A bill to be entitled
An act relating to student achievement; amending s. 1003.413, F.S.; redefining the term "secondary school" to no longer include an elementary school serving students through grade 6 only; deleting the requirement that the Commissioner of Education create and implement the Secondary School Improvement Award Program; amending s. 1003.4156, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the general requirements for middle grades promotion; providing an exception; amending s. 1003.428, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the general requirements for high school graduation; providing exceptions; amending s. 1003.429, F.S.; updating references to general requirements for high school graduation; revising the credits for certain courses required under the 3-year standard college preparatory program which apply to students who enter grade 9 in the 2009-2010 school year; amending s. 1003.433, F.S.; providing that a student who enters middle school at the eighth grade from out of state or from a foreign country is not required to spend additional time in school to meet the requirements for middle grades promotion under certain circumstances; amending s. 1003.621, F.S.; requiring that the State Board of Education annually designate districts as academically high-performing schools districts if certain criteria are met; revising the information that an academically highperforming school district must include in its annual report to the State Board of Education and the

Legislature; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; providing that concordant scores earned before taking the grade 10 FCAT may not be used to qualify for a standard high school diploma; providing requirements for retake of the assessment for a student who has not earned passing scores on the grade 10 FCAT; deleting provisions relating to concordant scores for the FCAT; amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; revising annual district school board reporting requirements relating to student progress; amending s. 1008.36, F.S.; revising the date for agreement for distribution of Florida School Recognition Program awards; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 1003.413, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.413 Florida Secondary School Redesign Act.--
(1) For purposes of this section, the term "secondary school" means a school that serves secondary schools are schools that primily students in grades 6 through 12. A secondary school does not include an elementary school serving students only through grade 6. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for secondary school redesign so that students promoted from the 8th grade have the necessary academic skills for success in high school and students graduating from high school have the necessary skills for success in the workplace and postsecondary education.

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(5) The Commissioner of Education shall create and implement the Secondary School Improvement Award Program to reward public secondary schools that demonstrate continuous student academic improvement and show the greatest gains in student academic achievement in reading and mathematies.

Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades promotion.--
(1) Beginning with students entering grade 6 in the 20062007 school year, promotion from a school composed of middle grades 6, 7, and 8 requires that:
(a) The student must successfully complete academic courses as follows:

1. Three middle school or higher courses in English. These courses shall emphasize literature, composition, and technical text.
2. Three middle school or higher courses in mathematics. Each middle school must offer at least one high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit.
3. Three middle school or higher courses in social studies, one semester of which must include the study of state and federal government and civics education.
4. Three middle school or higher courses in science.
5. One course in career and education planning to be completed in 7 th or 8 th grade. The course may be taught by any member of the instructional staff; must include career
exploration using Florida CHOICES for the 21st Century or a comparable cost-effective program; must include educational planning using the online student advising system known as Florida Academic Counseling and Tracking for Students at the Internet website FACTS.org; and shall result in the completion of a personalized academic and career plan.

Each school must hold a parent meeting either in the evening or on a weekend to inform parents about the course curriculum and activities. Each student shall complete an electronic personal education plan that must be signed by the student; the student's instructor, guidance counselor, or academic advisor; and the student's parent. By January 1, 2007, The Department of Education shall develop course frameworks and professional development materials for the career exploration and education planning course. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses. The Commissioner of Education shall collect longitudinal high school course enrollment data by student ethnicity in order to analyze course-taking patterns.
(b) For each year in which a student scores at Level l on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading
below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9). A student who scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Reading, but who did not score below Level 3 on FCAT Reading in the prior 3 school years, may be exempt from the requirement in this paragraph if the student demonstrates acceptable performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1003.428, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.428 General requirements for high school graduation; revised.--
(2) The 24 credits may be earned through applied, integrated, and combined courses approved by the Department of Education and shall be distributed as follows:
(b) Eight credits in majors, minors, or electives:

1. Four credits in a major area of interest, such as sequential courses in a career and technical program, fine and performing arts, or academic content area, selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. Students may revise major areas of interest each year as part of annual course registration processes and should update their education plan to reflect such revisions. Annually by October 1, the district school board shall approve major areas of interest and submit the list of majors to the Commissioner of Education for approval. Each major area of interest shall be deemed approved unless specifically rejected by the commissioner within 60 days. Upon approval, each district's major areas of interest
shall be available for use by all school districts and shall be posted on the department's website.
2. Four credits in elective courses selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156. These credits may be combined to allow for a second major area of interest pursuant to subparagraph 1., a minor area of interest, elective courses, or intensive reading or mathematics intervention courses as described in this subparagraph.
a. Minor areas of interest are composed of three credits selected by the student as part of the education plan required by s. 1003.4156 and approved by the district school board.
b. Elective courses are selected by the student in order to pursue a complete education program as described in s. 1001.41(3) and to meet eligibility requirements for scholarships.
c. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 on FCAT Reading, the student must be enrolled in and complete an intensive reading course the following year. Placement of Level 2 readers in either an intensive reading course or a content area course in which reading strategies are delivered shall be determined by diagnosis of reading needs. The department shall provide guidance on appropriate strategies for diagnosing and meeting the varying instructional needs of students reading below grade level. Reading courses shall be designed and offered pursuant to the comprehensive reading plan required by s. 1011.62(9). A student who scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Reading, but who did not score below Level 3 on FCAT Reading in the prior 3 school years, may be exempt from the requirement in
this sub-subparagraph if the student demonstrates acceptable performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education. The requirements in this sub-subparagraph do not apply to a student who has earned a passing score on grade 10 FCAT Reading pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(c) or who has achieved a score on a standardized test which is concordant with a passing score on grade 10 FCAT Reading pursuant to s. 1008.22(10).
d. For each year in which a student scores at Level 1 or Level 2 on FCAT Mathematics, the student must receive remediation the following year. These courses may be taught through applied, integrated, or combined courses and are subject to approval by the department for inclusion in the Course Code Directory. The requirements of this sub-subparagraph do not apply to a student who has earned a passing score on grade 10 FCAT Mathematics pursuant to s. $1008.22(3)(c)$ or who has achieved a score on a standardized test which is concordant with a passing score on grade 10 FCAT Mathematics pursuant to s. 1008.22(10).

Section 4. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 1003.429, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.429 Accelerated high school graduation options.--
(1) Students who enter grade 9 in the 2006-2007 school year and thereafter may select, upon receipt of each consent required by this section, one of the following three high school graduation options:
(a) Completion of the general requirements for high school
graduation pursuant to s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$, as applicable;
(b) Completion of a 3-year standard college preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. At least 6 of the 18 credits required for completion of this program must be received in classes that are offered pursuant to the International Baccalaureate Program, the Advanced Placement Program, dual enrollment, Advanced International Certificate of Education, or specifically listed or identified by the Department of Education as rigorous pursuant to s. 1009.531(3). The 18 credits required for completion of this program shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:

1. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
2. Three credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or higher from the list of courses that qualify for state university admission. Beginning with students who enter grade 9 in the 2009-2010 school year, four credits in mathematics at the Algebra I level or higher from the list of courses that qualify for state university admission;
3. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component;
4. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, one-half credit in American government, and one-half credit in economics;
5. Two credits in the same second language unless the student is a native speaker of or can otherwise demonstrate
competency in a language other than English. If the student demonstrates competency in another language, the student may replace the language requirement with two credits in other academic courses; and
6. Three credits in electives. Beginning with students who enter grade 9 in the 2009-2010 school year, two credits in electives; or
(c) Completion of a 3-year career preparatory program requiring successful completion of a minimum of 18 academic credits in grades 9 through 12. The 18 credits shall be primary requirements and shall be distributed as follows:
7. Four credits in English, with major concentration in composition and literature;
8. Three credits in mathematics, one of which must be Algebra I;
9. Three credits in natural science, two of which must have a laboratory component;
10. Three credits in social sciences, which must include one credit in American history, one credit in world history, one-half credit in American government, and one-half credit in economics;
11. Three credits in a single vocational or career education program, three credits in career and technical certificate dual enrollment courses, or five credits in vocational or career education courses; and
12. Two credits in electives unless five credits are earned pursuant to subparagraph 5.

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Any student who selected an accelerated graduation program before July 1, 2004, may continue that program, and all statutory program requirements that were applicable when the student made the program choice shall remain applicable to the student as long as the student continues that program.
(7) If, at the end of grade 10, a student is not on track to meet the credit, assessment, or grade-point-average requirements of the accelerated graduation option selected, the school shall notify the student and parent of the following:
(c) The right of the student to change to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$, as applicable.
(8) A student who selected one of the accelerated 3-year graduation options shall automatically move to the 4-year program set forth in s. 1003.428 or $s .1003 .43$, as applicable, if the student:
(a) Exercises his or her right to change to the 4 -year program;
(b) Fails to earn 5 credits by the end of grade 9 or fails to earn 11 credits by the end of grade 10;
(c) Does not achieve a score of 3 or higher on the grade 10 FCAT Writing assessment; or
(d) By the end of grade 11 does not meet the requirements of subsections (1) and (6).

Section 5. Section 1003.433, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1003.433 Learning opportunities for out-of-state and out-of-country transfer students and students needing additional instruction to meet middle grades promotion or high school

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graduation requirements.--
(1) Students who enter a Florida public middle school at the eighth grade from out of state or from a foreign country shall not be required to spend additional time in a Florida public school in order to meet the middle grades promotion requirements if the student has met all requirements of the school district, state, or country from which he or she is transferring. Such students who are not proficient in English should receive immediate and intensive instruction in English language acquisition.
(2) (1) Students who enter a Florida public school at the eleventh or twelfth grade from out of state or from a foreign country shall not be required to spend additional time in a Florida public school in order to meet the high school course requirements if the student has met all requirements of the school district, state, or country from which he or she is transferring. Such students who are not proficient in English should receive immediate and intensive instruction in English language acquisition. However, to receive a standard high school diploma, a transfer student must earn a 2.0 grade point average and pass the grade 10 FCAT required in s. 1008.22(3) or an alternate assessment as described in s. 1008.22(10).
(3) (2) Students who have met all requirements for the standard high school diploma except for passage of the grade 10 FCAT or an alternate assessment by the end of grade 12 must be provided the following learning opportunities:
(a) Participation in an accelerated high school equivalency diploma preparation program during the summer.

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(b) Upon receipt of a certificate of completion, be allowed to take the College Placement Test and be admitted to remedial or credit courses at a state community college, as appropriate.
(c) Participation in an adult general education program as provided in s. 1004.93 for such time as the student requires to master English, reading, mathematics, or any other subject required for high school graduation. Students attending adult basic, adult secondary, or vocational-preparatory instruction are exempt from any requirement for the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, pursuant to s. 1009.25. A student attending an adult general education program shall have the opportunity to take the grade 10 FCAT an unlimited number of times in order to receive a standard high school diploma.
(4)(3) Students who have been enrolled in an ESOL program for less than 2 school years and have met all requirements for the standard high school diploma except for passage of the grade 10 FCAT or alternate assessment may receive immersion English language instruction during the summer following their senior year. Students receiving such instruction are eligible to take the FCAT or alternate assessment and receive a standard high school diploma upon passage of the grade 10 FCAT or the alternate assessment. This subsection shall be implemented to the extent funding is provided in the General Appropriations Act.
(5)(4) The district school superintendent shall be responsible for notifying all students of the consequences of failure to receive a standard high school diploma, including the
potential ineligibility for financial assistance at postsecondary educational institutions.
(6)(5) The State Board of Education may adopt rules pursuant to ss. $120.536(1)$ and 120.54 to administer this section.

Section 6. Subsection (1) and paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 1003.621, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1003.621 Academically high-performing school districts.--It is the intent of the Legislature to recognize and reward school districts that demonstrate the ability to consistently maintain or improve their high-performing status. The purpose of this section is to provide high-performing school districts with flexibility in meeting the specific requirements in statute and rules of the State Board of Education.
(1) ACADEMICALLY HIGH-PERFORMING SCHOOL DISTRICT.--
(a) The State Board of Education shall annually designate a school district as is an academically high-performing school district if the district it meets the following criteria:
1.a. Beginning with the 2004-2005 school year, earns a grade of "A" under s. 1008.34(7) for 2 consecutive years; and
b. Has no district-operated school that earns a grade of "F" under s. 1008.34;
2. Complies with all class size requirements in s. 1, Art. IX of the State Constitution and s. 1003.03; and
3. Has no material weaknesses or instances of material noncompliance noted in the annual financial audit conducted pursuant to s. 218.39.
(b) Each school district that satisfies the eligibility

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eriteria in this subsection shall be designated by The State Board of Education shall designate a school district as an academically high-performing school district at the next State Board of Education meeting occurring on or after February 1 of each year. The designation is effective beginning with the following school year and remains effective through the entire school year. With the exception of the statutes listed in subsection (2), upon designation as an academically highperforming school district, each such district is exempt from the provisions in chapters 1000-1013 which pertain to school districts and rules of the State Board of Education which implement these exempt provisions. This exemption remains in effect during the time of the designation if the district eontinues to mect all cligibility criteria.
(c) The academically high-performing school district shall retain the designation as a high-performing school district for 3 years, at the end of which time the district may renew the designation if the district meets the requirements in this section. A school district that fails to mect the requirements in this section shall provide written notification to the State Board of Fducation that the district is no longer cligible to be designated as an academically high-performing school district.
(c) (d) In order to annually maintain the designation as an academically high-performing school district pursuant to this section, a school district must meet the following requirements:

1. Comply with the provisions of sub-subparagraph (a) 1.b. and subparagraphs(a)2. and 3.; and
2. Earn a grade of "A" under s. 1008.34(7) for 2 years

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. within a 3-year period.

However, a district in which a district-operated school carns a grade of "F" under $s .1008 .34$ during the 3 -year period may not eontinue to be designated as an academically high-pexforming school district during the remainder of that 3-year period. The district must mect the criteria in paragraph (a) in order to be redesignated as an academically high-performing school district.
(4) REPORTS.--The academically high-performing school district shall submit to the State Board of Education and the Legislature an annual report on December 1 which delineates the performance of the school district relative to the academic performance of students at each grade level in reading, writing, mathematics, science, and any other subject that is included as a part of the statewide assessment program in s. 1008.22. The annual report shall be submitted in a format prescribed by the Department of Education and shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:
(f) A description of each statute and rule that the district did not comply with pursuant to paragraph (1)(b) and the effect that the exemption had upon the district's ability to consistently maintain or improve its high-performing status waver and the status of each waiver.

Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (10) of section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.--
(3) STATEWIDE ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.--The commissioner shall Page 15 of 25

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design and implement a statewide program of educational assessment that provides information for the improvement of the operation and management of the public schools, including schools operating for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the continued administration of the assessment, testing, and evaluation programs authorized and funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 fiscal year and continue into the next and may be paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The commissioner is authorized to negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials developed pursuant to law. Pursuant to the statewide assessment program, the commissioner shall:
(c) Develop and implement a student achievement testing program known as the Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT) as part of the statewide assessment program to measure a student's content knowledge and skills in reading, writing, science, and mathematics. Other content areas may be included as directed by the commissioner. Comprehensive assessments of reading and mathematics shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 10. Comprehensive assessments of writing and science shall be administered at least once at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. End-of-course assessments for a subject may be administered in addition to the comprehensive assessments required for that subject under this paragraph. An end-of-course assessment must be rigorous, statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the department. The content knowledge
and skills assessed by comprehensive and end-of-course assessments must be aligned to the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may select one or more nationally developed comprehensive examinations, which may include, but need not be limited to, examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International Certificate of Education course or industry-approved examinations to earn national industry certifications as defined in s. 1003.492, for use as end-of-course assessments under this paragraph, if the commissioner determines that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the examinations meet or exceed the grade level expectations for the core curricular content established for the course in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The commissioner may collaborate with the American Diploma Project in the adoption or development of rigorous end-of-course assessments that are aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. The testing program must be designed as follows:

1. The tests shall measure student skills and competencies adopted by the State Board of Education as specified in paragraph (a). The tests must measure and report student proficiency levels of all students assessed in reading, writing, mathematics, and science. The commissioner shall provide for the tests to be developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school districts. The commissioner shall obtain

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input with respect to the design and implementation of the testing program from state educators, assistive technology experts, and the public.
2. The testing program shall be composed of criterionreferenced tests that shall, to the extent determined by the commissioner, include test items that require the student to produce information or perform tasks in such a way that the core content knowledge and skills he or she uses can be measured.
3. Beginning with the 2008-2009 school year, the commissioner shall discontinue administration of the selectedresponse test items on the comprehensive assessments of writing. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the comprehensive assessments of writing shall be composed of a combination of selected-response test items, short-response performance tasks, and extended-response performance tasks, which shall measure a student's content knowledge of writing, including, but not limited to, paragraph and sentence structure, sentence construction, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, spelling, parts of speech, verb tense, irregular verbs, subjectverb agreement, and noun-pronoun agreement.
4. A score shall be designated for each subject area tested, below which score a student's performance is deemed inadequate. The school districts shall provide appropriate remedial instruction to students who score below these levels.
5. Except as provided in s. 1003.428(8) (b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b), students must earn a passing score on the grade 10 assessment test described in this paragraph or attain concordant scores as described in subsection (10) in reading,

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writing, and mathematics to qualify for a standard high school diploma. Concordant scores earned before taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time in grade 10 may not be used to satisfy the requirement in this subparagraph. The State Board of Education shall designate a passing score for each part of the grade 10 assessment test. In establishing passing scores, the state board shall consider any possible negative impact of the test on minority students. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules which specify the passing scores for the grade 10 FCAT. Any such rules, which have the effect of raising the required passing scores, shall apply only to students taking the grade 10 FCAT for the first time after such rules are adopted by the State Board of Education.
6. Participation in the testing program is mandatory for all students attending public school, including students served in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, except as otherwise prescribed by the commissioner. A student who has not earned passing scores on the grade 10 assessment as provided in subparagraph 5. must participate in each retake of the assessment until the student earns a passing score or achieves a score on a standardized assessment which is concordant with passing scores pursuant to subsection (10). If a student does not participate in the statewide assessment, the district must notify the student's parent and provide the parent with information regarding the implications of such nonparticipation. A parent must provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom instructional accommodations that would not be available or permitted on the statewide assessments and must

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acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the implications of such instructional accommodations. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of test accommodations for students in exceptional education programs and for students who have limited English proficiency. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide assessment are not allowable in the administration of the FCAT. However, instructional accommodations are allowable in the classroom if included in a student's individual education plan. Students using instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations on the FCAT may have the FCAT requirement waived pursuant to the requirements of $s$. 1003.428(8)(b) or s. 1003.43(11)(b).
7. A student seeking an adult high school diploma must meet the same testing requirements that a regular high school student must meet.
8. District school boards must provide instruction to prepare students to demonstrate proficiency in the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards adopted under s. 1003.41, including the core content knowledge and skills necessary for successful grade-tograde progression and high school graduation. If a student is provided with instructional accommodations in the classroom that are not allowable as accommodations in the statewide assessment program, as described in the test manuals, the district must inform the parent in writing and must provide the parent with information regarding the impact on the student's ability to

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meet expected proficiency levels in reading, writing, and mathematics. The commissioner shall conduct studies as necessary to verify that the required core curricular content is part of the district instructional programs.
9. District school boards must provide opportunities for students to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized assessment approved by the State Board of Education following enrollment in summer academies.
10. The Department of Education must develop, or select, and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be used in all juvenile justice programs in the state. These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards.
11. For students seeking a special diploma pursuant to s. 1003.438, the Department of Education must develop or select and implement an alternate assessment tool that accurately measures the core curricular content established in the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities under s. 1003.438.
12. The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules for the administration of statewide assessments and the reporting of student test results. The commissioner shall, by August 1 of each year, notify each school district in writing and publish on the department's Internet website the testing and reporting schedules for, at a minimum, the school year following the upcoming school year. The testing and reporting schedules shall require that:
a. There is the latest possible administration of statewide assessments and the earliest possible reporting to the Page 21 of 25

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school districts of student test results which is feasible within available technology and specific appropriations; however, test results must be made available no later than the final day of the regular school year for students.
b. Beginning with the 2010-2011 school year, a comprehensive statewide assessment of writing is not administered earlier than the week of March 1 and a comprehensive statewide assessment of any other subject is not administered earlier than the week of April 15.
c. A statewide standardized end-of-course assessment is administered within the last 2 weeks of the course.

The commissioner may, based on collaboration and input from school districts, design and implement student testing programs, for any grade level and subject area, necessary to effectively monitor educational achievement in the state, including the measurement of educational achievement of the Sunshine State Standards for students with disabilities. Development and refinement of assessments shall include universal design principles and accessibility standards that will prevent any unintended obstacles for students with disabilities while ensuring the validity and reliability of the test. These principles should be applicable to all technology platforms and assistive devices available for the assessments. The field testing process and psychometric analyses for the statewide assessment program must include an appropriate percentage of students with disabilities and an evaluation or determination of the effect of test items on such students.

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(10) CONCORDANT SCORES FOR THE FCAT.--
(b) In order to use a concordant subject area score
pursuant to this subsection to satisfy the assessment requirement for a standard high school diploma as provided in s. 1003.429(6)(a), s. 1003.43(5)(a), or s. 1003.428, a student must take each subject area of the grade 10 FCAT a total of three times without carning a passing score. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to a now student who enters the Florida public school system in grade 12, who may either achieve a passing score on the FCAT or use an approved subject area eonerdant seore to fulfill the graduation requirement.
(b) (c) The State Board of Education may define by rule the allowable uses, other than to satisfy the high school graduation requirement, for concordant scores as described in this subsection. Such uses may include, but need not be limited to, achieving appropriate standardized test scores required for the awarding of Florida Bright Futures Scholarships and college placement.

Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.25 Public school student progression; remedial instruction; reporting requirements.--
(8) ANNUAL REPORT.--
(b) Each district school board must annually publish in the local newspaper or on the district school board's Internet website, and report in writing to the State Board of Education by October 1 september 1 of each year, the following information on the prior school year:

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1. The provisions of this section relating to public school student progression and the district school board's policies and procedures on student retention and promotion.
2. By grade, the number and percentage of all students in grades 3 through 10 performing at Levels 1 and 2 on the reading portion of the FCAT.
3. By grade, the number and percentage of all students retained in grades 3 through 10 .
4. Information on the total number of students who were promoted for good cause, by each category of good cause as specified in paragraph (6) (b).
5. Any revisions to the district school board's policy on student retention and promotion from the prior year.

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 1008.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1008.36 Florida School Recognition Program.--
(4) All selected schools shall receive financial awards depending on the availability of funds appropriated and the number and size of schools selected to receive an award. Funds must be distributed to the school's fiscal agent and placed in the school's account and must be used for purposes listed in subsection (5) as determined jointly by the school's staff and school advisory council. If school staff and the school advisory council cannot reach agreement by February 1 November 1, the awards must be equally distributed to all classroom teachers currently teaching in the school.

Notwithstanding statutory provisions to the contrary, incentive

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673 awards are not subject to collective bargaining.
Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.

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