

Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Regulated Industries

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to construction contracting; amending s. 489.103, F.S.; requiring that owners of property acting as their own contractor and providing direct, onsite supervision of all work not performed by licensed contractors read and sign a disclosure statement before a permit is issued; requiring that the disclosure statement contain certain statements and provisions; amending ss. 489.128 and 489.532, F.S.; providing that certain individuals or business organizations may not be considered unlicensed for failure to have a required local jurisdiction license; providing for retroactive application; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 489.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.103 Exemptions.—This part does not apply to:

- (7) Owners of property when acting as their own contractor and providing direct, onsite supervision themselves of all work not performed by licensed contractors:
- (a) When building or improving farm outbuildings or onefamily or two-family residences on such property for the occupancy or use of such owners and not offered for sale or lease, or building or improving commercial buildings, at a cost



not to exceed \$75,000, on such property for the occupancy or use of such owners and not offered for sale or lease. In an action brought under this part, proof of the sale or lease, or offering for sale or lease, of any such structure by the owner-builder within 1 year after completion of same creates a presumption that the construction was undertaken for purposes of sale or lease.

(b) When repairing or replacing wood shakes or asphalt or fiberglass shingles on one-family, two-family, or three-family residences for the occupancy or use of such owner or tenant of the owner and not offered for sale within 1 year after completion of the work and when the property has been damaged by natural causes from an event recognized as an emergency situation in an <del>designated by</del> executive order issued by the Governor declaring the existence of a state of emergency as a result and consequence of a serious threat posed to the public health, safety, and property in this state.

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This subsection does not exempt any person who is employed by or has a contract with such owner and who acts in the capacity of a contractor. The owner may not delegate the owner's responsibility to directly supervise all work to any other person unless that person is registered or certified under this part and the work being performed is within the scope of that person's license. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "owners of property" includes the owner of a mobile home situated on a leased lot. To qualify for exemption under this subsection, an owner must personally appear and sign the building permit application and must satisfy local permitting



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agency requirements, if any, proving that the owner has a complete understanding of the owner's obligations under the law as specified in the disclosure statement in this section. If any person violates the requirements of this subsection, the local permitting agency shall withhold final approval, revoke the permit, or pursue any action or remedy for unlicensed activity against the owner and any person performing work that requires licensure under the permit issued. The local permitting agency shall provide the person with a disclosure statement, which shall be read and signed by the property owner or owner-builder, in substantially the following form:

- 1. I understand that state law requires construction to be done by licensed contractors and I have applied for an ownerbuilder permit under an exemption to that law. The exemption provides that I, as the owner of the property listed, may act as my own contractor with certain restrictions even though I do not have a license.
- 2. I understand that building permits are not required to be signed by a property owner unless the owner is responsible for the construction and is not hiring a licensed contractor to assume this responsibility.
- 3. I understand that as an owner-builder, I am the responsible party of record on the permit. I understand that I may protect myself from potential financial risk by hiring a licensed contractor and having the permit filed in his or her name instead of my own. I also understand that contractors are required by law to be licensed in Florida and to list their



license numbers on permits and contracts.

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4. I understand that I may build or improve a one-family or two-family residence or a farm outbuilding. I may also build or improve a commercial building if costs do not exceed \$75,000. The commercial building or residence that I improve must be for my own occupancy. I understand that I may not build or substantially improve a building for sale or lease. If a building I have built or substantially improved myself is sold or leased within 1 year after the date on which construction is complete, the law will presume that I built or substantially improved it for sale or lease, which is a violation of this exemption. I may repair or replace wood shakes or asphalt or fiberglass shingles on a one-family, two-family, or three-family residence for myself or my tenant's occupancy or use only if the property has been damaged by natural causes from an event recognized as an emergency situation in an executive order issued by the Governor declaring a state of emergency.

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5. I understand that, as the owner-builder, I must provide direct, onsite supervision of the construction.

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6. I understand that I may not hire an unlicensed person to act as my contractor or to supervise people working on my building. It is my responsibility to make certain that people I employ have the licenses required by state law or by county or municipal licensing ordinances.

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7. I understand that a frequent practice of unlicensed



persons is to have the property owner obtain an owner-builder permit that erroneously implies that the property owner is providing his or her own labor and materials. I, as an ownerbuilder, may be held liable and subject to serious financial risk for any injuries sustained by an unlicensed person and his or her employees while working on my property. My homeowner's or business insurance may not provide coverage for those injuries. I am willfully acting as an owner-builder and am aware of the limits of my insurance coverage for injuries to workers on my property.

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8. I understand that I may not delegate the responsibility for supervising work to a licensed contractor who is not licensed to perform the work being done. Any person working on my residence or building who is not licensed must work under my direct supervision and must be employed by me, which means that I must deduct FICA contributions and withholding tax and provide workers' compensation for that employee, all as prescribed by law. I understand my failure to abide by these laws may subject

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9. I agree that, as the party legally and financially responsible for this proposed construction activity, I will abide by all applicable laws and requirements that govern ownerbuilders as well as employers. I also understand that the construction must comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, building codes, and zoning regulations.

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10. I understand that I may obtain more information

me to serious financial risk.



regarding my obligations as an employer from the Internal Revenue Service, the United States Small Business Administration, the Florida Department of Financial Services, and the Florida Department of Revenue. I also understand I may contact the Florida Construction Industry Licensing Board (CILB) at 850-487-1395 or www.myflorida.com/dbpr/pro/cilb/index.html for more information about licensed contractors.

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11. I am aware of and consent to an owner-builder building permit applied for in my name, and understand that I am the party legally and financially responsible for proposed construction activity at the following address:

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... (Address of location of construction activity) ...

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12. I agree to notify the issuer of this form immediately of any additions, deletions, or changes to any of the information I have provided on this form.

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Licensed contractors are regulated by laws designed to protect the public. If you contract with someone who does not have a license, the Construction Industry Licensing Board and Department of Business and Professional Regulation may be unable to assist you with any financial loss you may sustain as a result of a complaint. Your only remedy against unlicensed contractors may be in civil court. It is also important for you to understand that if an unlicensed contractor, or the unlicensed contractor's employee, is injured while working on your property, you may be held liable for damages. If you obtain



an owner-builder permit and wish to hire licensed contractors, you will be responsible for verifying that the contractors are properly licensed and have the required workers' compensation insurance coverage.

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Before a building permit is issued, this form must be completed and signed by the property owner and returned to the local permitting agency responsible for issuing the permit. A copy of the property owner's driver's license, form notarization, or other verification acceptable to the local permitting agency is required to be presented when the permit is

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...(Signature of property owner)...

issued to verify the property owner's signature.

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...(Name of property owner)...

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State law requires construction to be done by licensed contractors. You have applied for a permit under an exemption to that law. The exemption allows you, as the owner of your property, to act as your own contractor with certain restrictions even though you do not have a license. You must provide direct, onsite supervision of the construction yourself. You may build or improve a one-family or two-family residence or a farm outbuilding. You may also build or improve a commercial building, provided your costs do not exceed \$75,000. The

Disclosure Statement



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building or residence must be for your own use or occupancy. It may not be built or substantially improved for sale or lease. If you sell or lease a building you have built or substantially improved yourself within 1 year after the construction is complete, the law will presume that you built or substantially improved it for sale or lease, which is a violation of this exemption. You may not hire an unlicensed person to act as your contractor or to supervise people working on your building. It is your responsibility to make sure that people employed by you have licenses required by state law and by county or municipal licensing ordinances. You may not delegate the responsibility for supervising work to a licensed contractor who is not licensed to perform the work being done. Any person working on your building who is not licensed must work under your direct supervision and must be employed by you, which means that you must deduct F.I.C.A. and withholding tax and provide workers' compensation for that employee, all as prescribed by law. Your construction must comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, building codes, and zoning regulations.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 489.128, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.128 Contracts entered into by unlicensed contractors unenforceable.—

- (1) As a matter of public policy, contracts entered into on or after October 1, 1990, by an unlicensed contractor shall be unenforceable in law or in equity by the unlicensed contractor.
- (a) For purposes of this section, an individual is unlicensed if the individual does not have a license required by this part concerning the scope of the work to be performed under



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the contract. A business organization is unlicensed if the business organization does not have a primary or secondary qualifying agent in accordance with this part concerning the scope of the work to be performed under the contract. For purposes of this section, if no state or local license is required for the scope of work to be performed under the contract, the individual performing that work shall not be considered unlicensed.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 489.532, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.532 Contracts entered into by unlicensed contractors unenforceable.-

- (1) As a matter of public policy, contracts entered into on or after October 1, 1990, by an unlicensed contractor shall be unenforceable in law or in equity by the unlicensed contractor.
- (a) For purposes of this section, an individual is unlicensed if the individual does not have a license required by this part concerning the scope of the work to be performed under the contract. A business organization is unlicensed if the business organization does not have a primary or secondary qualifying agent in accordance with this part concerning the scope of the work to be performed under the contract. For purposes of this section, if no state or local license is required for the scope of work to be performed under the contract, the individual performing that work shall not be considered unlicensed.

Section 4. The amendments made by this act to ss. 489.128 and 489.532, Florida Statutes, apply retroactively to contracts entered into on or after October 1, 2000, and apply to all



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actions that are pending on or are filed on or after the effective date of this act.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.