is not necessary 533 534 when such limited access facility is part of the interstate 535 system. 536 (b) Neither the construction of a new toll facility nor the imposition of a toll on an existing state highway system 537 538 facility may eliminate a non-tolled alternative within the 539 corridor serving similar origins and destinations. 540 Section 14. Ronshay Dugans Act.-The first week of 541 September is designated as "Drowsy Driving Prevention Week" in 542 this state. During Drowsy Driving Prevention Week, the 543 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the 544 Department of Transportation are encouraged to educate the law 545 enforcement community and the public about the relationship 546 between fatigue and performance and the research showing fatigue 547 to be as much of an impairment as alcohol and as dangerous 548 behind the wheel. This section may be cited as the "Ronshay 549 Dugans Act." 550 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 337.401, Florida 551 Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 19 of 23

2009582e1

552

337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to 553 regulation; permit; fees.-

554 (1) (a) The department and local governmental entities, 555 referred to in ss. 337.401-337.404 as the "authority," that have 556 jurisdiction and control of public roads or publicly owned rail 557 corridors are authorized to prescribe and enforce reasonable 558 rules or regulations with reference to the placing and 559 maintaining along, across, or on any road or publicly owned rail 560 corridors under their respective jurisdictions any electric 561 transmission, telephone, telegraph, or other communications 562 services lines; pole lines; poles; railways; ditches; sewers; 563 water, heat, or gas mains; pipelines; fences; gasoline tanks and 564 pumps; or other structures referred to in this section as the 565 "utility." For aerial and underground electric utility transmission lines designed to operate at 69 or more kilovolts 566 567 that are needed to accommodate the additional electrical 568 transfer capacity on the transmission grid resulting from new 569 base-load generating facilities, where there is no other 570 practicable alternative available for placement of the electric 571 utility transmission lines on the department's rights-of-way, 572 the department's rules shall provide for placement of and access 573 to such transmission lines adjacent to and within the right-of-574 way of any department-controlled public roads, including longitudinally within limited access facilities to the greatest 575 576 extent allowed by federal law, if compliance with the standards 577 established by such rules is achieved. Such rules may include, 578 but need not be limited to, that the use of the right-of-way is 579 reasonable based upon a consideration of economic and environmental factors, including, without limitation, other 580

Page 20 of 23

581 practicable alternative alignments, utility corridors and 582 easements, impacts on adjacent property owners, and minimum 583 clear zones and other safety standards, and further provide that 584 placement of the electric utility transmission lines within the 585 department's right-of-way does not interfere with operational 586 requirements of the transportation facility or planned or 587 potential future expansion of such transportation facility. If the department approves longitudinal placement of electric 588 589 utility transmission lines in limited access facilities, 590 compensation for the use of the right-of-way is required. Such 591 consideration or compensation paid by the electric utility in 592 connection with the department's issuance of a permit does not 593 create any property right in the department's property 594 regardless of the amount of consideration paid or the 595 improvements constructed on the property by the utility. Upon 596 notice by the department that the property is needed for 597 expansion or improvement of the transportation facility, the electric utility transmission line will relocate from the 598 599 facility at the electric utility's sole expense. The electric 600 utility shall pay to the department reasonable damages resulting 601 from the utility's failure or refusal to timely relocate its 602 transmission lines. The rules to be adopted by the department 603 may also address the compensation methodology and relocation. As used in this subsection, the term "base-load generating 604 605 facilities" means electric power plants that are certified under 606 part II of chapter 403. The department may enter into a permit-607 delegation agreement with a governmental entity if issuance of a 608 permit is based on requirements that the department finds will 609 ensure the safety and integrity of facilities of the Department

Page 21 of 23

610 of Transportation; however, the permit-delegation agreement does 611 not apply to facilities of electric utilities as defined in s. 612 366.02(2). 613 (b) For aerial and underground electric utility 614 transmission lines designed to operate at 69 or more kilovolts 615 that are needed to accommodate the additional electrical 616 transfer capacity on the transmission grid resulting from new 617 base-load generating facilities, the department's rules shall

618 provide for placement of and access to such transmission lines 619 adjacent to and within the right-of-way of any department-620 controlled public roads, including longitudinally within limited 621 access facilities where there is no other practicable alternative available, to the greatest extent allowed by federal 622 623 law, if compliance with the standards established by such rules is achieved. Such rules may include, but need not be limited to, 624 625 that the use of the limited access right-of-way for longitudinal 626 placement of electric utility transmission lines is reasonable 627 based upon a consideration of economic and environmental 628 factors, including, without limitation, other practicable 629 alternative alignments, utility corridors and easements, impacts 630 on adjacent property owners, and minimum clear zones and other 631 safety standards, and further provide that placement of the 632 electric utility transmission lines within the department's 633 right-of-way does not interfere with operational requirements of 634 the transportation facility or planned or potential future 635 expansion of such transportation facility. If the department 636 approves longitudinal placement of electric utility transmission

637 <u>lines in limited access facilities, compensation for the use of</u>

638 the right-of-way is required. Such consideration or compensation

Page 22 of 23

639	paid by the electric utility in connection with the department's
640	issuance of a permit does not create any property right in the
641	department's property regardless of the amount of consideration
642	paid or the improvements constructed on the property by the
643	utility. Upon notice by the department that the property is
644	needed for expansion or improvement of the transportation
645	facility, the electric utility transmission line will relocate
646	at the electric utility's sole expense. The electric utility
647	shall pay to the department reasonable damages resulting from
648	the utility's failure or refusal to timely relocate its
649	transmission lines. The rules to be adopted by the department
650	may also address the compensation methodology and relocation. As
651	used in this subsection, the term "base-load generating
652	facilities" means electric power plants that are certified under
653	part II of chapter 403.
654	Section 16. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 23 of 23