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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to transportation; providing
3	legislative findings with respect to the need to
4	preserve investments in transportation infrastructure
5	and reduce congestion; creating the Florida
6	Transportation Revenue Study Commission for the
7	purpose of studying the state's transportation needs
8	and developing recommendations; requiring that the
9	commission submit a report to the Legislature by a
10	specified date; establishing powers and duties of the
11	commission; providing for membership and authorizing
12	the reimbursement of members for per diem and travel
13	expenses; providing requirements for meetings of the
14	commission; requiring the Center for Urban
15	Transportation Research at the University of South
16	Florida to provide staff support to the commission;
17	requiring that the Department of Transportation direct
18	a study for certain purposes; requiring that such
19	study include and address certain elements; requiring
20	that recommendations be delivered to the President of
21	the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
22	Representatives by a specified date; providing funding
23	for the commission through federal funds for
24	metropolitan transportation planning; amending s.
25	316.535, F.S.; requiring specified scale tolerances to
26	be applied to weight limits for vehicles on highways
27	that are not in the Interstate Highway System;
28	amending s. 334.30, F.S.; authorizing the department
29	to lease existing toll facilities through public-

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30 private partnerships, subject to approval by the 31 Legislature; amending s. 339.2818, F.S.; relating to 32 the Small County Outreach Program; revising the purpose of the program to include certain program 33 34 types; revising eligibility and prioritization 35 criteria; authorizing the Northwest Florida Regional 36 Transportation Planning Organization to conduct a 37 study on advancing funds for certain construction 38 projects; authorizing the Department of Transportation 39 to assist with the study; requiring results of the 40 study to be provided to the Governor, the Legislature, and certain entities; providing principles for the 41 study; providing for content of the study; providing 42 for legislative authorization prior to implementation 43 44 of the study; amending s. 316.545, F.S.; providing for a reduction in the gross weight of certain vehicles 45 46 equipped with idle-reduction technologies when 47 calculating a penalty for exceeding maximum weight limits; requiring the operator to provide 48 49 certification of the weight of the idle-reduction 50 technology and to demonstrate or certify that the 51 idle-reduction technology is fully functional at all 52 times; amending s. 334.044, F.S.; revising the powers 53 and duties of the Department of Transportation; 54 amending s. 339.62, F.S.; providing that certain intermodal logistics centers are components of the 55 56 Strategic Intermodal System; amending s. 339.63, F.S.; 57 providing that certain intermodal logistics centers 58 are included within the Strategic Intermodal System

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59	and the Emerging Strategic Intermodal System;
60	directing the Secretary of Transportation to designate
61	certain intermodal logistics centers as part of the
62	Strategic Intermodal System; creating an exemption for
63	certain proposed affordable housing developments from
64	transportation concurrency requirements; amending s.
65	316.1895, F.S., authorizing alternative installation
66	of "Speeding Fines Doubled" signs in advance of school
67	zones; amending s. 338.01, F.S.; prohibiting new toll
68	facilities from eliminating non-tolled options for
69	travel in the same corridor; creating the Ronshay
70	Dugans Act; designating the first week in September as
71	"Drowsy Driving Prevention Week"; amending s. 337.401,
72	F.S.; providing for the placement of and access to
73	transmission lines that are adjacent to and within the
74	right-of-way of any public road controlled by the
75	Department of Transportation; amending s. 163.3180,
76	F.S.; providing a definition for "backlog"; amending
77	s. 348.0003, F.S.; providing that members of certain
78	authorities are subject to specified financial
79	disclosure requirements; amending s. 348.0004, F.S.;
80	authorizing any expressway authority, transportation
81	authority, bridge authority, or toll authority,
82	subject to the approval of the Legislature, for any
83	existing facility, to receive or solicit proposals and
84	enter into agreements with private entities, or
85	consortia thereof, for the building, operation,
86	ownership, or financing of authority transportation
87	facilities; providing an effective date.
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89	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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91	Section 1. Florida Transportation Revenue Study
92	Commission
93	(1) The Legislature finds and declares that the costs of
94	preserving investments in transportation infrastructure and
95	eliminating or reducing congestion in the movement of people and
96	goods is expected to substantially increase, and those costs
97	will have a commensurate effect on the state's economy,
98	environment, and quality of life.
99	(2) The Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission is
100	created for the purpose of studying state, regional, and local
101	transportation needs and developing new and innovative funding
102	options and recommendations that address this state's future
103	transportation needs. The commission shall submit a written
104	report to the Legislature containing its findings and
105	recommendations by January 1, 2011. The report presented by the
106	commission shall, at a minimum, include findings and
107	recommendations regarding:
108	(a) The stability of existing transportation revenue
109	sources, taking into account energy-efficient vehicles, emerging
110	technologies, alternative fuels, and other state and federal
111	initiatives.
112	(b) The funding needs of state, regional, and local
113	transportation facilities and services and the ability to
114	address those needs.
115	(c) New and innovative funding options that can be used by
116	the state, metropolitan planning organizations, local
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117 governments, and other major transportation providers to fund 118 transportation facilities and services. (3) The commission shall consist of 13 members. Three 119 120 members shall be appointed by the Governor, three members shall 121 be appointed by the President of the Senate, and three members 122 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of 123 Representatives. One member shall be the Secretary of 124 Transportation, or the secretary's designee, one member shall be 125 appointed by the Metropolitan Planning Organization Advisory 126 Council, one member shall be appointed by the Florida 127 Association of Counties, Inc., from among its members, and one 128 member shall be appointed by the Florida League of Cities, Inc., 129 from among its members. The membership of the commission must 130 represent transportation organizations, local governments, developers and homebuilders, the business community, the 131 132 environmental community, transportation labor organizations, and 133 other appropriate stakeholders in the transportation system. One 134 member shall be designated by the Governor as chair of the 135 commission. Members shall be appointed to a term that ends upon 136 adjournment sine die of the 2011 regular legislative session. 137 Any vacancy that occurs on the commission shall be filled in the 138 same manner as the original appointment. Members of the commission shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to 139 140 reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061, Florida Statutes, while in performance of their 141 142 duties. (4) The first meeting of the commission shall be held by 143 144 October 1, 2009, and thereafter the commission shall meet at the

145 <u>call of the chair but not less frequently than three times per</u>

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year. Each member of the commission is entitled to one vote, and
actions of the commission are not binding unless taken by a
majority vote of the members present. A majority of the
membership constitutes a quorum at any meeting of the
commission. The commission may adopt its own rules of procedure
and has such other powers as are necessary to complete its
responsibilities.
(5) The Center for Urban Transportation Research at the
University of South Florida shall provide staff and other
resources necessary to assist the commission in accomplishing
its goals. All agencies under the control of the Governor are
directed, and all other federal, state, and local agencies are
requested, to render assistance to, and cooperate with, the
commission.
Section 2. The Department of Transportation shall direct a
study to be conducted and funded by the authority created in
chapter 349, Florida Statutes, for the purpose of recommending
to the Legislature the framework for a regional transportation
authority for the northeast region of Florida, composed of the
following counties and each of the municipalities located
therein: Baker, Clay, Duval, Flagler, Nassau, Putnam, and St.
Johns. The study shall include, at a minimum, the existing
powers and duties of the authority, as well as the additional
powers and duties necessary for the agency to plan, design,
finance, construct, operate, and maintain transportation
facilities providing a safe, adequate, and efficient surface
transportation network for the region, consistent with the
statewide transportation network. In addition, the study shall
address agency revenue sources, governance, coordination of work

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175	plans, and coordination with local comprehensive plans for all
176	transportation facilities of the agency. Recommendations shall
177	be delivered to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the
178	House of Representatives no later than February 1, 2010.
179	Section 3. Funding for the Florida Transportation Revenue
180	Study CommissionThe sum of \$225,000 in federal metropolitan
181	planning funds is appropriated from the State Transportation
182	Trust Fund to the Center for Urban Transportation Research at
183	the University of South Florida for each of the 2009-2010 and
184	2010-2011 fiscal years for the purpose of paying the expenses of
185	staff services and providing other related assistance to the
186	Florida Transportation Revenue Study Commission.
187	Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (12) and
188	paragraph (i) of subsection (16) of section 163.3180, Florida
189	Statutes, are created to read:
190	163.3180 Concurrency
191	(12) <u>(a)</u> A development of regional impact may satisfy the
192	transportation concurrency requirements of the local
193	comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency
194	management system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionate-
195	share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic

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impacts, if:

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1.(a) The development of regional impact which, based on its location or mix of land uses, is designed to encourage 198 199 pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;

200 2.(b) The proportionate-share contribution for local and 201 regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay for 202 one or more required mobility improvements that will benefit a regionally significant transportation facility; 203

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3.(c) The owner and developer of the development of regional impact pays or assures payment of the proportionate-206 share contribution; and

207 4.(d) If the regionally significant transportation facility 208 to be constructed or improved is under the maintenance authority 209 of a governmental entity, as defined by s. 334.03(12), other 210 than the local government with jurisdiction over the development 211 of regional impact, the developer is required to enter into a binding and legally enforceable commitment to transfer funds to 212 213 the governmental entity having maintenance authority or to 214 otherwise assure construction or improvement of the facility.

216 The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to any 217 transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this 218 subsection and the local comprehensive plan, but, for the 219 purposes of this subsection, the amount of the proportionate-220 share contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative 221 number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach 222 roadways during the peak hour from the complete buildout of a 223 stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak 224 hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from 225 construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted 226 level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the 227 time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to 228 maintain the adopted level of service. For purposes of this 229 subsection, "construction cost" includes all associated costs of 230 the improvement. Proportionate-share mitigation shall be limited 231 to ensure that a development of regional impact meeting the 232 requirements of this subsection mitigates its impact on the

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transportation system but is not responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating backlogs. This subsection also applies to Florida Quality Developments pursuant to s. 380.061 and to detailed specific area plans implementing optional sector plans pursuant to s. 163.3245.

238 (b) As used in this subsection, the term "backlog" means a 239 facility or facilities on which the adopted level-of-service standard is exceeded by the existing trips, plus additional 240 241 projected background trips from any source other than the 242 development project under review that are forecast by 243 established traffic standards, including traffic modeling, 244 consistent with the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research medium population projections. Additional 245 246 projected background trips are to be coincident with the particular stage or phase of development under review. 247

(16) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide a method by which the impacts of development on transportation facilities can be mitigated by the cooperative efforts of the public and private sectors. The methodology used to calculate proportionate fair-share mitigation under this section shall be as provided for in subsection (12).

(i) As used in this subsection, the term "backlog" means a
 facility or facilities on which the adopted level-of-service
 standard is exceeded by the existing trips, plus additional
 projected background trips from any source other than the
 development project under review that are forecast by
 established traffic standards, including traffic modeling,
 consistent with the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and

261 Business Research medium population projections. Additional

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262	projected background trips are to be coincident with the
263	particular stage or phase of development under review.
264	Section 5. (1) The Northwest Florida Regional
265	Transportation Planning Organization, an interlocal agency under
266	part I of chapter 163, Florida Statutes, is authorized to study
267	the feasibility of advance-funding the costs of capacity
268	projects in its member counties and making recommendations to
269	the Legislature by February 1, 2010. The Department of
270	Transportation may assist the organization in conducting the
271	study.
272	(2) Results of any study authorized by this section shall
273	be provided to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the
274	Speaker of the House of Representatives, the department, any
275	metropolitan planning organization in any county served by the
276	organization, and the counties served by the organization and
277	shall discuss the financial feasibility of advance-funding the
278	costs of capacity projects in the Northwest Florida Regional
279	Transportation Planning Organization's member counties. The
280	study must be based on the following assumptions:
281	(a) Any advanced projects must be consistent with the
282	Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning
283	Organization's 5-year plan and the department's work program.
284	(b) Any bonds shall have a maturity not to exceed 30 years.
285	(c) A maximum of 25 percent of the department's capacity
286	funds allocated annually to the counties served by the Northwest
287	Florida Regional Transportation Planning Organization may be
288	used to pay debt service on the bonds.
289	(d) Bond proceeds may only be used for the following
290	components of a construction project on a state road: planning,

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291	engineering, design, right-of-way acquisition, and construction.
292	(e) The cost of the projects must be balanced with the
293	proceeds available from the bonds.
294	(f) The department shall have final approval of the
295	projects financed through the sale of bonds.
296	(3) The study shall contain:
297	(a) An analysis of the financial feasibility of advancing
298	capacity projects in the Northwest Florida Regional
299	Transportation Planning Organization's member counties.
300	(b) A long-range, cost-feasible finance plan that
301	identifies the project cost, revenues by source, financing,
302	major assumptions, and a total cash flow analysis beginning with
303	implementation of the project and extending through final
304	completion of the project.
305	(c) A tentative list of capacity projects and the priority
306	in which they would be advanced. These projects must be
307	consistent with the criteria in s. 339.135(2)(b), Florida
308	Statutes.
309	(d) A 5-year work program of the projects to be advanced.
310	This program must be consistent with chapter 339, Florida
311	Statutes.
312	(e) A report of any statutory changes, including a draft
313	bill, needed to give the Northwest Florida Regional
314	Transportation Planning Organization the ability to advance
315	construction projects. The draft bill language shall address, at
316	<u>a minimum:</u>
317	1. Developing a list of road projects to be advanced,
318	consistent with the organization's 5-year plan.
319	2. Giving the department the authority to review projects

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320	to determine consistency with its current work program.
321	3. Giving the organization the authority to issue bonds
322	with a maturity of not greater than 30 years.
323	4. Requiring proceeds of the bonds to be delivered to the
324	department to pay the cost of completing the projects.
325	5. Requiring the road projects to be consistent with the
326	organization's 5-year plan.
327	6. Permitting any participating county to elect to
328	undertake responsibility for the payment of a portion of the
329	cost of any project in the county pursuant to an agreement with
330	the organization and the department.
331	7. Providing that, in each year that the bonds are
332	outstanding, no more than 25 percent of the state transportation
333	funds appropriated for capacity projects advanced pursuant to
334	the terms of this section and within the area of operation of
335	the organization shall be paid over to the organization for the
336	purpose of paying debt service on bonds the organization issued
337	for such capacity projects. Such payments shall be made in lieu
338	of programming any new projects in the work program.
339	8. In the event that the capacity funds allocated to the
340	member counties of the organization are less than the amount
341	needed to satisfy the payment requirements under the contract,
342	the department shall defer the funded capacity on any other
343	projects in the member counties of the organization to the
344	extent necessary to make up such deficiency, so as to enable the
345	organization to make the required debt service payments on the
346	bonds or to replenish the reserves established for the bonds
347	which may have been used to make up such deficiency. Under no
348	circumstances shall the department provide any funds for these

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349 capacity projects in excess of the amount that would be allocated to the member counties pursuant to statutory formula 350 351 and legislative appropriation. 352 9. Providing that the bonds shall state on their face that 353 they do not constitute a pledge of the full faith or taxing 354 power of the state, and no holder of any bond shall have the 355 right to compel payment of the bonds from any funds of the 356 state, other than amounts required to be paid to the 357 organization under the contract. The bonds shall be limited and 358 special obligations payable solely from the sources described 359 herein. 360 10. Establishing such other terms and provisions as may be 361 deemed reasonable and necessary to enable the organization to 362 market the bonds at the most advantageous rates possible. 363 (4) The Legislature may authorize the implementation of the Northwest Florida Regional Transportation Planning 364 365 Organization's study after a satisfactory showing that these 366 prerequisites have been met and that any source of funding for 367 any bonds to be issued has been approved by the Department of 368 Transportation. 369 Section 6. Subsection (5) of section 316.535, Florida 370 Statutes, is amended to read: 371 316.535 Maximum weights.-372 (5) With respect to those highways not in the Interstate 373 Highway System, in all cases in which it exceeds state law in 374 effect on January 4, 1975, the overall gross weight on the 375 vehicle or combination of vehicles, including all enforcement 376 tolerances, shall be as determined by the following formula: 377

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378	$W = 500 ((LN \div (N-1)) + 12N + 36)$
379	
380	where W = overall gross weight of the vehicle to the nearest 500
381	pounds; L = distance in feet between the extreme of the external
382	axles; and N = number of axles on the vehicle. However, such
383	overall gross weight of any vehicle or combination of vehicles
384	may not exceed 80,000 pounds including all enforcement
385	tolerances. The scale tolerance provided in s. 316.545(2) shall
386	be applicable to all weight limitations of this subsection,
387	except when a vehicle exceeds the posted weight limit on a road
388	or bridge. The scale tolerance provided in s. 316.545(2) shall
389	not apply to cranes. Fines for violations of the total gross
390	weight limitations provided for in this subsection shall be
391	based on the amount by which the actual weight of the vehicle
392	and load exceeds the allowable maximum weight determined under
393	this subsection plus the scale tolerance provided in s.
394	316.545(2).
395	Section 7. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 339.2818,
396	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
397	339.2818 Small County Outreach Program
398	(1) There is created within the Department of
399	Transportation the Small County Outreach Program. The purpose of
400	this program is to assist small county governments in <u>repairing</u>
401	or rehabilitating county bridges, paving unpaved roads,
402	addressing road-related drainage improvements, resurfacing or
403	reconstructing county roads or in constructing capacity or
404	safety improvements to county roads.
405	(4)(a) Small counties shall be eligible to compete for
406	funds that have been designated for the Small County Outreach

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Program for projects on county roads. The department shall fund 75 percent of the cost of projects on county roads funded under the program. (b) In determining a county's eligibility for assistance under this program, the department may consider whether the county has attempted to keep county roads in satisfactory condition which may be evidenced through an established pavement management plan. (c) The following criteria shall be used to prioritize road projects for funding under the program: 1. The primary criterion is the physical condition of the road as measured by the department. 2. As secondary criteria the department may consider: a. Whether a road is used as an evacuation route. b. Whether a road has high levels of agricultural travel. c. Whether a road is considered a major arterial route. d. Whether a road is considered a feeder road. e. Information as evidenced to the department through an established pavement management plan. f.e. Other criteria related to the impact of a project on the public road system or on the state or local economy as determined by the department. Section 8. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 316.545, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 316.545 Weight and load unlawful; special fuel and motor fuel tax enforcement; inspection; penalty; review.-(2) (a) Whenever an officer, upon weighing a vehicle or combination of vehicles with load, determines that the axle weight or gross weight is unlawful, the officer may require the

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436 driver to stop the vehicle in a suitable place and remain 437 standing until a determination can be made as to the amount of 438 weight thereon and, if overloaded, the amount of penalty to be 439 assessed as provided herein. However, any gross weight over and 440 beyond 6,000 pounds beyond the maximum herein set shall be 441 unloaded and all material so unloaded shall be cared for by the 442 owner or operator of the vehicle at the risk of such owner or 443 operator. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, to 444 facilitate compliance with and enforcement of the weight limits 445 established in s. 316.535, weight tables published pursuant to 446 s. 316.535(7) shall include a 10-percent scale tolerance and 447 shall thereby reflect the maximum scaled weights allowed any 448 vehicle or combination of vehicles. As used in this section, 449 scale tolerance means the allowable deviation from legal weights 450 established in s. 316.535. Notwithstanding any other provision 451 of the weight law, if a vehicle or combination of vehicles does 452 not exceed the gross, external bridge, or internal bridge weight 453 limits imposed in s. 316.535 and the driver of such vehicle or 454 combination of vehicles can comply with the requirements of this 455 chapter by shifting or equalizing the load on all wheels or 456 axles and does so when requested by the proper authority, the 457 driver shall not be held to be operating in violation of said 458 weight limits. Any vehicle or combination of vehicles which 459 exceed the gross, or external bridge weight limits imposed in 460 ss. 316.535(3), 316.535(4), or 316.535(6) over and beyond 6000 461 pounds shall be unloaded and all material so unloaded shall be 462 cared for by the owner or operator of the vehicle at the risk of 463 such owner or operator. Any vehicle or combination of vehicles which exceed the gross, or external bridge weight limits imposed 464

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465	in s. 316.535(5) shall be unloaded and all material so unloaded
466	shall be cared for by the owner or operator of the vehicle at
467	risk of such owner or operator.
468	(3) Any person who violates the overloading provisions of
469	this chapter shall be conclusively presumed to have damaged the
470	highways of this state by reason of such overloading, which
471	damage is hereby fixed as follows:
472	(a) When the excess weight is 200 pounds or less than the
473	maximum herein provided, the penalty shall be \$10;
474	(b) Five cents per pound for each pound of weight in excess
475	of the maximum herein provided when the excess weight exceeds
476	200 pounds. However, whenever the gross weight of the vehicle or
477	combination of vehicles does not exceed the maximum allowable
478	gross weight, the maximum fine for the first 600 pounds of
478 479	gross weight, the maximum fine for the first 600 pounds of unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;
479	unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;
479 480	unlawful axle weight shall be \$10; (c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idle-
479 480 481	unlawful axle weight shall be \$10; (c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idle- reduction technology, any penalty shall be calculated by
479 480 481 482	<pre>unlawful axle weight shall be \$10; (c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idle- reduction technology, any penalty shall be calculated by reducing the actual gross vehicle weight or the internal bridge</pre>
479 480 481 482 483	<pre>unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;</pre>
479 480 481 482 483 484	<pre>unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;</pre>
479 480 481 482 483 484 485	<pre>unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;</pre>
479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486	unlawful axle weight shall be \$10; (c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idle- reduction technology, any penalty shall be calculated by reducing the actual gross vehicle weight or the internal bridge weight by the certified weight of the idle-reduction technology or by 400 pounds, whichever is less. The vehicle operator must present written certification of the weight of the idle- reduction technology and must demonstrate or certify that the
479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487	<pre>unlawful axle weight shall be \$10; (c) For a vehicle equipped with fully functional idle- reduction technology, any penalty shall be calculated by reducing the actual gross vehicle weight or the internal bridge weight by the certified weight of the idle-reduction technology or by 400 pounds, whichever is less. The vehicle operator must present written certification of the weight of the idle- reduction technology and must demonstrate or certify that the idle-reduction technology is fully functional at all times. This</pre>
479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488	<pre>unlawful axle weight shall be \$10;</pre>

491 320.01, operating on the highways of this state without being 492 properly licensed and registered shall be subject to the 493 penalties as herein provided; and

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494 (e) (d) Vehicles operating on the highways of this state 495 from nonmember International Registration Plan jurisdictions 496 which are not in compliance with the provisions of s. 316.605 497 shall be subject to the penalties as herein provided. 498 Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 499 334.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 500 334.30 Public-private transportation facilities.-The 501 Legislature finds and declares that there is a public need for 502 the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation 503 facilities for the purpose of traveling within the state, and 504 that it is in the public's interest to provide for the 505 construction of additional safe, convenient, and economical 506 transportation facilities. 507 (2) Agreements entered into pursuant to this section may 508 authorize the private entity to impose tolls or fares for the 509 use of the facility. The following provisions shall apply to 510 such agreements: 511 (a) With the exception of the Florida Turnpike System, the 512 department may lease existing toll facilities through public-513 private partnerships, subject to approval by the Legislature. 514 The public-private partnership agreement must ensure that the 515 transportation facility is properly operated, maintained, and 516 renewed in accordance with department standards. Section 10. Subsection (26) of section 334.044, Florida 517 Statutes, is amended to read: 518 519 334.044 Department; powers and duties.-The department shall 520 have the following general powers and duties: 521 (26) To provide for the enhancement of environmental 522 benefits, including air and water quality, to prevent roadside

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523 erosion, to conserve the conservation of natural roadside growth 524 and scenery and for the implementation and maintenance of 525 roadside conservation, enhancement, and stabilization 526 beautification programs, and no less than 1.5 percent of the 527 amount contracted for construction projects shall be allocated 528 by the department to beautification programs. Except where 529 prohibited by federal law or federal regulation and to the 530 greatest extent practical, a minimum of 50 percent of these 531 funds shall be used to purchase large plant materials with the 532 remaining funds for other plant materials. All such plant 533 materials shall be purchased from commercial nursery Florida-534 based nurseryman stock in this state on a uniform competitive 535 bid basis. The department will develop grades and standards for 536 landscaping materials purchased through this process. To accomplish these activities, the department may contract with 537 538 nonprofit organizations having the primary purpose of developing 539 youth employment opportunities.

540 Section 11. Subsection (5) of section 339.62, Florida 541 Statutes, is amended to read:

542 339.62 System components.—The Strategic Intermodal System 543 shall consist of appropriate components of:

(5) Selected intermodal facilities; passenger and freight
terminals; <u>intermodal logistics centers owned, leased, or</u>
<u>operated by seaports</u> and appropriate components of the State
Highway System, county road system, city street system, inland
waterways, and local public transit systems that serve as
existing or planned connectors between the components listed in
subsections (1)-(4).

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Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection

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(4) of section 339.63, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 339.63 System facilities designated; additions and deletions.-

(2) The Strategic Intermodal System and the Emerging Strategic Intermodal System include three different types of facilities that each form one component of an interconnected transportation system which types include:

(a) Existing or planned hubs that are ports and terminals
including airports, seaports, spaceports, passenger terminals,
and rail terminals, and intermodal logistics centers owned,
leased, or operated by a seaport serving to move goods or people
between Florida regions or between Florida and other markets in
the United States and the rest of the world;

565 (4) After the initial designation of the Strategic Intermodal System under subsection (1), the department shall, in 566 567 coordination with the metropolitan planning organizations, local 568 governments, regional planning councils, transportation 569 providers, and affected public agencies, add facilities to or 570 delete facilities from the Strategic Intermodal System described 571 in paragraph (2)(a) based upon criteria adopted by the 572 department. However, an airport that is designated as a reliever 573 airport to a Strategic Intermodal System airport which has at 574 least 75,000 itinerant operations per year, has a runway length of at least 5,500 linear feet, is capable of handling aircraft 575 576 weighing at least 60,000 pounds with a dual wheel configuration 577 which is served by at least one precision instrument approach, 578 and serves a cluster of aviation-dependent industries, shall be 579 designated as part of the Strategic Intermodal System by the 580 Secretary of Transportation upon the request of a reliever

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581	airport meeting this criteria. An intermodal logistics center
582	under s. 339.62(5) that is owned, leased, or operated by an
583	existing designated Strategic Intermodal System facility shall
584	be considered part of that facility and shall be designated as
585	part of the Strategic Intermodal System by the Secretary of
586	Transportation upon the request of the seaport.
587	Section 13. Affordable housing developments; exemption from
588	concurrency requirementsAffordable housing developments that
589	are proposed to serve residents who have incomes at or below 60
590	percent of the median income of the area and that will be
591	located on arterial roadways served by public transit are exempt
592	from transportation concurrency requirements.
593	Section 14. Subsection (6) of section 316.1895, Florida
594	Statutes, is amended to read:
595	316.1895 Establishment of school speed zones, enforcement;
596	designation
597	(6) Permanent signs designating school zones and school
598	zone speed limits shall be uniform in size and color, and shall
599	have the times during which the restrictive speed limit is
600	enforced clearly designated thereon. Flashing beacons activated
601	by a time clock, or other automatic device, or manually
602	activated may be used as an alternative to posting the times
603	during which the restrictive school speed limit is enforced.
604	Beginning July 1, 2008, for any newly established school zone or
605	any school zone in which the signing has been replaced, a sign
606	stating "Speeding Fines Doubled" shall be installed within <u>or in</u>
607	advance of the school zone. The Department of Transportation
608	shall establish adequate standards for the signs and flashing
609	beacons.

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610 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 338.01, Florida 611 Statutes, is amended to read: 612 338.01 Authority to establish and regulate limited access facilities.-613 614 (1) The transportation and expressway authorities of the 615 state, counties, and municipalities, referred to in this chapter 616 as "authorities," acting alone or in cooperation with each other 617 or with any federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency of any other state that is authorized to construct 618 619 highways, are authorized to provide limited access facilities 620 for public use. Any of the authorities may construct a limited 621 access highway as a new facility or may designate an existing 622 street or highway as included within a limited access facility. 623 However: -624 (a) If the limited access facility is entirely located 625 within an incorporated municipality, such authority is subject 626 to municipal consent; except that such consent is not necessary 627 when such limited access facility is part of the interstate 628 system. 629 (b) Neither the construction of a new toll facility nor the 630 imposition of a toll on an existing state highway system 631 facility may eliminate a non-tolled alternative within the 632 corridor serving similar origins and destinations. 633 Section 16. Ronshay Dugans Act.-The first week of 634 September is designated as "Drowsy Driving Prevention Week" in 635 this state. During Drowsy Driving Prevention Week, the 636 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the 637 Department of Transportation are encouraged to educate the law 638 enforcement community and the public about the relationship

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639	between fatigue and performance and the research showing fatigue
640	to be as much of an impairment as alcohol and as dangerous
641	behind the wheel. This section may be cited as the "Ronshay
642	Dugans Act."
643	Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 337.401, Florida
644	Statutes, is amended to read:
645	337.401 Use of right-of-way for utilities subject to
646	regulation; permit; fees
647	(1) (a) The department and local governmental entities,
648	referred to in ss. 337.401-337.404 as the "authority," that have
649	jurisdiction and control of public roads or publicly owned rail
650	corridors are authorized to prescribe and enforce reasonable
651	rules or regulations with reference to the placing and
652	maintaining along, across, or on any road or publicly owned rail
653	corridors under their respective jurisdictions any electric
654	transmission, telephone, telegraph, or other communications
655	services lines; pole lines; poles; railways; ditches; sewers;
656	water, heat, or gas mains; pipelines; fences; gasoline tanks and
657	pumps; or other structures referred to in this section as the
658	"utility." For aerial and underground electric utility
659	transmission lines designed to operate at 69 or more kilovolts
660	that are needed to accommodate the additional electrical
661	transfer capacity on the transmission grid resulting from new
662	base-load generating facilities, where there is no other
663	practicable alternative available for placement of the electric
664	utility transmission lines on the department's rights-of-way,
665	the department's rules shall provide for placement of and access
666	to such transmission lines adjacent to and within the right-of-
667	way of any department-controlled public roads, including

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longitudinally within limited access facilities to the greatest 668 669 extent allowed by federal law, if compliance with the standards established by such rules is achieved. Such rules may include, 670 but need not be limited to, that the use of the right-of-way is 671 672 reasonable based upon a consideration of economic and 673 environmental factors, including, without limitation, other 674 practicable alternative alignments, utility corridors and 675 easements, impacts on adjacent property owners, and minimum clear zones and other safety standards, and further provide that 676 677 placement of the electric utility transmission lines within the 678 department's right-of-way does not interfere with operational 679 requirements of the transportation facility or planned or 680 potential future expansion of such transportation facility. If 681 the department approves longitudinal placement of electric 682 utility transmission lines in limited access facilities, compensation for the use of the right-of-way is required. Such 683 684 consideration or compensation paid by the electric utility in 685 connection with the department's issuance of a permit does not 686 create any property right in the department's property 687 regardless of the amount of consideration paid or the 688 improvements constructed on the property by the utility. Upon 689 notice by the department that the property is needed for 690 expansion or improvement of the transportation facility, the 691 electric utility transmission line will relocate from the 692 facility at the electric utility's sole expense. The electric 693 utility shall pay to the department reasonable damages resulting 694 from the utility's failure or refusal to timely relocate its transmission lines. The rules to be adopted by the department 695 696 may also address the compensation methodology and relocation. As

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697 used in this subsection, the term "base-load generating 698 facilities" means electric power plants that are certified under 699 part II of chapter 403. The department may enter into a permit-700 delegation agreement with a governmental entity if issuance of a 701 permit is based on requirements that the department finds will 702 ensure the safety and integrity of facilities of the Department 703 of Transportation; however, the permit-delegation agreement does 704 not apply to facilities of electric utilities as defined in s. 705 366.02(2). 706 (b) For aerial and underground electric utility 707 transmission lines designed to operate at 69 or more kilovolts 708 that are needed to accommodate the additional electrical transfer capacity on the transmission grid resulting from new 709 710 base-load generating facilities, the department's rules shall 711 provide for placement of and access to such transmission lines 712 adjacent to and within the right-of-way of any department-713 controlled public roads, including longitudinally within limited 714 access facilities where there is no other practicable 715 alternative available, to the greatest extent allowed by federal 716 law, if compliance with the standards established by such rules 717 is achieved. Such rules may include, but need not be limited to, 718 that the use of the limited access right-of-way for longitudinal 719 placement of electric utility transmission lines is reasonable 720 based upon a consideration of economic and environmental 721 factors, including, without limitation, other practicable 722 alternative alignments, utility corridors and easements, impacts 723 on adjacent property owners, and minimum clear zones and other 724 safety standards, and further provide that placement of the 725 electric utility transmission lines within the department's

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726	right-of-way does not interfere with operational requirements of
727	the transportation facility or planned or potential future
728	expansion of such transportation facility. If the department
729	approves longitudinal placement of electric utility transmission
730	lines in limited access facilities, compensation for the use of
731	the right-of-way is required. Such consideration or compensation
732	paid by the electric utility in connection with the department's
733	issuance of a permit does not create any property right in the
734	department's property regardless of the amount of consideration
735	paid or the improvements constructed on the property by the
736	utility. Upon notice by the department that the property is
737	needed for expansion or improvement of the transportation
738	facility, the electric utility transmission line will relocate
739	at the electric utility's sole expense. The electric utility
740	shall pay to the department reasonable damages resulting from
741	the utility's failure or refusal to timely relocate its
742	transmission lines. The rules to be adopted by the department
743	may also address the compensation methodology and relocation. As
744	used in this subsection, the term "base-load generating
745	facilities" means electric power plants that are certified under
746	part II of chapter 403.
747	Section 18. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
748	348.0003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
749	348.0003 Expressway authority; formation; membership
750	(4)
751	(c) Members of <u>each expressway</u> an authority, transportation
752	authority, bridge authority, or toll authority created pursuant
753	to this chapter, chapter 343, chapter 349, or any other law
754	shall be required to comply with the applicable financial
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755	disclosure requirements of s. 8, Art. II of the State
756	Constitution. However, members of such authorities, other than
757	expressway authorities, are subject only to the requirements of
758	this paragraph and not to any other provision of this part.
759	Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section
760	348.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
761	348.0004 Purposes and powers
762	(9) The Legislature declares that there is a public need
763	for the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation
764	facilities for traveling within the state and that it is in the
765	public's interest to provide for public-private partnership
766	agreements to effectuate the construction of additional safe,
767	convenient, and economical transportation facilities.
768	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Florida
769	Expressway Authority Act, any expressway authority,
770	transportation authority, bridge authority, or toll authority
771	may receive or solicit proposals and enter into agreements with
772	private entities, or consortia thereof, for the building,
773	operation, ownership, or financing of authority transportation
774	facilities, subject to the approval of the Legislature, for any
775	existing facility or new transportation facilities within the
776	jurisdiction of the authority which increase transportation
777	capacity. An authority may not sell or lease any transportation
778	facility owned by the authority, without providing the analysis
779	required in s. 334.30(6)(e)2. to the Legislative Budget
780	Commission created pursuant to s. 11.90 for review and approval
781	prior to awarding a contract on a lease of an existing toll
782	facility. An authority is authorized to adopt rules to implement
783	this subsection and shall, by rule, establish an application fee

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784 for the submission of unsolicited proposals under this 785 subsection. The fee must be sufficient to pay the costs of 786 evaluating the proposals. An authority may engage private 787 consultants to assist in the evaluation. Before approval, an authority must determine that a proposed project: 788 789 1. Is in the public's best interest. 790 2. Would not require state funds to be used unless the 791 project is on or provides increased mobility on the State 792 Highway System. 793 3. Would have adequate safeguards to ensure that no 794 additional costs or service disruptions would be realized by the 795 traveling public and residents of the state in the event of 796 default or the cancellation of the agreement by the authority. 797 4. Would have adequate safeguards in place to ensure that the department, the authority, or the private entity has the 798 799 opportunity to add capacity to the proposed project and other 800 transportation facilities serving similar origins and 801 destinations. 802 5. Would be owned by the authority upon completion or 803 termination of the agreement. 804 Section 20. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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